

# 在Redis中存储token

之前的代码我们将token直接存在内存中,这在生产环境中是不合理的,下面我们将其改造成存储在Redis中

## 添加依赖及配置

pom.xml

application.properties

```
# Redis配置
spring.redis.host=192.168.10.100
```

## 编写Redis配置类

RedisConfig.java

```
package com.xxxx.springsecurityoauth2demo.config;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.data.redis.connection.RedisConnectionFactory;
import org.springframework.security.oauth2.provider.token.TokenStore;
import org.springframework.security.oauth2.provider.token.store.redis.RedisTokenStore;
/**
 * 使用redis存储token的配置
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
 */
@Configuration
public class RedisConfig {
   @Autowired
   private RedisConnectionFactory redisConnectionFactory;
   @Bean
   public TokenStore redisTokenStore(){
```



```
return new RedisTokenStore(redisConnectionFactory);
}
```

## 在认证服务器配置中指定令牌的存储策略为Redis

```
package com.xxxx.springsecurityoauth2demo.config;
import com.xxxx.springsecurityoauth2demo.service.UserService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import
org.springframework.security.oauth2.config.annotation.configurers.ClientDetailsServiceConfi
qurer;
import
org.springframework.security.oauth2.config.annotation.web.configuration.AuthorizationServer
ConfigurerAdapter;
org.springframework.security.oauth2.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableAuthorization
Server;
import
org.springframework.security.oauth2.config.annotation.web.configurers.AuthorizationServerEn
dpointsConfigurer;
import org.springframework.security.oauth2.provider.token.TokenStore;
/**
 * 授权服务器配置
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
 */
@Configuration
@EnableAuthorizationServer
public class AuthorizationServerConfig extends AuthorizationServerConfigurerAdapter {
    @Autowired
    private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;
    @Autowired
    private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    @Autowired
    private UserService userService;
    @Autowired
    @Qualifier("redisTokenStore")
    private TokenStore tokenStore;
     * 使用密码模式需要配置
```



```
*/
   @override
   public void configure(AuthorizationServerEndpointsConfigurer endpoints) {
       endpoints.authenticationManager(authenticationManager)
               .userDetailsService(userService)
               .tokenStore(tokenStore);
   }
   @override
   public void configure(ClientDetailsServiceConfigurer clients) throws Exception {
       clients.inMemory()
               //配置client_id
               .withClient("admin")
               //配置client-secret
               .secret(passwordEncoder.encode("112233"))
               //配置访问token的有效期
               .accessTokenValiditySeconds(3600)
               //配置刷新token的有效期
               .refreshTokenValiditySeconds(864000)
               //配置redirect_uri,用于授权成功后跳转
               .redirectUris("http://www.baidu.com")
               //配置申请的权限范围
               .scopes("all")
               //配置grant_type, 表示授权类型
               .authorizedGrantTypes("password");
   }
}
```

### 测试:

#### 使用密码模式请求token







