# Week 2

xv6 and System Calls

## slides

• <a href="https://github.com/jinlang226/CS537-discussion">https://github.com/jinlang226/CS537-discussion</a>

#### Review

What is context switching? When does it happen?

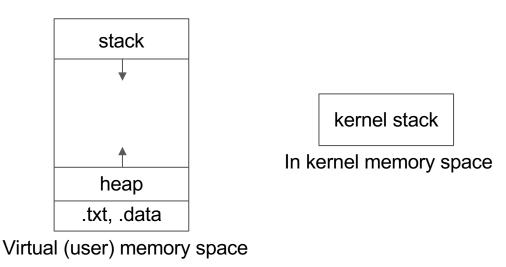


- Context switching happens if a new task will be scheduled when the current running one has not finished yet (preemption)
- It stores the current running context so that the preempted task can be resumed later
  - o It saves the registers, memory maps, etc
- Used widely for multitasking (process / threads) and interrupt handling
  - Switching between kernel and user process (e.g., exception handling) does not necessarily incur a complete context switch

### Review

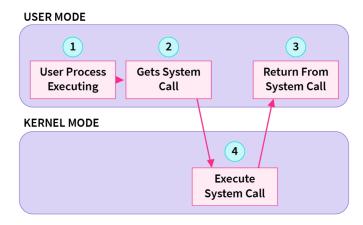
What is the kernel stack?

- A fix-sized memory region managed by kernel for each running process
- Used for the function call stack when running in kernel mode
- Stores registers from the userspace during system calls



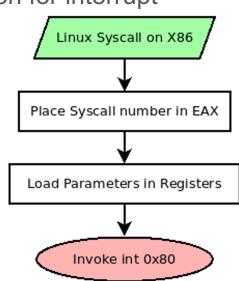
#### What is a system call?

- Ways through which user programs request services from kernel
- Running processes will yield the CPU to kernel to fulfill the request (i.e. blocking / synchronous)
- E.g., getpid(), read() and write(), send() and recv(), fork(), etc.



#### What is an interrupt?

- Event through which kernel is awaken
- Can be triggered by both hardware devices (disk, NIC, etc) and programs
- An interrupt number is passed to kernel to indicate the reason for interrupt
- Used to implement system calls in many operating systems
  - Linux and xv6 (on x86 architecture) uses `int 0x80` for system calls
- Trap vs Interrupt:
  - Trap is a different event used to implement system calls in older OS
  - The term is kept to refer to software-generated events
    - This include system calls and exceptions
  - Trap are often synchronous, while interrupts are mostly asynchronous



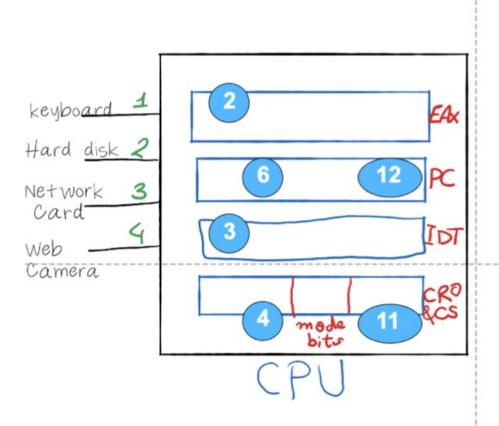
What is the trap function?

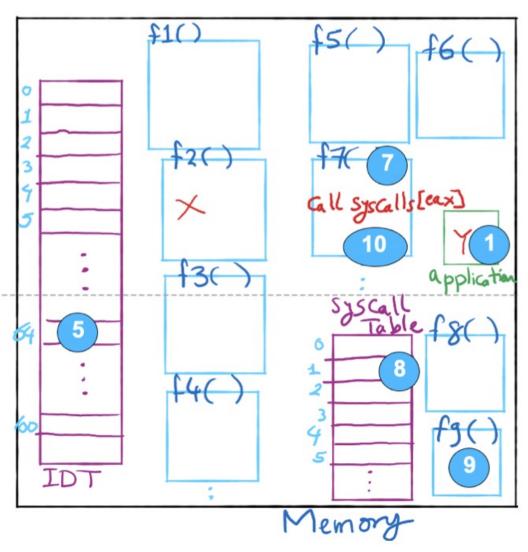
- Kernel function that handles trap (also called trap handler)
- It checks the trap number to decide what to do

Note: In xv6 (and many other OS), the trap handler handles more than just traps: it also handles some hardware interrupts like timer interrupts.

What is a system call table?

Mapping from the system call number to the corresponding handler





# xv6 Demo