## Math 302/401/600 Fall 2010 Homework #2

Due Sept. 20, Mon. in class

1. Let (M, d) be a metric space. Show the following inequality:

$$|d(x,y) - d(z,y)| \le d(x,z), \quad \forall \ x,y,z \in M$$

- 2. Textbook, page 108, Ex. 3, 4. (note: each problem carries the standard metric of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  induced by the Euclidean norm  $\|\cdot\|_2$ .)
- 3. Consider  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and the metric induced by the 1-norm:  $d(x,y) = |x_1 y_1| + |x_2 y_2|, \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . Let the set  $A = \{x = (x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x_1 \ge 1 \text{ and } x_2 \le 1\}$ . Find the interior of A and prove your answer.
- 4. Let (M,d) be a metric space and A,B be two subsets of M. Show the following:
  - (1) if  $A \subseteq B$ , then int $A \subseteq \text{int}B$ ;
  - (2)  $\operatorname{int}(A \cap B) = (\operatorname{int} A) \cap (\operatorname{int} B)$ .

The following extra problem is for Math 401/600 students only:

5. Let M be a set endowed with two metrics  $d_1$  and  $d_2$ , namely, both  $(M, d_1)$  and  $(M, d_2)$  are metric spaces. Suppose that there exist positive real numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  such that

$$\beta d_1(x,y) \le d_2(x,y) \le \alpha d_1(x,y), \quad \forall \ x,y \in M$$

Show that a set  $A \subseteq M$  is open with respect to  $d_1$  if and only if it is open with respect to  $d_2$ .