## Math 302/600 Spring 2017 Homework #8

## Due April 11, Tue in class

Note: For any Euclidean space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , consider the usual metric induced by the Euclidean norm  $\|\cdot\|_2$  on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , unless otherwise stated.

1. Which of the following sets are connected in  $\mathbb{R}$ ?

$$\{3, -10\}, [0, 1), (-7, \infty), \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{R}.$$

Here  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Q}$  are the sets of integers and rational numbers, respectively.

- 2. What are connected and compact sets in  $\mathbb{R}$ ?
- 3. Let (M,d) be a metric space. Fix  $z \in M$ , define  $f: M \to \mathbb{R}$  as  $f(x) := d(z,x), \forall x \in M$ . Show that f is continuous on M.
- 4. Define  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  as:

$$f(x_1, x_2) := \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x_1 \text{ is rational and } x_2 \text{ is irrational} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Show that f is discontinuous at each point of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

- 5. Let  $f, g: (M, d) \to (V, \|\cdot\|)$  be two functions, where (M, d) is a metric space and  $(V, \|\cdot\|)$  is a normed space.
  - (1) Use the sequential criterion to show that if f and g are continuous at  $x_0 \in M$ , so is f + g;
  - (2) Let  $\lambda$  be a scalar. Use the  $\varepsilon \delta$  definition to show that if f is continuous at  $x_0 \in M$ , so is  $\lambda f$ .
- 6. Solve the following problems.
  - (1) Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  be  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1, \forall (x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . Show that f is continuous on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - (2) Let A be an open set in  $\mathbb{R}$ , and  $B = \{(x_1, x_2) : x_1 \in A\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ . Use (1) to show that B is open in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . (This result has been shown using the definition of open sets before.)

The following extra problem(s) are for Math 600 students only:

7. Let  $f:(M,d)\to (N,\rho)$  be continuous on M, and the set  $A\subseteq M$ . Show that  $f(\operatorname{cl}(A))\subseteq\operatorname{cl}(f(A))$ . (*Hint*: use the sequential criteria.)