

Biomedical Signal Display

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1 Introduction

The display of signals generated by various sources in an efficient manner is of great importance in the field of research. There are instruments which can display the signals at different levels of accuracy. The more accurate the instrument is the more costlier it becomes and the relationship is exponential. Also the range of frequency of signals (or in other words the bandwidth of the signals) is also an important factor. But is it possible to make an in-house display for relatively small frequency signals using minimum components and less cost?. This possibility is being explored in the project. The scope of the project is mainly confined to displaying biomedical signals which will range only in hundreds of frequency. Also the project aims to display two signals at the same time.

2 The System

For the display of analog signals the three important components needed are the sampler, the processing unit and the display. The system can also be designed in such a way that sample-processing unit will itself form a single entity or even better, all three are in the single system. In this project all the three are three different units and are handled individually.

2.1 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

An ADC will perform the function of a sampler. Depending on the range of signals to be displayed an appropriate ADC can be chosen. By 'appropriate' it means that a decision should be made on what should be the sampling time (or speed), resolution, voltage range, interface type etc of the ADC. Currently in the first phase of the project ADC is not used. Instead the waveform to be displayed is generated in the processing unit and sent to the display.

2.2 Processing Unit

The three main tasks of the processing unit are - Receive data, Process data and Send data to display. The data that is being received from the ADC can be through an interface. The interface can be a serial interface like UART, SPI, I2C etc or a parallel one. To process data received there should be a unit which can analyze the data and modify it so that it can be displayed suitably. Thus a microcontroller is one of the choices of the processing unit.

In this project we are using *Raspberry Pi Rev2.0* [1] is used as the processing unit.

References

- [1] Raspberry Pi Foundation. Raspberry pi - main page.
<https://www.raspberrypi.org/>.