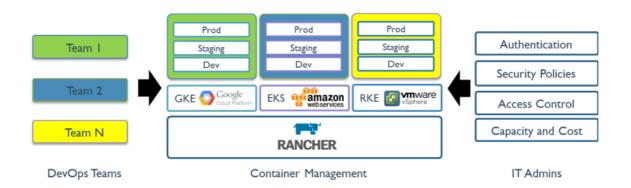
基于Rancher实现kubernetes集群管理

一、Rancher介绍

1.1 Rancher

Rancher 是一套容器管理平台,它可以帮助组织在生产环境中轻松快捷的部署和管理容器。Rancher可以轻松地管理各种环境的 Kubernetes,满足IT需求并为 DevOps 团队提供支持。

Rancher 用户可以选择使用 Rancher Kubernetes Engine(RKE) 创建 K8s 集群,也可以使用 GKE,AKS 和 EKS 等云K8s 服务。Rancher 用户还可以导入和管理现有的 Kubernetes 集群。同时 Rancher UI 为 DevOps 工程师提供了一个直观的用户界面来管理他们的服务容器。



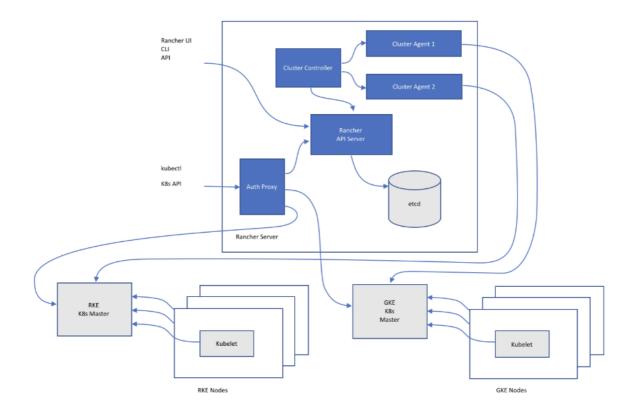
1.2 Rancher功能

Rancher 1.x 版本是基于 Docker 以 Cattle 为调度引擎的容器管理平台。Rancher 2.x 版本基于 Kubernetes 基础上重新设计,保留了 1.x 版本中的友好功能,同时提供了更多新的功能。

- 内置 CI/CD 流水线
- 告警和日志收集功能
- 多集群管理功能
- 集成 Rancher Kubernetes Engine (RKE)
- 与各云 Kubernetes 服务(如 GKE、EKS、AKS) 集成

1.3 Rancher架构

下图描述了 Rancher 管理两个 Kubernetes 集群的 Rancher server: 一个由 RKE 创建,另一个由 GKE 创建。

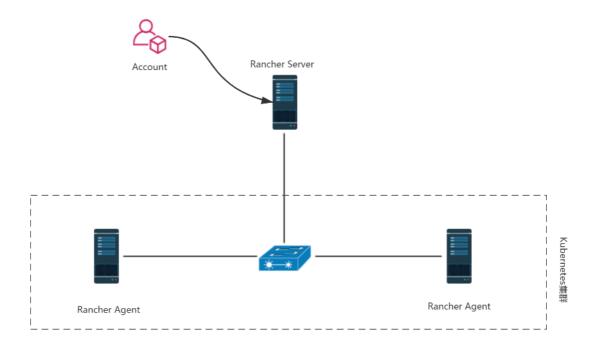


二、Rancher部署

2.1 主机需求

功能	硬件	操作系统	主机IP	主机名
rancher	CPU 4,MEM 8G, DISK 100G	CentOS7.6	192.168.122.110	rnode1
node	CPU 4,MEM 8G, DISK 100G	CentOS7.6	192.168.122.120	rnode2
node	CPU 4,MEM 8G, DISK 100G	CentOS7.6	192.168.122.130	rnode3

Rancher部署示例图



2.2 主机准备

关于swap分区是否关闭,可根据情况自行决定。

2.2.1 主机名

```
[root@localhost ~]# hostnamectl set-hostname XXX

XXX修改为rnode1、rnode2、rnode3
```

2.2.2 主机IP

```
[root@rnode1 ~]# cat /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0
DEVICE=eth0
TYPE=Ethernet
ONBOOT=yes
BOOTPROTO=static
IPADDR=192.168.122.XXX
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
GATEWAY=192.168.122.1
DNS1=119.29.29.29

XXX修改为110、120、130
```

2.2.3 主机名解析

```
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4
::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6
192.168.122.110 rnode1
192.168.122.120 rnode2
192.168.122.130 rnode3
```

2.2.4 安全设置

2.2.4.1 **关**闭firewalld

```
[root@localhost ~]# systemctl disable firewalld
[root@localhost ~]# systemctl stop firewalld
[root@localhost ~]# firewall-cmd --state
not running
```

2.2.4.2 安装iptables-services(可选)

```
[root@localhost ~]# yum -y install iptables-services
[root@localhost ~]# iptables -F && iptables -t nat -F && iptables -t mangle -F
&& iptables -t raw -F

在安装docker-ce 19.03版本后,一定要查看filter表中的FORWARD链默认策略。
[root@localhost ~]# iptables -t filter -P FORWARD ACCEPT
```

2.2.4.3 **SELinux**

```
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/selinux/config

# This file controls the state of SELinux on the system.
# SELINUX= can take one of these three values:
# enforcing - SELinux security policy is enforced.
# permissive - SELinux prints warnings instead of enforcing.
# disabled - No SELinux policy is loaded.
SELINUX=disabled
# SELINUXTYPE= can take one of three values:
# targeted - Targeted processes are protected,
# minimum - Modification of targeted policy. Only selected processes are protected.
# mls - Multi Level Security protection.
SELINUXTYPE=targeted
```

修改完SELinux配置后,需要重新启动系统

2.2.5 节点时间同步

```
[root@localhost ~]# crontab -l
0 */1 * * * ntpdate time1.aliyun.com
```

2.2.6 性能调优

```
[root@rnode1 ~]# cat /etc/sysctl.conf

net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.neigh.default.gc_thresh1=4096
net.ipv4.neigh.default.gc_thresh2=6144
net.ipv4.neigh.default.gc_thresh3=8192
```

2.2.7 模块加载

```
创建加载模块脚本
[root@localhost ~]# cat /etc/sysconfig/modules/load.mod
#!/bin/bash
mods=(
br_netfilter
ip6_udp_tunnel
ip_set
ip_set_hash_ip
```

```
ip_set_hash_net
iptable_filter
iptable_nat
iptable_mangle
iptable_raw
nf_conntrack_netlink
nf_conntrack
nf_conntrack_ipv4
nf_defrag_ipv4
nf_nat
nf_nat_ipv4
nf_nat_masquerade_ipv4
nfnetlink
udp_tunnel
VETH
VXLAN
x_tables
xt_addrtype
xt_conntrack
xt_comment
xt_mark
xt_multiport
xt_nat
xt_recent
xt_set
xt_statistic
xt_tcpudp
)
for mod in ${mods[@]};do
    modprobe $mod
        1smod | grep $mod
done
```

```
为脚本添加执行权限
[root@rnodex ~]# chmod +x /etc/sysconfig/modules/load.mod
[root@rnodex ~]# bash /etc/sysconfig/modules/load.mod
```

2.3 docker-ce准备

```
镜像源准备
清华大学开源软件镜像站
[root@rnodex ~]# wget -0 /etc/yum.repos.d/docker-ce.repo
https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/docker-ce/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo
或
阿里云镜像站
[root@rnodex ~]# wget -0 /etc/yum.repos.d/docker-ce.repo
https://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-ce/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo
```

```
安装docker-ce
[root@rnodeX ~]# yum -y install docker-ce
```

```
修改docker service文件
[root@rnodex ~]# vim /usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service
......

14 ExecStartPost=/sbin/iptables -P FORWARD ACCEPT
.....
```

```
启动服务
[root@rnodeX ~]# systemctl enable docker
[root@rnodeX ~]# systemctl start docker
```

2.4 运行Rancher

需要在所有主机添加普通用户,用于rancher部署k8s集群

```
[root@rnodex ~]# useradd aidocker
[root@rnodex ~]# passwd aidocker
[root@rnodex ~]# usermod -aG docker aidocker

[root@rnodex ~]# visudo
aidocker ALL=(ALL) ALL
```

如需要连接到远程主机,可以使用如下方法

```
其它主机#ssh aidocker@rancher集群主机IP
```

在rnode1节点运行

```
准备镜像
[aidocker@rnode1 ~]$ docker pull rancher/rancher:stable
```

```
运行rancher容器
[aidocker@rnode1 ~]$ sudo docker run -d --restart=unless-stopped -p 80:80 -p 443:443 rancher/rancher:stable
```

```
查看已运行的容器

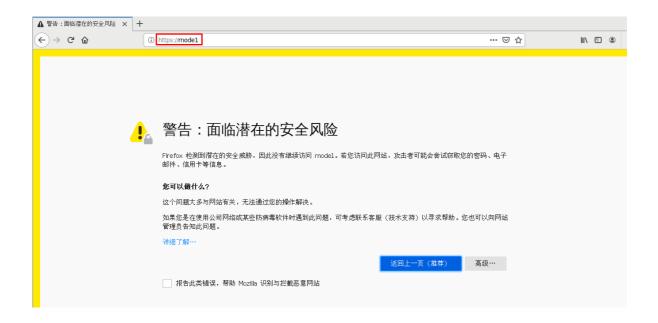
[aidocker@rnode1 ~]$ docker ps

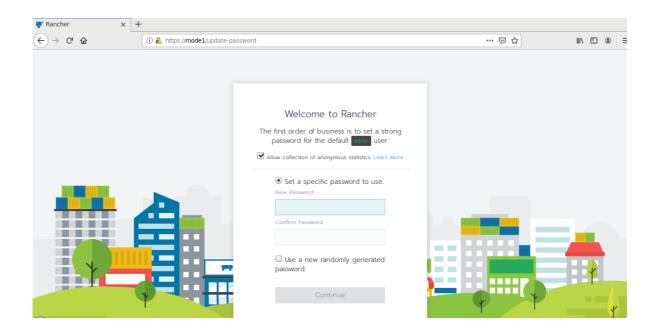
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED

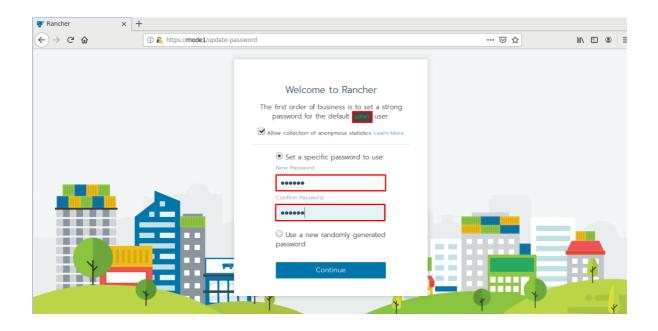
STATUS PORTS NAMES

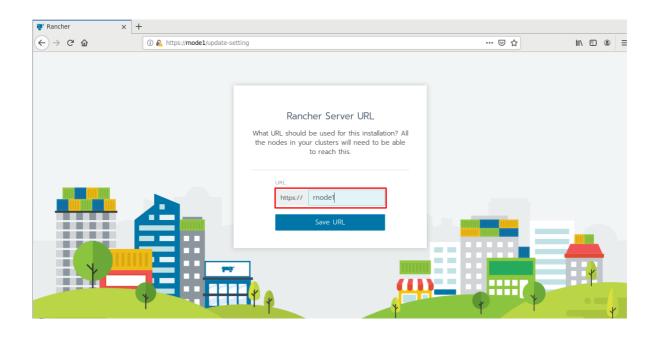
ce5c317659e5 rancher/rancher:stable "entrypoint.sh" About a minute ago Up About a minute 0.0.0.0:80->80/tcp, 0.0.0:443->443/tcp determined_tu
```

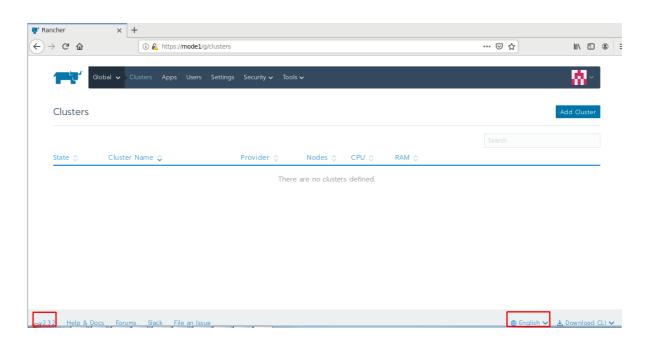
2.5 访问Rancher











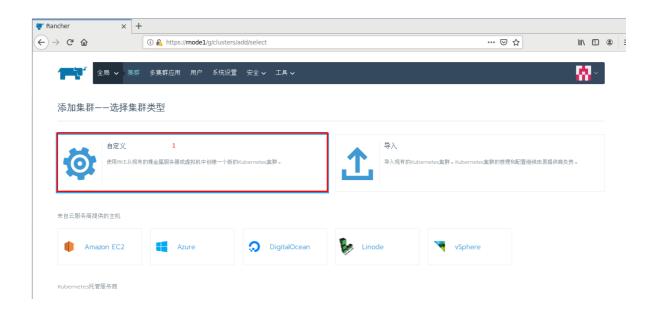


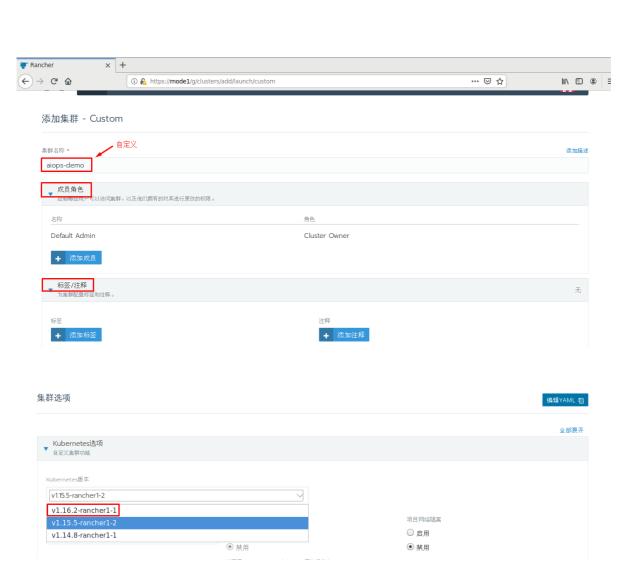
三、添加kubernetes集群

```
[aidocker@rnode2 ~]$ docker pull rancher/rancher-agent:v2.4.4

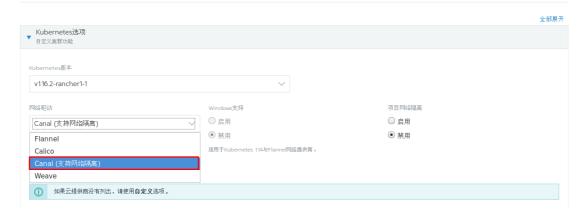
[aidocker@rnode3 ~]$ docker pull rancher/rancher-agent:v2.4.4
```





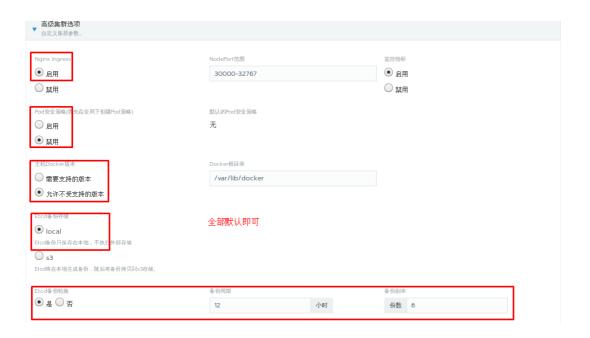


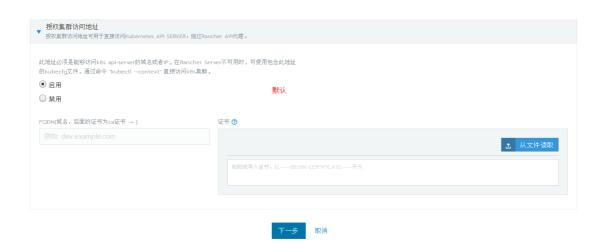
集群选项



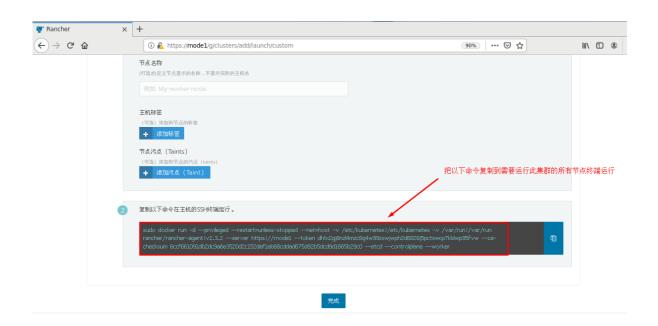










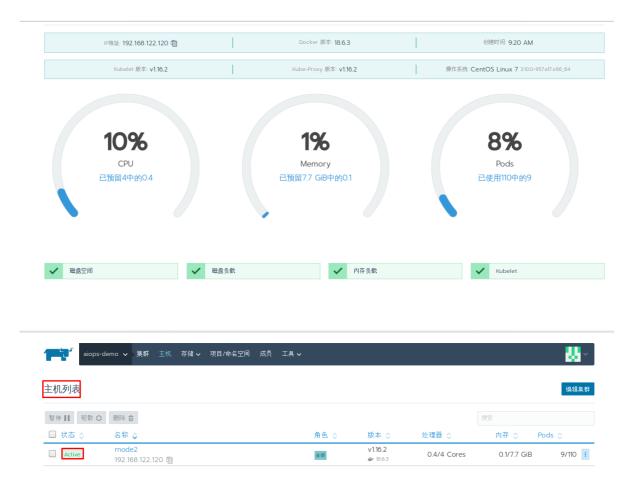


[root@rnode2 ~]# docker run -d --privileged --restart=unless-stopped --net=host
-v /etc/kubernetes:/etc/kubernetes -v /var/run:/var/run rancher/rancheragent:v2.3.2 --server https://rnode1 --token
dhtx2gj8nzl4mzc8g4w99zswjwph2d6828j5pctswcp7kldwp95fvw --ca-checksum
6ccf661091db2dc9a6e3520d2c152def1eb68cddad675d92b5dcd9d1665b29c0 --etcd -controlplane --worker

可以先添加一台主机用于部署k8s集群。



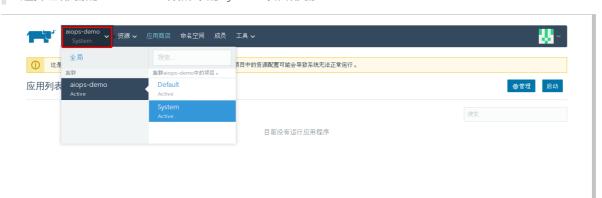




四、 Rancher平台kubernetes集群 dashboard部署

4.1 通过应用商店部署kubernetes dashboard

选择已部署的kubernetes集群中的System项目部署kubernetes dashboards







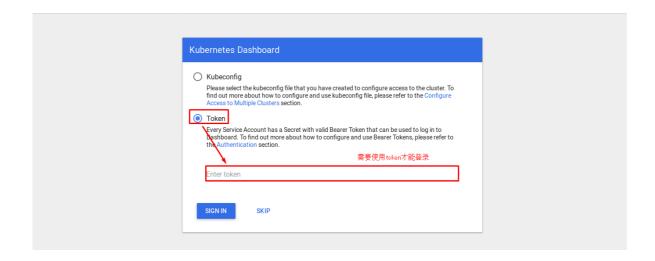








4.2 进入kubernetes dashboard



4.2.1 在kubernetes集群主机上部署kubectl

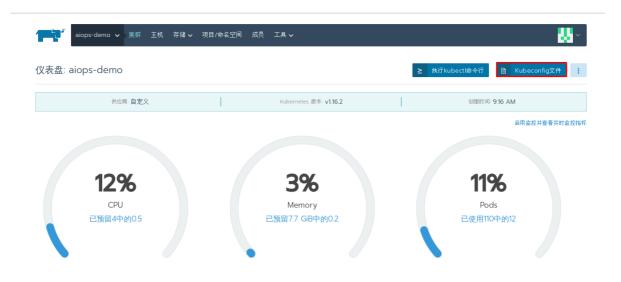
4.2.1.1 kubectl安装

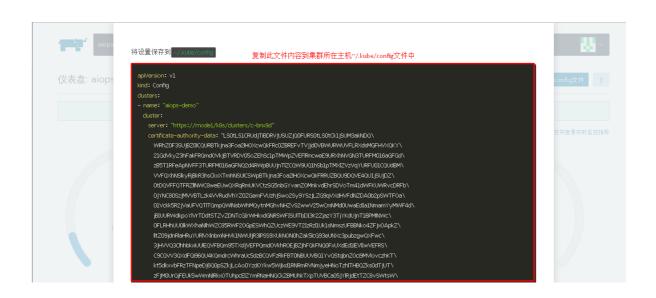
```
[aidocker@rnode2 ~]$ sudo vim /etc/yum.repos.d/k8s.repo [kubernetes] name=Kubernetes baseurl=https://mirrors.aliyun.com/kubernetes/yum/repos/kubernetes-el7-x86_64/enabled=1 gpgcheck=1 repo_gpgcheck=1 gpgkey=https://mirrors.aliyun.com/kubernetes/yum/doc/yum-key.gpg https://mirrors.aliyun.com/kubernetes/yum/doc/rpm-package-key.gpg
```

```
安装kubectl
[aidocker@rnode2 ~]$ sudo yum -y install kubectl
```

4.2.1.2 创建~/.kube/config文件







```
certificate-authority-data:
"LSOtLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURSOtLS0tCk1JSUM3akNDQ\
WRhZ0F3SUJBZ01CQURBTkJna3Foa21HOXcwQkFRc0ZBREFvTVJJd0VBWURWUVFLRXdsMGFHVXQKY\
21GdVkyz3hFakFRQmdOVkJBTVRDV05oZEhSc1pTMWpZVEF1RncweE9URXhNVGN3TURFM016aGFGd\
zB5T1RFeApNVFF3TURFM016aGFNQ2d4RwpBUUJnT1ZCQW9UQ1hSb1pTMX1ZVzVqYURFU01CQUdBM\
VVFQXhNS1kyRjBkR3hsCkxXTmhNSu1CSWpBTkJna3Foa21HOXcwQkFRRUZBQU9DQVE4QU1JSUJDZ\
OtDQVFFQTFRZ11NWC8weEUwQXRqRmUKVCtzSG5nbGyvanZOMnkvdEhrSDVoTm41dWFKUWRvcDRFb\
0JYNC80SzJMVVBTLzk4VVRudVhYZ0ZGemFVUzhJSwo2Sy9YSzJLZG9qVXdHVFdNZDA0b2pSwTF0a\
01vckk5r2JvaUFVQTlTQmpQwlNsbWhMQytnMGhvNHzvS2wwV25wCmNMd0UwaEdIa1NmamYyMWF4d\
jBIUURWdkpoYlvrTDdtSTZvZDNTcGIrWHkxdGNRSWFISUlTbDI3K2ZjaZY3TjYKdUJnT1BPMlNWc\
OFLRHhUUO1kwXhaN1hwZC85RwF2OGpESwhQZUczwE9VT2IZRZ11Uk1sNmszUFBBNko4ZFJxOApkZ\
lltz09jdnRlaHRuYURlvXlnbmNHVk1NWUlJR3lPSS9XUkNON0hZak5lcG93eUNXc3pubzgwQXFwc\
 3JHVVQ3ClhhbkxiUUlEQVFBQm95TXdJVEFPQmdoVkhROEJBZjhFQkFNQ0FxUXdEd1lEVlIwVEFRS\
C9CQVV3QXdFQi96QU4KQmdrcWhraUc5dzBCQVFzRkFBT0NBUUVBQ1YvQStqbnZOci9MVlovczhKT\
kt5dkxvbFrzTFNpeDJ6Q0pSZkJLcAoOYzdOYkw5Wjlxd1RNRmRVNmJyeHNoTzhlTHBQZksOdTJUT\
zFJMOUrQjFEUk5wwmNlRkxOTUhpcelZYmRNaHNQCkZBMUhkTXpTUVBCaO5JYlRJdetTZC8vSWtsW\
UpzOVhpcVorMERjQ0NNK3pyWkRWZHpTVGdmZ3ZSdGJzZUdSbWMKdTRsZ1llTwFreuVKUGNGYk5vS\
OFOYzluSOprvGvauC9BQOd2eTFLZOZEK1vXQmh4dup4bzhrcXlLbE13QnI2MApLZEUyRVl2vSs1c\
lvyNE04Y11SYkRwVUlucGVPZ11EUTFhN1JpMHdSY2VtNDVmZURiV3ExUWZOSWRiMjVLMTZGCkZPe\
E84NTVPMONjbklZQmhmQjZwY2RBRkRGK2Y5U1ZMNjJINnR6WHhUMHVEY3C9PQotLSOtLUVORCBDR\
     VJUSUZJQ0FURS0tLS0t"
- name: "aiops-demo-rnode2"
 cluster:
   server: "https://192.168.122.120:6443"
   certificate-authority-data:
"LSOtLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURSOtLSOtCk1JSUN3akNDQ\
WFxZ0F3SUJBZ01CQURBTkJna3Foa21HOXcwQkFRc0ZBREFTTVJBd0RnWURWUVFERXdkcmRXSmwKT\
FdOaE1CNFhEVEU1TVRFeE56QXhNakF4TVZvWERUSTVNVEV4TkRBeE1qQXhNVm93RWpFUU1BNEdBM\
VVFQXhNSAphM1Zpw1Mxa11uQ0NBu013RFFZSktvWk1odmNQQVFFQkJRQURnZ0VQQURDQ0FRb0NnZ\
OVCQUXYMTRZZG5UZ29xCk96bUMXYVZpZml5TmxuUGt0ZS9Da1RsVW1ucmV2Q1ZQaW1GYWlKZ291c\
TJLdGE0bmRmeTNhWVY2c314ZDA5NDEKSzZZTUhzK3B0MHJ1YytvVEZBaWZWcz11VXIyUkwzR1BnW\
FI3ekcwTnA5KzBGN1ZmVGVIYnNsVUs0QXYxcCtDbgptTzRVdmhF0U93c1Z3VStF0VpnbXM0e1FDM\
```

XRrN3pGTFhXbFlXdHJUeVEvaVlLUUpjaGlwdUpHdzRDN3QwV040CmFHQ0xtby9xbEYvb3NVVjhMS\

```
FFSZGRXOUV6NEJMZ3NWK0dFYytLd2h1a1FZbEpHbG4yZkF0Y3ZVSG1xWXk0Q1CKUTlodmFjYy94Y\
 3pRY25RN21hc2Nub0haQTIzSXhrMkNtTDJKeHI5WG9MajRlMGk5VXpMRjlJMVl6REg4d0VHSAo2Z\
2hwT0VKQWVmMENBd0VBQWFNak1DRXdEZ11EV1IwUEFRSC9CQVFEQWdLa01B0EdBMVVkRXdFQi93U\
UZNQU1CCkFmOHdEUV1KS29aSWh2Y05BUUVMQ1FBRGdnRUJBSTRWNFQxbGZJUXIVNXRta1YVKzZrd\
 2NNSkt1zu1iV1pPR00KWUVYanBjckNHQ3Bhb1JqTStHL2xIcTZyaHBmK2M0ckt1cFF1SmQ3M114W\
DRBYkhDdk1FdX1GUF1KWDRTSGE0LwpKL1FEeHZVCEtxaUk0WlgrRDI5d1BRMnpoUFN4bVE4dkx2V\
2N5eu10VwZMewpvZVN2U2dmZ2N1bDJzwGpta2R2C1hwRzNDK2JPT0hj0Eo1RG51cG1Ib01pwkpXM\
HQ1aFQ5TkFnd3dvTjZHaHM1MGZBVEpuZ053bUVjaUlXd2NvZUwKWGZGeDhlNjg2VFhuV2puU2dtU\
28yVTZQTVVsb09TQ0dpWFNWRjZLYlJ1UDM1UVBTN0VzUTIxb2hrdXVsV08vVgpsbjZoaURvNWxFa\
kldQVRFLS0tLS0K"
users:
- name: "aiops-demo"
 user:
   token: "kubeconfig-user-wxlrp.c-
bnx9d:w6b2bv5wwx7x2dn81r7s9tc2n8wncnrtc7vfwxc2f6198nx6d5sgtr"
contexts:
- name: "aiops-demo"
 context:
   user: "aiops-demo"
   cluster: "aiops-demo"
- name: "aiops-demo-rnode2"
 context:
   user: "aiops-demo"
   cluster: "aiops-demo-rnode2"
current-context: "aiops-demo"
```

4.2.1.3 验证kubectl可用性

```
[aidocker@rnode2 ~]$ kubectl get pods

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE

myfirst-nginx-77c5bbf8bb-ltwdm 1/1 Running 0 74m

myfirst-nginx-77c5bbf8bb-vxct7 1/1 Running 0 80m
```