2011 CHAMPIONS' LEAGUE OF CERTAMEN
AT YALE UNIVERSITY
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION
ROUND ONE

1. Translate this sentence from Latin to English: Pueri puellaeque iter fecerunt ad Yalium?
                    THE BOYS AND GIRLS TRAVELED/MADE A JOURNEY TO YALE
    B1 Translate: Discipulus magistrum certiorem facebat.
            THE STUDENT INFORMED HIS TEACHER/MADE HIS STUDENTS MORE
                                                                CONFIDENT
    B2 Translate: Putamus discipulos bene lusuros esse.
                            WE THINK THAT THE STUDENTS WILL PLAY WELL

2. At which battle in 9 AD did the Germanic leader Arminius annihilate three Roman legions?
                                                            TEUTOBERG FOREST
    B1 To which tribe did Arminius belong?
                                                                    CHERUSCI
    B2 Who was the Roman commander whose legions were annihilated?
                                                        QUINCTILIUS VARUS

3. Complete the following analogy: **vērus : vēritās :: diligēns : _____.**
                                                            DĪLIGENTIA
    B1 **īrātus : īra :: timidus : _____**
                                                                TIMOR
    B2 **multus : multitūdō :: dulcis : _____**
                                                            DULCĒDŌ

4. What great warior, originally named Ligyron, was the son of Peleus and Thetis?
                                                                ACHILLES
    B1: Which group of warriors did Achilles lead?
                                                            MYRMIDONS
    B2: After killing Clytonomous, which son of Menoetius sought shelter with Achilles and
    became his favorite companion?
                                                            PATROCLUS

5. Responde Latine: **homines multa agunt. Mercator negotium gerit. Quid agricola gerit?**
                            LABORAT IN AGRIS/AGRUM COLIT, ETC.
    B1: Quid ianitor gerit?
                                                    IANUAM CUSTODIT
    B2: Quid mango aut venalicius gerit?
                                                        SERVOS VENDIT

6. Which emperor thought that he was the reincarnation of Hercules?
                                                            COMMODUS
    B1. Who was the father of Commodus and emperor until 180 AD?
                                                        MARCUS AURELIUS

B2. What was the name of Commodus' mistress, believed to have been a Christian?

MARCIA

7. Make the phrase "**lūx ēt vēritās**" accusative plural.

LŪCĒS ĒT VĒRITĀTĒS

B1. Make "**lūcēs ēt vēritātēs**" genitive plural.

LŪCUM ĒT VĒRITĀTUM

B2. Make "**lūcum ēt vēritātum**" ablative plural.

LŪCIBUS ĒT VĒRITĀTIBUS

8. What **praenōmen** was abbreviated **Ser.**?

SERVIUS

B1. What **praenōmen** was abbreviated **K.**?

KAESO

B2. What **praenōmen** was abbreviated **D.** ?

DECIMUS

9. Which queen of Themiscyra did Achilles kill, only to fall in love with her corpse?

PENTHESILEIA

B1: Which ugly and bowlegged Greek mocked Achilles for this?

THERSITES

B2: What did Achilles do to poor Thersites in response?

KILLED HIM

10. Which tribune proposed a land law in 133 BC in order to reduce high urban unemployment?

TIBERIUS (SEMPRONIUS) GRACCHUS

B1: Which brother of Tiberius and tribune of 124-122 BC proposed judicial and economic reforms in addition to his own land law?

GAIUS GRACCHUS

B2: Which consul attacked Gaius Gracchus in 121BC, , under attack by this consul in 121 BC, had himself stabbed by a slave to avoid capture, eliminating the Gracchan faction.

(L.) OPIMIUS

11. Of **ancilla, amīcitia, aedificium, argentum,** and **arcus**, which is being described in the following Latin sentence: **Est mulier quae in vīllā labōrat.**

ANCILLA

B1 Which of the words from the tossup is being described here: **Hōrum sunt plūrima in amphitheātrīs et in aquīs**?

ARCUS

B2 Which is described here: **ex hōc nummī factī sunt**.

ARGENTUM

12. What deity's epithets include argeiphontes and psychopomos**?**

HERMES

    B1 What deity's epithets include bromios and dithyrambos?

DIONYSUS

    B2 What deity's epithets include ktesios and xenios?

ZEUS

13. **Respondē Latīnē: Quā parte corporis tuī sanguis per vēnās compellitur?**

CORDE

    B1 **Quā parte corporis tuī crūra in mediō flectuntur**?

GENŪ / GENIBUS / POPLITIBUS

    B2 **Quā parte corporis tuī spuis**?

ŌRE / LINGUĀ / LABELLĪS / LABIĪS

14. What praetorian prefect amassed influence in Rome while the emperor Tiberius was living on Capri?

(L. AELIUS) SEJANUS

    B1 What praetorian prefect replaced Sejanus after the latter's execution in 31 AD?

MACRO

    B2: Macro may have ordered the death of Tiberius to avoid confusion after this man proclaimed himself emperor upon hearing unconfirmed reports of Tiberius's death.

CALIGULA

15. It is common knowledge that the sun rises in the east and sets in the west. What word, derived from the Latin verb meaning "to rise", can be used to denote the eastern regions of the world?

ORIENT

    B1 What term, derived from the Latin verb meaning "to fall", is used to denote the western regions of the world, where the sun sets.

OCCIDENT

    B2 What derivative of "cado, cadere", meaning "to fall", refers to the tendency of trees to shed their leaves annually?

DECIDUOUS

16. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows: **Cum elephantus dormit, ad arborem sē applicat. Vēnātōrēs, cum aliter eum captāre nōn possint, illam arborem sīc incīdunt ut elephantus dormiēns illam frangat et cadat**? According to the passage, how does an elephant sleep?

BY RECLINING / RESTING / APPLYING ITSELF TO A TREE

    B1 What is the method described for catching elephants?

THE TREE (UPON WHICH THE ELEPHANT IS RESTING) SHOULD BE CUT INTO IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE ELEPHANT BREAKS THE TREE AND FALLS DOWN

    B2 When do hunters use this method?

WHEN OTHER METHODS FAIL, WHEN THEY CANNOT OTHERWISE CAPTURE THE ELEPHANT

17. What shoes did soldiers wear?

                                                                             CALIGAE

      B1. What was the name for the red/purple shoes worn by magistrates?

                                                                              MULLEI

      B2. What type of shoes was made from one strip of leather?

                                                                         PERONES

18. Who dared to draw his bow at Helios due to the heat of the sun, and surprisingly got a golden cup out of the deal?

                                                  HERACLES/HERCULES

B1: Heracles was attempting to get whose cattle during this episode?

                                                      GERYON

B2: Who was the herdsman of Geryon?

                                                      EURYTION

19. Give the correct form of the adjective **prūdēns** to agree with the noun form **senis**.

                                                       PRŪDENTIS

B1: Give the correct form of the adjective **prūdēns** to agree with the noun form **cornua**.

                                                      PRŪDENTIA

B2: The adjective **prūdēns** is a contraction from what present participle?

                                                      PRŌVIDĒNS

20. Who was the first person to approach Odysseus in the underworld??

                                                  ELPENOR

      B1 Whose roof had Elpenor fallen off of?

                                                  CIRCE

      B2 What did Elpenor ask of Odysseus?

                                                 BURY HIM

1. At which battle, waged in 260 BC off the north coast of Sicily, did a newly constructed Roman fleet defeat its more skilled and more maneuverable Carthaginian counterpart?

    MYLAE

    B1 Which Greek invention did the Romans use to grapple with and board the Carthaginian vessels?

    CORVUS/HARPAGO

    B2 Who was the commander of the Roman fleet at Mylae?

    GAIUS DUILIUS

2. For the verb **parcō**, give the reduplicative form of the 1st person plural perfect active indicative.

    PEPERCIMUS

    B1 For the verb **parcō**, give the 3rd person singular present active subjunctive

    PARCAT

    B2 Change **parcat** to the passive indicative.

    PARCITUR

3. Translate the motto of Scotland, **nemo me impune lacessit.**

    NO-ONE HURTS ME WITH IMPUNITY

    B1 Give the motto of the state of Kansas.

    AD ASTRA PER ASPERA

    B2 Google's motto is "don't be evil". Some would argue that this rather hypocritical. Assuming you could go back in time, how would you tell Google "don't become evil" in Latin?

    NOLI MALUS/M FIERI

4. Parthenopaeus, Capaneus, Amphiaraus and Adrastus all belonged to what expedition?

    SEVEN AGAINST THEBES

    B1 Which of the men listed above was struck by lightning?

    CAPANEUS

    B2 Which of the men listed above was a descendant of Melampus?

    AMPHIARIUS

5. Which type of wedding involved the fictitious sale of the bride?

    COEMPTIO

    B1 What was the term for a slave marriage?

    CONTUBERNIUM

    B2 What was the term for a common law marriage?

    USUS

6. **Quid Anglicē significat** "**fortasse**"?

   PERHAPS

   B1 **Quid Anglicē significat** "**frūstrā**"?

   IN VAIN

   B2 **Quid Anglicē significat** "**furtim**"??

   STEALTHILY

7. Periclymenus, killed by Heracles in the form of a bee or an eagle, was a son of Neleus and the brother of which wise old man of the Trojan War?

   NESTOR

   B1 Which expedition did Periclymenus accompany the son of Aeson on?

   EXPEDITION TO FETCH THE GOLDEN FLEECE

   B2 Which member of the expedition to get the Golden Fleece was able to run over the waves?

   EUPHEMUS

8. **Sī duo et duo sunt quattuor, et quattuor et quattuor sunt octo, quot sunt octo et octo**

   SĒDECIM

   B1 **Quot sunt ter decem?**

   TRĪGINTĀ

   B2 **Quot sunt bis mille?**

   DUO MĪLIA

9. Which two grandsons of Augustus were his intended heirs until they died in 2 and 4 AD?

   GAIUS and LUCIUS CAESAR

   B1 Who were the parents of Gaius and Lucius Caesar?

   AGRIPPA and JULIA THE ELDER

   B2 After the deaths of Gaius and Lucius, who was designated Augustus' heir?

   TIBERIUS

10. Which of these words is not derived from the same Latin word as the others: debonair, bounty, benign, revel.

    REVEL

    B1 From what adjective with what meaning do we drive "debonair", "bounty", and "benign"?

    BONUS, -A, -UM—GOOD

    B2 From what second declension neuter noun with what meaning do we derive "revel"?

    BELLUM, -I, N. WAR

11. What use of the ablative case is found in the following sentence? **Mīlitēs Rōmānī maximā virtūte erant**

    DESCRIPTION / QUALITY

    B1 **Maximā cum virtūte pugnābant hī mīlitēs**

    MANNER

    B2 **Virtūte valdē meliōrēs fuērunt mīlitēs Rōmānī.**

12. Which Roman monarch, according to tradition, consulted with the nymph Egeria and built the temple of Janus?

NUMA (POMPILIUS)

B1 What is the name of the shield, sacred to Mars, of which Numa had eleven copies made after it fell from heaven during his reign.

ANCILE

B2 Which legendary warlike king succeeded Numa?

TULLUS HOSTILIUS

13. By placing coins over the eyes of the dead, one ensured that which mythical boatman would allow the soul passage into the underworld?

CHARON

B1 What judge of the underworld was the only one who wasn't a son of Zeus and Europa?

AEACUS

B2 Aeacus was the son of Zeus and what soon to be Island??

AEGINA

14. Give all the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning "lose" that is a compound of a Latin verb meaning "send".

ĀMITTŌ, ĀMITTERE, ĀMĪSĪ, ĀMISSUS /-UM
DĪMITTŌ, DĪMITTERE, DĪMĪSĪ, DĪMISSUS /-UM

B1 Give the principle parts of the Latin verb meaning "drive", from which we derive the word "expulsion".

PELLO, PELLERE, PEPULI, PULSUM

B2 Give the principle parts of the Latin verb meaning "carry", from which we derive the term "confer".

FERO, FERRE, TULI, LATUM

15. What type of gladiator fought using a net?

RETARIUS

B1 What type of gladiator fought with a lasso?

LAQUEATOR (LAQUEARIUS, LAEQUERARIUS)

B2 What type of gladiator fought from a chariot?

ESSEDARIUS

16. Translate this sentence from Latin to English: **Ovidius, qui opera multa ac magna scripsit, multo praeclarior quam Burrus erat.**

OVID, WHO WROTE MANY (AND) GREAT WORKS IS MUCH MORE FAMOUS THAN BURRUS

B1 Translate from Latin to English: **Burrus, autem, miles melior Ovidio erat**.

BURRUS, HOWEVER, WAS A BETTER SOLDIER THAN OVID

B2 Translate: **Caesar est maximus famā, nam omnes nomen Caesaris sciunt**

CAESAR IS THE GREATEST IN RESPECT TO FAME, FOR ALL KNOW THE NAME OF CAESAR

17. Who was the third and last of the Flavian emperors?

DOMITIAN

B1 Domitian came to terms with this Dacian ruler by nevertheless declared a triumph.

DECEBALUS

B2 During the reign of which emperor were the Dacians under Decebalus subdued in 106 AD?

TRAJAN

18. Which of the following Latin words is LEAST likely to occur in a sentence as the direct object of the Latin verb **servō**: **navium, frūmentum, custōdes, somnium, genus, proelium**

NAVIUM

B1 Which of the following Latin nouns is MOST likely to occur in a sentence as the subject of the Latin verb **saliō**: **cornua, iūra, genera, rana, pōcula**

RANA

B2 Which of the following Latin nouns is LEAST likely to occur in a sentence as in agreement with **spirante**: **lepore, equo, frangere, bōve, pullo**

FRANGERE

19. Who went to visit Nestor and Menelaus in search of his father Odysseus?

TELEMACHUS

B1 What kingdom did Nestor rule?

PYLOS

B2 What kingdom did Menelaus rule?

SPARTA

20. Translate from Latin: **Quid de exercitu Romano scis? Parum spero. Dic mihi quot cohortes in legione sint.**

DECEM (SUNT COHORTES IN LEGIONE)

B1 Translate from Latin: **Si centum viri in centuria, quot viri sunt in cohort?**

SESCENTI (VIRI IN COHORTE)

B2 Translate from Latin: **Quid milites nomine fundatores agunt**

LAPIDES IACIUNT/MITTUNT

1. What sort of toga was worn by a person grieving the death of a relative?

    TOGA PULLA

    B1 What sort of toga was worn by a victorious general?

    TOGA PICTA

    B2 Speaking of generals, what type of cape was worn by a general?

    PALUDAMENTUM

2. Clotho, Atropos and Lachesis visited the home of Althaea and Oeneus in order to tie the life of a burning log to whom?

    MELEAGER

    B1 What relation were Toxeus and Plexippus to Meleager?

    UNCLES

    B2 Meleager went on to marry which daughter of Idas?

    CLEOPATRA

3. According to Suetonius, which three words did Julius Caesar famously utter when crossing the Rubicon in 49BC?

    ALEA IACTA EST

    B1 Having defeated Pharnaces II of Pontus in 47BC, Ceasar uttered another three famous words. Change each of these words to the future perfect.

    VENERO, VIDERO, VICERO

    B2 Now saw in Latin "the dye will have been cast"?

    ALEA IACTA FUERIT

4. What use of the genitive is found in the phrase **amor dei**?

    OBJECTIVE GENITIVE

    B1 What use of the genitive would an author be employing by saying **puer magni ingenii** for **puer magno ingenio?**

    GENITIVE OF DESCRIPTION/CHARACTERISTIC

    B2 What use of the genitive is found in the following Latin sentence: "**ipse suī meminerat"**?

    GENITIVE WITH VERBS OF REMEMBERING (AND FORGETTING)

5. Which emperor brought a black conical stone representing his deity to Rome from the city of Emesa?

    ELEGABULUS

    B1 Who was Elegabalus' mother and de factor ruler at the time?

    JULIA SOAEMIAS

    B2 Who became ruler after the death of Elegabalus?

    ALEXANDER SEVERUS

6. Translate this sentence from Latin to English: **dum Vergilius maximum Carmen scribit, et servo et stylo usus est.** Which daughter of Cecrops did Hermes turn into stone?

WHILE VIRGIL WAS WITING THE GREATEST POEM, HE USED BOTH SLAVE AND STYLUS.

B1 Translante: **cum Vergilius carmen rescriberet, tamen id finire non potuit.**

ALTHOUGH VERGIL WAS REWRITING (HIS) POEM, NEVERTHELESS HE WAS NOT ABLE TO FINISH IT.

B2 Translate: **ego huius operis semper meminerim.**

I WILL ALWAYS REMEMBER THIS WORK

7. Which one-eyed man fended off the forces of Lars Porsenna at the Pons Sublicius?

HORATIUS COCLES

B3 Which Roman woman escaped Lars Porsenna's camp when she swap the Tiber?

CLOELIA

B4 At which battle in 506BC were the forces of Lars Porsenna defeated by a combined force under Aristodemus of Cumae?

ARICIA

8. Disguising herself as a daughter of Otreus, Venus seduced which man, later father to Aeneas?

ANCHISES

B1 Who punished Anchises for bragging about his conquest?

JUPITER

B2 Where did Anchises die?

SICILY

9. Change **dies difficilis** to the genitive singular.

DIEI DIFFICILIS

B1 Change **diei difficilis** to the ablative plural.

DIEBUS DIFFICILIBUS

B2 Now change **dies difficilibus** to the accusative singular?

DIEM DIFFICILEM

10. While the sky rained blood, Hypnos and Thanatos were asked to carry off the battlefield the body of which Trojan ally, a son of Zeus and Laodameia?

SARPEDON

B1 Who killed Sarpedon?

PATROCLUS

B2 Who killed Patroclus?

HECTOR

11. **Responde Latine: multa sunt aedificia Romana. Sunt insulae et villae et villae rusticae et templa et amphitheatra et multa alia. Quo in aedificio gladiators invenias?**

IN AMPHITHEATRO (GLADIATORES INVENIAS)

B1 Responde Latine: Quo in aedificio agricolas invenias?

IN VILLA RUSTICA (AGRICOLAS INVENIAS)

B2 Responde Latine: Si bigas et quadrigas videas, ubi adsis?

IN CIRCO (MAXIMO ADSIM)

12. Which general dealt the Romans a defeat at Heraclea in 280 BC using twenty war elephants?

PYRRHUS (of Epirus)

   B1 Pyrrhus was in southern Italy at the invitation of which city that was not pleased at the recent expansion of Rome into their sphere of interest?

TARENTUM

   B2 Pyrrhus again defeated the Romans under P. Decius Mus at which battle in 279 BC, giving rise to the term "Pyrrhic victory"?

ASCULUM

13. Give an antonym of **dives.**

PAUPER/INDIGĒNS/ĒGĒNS/PENŪRIŌSUS/HUMILIS/INOPS

   B1 Give an antonym of **aeger**.

VALIDUS/SANUS/ROBUSTUS/SALŪBER/VALĒNS

   B2 Give an antonym of **frāctus**.

INTEGER/SOLIDUS/TOTUS/UNUS/FIRMUS/CONCRĒTUS

14. Which fisherman of Seriphos rescued Danae and Perseus from the chest in which they were placed?

DICTYS

   B1 Who was his brother, the evil king of Seriphos?

POLYDECTES

   B2 Which Rutulian king was said to be the descendant of Danae?

TURNUS

15. Say in Latin, "The wicked slave is being beaten by his master". Which fisherman of Seriphos rescued Danae and Perseus from the chest in which they were placed?

SERVUS SCELESTUS Ā DOMINŌ VERBERĀTUR

   B1 Now translate, "**Cotīdiē agricolae cōpiam aquae animālibus dabunt**

THE FARMERS WILL GIVE THEIR ANIMALS A SUPPLY OF WATER DAILY

   B2 Finally, translate this sentence, "**Nocte animālia plūs aquae semper volunt**."

TURNUS

16. Distinguish in meaning the noun **pars** and the adjective **par**.

PART, and EQUAL TO or LIKE**.**

   B1 Distinguish in meaning the verbs **parcō** and **parō**.

SPARE & PREPARE

   B2 Distinguish in meaning the verbs **appareō** and **aperiō**.

APPEAR, SEEM & OPEN

17. Which princess of Lesbos was turned into an owl in Ovid's Metamorphoses?

NYCTIMINE

    B1 Which deity transformed her into this animal?

MINERVA

    B2 What was the name of Nyctimine's evil father, who raped her?

EPOPEUS

18. For the phrase **Iūnō memor**, give the dative singular.

IŪNŌNĪ MEMORĪ

    B1 Make **Iūnōnī memorī** accusative singular.

IŪNŌNEM MEMOREM

    B2 Make **Iūnōnem memorem** ablative singular

IŪNŌNE MEMORĪ

19. Which Roman emperor of the third century AD established the Tetrarchy in an effort to distribute military power more evenly?

DIOCLETIAN

    B1 Whom did Diocletian appoint as his Caesar in the east?

GALERIUS

    B2 Galerius, seeing that Diocletian's persecution of the Christians was ineffective and unpopular even among pagans, issued which edict in 311 AD?

EDICT OF TOERLATION

20. What does the abbreviation B.I.D., as found on prescription medication, instruct you to do?

TAKE TWICE DAILY

    B1 If the medication is marked with the abbreviation P.O., how should it be taken?

ORALLY

    B2 What Latin word does the abbreviation RX stand for?

RECUPE

1. **Responde Latine: fortasse fabulam de bello Troiano cognovisti. Dic mihi nomen Regis Troiae.**
PRIAMUS (EST NOMEN REGIS TROIAE)
   B1 **Responde Latine: cur Graeci Troiam oppugnaverunt**?
QUOD PARIS HELENAM ABSTULIT
   B2 **Responde Latine: Cur Achilles ad proelium rediit?**
OPEN ENDED: BECAUSE HECTOR KILLED PATROCLUS

2. The motto of the University of California is, of course, **Fiat Lūx**. Translate this phrase?
LET THERE BE LIGHT
   B1 Using that same verb, say in Latin, "We all know light happens."
(NŌS) OMNĒS SCĪMUS LŪCEM FIERĪ
   B2 Now saw in Latin using the same verb and a passive periphrastic construction, "light must be made".
LŪX FACIENDA EST

3. Which ruler of the Seleucid Empire did the Romans defeat at Magnesia in 190 BC?
ANTIOCHUS III
   B1 At which battle in the previous year did the forces of Antiochus III suffer a defeat at the hands of the consul Manius Acilius Glabrio?
THERMOPYLAE
   B2 Which treaty brought an end to the war with Antiochus III?
TREATY OF APAMEA

4. During the funeral games of Anchises, who was declared the winner of the archery contest when his arrow burst into flame?
ACESTES
   B1 Who won the boat race?
CLOANTHUS
   B2 Who won the footrace when his friend Nisus tripped Salius?
EURYALUS

5. Which room in a Roman house was called a **cubiculum**?
BEDROOM
   B1 Which room in a Roman house was called a **tablinium**?
OFFICE/STUDY
   B2 What was the term for the Roman kitchen?
CULINA

6. Translate from Latin to English: **Scipio respondebat se non pugnavisse.**

                                    SCIPIO REPLIED THAT HE HAD NOT FOUGHT
   B1 Scipio in castra hostium ierat ut cum Hannibale contionem haberet.

        SCIPIO HAD GONE TO THE CAMP OF THE ENEMY TO TALK TO HANNIBAL
   B1 **Hannibal dixit Scipionem omnibus laudandum esse.**
                                    HANNIBAL SAID THAT SCIPIO MUST BE PRAISED BY ALL.

7. Which series of laws passed in 367 BC opened the consulship to plebeians and may even
   have mandated that one consul be plebeian?
                LICINIAN ROGATIONS (LICINIAN-SEXTIAN LAWS, LEX LICINIA SEXTIA)
   B1 Which law passed in 287 BC made plebiscites binding on all orders and essentially
      brought an end to the Conflict of the Orders?
                                                                        LEX HORTENSIA
   B2 Which law passed in 300BC opened the priesthoods to plebeians?
                                                                        LEX OGULNI

8. Which two mythological lovers were turned into a pair of kingfishers?
                                                                CEYX AND ALCYONE
   B1 Who was Ceyx's brother, turned into a hawk when he jumped off a cliff?
                                                                        DAEDALION
   B2 Who was Ceyx and Daedalion's father, known as Lucifer to the Romans?
                                                                        EOSPHOROUS

9. For the verb **sum,** give the first person singular, imperfect subjunctive.
                                                                        ESSEM
   B1 Make that form **fuerim** perfect.
                                                                        FUERIM
   B2 Change **fuerim** to the future perfect indicative?
                                                                        FUERŌ

10. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH
    the question that follows: **Pauper et homō quī dīves esse vidēbātur ad rīvum vēnērunt ut
    biberent. Pauper dīvitem rogāvit num sibi pecūniam daret. Cui respondit dīves, "Nūllō
    modō sum dīves. Magnum mihi est aes aliēnum, nam in Nova Portu habitō!"** Question:
    what did the poor man ask.
                    THAT THE OTHER (SEEMINGLY RICH) MAN GIVE HIM MONEY
    B1 Where and for what purpose did the two men meet? Who was Ceyx's brother, turned into
       a hawk when he jumped off a cliff?
                                                            AT A RIVER, TO DRINK
    B2 Who was Ceyx and Daedalion's father, known as Lucifer to the Romans?
         I AM IN NO WAY RICH. I HAVE A GREAT DEBT, FOR I LIVE IN NEW HAVEN

11. What was the term for a slave who oversaw other slaves?

VILICUS

B1 What was the term for a slave who inflicted punishments on other slaves?

CARNIFEX (also **FURCIFER)**

B2 What was the term for the slave of a slave?

VICARIUS

12. Which king of Lycia was the taskmaster of Bellerophon?

IOBATES

B1 Which of his daughters did Iobates give to Proteus to marry?

ANTEA or STHENOBOEA

B2 Which daughter of Iobates did Bellerophon marry?

PHILONOE

13. Translate the motto of Dartmouth College, **vox clamantis in deserto.**

THE VOICE OF ONE CRYING OUT IN THE WILDERNESS

B1 What university has as its motto "**crescat scientia, vita excolatur"?**

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

B2 What university has as its motto **"crux, spēs ūnica**?

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

14. Which use of the ablative case is found in the following Latin phrase: "**Iōve nātus et Maiā**"?

ABLATIVE OF SOURCE

B1 What case construction is exemplified by in the following Latin phrase: "**Deō volente**"?

ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE

B2 Which use of the ablative case is found in the following Latin phrase: "**Catō est Cicerōne ēloquentior**"?

ABLATIVE OF COMPARISON

15. Who bought the empire from the Praetorian Guard at auction for the price of 25,000 sesterces apiece?

DIDIUS JULIANUS

B1 Which emperor established a namesake dynasty in the wake of the assassination of Julianus by defeating his rivals Clodius Albinus and Pescennius Niger?

SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B2 Which former senator, the predecessor of Julianus and successor of Commodus, lost the support of everyone in a few months due to economic struggles and was murdered by the Praetorian Guard?

(HELVIUS) PERTINAX

16. What Latin noun meaning "dwarf" is the diminutive of the word **homo**?

HOMUNCULUS

B1 What is the diminutive form of **liber**?

LIBELLUS

B2 What diminutive form of the Latin word for a common type of weapon is the name of a type of flower in English?

17. Which insolent youth was transformed into a spotted lizard by Demeter?

ASCALABUS

B1 Who was the similarly named son of Acheron who was transformed into a screech owl for tattling on Persephone?

ASCALAPHUS

B2 How many pomegranate seeds did Ascalaphus say that Persephone had eaten?

FOUR or SIX

18. What is meant by the Latin phrase **rāra avis**?

SOMETHING UNUSUAL OR UNIQUE

B1 What is meant by the Latin phrase **prō bonō pūblicō**?

SOMETHING DONE AT NO COST / FOR THE PUBLIC (GOOD)

B2 What is meant by the Latin phrase **per sē**?

INDIVIDUALLY / IN / OF ITSELF / IN AND OF ITSELF

19. What Roman general earned the agnomen 'Numidicus' for his campaign against Jugurtha?

Q. CAECILIUS METELLUS

B1 Metellus was removed from the command against Jurgurtha and replaced by which man, consul in 107 BC?

(GAIUS) MARIUS

B2 Marius was able to capture Jugurtha and declare a triumph after which of his quaestors convinced Jugurtha's father-in-law, Bocchus, to betray him?

(L. CORNELIUS) SULLA (FELIX)

20. From what preposition do we derive the word "antler"?

ANTE

B1 From what second declension noun do we also derive the word "antler?"

OCULUS, -I, M. EYE

B2 What English verb, meaning "to stare at amorously", do we derive from **oculus.**

OGLE

1. What Latin conjunction would be used to translate the following sentence into Latin: "So renowned is the Yale certamen that teams of students come from all across the country".

UT

B1 What Latin conjunction would be used to translate the following sentence into Latin: "We do not fear that Yale will ever lose to Harvard in a game of football."

NE

B2 Give the form of the relative pronoun that could be used to translate the following sentence into Latin: "All wise parents should send their daughters to Yale to study Latin and Greek.

QUAE

2. Name any type of siege engine the Romans used.

SCORPIO, BALLISTA, ONAGER, CATAPULTA

B1 Name another.

(AS ABOVE)

B2 Name another.

(AS ABOVE)

3. Which king of Thebes was torn apart by a group of Bacchantes that included his mother?

PENTHEUS

B1 What was his mother's name?

AGAVE

B2 Which of the *spartoi* was his father?

ECHION

4. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: ambabus manibus mensam pulsa!

STUDENTS TO HIT THEIR TABLES WITH BOTH HANDS

B1 When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: ululate sicut lupi.

STUDENTS TO CRY OUT LIKE WOLVES

B2 When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: vos omnes temptate nasos vestros linguis vestris tangere.

STUDENTS TO TOUCH THEIR NOSES WITH THEIR TONGUES

5. For the verb **fallō**, give the 2nd person plural imperfect active indicative

FALLĒBĀTIS

B1 Change fallēbatis to the perfect indicative.

FEFELLISTIS

B2 Change **fefellistis** to the subjunctive.

FEFELLERITIS

6. Who proclaimed freedom and self-determination for all Greeks at the Isthmian and Nemean games?

TITUS QUINCTIUS FLAMININUS

B1 Against which Spartan ruler did Flamininus conduct a war in 195BC?

NABIS

B2 Which war did Flamininus bring to a conclusion in 197BC at Cynoscephalae?

SECOND MACEDONIAN WAR

7. Which Latin pronoun is actually a contraction of a Latin negative particle and the word for "person, man"?

NĒMŌ

B1 Of which two Latin words is **mālō**, meaning "I prefer," a contraction?

MAGIS and **VOLŌ**

B2 What contraction of an adverb and a conjunction means "as soon as"?

SIMULAC

8. In the underworld, what was the name of the River of Fire?

PERIPHLEGATHON or PHLEGATHON

B1 What was the name of the river of forgetfulness?

LETHE

B2 What was the name of the river of wailing?

COCYTUS

9. Which Latin word is denoted by the abbreviation **viz.**

VIDELICET

B1 What Latin word is denoted by the abbreviation **sc.**?

SCILICET

B2 What Latin words is denoted by the A in the BA degree.

ARTIUM

10. Which ruler of Pontus took refuge with Tigranes of Armenia after an offensive by Lucullus caused him to flee his own kingdom?

MITHRIDATES VI

B1 What name was given to the massacre of 80,000 Roman and Italian citizens that occurred in Asia in 88 BC?

ASIATIC VESPERS

B2 Which son of Mithridates rebelled against his father, prompting Mithridates to kill himself?

PHARNACES (II)

11. If you look carefully, Latin can be found in some of the most casual locations Please open your visual. (10 seconds later). What you are looking at is the inscription found right outside this door in the hallway, which you probably missed. What is the date of the inscription?

1906

B1 How, according to the inscription, did William Baldwin Ross arrange for the dedication.

DUTIFULLY and GENEROUSLY

B2 Take the first three words of the inscription and render them in the nominative SINGULAR.

HAEC MOLES EXTRUENDA

12. Which daughter of Cecrops did Hermes turn into stone?

AGLAUROS

B1 With which sister of Aglauros did Hermes fall in love?

HERSE

B2 What was the name of Aglauros' other sister?

PANDROSUS

13. Which emperor of the Western Empire abdicated in 476 AD, signifying the end of the Roman Empire in the West?

ROMULUS AUGUSTULUS

B1 This man deposed Augustulus. He was not Roman, though his tribal affiliation is disputed.

ODO(V)ACER

B2 Though the western empire fell the eastern empire was in better shape. What eastern Roman emperor of the 5th century AD is often considered the longest ruling Roman emperor?

THEODOCIUS II

14. Distinguish in meaning between the verbs **haereō** and **habeo?**

STICK, CLING (TO) & HAVE

B1 Distinguish in meaning between the deponent verbs **moror** and **morior**?

DELAY, STAY and DIE

B2 Distinguish in meaning between the two verbs that share the third principal part **sustulī.**

RAISE, LIFT, DESTROY, STEAL & BEAR, ENDURE, SUFFER, CARRY UNDER, OFFER, HOLD UP, SUSTAIN, SUPPORT

15. What was the name of the goat who nursed the infant Zeus?

AMALTHEA

B1 What noise-makers helped hide the infant Zeus from Cronos?

CURETES

B2 What well-known symbol of thanksgiving did Amalthea's horn turn into?

CORNUCOPIA

16. After a ten-year war, what city was finally sacked by the Romans in 133 BC?

NUMANTIA

B1 What Roman consul of the year 134 BC blockaded the city for fifteen months and starved it into submission after taking command, finally ending the siege.

SCIPIO AEMILIANUS

B2 In what earlier year had the Romans under Aemilianus leveled the city of Carthage.

146BC

17. Which of the following is not the same gender as the others: **fructus, exercitus, cursus, vīlicus, onus.**

ONUS

B1 Which of the following, if any, is NOT the same gender as the others: **nemus, cor, numen, cornu, virus**.

NONE (ALL ARE NEUTER)

B2 Which of the following, if any, is NOT heterogeneous, i.e., a noun that varies in gender: **locus, carbasus, thermae, frēnum, deliciae**

THERMAE

18. According to Ovid, who was the mother of Apollo and Diana?

LATONA

B1 The inhabitants of what region did Latona turn into frogs?

LYCIA

B2 On which island were the twins Apollo and Diana born?

DELOS or ORTYGIA

19. What derivate of **consuetudino** means "fashion or dress appropriate to a particular occasion or season"?

COSTUME

B1 & B2 : Modern Italians celebrate the festival of "carnevale" or "carnival" by wearing distinctive costumes and masks. For both of your boni, from what two Latin words with what meanings do we derive the terms "carnevale" and "carnival"?

CARNIS, CARNIS F. MEAT; **LEVO, -ARE**—TO LIGHTEN/RAISE

20. Translate this sentence from Latin to English: **Anno sexto et decimo Gaius Corneliam, filiam Cinnae, in matrimoniam duxit.**

AIUS MARRIED CORNELIA, THE DAUGHTER OF CINNA IN HIS SIXTEENTH YEAR

B1 Translate : **Sulla, cum Cinnam odisset, Gaio imperavit ut cum Cornelia divortium faceret**

SULLA, SINCE HE HATED CINNA, ORDERED GAIUS TO DIVORCE CORNELIA

B2 Translate :**Gaius id negavit et, veste mutata, nocte ex urbe elapsus est.**

GAIUS REFUSED THIS AND, HAVING CHANGED HIS CLOTHES, SLIPPED OUT OF THE CITY BY NIGHT.