2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
ADVANCED DIVISION
Round I

1. During what king of Rome's reign were a pig, sheep, and bull sacrificed together for the first time, signalling the end of the census?   **SERVIUS TULLIUS**
   B1: What name is given to this particular sacrifice?   **SUOVETAURILIA**
   B2: Of what wife of Tarquinius Priscus was Servius the protégé?   **TANAQUIL**

2. Identify the type of conditional in the following sentence: **Sī hanc sententiam sciam, maximē gaudeam.**   **FUTURE LESS VIVID**
   B1: Now translate that sentence.
                    **IF I SHOULD KNOW THIS SENTENCE/OPINION,
                    I WOULD REJOICE (VERY) GREATLY/BE VERY GLAD**
   B2: Make the sentence in the tossup present contrary to fact.
                    SĪ HANC SENTENTIAM SCIREM, MAXIMĒ GAUDĒREM

3. Named but seldom called Asterius, what monster was the offspring of Pasiphae and a bull?   **MINOTAUR**
   B1: The name Asterius is shared with the wife of what woman, the mother of Minos?   **EUROPA**
   B2: Who was the father of Europe and Cadmus?   **AGENOR**

4. Referring often to specific and individual magistrates and having a nationalistic theme, what type of **fabulae** are tragedies of Roman setting?   **FABULAE PRAETEXTAE**
   B1: What type of **fabulae**, containing sung and spoken parts, are comedies of a Greek origin?   **FABULAE PALLIATAE**
   B2: What type of **fabulae** were comedies of a Roman origin, which didn't attack individuals or morals choices?   **FABULAE TOGATAE**

5. Identify the literary device in the following line, excerpted from Book 2 of Vergil's Aeneid: **ascensū superō atque arrectīs auribus astō**.   **ALLITERATION**
   B1: Identify the literary device in the following line, excerpted from Book 1 of Ovid's Metamorphoses: **innumerīs tumidum Pythona sagittīs**.   **CHIASM(US)**
   B2: Identify the literary device in the following line, excerpted from Book 1 of Vergil's Aeneid: **O terque quaterque beatī**.   **APOSTROPHE**

[SCORE CHECK]

6. In the Aeneid, who saw a shooting star and a ring of fire around his grandson Ascanius' head, convincing him to leave Troy?   **ANCHISES**
   B1: What prophecy of the oracle of Apollo at Delos did Anchises misinterpret, leading the Trojans to Crete?   **SEEK OUT (YOUR ANCIENT) MOTHER(LAND)**
   B2: By whom had Anchises fathered Aeneas?   **VENUS** (not Aphrodite)

7. Make the phrase **īdem bonus puer** dative singular. **EĪDEM BONŌ PUERŌ**
   B1: Make that phrase genitive. **EIUSDEM BONĪ PUERĪ**
   B2: Make that phrase plural. **EŌRUNDEM BONŌRUM PUERŌRUM**

8. Name the emperors who preceded and succeeded Titus.
   VESPASIAN and DOMITIAN
   B1: Name the emperors who preceded, succeeded, and co-ruled with Marcus Aurelius.
   ANTONINUS PIUS, LUCIUS VERUS, COMMODUS
   B2: Name the emperors who preceded and succeeded Maximinus Thrax.
   SEVERUS ALEXANDER and GORDIAN I AND II

9. Give the comparative and superlative for the adjective **clarus**.
   CLARIOR, CLARISSIMUS
   B1: Give the comparative and superlative for the adverb **clarē**.
   CLARIUS, CLARISSIMĒ
   B2: Give the comparative and superlative for the adverb **facilis**.
   FACILIUS, FACILLIMĒ

10. Termed **felicissimē audax** by Quintilian and nearly killed by a falling tree branch at a young age, what Latin author is the source of the quotes **dulce et decorum est prō patriā morī** and **carpē diem**? **HORACE**
    B1: What work of Horace is based on Lucilius' earlier forays into the same genre?
    SATIRES/SERMONES
    B2: How many books of **Carmina** did Horace author? **FOUR**

[SCORE CHECK]

11. Quid Anglicē significat **vultus**? **EXPRESSION/APPEARANCE/FACE**
    B1: Quid Anglicē significat **vulgus**? **THRONG/CROWD**
    B2: What Latin poet authored the quote "**odī profanum vulgus et arceo**?"
    HORACE

12. What author, born of an African tribe at Carthage, wrote comedies more suited for cultivated circles than those of his predecessor, Plautus? **TERENCE**
    B1: How many plays did Terence write? **SIX**
    B2: From what Greek New Comedian does Terence draw most of the inspiration for his plays? **MENANDER**

13. Which of the giants was the strongest and was immortal within the borders of his homeland? **ALCYONEUS**
    B1: What was the homeland of Alcyoneus? **PALLENE**
    B2: Which of the giants was the king, according to Pindar? **PORPHYRION**

14. Manius Valerius Messalla, Appius Claudius Caudex, Gaius Duilius, and Atilius Regulus all served as early commanders in what conflict, which lasted from 264 to 241 B.C.?

FIRST PUNIC WAR

B1: By what Spartan mercenary were the Romans defeated at the Battle of Bagradas Valley in 255 BC? **XANTHIPPUS**

B2: At what battle did Publius Claudius Pulcher throw the sacred chickens into the ocean because they wouldn't eat, dooming the Romans to a defeat? **DREPANA**

[SCORE CHECK]

15. When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Tenē manum tuī comitis.**

STUDENT SHOULD HOLD THE HAND OF HIS/HER TEAMMATE

B1: When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Omnēs mutāte sēdēs.** **ALL SHOULD CHANGE SEATS**

B2: When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Nunc redīte ad tuās sedēs.**

STUDENTS SHOULD RETURN TO ORIGINAL SEATS

[SCORE CHECK]

2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
ADVANCED DIVISION
Round II

1. What do the phrases **Fumōs vendere**, **aqua ē pumice**, and **ab asinō lanam** all mean?
                                                                    (IT IS) IMPOSSIBLE
    B1: What does the phrase **ignis fatuus** mean?
                                        A WILL O' THE WISP, A DELUSION/FALSE HOPE
    B2: What does the phrase **ne plus ultra** mean?
                        NOTHING MORE BEYOND, THE ULTIMATE, THE EPITOME, etc.

2. **Prasina**, **veneta**, **russata**, and **albata** were the Latin names for what racing companies,
    celebrated by supporters much like sports teams today?
                                                                    FACTIONES/FACTIONS
    B1: Which two factions were the originals?
                                                RUSSATA/RED and **ALBATA/WHITE**
    B2: Between which two hills did the **Circus Maximus** stretch?
                                                                    PALATINE and **AVENTINE**

3. Defined by The Urban Dictionary as "brutal, yet awesome," what contemporary slang term
    is a derivative of the Latin noun **silva**?   **SAVAGE**
    B1: What derivative of a Latin diminutive meaning "slave" is defined as "a word used to
    describe your peoples."   **FAM (DO NOT TAKE FAMILY)**
    B2: What slang meaning "over the top" is the same word as a Latin accusative preposition?
                                                                    EXTRA

4. **Sicelides Musae, paulo maiora canamus** opens what author's fourth Eclogue, whose
    magnum opus is a 12-book epic on the founding of Rome?   **VERGIL**
    B1: What third work of Vergil covers the working of the fields and beekeeping?
                                                                    GEORGICS
    B2: In what meter did Vergil write the Eclogues and Aeneid?
                                                        DACTYLIC HEXAMETER

5. The sea is calm for seven days every winter because of what couple, transformed into
    kingfishers because the husband drowned at sea?   **CEYX AND ALCYONE**
    B1: What name do sailors give to these days? It is also the name of a company advertising
    "bespoke gifts and gold enamel bangles" on their website.
                                                                    HALCYON DAYS
    B2: Ceyx was travelling to what famous oracle when he drowned?
                                                        ORACLE AT DELPHI

[SCORE CHECK]

6. What famous Roman, named **dictator rei publicae constituendae**, made Cisalpine Gaul a province and became ruler for the years 81-79 BC and fought a war against Marius?
                                                                              SULLA
B1: At what battle of 82 BC did Sulla defeat the joint forces of the Marians and Samnites?
                                                                    COLLINE GATE
B2: What future triumvir commanded Sulla's right flank at the battle?
                                                      M. LICINIUS **CRASSUS** (TRIUMVIR)

7. What work of Cicero was written to replace his crude early work "De Inventione" on the subject of oratory?   **DE ORATORE**
B1: What late work of Cicero was written for the edification of his son?
                                                                      DE OFFICIIS
B2: What group of speeches was written by Cicero to impugn the character of Antony?
                                                                      PHILIPPICS

8. What fisherman discovered his legs had become a fish's tail, becoming a minor god and falling in love with a beautiful woman named Scylla?   **GLAUCUS**
B1: What goddess did Glaucus go to for advice re: Scylla, but she fell in love with him?
                                                                          CIRCE
B2: What group did Glaucus aid by convincing to forge onwards?   **ARGONAUTS**

9. Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Dominus servīs dedit opus murī aedificandī.**
THE MASTER GAVE THE SLAVES THE JOB/WORK OF BUILDING A WALL
B1: Now translate: **Urbs erat statim oppugnanda Romanīs**.
        **THE ROMANS HAD TO ATTACK THE CITY AT ONCE/THE CITY HAD
                        TO BE ATTACKED AT ONCE BY THE ROMANS**
B2: Now translate: **Ad Graeciam navigāvit ad fratrem petendum**.
            HE SAILED TO GREECE TO LOOK FOR/SEEK HIS BROTHER

10. Differentiate in meaning between **mens** and **mēnsis**.   **MIND** and **MONTH**
B1: Differentiate in meaning between **ara** and **arx**.
                                          ALTAR and **CITADEL/HILLTOP/SUMMIT**
B2: Differentiate in meaning between **vallis** and **vallum**.
                                                  WALL/RAMPART and **VALLEY**

[SCORE CHECK]

11. What author, who received his name because he was born on the First of March, wrote works including **Liber Spectaculorum** and his more famous Epigrams?
                                                                      MARTIAL
B1: How many books of epigrams did Martial compose?   **TWELVE**
B2: What emperor does Martial grossly flatter?   **DOMITIAN**

12. **Minor**, **irascor, evenio**, **diffido**, and **credo** all commonly take what case?   **DATIVE**

B1: **Gratificor**, **adulor**, **plaudo**, and **nubo** all commonly take what case?   **DATIVE**
B2: **Fungor**, **fruor**, and **vescor** all commonly take what case?   **ABLATIVE**

13. What emperor's name, meaning "majestic" or "venerable," was proposed by Munatius Plancus in 27 BC, marking the beginning of the empire?

AUGUSTUS/OCTAVIAN, etc.

B1: The name of what emperor, who ruled in the the 3rd century and sacked Ctesiphon, means "dear?"   **CARUS**
B2: Under what emperor, whose name means "good" or "noble," did Carus serve as Praetorian prefect? He also finished construction of Aurelian's wall around Rome.

PROBUS

14. Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: **Utinam hodie vincāmus.**   **OPTATIVE**
B1: Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: **Tum veniant!**

JUSSIVE/VOLITIVE

B2: Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: **Quid faciam?**

DELIBERATIVE

[SCORE CHECK]

15. According to the Aeneid, Thoas, Acamas, Thesandrus, Machaon, Neoptolemus, and Ulysses were among the Greeks in what object, the ruin of Troy during the War?

TROJAN HORSE

B1: Which of the Greeks in the tossup was the son of Achilles?   **NEOPTOLEMUS**
B2: Which of the Greeks in the tossup was a healer and son of Aesculapius?

MACHAON

[SCORE CHECK]

2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
ADVANCED DIVISION
Round III

1. The **Lex Vatinia** granted what Roman a five-year governorship of Illyricum and Gallia
    Cisalpina, enabling him to wage his Gallic Wars?   C. **JULIUS CAESAR**
    B1: The **Lex Plautia Papiria** did much to end what Italian war of the early 1st-century BC?
                                                          SOCIAL/MARSIC/ITALIAN WAR
    B2: What late emperor established the first university in the world in Constantinople, had
    the longest rule since Augustus, and created a codification of law which largely inspired
    Justinian's **Codex Justinianus**?   **THEODOSIUS II**

2. Translate the following sentence from English to Latin, using a supine: "The pain was hard
    to bear."   **DOLOR ERAT DIFFICILIS LATŪ**
    B1: Now translate that sentence into Latin, using a deponent:
                                                       DOLOR ERAT DIFFICILIS PASSŪ
    B2: Now translate this sentence into Latin: "He said that the city was going to be captured."
                                                          DĪXIT URBEM CAPTUM IRI

3. Welcome back to **Bibliotheca Romana**! What 20th century novel would be rendered into
    Latin as **Fortis Novus Mundus**?   **BRAVE NEW WORLD**
    B1: What American classic would be known as **Uvae Irae**?
                                                          THE GRAPES OF WRATH
    B2: What adventure novel would be known as **Vocatus Ferociae**?
                                                          THE CALL OF THE WILD

4. What creatures lived on the island of Anthemoessa, luring sailors including Butes towards
    death with their sweet songs?   **SIRENS**
    B1: What group of women lived at the city of Themiscyra and were renowned for warfare?
                                                                  AMAZONS
    B2: What man-eating giants lived at the city of Telepylus?   **LAESTRYGONIANS**

5. What author's minor works include an address to his wife, Polla Argentaria, although he is
    better known for an audacious epic on the civil war between Caesar and Pompey?
                                                                       LUCAN
    B1: What was the name of this epic?   **BELLUM CIVILE/PHARSALIA**
    B2: At what young age did Lucan die?   **25/26**

[SCORE CHECK]

6. What emperor wrote that it was "the spirit of our age" to persecute Christians in a letter to
    Pliny the Younger but is better remembered for bringing the Roman empire to its greatest
    territorial extent?   **TRAJAN**
    B1: By defeating Decebalus, what territory did Trajan add to the empire?   **DACIA**
    B2: What did Trajan build over Nero's **Domus Aurea**?   **HIS BATHS**

7. Listen carefully to the following passage about the the start of Jason's journey, which I will read twice, and answer in **ENGLISH** the question that follows:
   Erant ōlim in Thessaliā duo frātrēs, quōrum alter Aesōn, alter Peliās appelātus est. Hōrum Aesōn prīmus rēgnum obtinuerat; at post paucōs annōs Peliās, rēgnī cupiditāte adductus, nōn modo frātrem suum expulit, sed etiam in animō habēbat Iasōnem, Aesonis fīlium interficere.
   The question: Where did the two brothers live?   **THESSALY**
   B1+B2: What two things did Pelias have in mind?
                                              KILL JASON and **EXPEL HIS FATHER**

8. What late Latin author recounts how he would fast, only to consume Cicero afterwards, although he did the find the twenty years necessary to translate the Bible into Latin?
                                                                        ST. **JEROME**
   B1: What work of Jerome, modelled on a work of Suetonius with the same title, is a set of biographies of notable Christian writers?   **DE VIRIS ILLUSTRIBUS**
   B2: In what province, also the birthplace of Diocletian, was Jerome born?
                                                                        DALMATIA

9. What hero was told by Polyeidus to sleep in the temple of Athena in order to discover how to tame Pegasus?   **BELLEROPHON**
   B1: What object did Athena give to Bellerophon to help him tame the horse?
                                                                        GOLDEN BRIDLE
   B2: What monster did Bellerophon then slay?   **CHIMAERA**

10. For the verb **stupeo**, give the third person plural present active subjunctive.
                                                                        STUPEANT
    B1: Make that form perfect.   **STUPUERINT**
    B2: Make that form passive.   **DOES NOT EXIST (NO 4TH PP)**

[SCORE CHECK]

11. All of what author's works were written in elegiacs, except for his magnum opus, a 15-book narrative poem describing mythological transformations?   **OVID**
    B1: What work of Ovid, his first published work, is a collection of elegies dedicated to Corinna and contains an elegy on the death of her pet parrot?   **AMORES**
    B2: What work of Ovid, a collection of poems written after Ovid's exile, opens with a tour of Rome, which does not mention a number of monuments of Augustus and Caesar?
                                                                        TRISTIA

12. What use of the ablative case is found in the following sentence: **Duce militēs vocante, hostēs fūgērunt**?   **ABSOLUTE**
    B1: What use of the accusative case is found in the following line from Horace: **Otium divōs rogat in patentī prensus Aegaeō**?   **DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE**

B2: What use of the genitive case is found in the following sentence: **Noster timor bellī est magnus**? **OBJECTIVE**

13. Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **nonchalant**, **calorie**, **coddle**, **callous**? **CALLOUS**
B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **foil**, **foyer**, **fuel**, **focal**? **FOIL**
B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **demeanor**, **menu, minute**, **mince**? **DEMEANOR**

14. What hero could find no one to light his funeral pyre while he was suffering from the poison of the centaur Nessus' blood? **HERACLES**
B1: Who eventually lit the funeral pyre, receiving Heracles' bow and arrows as thanks? **POEAS/PHILOCTETES**
B2: What goddess did Heracles marry on Mt. Olympus? **HEBE**

[SCORE CHECK]

15. Its name derived from the Latin word for mouth, what Italian city's harbor was overhauled in 42 AD by Claudius, enabling its rise as Rome's preeminent seaport? **OSTIA**
B1: What nearby colony served as the site of a 338 BC battle, in which the Romans seized the **rostra** of the enemy ships and installed them in the forum? **ANTIUM**
B2: What city was the site of the colony **Aelia Capitolina**, built under the emperor Hadrian following its capture by Vespasian and Titus? **JERUSALEM**

[SCORE CHECK]

2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
LEVEL 3
Final Round

1. Where in Rome might one hear **neniae**, see **praeficae**, and gaze at a **sarcophagus**?
   FUNERAL

   B1: Where in Rome might one play **talī** and drink **vinum**?
   SYMPOSIUM/COMMISATIO

   B2: Where would one not be in Rome on the Kalends, Nones and Ides, as well as all of May and half of June? **WEDDING (and similar)**

2. Translate the following sentence from English to Latin, using a dative: Soldiers were sent to Crassus to help. **MILITĒS AD CRASSUM AUXILIŌ MISSĪ SUNT**

   B1: What use of the dative is found in that sentence? **PURPOSE**

   B2: What rare use of the dative is found sometimes in poetry instead of accusative with a preposition? **DIRECTION**

3. What Latin author, who belonged to the Attic school of oratory, wrote minor works including **De Analogia** and **De Astrīs** as well as commentaries on his Gallic wars?
   C. **JULIUS CAESAR**

   B1: What minor work of Caesar was a poem on his expedition to Spain? **ITER**

   B2: On what mythological figure, also the subject of a trilogy by Sophocles, did Caesar compose a tragedy? **OEDIPUS**

4. What river's sands contained many bits of gold, left after Minos washed his hands in it?
   PACTOLUS

   B1: What river's sands contained many bits of amber, left after Phaethon fell into the sky and his sisters wept? **ERIDANUS**

   B2: What river's bed contained live coals, left after Zeus lightning-ed him when he tried to stop Zeus from kidnapping his daughter, Aegina? **ASOPUS**

5. Quid Anglicē significat **amnis**? **RIVER, STREAM, etc.**
   B1: Quid Anglicē significat **numen**? **DIVINE WILL/POWER**
   B2: What university has at its motto **Numen Lumen**? **U OF WISCONSIN**

[SCORE CHECK]

6. Into what were Alcathoe, Leucippe, and Arsippe, the daughters of Minyas, transformed after they resisted the rites of Dionysus? **BATS**

B1: The daughters of what king of Delos were devotees of Dionysus who were given the power to produce produce from the ground? **ANIUS**

B2: What Greek leader kidnapped the daughters of Anius to furnish his troops with food at Troy? **AGAMEMNON**

7. Welcome back to **Bibliotheca Romana!** What 19th-century classic would be known as **Fabula Duārum Urbium**? **A TALE OF TWO CITIES**

B1: What contemporary classics-related book would be known as **Fur Fulminis**?

THE LIGHTNING THIEF

B2: What epic would be known as **Paradisus Amissus?** **PARADISE LOST**

8. Listen carefully to the following passage about the fall of the monarchy, which I will read twice, and answer in **LATIN** the question that follows:

Tarquinius, ut rēgnum reciperāret, ad Lartem Porsenam, Clūsīnum rēgem, fugit. Eī persuāsit nē rēgem Etrūscae gentis rēgnō paterētur. Porsena Rōmam īnfestō exercitū vēnit. Magnus terror senātum occupāvit; adeō firma rēs Clūsīna tum erat magnumque horribilis Porsenae nōmen.

The question: **Quid senātum occupāvit?** **MAGNUS TERROR**

B1: **Ad quem fugit Tarquinius?** **LARTEM PORSENAM (must be accusative)**

B2: **Quālis erat Porsena?** **HORRIBILIS**

9. During what year did all of the following events take place: Octavian born, Mithridates dies, Julius Caesar becomes Pontifex Maximus, the Catilinarian conspiracy?

63 BC

B1: What noted Roman was consul in the year 63 BC and largely crushed the Catilinarian conspiracy? **Q. TULLIUS CICERO**

B2: What co-consul of Cicero commanded the force which crushed Catiline at the battle of Pistoria? **C. ANTONIUS HYBRIDA**

10. What Latin author composed his own epitaph, which claimed the Romans would stop speaking Latin after him and his magnum opus **Bellum Punicum**? **NAEVIUS**

B1: With what **gens** did Naevius contend throughout his literary career? **METELLI**

B2: Where did Naevius die after his exile to there? **UTICA**

[SCORE CHECK]

11. What late emperor ended the Olympic Games, was forced to repent for his massacre at Thessalonica, and was the last emperor to rule a united empire?

THEODOSIUS I/THE GREAT

B1: What two sons of Theodosius split the empire between themselves?

ARCADIUS and HONORIUS

B2: What general of Honorius defeated Alaric but was later executed on charges of collusion with the same man? **AELIUS STILICHO**

12. Give the accusative singular for the phrase "beautiful Andromache"

PULCHRAM ANDROMACHĒN

B1: Make that phrase vocative. **PULCHRA ANDROMACHĒ**

B2: Now give the accusative singular for the phrase "pious Aeneas."

PIUM AENEAN

13. What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence: **Tam celeriter cucurrit ut capi non posset**?

RESULT

B1: What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence: **Eum oravit ne tam celeriter curreret**? **INDIRECT COMMAND**

B2: What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence: **Sunt quī discessum animī ā corpore putent esse mortem**?

RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC

14. An aping Callimachus according to Horace, what elegiac poet acknowledges his debt to the Alexandrian poets and pines for the love of Cynthia? **PROPERTIUS**

B1: What other elegiac poet wrote to Delia and Nemesis in his four books of poetry?

TIBULLUS

B2: Only one line of what elegiac poet's work came down to us before a few years ago, whereupon we found out he was really bad? **CORNELIUS GALLUS**

15. A single blow to the ear incapacitated what beggar whom Odysseus fought in Book 22 of the Odyssey? **IRUS/ARNAEUS**

B1: What duty did Irus perform for the suitors? **MESSENGER**

B2: What king of the Bebryces was killed in a wrestling match with Polydeuces?

AMYCUS

[SCORE CHECK]

16. From what Latin verb with what meaning are "sluice," "cloister," and "recluse" derived?

CLAUDO, TO CLOSE

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning are "muster," "summon," and "demonstrate" derived?

MONEO, TO WARN (DO NOT ACCEPT MONSTRO)

B2: From what Latin noun with what meaning are "conclave" and "clef" derived?

CLAVIS, KEY

17. Who set a bad example to future victors in Roman warfare by giving his troops license to massacre the townsfolk after his conquest of Veii?   M. FURIUS **CAMILLUS**
    B1: What Gallic invader did Camillus later defeat in 390 BC?   **BRENNUS**
    B2: Name one of the two titles Camillus received for his defeat of Brennus.
                    PATER PATRIAE or **SECOND FOUNDER OF ROME**

18. What silver-age author claimed that "a wise man can suffer neither wrong nor insult" in the first of his **Dialogi** and wrote a popular **Medea**?   **SENECA THE YOUNGER**
    B1: With what daughter of Germanicus was Seneca accused of intrigue?   **JULIA**
    B2: What treatise on how to rule did Seneca write for Nero?   **DE CLEMENTIA**

19. Bought by Laertes for twenty cattle, what slave woman informed Odysseus of the maids who had been unfaithful and first recognized Odysseus upon his return?
                    EURYCLEIA
    B1: How did Eurycleia recognize Odysseus?   **SCAR ON HIS THIGH**
    B2: Odysseus received the scar when hunting at the house of what grandfather of his?
                    AUTOLYCUS

[SCORE CHECK]

20. When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Age quasi mortuus sis.**   **STUDENT SHOULD PLAY DEAD**
    B1: Now perform this command: **Surgite, et saliēntēs, cantāte**.
                    STUDENTS SHOULD RISING AND WHILE JUMPING, SING
    B2: Now perform this command: **Surgite et clamata "Avē atque Valē"**
            STUDENTS SHOULD RISE AND CRY "AVE ATQUE VALE/HAIL AND FAREWELL"

[SCORE CHECK] IF THERE IS A TIE, PROCEED TO TIEBREAKER #1 -- RULES ARE EXPLAINED THERE
LEVEL 3
Final Round -- Tiebreaker #1

To be played if there is a tie in the final round (whether for first place or otherwise). Rules:
1. 5 Tossups, No Bonuses
2. Each Tossup is worth 1 point
3. Only the teams which are tied may participate
4. If a team reaches 3 points or a mathematically unassailable lead, the tie is resolved.
5. If there remains a tie after Tiebreaker #1, proceed to Tiebreaker #2

1. What derivative of the Latin verb for "deny" is "a person who deserts and betrays an organization, country, or set of principles?"   **RENEGADE**

2. What Latin author "went out on the seashore, with a pillow about his head as a protection against the stones...and was asphyxiated by the sulphurous fumes" at the eruption of Vesuvius?   **PLINY THE ELDER**

3. What Greek god was known as "He who tempers," or Mulciber?   **HEPHAESTUS**

4. What fifth-century B.C. battle was fought entirely by a single clan, the Fabii, which was nearly wiped out?   **CREMERA**

5. Quid Anglicē significat: **usque**?   **ALL THE WAY, UP TO**

LEVEL 3
Final Round -- Tiebreaker #2
1. Rules are the same as Tiebreaker #1
2. If the teams remained tied, play sudden death tossups with the remaining extra tossups

1. What use of the dative is found in the following sentence: **Latīna omnibus discipulīs amanda est**?   **AGENT**

2. What Latin author took his own life by starving himself at a banquet when the Praetorian prefect Tigellinus accused him to Nero?   **PETRONIUS**

3. Platorius Nepos oversaw the construction of what structure, which stretched from the River Tyne to the Solway Firth?   **HADRIAN'S WALL**

4. Toxeus and Plexippus refused to participate in the Calydonian boar-hunt because of the presence of what female warrior? **ATALANTA**

5. Give the English for the motto of Marquette University, **numen flumenque**.
GOD'S WILL **AND THE RIVER**

FINALS EXTRAS

Mythology:

1. Hippomedon, Parthenopaus, Tydeus, Polyneices, Capaneus, Amphiaraus, and Adrastus constituted what group, who attempted to regain Polyneices' lost kingdom?
SEVEN AGAINST THEBES

   B1: Against what brother of Polyneices and king of Thebes did the Seven fight?
ETEOCLES

   B2: Which of the Seven was sent as a herald to Eteocles before the fighting began and defeated a fifty-man ambush single handedly? **TYDEUS**

2. The funeral of what daughter of Menelaus and Helen is about to be celebrated when Telemachus arrives at Sparta in the Odyssey? **HERMIONE**
   B1: To whom was Hermione getting married? **NEOPTOLEMUS**
   B2: Whom had Hermione earlier been promised to? **ORESTES**

History + Culture:

3. What modern day country did the Romans know as **Helvetia**? **SWITZERLAND**
   B1: What modern day city did the Romans know as **Olisipo**? **LISBON**
   B2: What modern day river did the Romans know as **Padus**? **PO**

4. 71 at his accession, what emperor was unequal to the physical strain of his new duties, but did not hesitate to execute his predecessor Nero's freedmen and advisers?
GALBA

   B1: What governor of Gallia Lugdunensis had earlier revolted against Nero in favor of Galba? **VINDEX**
   B2: Who killed Galba in January of 69 A.D? **PRAETORIAN GUARD**

Literature:

5. What Christian author sought to secure for Christians protection from persecutions through his speech **Apologeticus** and converted to Montanism at a late age?
TERTULLIAN
   B1: Where was Tertullian born? **CARTHAGE**
   B2: What satirist was Tertullian often compared to? (**CHRISTIAN**) **JUVENAL**

6. What author's famous brevity likely stems from his taking of Thucydides as his principal model for his **Historiae** and monographs? **SALLUST**
   B1+B2: For five points each, name both historical monographs of Sallust, written on two enemies of the Roman state.
BELLUM CATILINAE and **BELLUM IUGURTHINUM**

Language:

7. Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **mē miseret amici meī**.

   I PITY MY FRIEND

   B1: Now translate: **Interest omnium recte facere**.

   IT IS IN THE INTEREST OF ALL/IT CONCERNS ALL TO DO RIGHT

   B2: Now translate: **non paenitet mē amavisse.**

   I DO NOT REGRET HAVING LOVED

8. Differentiate in meaning between **ēdō** and **edō**.

   TO PRODUCE/GIVE OUT and **EAT**

   B1: Differentiate in meaning between **vēnī** and **venī**.

   I HAVE COME and **COME!**

   B2: Differentiate in meaning between **populus** and **pōpulus**.

   PEOPLE and **POPLAR (TREE)**

9. Welcome back to pharmaceutical school! If your prescription reads **p.c.**, what is it telling you? **TAKE BEFORE MEALS**

   B1: If your prescription reads **prn**, what is it telling you? **TAKE AS NEEDED**

   B2: If your prescription reads **gtt.**, what is telling you? **TAKE BY DROPS**

10. Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: sport, comport, portico, portage? **PORTICO**

    B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: impregnable, appraise, reprisal, pry? **APPRAISE**

    B2: From what Latin noun with what meaning is appraise derived?

    PRETIUM, PRICE

2017 WJCL STATE CONVENTION
LEVEL 4
Final Round

1. Convert the following date to Gregorian: **ante diem sextum Kalendās Februariās**.
   JANUARY 27th/TODAY
   B1: Now convert the following date to Gregorian: **ante diem octavum Kalendās Ianuariās**. **DECEMBER 25th/CHRISTMAS**
   B2: In what four months do the Ides fall on the fifteenth day?
   MARCH, JULY, OCTOBER, MAY

2. Although his name means "great sorrow," what king of Argos was likely rather happy when he traded kingdoms with his cousin Perseus? **MEGAPENTHES**
   B1: For what kingdom did Megapenthes swap Argos? **TIRYNS**
   B2: Of what king, the husband of Stheneboea, was Megapenthes the son?
   PROETUS

3. Described by Cicero as "of the subtle, ingenious type," what Roman led Catullus' expedition to Bithynia and served as Lucretius' patron and dedicatee?
   C. **MEMMIUS**
   B1: What other Neoteric accompanied Catullus and Memmius to Bithynia?
   C. HELVIUS **CINNA**
   B2: Who said "happy is he who understands the causes of things" about Lucretius?
   VERGIL

4. What use of the infinitive is found in the following sentence: **Neque legere neque scribere poterant**? **COMPLEMENTARY**
   B1: What use of the infinitive is found in the following line from the Aeneid: **mēne inceptō dēsistere victam**? **EXCLAMATORY**
   B2: What use of the infinitive is found in the following line from Quintilian: **id quod paratī sunt facere**. **PURPOSE**

5. Welcome once more to **Bibliotheca Romana**! What classic would be known as **Ventus in Salicīs**? **THE WIND IN THE WILLOWS**
   B1: What recent Nicholas Sparks release would be rendered by only the distributive numeral **Bīnī**? **TWO BY TWO**
   B2: What 21st-century novel would be known as **Mille Splendidī Solēs**?
   A THOUSAND SPLENDID SUNS

[SCORE CHECK]

6. The controversial wife of Elagabalus and the betrayer of Rome to Titus Tatius were among the members of what group, buried alive near the Colline gate if they broke their vow of chastity? **VESTAL VIRGINS**
B1: What king brought the Vestals to Rome? **NUMA POMPILIUS**
B2: What legendary early Roman was made a Vestal so she would not bear children, although she did anyway? **RHEA SILVIA**

7. What derivative of the Latin word for "hope" is "a desperate or reckless person, especially a criminal?" **DESPERADO**
B1: What derivative of the Latin word for "goat" means " to skip or dance about in a lively or playful way?" **CAPER**
B2: What derivative of the Latin verb for "feed" is "the quantity of food taken or provided for one occasion of eating?" **REPAST**

8. Listen carefully to the following passage about Pyrrhus, which I will read twice, and answer in **ENGLISH** the question that follows:
Fabricius cum apud Pyrrhum rēgem lēgātus esset, cum Cīneā, lēgātō Pyrrhī, sermōnem contulit. Hic dīxit quendam philosophum esse Athēnīs, quī dīceret omnia quae facerēmus ad voluptātem esse referenda. Tum Fabricium exclāmāsse ferunt: "Utinam id hostibus nostrīs persuādeāmus, quō facilius vincī possint, cum sē voluptātibus dederint!"
The question: **Quōcum colloquēbātur Fabricius?** CUM **CĪNEĀ**
B1: **Ubi erat Fabricius?** APUD **PYRRHUM REGEM**
B2: Now answer in English. Why did Fabricius wish to persuade his enemies to seek out pleasure? **SO THAT THEY MIGHT BE EASILY CONQUERED**

9. What famous Greek games, sometimes said to be the first, were established by Hippodamia in honor of her new husband? **HERAEAN GAMES**
B1: What daughter of Niobe was the first winner of the games? **CHLORIS**
B2: With what were the winners of the Heraean games crowned? **OLIVE**

10. The source of the phrase "adding insult to injury," what Latin author addresses one book of his fables to Eutychus, the celebrated chariot-driver of the Greens in the reign of Caligula? **PHAEDRUS**
B1: What is Phaedrus' full name? **GAIUS JULIUS PHAEDRUS**
B2: What praetorian prefect took proceedings against Phaedrus and likely imprisoned him? **SEJANUS**

[SCORE CHECK]

11. Grinnell College, Howard University, Johns Hopkins, and Harvard all begin their mottoes with what Latin word? **VERITAS**

    B1: Give the Latin and English for the motto of Johns Hopkins.
    VERITAS VOS LIBERABIT, THE TRUTH WILL SET YOU FREE

    B2: Give the Latin and English for the motto of the University Michigan, which also contains the word **veritas**.
    ARTES, SCIENTIA, VERITAS, ARTS, KNOWLEDGE, TRUTH

12. For the verb **orior**, give the second person singular present active imperative.
    ORĪRE

    B1: Make **orīre** plural. **ORIMINĪ**
    B2: Make **orīre** future. **ORĪTOR**

13. What commander drew up his maniples in columns, rather than the usual **quincunx**, causing the enemy's elephants to race uselessly down the lanes of legionaries at the Battle of Zama? **SCIPIO AFRICANUS**
    B1: What commander African cavalry at the battle of Zama was rewarded with the gift of all African land "held by him or his forefathers"? **MASINISSA**
    B2: What name is usually given to the troops which Scipio used to defeat Hannibal at Zama? **LEGIONES CANNENSES/LEGIONS OF CANNAE**

14. What Latin author discusses the origins of words such as **classicus**, **proletarius**, and **botulus** and includes the only extant version of Sedigitus' canon of comic authors in his 20-book **Atticae Noctēs**? **AULUS GELLIUS**
    B1: What book of the Attic Nights survives only by its chapter-headings? **8**
    B2: What fable does Gellius relate in Book 5 of his Attic Nights?
    ANDROCLES AND THE LION

15. The father of Lycus and Nycteus, the ancestor of Tiresias, and the husband of Agave were among what people, sprung from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus?
    SPARTOI/SOWN-MEN
    B1: Which of the Spartoi was the father of Lycus and Nycteus? **CHTHONIUS**
    B2: Name either of the Spartoi not described in the tossup.
    HYPERENOR/PELORUS

[SCORE CHECK]

16. Differentiate in meaning between **levis** and **lēvis**. **LIGHT** and **SMOOTH**
    B1: Differentiate in meaning between **emī** and **ēmī**.
    TO BE BOUGHT and **I HAVE BOUGHT**
    B2: Differentiate in meaning between **uter** and **ūter**.
    EITHER/WHICH OF TWO and **BAG/SKIN/BOTTLE**

17. Called "an excellent and upright man, though he ruled only a very short time" by Cassius Dio, what emperor appointed his father-in-law Sulpicianus as **praefectus urbi** following the assassination of Commodus? **PERTINAX**
B1: To whom did Sulpicianus later lose a very important auction?
DIDIUS JULIANUS
B2: How much did Didius Julianus eventually agree to pay each man?
25,000 SESTERCES

18. What late Latin author professes to have been "a former soldier and a Greek" and was a pagan tolerant enough of Christianity to write a rather impartial history from Constantius to the death of Valens? **AMMIANUS MARCELLINUS**
B1: Of what earlier author's history is Marcellinus' a continuation? **TACITUS**
B2: Under what emperor did Marcellinus serve in the military, who himself wrote a satire on Antioch entitled "Beard-hater?" **JULIAN**

19. Polypoites, Epeius, Diomedes, Agamemnon, and Odysseus all won events at the funeral games of what youth, depicted in Book 23 of the Iliad? **PATROCLUS**
B1: What even did Odysseus win at the Funeral Games? **FOOT RACE**
B2: Who won the wrestling at the funeral games of Patroclus?
DRAW/TIE/NO-ONE/AJAX AND ODYSSEUS

[SCORE CHECK]

20. When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Surgē et tangē tuum caput, tuōs umerōs, tua genua, et tuōs pedēs.**
STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND TOUCH HEAD, SHOULDERS, KNEES, AND TOES
B1: Now perform this command: **Surgite et tollite utrōsque pollicēs.**
STUDENTS SHOULD STAND AND GIVE TWO THUMBS UP
B2: Now perform this command: **Surgite et plaudite.**
STUDENTS SHOULD STAND AND CLAP

[SCORE CHECK] IF THERE IS A TIE, PROCEED TO TIEBREAKER #1 -- RULES ARE EXPLAINED THERE
LEVEL 4
Final Round -- Tiebreaker #1

To be played if there is a tie in the final round (whether for first place or otherwise). Rules:
1. 5 Tossups, No Bonuses
2. Each Tossup is worth 1 point
3. Only the teams which are tied may participate
4. If a team reaches 3 points or a mathematically unassailable lead, the tie is resolved.
5. If there remains a tie after Tiebreaker #1, proceed to Tiebreaker #2

1. Give the Latin and English for the motto of the city of London.
DOMINE, DIRIGE NOS -- LORD, DIRECT US

2. What philosopher from Rhodes wrote "On Duties," the principal source used by Cicero in his work of the same name? **PANAETIUS**

3. The river Halys, Apollo, and Zeus were all tricked by what daughter of Asopus, who desired to remain a virgin at any cost? **SINOPE**

4. What king from Caere allegedly added a hundred members to the Senate, known as **minorēs gentēs**? **TARQUINIUS PRISCUS**

5. What use of the genitive case is found in the following sentence: **Verrēs multō turpior est quam comitēs suī**. **DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE**

LEVEL 4
Final Round -- Tiebreaker #2

1. Rules are the same as Tiebreaker #1
2. If the teams remained tied, play sudden death tossups with the remaining extra tossups

1. Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: **soprano**, **sovereign**, **supreme**, **superb**? **ALL FROM SAME**

2. **Ille mī par esse deo vidētur** opens what author's direct translation of a poem by Sappho?

CATULLUS

3. If one were traveling from Palmyra to the **Pontus Euxinus**, what cardinal direction would he be traveling? **NORTH**

4. What Thespian youth was picked to be sacrificed to a dragon, but was saved by his lover, Menestratus? **CLEOSTRATUS**

5. Differentiate in meaning between **item** and **idem.** **LIKEWISE** and **SAME**

LEVEL 4 FINALS EXTRAS

Mythology:

1. Who was saved from the "dolphination" of the rest of his crew because he did not wish to betray Dionysus? **ACOETES**
   B1: Acoetes was brought before what king of Thebes to prove Dionysus' divinity, since the king did not believe? **PENTHEUS**
   B2: Who was the mother of Pentheus, who literally tore him apart when she caught him spying on her? **AGAVE**

2. Buphagus and Thornax tried to rape what goddess, whose love interests included Orion? **ARTEMIS**
   B1: According to some stories, what giantess did Orion rape, causing his death by Artemis? **OPIS**
   B2: According to other stories, with what goddess did Orion lay, causing his death by Artemis? **EOS**

History + Culture:

3. At what 3rd-century BC battle did the "Linen Legion" under Papirius Cursor defeat the Samnites in the last major battle of the Samnite Wars? **AQUILONIA**
   B1+B2: For five points each, name the two Roman commanders at the Battle of Sentinum. P. **DECIUS MUS** and Q. **FABIUS** MAXIMUS RULLIANUS

4. Killed by Theodoric the Great at a banquet in 493 A.D., what Germanic chieftain deposed Romulus Augustulus and ended the Western Roman Empire? **ODOACER**
   B1: Who was the father of Romulus Augustulus? **ORESTES**
   B2: Who was the emperor in the East during the fall of the Empire? **ZENO**

Literature:

5. Termed **mediocrī vir ingenio** by Quintilian, what encyclopedist wrote an 8-book medicinal work under the reign of Tiberius? AULUS CORNELIUS **CELSUS**
   B1: With what do the last two books of Celsus' work deal? **SURGERY**
   B2: From what Greek does Celsus take most of his information? **HIPPOCRATES**

6. What author, the son of a physician from Bordeaux, described the typical day in his life in the **Ephemeris** and dedicated a long poem to the Moselle River? **AUSONIUS**
   B1: To what emperor did Ausonius pen a long **Gratiarum actio** in thanks for his consulship? **GRATIAN**
   B2: What work of Ausonius is a catalogue of his relatives and ancestors? **PARENTALIA**

Language:

7. What conjunction would be used to translate the following sentence from English to Latin: "I do not doubt that we can win today?" **QUIN**

    B1: Now translate that sentence from Latin to English.t

    NON DUBITO QUIN HODIE VINCERE POSSIMUS

    B2: What conjugation would be used to translate this sentence from English to Latin: "The ships were prevented from returning into harbor?" **QUOMINUS**

8. Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Senex multōs annōs timēbat nē militēs aurum invenirent.**

    FOR MANY YEARS THE FARMER FEARED THAT THE SOLDIERS WOULD FIND HIS GOLD

    B1: Now translate this sentence to English: **Timēmus nē nulla spēs salutis nobīs iam sit.**

    WE ARE AFRAID THAT THERE IS NO HOPE OF SAFETY FOR US NOW

    B2: Now translate this sentence into English: **Rēgina mīlitēs in provinciam mittet quī incolās terreant.**

9. From what Latin verb with what meaning are "torch," "torment," and "torture" derived?

    TORQUEO, TO TWIST

    B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning are "tornado" and "astound" derived?

    TONO, TO THUNDER

    B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning are "petulant" and "repeat" derived?

    PETO, TO SEEK/HEAD FOR

10. Quid Anglicē significat: **fodiō**? **TO DIG**

    B1: Quid Anglicē significat: **for**? **TO SPEAK/SAY**

    B2: Quid Anglicē significat: **candeo**? **TO SHINE**

11. **Sequester**, **vas**, **colus**, and **domus** all share what grammatical distinction?

    HETEROCLITES

    B1: **Terrum**, **collum**, and **cingulum** all share what grammatical distinction?

    HETEROGENEOUS

    B2: **Dicis**, **amussim**, and **glos** all share what grammatical distinction?

    MONOPTOTES