



Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

# SOFTWARE ENGINEERING PROCESS AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT

## Lecture 7 – Software Metrics (Weighted Composite Complexity Metric)





# Weighted Composite Complexity (WCC)

- Measure the complexity of the program.
- Object Oriented Metric
- Based on 4 key factors
  - ❖ Size
  - ❖ Type of control structures
  - ❖ Nesting level of control structures
  - ❖ Inheritance level of statements

# Computing the WCC Value

- WCCM value of a program =  $\sum_{j=1}^n S_j * (W_t)_j$ 
  - $S_j$  = Size of  $j^{\text{th}}$  executable statement in terms of token count
  - $n$  = Total number of executable statements in a program
  - $(W_t)_j$  = Total weight of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  executable statement in the program
  
- $W_t = W_c + W_n + W_i$ 
  - $W_c$  = Weight due to type of control structures
  - $W_n$  = Weight due to nesting level of control structures
  - $W_i$  = Weight due to inheritance level of statements



# Identify the Size of a Statement

The **Size (S)** of a statement is the **total number of tokens** it contains.

In WCC, a **token** is a fundamental program element used to measure the **size** of a statement.

However, **not everything in the code is a token.**

Refer to the guidelines document to identify the tokens in a program statement. (uploaded in Courseweb)



Identify the tokens and the size value of each statement of the following program

Line No	Program Statements
1	public class Result{
2	public void outresult(int marks) {
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )
4	System.out.println("Fail");
5	else
6	System.out.println("Pass");
	}
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){
8	Result r = new Result();
9	r.outresult(50);
	}
	}



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	Size (S)
1	public class Result{		
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6
5	else		
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6
	}		
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5
9	r.outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3
	}		
	}		



# Weight due to Type of Control Structure ( $W_c$ )

Type of control structure	Weight
Sequential	0
Branch	1
Iterative	2
Switch statement with <b>n</b> cases	n



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc
1	public class Result{			
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0
5	else			
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0
	}			
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0
	}			
	}			



# Weight due to Nesting level of Control Structure ( $W_n$ )

Nesting Level of Statements	Weight
Sequential statements	0
Statements inside the outer most level/first level of control structures	1
Statements inside the second level control structures	2
Statements inside the third level control structures	3
Statements inside the $n^{\text{th}}$ level control structures	n



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc	Wn
1	public class Result{				
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0	0
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1	1
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0	1
5	else				
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0	1
	}				
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0	0
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0	0
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0	0
	}				
	}				



# Weight due to Inheritance level of Statements ( $W_i$ )

Inheritance Level of Statements	Weight
Statements inside the base class/root class	0
Statements inside the first derived class	1
Statements inside the second derived class	2
Statements inside the $n^{\text{th}}$ derived class	$n$



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc	Wn	Wi
1	public class Result{					
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0	0	1
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1	1	1
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0	1	1
5	else					
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0	1	1
	}					
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0	0	1
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0	0	1
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0	0	1
	}					
	}					

# Total Weight ( $W_t$ )

Total Weight of a statement. It combines three dimensions of complexity into one value:

$$W_t = W_c + W_n + W_i$$

$W_c$  = Weight due to Type of Control Structure

$W_n$  = Weight due to Nesting Level

$W_i$  = Weight due to Inheritance Level



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc	Wn	Wi	Wt
1	public class Result{						
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0	0	1	1
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1	1	1	3
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0	1	1	2
5	else						
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0	1	1	2
	}						
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0	0	1	1
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0	0	1	1
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0	0	1	1
	}						
	}						

# Weighted Complexity for a Single Statement (WC)

It tells us how complex that one line is by factoring in:

- How many tokens it contains (Size  $S$ )
- How "heavy" or complex its context is (Total Weight  $Wt$ )

$$WC = S \times Wt$$



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc	Wn	Wi	Wt	WC
1	public class Result{							
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0	0	1	1	2
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1	1	1	3	24
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0	1	1	2	12
5	else							
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0	1	1	2	12
	}							
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0	0	1	1	2
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0	0	1	1	5
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0	0	1	1	3
	}							
	}							





# Weighted Composite Complexity for the Program (WCC)

The final WCC is the sum of all WC values for each line.



Line No	Program Statements	Tokens	S	Wc	Wn	Wi	Wt	WC
1	public class Result{							
2	public void outresult (int marks) {	void, outresult( )	2	0	0	1	1	2
3	if (marks > -1 && marks < 50 )	if-else( ), marks, >, -1, &&, marks, <, 50	8	1	1	1	3	24
4	System.out.println("Fail");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Fail"	6	0	1	1	2	12
5	else							
6	System.out.println("Pass");	System, ., out, ., println( ), "Pass"	6	0	1	1	2	12
	}							
7	public static void main(String args[ ]){	void, main( )	2	0	0	1	1	2
8	Result r = new Result( );	Result, r, =, new, Result( )	5	0	0	1	1	5
9	r. outresult(50);	r, ., outresult( )	3	0	0	1	1	3
	}							
	}							
		<b>WCC Value</b>						<b>60</b>

THANK  
YOU!

