1995 NJCL CERTAMEN
ROUND B1

1. What was the twelfth and last labor of Heracles?

    TO FETCH CERBERUS FROM HADES

    In what religious rite did he take part in order to prepare for this labor?

    INITIATED INTO ELEUSINIAN MYSTERIES

    What was Eurystheus' reaction when Heracles brough Cerberus to him?

    JUMPED INTO A JAR FROM FRIGHT

2. (Moderator holds up two fingers) Ask me in Latin, "How many fingers are you holding up?" QUOT DIGITŌS TOLLIS (LEVAS / SUSTINES/ (DE)MONSTRAS / OSTENDIS)?

    Dīc mihi Latīnē quot digitōs tollam.   DUO(S) (DIGITŌS TOLLIS)

    Quot digitī mihi sunt?   DECEM (VĪGINTĪ)

3. Which, if any, of the following is NOT derived from **pingō**: picture, paint, pink, pixel?

    PINK

    Which of these IS from **pingō**: panther, pansy, pinto?   PINTO

    What English noun meaning "a source of color" is from **pingō**?   PIGMENT

4. With what Roman leader is the phrase **primus inter pares** first associated? AUGUSTUS

    What title of leadership did he prefer for himself to **imperator**?   PRINCEPS

    When did the Senate give him the name Augustus?   27 BC (Jan. 16)

5. Who was the philosopher-emperor who ruled from AD 161 to 180?

    MARCUS AURELIUS

    Who was his loony son and successor?   (L. AELIUS AURELIUS) COMMODUS

    Who was Marcus' co-emperor for the first 8 years of his principate?   (L.) VERUS

6. Some Latin nouns have been given the privilege of having ~~different~~ plural? different meanings in the singular and plural. What does **aqua** mean in the singular and ~~plural~~ (AQUA) -- WATER, AQUEDUCT

    AQUAE -- MINERAL SPRINGS, SPA

    What does **auxilium** mean in the singular and plural?   AUXILIUM -- HELP

    AUXILIA -- AUXILIARIES, REINFORCEMENTS

    What does **rostrum** mean in the singular and plural?   ROSTRUM -- BEAK, PROW

    ROSTRA -- SPEAKER'S PLATFORM

1

7. According to Ovid, what two people fell in love with Narcissus?

ECHO AND NARCISSUS HIMSELF

According to Ovid, what goddess fell in love with Adonis? VENUS or PROSERPINA

According to Ovid, what sea divinity loved Scylla before she was changed into a monster?

GLAUCUS or POSEIDON

8. Besides her anger over the judgement of Paris, Hera resented the Trojans because they were descended from which of Zeus' lovers? ELECTRA (ONE OF THE PLEIADES)

Who was Electra's son by Zeus and one of Troy's progenitors? DARDANUS

What did Zeus throw from Olympus while pursuing Electra? THE PALLADIUM

9. Who in mythology fashioned a lyre from a tortoise shell? HERMES (MERCURY)

To whom did he give the lyre? APOLLO

Why did he need to appease Apollo?

HE HAD BEEN CAUGHT RED-HANDED STEALING HIS SACRED CATTLE

10. Translate **quam** in this sentence: **Quam pulcherrima est urbs Rōma!** HOW

Translate **quam** in this sentence: **Rōma erat multō pulchrior quam Carthāgō.** THAN

Translate the **quam** phrase in this sentence: **Carthāgō ā Rōmā quam celerrimē victa est.**

AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

11. What Roman holiday began on December 17? SATURNALIA

Why did slaves look forward to it? SWITCH PLACE WITH THEIR MASTERS /

THEY COULD DO AS THEY WANTED FOR A DAY

What was the Latin name for Saturnalia presents? SIGILLARIA

12. Change **rēs pūblicās** to singular. REM PŪBLICAM

Change **rem pūblicam** to genitive. REĪ PŪBLICAE

Change **reī pūblicae** to plural. RĒRUM PŪBLICĀRUM

13. Give an antonym of **orior**. RUŌ / CADŌ / DĒCIDŌ / DĒLĀBOR / OCCIDO

Give an antonym of **fateor**. DIFFITEOR / NEGŌ / TACEO / SILEO

Give an antonym of **nāscor**. MORIOR / PEREŌ / OBEŌ / DĒCĒDŌ

2

14. Use a gerundive to restate the following Latin sentence: **necesse est mihi Latīnam discere**

                                                    LATĪNA MIHI DISCENDA EST

What use of the dative is found in **Latīna mihi discenda est?**   AGENCY

What use of the dative is found in **Necesse est mihi Latīnam discere?**   REFERENCE

15. What deity's sacred geese awoke the defenders during Brennus' attack on the Capitoline?

                                                      JUNO'S

What already distinguished Roman hero attacked Brennus' forces after they left Rome
with their ransom?   (M. FURIUS) CAMILLUS

How long had the Gauls occupied the Capitol?   SEVEN MONTHS

16. Who tamed Pegasus?   BELLEROPHON

What monster did Bellerophon slay?   THE CHIMAERA

With what act did Bellerophon, later in his life, anger the gods?

                             HE TRIED TO FLY PEGASUS TO OLYMPUS

17. Who delivered Caesar's funeral oration?   MARC ANTONY

How many sesterces did Caesar's will leave to every Roman citizen?   300

Who was Caesar's widow?   CALPURNIA

18. Walk through a cemetery and it becomes obvious that even the dead know their Latin.
Probably the most popular graveyard abbreviation is **R.I.P.** Give the Latin and English for
R.I.P.   REQUIESCAT IN PACE -- MAY HE REST IN PEACE

What is the meaning of **H.I.S.**, which stands for **Hīc Iacet Sepultus?**

                                      HERE LIES BURIED

What is the meaning of **S.T.T.L.**, which stands for **Sit Tibi Terra Levis?**

             MAY THE LAND (DIRT / SOIL / EARTH) BE LIGHT FOR (ON) YOU

19. Change **arbitrābar** to plural.   ARBITRĀBĀMUR

Change **arbitrābāmur** to future.   ARBITRĀBIMUR

Change **arbitrābimur** to subjunctive.   DOES NOT EXIST

20. Say in Latin, "Bread and honey."   PĀNIS ET MEL

..."Salt and pepper."   SĀL ET PIPER

..."Wine and cheese."   VĪNUM ET CĀSEUS

1. Who founded the city of Thebes?   CADMUS
    What type of animal was to indicate the site for his city?   A COW
    What Phoenician invention did Cadmus give to the Greek world?   THE ALPHABET

2. Differentiate in meaning between ūtor and uter.   ŪTOR -- USE, EMPLOY, MANAGE
                                                                              UTER -- WHICH (OF TWO)
    ...between ultor and ultrā.   ULTOR -- AVENGER
                                                                              ULTRĀ -- BEYOND
    ...between fullo and fulmen.   FULLO -- FULLER, DRY CLEANER
                                              FULMEN -- LIGHTNING, THUNDERBOLT

3. What tense would be used to translate "command" in this sentence: The general is sending his
    best lieutenant to command the troops.   PRESENT
    The general does not fear that he has commanded poorly.   PERFECT
    The general thought that he was commanding his troops well.   PRESENT

4. Who tricked Hades into trying on a pair of golden handcuffs?   SISYPHUS
    What could not happen as long as Hades was a prisoner?   DEATH
    Who rescued Hades?   ARES

5. Who was the first man to be given proconsular imperium without having served as consul?
                                                                SCIPIO AFRICANUS (MAIOR)
    His imperium was for the command in what area?   SPAIN
    At what battle had Scipio saved his father's life?   TICINUS (RIVER)

6. Change vulnera gravia to genitive.   VULNERUM GRAVIUM
    Change vulnerum gravium to singular.   VULNERIS GRAVIS
    Change vulneris gravis to accusative.   VULNUS GRAVE

7. What two uses of the ablative are found in the following sentence:
    Prīmā lūce Rōmānī ē   portū nāvigāvērunt.
                    TIME WITHIN WHICH / WHEN / AT WHICH, PLACE FROM WHICH
    Gāius, acceptīs litterīs, gladiō sē necāvit.   ABSOLUTE, MEANS / INSTRUMENT

4

Avaritia rēgēs aurō fruuntur.   CAUSE, SPECIAL VERBS (MEANS)

8.   Who was the tutor of Jason?   CHIRON
      Who was said to be the father of the Centaurs?   IXION / CENTAURUS
      To whom did Chiron give his immortality?   PROMETHEUS

9.   Translate: **Quīntus ad tabernam ambulāvit ad emendās novās togās.**
                    QUINTUS WALKED TO THE SHOP TO BUY NEW TOGAS
      Quīntus ancillam ad tabernam mīsit quae novās togās emeret.
                    QUINTUS SENT THE SLAVE GIRL TO THE SHOP TO BUY NEW TOGAS
      Quis est quī emere novam togam nōlit?
                    WHO IS THERE WHO DOESN'T WANT TO BUY A NEW TOGA

10.   Give a synonym of **cōnor.**   PERĪCLITOR / TEMPTŌ / EXPERIOR
      Give a synonym of **dēficiō.**   DĒSUM
      Give a synonym of **rogō.**   POSCŌ / PETŌ / QUAERŌ / ORO

11.   What Latin phrase would best describe Vergil's <u>Aeneid</u> as his "masterpiece?"
                                                                        MAGNUM OPUS
      Which phrase would best describe Vergil's <u>Aeneid</u> as a necessity of the classroom?
                                                                        SINE QUA NON
      Which phrase would best describe Vergil's <u>Aeneid</u> as a reference book regularly carried in the
      pockets of classicists?   VADE MECUM

12.   In a Roman camp, what was the **valetudinarium?**
                                          INFIRMARY, BASE HOSPITAL, DISPENSARY
      What was the rampart that encircled the camp?   VALLUM
      What was the main cross-street, intersecting the **via principalis?**   VIA QUINTANA

13.   Who assured Penelope that her husband Odysseus was alive and returning home?
                                          ODYSSEUS DISGUISED AS A BEGGAR
      How did Odysseus prove to Penelope that he was her long-absent husband?
                                          KNEW SECRET OF THEIR <u>BED</u> WHICH
                                  HE HAD CARVED FROM A LIVING (OLIVE) <u>TREE</u>
      How had Odysseus won Penelope's hand in marriage?
                                          WON A FOOT RACE (IN SPARTA)

5

14. Who was the first emperor from the Severan dynasty?   SEPTIMIUS (SEVERUS)
Septimius was a native of Leptis Magna, in what province?   AFRICA
Septimius was succeeded by his two warring sons. Who killed whom?
CARACALLA KILLED GETA

15. Who was the Roman governor who circumnavigated Britain?
(GNAEUS IULIUS) AGRICOLA
Where did Agricola defeat the "Scottish" Highlanders or Caledonians in AD 84?
MONS GRAUPIUS
Which emperor recalled Agricola in AD 84?   DOMITIAN

16. What does the idiom **in viam sē dāre** mean? SET OUT / START OUT ON A JOURNEY
What Latin idiom with **dāre** means "cheat?"   VERBA DĀRE
What does the idiom **nōmen dāre** mean?   ENLIST, ENROLL, VOLUNTEER

17. The Trojan Horse was supposedly a gift to what deity?   ATHENA, MINERVA, PALLAS
Where did the Greek fleet hide after leaving the horse?
(BEHIND) TENEDOS (A NEARBY ISLAND)
What person did they leave behind to convince the Trojans to take the horse into the city?
SINON

18. With whom did Titus Tatius rule Rome?   ROMULUS
In whose reign did the Horatii and Curiatii fight?   TULLUS HOSTILIUS
Which king is credited with the building of the Regia?   NUMA POMPILIUS

19. What English word for a form of bread comes via French from the Latin meaning "twice cooked?"   BISCUIT
What other form of bread comes from **torreō**?   TOAST
Of these things to eat on toast or biscuits, which is NOT a Latin derivative: jelly, jam, marmalade, preserves?   JAM

20. **Fac sonum rānae.**   PLAYER SHOULD SOUND LIKE A FROG
Stāte et simulāte sīmiās.
ALL PLAYERS SHOULD STAND AND ACT LIKE MONKEYS
Fac sonum rēgis silvae.   ONE PLAYER SHOULD SOUND LIKE A LION

6

1995 NJCL CERTAMEN
ROUND B3

1. How did Atalanta and Hippomenes anger the goddess Cybele?

    MADE LOVE IN HER TEMPLE

    What other angry goddess caused this unfortunate conduct?   APHRODITE / VENUS

    Into what were Atalanta and Hippomenes transformed by Cybele?   LIONS

2. Who ordered the infant sons of his niece to be drowned in the Tiber?   AMULIUS

    Who was his niece?   RHEA SILVIA / RHEA SILVA / ILIA

    How did Amulius die?   KILLED BY ROMULUS AND REMUS

3. Differentiate in meaning between **levis** and **laevus**.   LEVIS -- LIGHT

    LAEVUS -- LEFT

    Differentiate in meaning between **lēvis** and **lēnis**.   LĒVIS -- SMOOTH (TO TOUCH)

    LĒNIS -- SOFT, MILD, GENTLE (SMOOTH)

    Differentiate in meaning between **clāvus** and **clāvis.**   CLĀVUS -- NAIL, STRIPE

    CLĀVIS -- KEY

4. In what year did Etruscan rule come to an end at Rome?   510 BC

    Name the ruler expelled by the Romans in 510 BC?

    TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS (PROUD)

    What king of Clusium tried to help Superbus regain his throne in Rome?

    (LARS) PORSENNA

5. Give a synonym of **perdō**.

    ĀMITTŌ / DĒLEŌ / VASTŌ / DESTRUŌ / POPULOR / ANNIHILO

    Give a synonym of **aiō**.

    NĀRRŌ / DĪCŌ / INQUAM / FOR / LOQUOR / FERO / FATEOR

    Give a synonym of **crēdō**.   OPĪNOR / (CON)FĪDŌ / CENSEO

6. What centaur did not have the same ancestry as the others?   CHIRON

    Who was Chiron's father?   CRONUS

    Who was Chiron's mother?   PHILYRA

7

7. What did the emperor Aurelian begin constructing in Rome in AD 271? (CITY) WALLS
   Why did a later emperor, rather than Aurelian, complete the building of the walls?
   HE WAS MURDERED (more than just died)
   Which of Constantine's rivals doubled the height of the walls? MAXENTIUS

8. What Latin word and what preposition combine to form the verb sūmō? SUB + EMŌ
   What does sūmō mean? TAKE / BORROW / PICK UP
   What compound of emō means "take away?" DĒMŌ / REDĪMŌ

9. What type of animal was made into a constellation by Hera in gratitude for its hindering one
   of Heracles' labors? CRAB
   Which labor did the crab figure in?
   THE HYDRA (ask for more info if ANY number is given)
   How did it hinder Heracles? BIT HIM ON THE FOOT

10. What is the present active participle of appellō, meaning name? APPELLĀNS
    Change appellāns to future. APPELLĀTŪRUS / -UM / -A
    Change appellātūrus to passive. APPELLANDUS

11. What type of subjunctive clause is found in the following sentence: **Tantus erat impetus
    hostium ut fortiter pūgnāre nōn possent.** RESULT / CONSECUTIVE
    What type of subjunctive clause is found in the following sentence:
    Fūgērunt nē caperentur. (NEGATIVE) PURPOSE / FINAL
    What type of subjunctive clause is found in the following sentence:
    Timeō nē Lūcius fēcerit. (POSITIVE) FEARING (SUBSTANTIVE PURPOSE)

12. What English noun for "elf" is from the Latin verb for "breathe?" SPRITE
    What is the Latin noun meaning "breath" from which "sprite" is derived? SPĪRITUS
    What Latin noun is the root of "escutcheon," meaning a coat of arms? SCŪTUM

13. Translate this sentence into English: **Nūntius dominō dīxit coquum optimum morī.**
    THE MESSENGER TOLD THE MASTER THAT (HIS) BEST COOK WAS DYING
    Translate this sentence into English: **Dominus exclāmāvit sē floccī nōn facere.**
    THE MASTER EXCLAIMED THAT HE DIDN'T CARE
    Translate this sentence into English:
    Coquus sperat dominum brevī tempore moritūrum esse.
    THE COOK HOPES THE MASTER WILL DIE IN A SHORT TIME

8

14. Until the time of Augustus, what hill was the "potter's field" of Rome -- that is, the burial
    site for those too poor to be given funerals?   ESQUILINE
    What emperor built his "Golden House" on the Esquiline?   NERO
    What emperor built his Thermae on the Esquiline?   TRAJAN / TITUS

15. What king was the oldest of the Greek leaders at Troy?   NESTOR
    What was his kingdom?   PYLOS
    Who came to him after the war seeking news of his father?   TELEMACHUS

16. In what Roman province was the city of Syracuse?   SICILIA / SICILY
    ...the city of Pergamum?   ASIA (not MINOR)
    ...the city of Carthage?   AFRICA

17. Which of his grandsons did Augustus disinherit and exile?
            MARCUS VIPSANIUS <u>AGRIPPA POSTUMUS</u>
            (also renamed AGRIPPA IULIUS CAESAR)
    For 5 pts. each, name Postumus' two brothers who were designated as Augustus' heirs,
    before their untimely deaths?   (GAIUS) CAESAR & (LUCIUS) CAESAR

18. Which, if any, of the following is NOT from the same Latin root as the others: lucid, deluxe,
    translucent, elucidate?   DELUXE
    What is the basic Latin verb with its meaning at the root of "lugubrious?"
            LŪGEŌ -- GRIEVE / MOURN
    Give the Latin verb and its meaning from which "luscious" is derived.
            DĒLICERE -- DELIGHT (LACERE -- ENTICE)

19. Using lābor, translate this sentence into Latin: Manius, don't neglect your work!
            MĀNĪ, NŌLĪ NEGLEGERE (TUUM) LĀBŌREM
         MĀNĪ, CAVĒ NEGLEGAS (NEGLĒXERIS) (TUUM) LĀBŌREM
         MĀNĪ, NĒ NEGLĒXERIS (NEGLEGAS) (TUUM) LĀBŌREM
    Translate the same sentence using a different construction.
    Again, translate the same sentence using another construction.

20. Given the following Latin sentence -- **Publius Rōmam advēnit ut pācem peteret** -- if

advēnit were changed to **advenit**, how would the rest of the sentence change?

PETERET BECOMES PETAT

(ask for the form i.e. don't accept **peteret** becomes present)

Using a gerundive, translate "Publius came to Rome to seek peace."

PUBLIUS RŌMAM ADVĒNIT (ADVENIEBAT) AD PĀCEM PETENDAM

PĀCIS PETENDAE CAUSĀ (GRATIĀ)

Translate the same sentence using a supine.

PUBLIUS RŌMAM ADVĒNIT PĀCEM PETĪTUM

1995 NJCL CERTAMEN
ROUND B10

1. Differentiate between the verb **potior** and the adjective **potior**.

   <p style="text-align:right">POTIOR (VERB) -- OBTAIN</p>
   <p style="text-align:right">POTIOR (ADJ) -- BETTER, MORE IMPORTANT, MORE POWERFUL</p>

   ...between **nāre** and **nēre**.   NĀRE -- SWIM

   NĒRE -- SPIN, WEAVE

   ...between **mōlīrī** and **molere.**   MŌLĪRĪ -- TOIL, SET IN MOTION

   MOLERE -- GRIND IN A MILL

2. Doctors often use Latin abbreviations in writing prescriptions. If your doctor indicates that
   you are to take a drug **p.c.**, what is he instructing?   TO TAKE IT AFTER MEALS

   If he indicates **a.c.**?   BEFORE MEALS

   A.C. is also the Latin equivalent of what common abbreviation for the reckoning of dates?

   B.C.

3. What is peculiar about the following adjectives: **gracilis, facilis, humilis, similis?**

   SUPERLATIVES END IN -LIMUS

   sōlus, tōtus, ūllus, ūnus?   GENITIVE SINGULAR ENDS IN -ĪUS, DATIVE IN -Ī

   frūgī, damnās, nēquam, necesse?   INDECLINABLE

4. Which, if any, of the following English words is NOT from the same Latin root as the others:
   require, requital, query, quest, inquisition?   REQUITAL

   From what Latin noun does requital come?   QUIĒS

   What derivative of **quiēs** means "a hymn for the dead?"   REQUIEM

5. What holiday every year was the occasion for Roman boys of the right age to don their
   togae viriles?   THE LIBERALIA

   To what deities did they dedicate their childhood clothing?   THE LARES

   On what day was the Liberalia celebrated?   MARCH 17

6. Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: dialect,
   intellectual, legerdemain, negligence, legend.   LEGERDEMAIN

   ...sentry, scent, sense, sentient, sensuous.   NONE

   ...invective, vestige, inveigh, vehicle, vector.   VESTIGE

11

7. Whose sons arranged the murder of Tarquinius Priscus?   ANCUS MARCIUS'
In spite of their crime, who arranged the succession of Servius Tullius?
           TANAQUIL (TARQUINIUS PRISCUS' WIDOW)
What relation was Tanaquil to Servius Tullius?   MOTHER-IN-LAW

8. What two Argonauts chased the fleeing Harpies?   ZETES AND CALAIS
Where did they turn back from their pursuits? THE STROPHADES ("turning") ISLANDS
How were they related to Phineus, their beneficiary?
        BROTHERS-IN-LAW (BY THEIR SISTER CLEOPATRA)

9. By what triumphal agnomen do we know the brother of Scipio Africanus Maior?
        ASIATICUS (or ASIAGENES or ASIAGENUS)
What Asian king did he defeat for his triumph?   ANTIOCHUS
Where was the battle?   MAGNESIA (IN ASIA MINOR)

10. What is the 2nd person singular pluperfect subjunctive of volo, velle?   VOLUISSĒS
Change voluissēs to imperfect.   VELLĒS
Change vellēs to present.   VELĪS

11. What is the meaning of the idiom plūrimum valēre?   TO BE VERY POWERFUL
...of the idiom iūs iūrandum?   OATH
...of the idiom referre ad senātum?   TO MAKE A MOTION IN THE SENATE

12. Who commanded the left wing of Caesar's army at Pharsalus in 48 BC?
        MARCUS ANTONIUS
Against whom were Caesar and Marc Antony fighting?   POMPEY
In what year was M. Antonius Caesar's consular colleague?   44 BC

13. Who sacked Troy and killed King Laomedon?   HERACLES
Why did Heracles kill Laomedon?   RENEGED ON PAYMENT FOR RESCUING
        DAUGHTER (HESIONE) FROM SEA MONSTER
Heracles killed all of Laomedon's sons but the one who advised his father to pay. Name
this son.   PODARCES / PRIAM

14. Using iubeō translate: Titus ordered his children to leave.

TITUS IUSSIT SUŌS LĪBERŌS DISCĒDERE

Translate the same sentence using **imperō**.

TITUS SUĪS LĪBERĪS IMPERĀVIT UT DISCĒDERENT

What type of clause is **ut discēderent**?

INDIRECT COMMAND (SUBSTANTIVE CLAUSE OF PURPOSE)

15.   What son of Priam claimed Helen after Paris' death?   DEIPHOBUS
      What happened to Deiphobus the night Troy fell?

MENELAUS CUT OFF HIS NOSE, EARS, & HANDS

How did Aeneas learn of Deiphobus' fate?   HE MET HIM IN THE UNDERWORLD

16.   Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in English the
      question about it. **Caesare duce, mīlitēs Rōmānī summā vī transīre in hostium nāvēs
      contendēbant. Expūgnātīs fortiter complūribus nāvibus, hostēs fugā salūtem petere
      contendērunt.**
      Where does the battle take place?   ON SHIPS, ON THE SEA
      What method do the Romans plan to use in attacking the enemy?

BOARDING THEIR SHIPS

After fighting off several ships, what does the enemy do?   RETREAT

17.   When Odysseus reached the Underworld, what did he have to prevent all the other shades
      form doing before that of Tiresias?

DRINKING THE BLOOD OF THE SACRIFICED SHEEP

What ghost appeared first?   ELPENOR
What ghost's appearance moved Odysseus to tears?   HIS MOTHER ANTICLEIA'S

18.   What city, with walls built by Amphion, was the home of Oedipus?   THEBES
      How did Amphion build the walls of Thebes?

HIS MUSIC CHARMED THE STONES INTO PLACE

Who was Amphion's wife?   NIOBE

19.   What use of the genitive is found in the following sentence: **Habetne māter ōdium tuī?**
                                                                    OBJECTIVE
      Lucius fodiēbat fossam trium pedum.   MEASURE (QUALITY)
      Nēmō arguit mē furtī.   CHARGE OR PENALTY

20.   What significant event occurred on the 24th of August in AD 410?

ALARIC (& VISIGOTHS) SACKED ROME

13

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Who had defeated Alaric & the Visigoths in AD 402 & 403?   FLAVIUS <u>STILICHO</u>
Under what emperor did Stilicho serve?   HONORIUS

1995 NJCL CERTAMEN
ROUND B100

1. What is the dative of the Latin for "broken knee?"   FRACTŌ GENŪ
    What is the dative of the Latin for "broken hand?"   FRACTAE MANUĪ
    Genū and manus are fourth declension nouns. What verbal is also of the fourth
    declension?   SUPINE

2. Who tells Telemachus that Odysseus is being held on the island of Ogygia by Calypso?
                                                              MENELAUS
    From whom had Menelaus learned Odysseus' whereabouts?   PROTEUS
    Why had Menelaus been forced to capture the prophetic sea-god Proteus?
                BECALMED IN MOUTH OF NILE -- HE NEEDED TO KNOW
                    SOURCE OF PROBLEM AND WHAT TO DO ABOUT IT

3. From 217 - 211 BC two brothers led the Roman forces against the Carthaginians in Spain.
    Name these brothers.   SCIPIO (PUBLIUS & GNAEUS CORNELIUS)
    Name the two Carthaginian brothers whom the Scipioes fought?
                                                MAGO & HASDRUBAL
    Who later defeated both Mago and Hasdrubal?
                    PUBLIUS CORNELIUS SCIPIO (AFRICANUS MAIOR)

4. Why is subjunctive used in the following sentence: dīxit amīcōs quōs vīdissēmus vēnisse.
                        SUBORDINATE CLAUSE IN INDIRECT DISCOURSE
    Using your best Latin, negate the introductory verb of that sentence.   NEGĀVIT
    If negāvit were changed to negat, what tense would be used to translate the verb in the
    subordinate clause?   PERFECT

5. Mordeō : mordēbō :: līberāre : _____.
                LĪBERĀTŪRUS/A/UM ESSE or LĪBERĀTOR or LĪBERĀBERIS(-RE)
    Līberātūrus esse : līberāvisse :: parient : _____.   PEPERĒRUNT
    Peperērunt : pariunt :: coepī : _____.
                        INCIPIŌ, (COEPIŌ -- if designated as archaic)

15

6. Whom did Demeter turn into a lizard for mocking how she drank as she quenched her thirst? ASCALABUS
    What did Ascalaphus tell Hades that also angered Demeter?
    PERSEPHONE HAD EATEN POMEGRANATE SEEDS
    What did either Persephone or Demeter turn him into for this? AN OWL

7. Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question about it. **Ad rīvum fluentem lupus audax et āgnus innocens vēnerant, compulsī sitī. Ubi lupus conspexit āgnum bibentem, tantā fame incendēbātur ut subitō in āgnum infēlīcem insilīret vescēns.**
    Why are the lamb and wolf at the river? THEY ARE THIRSTY
    How are both animals characterized? THE WOLF IS BOLD
    THE LAMB IS INNOCENT (or UNLUCKY)
    Why does the wolf eat the lamb?
    HE SEES THE LAMB DRINKING AND BECOMES HUNGRY

8. Give a synonym of **dēlūbrum**. FĀNUM / AEDĒS / TEMPLUM
    Give a synonym of **tūtus**. SOSPES / INCOLUMIS / SALVUS / SĒCŪRUS
    Give a synonym of **ferē**. PAENE

9. A friend of yours says to you, "I'll pay you back the money **ad calendas graecas**." Why should you be worried? HE DOESN'T INTEND TO PAY IT BACK
    Translate **ad calendas graecas**. AT (ON) THE GREEK CALENDS
    Why is this phrase equivalent to "never?" THE GREEKS HAD NO CALENDS

10. What Athenian archon initiated the development of the port of Piraeus? THEMISTOCLES
    In response to what crisis did he increase the Athenian navy from 70 ships to 200?
    THE INVASION OF XERXES
    Where was the great naval victory of 480 BC? SALAMIS

11. Who was the mother with whom the twins Amphion and Zethus were reunited as adults?
    ANTIOPE
    Who was Antiope's tormentor, whom Amphion and Zethus killed? DIRCE
    According to one version, what god then drove Antiope mad because Dirce had been a follower of his? DIONYSUS

12. How many emperors had the name Gordianus? THREE

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Which of the Gordiani ruled for only 22 days?   I & II
How old was Gordianus III when he was proclaimed emperor by the Praetorians?   13

13.   What is the Latin term for orators like Cicero & Pliny the Younger who represented
parties at a civil trial?   ADVOCATI
In the Republic and early Empire what was the fee of an advocate?   NONE (BY LAW)
By the second century AD it was accepted that advocates could accept payment for their
services. What was that payment called?   HONORARIUM or PALMARIUM

14.   What is the meaning of the Greek verb at the root of the English word "prophecy?"
    SPEAK
..."phenomenon?"   SHOW
..."phosphorus?"   BEAR, CARRY

15.   Who had the sad duty of bringing Achilles the news of Patroclus' death?   ANTILOCHUS
Who was Antilochus' father?   NESTOR
How did Antilochus die?
    KILLED BY MEMNON WHILE DEFENDING NESTOR IN BATTLE

16.   Who conferred the title of "Augusta" upon his paternal grandmother Antonia?
    GAIUS / CALIGULA
Who were Antonia's parents?   MARCUS ANTONIUS & OCTAVIA
Antonia was married to Drusus. Name their children.
    GERMANICUS, LIVILLA (CLAUDIA LIVIA IULIA), & CLAUDIUS

17.   Which of the following does NOT have a Latin root: rouge, cologne, perfume, cosmetic.
    COSMETIC
What is the root meaning of the noun at the base of "perfume?"   SMOKE
What Latin noun is the root of "cologne?"   COLONIA

18.   Translate: **Incertī erant utrum dux mortuus an vīvus esset.**
    THEY WERE UNSURE WHETHER THE LEADER WAS DEAD OR ALIVE

17

Sī ad urbem Rōmam iter faciāmus amphitheātrum vīsitēmus.

IF WE SHOULD TRAVEL TO THE CITY OF ROME,
WE WOULD VISIT THE AMPHITHEATER

Salvius ab amīcīs monitus est nē barbarīs cōnfīderet.

SALVIUS WAS WARNED BY (HIS)
FRIENDS NOT TO TRUST FOREIGNERS

19. Why did Zeus punish Hera by hanging anvils from her feet and hanging her from heaven?

FOR HER CRUELTY TO HERACLES

In what form did Zeus first woo Hera? CUCKOO

Who was the young Hera's nurse? LOCRIS

20. What compound of dūcō can mean "build" when used with mūrum in an idiom?

PERDŪCŌ

What compound of dūcō can mean "launch" when used with nāvem in an idiom?

DĒDŪCŌ

What idiom with dūcō means "to marry?" IN MĀTRIMŌNIUM DŪCERE

1995 NJCL CERTAMEN
ROUND B EXTRA QUESTIONS

HISTORY / LIFE / GEOGRAPHY

1. Whose pet white fawn was regarded by the Lusitanians as a sign of divine protection?
SERTORIUS
Whose failed coup in Italy in 78-77 BC supplied disaffected officers to Sertorius' cause?
LEPIDUS
By whom was Sertorius murdered in 72 BC?   M. PERPERNA

2. What sacred object supposedly fell from the sky as a gift from Jupiter to Numa?
THE ANCILE, MARS' FIGURE-8 SHIELD
What priestly order wore replicas of it?   SALII
What god besides Mars was their order connected with?   HERCULES or QUIRINUS

3. What two proven commanders vied for the command of the East against Mithridates?
GAIUS MARIUS & LUCIUS CORNELIUS SULLA
What tribune, in return for political support, secured the passage of a law transferring
the command from Sulla to Marius?   SULPICIUS RUFUS
How did Sulla respond to the loss of this command?
MARCHED ON ROME & TOOK THE CITY BY FORCE

4. Who divorced his wife for adultery with Julius Caesar and shortly thereafter married
Caesar's daughter?   POMPEY (GNAEUS POMPEIUS MAGNUS)
Name Caesar's daughter.   JULIA
What political alliance did the marriage of Pompey and Julia strengthen?
FIRST TRIUMVIRATE

5. Which emperor closed all pagan temples in AD 391?   THEODOSIUS I (THE GREAT)
Name the bishop of Milan who exerted great influence over Theodosius?   AMBROSE
What work by what author did Ambrose revise as *de officiis ministrorum*?
CICERO'S <u>DE OFFICIIS</u>

19

MYTHOLOGY

1. Who was the faithful companion of Aeneas?   ACHATES
   Who was Aeneas' Trojan wife?   CREUSA
   Who was Creusa's father?   PRIAM

2. What was the breastplate of Zeus and Athena called?   AEGIS
   Whose head was depicted in the center of the aegis?   MEDUSA'S
   Who made the aegis?   HEPHAESTUS

3. Who was the maiden rescued by Perseus from a sea monster?   ANDROMEDA
   Who was her mother?   CASSIOPEIA
   Why was she being sacrificed to the sea monster? CASSIOPEIA HAD SAID THAT SHE
   (EITHER HERSELF OR HER DAUGHTER)
   WAS AS BEAUTIFUL AS THE NEREIDS

4. What deity protected the original oracle at Delphi before Apollo took it over?   GAIA
   What guise did Apollo take to compel a ship full of Cretans to divert to Delphi and
   become his first priests there?   A DOLPHIN
   What was the name of the first Pythia?   PHENOMOE

5. What goddess plagued the women of Lemnos with a foul odor?   APHRODITE
   What queen of the island received the Argonauts?   HYPSIPYLE
   Who were the two sons Hypsipyle bore to Jaon?
   EUNEOS AND THAOS / NEBROPHONUS / DEIPHYLUS

GRAMMAR / VOCABULARY

1. Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in
   English the question about it. **Hieme orienti, Caesar in Britanniam proficisci contendit
   quod Britannici auxilia Gallis dederunt. Quā dē causā volēbat in insulā perspicere
   genus hominum, cognoscere loca, mōrēs, lēgēs.**
   When did Caesar go to Britain?   IN THE BEGINNING OF WINTER
   What had the Britains recently done for the Gauls?   GIVEN THEM AID
   What did Caesar want to learn about in Britain?
   THEIR PLACES, CUSTOMS, AND LAWS

2. Listen carefully to the following sentence, which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the question about it. **Helvētiī, omnium rērum inopiā adductī, lēgātōs dē dēditiōne ad Caesarem mīsērunt.**
   Quī ad Caesarem missī sunt? LĒGĀTĪ
   Quā dē causā lēgātī ad Caesarem missī sunt? (DĒ) DĒDITIŌNE
   Cur Helvētiī dēdidērunt? OMNIUM RĒRUM INOPIĀ ADDUCTĪ SUNT

3. Change **aggrediēbantur** to subjunctive. AGGREDERENTUR
   Change **aggrederentur** to present. AGGREDIANTUR
   Change **aggrediantur** to perfect. AGGRESSĪ SINT

4. Change **magnum iter** to dative. MAGNŌ ITINERĪ
   Change **magnō itinerī** to plural. MAGNĪS ITINERIBUS
   Change **magnīs itineribus** to genitive. MAGNŌRUM ITINERUM

5. What use of the infinitive is found in this sentence: **Dolēre malum est.** SUBJECTIVE
   Oblīviscī nōn possum quae volō. COMPLEMENTARY
   Volō tē dīcere. OBJECTIVE

6. What use of the subjunctive is found in this sentence: **Hōs latrōnēs interficiāmus.**
   HORTATORY
   Quid agam, iūdicēs? quō mē vertam? DELIBERATIVE
   Utinam mē mortuum vīdissēs. OPTATIVE

7. Give a synonym of **cōnor**. PERĪCLITOR / TEMPTŌ / EXPERIOR
   Give a synonym of **dēficiō**. DĒSUM
   Give a synonym of **rogō**. POSCŌ / PETŌ / QUAERŌ

8. Give an antonym of **nēmō**. ALIQUIS / QUIS / QUISPIAM
   Give an antonym of **silentium**. CLĀMOR / SONITUS / STREPITUS
   Give an antonym of **victor**. CAPTĪVUS

9. Differentiate in meaning between **ita** and **item**. ITA – SO

21

	ITEM -- LIKEWISE
...between **orior** and **ōrdior**.	ORIOR -- RISE
	ŌRDIOR -- BEGIN
...between **oblīvīscor** and **ulcīscor**.	OBLĪVĪSCOR -- FORGET
	ULCĪSCOR -- AVENGE

10. What two compounds of **cēdō** mean "leave?"   EXCĒDŌ, DISCĒDŌ
    What compound of **cēdō** means "approach?"   ACCĒDŌ
    What compound of **cēdō** means "yield?"   CONCĒDŌ

11. What Latin noun related to **fruor** means "enjoyment?"   FRŪCTUS
    What Latin noun related to **iungō** means "spouse?"   CONIŪNX
    What Latin adjective related to **pariō** means "whirlwind?"   TURBŌ

12. What Latin verb with what meaning is the root of the English verb "imbibe?"
                                                BIBO -- DRINK
    What derivative English adjective means "prone to drink?"   BIBULOUS
    What French-influenced derivative means "a substance for drinking?"   BEVERAGE

13. A minister is sometimes called a "pastor." What does that Latin noun mean? SHEPHERD
    What verb is it based on?   PASCOR
    What staple of Italian food is derived from **pascor**?   PASTA

14. What verb with what meaning is the root of "liable" (spell)?   LIGO -- TIE, BIND
    What noun with what meaning is the root of "libel?"   LIBER -- BOOK
    What noun with what meaning is the root of "lieutenant?"   LOCUS -- PLACE

15. What Latin verb is the root of "vanquish?"   VINCO
    ...of "vault?"   VOLVO
    ...of "vaunt?"   VANITAS

16. What is the meaning of the Greek word element common to "atom" and "appendectomy?"
                                                CUT
    ...common to "lithograph" and "monolith?"   STONE
    ...common to "orthopedic" and "orthodox?"   STRAIGHT, RIGHT