This is illustrated with the documentation example.

We first run a simple linear regression,

```
require(lme4)
1 <- lm(Reaction ~ Days, sleepstudy)</pre>
s <- summary(1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Reaction ~ Days, data = sleepstudy)
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     3Q
## -110.848 -27.483
                        1.546
                                26.142 139.953
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                             6.610 38.033 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 251.405
## Days
                 10.467
                             1.238
                                      8.454 9.89e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 47.71 on 178 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2865, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2825
## F-statistic: 71.46 on 1 and 178 DF, p-value: 9.894e-15
names(s)
  [1] "call"
                                         "residuals"
                                                          "coefficients"
##
                         "terms"
    [5] "aliased"
                         "sigma"
                                         "df"
                                                          "r.squared"
  [9] "adj.r.squared" "fstatistic"
                                         "cov.unscaled"
class(s)
## [1] "summary.lm"
round(sqrt(s$fstatistic[1]),3)
## value
## 8.454
the F statistics is simply t^2. Next we turn to the mixed model containing a random effect
f <- lmer(Reaction ~ Days + (Days | Subject), sleepstudy)
s <- summary(f)</pre>
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: Reaction ~ Days + (Days | Subject)
      Data: sleepstudy
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1743.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
## -3.9536 -0.4634 0.0231 0.4633 5.1793
##
```

```
## Random effects:
##
    Groups
             Name
                          Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
    Subject
             (Intercept) 611.90
                                   24.737
##
                           35.08
                                    5.923
                                             0.07
             Days
##
    Residual
                          654.94
                                   25.592
## Number of obs: 180, groups: Subject, 18
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value
                              6.824 36.843
## (Intercept) 251.405
## Days
                  10.467
                              1.546
                                       6.771
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
        (Intr)
## Days -0.138
names(s)
    [1] "methTitle"
                        "objClass"
                                        "devcomp"
                                                        "isLmer"
##
                                        "family"
##
    [5] "useScale"
                        "logLik"
                                                        "link"
##
   [9] "ngrps"
                        "coefficients"
                                       "sigma"
                                                        "vcov"
## [13] "varcor"
                        "AICtab"
                                        "call"
                                                        "residuals"
## [17] "fitMsgs"
                        "optinfo"
class(with(s,coefficients))
## [1] "matrix"
t <- with(s,coefficients)[,3]
p <- 2*(pnorm(-abs(t)))</pre>
p
     (Intercept)
                           Days
## 3.851313e-297 1.281214e-11
```

We can see that the P values on Days from two models does change after accounting for individual differences.