## Question based on Lec 3 – JS & NOSQL

## Single Answer

1.	What type of	programming	language i	is JavaScript?
	a) Compiled			

- b) Interpreted
- c) Static
- d) Procedural
- 2. What does JavaScript's "single-threaded" nature imply?
  - a) It cannot perform asynchronous operations.
  - b) It executes code sequentially unless asynchronous mechanisms are used.
  - c) It supports multi-threading by default.
  - d) It is only used for server-side programming.
- 3. What keyword is used to create an object in JavaScript using a constructor function?
  - a) function
  - b) class
  - c) new
  - d) this
- 4. In JavaScript, what does the this keyword refer to in the global context?
  - a) The current object
  - b) The global object (e.g., window in browsers)
  - c) Undefined
  - d) The parent object
- 5. What is the main advantage of using closures in JavaScript?
  - a) To improve performance
  - b) To create private variables and encapsulate scope
  - c) To access global variables easily
  - d) To reduce memory usage
- 6. What problem does Promises solve in JavaScript?
  - a) Callback hell caused by nested asynchronous tasks
  - b) Memory leaks in applications
  - c) Synchronous execution of code
  - d) Lack of support for classes
- 7. Which NoSQL database is best suited for handling relationship-heavy data?
  - a) MongoDB complex, semi structure
  - b) Redis flat lookup, caching
  - c) Neo4j relationship havy
  - d) Cassandra big data, analytic
- 8. What does CAP theorem state about distributed systems?
  - a) They can guarantee all three properties: Consistency, Availability, and Partition Tolerance.

- b) They can guarantee only two out of three properties: Consistency, Availability, Partition Tolerance.
- c) They prioritize Partition Tolerance over Availability and Consistency.
- d) They cannot guarantee any property reliably.
- 9. Which type of NoSQL database stores data as key-value pairs?
  - a) Document-oriented database
  - b) Column-family database
  - c) Key-value store database
  - d) Graph database
- 10. What is MongoDB's default behavior for reads and writes?
  - a) Reads and writes occur on secondary instances by default.
  - b) Reads occur on primary instances; writes occur on secondary instances by default.
  - c) Reads and writes occur on primary instances by default.
  - d) Writes are distributed across all instances by default.

## Multiple Answer

- 11. Which features describe JavaScript? (Select two correct answers.)
  - a) Dynamically typed
  - b) Multi-threaded
  - c) Supports OOP and functional programming
  - d) Blocking I/O model
- 12. Which methods are supported by Promises in JavaScript? (Select three correct answers.)
  - a) then()
  - b) catch()
  - c) finally()
  - d) await()
- 13. Which databases fall under the category of column-family stores? (Select two correct answers.)
  - a) Cassandra
  - b) MongoDB
  - c) HBase
  - d) Neo4j
- 14. Which properties define NoSQL databases? (Select three correct answers.)
  - a) Schema-free
  - b) Distributed architecture
  - c) Full ACID support
  - d) Horizontal scalability
- 15. Which are valid MongoDB operations? (Select three correct answers.)
  - a) Insert documents into collections
  - b) Update documents in collections
  - c) Remove documents from collections
  - d) Create relationships between collections

Fill in the Blanks

- 16. JavaScript supports \_\_\_\_\_ programming paradigms, including OOP and functional programming.
- 17. The \_\_this\_\_ keyword is used to access an object's properties or methods within its scope.
- 18. A <u>clouser</u> in JavaScript allows access to an outer function's scope from an inner function.
- 19. <u>promises</u> is used to handle asynchronous execution without nesting callbacks.
- 20. A <u>graph</u> database stores entities and relationships between them as nodes and edges.