

Architecture of Enterprise Applications 15

Web Services and SOAP

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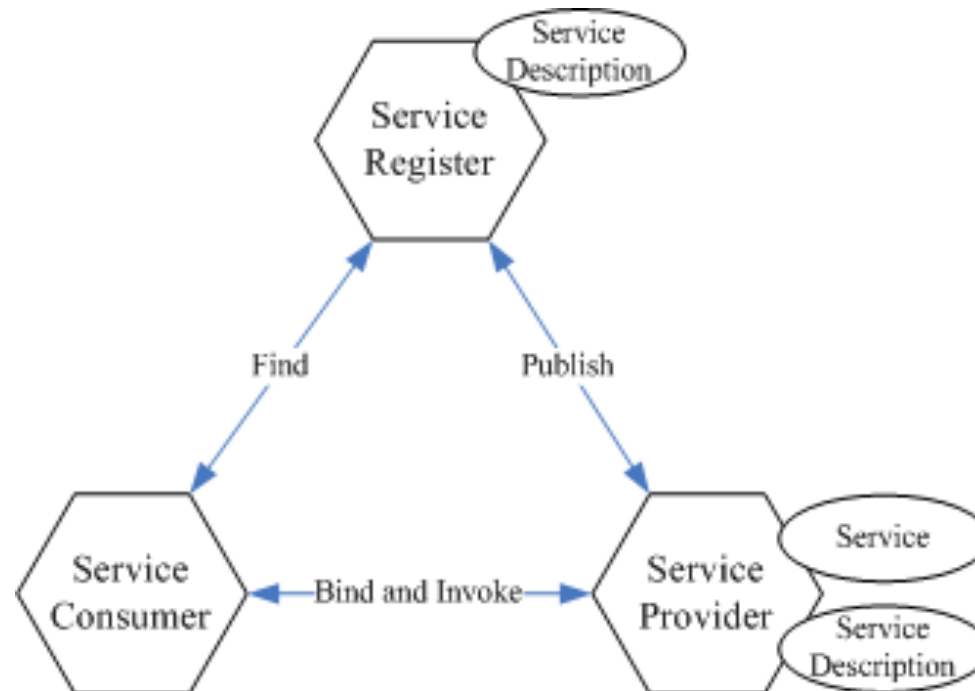
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- Web Service Standards
 - SOAP
 - WSDL
 - UDDI
- Web Services Implementation
 - Java EE Web Services
- Web Services Discovery

- Web Services
 - present the opportunity for real interoperability across hardware, operating systems, programming languages, and applications.
- Web
 - Access with web protocols
- Services
 - Independent of the implementation

- A web service is a remote application
 - described using the Web Service Description Language (**WSDL**)
 - and accessed using the Simple Object Access Protocol (**SOAP**)
 - according to the rules defined by the **WS-I Basic Profile 1.1**.



- SOAP is defined by its own XML Schema and relies heavily on the use of XML Namespaces.

- Here's a SOAP request message that might be sent from a client to a server:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8' ?>
<env:Envelope
    xmlns:env="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <env:Header />
  <env:Body>
    <reservation xmlns="http://www.titan.com/Reservation">
      <customer>
        <!-- customer info goes here -->
      </customer>
    </reservation>
  </env:Body>
</env:Envelope>
```

- Imagine that you want to develop a web services component that implements the following interface:

```
public interface TravelAgent {  
    public String makeReservation(int cruiseID,  
        int cabinID, int customerId, double price);  
}
```

- A WSDL document that describes the `makeReservation()` method might look like this:

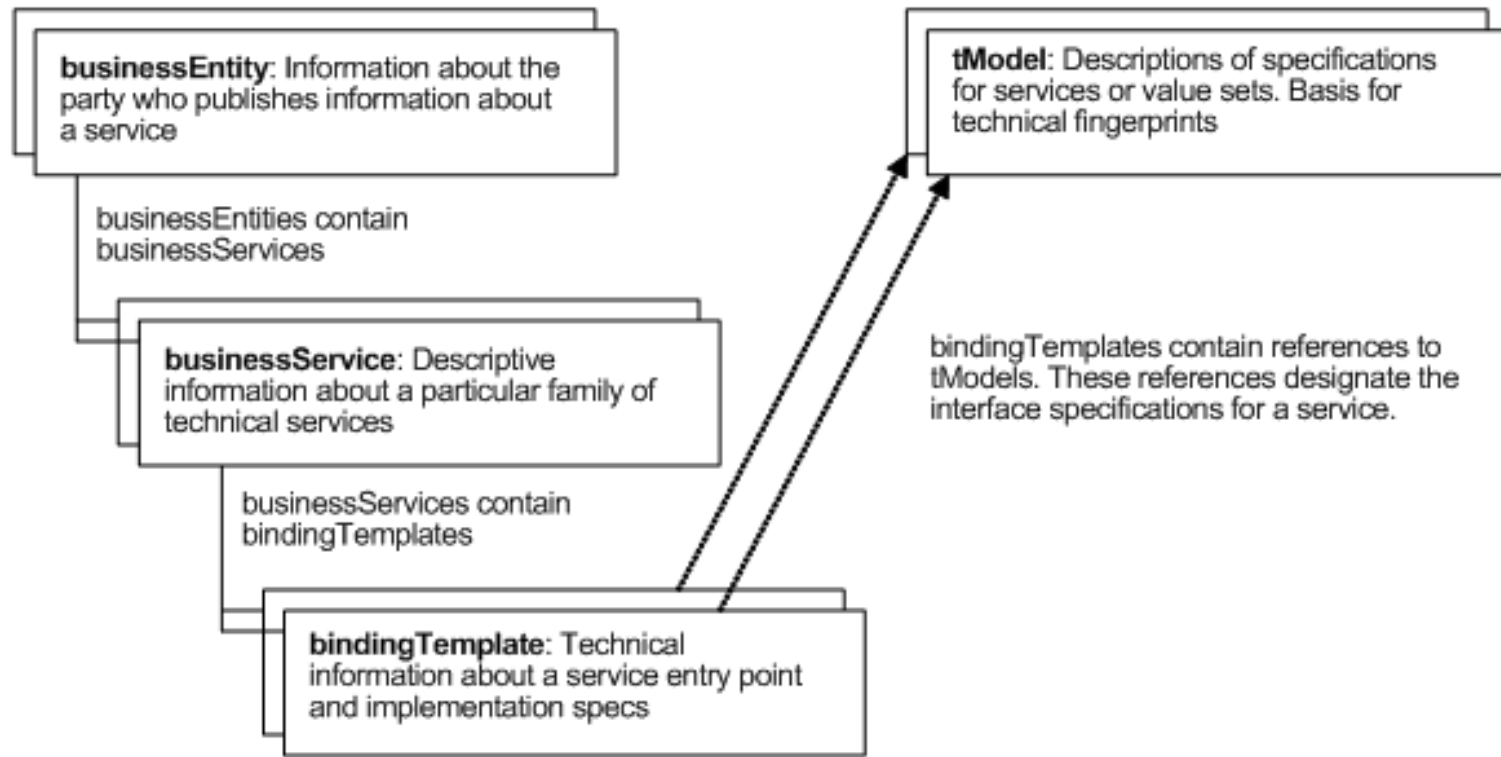
```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
  <definitions name="TravelAgent"
    xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
    xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
    xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:titan="http://www.titan.com/TravelAgent"
    targetNamespace="http://www.titan.com/TravelAgent">
    <!-- message elements describe the parameters and return values -->
    <message name="RequestMessage">
      <part name="cruiseId" type="xsd:int" />
      <part name="cabinId" type="xsd:int" />
      <part name="customerId" type="xsd:int" />
      <part name="price" type="xsd:double" />
    </message>
    <message name="ResponseMessage">
      <part name="reservationId" type="xsd:string" />
    </message>
```

```
<!-- portType element describes the abstract interface of a web service -->
<portType name="TravelAgent">
  <operation name="makeReservation">
    <input message="titan:RequestMessage"/>
    <output message="titan:ResponseMessage"/>
  </operation>
</portType>
<!--binding element tells us which protocols and encoding styles are used -->
<binding name="TravelAgentBinding" type="titan:TravelAgent">
  <soap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
  <operation name="makeReservation">
    <soap:operation soapAction="" />
    <input>
      <soap:body use="literal" namespace="http://www.titan.com/TravelAgent"/>
    </input>
    <output>
      <soap:body use="literal" namespace="http://www.titan.com/TravelAgent"/>
    </output>
  </operation>
</binding>
```



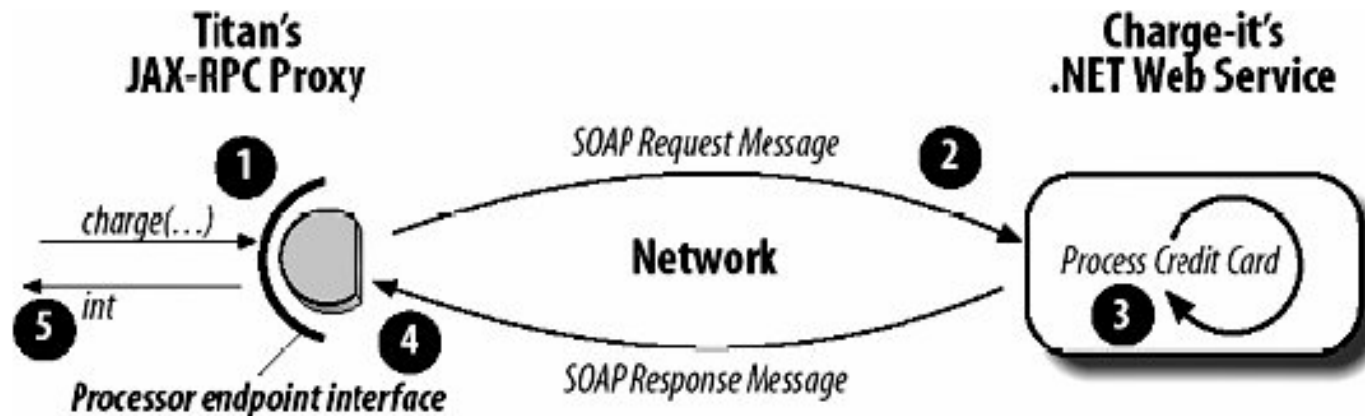
```
<!-- service element tells us the Internet address of a web service -->  
<service name="TravelAgentService">  
  <port name="TravelAgentPort" binding="titan:TravelAgentBinding">  
    <soap:address location="http://www.titan.com/webservices/TravelAgent" />  
  </port>  
</service>  
</definitions>
```

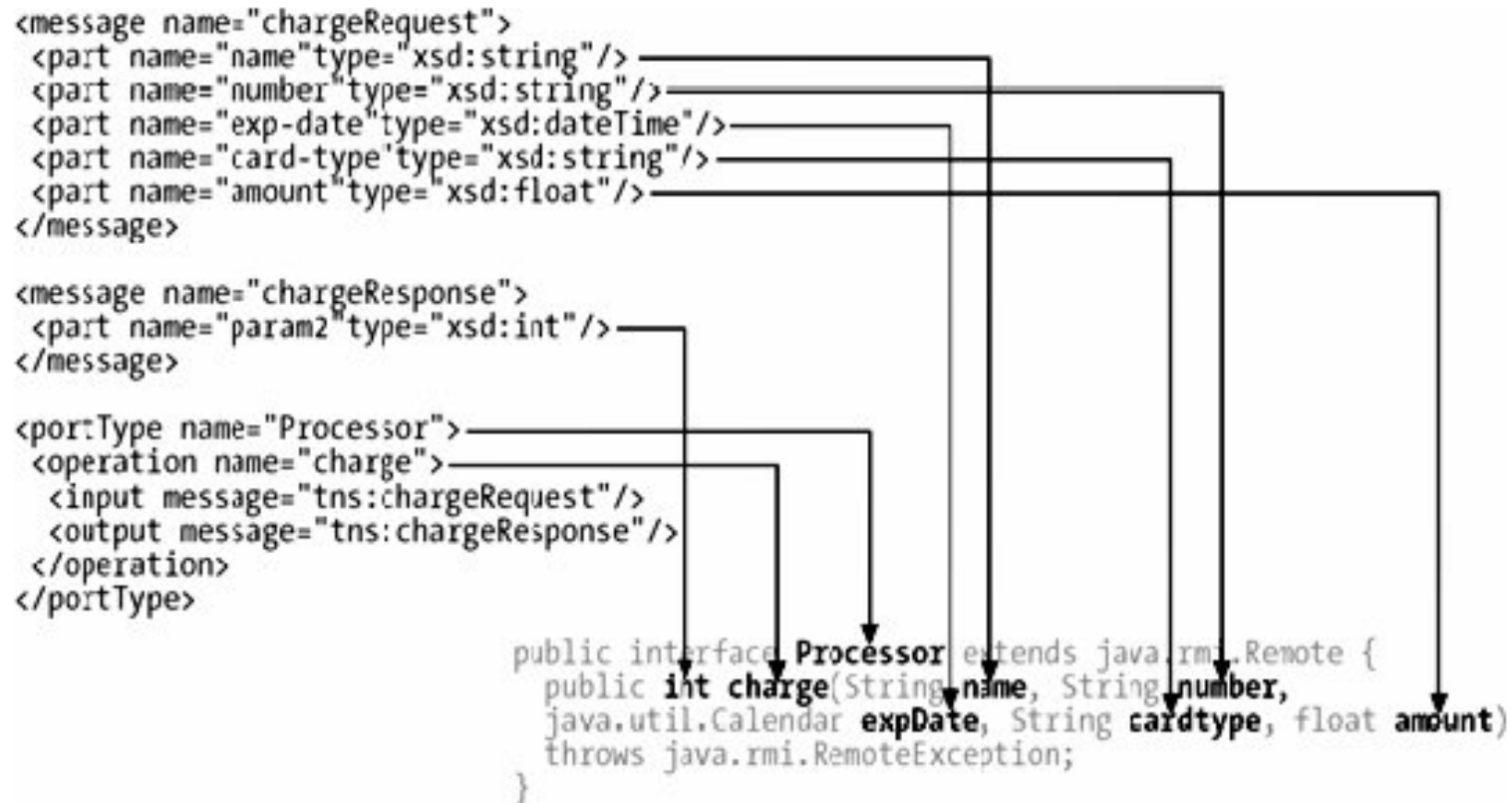
- **One or more UDDI nodes** may be combined to form a UDDI Registry. The nodes in a UDDI registry collectively manage a particular set of UDDI data. This data is distinguished by the visible behavior associated with the entities contained in it.



- The entities businessEntity, businessService, bindingTemplate, tModel form the core data structures of UDDI. Within a registry, each instance of the core data structures is uniquely identified by a UDDI key.
 - Find **Web services implementations** that are based on a common abstract interface definition.
 - Find **Web services providers** that are classified according to a known classification scheme or identifier system.
 - Determine the **security** and **transport protocols** supported by a given Web service.
 - Issue a search for services based on **a general keyword**.
 - **Cache** the technical information about a Web service and then update that information at run-time.

- Node API Sets
 - UDDI Inquiry
 - UDDI Publication
 - UDDI Security
 - UDDI Custody Transfer
 - UDDI Subscription
 - UDDI Replication
- Client API Sets
 - UDDI Subscription Listener
 - UDDI Value Set



A diagram illustrating the mapping between WSDL components and a Java interface. Arrows connect the following elements:

- `<part name="name" type="xsd:string"/>` to `String name` in the `charge` method.
- `<part name="number" type="xsd:string"/>` to `String number` in the `charge` method.
- `<part name="exp-date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>` to `java.util.Calendar expDate` in the `charge` method.
- `<part name="card-type" type="xsd:string"/>` to `String cardtype` in the `charge` method.
- `<part name="amount" type="xsd:float"/>` to `float amount` in the `charge` method.
- `<portType name="Processor">` to the `Processor` interface.
- `<operation name="charge">` to the `charge` method.
- `<input message="tns:chargeRequest"/>` to the `chargeRequest` message.
- `<output message="tns:chargeResponse"/>` to the `chargeResponse` message.

```
<message name="chargeRequest">
  <part name="name" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="number" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="exp-date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
  <part name="card-type" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="amount" type="xsd:float"/>
</message>

<message name="chargeResponse">
  <part name="param2" type="xsd:int"/>
</message>

<portType name="Processor">
  <operation name="charge">
    <input message="tns:chargeRequest"/>
    <output message="tns:chargeResponse"/>
  </operation>
</portType>

public interface Processor extends java.rmi.Remote {
  public int charge(String name, String number,
    java.util.Calendar expDate, String cardtype, float amount)
    throws java.rmi.RemoteException;
}
```

```
package com.charge_it;
```

```
public interface ProcessorService extends javax.xml.rpc.Service {  
    public com.charge_it.Processor getProcessorPort( ) throws  
        javax.xml.rpc.ServiceException;  
    public java.lang.String getProcessorPortAddress( );  
    public com.charge_it.Processor  
        getProcessorPort (java.net.URL portAddress)  
        throws javax.xml.rpc.ServiceException;  
}
```

```
package com.titan.travelagent;
import com.charge_it.Processor;
import com.charge_it.ProcessorService;
...
@Stateful
public class TravelAgentBean implements TravelAgentRemote {
    @PersistenceContext(unitName="titanDB")
    private EntityManager em;

    @PersistenceContext
    EntityManager em;

    Customer customer;
    Cruise cruise;
    private Cabin cabin;
    private ProcessorService processorService;
    ...
}
```



```
public TicketDO bookPassage(CreditCardDO card, double price) throws
    IncompleteConversationalState {
    if (customer == null || cruise == null || cabin == null) {
        throw new IncompleteConversationalState( ); }
    try {
        Reservation reservation = new Reservation( customer,
                                                    cruise, cabin, price, new Date( ));
        em.persist(reservation);
        String customerName = customer.getFirstName( )+" "
                                   + customer.getLastName( );
        java.util.Calendar expDate = new Calendar(card.date);
        Processor processor = processorService.getProcessorPort( );
        processor.charge(customerName, card.number, expDate, card.type, price);
        TicketDO ticket = new TicketDO(customer, cruise, cabin, price);
        return ticket;
    } catch(Exception e) { throw new EJBException(e); }
} ...
}
```

```
package com.titan.webservice;  
import javax.ejb.Stateless;  
import javax.jws.WebService;  
import javax.jws.WebMethod;
```

```
@Stateless
```

```
@WebService
```

```
public class TravelAgentBean {
```

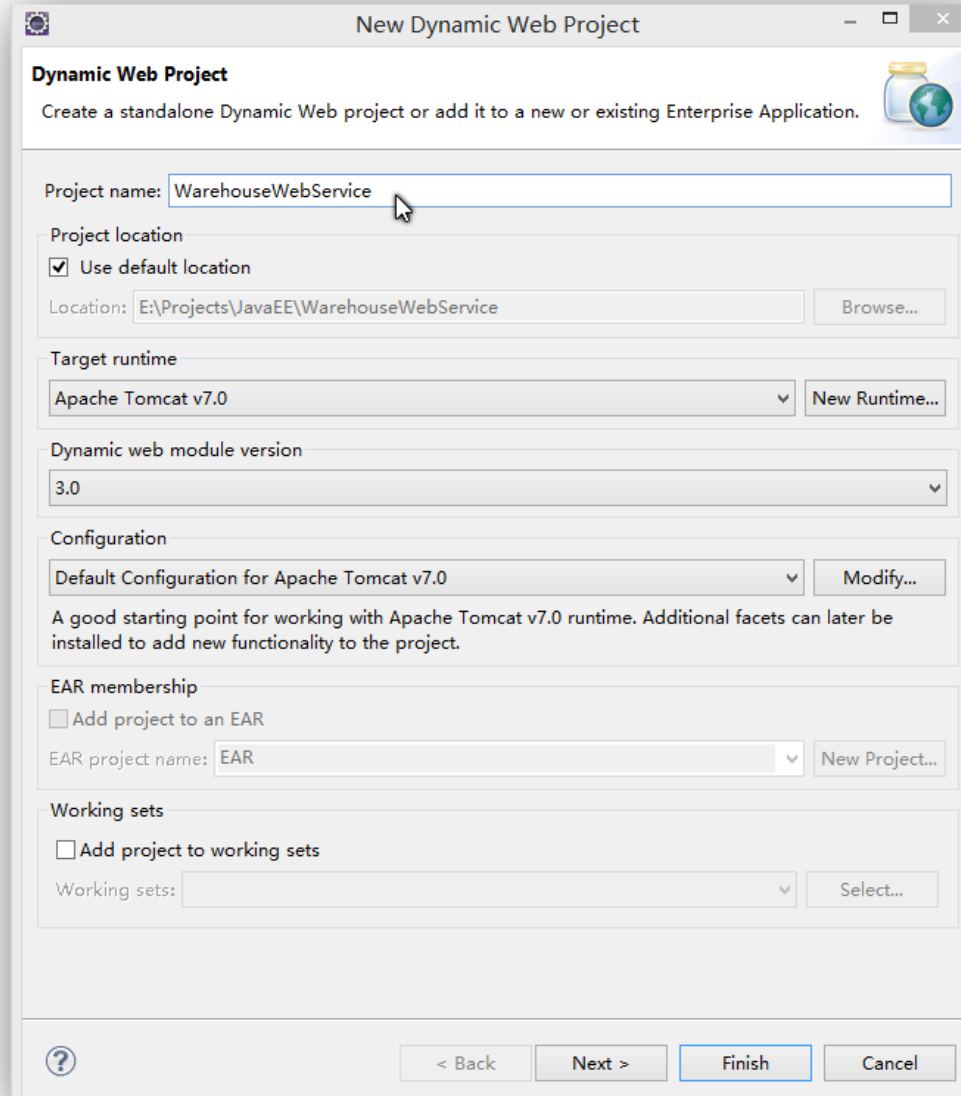
```
    @WebMethod
```

```
    public String makeReservation(int cruiseId, int cabinId, int  
                                customerId, double price) {
```

```
        ...
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

A screenshot of the 'New Dynamic Web Project' dialog box in an IDE. The dialog has a title bar with standard window controls. Below the title bar, there's a section titled 'Dynamic Web Project' with a subtitle 'Create a standalone Dynamic Web project or add it to a new or existing Enterprise Application.' and a small icon of a jar and globe. The main area contains several sections: 'Project name' with a text field containing 'WarehouseWebService'; 'Project location' with a checked 'Use default location' checkbox and a text field showing 'E:\Projects\JavaEE\WarehouseWebService'; 'Target runtime' with a dropdown menu set to 'Apache Tomcat v7.0'; 'Dynamic web module version' with a dropdown menu set to '3.0'; 'Configuration' with a dropdown menu set to 'Default Configuration for Apache Tomcat v7.0'; 'EAR membership' with an unchecked 'Add project to an EAR' checkbox and an 'EAR project name' field set to 'EAR'; and 'Working sets' with an unchecked 'Add project to working sets' checkbox and a 'Working sets' field. At the bottom, there are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish' (highlighted), and 'Cancel'.

New Dynamic Web Project

Dynamic Web Project
Create a standalone Dynamic Web project or add it to a new or existing Enterprise Application.

Project name: WarehouseWebService

Project location
☒ Use default location
Location: E:\Projects\JavaEE\WarehouseWebService

Target runtime
Apache Tomcat v7.0

Dynamic web module version
3.0

Configuration
Default Configuration for Apache Tomcat v7.0

A good starting point for working with Apache Tomcat v7.0 runtime. Additional facets can later be installed to add new functionality to the project.

EAR membership
☐ Add project to an EAR
EAR project name: EAR

Working sets
☐ Add project to working sets
Working sets:

? < Back Next > Finish Cancel

```
import java.util.*;
import javax.ws.*;

@WebService
public class Warehouse {
    public Warehouse() {
        prices = new HashMap<String, Double>();
        prices.put("Blackwell Toaster", 24.95);
        prices.put("ZapXpress Microwave Oven", 49.95);
    }

    public double getPrice(@WebParam(name="description") String description)
    {
        Double price = prices.get(description);
        return price == null ? 0 : price;
    }


    private Map<String, Double> prices;
}
```

Web Services


Select a service implementation or definition and move the sliders to set the level of service and client generation.

Web service type: Bottom up Java bean Web Service

Service implementation: Warehouse Browse...



Start service




Configuration:

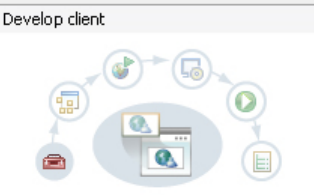
[Server runtime: Tomcat v7.0 Server](#)

[Web service runtime: Apache Axis](#)

[Service project: WarehouseWS](#)



Develop client



Configuration:

[Server runtime: Tomcat v7.0 Server](#)


[Web service runtime: Apache Axis](#)

[Client project: WarehouseWSCClient](#)

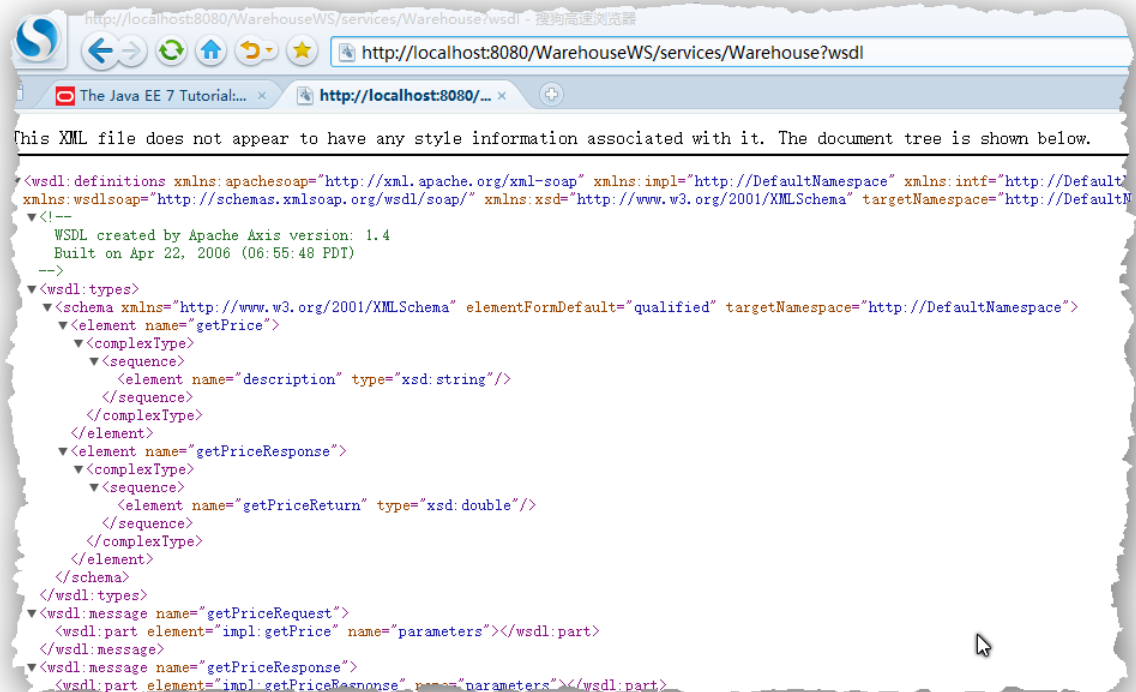
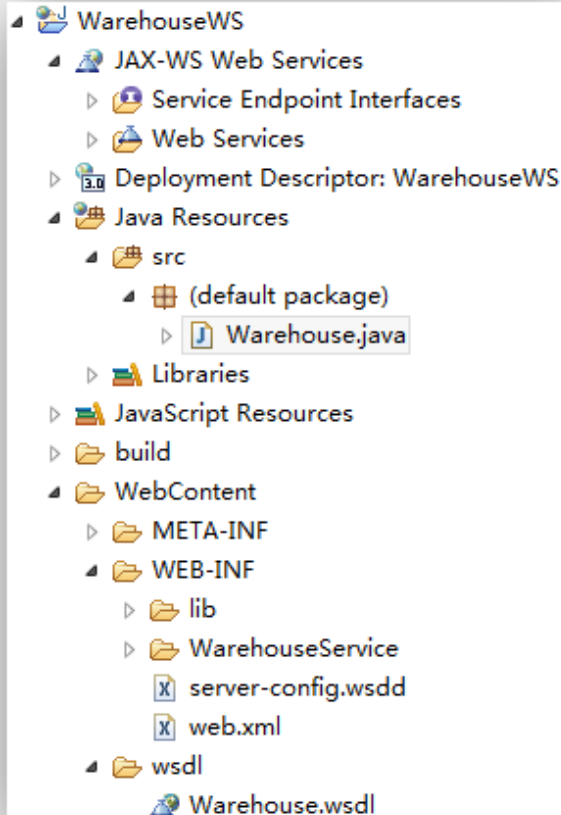
☐ Publish the Web service

☐ Monitor the Web service

☒ Overwrite files without warning



< Back Next > Finish Cancel



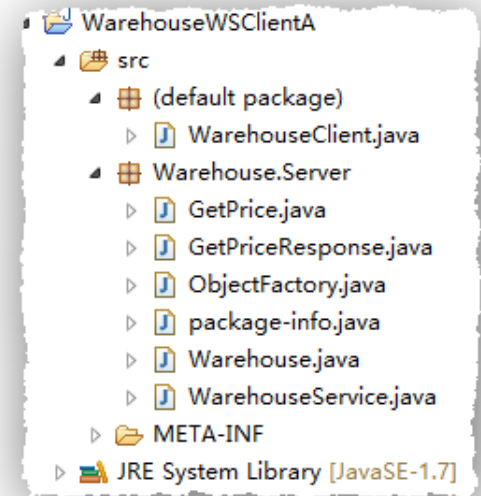
Web Service Client - A

- Create a plain java project
- Generate the necessary files for client and add them to the project

```
wsimport -keep -p warehouse.server  
http://localhost:8080/WebServices/warehouse?wsdl
```

- Write a Web Service Client

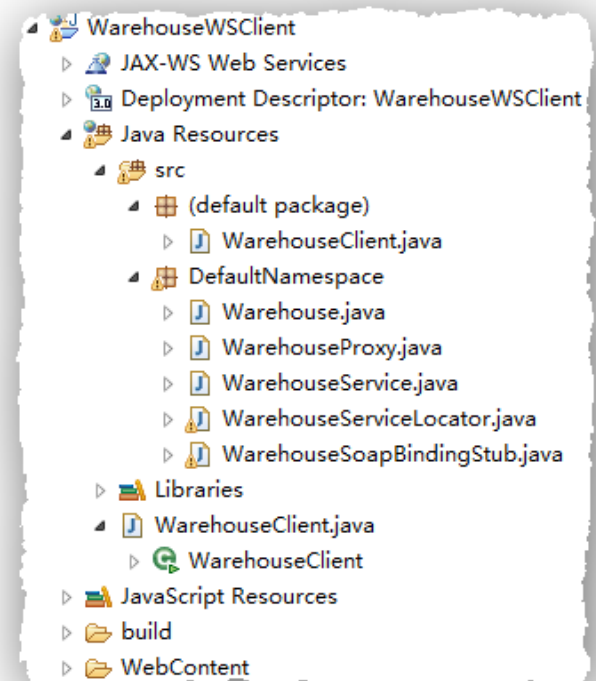
```
public class WarehouseClient  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws NamingException, RemoteException  
    {  
        WarehouseService service = new WarehouseService();  
        Warehouse port = service.getPort(Warehouse.class);  
  
        String descr = "ZapXpress Microwave Oven";  
        double price = port.getPrice(descr);  
        System.out.println(descr + ": " + price);  
    }  
}
```



- Use the generated Client

```
public class WarehouseClient
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws NamingException, RemoteException
    {
        WarehouseServiceLocator locator = new WarehouseServiceLocator();
        Warehouse warehouse = null;
        try{
            warehouse = locator.getWarehouse();
        }catch(Exception e){};

        String descr = "Blackwell Toaster";
        double price = warehouse.getPrice(descr);
        System.out.println(descr + ": " + price);
    }
}
```



- Windows Communication Foundation
 - .Net Remoting
 - ASMX
 - WSE
 - MSMQ
- SOAP -based Web Service vs. REST-based Web Service
- WS-Security, WS-ReliableMessaging, and WS-AtomicTransaction

- Process
 - Create a Class extended from SOAPheader, which receives the messages in SOAP header
 - Add a method into Web service Class on server-side and Proxy on client-side
 - Add attribute SoapHeaderAttribute into Web service Class on server-side and Proxy on client-side
 - Set attributes of SOAPheader. Server-side will check them and decide whether execute the invocation according to the result of validation

- **MySOAPheader**

```
using System;  
using System.Data;  
using System.Configuration;  
using System.Web;  
using System.Web.Security;  
using System.Web.UI;  
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;  
using System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts;  
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;  
using System.Web.Services;  
using System.Web.Services.Protocols;
```

```
public class MySoapHeader : SoapHeader
{

    private string _token;
    public MySoapHeader()
    {
        // TODO: Add constructor logic here
    }

    public MySoapHeader(string sToken)
    {
        this._token = sToken;
    }

    public string Token
    {
        get { return this._token; }
        set { this._token = value; }
    }
}
```

- UserValidation

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text;
namespace WebServiceUserValidation
{
    public class UserValidation
    {
        public UserValidation()
        {
        }
        public static bool IsUserLegal(string sName, string sPsw)
        {
            string psw = "FrankXuLei";
            if (string.Equals(psw, sPsw))
            {
                return true;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        else
        {
            return false;
        }
    }
    public static bool IsUserLegal(string sToken)
    {
        string psw = "FrankXuLei";
        if (string.Equals(psw, sToken))
        {
            return true;
        }
        else
        {
            return false;
        }
    }
}
```

- Web Service

```
using System;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.Services;
using System.Web.Services.Protocols;
using WebServiceUserValidation;

[WebService(Namespace = "http://www.cnblogs.com/frank_xl/")]
[WebServiceBinding(ConformsTo = WsiProfiles.BasicProfile1_1)]
public class FrankXuWebService : System.Web.Services.WebService
{
    public MySoapHeader _authenticationToken;
    private const string _token = "FrankXuLei";
    public FrankXuWebService()
    {
        //InitializeComponent();
    }
}
```

```
[SoapHeader("_authenticationToken")]
[WebMethod(EnableSession=false)]
public string HelloFrank()
{
    if (_authenticationToken != null && UserValidation.IsUserLegal(_authenticationToken.Token ))
    {
        return "Hello Frank,WebMethod is called sucessfully";
    }
    else
    {
        throw new Exception("Authentication Failed");
    }
}
```


- Web Service Client

```
namespace ConsoleWebServiceClient
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            localhost.MySoapHeader mySoapHeader =
                new ConsoleWebServiceClient.
                    localhost.MySoapHeader();
            mySoapHeader.Token = "FrankXuLei";
            string sResult = string.Empty;
            localhost.FrankXuWebService frankXuWebService = null;
            try
            {
                frankXuWebService =
                    new ConsoleWebServiceClient.
                        localhost.FrankXuWebService();
                frankXuWebService.MySoapHeaderValue = mySoapHeader;
                sResult = frankXuWebService.HelloFrank();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        Console.WriteLine(sResult);
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Call Webservice is failed");
        throw ex;
    }
    finally
    {
        if (frankXuWebService != null)
            frankXuWebService.Dispose();
    }
    Console.WriteLine("Press any key to continue");
    Console.ReadLine();
}
}
```

- Requirement
 - To wrap a query API as a Web Service to facilitate the interaction with heterogeneous applications.
 - You also need to develop a web service client to validate your web service.

- Core Java (volume II) 9th edition
 - <http://horstmann.com/corejava.html>
- The Java EE 7 Tutorial
 - <http://docs.oracle.com/javaee/7/tutorial/doc/javaeetutorial7.pdf>



Thank You!