

# Go Concurrency Part 2

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# Go Concurency

- select + channel
- channel

# Channel Sync

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  done := make(chan bool)
  go func() {
    for i := 0; i < 10; i++ \{
       fmt.Println(i)
    done <- true
  }()
  // 위의 Go루틴이 끝날 때까지 대기
  <-done
```

https://brownbears.tistory.com/315

# select

- Select a channel communication out of multiple channels simultaneously running
  - select문은 복수 채널들을 기다리면서 준비된 (데이타를 보내온) 채널을 실행하는 기능을 제공
  - select문은 여러 개의 case문에서 각각 다른 채널을 기다리다가 준비가 된 채널 case를 실행
  - select문은 case 채널들이 준비되지 않으면 계속 대기하게 되고, 가장 먼저 도착한 채널 의 case를 실행
  - 만약 복수 채널에 신호가 오면, Go 런타임이 랜덤하게 그 중 한 개를 선택
  - select문에 default 문이 있으면, case문 채널이 준비되지 않더라도 계속 대기하지 않고 바로 default문을 실행

### select

```
package main
     import "time"
     func main() {
         done1 := make (chan bool)
         done2 := make(chan bool)
 8
 9
         go run1(done1)
10
         go run2 (done2)
11
12
     EXIT:
13
         for {
14
              select {
15
              case <-done1:</pre>
                  println("run1 완료")
16
17
18
              case <-done2:</pre>
19
                  println("run2 완료")
20
                  break EXIT
21
22
23
24
25
     func run1(done chan bool) {
26
         time.Sleep(1 * time.Second)
27
         done <- true
28
29
30
     func run2(done chan bool) {
31
         time.Sleep(2 * time.Second)
32
         done <- true
33
                    http://golang.site/go/article
```

- 첫번째 run1()이 1초간 실행되고 done1 채널로부터 수신하여 해당 case를 실행
- 다시 for 루프를 돈다. for루프를 다시 돌면서 다시 select문이 실행되는데, 다음 run2()가 2초후에 실행되고 done2 채널로부터 수신하여 해당 case를 실행
- done2 채널 case문에 break EXIT 이 있는데, 이 문장으로 인해 for 루프를 빠져나와 EXIT 레이블로 이동

# select

```
package main
 1 2 3
     import "time"
     func main() {
         done1 := make(chan bool)
         done2 := make(chan bool)
         go run1 (done1)
         go run2 (done2)
10
11
12
     EXIT:
13
         for {
14
              select {
15
              case <-done1:</pre>
                  println("run1 완료")
16
17
18
              case <-done2:</pre>
19
                  println("run2 완료")
20
                  break EXIT
21
23
     }
24
25
     func run1(done chan bool) {
         time.Sleep(1 * time.Second)
26
27
         done <- true
     }
28
29
30
     func run2(done chan bool) {
31
         time.Sleep(2 * time.Second)
32
         done <- true
33
```

http://golang.site/go/article

default
 fmt.Println("default") }

• 위의 문장을 마지막 case 뒤에 삽입

실험

```
package main
import (
   "fmt"
   "time"
func process(ch chan string) {
   time.Sleep(10 * time.Second)
   ch <- "process successful"</pre>
func scheduling(){
   //do something
func main() {
   ch := make(chan string)
   go process(ch)
   for {
      time.Sleep(1 * time.Second)
      select {
      case v := <-ch:
         fmt.Println("received value: ", v)
         return
      default:
         fmt.Println("no value received")
      }
      scheduling()
```

 select: Producer and Consumer

```
package main
import (
"fmt"
"time"
func consuming (scheduler chan string){
  select {
  case <- scheduler:</pre>
        fmt.Println("이름을 입력받았습니다.")
 case <-time.After(5 * time.Second):</pre>
        fmt.Println("시간이 지났습니다.")
func producing(scheduler chan string){
 var name string
 fmt.Print("이름:")
 fmt.Scanln(&name)
  scheduler <- name
func main() {
  scheduler := make(chan string)
 go consuming(scheduler)
  go producing(scheduler)
 time.Sleep(100 * time.Second)
```

 select: Producer and Consumer with timeout

```
package main
import (
"fmt"
"time"
func consuming (scheduler chan string){
  select {
  case <- scheduler:</pre>
        fmt.Println("이름을 입력받았습니다.")
 case <-time.After(5 * time.Second):</pre>
        fmt.Println("시간이 지났습니다.")
func producing(scheduler chan string){
 var name string
 fmt.Print("이름:")
  fmt.Scanln(&name)
  scheduler <- name
func main() {
  scheduler := make(chan string)
 go consuming(scheduler)
  go producing(scheduler)
 time.Sleep(100 * time.Second)
```

```
package main
import (
"fmt"
"time"
var scheduler chan string
func consuming (prompt string) { fmt.Println("consuming 호출됨")
  select {
 case scheduler <- prompt:</pre>
        fmt.Println("이름을 입력받았습니다 : ", <- scheduler)
 case <-time.After(5 * time.Second):</pre>
         fmt.Println("시간이 지났습니다.")
  }
func producing (console chan string) {
 var name string
 fmt.Print("이름:")
  fmt.Scanln(&name)
  console <- name
func main() {
  console := make(chan string, 1)
  scheduler = make(chan string, 1)
  go func(){
  consuming(<-console)</pre>
  }()
  go producing(console)
  time.Sleep(100 * time.Second)
```

# **Buffered Channel**

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
  c := make(chan int)
  c <- 1 //수신루틴이 없으므로 데드락
  fmt.Println(<-c) //코멘트해도 데드락 (별도의 Go루틴없기 때문)
}
```

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
  ch := make(chan int, 1)

  //수신자가 없더라도 보낼 수 있다.
  ch <- 101

fmt.Println(<-ch)
}
```

#### **Buffered Channel**

```
package main
       jimport (
             "fmt"
 6
       func main() {
            numbers := make(chan int, 5)
             counter := 10
10
            for i := 0; i < counter; i++ {</pre>
11
                 select {
12
                 case numbers <- i:</pre>
13
14
                 default:
                     fmt.Println( a...: "Not enough space for", i)
15
16
17
18
            for i := 0; i < counter+5; i++ {
19
                 select {
20
21
                 case num := <-numbers:</pre>
22
                     fmt.Println(num)
23
                 default:
                     fmt.Println( a...: "Nothing more to be done!")
24
25
                     break
26
27
28
29
```

### Terminate Go Routine

```
package main
 2
       import ...
 3
 7
      func main() {
            c1 := make(chan string)
 9
            go func() {
10
11
                time.Sleep(time.Second * 3)
                c1 <- "c1 0K"
12
            }()
13
14
15
            select {
16
            case res := <-c1:
17
                fmt.Println(res)
            case <-time.After(time.Second * 1):</pre>
18
                fmt.Println( a...: "timeout c1")
19
            }
20
21
            c2 := make(chan string)
22
            go func() {
23
                time.Sleep(3 * time.Second)
24
                c2 <- "c2 0K"
25
            }()
26
27
            select {
            case res := <-c2:
30
                fmt.Println(res)
            case <-time.After(4 * time.Second):</pre>
31
                fmt.Println( a...: "timeout c2")
```

```
package main
 2
 3
        import (
            "fmt"
 4
            "math/rand"
 5
            "time"
 6
 7
 8
 9
      func add(c chan int) {
10
            sum := 0
            t := time.NewTimer(time.Second)
11
12
            for {
13
14
                select {
15
                case input := <-c:</pre>
16
                     sum = sum + input
                case <-t.C:</pre>
17
                     c = nil
18
                    fmt.Println(sum)
19
20
21
22
23
24
      func send(c chan int) {
25
            for {
                c <- rand.Intn( n: 10)</pre>
26
27
28
29
      func main() {
30
            c := make(chan int)
31
            go add(c)
32
            go send(c)
33
34
            time.Sleep(3 * time.Second)
35
36
```

### Nil Channel

```
package main
2
 3
        import (
            "fmt"
 4
            "time"
       func A(a, b chan struct{}) {
 9
            <-a
            fmt.Println( a...: "A()!")
10
            time.Sleep(time.Second)
11
12
            close(b)
13
      △}
14
       func B(a, b chan struct{}) {
15
16
            <-a
17
            fmt.Println( a...: "B()!")
18
            close(b)
19
20
       func C(a chan struct{}) {
21
22
            fmt.Println( a...: "C()!")
23
       _____}}
24
25
26
       dfunc main() {
27
            x := make(chan struct{})
            y := make(chan struct{})
28
            z := make(chan struct{})
29
30
31
            qo C(z)
            go A(x, y)
32
            go C(z)
33
34
            go B(y, z)
            go C(z)
35
36
            close(x)
37
            time.Sleep(3 * time.Second)
38
39
```

#### Define Order

 close(a) closes the channel a, that synchronizes with a routine waiting for the channel a

#### Mutex

```
package main
 2
 3
       jimport (
            "fmt"
 4
            "os"
 5
 6
            "strconv"
            "sync"
 7
            "time"
 8
 9
      (a)
10
11
      ⇒var (
            m sync.Mutex
12
            v1 int
13
14
      ()
15
16
      func change(i int) {
            m.Lock()
17
            time.Sleep(time.Second)
18
19
            v1 = v1 + 1
            if v1%10 == 0 {
20
21
                v1 = v1 - 10*i
22
            m.Unlock()
23
      △}
24
25
      func read() int {
26
            m.Lock()
27
28
            a := v1
29
            m.Unlock()
30
            return a
31
```

```
func main() {
            if len(os.Args) != 2 {
34
35
                 fmt.Println( a...: "Please give me an integer!")
36
                 return
            }
37
38
            numGR, err := strconv.Atoi(os.Args[1])
39
            if err != nil {
40
                 fmt.Println(err)
41
42
                 return
43
            var waitGroup sync.WaitGroup
44
45
            fmt.Printf( format: "%d ", read())
46
            for i := 0; i < numGR; i++ {</pre>
47
                waitGroup.Add( delta: 1)
48
                 go func(i int) {
49
50
                     defer waitGroup.Done()
51
                     change(i)
                     fmt.Printf( format: "-> %d", read())
52
                }(i)
53
54
55
            waitGroup.Wait()
56
            fmt.Printf( format: "-> %d\n", read())
57
58
```