TU 1

What mythological group was made up of Thalia, Terpsichore, and seven others?

THE MUSES

B1

Who was the mother of the Muses?

MNEMOSYNE

B2

In one story, the Muses were said to have been born when what creature touched the Helicon spring?

PEGASUS

TU 2

From what Latin verb with what meaning do we get the English words overt and aperture?

APERIO = TO OPEN, UNCOVER, DISCLOSE

B1

From what Latin verb with what meaning do we get the English words augment and auction?

AUGEO = TO INCREASE

B2

From what Latin verb with what meaning do we get the English word *obedience*?

AUDIO = TO HEAR, LISTEN TO

TU 3

For the verb capio, capere give the 3rd person, plural, future, active, indicative

CAPIENT

B1

Change *capient* to the future perfect

CEPERINT

B2

Change *ceperint* to the passive voice

CAPTI ERUNT

TU 4

What structure located between the Palatine and Aventine Hills was known for its chariot racing?

CIRCUS MAXIMUS

B1&B2

The emperor Domitian added two colored factions to the original four. For five points each, name these colors

PURPLE & GOLD

TU 5

Say in Latin: Do you like learning the Latin language?

AMASNE / AMATISNE / DILIGISNE / DILIGITISNE DISCERE LINGUAM LATINAM?

B1

Say in Latin: You are not going to school tomorrow, are you?

NUM CRAS AD SCHOLAM IS / ITIS?

// NUM ES ITURUS / ESTIS ITURI AD SCHOLAM CRAS?

B2

Say in Latin: You want to win this contest don't you?

NONNE HOC CERTAMEN VIS / VULTIS / CUPIS / CUPITIS VINCERE?

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 6

What state has the motto "ad astra per aspera"?

KANSAS

B1

What state has the motto "dum spiro, spero"?

SOUTH CAROLINA

B2

What is the Latin motto of the state of Missouri?

SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX (ESTO)

TU 7

Give the accusative singular for the phrase *solum animal*.

SOLUM ANIMAL

B1

Make solum animal genitive

SOLIUS ANIMALIS

B2

Make solius animalis plural

SOLORUM ANIMALIUM

TU8

Who preceded and succeeded Caligula?

TIBERIUS (FORMER); CLAUDIUS (LATTER)

B1

Who preceded and succeeded Titus?

VESPASIAN (FORMER); DOMITIAN (LATTER)

B2

Who preceded and succeeded Marcus Aurelius?

ANTONINUS PIUS (FORMER); COMMODUS (LATTER)

TU9

Who attempted to delay choosing a new husband by unraveling the shroud she wove for her father-in-law?

PENELOPE

B1

Name her father-in-law.

LAERTES

B2

For how long was Penelope able to keep up this ruse?

THREE YEARS

TU 10

Listen carefully to the following passage about this adapted Shakespeare scene which I will read twice and answer the questions that follow in English.

Rex cum suo fratre ivit ut nuptiās suae filiae videret. Post nuptiās, dum domum navigant, subito, magna tempestas accidit. Viri timent et deos evocant, sed dei eos non audiunt. Nave pervertā, viri ad insulam ignotam pervenerunt.

The question: With whom did the king travel?

HIS BROTHER

B1

What was the purpose of the king's trip?

TO SEE HIS DAUGHTER'S WEDDING/MARRIAGE

B2

When the storm occurred, what did the men do?

THEY CALL OUT TO THE GODS/ASK THE GODS FOR HELP

(FOR MODERATOR REFERENCE FOR PASSAGE: A king went with his brother to see his daughter's wedding. After the wedding, while, they were sailing home, suddenly, a great storm occurred. The men are scared and call out to the gods, but the gods do not hear them. After their ship was overturned, the men arrived on an unknown island.)

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 11

According to Hesiod, what primordial being was the mother of *Ourea*, *Pontus*, and *Uranus*?

GAIA

B1

What physical feature of the earth does Ourea personify?

MOUNTAINS

B2

How many Titans and Titanesses did Gaia bear with Uranus?

TWELVE

TU 12

Where in Rome would you go to see venationes and naumachiae?

COLOSSEUM / AMPHITHEATER

B1

Which emperor was credited with the construction of the Colosseum?

TITUS

B2

Who built the first permanent amphitheater in Rome?

STATILIUS TAURUS

TU 13

Identify the case and use of the word for friend in the following sentence: *Hic equus carissimus meo amico est.*

DATIVE WITH (SPECIAL) ADJECTIVES

B1

... Nescivi meum amicum mortuum esse.

ACCUSATIVE SUBJECT (OF AN INDIRECT STATEMENT)

B2

... Ille altior meo amico est.

ABLATIVE COMPARISON

TU 14

Who agreed to betray her father and aid Jason on the condition that he would take her with him?

MEDEA

B1

Among the tasks that Jason was assigned, one was to plough a field with fire-breathing oxen that he had to yoke himself. How did Medea aid him in this seemingly impossible task?

SHE GAVE HIM A POTION THAT WOULD PROTECT HIM

B2

Whom did Medea butcher to ensure her and Jason's flight from Colchis?

ABSYRTUS (PROMPT ON HER BROTHER)

TU 15

Translate the following sentence into English: Militēs hostem magnā cum vi oppugnaverant.

THE SOLDIERS HAD ATTACKED THE ENEMY WITH GREAT FORCE

B1

... Hoste victō, militēs regī suam victoriam nuntiaverunt.

WHEN THE ENEMY WAS DEFEATED (AFTER/WITH THE ENEMY HAVING BEEN DEFEATED), THE SOLDIERS ANNOUNCED THEIR VICTORY TO THE KING

B2

... Rex dicet suos milites celerrimos et potentissimos omnium esse.

THE KING WILL SAY THAT HIS SOLDIERS ARE THE SWIFTEST AND MOST POWERFUL OF ALL.

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 16

What new institution did Diocletian establish consisting of Caesares and Augusti?

TETRARCHY

B1

What man did Diocletian defeat at the Margus River in 285 AD to become emperor of Rome?

CARINUS

B2

Who was Diocletian's Caesar in the East?

GALERIUS

TU 17

Quid anglice significat tum?

THEN, AT THAT TIME

B1

Quid anglice significat tam?

SO, SO FAR, TO SUCH A DEGREE

B2

Quid anglice significat tamen?

HOWEVER, YET, NEVERTHELESS

TU 18

What Titan offered to take the immortality of the centaur Chiron, thereby allowing Chiron to die in peace?

PROMETHEUS

B1

Why did Chiron wish to die?

HE HAD BEEN POISONED BY THE BLOOD OF THE HYDRA

B2

Who would ironically meet a similar fate as Chiron, as he was the one who accidentally shot him with a poisoned arrow?

HERACLES

TU 19

Give a Latin synonym for the word teneo.

HABEO

B1

Give a Latin synonym for the word interficio.

NECO / CAEDO / OCCIDO

B2

Give a Latin synonym for the word *porto*.

FERO / GERO

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 20

What emperor saw the words "in hoc signo vinces" in a dream and believed that this signified that he would be the victor of Milvian Bridge?

CONSTANTINE

B1

Against whom did Constantine face at this battle?

MAXENTIUS

B2

Constantine set up a new capital at Byzantium, which he renamed after himself. Give the modern day name of this city.

ISTANBUL

[FINAL SCORE]

TU 1

Which of the following, if any, does not derive from the same Latin root as the others: accentuate, canary, charm, enchant, recant

CANARY

B1

From what Latin word with what meaning do we get canary?

CANIS = DOG

B2

From what Latin word with what meaning do we get the rest of the words listed in the toss up?

CANO = SING (CANTO IS INCORRECT BECAUSE OF CHARM)

TU 2

Who was proclaimed emperor by the praetorian guard after they found him hiding behind curtains after the death of his predecessor in 41 AD?

CLAUDIUS

B1

Claudius added many provinces during his reign. What province did he add in 44 AD which was previously visited by Caligula and Julius Caesar?

BRITAIN

B2

What wife of Claudius poisoned him with mushrooms so that her son could become emperor?

AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER

TU3

Who purified Jason and the Argonauts for the murder of Absyrtus, though she showed no such hospitality to the crew of Odysseus?

CIRCE

B1

On what island did Circe dwell?

AEAEA

B2

What herb did Odysseus consume to be safe from Circe's magic?

MOLY

TU 4

Make the phrase haec suavis domus ablative.

HĀC SUAVI DOMŪ / DOMO

B1

Make *hāc suavi domū* plural

HĪS SUAVIBUS DOMIBUS

B2

Make hīs suavibus domibus genitive

HORUM SUAVIUM DOMUUM

TU 5

Listen to the following passage about this adapted Shakespeare scene which I will read twice and answer the questions that follow in English.

Paris tenens flores, prope sepulchrum Iuliae stetit. Subito, Paris virum venientem audivit et fugit ad arbores et celavit. Vir erat Romulus qui consobrinum Iuliae interfecerat. Romulo cognito, Paris iratus eum gladio oppugnavit et eum ferē interfecit.

The question: What did Paris bring with him at Julia's grave?

FLOWERS / A SWORD

B1

What did Romulus do when he heard someone coming?

HE RAN (TO THE TREES) AND HID

B2

Why did Paris attack Romulus?

ROMULUS HAD KILLED JULIA'S COUSIN

(FOR MODERATOR REFERENCE FOR PASSAGE: Paris holding flowers stood near Julia's grave. Suddenly, Paris heard a man approaching and fled towards a tree and hid. The man was Romulus who killed Julia's cousin. Having recognized Romulus, Paris fought him with a sword.)

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 6

Give a three word Latin phrase that cautions you to view something with skepticism and literally means with a grain of salt.

CUM GRANO SALIS

B1

Give a three word Latin phrase that refers to a plot device in stories where an unexpected power intervenes and saves the character from a hopeless situation.

DEUS EX MACHINA

B2

Give a three word Latin phrase that means that something is done with the expectation that the favor would be returned.

QUID PRO QUO / MANUS MANUM LAVAT

TU 7

Identify the common bond: camillus, far, flammeum, tunica recta?

WEDDINGS / MARRIAGES / NUPTIAE / CONUBIUM / CONFARREATIO

B1

Identify the common bond: mulsum, prandium, gustus, secunda mensa?

MEALS / FOOD / EATING

B2

Identify the common bond: picta, pulla, virilis, candida?

TYPES OF TOGAS / CLOTHING / DRESS

TU 8

Many words in Latin can be a noun and a verb. Translate the form *duces* into English two different ways.

THE LEADERS // YOU WILL LEAD

B1

Now do the same thing for regi.

TO / FOR THE KING // TO BE RULED

B2

Now do the same thing for fero (with one R) and ferro (with two Rs).

FERO - I BRING, CARRY, BEAR // FERRO - WITH IRON / A SWORD

TU 9

Who, named after both a king of Rome and an emperor, was the last emperor of Rome?

ROMULUS AUGUST(UL)US

В1

In what year did the Western Roman Empire fall?

476 AD

B2

What famous Eastern Roman Emperor tried to retake the Western Empire in the 6th century AD?

JUSTINIAN

TU 10

Who was told by the Greek herald Talthybius that her son would be thrown down from the walls of Troy?

ANDROMACHE

B1

Who was this son of hers?

ASTYANAX

B2

Why had the Greeks ordered that Astyanax be killed?

THEY WANTED NO DESCENDANT OF HECTOR TO REMAIN

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 11 Using the verb fero, say in Latin: Marcus, bring the wagon quickly to the Forum MARCE, FER CARRUM / RAEDAM / CARPENTUM / CISIUM CELERITER AD FORUM
B1 Say in Latin: Julia, don't lead the animals through the mountains IULIA, NOLI DUCERE ANIMALIA PER MONTES B2 Say in Latin: Aurelius, don't believe Lucius. Take the money AURELI, NOLI CREDERE LUCIO. CAPE PECUNIAM
TU 12 What part of a Roman soldier's armor was the galea? HELMET B1
What is the Latin term for a thrusting spear carried by soldiers? HASTA B2 What is the Latin term for a throwing spear carried by soldiers? PILUM
TU 13 Complete the following grammatical analogy: teneo is to tenuit as pello is to PEPULIT
B1 teneo is to tentus est as expedio is to EXPEDITUS EST B2 teneo is to tenuisse as fugio is to
FUGISSE

TU 14

What Nonacrian nymph sealed her fate when she prayed to her sister nymphs to transform her in order to free her from Pan's relentless pursuit?

SYRINX

B1

Into what was Syrinx then transformed?

MARSH REEDS / REED PIPES (prompt on "Syrinx")

B2

At what Arcadian river was this event said to have taken place?

LADON

TU 15

Identify case and use of the word for money in the following sentence:

Pulchra regina magnum amorem pecuniae habet.

OBJECTIVE GENITIVE

B1

Express this same sentence using a dative of possession.

MAGNUS AMOR PECUNIAE PULCHRAE REGINAE EST

B2

Identify the uses of the dative in the following sentence: Milites pulchrae reginae auxilio erant.

DOUBLE DATIVE // REFERENCE AND PURPOSE

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 16

Give a Latin antonym for do, dare.

CAPIO / RAPIO / ACCIPIO / RECIPIO

B1

Give a Latin antonym for *laetus*.

TRISTIS / MISER / MAESTUS

B2

Give a Latin antonym for clamo.

TACEO / SILEO / SUSSURO

TU 17

Which emperor led a military expedition into Scotland in 208 A.D. before dying at Eboracum with his two sons, Caracalla and Geta, at his side?

SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B1

Which wife of Septimius Severus bore him both Caracalla and Geta?

JULIA DOMNA

B2

After murdering his brother, Caracalla was murdered in 217 A.D. by which praetorian prefect who then became emperor?

MACRINUS

TU 18

What king would have been spared by Aeneas but was killed when Aeneas saw the belt of Pallas on him?

TURNUS

B1

Of what people was Turnus king?

RUTULIANS

B2

What famous ancestor of Turnus founded the city of Ardea?

DANAE

TU 19

What do the following have in common: impedimentum, auxilium, copiae?

DIFFERENT MEANINGS IN THE SINGULAR AND PLURAL

B1

Who do the following have in common: fas, nihil, satis

INDECLINABLE (NEUTER) NOUNS

B2

What do following have in common: vis, turris, sitis, imber?

PURE I-STEM

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 20

What daughter of Pandion had her tongue cut off after she was raped by her brother-in-law and was later transformed into a swallow?

PHILOMELA

B1

To avenge Philomela, how did Philomela's sister Procne punish her husband?

CUT UP THEIR SON (ITYS) AND SERVED HIM (IN A STEW) TO HER HUSBAND

B2

Procne was not the first parent to cut up her own child and served him as a meal. Which man tried to trick the gods by feeding his son Pelops to the gods?

TANTALUS

[FINAL SCORE]

2017 TSJCL CERTAMEN NOVICE FINAL ROUND

1.	Who, having defeated Pescennius Niger at Issus in 197A.D., became sole ruler of the Roman world?			
			SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS	
	B1.	Where had Septimius Severus defeated Clodius Albinus in 194 A.D.?	LUGDUNUM	
	B2.	What Parthian capital did Septimius Severus capture after the battle of	Issus? CTESIPHON	
2.	Chang	ge the verb form vidēre to the passive.	VIDĒRĪ	
	B1:	Change the verb form vincere to the passive.	VINCĪ	
	B2:	Change the verb form facere to the passive.	FIERĪ	
3.	What	beautiful youth was lulled to sleep by the kiss of the moon goddess Sele	ene? ENDYMION	
	B1:	According to Ovid, on what mountain did Endymion sleep?	LATMUS	
	B2:	What god was the father of Endymion?	ZEUS	
4.	Differ	rentiate in meaning between ludus and lupus .		
		LUDUS - SCHOOL / C	SAME LUPUS - WOLF	
	B1:	between mare and marītus. MARE - SEA	MARĪTUS - HUSBAND	
	B2:	between postquam and quamquam .		
		POSTQUAM - AFTER(WARDS) QUA	AMQUAM - ALTHOUGH	
5.	Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in LATIN the question about it:			
	Olim erat malus et scelestus imperātor nomine Nero. Hic imperātor erat crūdēlis et etiam suam matrem interficere temptāvit. Cum ingēns ignis urbem Romam consumēbat, Nero lyrā ludēbat et rīdēbat. Statim ante mortem, Nero exclamāvit "Quālis artifex pereō!"			
	Quest	ion: Qualis imperator Nero erat?	MALUS / SCELESTUS	
	B1: B2:	Quem Nero necāre temptāvit? Cum Roma ardēbat, quās duās rēs Nero faciēbat?	MATREM (SUAM) LUDĒBAT ET RĪDĒBAT	
6.	What	led a contingent of over		
	one th	ousand ships to Troy?	AGAMEMNON	
	B1:	How many of his own ships did Agamemnon lead to Troy?	100	
	B2:	Where in Greece was Agamemnon king?	MYCENAE	
7.	For th	e verb capiō , give the 2nd person, plural, pluperfect, passive, indicative	. CAPTĪ ERĀTIS	
	B1:	Change captī erātis to the future.	CAPIĒMINĪ	
	B2:	Change capiēminī to the future perfect active.	CĒPERITIS	

8. What emperor ruled as co-emperor with his father Valerian from 253 to 260 A.D?

GALLIENUS

B1

What king of the Sassanid Empire defeated and captured Valerian at the battle of Edessa in 260 A.D?

SHAPUR (I)

B2

Gallienus ruled for another eight years as sole emperor after his father's capture. How did Gallienus die in 268 A.D?

HE WAS ASSASSINATED

9. Translate the following sentence into English: Fēlīx navis celeriter trans undās movit.

THE HAPPY / LUCKY / FORTUNATE SHIP MOVED QUICKLY ACROSS THE WAVES

B1: Translate this sentence: Prūdēns fēmina multōs librōs leget.

A WISE WOMAN WILL READ MANY BOOKS

B2: Translate this sentence: Mīles anxius dē morte saepe cogitat.

THE ANXIOUS / WORRIED SOLDIER OFTEN THINKS ABOUT DEATH

10. Who was first chosen as the captain of the Argo, but deferred the leadership of the group to Jason out of respect?

HERACLES / HERCULES

B1: Heracles left the Argo when what companion went missing?

HYLAS

B2: Who suggested to Jason that the Argo abandon Heracles?

ZEETES & CALAIS

11. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "cascade" and "decadent"? CADŌ - FALL

B1: ...do we derive "sauté" and "somersault'?

SALIŌ - JUMP

B2: ...do we derive "jurisprudence"?

VIDEŌ - SEE

12. What event in Rome, celebrated every March 17th, recognized the transition from boyhood to manhood for young Roman males?

LĪBERĀLIA

B1: What garment did Roman boys stop wearing on the Līberālia? TOGA PRAETEXTA

- B2: What other item, comprising part of the so-called **insignia pueritiae**, did Roman boys put away on the **Līberālia**? BULLA
- 13. Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence: Cicero orationem magnā cum curā habuit.

 MANNER
 - B1: Translate that sentence into idiomatic English.

CICERO MADE A SPEECH WITH GREAT CARE

- B2: Identify the use of the ablative here: **Timore dux mīlitēs līberābit.** SEPARATION
- 14. What Tyrian prince, son of Agenor and Telephassa, left his kingdom to search for his sister, Europa, who had been abducted by Zeus in the form of a bull?

 CADMUS
 - B1: After serving Ares in return for killing a sacred dragon at the site where Thebes was to be built, what daughter of Ares was given to Cadmus in marriage?

 HARMONIA
 - B2: What grandson of Cadmus was on the throne of Thebes when Dionysus arrived in the city?

PENTHEUS

15. Who was known as *Graeculus* due to his love of Greece, but is perhaps most well-known for his namesake wall that marks the northern border of Roman Britannia? **HADRIAN B1** During Hadrian's reign, who led a rebellion in Judea? SIMON / SHIMON BAR KOCHBA(R) / BARCOSIBA(R) **B2** Where, in Spain, were Hadrian and his predecessor, Trajan, born? **ITALICA** ILLĪ AUDACĪ MEDICŌ 16. For the phrase **ille audax medicus**, give the dative singular. ILLĪS AUDACIBUS MEDICĪS Change that phrase to the plural. B1: B2: ILLŌRUM AUDACIUM MEDICŌRUM Change that phrase to the genitive. Which of the following states does not have a Latin motto "New York, Kansas, Massachusetts, Florida, 17. West Virginia"? **FLORIDA** B1: Which of these states also does not have a Latin motto: "Maine, Colorado, California, Oklahoma, Vermont"? **CALIFORNIA** B2: In what language is California's motto? **GREEK** What first king of Attica judged the contest between Athena and Poseidon? 18. **CECROPS** Who was the father of Cecrops? B1: **ERECTHEUS** What two sisters of Cecrops share a tragic story? B2: PROCNE & PHILOMELA 19. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following commands: "Stā et fac sonum porci" PLAYER STANDS AND MAKES THE SOUND OF A PIG B1: Now follow these commands: "Sedēte in terrā et lacrimāte" AT LEAST TWO PLAYERS MUST SIT ON THE FLOOR AND CRY B2: Now follow this command: "Nolīte movēre" PLAYERS DO NOT MOVE 20. What emperor of Rome retired to his home in Dalmatia in 305 A.D.? **DIOCLETIAN** To what city in the modern Czech Republic did Diocletian retire? B1: SPLIT / SALONA B2: Whom did Diocletian force to retire with him in 305 A.D.? **MAXIMIAN**