# 现代操作系统应用开发实验报告

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实验名称: cocos2d-x数据结构,本地存储和tilemap(横版游戏);

<u>事件处理与音效(小蜜蜂);</u> 物理引擎与粒子系统(打砖块);

# 一.参考资料

https://gfzheng.github.io/MOSAD/ https://blog.csdn.net/lin453701006/article/details/54409380 https://blog.csdn.net/qq\_35131940/article/details/77584982 https://www.cnblogs.com/luorende/p/6684155.html

# 二.实验步骤

### 1.横版游戏

(1) 产生怪物并向角色靠近

```
void HelloWorld::AddMonster(float dt){
    if (alive) {
        auto fac = Factory::getInstance();
        auto m = fac->createMonster();
        float x = random(origin.x,visibleSize.width);
        float y = random(origin.y,visibleSize.height);
        m->setPosition(x,y);
        addChild(m,3);
    }
}
void HelloWorld::MonsterMove(float dt){
    if(alive){
        auto fac = Factory::getInstance();
        fac->moveMonster(player->getPosition(), 4.0f);
}
}
```

(2) 被怪物攻击: 根据血量判断是掉血还是死亡

(3) 角色攻击怪物:设定一定的攻击范围,如果怪物在攻击范围内,将之移除

攻击按键函数中: 调用攻击怪物函数, 如果击中加分并回血

```
if (attackMonster()) {
    scoreNum++;
    database->setIntegerForKey("score", scoreNum);
    if(pT->getPercentage() >= 100){
        pT->setPercentage(100);
    }else{
        schedule(schedule_selector(HelloWorld::addHp), 0.06f, 20, 0);
    }
}
```

#### (4) 使用Tilemap创建地图

```
TMXTiledMap* tmx = TMXTiledMap::create("map1.tmx");
tmx->setPosition(visibleSize.width / 2, visibleSize.height / 2);
tmx->setAnchorPoint(Vec2(0.5, 0.5));
tmx->setScale(Director::getInstance()->getContentScaleFactor());
this->addChild(tmx, 0);
```

(5) bonus: 本地存储 从本地存储读数据

```
scoreNum = database->getIntegerForKey("score");
```

击杀怪物更新本地存储

```
scoreNum++;
database->setIntegerForKey("score", scoreNum);
```

# 2.小蜜蜂(Thunder)

(1) 背景音乐的预加载和播放

```
//预加载音乐文件
void Thunder::preloadMusic() {
    auto audio = SimpleAudioEngine::getInstance();
    audio->preloadEffect("music/bgm.mp3");
    audio->preloadEffect("music/explore.wav");
    audio->preloadEffect("music/fire.wav");
}

//播放背景音乐
void Thunder::playBgm() {
    auto audio = SimpleAudioEngine::getInstance();
    audio->playBackgroundMusic("music/bgm.mp3",true);
}
```

#### (2) 飞船左右移动

```
// 移动飞船
void Thunder::movePlane(char c) {

if (c == 'A') {
    if(player=>getPosition().x - 10 >= 0){
        auto moveby = MoveBy::create(0.1f, Vec2(-10, 0));
        player=>runAction(noveby);
    }
}alse if(c == 'D'){
    if(player=>getPosition().x + 10 <= visibleSize.width){
        auto moveby = MoveBy::create(0.1f, Vec2(10, 0));
        player=>runAction(noveby);
    }
}
```

#### OnkeyPressed中

```
case EventKeyboard::KeyCode::KEY_A:
    movekey = 'A';
    isMove = true;
    break;
case EventKeyboard::KeyCode::KEY_RIGHT_ARROW:
case EventKeyboard::KeyCode::KEY_CAPITAL_D:
case EventKeyboard::KeyCode::KEY_D:
    movekey = 'D';
    isMove = true;
    break;
```

#### (3)添加键盘事件监听器

```
void Thunder::addKeyboardListener() {
    // Todo
    auto keyBoardListener = EventListenerKeyboard::create();
    keyBoardListener = EventListenerKeyboard::create();
    keyBoardListener->onKeyPressed = CC_CALLBACK_2(Thunder::onKeyPressed, this);
    keyBoardListener->onKeyReleased = CC_CALLBACK_2[Thunder::onKeyReleased, this);
    _eventDispatcher->addEventListenerWithSceneGraphPriority(keyBoardListener, player);
}
```

#### (4) 发射子弹并播放音效

```
//发射子弹
void Thunder::fire() {
    auto bullet = Sprite::create("bullet.png");
    bullet->setAnchorPoint(Vec2(0.5, 0.5));
    bullets.push_back(bullet);
    bullet->setPosition(player->getPosition());
    addChild(bullet, 1);
    SimpleAudioEngine::getInstance()->playEffect("music/fire.wav", false);

// 移除飞出屏幕外的子弹
// Todo
}
```

#### 子弹的飞行与移除 (update函数中)

```
Sprite* bulletOut;
for (Sprite* s : bullets) {
   if (s != NULL) {
      if (s->getPosition().y > visibleSize.height) {
          bulletOut = s;
      } else {
          s->setPosition(s->getPosition() + Vec2(0, 30));
      }
   }
}
bullets.remove(bulletOut);
```

#### (5) 爆炸动画

#### (6) 判断子弹打中陨石

#### 添加监听器

```
void Thunder::addCustomListener() {
   auto neetEventListener = EventListenerCustom::create('meet', CC_CALLBACK_1(Thunder::neet, this));
   _eventDispatcher=>addEventListenerWithFixedPriority(neetEventListener, 1);
}
```

#### (7) 游戏停止

(8) bouns: 向下移动添加新的陨石

```
void Thunder::newEnemy() {
    // Todo
    for (auto s : enemys) {
        s=>setPosition(s=>getPosition() + Vec2(0, -50));
}

char enemyPath[20];
int i = rand() % 3;
sprintf(enemyPath, "stone%d.png", 3 - i);
double vidth = visibleSize.width / 6,
height = visibleSize.height - 50;
for (int j = 0; j < 6; ++j) {
    auto enemy = Sprite::create(enemyPath);
    enemy=>setAnchorPoint(Vec2(0.5, 0.5));
enemy=>setScale(0.5, 0.5);
enemy=>setPosition(width * (j + 1), height);
enemys.push_back(enemy);
addChild(enemy, 1);
}
```

```
++ct;
if (ct == 120)
    ct = 40, dir = -dir;
else if (ct == 80) {
    dir = -dir;
    newEnemy(); // 陨石向下移动并生成新的一行(加分项)
}
```

```
// 添加触摸事件监听器
oid Thunder::addTouchListener() {
   // Todo
   auto listener = EventListenerTouchOneByOne::create();
   listener->onTouchBegan = CC_CALLBACK_2(Thunder::onTouchBegan, this);
listener->onTouchMoved = CC_CALLBACK_2(Thunder::onTouchMoved, this);
   listener->onTouchEnded = CC_CALLBACK_2(Thunder::onTouchEnded, this);
   _eventDispatcher->addEventiistenerWithSceneGraphPriority(listener, player);
// 鼠标点曲发射炮弹
    Thunder::onTouchBegan(Touch *touch, Event *event) {
   if (touch->getLocation().getDistance(player->getPosition()) <= 38)</pre>
       isClick = true;
   if (!isClick) (
roid Thunder::onTouchEnded(Touch *touch, Event *event) {
// 当鼠标按住飞船后可控制飞船移动 (加分项)
 oid Thunder::onTouchMoved(Touch *touch, Event *event) {
   if (isClick) [
       Yes2 delta = touch=>getDelta();
       player->setPosition(player->getPosition() + Vac2(delta.x, 0));
```

# 3.打砖块

(1) 板子的移动、蓄力、发射

```
void HitBrick::update(float dt) {
    if (spHolded) {
        spFactor += 5;
    }
}
```

```
void HitBrick::launch(){
    if (onBall) {
        m_world=>removeJoint(joint1);
        ball=>getPhysicsBody()=>setVelocity(Vec2(0,spFactor));
        onBall = false;
    }
}
```

#### (2) 生成砖块,设置刚体

```
roid HitBrick::BrickGeneraetd() {
 for (int i = 0; i < 3; i \leftrightarrow 1 (
   int cw = 20;
   while (cw <= visibleSize.width) {</pre>
       auto box = Sprite::create("box.png");
       // Œ₩¢#aÊ..Ë+V∏*Ãà Û~*
       auto boxBody = PhysicsBody::createBox(hox->getContentSize(),PhysicsMaterial(108.0f,1.0f,0.0f));
       boxBody=>setCollisionBitmask(0x83);
       boxBody=>setCategoryBitmask(8x02);
       boxBody=>setContactTestBitmask(8x02);
       boxBody->setDynamic(felse);
       box->setPhysicsBody(boxBody);
       box->setPosition(Vec2(cw, visibleSize.height - 30 * i - 15));
       box->setTag[2];
       this->addChild(box,21;
       cw += 50;
```

#### (3) 关节固定球和板子

```
void PitBrick::setJoint() {
    jcint1 = PhysicsJeintPin::construct(bell->getPhysicsBody(), player->getPhysicsBody(), player->getAncharPoint());
    m_world->eddJoint(joint1);
}
```

#### (4) 设置物理属性

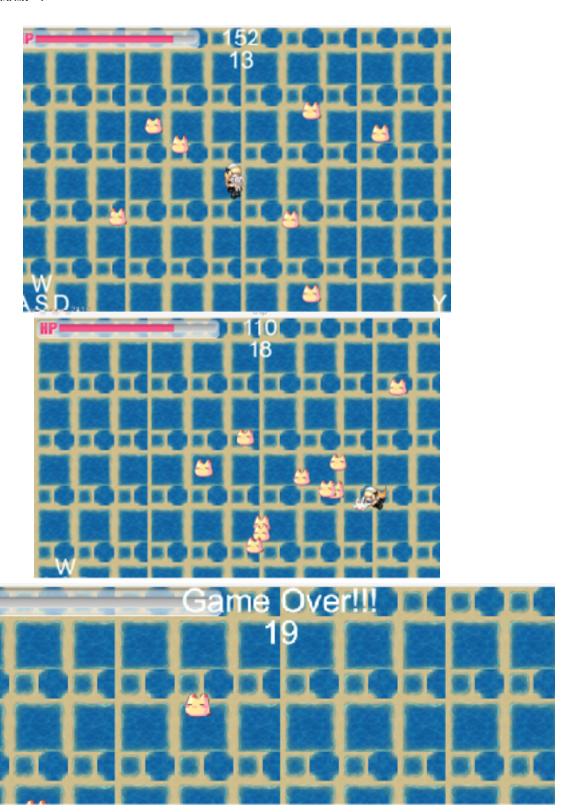
```
auto playerBody = PhysicsBody::createBox[player->getContentSize(],PhysicsMaterial(186.0f,1.8f,0.5f)];
  playerBody->setCetegoryBitmesk(0x81);
playerBody=>setCollisionBitmask(@x81);
playerBody=>setContactTestBitmask(0x01);
playerBody->setDynamic(false);
player=>setPhysicsBody(playerBody);
this->addChild(player, 2);
ball = Sprite::create("ball.png");
ball->setPosition(Yec2(xpos, player->getPosition().y + ball->getContentSize().height#0.1f - 25));
ball->setScale(0.1f, 0.1f);
  // LE+√+Oµ#∏'AA O;-'
  auto ballBody = PhysicsBody::createBox(ball->getContentSize(),PhysicsMaterial(100.0f,1.8f,0.5f));
  ballBody=>setCategoryBitmask(0x03);
  ballBody->setCollisionBitmask(0x03);
  ballBody=>setContactTestBitmask(0x03);
  ballBody->setGravityEnable(false);
ballBody->setRotationEnable(false);
  ball->satPhysicsBody(ballBody);
```

#### (5) 消转头、游戏结束、(bonus)结束产生粒子效果

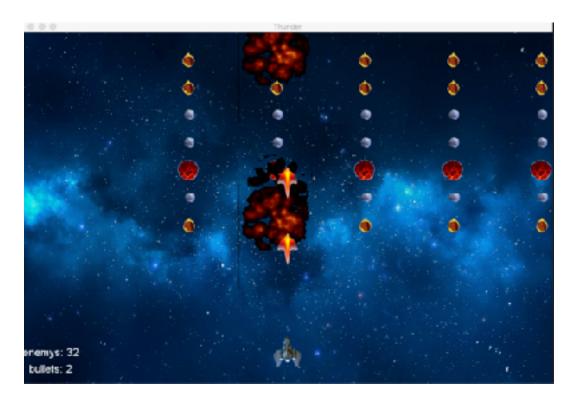
```
mod HitBrick::onConcactBegin(PhysicsContact & contact) {
   suto c1 = contact.getShapeA()->getBody()->getMode();
 auto c2 = contact.getShape8()->getBody()->getNode();
   if (c1->getTag() == 2) {
      cl->removeFromParentAndCleanup(true);
  \}else if(c2->getTag() == 2)(
      c2=>removeFromParentAndCleanup(true);
  }else if(c1->getTag() -- 3){
       ParticleFireworks + fireworks - ParticleFireworks::create();
       auto pos = cl->getPosition();
       fireworks->setPosition(Vec2(pos.x,pos.y+40));
       this->addChild(fireworks,2);
       GameOver(1:
  }else if(c2->getTag() -- 3){
      ParticleFireworks + fireworks - ParticleFireworks::create();
         to pos = cl->getPosition();
       fireworks->setPosition(Vec2(pos.x,pos.y+40));
        nis->addChild!fireworks,21;
       GameOver();
```

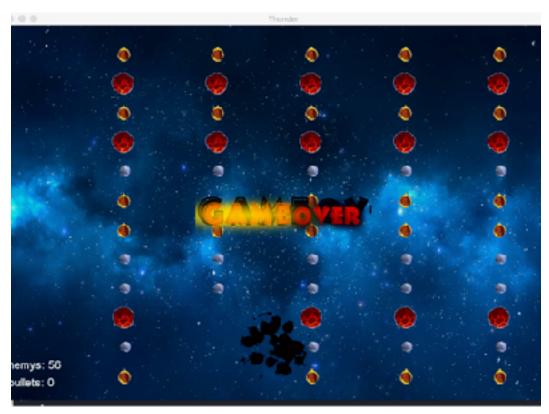
# 三.关键步骤截图

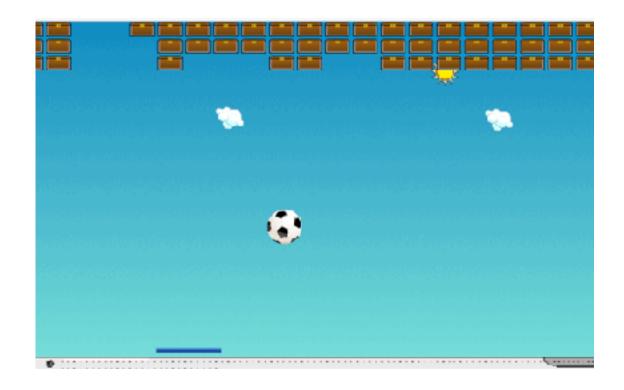
# 1.横版游戏



# 2.小蜜蜂









### 四.亮点与改进(可选)

#### 1.横版游戏

增加了本地的存储、代码部分以及效果截图参见上文。

#### 2.小蜜蜂

添加新的陨石 鼠标移动飞船、点击发射子弹 显示敌人与子弹数目正确 代码部分和效果截图参见上文

#### 3.打砖块

在游戏结束时添加粒子效果,代码和效果截图参见上文

### 五.遇到的问题

1.Tilemap的导入失败

基本就是路径的问题,解决方法就是把对应的素材放进resources文件夹中并生成,重新导入就没有问题了

2.小蜜蜂结束爆炸动画不能在pause前执行完毕 解决方法是设置tag并且get用来检测是否在执行爆炸动画,执行完毕后在pause。

#### 3..打砖块游戏无法结束

细致分析,其实是ship的tag设置在了刚体上,所以一开始没有get到,解决方法在ship的node上重新设置了一个tag。

# 六.思考与总结

这周主要学习了调度帧、本地存储、监听事件、音效、物理引擎、粒子系统等方面的知识。作业布置的小游戏对于所学的内容起到了很好的思考与巩固作用,现在基本上已经可以使用cocos2d做一些有趣的小游戏了,无论是音效、监听,还是动画之类的,基本上需要的知识已经趋近于完备了。cocos我觉得相对比unity和之前学的uwp,作业更容易做一些。不过临近期末,真的很想吐槽一下这门课程相对于整个学期作业量还是挺大的。每周都有实验作业,三周交一次报告,期中期末还分别有两个项目。对于课程繁忙的本学期也是在做的很辛苦,不过收获还是满满的,这也能够让我欣慰一些。