常用对象学习2

String 对象学习

```
a = "b - j - s - x - t";
var
var b=new String("bjsxt");
//获得下标为2的内容
document. write (b. charAt (2) + " < br /> ");
//2 : 获得下标
document.write(b.index0f("sxt")+"\langle br /\rangle");
//字符串截取 开始下标 截取长度
document. write (b. substr (2,3) + " \langle br / \rangle ");
// 截取开始的长度
document. write(b. substr(1)+" < br />");
//字符串截取
              开始下标 结束的下标
document. write (b. substring (2,3) + " < br /> ");
//开始下标
document. write (b. substr (2) + " \langle br / \rangle ");
//字符串截取的方法
document.write(a.split("-"));
```

Global 对象

```
var a=1;

var b="var c=1+1";

document.write(a+"<br />");

document.write(b+"<br />");

//把字符串转成可以执行的js的代码

eval(b);

document.write(c+"<br />");

var d="123a";

Number(d);//NAN

// 检查某个值是否是数字。

document.write(isNaN(d));
```