

Astro Scholar – Horoscope Making School of Occult Science



#### Time Zone

- **Standard Time**: Standard time is the synchronization of clocks within a geographical area or region to a single time standard, rather than using solar time or a locally chosen meridian to establish a local mean time standard.
- Local Time: Time at a particular place as measured from the sun's transit over the meridian at that place, defined as noon.
- The key difference between Local Time and Standard Time lies in the fact that local time refers to the time which is estimated based on the sun's movement, while standard time refers to the time which is fixed for particular places by the law of a country.

• Local Mean Time (LMT) is a type of solar time, a timekeeping method using the Sun's movements across the sky. It is based on the average length of a solar day. A sundial shows the true or apparent solar time. Because the Earth's rotation is not constant, solar days vary slightly in length. This means that the speed of true solar time is not constant.

### Sidereal Time

#### Sidereal Time :

- One Solar day is the time between two successive passages of the sun across the meridian as observed at a particular place. In astrology, we are interested in motion of stars. We want to know the time period of earth when any star is observed to return to the same position. Such a clock is called a sidereal clock and its time, being regulated by stars is called sidereal time.
- Sidereal time is the angle, measured along the celestial equator, from the observer's meridian to the great circle that passes through the March equinox and both celestial poles, and is usually expressed in hours, minutes, and seconds.
- Sidereal time is the "**time** scale that is based on Earth's rate of rotation measured relative to the fixed stars". Viewed from the same location, a star seen at one position in the sky will be seen at the same position on another night at the same **sidereal time**.
- A **sidereal day** is approximately 23 hours, 56 minutes, 4.0905 seconds

## Sidereal Time Table

#### 18 Astronomical Table

Table-1: Sidereal Time at 00:00 hrs. (For 82°30'E Long. & for 2001 A.D.)

Date	Sid.Time	Date	Sid.Time	Date	Sid.Time	Date	Sid.Time	Date	Sid.Time
	HH:MM:SS		HH:MM:SS		HH:MM:SS		HH:MM:SS	67	HH:MM:SS
	January	5	8:59:57	13	11:21:53	19	13:47:45	26	16:13:38
1 1	6:41:57	6	9:03:53	14	11:25:49	20	13:51:42	27	16:17:34
2	6:45:54	7	9:07:50	15	11:29:46	21	13:55:38	28	16;21:31
3	6:49:50	8	9:11:46	16	11:33:42	22>	13:59:35	29	16:25:27
		9	9:15:43	17	11:37:39	23	14:03:31	30	16:29:24
4	6:53:47	10	9:19:39	18	11:41:35	24	14:07:28	31	16:33:21
5	6:57:43	11	9:23:36	19	11:45:32	25	14:11:25		0,
6	7:01:40	12	9:27:33	20	11:49:29	V/267	14:15:21	10.	June
7	7:05:37	13	9:31:29	21	11:53:25	27	14:19:18	1	16:37:17
8	7:09:33	14	9:35:26	22	11:57:22	28	14:23:14	2	16:41:14
9	7:13:30	15	9:39:22	23	12:01:18	29	14:27:11	3	16:45:10
10	7:17:26	16	9:43:19	24	12:05:15	30	14:31:07	4	16:49:07
11	7:21:23					30	14.01.07	5	16:53:03
12	7:25:19	17	9:47:15	25	12:09:11		May	6	16:57:00

### GMT, Birth Time and Conversion into LMT

• Greenwich Time: **Greenwich Mean Time** (**GMT**) is the mean solar time at the Royal Observatory in Greenwich, London

Indian Standard Time is GMT + 5 hours 30 min

Birth Time: Indian Standard Time

LMT to be calculated to make a horoscope :

• LMT = IST + (Longitude of birth place - 82° 30')x4 (Earth rotates 1 degree in 4 min)

## Horoscope making

#### Steps:

- 1. Calculation of the Ascendant
- Calculation of the X house
- 3. Calculation of mid and end of each house
- 4. Position of planets from Ephimeris for the date of birth and next date.
- 5. Calculate speed of planet and then actual position of each planet.

## Calculation of the Ascendant (Lagna)

#### Method to Calculate Lagna

DOB: 12th June 1987 at 15:55 hrs in Calcutta

First of all calculate sidereal time of birth with the help of Table one

Sidereal time for  $12^{th}$  June 2001 = 17h 20m 39s

Correction for 1987 (Table 2) = (-) 2m 24s

Sidereal time at noon on 12 th June 1987 = 17h 18m 15s

Correction for Calcutta (table 3) = (-) 4s

= 17h 18m 11s....i)

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#### Birth time to LMT:

Birth Time: 3:55 pm IST.

Now we will change the birth time which is 3:55 into local time.

Longitude of Calcutta is 88°20' and longitude of standard meridian

of India is 82°30'

Difference: 5°50'

As earth rotates one degree in 4 min, we multiply it by 4.

The result is 20 minutes and 200 seconds which is equivalent to 23

min and 20 seconds.

Since Calcutta is on eastern side to India's standard meridian so this time difference will be added to Indian Standard Time

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IST of birth = 15h 	 55m 	 00s
LMT Correction = +00h 	 23m 	 20s
LMT at birth = 16h 	 18m 	 20s
Refer table 4 for sidereal time correction
Sidereal Time correction for 16hrs = + 02m 	 38s
Sidereal Time correction for 18 min = + 00m 	 03s
= 16h 	 21m 	 01s.....ii
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Add Equation (i) and (ii)

Value of Equation (i)  $= 17h \quad 18m \quad 11s$ Value of Equation (ii)  $= 16h \quad 21m \quad 01s$   $= 33h \quad 39m \quad 12s$ Reducing (-24 hrs)  $= 9h \quad 39m \quad 12s$ 

Sidereal time of the event (birth) = 9h 39m 12

# Lagna calculation (Cont)

Lagna for 09h 40m	=	6ª	25°	49'	
Lagna for 09h 30m	=	Ø4	23°	37	
Lagna moved in 10 minutes	=	T	2°	12	
Lagna moved in 600 second	= /	132'		m	
Difference of lagna for 9 minutes 12s =552 s	=13		552"		
2 127		. 81.	606"	<u>&gt;</u>	
STR	117	121	<b>26</b> "≠.	26112	:6"
Lagna on 09h 30m	\= <u></u>	61	23°	37"	00"
9m 12s = 552 second for lagna moved	E		2.	01'	26"
ALMISTRY.V	AAS	Øi.	25°	38'	26"
Ayanansh correction for 1987 see Table-5	=	+	0°	19'	00"

### Calculation of X house

## Calculation of X house

To calculate X house, refer to table of X house for the sidereal time 9h 39m 12sec as shown below:

Longitude of X house at 9h 40m

Longitude of X house at 9h 30m

Difference in 10 min

Difference in 600"

Longitude of X house at 9m 12s (or552")

Longitude of X house at 9h 30m

Difference for 9m 12 s

Ayanamsa Correction for year 1987

Longitude for X house

$$= 3^{\circ} 28^{\circ} 39'$$
$$= (-)3^{\circ} 26^{\circ} 06'$$

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### Shashtiamsha

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Ascendant : 6<sup>s</sup> 25<sup>o</sup>57'26''
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Longitude of 10th house (mid): 3s 28° 45′ 45″

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<u>Ascendant – Tenth house</u> = Shashtiamsha
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6° 25°57′26′′- 3s 28° 45′ 45′′

= 2<sup>s</sup> 27<sup>o</sup> 11' 41''= Ascendant – tenth house

Shashtiamsha =  $2^{s} 27^{o} 11' 41'' = 14^{o} 31' 57''$ 

## 4<sup>th</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Houses

3s 28° 45′ 45′′	$+ 6^{s} = 9s 28^{\circ} 45' 45''$	IV Mid
+ 14° 31′ 57′′	W/Y/W/M	
4 <sup>s</sup> 13° 17′ 42′′	$+6^{s} = 10^{s} 13^{o} 17' 42''$	IV End
+ 14° 31′ 57″	150 A TIME	
4 <sup>s</sup> 27° 49′ 39′′′	$+6^{s} = 10^{s} 27^{\circ} 49' 39''$	V Mid
+ 14° 31′ 57″	127/2	
5° 12° 21′ 36″	$+6^{\circ} = 11^{\circ} 12^{\circ} 21' 36''$	V End
+ 14° 31′ 57″		
5° 26° 53′ 33″	$+6^{s} = 11^{s} 26^{o} 53' 33''$	VI Mid
+ 14° 31′ 57′′	"MISTRY.VAASTO."	
6s 11°25'30"	$+6^{s} = 12^{s} 11^{o}25'30''$	VI End
	+ 14° 31′ 57″ 4° 13° 17′ 42″ + 14° 31′ 57″ 4° 27° 49′ 39″ + 14° 31′ 57″ 5° 12° 21′ 36″ + 14° 31′ 57″ 5° 26° 53′ 33″ + 14° 31′ 57″	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

### Shashtiamsha 2

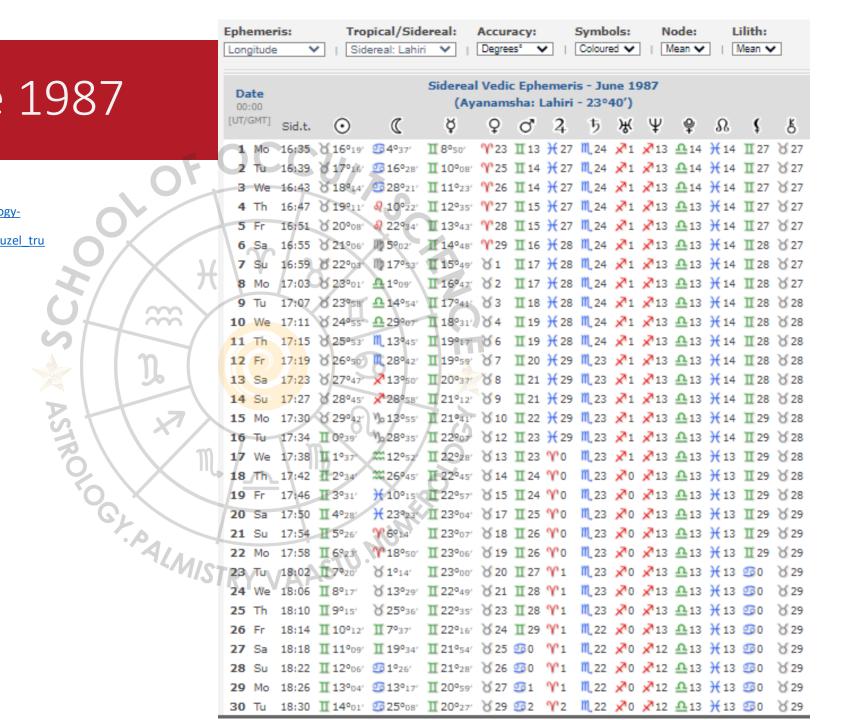
```
Now 4^{th} Mid - 1^{st} Mid = Shashtiamsa 2
                                = Shashtiamsa 2
9s 28° 45′ 45″ - 6s 25°57′26″
                 6
3s 2° 48′ 19′′ = 15° 28′ 3′′ = Shashtiamsa 2
```

# 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Houses

l Mid	6 <sup>s</sup> 25 <sup>o</sup> 57' 26''	+ 6 <sup>s</sup> =	12 <sup>s</sup> 25°57′26″ VII Mid
	+ 15° 28′ 3″	$\langle \chi   \Upsilon   \chi$	
I End	7° 11° 25′ 29″	+ 6 <sup>s</sup> =	1 <sup>s</sup> 11 <sup>o</sup> 25' 29" VII End
	+ 15° 28′ 3″		m
II Mid	7s 26° 53′ 32′′⁄	+ 6 <sup>s</sup> =	1 <sup>s</sup> 26 <sup>o</sup> 53' 32" VIII Mid
	+ 15° 28′ 3″	(X)	2773
II End	8s 12°21′ 35″ 6	+ 6 <sup>s</sup>   =	2 <sup>s</sup> 12°21′35″ VIII End
	+ 15° 28′ 3″	\\\\\\	), <u>II</u> 20
III Mid	8s 27° 49′ 38′′	+ 6s =	2 <sup>s</sup> 27 <sup>o</sup> 49′ 38″ IX Mid
	+ 15° 28′ 3″	MISTRY.VAA	
III End	9° 13° 17′ 41′′	+ 6 <sup>s</sup> =	3° 13° 17′ 41′′ IX End

## Ephimeris for June 1987

Ref: https://horoscopes.astro-seek.com/calculate-astrologyephemeris-june-1987/?table=&bg 0=&aya=lahiri&presnost=0&barva=p&uzel tru e=&lilith true=



### Position of Sun and Moon

#### Longitude of Sun:

Position of Sun on 12th June 1987 5:30 am: 1s26o50'

Position of Sun on 13th June 1987 5:30 am: 1s27o47

Sun moved 57' in 24 hours.

Distance moved in 1 hour = 2.375' = 2' 22"

Distance moved in 15:55-5:30 hrs = 10hrs 25 min i.e. 10.41666666 hours is 24.73958' or 24' 44"

Therefore position of Sun on  $12^{th}$  June 1987 at 15:55 hrs is  $26^{\circ}50' + 24' 44'' = 27^{\circ} 14' 44''$  in Taurus

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#### **Longitude of Moon:**

Position of Moon on 12th June 1987 5:30 am: 7s 28°42'

Position of Moon on 13th June 1987 5:30 am: 8s 13° 50°

Moon moved 15° 8' in 24 hours.

Distance moved in 1 hour = 0.630555°= 37′ 50″

Distance moved in 15:55-5:30 hrs = 10hrs 25 min i.e. 10.41666666 hours is 6.56828° or 6°34′ 6″

Therefore position of Moon on 12<sup>th</sup> June 1987 at 15:55 hrs is 7<sup>s</sup> 28° 42′ + 6°34′ 6″ = 8<sup>s</sup> 5° 16′ 6″