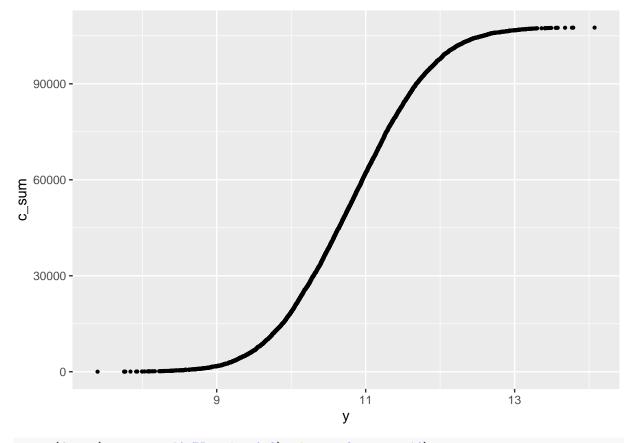
bayesian_stats_ch2

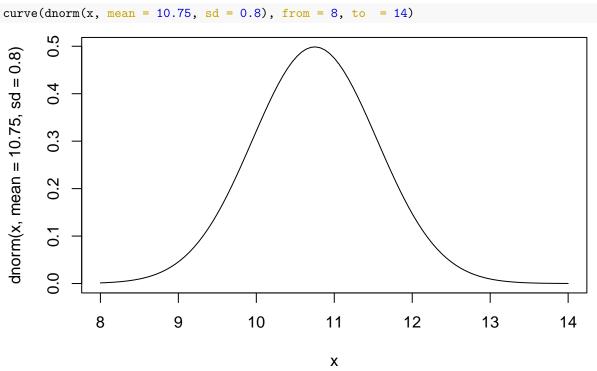
inoue jin

2022-11-17

```
# help(rpois)
df1 \leftarrow tibble(x = rpois(n = 100, lambda = 2.1),
             y = rpois(n = 100, lambda = 21),
             label = "n = 100")
df2 \leftarrow tibble(x = rpois(n = 1000, lambda = 2.1),
             y = rpois(n = 1000, lambda = 21),
             label = "n = 1000")
df3 <- tibble(x = rpois(n = 10000, lambda = 2.1),
               y = rpois(n = 10000, lambda = 21),
               label = "n = 10000")
df <- df1 %>%
  bind_rows(df2) %>%
  bind_rows(df3)
ggx <- df %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = x, fill = factor(label)))
ggy <- df %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = y, fill = factor(label)))
gg_x_pois <- ggx +
  geom_histogram() +
  facet_wrap(~factor(label)) +
  labs(title = "Poisson(lambda = 2.1)")
```

```
gg_y_pois \leftarrow ggy +
  geom_histogram() +
  facet_wrap(~factor(label)) +
  labs(title = "Poisson(lambda = 21)")
p_load(cowplot, ggpubr)
# cowplot::plot_grid(gg_x_pois, gg_y_pois, align = "h")
gg_poisson <- ggpubr::ggarrange(gg_x_pois, gg_y_pois, nrow = 2, ncol = 1)</pre>
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
ggsave(filename = "poisson_dist_ch2.png", plot = gg_poisson)
## Saving 6.5 \times 4.5 in image
y \leftarrow rnorm(n = 10000, mean = 10.75, sd = sqrt(0.8))
empirical_dist <- cumsum(sort(y))</pre>
df <- tibble(c_sum = empirical_dist,</pre>
             y = sort(y)
df %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = y, y = c_sum)) +
 geom_point(size = 0.8)
```

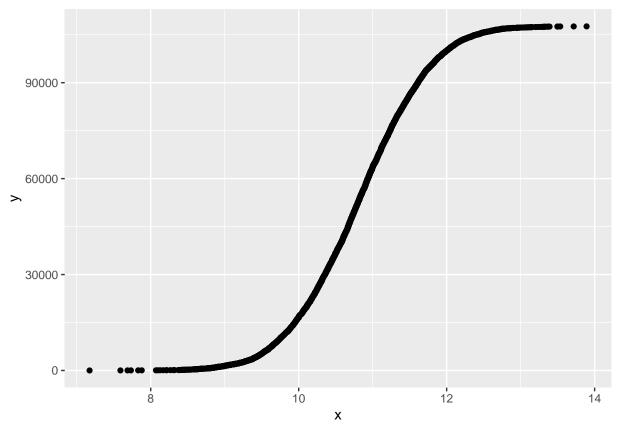




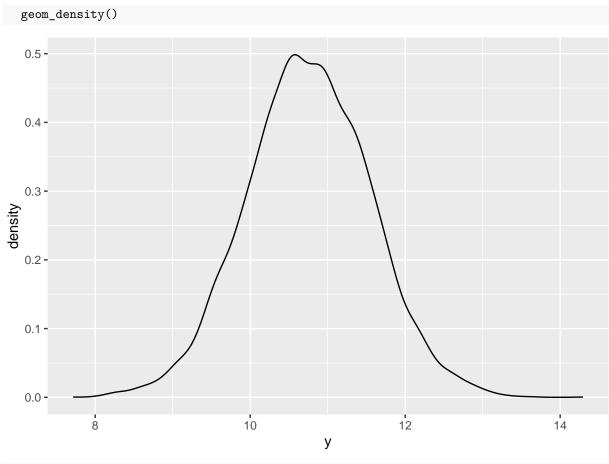
```
cdf <- ecdf(rnorm(n = 10000, mean = 10.75, sd = 0.8))

df <- tibble(x = sort(rnorm(n = 10000, mean = 10.75, sd = 0.8)), y = cumsum(x))

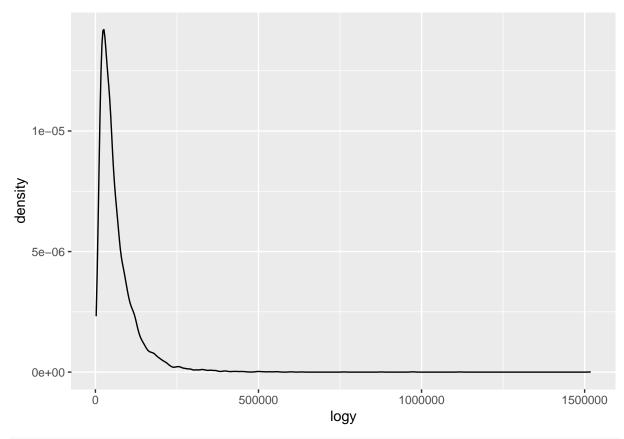
df %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = x, y = y)) +
    geom_point()
```



```
# help(ecdf)
# help(dnorm)
```



```
df %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = logy)) +
  geom_density()
```



help(pnorm)