

Boston Latin Academy Certamen Forum 2013
Advanced Division
Round 1

1. In the sentence “Caesar wonders what Cicero is doing, translate “what Cicero is doing”.
QUID CICERO FACIAT
B1: In the sentence “Cicero does not know why Caesar said that,” translate “why Caesar said that”.
CUR CAESAR ILLUD DIXERIT
B2: In the sentence “Caesar and Cicero wondered whether they were friends,” translate “whether they are friends”.
NUM AMICĪ ESSENT
2. What two brothers, one a skilled pugilist and the other a horse tamer, became guardians of sailors and spent alternating days on Olympus and in Hades after one was killed with a spear?
CASTOR & POLLUX/POLYDEUCES / DIOSCURI
B1: What mortal, after killing Castor with a spear, was struck down by Zeus’ thunderbolt?
IDAS
B2: What sister of the Dioscuri also vanished into the sky and became a guardian of sailors before Polyxo was able to kill her?
HELEN
3. “**In novā fert animus mutātēs dicere formās**” are the words that begin what author’s *Metamorphoses*?
(PUBLIUS) OVIDIUS (NASO)
B1: Into how many books did Ovid divide his *Metamorphoses*?
FIFTEEN
B2: The *Metamorphoses* and the *Ars Armatoria* contributed to Ovid’s exile to what location on the black sea?
TOMI
4. What young man was declared a **divī filius** on January 1, 42 BC shortly after the deification of his adoptive father Gaius Julius Caesar?
OCTAVIAN
B1: What fellow triumvir assisted Octavian in setting up proscriptions and pursuing Caesar’s assassins?
MARCUS ANTONIUS / MARC ANTONY
B2: Octavian and Antony twice defeated the forces of Iunius Brutus and Cassius Longinus at what site in 42 BC leading to their suicide?
PHILIPPI
5. Define the Latin noun “**vitta**”.
FILLET / HEADBAND / RIBBON
B1: Define the Latin noun “**imber**”.
RAIN
B2: Define the Latin “**querela**”.
QUARREL / COMPLAINT / WHINING
6. For the verb **sequor**, give all of the present imperative forms.
SEQUERE & SEQUIMINĪ
B1: For the same verb, give all of the infinitive forms.
SEQUI, SECŪTUS ESSE, SECŪTŪRUS ESSE
B2: Again for the same verb, give all of the participial forms.

SEQUĒNS, SECŪTŪRUS, SECŪTUS, SEQUENDUS

7. What author discusses wandering **simulacra** and the theory of **Clinamen** in his didactic work *De Rerum Natura*? **LUCRETIVS**
B1: What goddess does Lucretius invoke in the opening lines of his work? **VENUS**
B2: What philosophy dominates the majority of this work? **EPICUREANISM**
8. What woman after being purchased for twenty oxen was brought to Ithaca as a servant by Laertes, although he never lay with her for fear of angering his wife Anticleia? **EURYCLEIA**
B1: In what capacity did Eurycleia serve Laertes? **NURSE (FOR HIS SON ODYSSEUS)**
B2: How did Eurycleia recognize Odysseus when he returned to Ithaca, although disguised? **HUNTING SCAR ON HIS THIGH**
9. Which of the following words, if any, is not a derivative of “**ago**”? Ambiguous, essay, exaggerate, actual, agile **EXAGGERATE**
B1: What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of “exaggerate”? **AGGER – HEAP, PILE**
B2: What derivative of “**ago**” means to change from a fluid into a thickened mass? **COAGULATE**
10. Who was the first emperor of Rome to rule with a co-Augustus and became the last official member of the dynasty referred to as the “Five Good Emperors”? **MARCUS AURELIUS**
B1: Who was this co-Augustus who reigned from 161 to 169 AD and helped maintain order in the western portion of the empire? **LUCIUS VERUS**
B2: Marcus Aurelius broke tradition and brought about the downfall of his dynasty when he appointed his natural son Commodus as heir. How had his four predecessors chosen their heirs? **ADOPTION**
11. By what collective name do we know Arges, Brontes, and Steropes? **CYCLOPES**
B1: Why did Zeus release the Cyclopes from their prison in Tartarus during the war with the Titans? **IN ORDER TO FORGE HIS THUNDERBOLTS**
B2: What god ultimately killed the Cyclopes to avenge Zeus’ murder of his son Asclepius? **APOLLO**
12. What author and member of the **collegium scribarum histrionumque** provided a direction for all of Latin Literature with his translation of Homer’s *Odyssey*? **LIVIVS ANDRONICUS**
B1: From what city in Magna Graecia had Andronicus been brought to Rome in 272 BC? **TARENTUM**
B2: Although Andronicus composed an epic, he did not use the traditional dactylic hexameter. What early Italic meter did Andronicus employ in his *Odyssea*? **SATURNIAN**

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Round 2

1. What early Latin author demonstrated a unique sense of nationalism by first composing **fabulae praetextae** such as *Romulus* and *Clastidium* which were meant to glorify Roman historical events?
GNAEUS NAEVIUS
B1: What is the Latin title of Naevius' magnum opus which was an epic surrounding the events of the First Punic War?
BELLUM PUNICUM
B2: Naevius spent the final years of his life as an exile in Utica because of his lampoons of what powerful Roman family?
METELLI
2. What Greek deity had the epithets "Delphinus" and "Smintheus"? **APOLLO**
B1: What Greek deity had the epithets "Tritogeneia" and "Promachus"? **ATHENA**
B2: What Greek deity had the epithets "Ennosigaeus" and "Gaiechos"? **POSEIDON**
3. Translate into English: "**Si pecūniam invenias, eam mihi mittas**".
IF YOU SHOULD FIND MONEY, YOU SHOULD SEND IT TO ME
B1: What type of conditional is illustrated by this sentence? **FUTURE LESS VIVID**
B2: Now translate both verbs into Latin so that the sentence would be translated "if I had found money, I would have sent it to you".
INVĒNISSEM, MĪSISSEM
4. What Latin term refers to the first eight days of an infant's life before it would receive its **nōmen** on the **diēs lustricus**? **PRIMORDIA**
B1: By what name would an infant be called during this period? **PUPUS / PUPA**
B2: At birth a child would be accompanied by either a **genius** or a **iuno** to protect it from what evil spirit?
FASCINATIŌ
5. Give the Latin verb and its meaning which lies at the root of the English words "sudden", "perish", and "transition". **EŌ – TO GO**
B1: Give the Latin preposition and its meaning which lies at the root of the English words "strange" and "extreme". **EXTRĀ – BEYOND**
B2: Give the Latin noun and its meaning which lies at the root of the English words "sauce" and "salary". **SAL – SALT**
6. According to Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, into what is Nyctimene transformed after being raped by her father? **OWL**
B1: Into what is Battus transformed for divulging information about Hermes' theft of Apollo's cattle?
STONE
B2: Into what is Lycaon transformed for feeding Zeus the flesh of his own sons? **WOLF**

7. To what class of nouns do **Cisseīs**, **Tydidēs**, and **Scipiadēs** belong because they indicate a person's male parentage?

PATRONYMICS

B1: What does the suffix **–ōsus** denote about the intended meaning of a noun?

FULL OF SOMETHING

B2: What does the suffix **–trix** denote about the quality of a noun?

FEMALE AGENCY (i.e. a female performs the action)

8. In 23 BC when Augustus fell gravely ill, to whom did he entrust his signet ring because his heir Marcellus was too young to obtain power?

AGRIPPA

B1: When Marcellus died young, what two sons of Agrippa and Julia did Augustus adopt as his heirs?

GAIUS (CAESAR) & LUCIUS (CAESAR)

B2: What honorific title did Augustus secure for Gaius Caesar before he was appointed to the consulship at the early age of 20?

PRINCEPS IUVENTUTIS / HEAD OF THE CADETS OF THE EQUESTRIAN ORDER

9. Complete the following analogy. **Amō : amāvisse :: tangō : _____**.

TĒTĪGISSE

B1: Complete this analogy. **Portō : portārī :: perducō : _____**.

PERDUCĪ

B2: Complete this analogy. **Spectō : spectātum :: pangō : _____**.

PACTUM

10. What author begins his work with a short ethnographic treatise of Gaul before going on to elaborate on the details of his military campaign within the pages of his *Comentarī De Bellō Gallicō*?

(GAIUS JULIUS) CAESAR

B1: How many books of the *De Bellō Gallicō* did Caesar write himself?

SEVEN

B2: What Roman commander was thought to have written the *Bellum Alexandrinum* and the *Bellum Hispaniense*, as well as the eighth book of the *De Bellō Gallicō*?

AULUS HIRTIUS

11. At what battle in 256 BC did the consuls Marcus Atilius Regulus and Lucius Manlius Vulso issue the Carthaginians their largest naval defeat of the First Punic War?

CAPE ECNOMUS

B1: After this battle, the Carthaginians hired what Spartan mercenary to reorganize their army?

XANTHIPPIUS

B2: Where did Xanthippus earn a victory over the Romans in the following year, capturing Regulus in the process?

BAGRADAS VALLEY

12. Who purchased a cow from King Pelagon with moon-shaped markings on its side and following the advice of the Delphic Oracle established his city where it finally lay to rest?

CADMUS

B1: What eponymous name did Cadmus give to this city before it was later renamed Thebes?

CADMEIA

B2: What musician and future king of Thebes built the city's seven walls with his lyre and renamed the city after his brother's wife?

AMPHION

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Round 3

1. What son of Cephissus and Liriope was loved by a garrulous nymph who wasted away after she failed to prevent him from coming to know himself by looking into his reflection in a spring on Mt. Helicon?
NARCISSUS
B1: What deity arranged for Narcissus to drink from this spring? NEMESIS
B2: What did Narcissus become after he wasted while looking at his reflection? FLOWER
2. Differentiate in meaning between **fax** & **faex**. FAX – TORCH & FAEX – DREGS
B1: Differentiate in meaning between **rabies** & **scabies**. RABIES – MADNESS & SCABIES – ITCH, SCAB
B2: Differentiate in meaning between **corvus** & **torvus**. CORVUS – RAVEN, CROW & TORVUS – GRIM, FIERCE
3. **Pomulum**, **Armeniacum**, **Punicum**, and **Persicum** are all variations of what fruit which Romans also simply called **malum**? APPLES
B1: What is the Latin term for the fruit which the general Lucullus first brought to Rome from his Eastern campaigns? CERASUS
B2: These fruits are only some of the various snacks that a hungry Roman could pick up from local vendors while on the go. What is the Latin term for this type of food stand which predates our modern fast-food establishments? THERMOPOLIUM
4. What poet proudly claims that Homer appeared to him in a dream and declared him to be his reincarnation as told in the proem to his *Annales*? (QUINTUS) ENNIUS
B1: How many books comprise Ennius' *Annales*? EIGHTEEN
B2: What nephew of Ennius was referred to by Cicero as Rome's greatest tragedian? (MARCUS) PACUVIUS
5. Translate only the apodosis of the following sentence into Latin. He would fight bravely, if he should be attacked. FORTITER PUGNET
B1: Translate only the apodosis in that sentence into Latin if it instead read as "he would fight bravely, if he were being attacked". FORTITER PUGNĀRET
B2: Translate only the apodosis in that sentence into Latin if it instead read as "he would have fought bravely, if he had been attacked". FORTITER PUGNĀVISSET
6. At what battle in 216 BC was a force of 70,000 Romans virtually annihilated by Hannibal and the Carthaginians? CANNAE
B1: Which of the two consuls, a plebeian, survived this battle? (TERENTIUS) VARRO
B2: Who was re-appointed as dictator after the battle to resume his delaying tactics which had prevented such a disaster prior to his removal from office?

(QUINTUS) FABIVS MAXIMVS (CUNCTATOR)

7. Give the Latin verb and its meaning which lies at the root of “tile” and “protect”.

TEGŌ – TO COVER

B1: Give the Latin noun and its meaning which lies at the root of “square” and “squad”.

QUATTUOR – FOUR

B2: Give the Latin noun and its meaning which lies at the root of “antler” and “binocular”.

OCULVS – EYE

8. Against whom did Cicero deliver fourteen speeches which were modeled on the *Philippics* of Demosthenes of Athens?

MARC ANTONY

B1: Which of Cicero’s speeches was his first ever in a criminal case?

PRO QUINCTIŌ

B2: Which of Cicero’s speeches brought him against Chrysogonus, a powerful freedman of Sulla, in his defense of a man accused of patricide?

PRO ROSCIŌ (AMERINŌ)

9. What emperor, whose final words may have been “**sero, haec est fides**”, was said to have been so eccentric that he played his fiddle as he watched Rome burn during the Great Fire of 64 BC?

NERO

B1: Alternatively Nero’s final words may have been “**qualis artifex pereo**”. What is the English translation for this phrase?

WHAT AN ARTIST DIES IN ME

B2: During Nero’s reign, who formulated a conspiracy which implicated several notable Romans including the authors Seneca the Younger and Petronius?

(GNAEVS CALPURNIVS) PISO

10. When Catullus writes to Lesbia, Tibullus to Delia, and Propertius to Cynthia, what later author identifies each of these women by their actual names in his *Apologia*?

APULEIVS

B1: For what woman does Apuleius claim the name Lesbia to be a pseudonym?

CLODIA

B2: The *Apologia* itself was meant to be a defense speech. Against what accusation was Apuleius defending himself?

WITCHCRAFT

11. What use of the ablative case can be found in this sentence? **Domum tribus talentis addixit.**

PRICE

B1: What two uses of the ablative case can be found in the following sentence? **Certamen mihi est multo carior aliis ludis.**

COMPARISON & DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE

B2: What use of the ablative case can be found in this sentence? **Templum de marmore aedificavit.**

MATERIAL

12. During their duel Aeneas would have spared Turnus if he had not noticed that his opponent had arrogantly adorned the girdle of which of his young companions whom he had killed? **PALLAS**

B1: What ally of Aeneas had sent his son Pallas to fight in his place because he himself was too old?

EVANDER

B2: What city in Latium did Evander rule from the Aventine hill, which would later become the site of Rome?

PALLANTIUM

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Round 4

1. What man disguises as both Aethon and Epiritus, before finally revealing his true identity at a banquet and killing all of his wife's suitors?
ODYSSEUS
B1: Which of Odysseus' herdsmen betrayed him by arming the suitors with weapons from his storeroom?
MELANTHIUS
B2: On which suitor, the first whom Odysseus kills, does Eurymachus blame the recent palace crimes and beseech in his unsuccessful attempt to prevent Odysseus from killing anyone else?
ANTINOÛS
2. "Meager" and "emaciate" ultimately derive from what Latin adjective with what meaning?
MACER – THIN
B1: What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of "apron"? **MAPPA – NAPKIN**
B2: What English derivative of the Latin noun which means "spot" or "stain" describes something which is free from flaw or impurity?
IMMACULATE
3. What conflict of the late republic began when Lentulus Batiatus allowed conditions in his **ludī gladiatorii** to become so bad that his slaves withdrew to Mount Vesuvius and organized a resistance all throughout Italy?
REVOLT OF SPARTACUS / THIRD SERVILE WAR
B1: Name one of the two slaves who served as subordinates to Spartacus and leaders in organizing the rebellion?
OENOMAUS / CRIXUS
B2: Who attempted to claim credit for Crassus' victories over the insurgent gladiators, by crucifying 6,000 survivors along the Via Appia?
(GNAEUS) POMPEY
4. Which character in the *Aeneid* speaks the following lines which I shall read as prose?
"Tantane vōs generis tenuit fiducia vestri? Iam caelum terramque meō sine numine, ventī, miscere, et tantās audētis tollere molēs?" **NEPTUNE**
B1: Which character in the *Aeneid* speaks these lines which I shall read as prose?
"Tuus, O regina, quid optēs explorāre labor; mihi iussa capessere fas est." **AEOLUS**
B2: Which character in the *Aeneid* speaks these lines which I shall read as prose?
"luce magis dilectā sororī, solane perpetua maerēns carpere iuventa nec dulcis natōs Veneris nec praemia noris?" **ANNA**
5. What emperor, shortly after a light skirmish at Locus Castrorum, was defeated near Bedriacum by the forces of the emperor Vitellius?
OTHO
B1: What two commanders issued Otho this defeat?
(AULUS) CAECINA & (FABIUS) VALENS
B2: Although Vitellius was known to be extremely lavish, Otho's wife rivaled him in this area. Who was this woman, the former wife of Nero, who was said to be so extravagant that she frequently bathed in milk?
POPPAEA SABINA

6. What princess of Megara was given a golden necklace and convinced to betray her father to King Minos by clipping his purple lock of hair which was the link to his mortality? **SCYLLA**
 B1: How did Minos repay her for delivering him her father's kingdom?
KILLED HER / DROWNED HER BIRD (CIRIS)
 B2: Into what was Scylla transformed after her death?
7. What author, born at Suessa Aurunca, established hexameter as the official meter of Latin satire which he used in the composition of his 30 *Sermones*? **LUCILIUS**
 B1: What prominent statesman and general was the patron of Lucilius? **SCIPIO AEMILIANUS**
 B2: What later Roman satirist refers to Lucilius as his "lantern" and models his poem about a journey to Brundisium on Lucilius' *Iter Siculum*? **HORACE**
8. After what victory, which culminated his five-day pursuit of the Pontic king Pharnaces, was Caesar reported to have said "**vēnī, vīdī, vīcī**"? **ZELA**
 B1: After his swift victory, Caesar left Asia Minor in time to suppress an attempted mutiny of which of elite legion? **TENTH LEGION**
 B2: Which of Caesar's former lieutenants opposed him at Thapsus and again at Munda where he was eventually killed? **(TITUS) LABIENUS**
9. In which play of Plautus is an old man named Theopropides convinced by his slave Tranio that his house is haunted? **MOSTELLARIA**
 B1: In which play of Plautus does the slave Palaestrio swindle the soldier Pyrgopolynceus out of the girl he purchased? **MILES GLORIOSUS**
 B2: In which play of Plautus is the seemingly unlikely marriage between Lyconides and Phaedria made possible in part by a large pot of gold? **AULULARIA**
10. What use of the dative case can be found in the following sentence? **Haec prōvincia nōbīs dēfendenda est.** **AGENT**
 B1: What use of the genitive case can be found in the following sentence? **Cicerō fugam malōrum urbī dēdit.** **OBJECTIVE**
 B2: What use of the accusative case can be found in the following sentence? **Terentius tūtīōrem vītam vīvere vult.** **COGNATE / KINDRED SPECIFICATION**
11. The Trojan allies Coroebus and Othryoneus both gave their allegiance to Priam in hopes of marrying which of his daughters who had been given the gift of prophecy although cursed to have nobody believe her divinations? **CASSANDRA**
 B1: Who was killed by Athena as he sat upon the rock Gyrae as punishment for raping Cassandra at her altar? **AJAX THE LESSER / LOCRIAN AJAX**
 B2: To which Greek did Cassandra bear the sons Teledamus and Pelops as he brought her home to Mycenae as a concubine? **AGAMEMNON**
12. For the verb **tangō**, give the third person singular, imperfect active subjunctive. **TANGERET**
 B1: Change **tangeret** to the pluperfect tense. **TĒTĪGISSET**
 B2: Make **tētīgisset** passive. **TACTUS ESSET**

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Final Round

1. Complete the following analogy. **meī : mīs :: mē : _____**. **MĒD**
B1: Complete this analogy. **ille : iste :: illic : _____**. **ISTIC**
B2: What three letter ending can be added to the ablative singular of possessive pronouns to express emphasis? **-PTE**

2. It can be said that Roman emperors stood a head above the rest. However what emperor from the Third Century fills this description quite literally, seeing as he allegedly stood over eight feet tall? **MAXIMINUS THRAX**
B1: What two men did the Senate appoint at joint rulers to confront Maximinus after the death of the previous appointee Marcus Antonius Gordianus and his son? **BALBINUS & PUPIENUS**
B2: Where in northern Italy was Maximinus cut down by his own troops despite his success against these Senatorial appointees? **AQUILEIA**

3. Heracles once performed several tasks for the Lydian queen Omphale. As part of his servitude, he was forced to kill what Lydian vintner who was accustomed to force travelers to reap for him? **SYLEUS**
B1: What constellation commemorates Heracles' killing of a giant snake near the Sagaris River as ordered by Omphale? **OPHIUCHUS / THE SERPENT-HOLDER**
B2: What was humiliating about the manner in which Heracles was forced to perform several of these tasks? **HE HAD TO WEAR WOMEN'S CLOTHING**

4. "I was on the ground, my wings clipped, deprived of the house and the farm of my father: insolent poverty drove me to compose verses". This is what author's description of the circumstances which compelled him to write poetry after he was pardoned for fighting on the losing side at the Battle of Philippi? **HORACE**
B1: What two contemporary authors introduced Horace to his future patron Maecenas? **VERGIL & VARIUS RUFUS**
B2: What work, dedicated to both Apollo and Artemis, did Horace compose as a chorus of 27 girls and boys for the Secular Games of 23 BC? **CARMEN SAECULARE**

5. Translate the following sentence into English. **Lucius verētur ut hodiē filius domum redeat.**
LUCIUS FEARS THAT HIS SON IS NOT RETURNING HOME TODAY
B1: Translate: **Lucius trēs ex amicis mīsīt quī filium inveniant.**
LUCIUS SENT THREE FRIENDS TO FIND HIS SON
B2: Translate: **Lucius sperat fore ut filium quam celerrimē videat.**
LUCIUS HOPES THAT HE WILL SEE HIS SON AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

6. The phrases “**vī et armīs**” and “**gemitus iraeque**” exemplify what figure of speech other than alliteration, consonance, or assonance? **HENDIADYS**
 B1: Identify two figures of speech, other than alliteration, consonance, or assonance, which can be found in the following sentence “**nōn feram, nōn patiar, nōn sinam?**”?
ANAPHORA / TRICOLON / ASYNDETON
 B2: Identify two figures of speech other than alliteration, consonance, or assonance which can be found in the expression “**arcumque manū celerisque sagittās corripuit**”.
POLYSYNDETON / PLEONASM / ZEUGMA
7. At what battle in Tusculum were the Romans, encouraged by the sight of the Castor and Pollux, able to rally to victory against the Latin League? **LAKE REGILLUS**
 B1: Near what body of water were the Dioscuri said to have been seen watering their horses during this battle?
SPRING OF JUTURNA
 B2: At whose court in Cumae did the refugee Tarquinnius Superbus die shortly after this battle?
ARISTODEMUS
8. What use of the ablative case can be found in the following sentence? **Laetitiā exsultāre coepit.**
ABLATIVE OF CAUSE
 B1: ...in this sentence? **Moenia hostium lateribus constābant.** **ABLATIVE OF MATERIAL**
 B2: ...in this sentence? **Militēs Romanī virtūte praecedunt.**
ABLATIVE OF SPECIFICATION / RESPECT
9. In the *Aeneid*, what son of Hyrtacus is awarded a shield from Neptune’s shrine after protesting against prizes being given to the other runners up in the footrace and claiming that he would have won if he had not slipped in the blood of a sacrificial animal? **NISUS**
 B1: When Nisus fell, he was able to secure victory for his friend Euryalus by tripping up what other contender in the race?
SALIUS
 B2: Unfortunately Nisus was not always able to save his best friend. What Latin horseman killed Euryalus before Nisus’ eyes after catching sight of the moonlight gleam off his stolen helmet?
VOLCENS
10. Whose aggressive attempts to raid Roman territory in Moesia compelled the emperor Domitian to invade Dacia before the Roman army sustained so much damage that it was forced to accept peace terms? **DECEBALUS**
 B1: During the reign of Trajan, this war with Decebalus was renewed. The site of what Dacian capital city suffered two defeats by the Romans before Decebalus committed suicide and the province was annexed?
SARMIZEGETHUSA
 B2: What colony did Trajan establish on the former site of Sarmizegethusa?
COLONIA ULPIA TRAIANA
11. Give the accusative singular of the phrase “the same bold army”.
EUNDEM AUDĀCEM EXERCITUM
 B1: Change “**eundem audacem exercitum**” to the ablative. **EŌDEM AUDĀCĪ EXERCITŪ**
 B2: Chang “**eōdem audācī exercitū**” to the genitive plural.
EŌRUNDEM AUDĀCIUM EXERCITUUM

12. Forbidden from staging his *Brutus* in 44 BC, what author commemorates the expulsion of the Tarquins in this *fabula praetexta*, although he is better known for his collection of over 40 tragedies?

LUCIUS ACCIUS

B1: What **cothurnata** of Accius is our original source for the quote “**oderint dum metuant**”?

ATREUS

B2: Which work of Accius offers a history of Greek and Roman Theater and proposes a series of spelling reforms based on principles of analogy?

DIDASCALICA

13. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage which I will only read twice and answer in English the question that follows.

His animum arrecti dictis et fortis Achates
et pater Aeneas iam dudum erumpere nubem
ardebant. Prior Aeneas compellat Achates:
'Nate dea, quae nunc animo sententia surgit?
omnia tuta vides, classem sociosque receptos.
Unus abest, medio in fluctu quem vidimus ipsi
summersum; dictis respondent cetera matris.'

Question: Who are described as “upright, standing; steep, precipitous; excited, eager”

ACHATES AND AENEAS

Bonus 1: According to Achates, what is the only one thing that did not make it to shore?

ONE SHIP/FLEET

Bonus 2: How does Achates address Aeneas and what does it mean?

NATE DEA; GODDESS BORN/BORN FROM A GODDESS

14. What Silver Age author refuses to write on mythological subjects, instead remarking “**hominem pagina nostra sapit**” in one of his epigrams?

MARTIAL

B1: Martial once said of his humble farm in Nomentum that it was so small that it could fit under the wings of what type of creature?

CRICKET / CICADA / GRASSHOPPER

B2: What poetic work was Martial commissioned to write for the opening of the Colosseum?

LIBER SPECTACULŌRUM / LIBER DE SPECTACULĪS

15. What ritual, during which prayers would be offered to the deities Tellus, Picumnus, and Pilumnus, was culminated with a bloodless offering of spelt cake to Jupiter accompanied by propitiations to Juno in hopes of a happy marriage?

CONFARREATIŌ

B1: What is the Latin term given to the young boy who carried the small basket of utensils necessary for the ceremony?

CAMILLUS

B2: In order to be selected as Camillus, a boy had to fulfill the condition of “**patrīmus et matrīmus**”. What is this condition?

BOTH PARENTS NEEDED TO BE ALIVE AT THE TIME OF THE CEREMONY

16. What man, learning that his father received an oracle that one of his children would kill him, migrated to Rhodes where he founded the city of Cretenia and later in disbelief that Hermes had raped his sister, kicked her to death?

ALTHAEMENES

B1: Who was this sister of Althaemenes?

APEMOSYNE

B2: After some time, Catreus decided to leave his kingdom to Althaemenes, so he went to Rhodes to seek him out. However, Catreus could not escape fate and was killed by Althaemenes. What happened to Althaemenes after this?

SWALLOWED UP BY EARTH

17. What author speaks of his troubled childhood and his practice of both Manichaeism and Neoplatonism before he converted to Christianity within the scintillating pages of his *Confessions*?

ST. AUGUSTINE

B1: In what African city did Augustine become an ordained priest and later a bishop?

HIPPO (REGIUS)

B2: In what later work does Augustine attempt answer questions about the calamities that had befallen the empire while still promoting the ideal city of god?

DE CIVITATE DEI

18. Translate the following sentence into English. **Agricola vel uxorī vel filiō persuasit ut bovēs mulgeret.**

THE FARMER PERSUADED EITHER HIS WIFE OR SON TO MILK THE COWS

B1: Translate this sentence into English. **Omnes liberī miratī sunt utrum pullus an ovum primum fieret.**

ALL THE CHILDREN WONDERED WHETHER THE CHICKEN OR THE EGG CAME FIRST

B2: Give another correlative pair which has the same meaning as “**utrum...an**”.

SĪVE (SEU)...SĪVE (SEU)

19. Which of the following words if any does not share the same Latin root as the others? vicinity, prudence, envy, purvey

VICINITY

B1: What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of “vicinity”?

VĪCUS – VILLAGE, HAMLET

B2: What Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of the other words in the toss-up?

VIDEŌ – TO SEE

20. According to Apollonius, when fruit, flowers, and springs sprouted from the earth as the Argonauts danced in full armor around a shrine on Mt. Dindymus, what Phrygian goddess allowed them to attain favorable winds for sailing?

CYBELE

B1: The clashing of their shields and spears drowned out the noise of what tribe as they mourned the death of their king Cyzicus whom the Argonauts had recently killed?

DOLIONES

B2: What seer had interpreted the cries of a kingfisher to mean that the Argonauts could only be purified for the murder by honoring Cybele at her shrine?

MOPSUS