

TU Berlin robotics WS2020/2021

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Lab Assignment #0

1. Implement the **struct Vec2d**(in **SpringMass.h**) which should represent a 2d vector (x and y).

```
struct Vec2d {  
    double x; //position  
    double y; //velocity  
  
    // TODO  
    Vec2d()  
    {  
        x = 0; //init position  
        y = 0; //init velocity  
    }  
};
```

2. Implement the **constructor** of the **class SpringMass**. Define the necessary **member variables** for storing the initial position and velocity of the object and the position and velocity of the object when the spring is unstretched and in equilibrium. Don't forget to create a variable for the current time.

2.1. Define the **member variables**

```
89 // TODO define your private methods and variables here  
90 std::vector<Vec2d> traj; //define a vector to describe trajectory  
91  
92 double position; //define position  
93 double velocity; //define velocity  
94  
95 double position_eqm; //define position in equilibrium  
96 double velocity_eqm; //define velocity in equilibrium  
97  
98 int time; //define current time;  
99  
100 };  
101  
102 #endif // SpringMass__H__  
103
```

2.2.

- 2.3. Implement the **constructor** of the **Class SpringMass**

```

27 SpringMass::SpringMass(double pos_init, double vel_init, double pos_eqm, double vel_eqm)
28 {
29     //init
30     position = pos_init;
31     velocity = vel_init;
32
33     position_eqm = pos_eqm;
34     velocity_eqm = vel_eqm;
35
36     time = 0;
37
38     //record state into <vector>traj
39     Vec2d state;
40     state.x = position;
41     state.y = velocity;
42     traj.push_back(state);
43
44 }

```

2.4.

3. Implement the method ***SpringMass::step()***. Use the **constants** defined in the SpringMass class. It should perform one **simulation step** of the system according to the equations of motion given above. It should return the last simulated timestep where the time step is an integer.

3.1. Perform one simulation step

```

50 // TODO SpringMass simulation step
51 int SpringMass::step() {
52
53     //Step by step simulation
54     velocity = velocity - (SPRING_CONST/MASS) * (position - position_eqm);
55     position = position + velocity;
56     time = time + 1;
57
58     //record state into <vector>traj
59     Vec2d state;
60     state.x = position;
61     state.y = velocity;
62     traj.push_back(state);
63     return time;
64 }

```

3.2.

4. Implement the method ***SpringMass::getCurrentSimulationTime() const***.

4.1. Return the current time

```

71 // TODO SpringMass current simulation time getter
72 int SpringMass::getCurrentSimulationTime() const {
73
74     return time; //return the current time
75 }

```

4.2.

5. Implement the method ***SpringMass::getConfiguration(int t, Vec2d& state) const***. Given a time t , it should **return the state (position, velocity) of the object** at the time. Only times which have already been simulated should be allowed as input (return false if t is invalid, true otherwise).

5.1. Return the state(position, velocity) of the object at the time

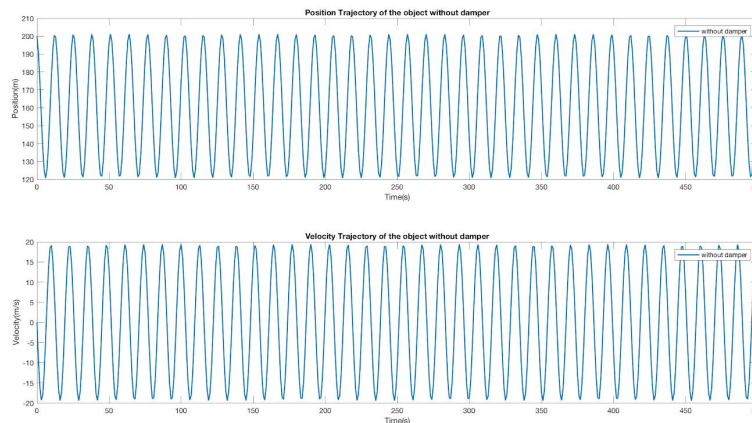
```

66 // TODO SpringMass configuration getter
67 bool SpringMass::getConfiguration(int t, Vec2d& state) const {
68     if (t <= time)
69     {
70         //take the state from <vector>traj
71         Vec2d state_t = traj[t];
72         state.x = state_t.x;
73         state.y = state_t.y;
74         return true;
75     }
76
77     else
78     {
79         return false;
80     }
81
82 }

```

5.2.

6. Generate a trajectory with initial position 200, initial velocity 0 and $x_0=161$ for the spring mass system for t going from 0 to 500. Use your favorite plotting tool to visualize the generated data (position and velocity).



6.1.

7. Implement the **class SpringMassDamper**. We now add a damper to our system.

The equations of motion change to:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{x}(t+1) &= \dot{x}(t) - \frac{b}{m}\dot{x}(t) - \frac{k}{m}(x(t) - x_o) \\
 x(t+1) &= x(t) + \dot{x}(t+1)
 \end{aligned}$$

where b is the damping coefficient.

Implement the new **class** such that it follows the altered equations of motion. It should be a subclass of the class SpringMass.

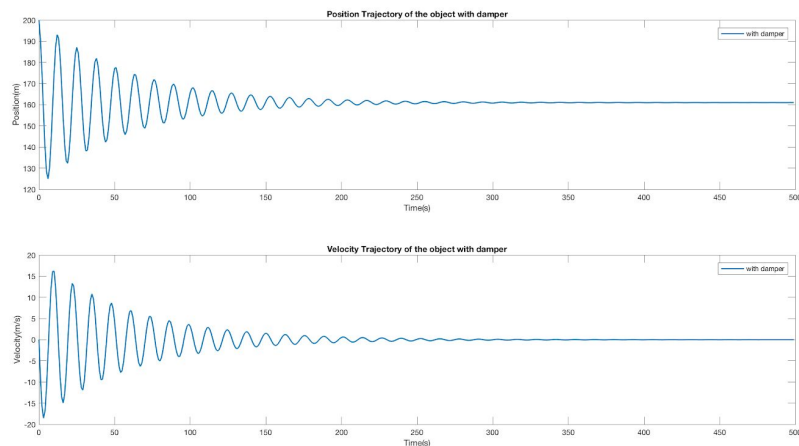
7.1. Define the new variable and new method
(**SpringMassDamper.h**)

7.2. Define the new class with damper

```
13 #include "SpringDamperMass.h"
14
15 // TODO
16 // Define your methods here
17
18 int SpringDamperMass::step()
19 {
20     //Step by step on equation
21     velocity = velocity - (damping_coeff/MASS) * velocity - (SPRING_CONST/MASS) * (position - position_eqm);
22     position = position + velocity;
23     time = time + 1;
24
25     //record state into traj
26     Vec2d state;
27     state.x = position;
28     state.y = velocity;
29     traj.push_back(state);
30
31     return time;
32 }
```

7.3.

8. Generate a trajectory with initial position 200, initial velocity 0, $x_0=161$ and $b=1$ for the spring mass damper system for t going from 0 to 500. Use your favorite plotting tool to visualize the generated data (position and velocity).



8.1.

9. Preliminary

9.1. Test by terminal

9.1.1. `$ cd folder_with_code`

9.1.2. `$ g++ -std=c++11 SpringMass.cpp
SpringDamperMass.cpp main.cpp -o main`

9.1.3. `$./main`

9.2. Result

```
jingsheng@jslyuUB18: ~/Robotics/JingshengLyu_Assignment0/code_current
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
jingsheng@jslyuUB18:~/Robotics/JingshengLyu_Assignment0/code_current$ g++ -std=c
++11 SpringMass.cpp SpringDamperMass.cpp main.cpp -o main
jingsheng@jslyuUB18:~/Robotics/JingshengLyu_Assignment0/code_current$ ./main
=====
All tests passed (7 assertions in 2 test cases)
jingsheng@jslyuUB18:~/Robotics/JingshengLyu_Assignment0/code_current$
```

9.3.