

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
ROUND ONE**

1. What type of marine animals did Proteus herd? SEALS
 Who captured Proteus in order to find out how to return home? MENELAUS
 What sea-nymph instructed Menelaus on how to capture and question Proteus? (E)IDOTHEA

2. What Latin verb with what meaning is the root of “refute,” “confound,” “profuse,” and
 “refund?” **FUNDŌ, FUNDERE** - POUR
 What English derivative of **fundō, fundere** means “to melt together?” FUSE
 What English derivative of **fundō, fundere** means “excessive or gushy?” EFFUSIVE

3. What Roman author speaks of Naples as a beloved place of retirement and literary
 activity in his *Georgics*? (P.) VERGIL(IUS MARO)
 The influence of what literary patron is evident in Vergil’s *Georgics*? MAECENAS
 Whose celebration of a triple triumph coincided with the publication of Vergil’s
Georgics? OCTAVIAN’S / AUGUSTUS’

4. Complete this analogy: **pōnō : posuisset :: sequor : _____**.
SECŪTUS (-A, -UM) ESSET
... : pōnō : posuissēs :: gaudeō : _____ **GAVĪSUS (-A, UM) ESSĒS**
... : pōnō : pōnātur :: faciō : _____ **FIAT**

5. What governor of Upper Germany induced the Chatti to invade Roman territory in
 AD 89? (L. ANTONIUS) SATURNINUS
 What future emperor was commanded by Domitian to bring up a legion from Spain to
 help suppress the rebellion of Saturninus? TRAJAN
 The rebellion of Saturninus interrupted Domitian’s conquest of what foreign country?
DACIA

6. The soul of what Thracian can be seen dressed in a long white robe in the Elysian Fields
 singing to other Blessed Ones? ORPHEUS
 According to the usual tradition, what group of women killed Orpheus by tearing him
 limb from limb?
MAENADS / BACCHAE / BACCHANTES / THRACIAN WOMEN
 What happened to Orpheus’ lyre upon his death? IT BECAME A CONSTELLATION

7. According to tradition, which king of Rome, other than possibly Romulus, was the first to be assassinated? **TARQUIN THE FIRST/ TARQUINIUS PRISCUS**
 Who was responsible for that murder?
 (ASSASSINS HIRED BY) THE SONS OF ANCUS MARCIUS
 Who helped two Roman kings ascend to power by favorably interpreting portents?
TANAQUIL
8. Of **ictus, obses, litus, liquāmen, hērēs**, which is being described in the following Latin sentence: **victōre Caesare, multī hōrum hominum ab hostibus datī sunt.**
OBSES
LIQUĀMEN
HĒRĒS
 . . . **Multī Rōmānī eō fruēbantur cum ederent.**
 . . . **Sī filium aut filiam nōn habeās, ūnō ex hīs careās.**
9. Whose constant reading, note-taking, and indexing resulted in a work entitled *Historia Natūralis*? **(C.) PLINIUS SECUNDUS / PLINY THE ELDER**
 To what emperor did Pliny the Elder present his monumental *Historia Natūralis*? **TITUS**
 Whose correspondence to the historian Tacitus gives us a detailed account of the unusual circumstances in which Pliny the Elder died?
PLINY THE YOUNGER / (C.) PLINIUS CAECILIUS SECUNDUS
10. What use of the ablative case is found in the following Latin sentence:
Nōs oportet dēlictō dolēre ac corrēctiōne gaudēre. **CAUSE**
 . . . **imperātor exercitum subsequēbātur omnibus cōpiīs.**
ACCOMPANIMENT / MEANS
 . . . **liberāmur mortis metū.** **SEPARATION**
11. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage about the poet Vergil, which I will read twice, and answer in LATIN the question that follows:
Vergilius fuit grandī corpore et faciē rūsticānā, sed valētūdine variā.
Nam plērumque ab stomachō, et faucibus, et dolōre capitis labōrābat.
Quod mīrum est, quamquam multa verba dē cīvitāte Rōmānā
compōsuit, rārissimē Rōmam vēnit.
Dē quā rē scrīpsit Vergilius multa verba?
DĒ CĪVITĀTE RŌMĀNĀ / DĒ RŌMĀ
Vērū aut falsū: Vergilius erat pinguis nec habēbat corpus sānum. VĒRUM
Quid dē Vergiliō est mīrum? RĀRISSIMĒ RŌMAM VĒNIT

12. What Augustan author showed his reverence for the history of Rome when he described seven centuries worth of history in his *Librī Ab Urbe Conditā*?
(T.) LIVIUS / LIVY
Whose style of historical monographs did Livy reject with the publication of his *Ab Urbe Conditā*?
SALLUST'S
How was Livy's history distinguished from those of Sallust stylistically?
HIS USE OF ANNALISTIC / YEAR BY YEAR STRUCTURES
AS OPPOSED TO SINGLE TOPIC (MONOGRAPHS)
13. During the Trojan War, who served as the squire of Achilles? PATROCLUS
What Lycian king did Patroclus kill? SARPEDON
What Trojan wounded Patroclus before Hector killed him? EUPHORBUS
14. What was a Roman *convivium*?
BANQUET / FEAST / PARTY / "LIVING TOGETHER"
if "dinner" given as answer, prompt for more information
(HAND OUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM)
Which of the places numbered 1-9 was reserved for the guest of honor? #6
Which place normally belonged to the host? #7
15. Give the Latin motto and its meaning for the state of West Virginia.
MONTĀNĪ SEMPER LĪBERĪ - THE MOUNTAINEERS ARE ALWAYS FREE
Give the Latin motto and its meaning for the state of Missouri.
SALŪS POPULĪ LĒX SUPRĒMA ESTŌ - LET THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE
BE THE SUPREME LAW
Give the Latin motto and its meaning for the state of Alabama.
AUDĒMUS IŪRA NOSTRA DĒFENDERE - WE DARE TO DEFEND OUR RIGHTS
16. Translate the following sentence into English: **coquō ā tē nōn crēdendum est.**
YOU MUST NOT TRUST THE COOK
Translate into English: **iuvenēs gaudium cēpērunt ē puellīs pulchrīs videndīs.**
THE YOUNGMEN TOOK PLEASURE FROM SEEING THE PRETTY GIRLS
Translate into English: **Rōmā discessimus ad pulchrās fēminās inveniendās.**
WE LEFT (FROM) ROME (IN ORDER) TO FIND PRETTY WOMEN
17. Who served as the consular colleague of Marius in 86 BC? (L. CORNELIUS) CINNA
Whom did Cinna appoint as his co-consul in 85 and 84 BC? (CN. PAPIRIUS) CARBO
Whom did Cinna appoint as *consul suffectus* to replace Marius after his sudden death in 86 BC? (L. VALERIUS) FLACCUS

18. What literary device can be seen in the following selection: **paterīs libāmus et aurō?** HENDIADYS
 What literary device, other than alliteration, can be seen in the following selection:
virginitās mīlle petīta procīs? HYPERBOLE
 What literary device, other than alliteration, can be seen in the following selection:
fōrmaque nōn tacitī fūneris intus erat? LITOTES
19. In Vergil's *Aeneid*, what creatures do Aeneas and his men encounter on the Strophades Islands? HARPIES
 According to Vergil, who was the queen of these Harpies? CELAENO
 Who had chased them from Thrace to the Strophades? ZETES & CALAIS / BOREADES
20. **Quid Anglicē significat "reperiō?"** (TO) FIND (OUT)
Quid Anglicē significat "praecipuē?" ESPECIALLY
Quid Anglicē significat "octōgēnī?" EIGHTY AT A TIME / EIGHTY EACH

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
ROUND TWO**

1. Whose fondness for writing comedies centering around slaves and Fortune is evident in his *Mostellaria*? PLAUTUS
Which of Plautus' comedies centers around a hilarious swaggering soldier named Pyrgopolynices? *MĪLES GLORIŌSUS*
Which of Plautus' comedies deals with a young spendthrift who is saved by an old friend of his father through a well-intentioned swindle? *TRINUMMUS*

2. What derivative of the Latin adjective **aptus** means "a manner of acting which reveals one's disposition"? ATTITUDE
... "two of the same species"? COUPLE
... "awkward or unsuitable"? INEPT

3. What fisherman from Anthedon ate an unfamiliar herb and was transformed into a sea-god? GLAUCUS
With what beautiful maiden did Glaucus fall in love, only to be rejected by her? SCYLLA
From whom did Glaucus then seek aid, only to have his petition backfire? CIRCE

4. Translate the following sentence into English:
Caesar īvit Galliam victum. CAESAR WENT TO CONQUER GAUL
... **Vercingetorix dēcrēvit sē nōn victum īrī.**
VERCINGETORIX DECIDED / DECREED / (THAT) HE WOULD NOT BE CONQUERED
... **Nūllīs Gallīs parcendum est.** NO GAULS MUST / SHOULD BE SPARED / HE / WE MUST / SHOULD SPARE NO GAULS

5. With respect to the abbreviations **H.S.** and **H.I.**, what word is common to both? **HĪC**
With respect to the abbreviations **v.i.** and **v.s.**, what word is common to both? **VIDĒ**
With respect to the abbreviations **s.a.** and **s.d.**, what word is common to both? **SINE**

6. If you were walking in ancient Pompeii, in which direction would you travel to get to Stabiae? SOUTH
If you were walking in ancient Athens, which way would you go to get to Thebes? NORTHWEST (PROMPT "NORTH")
If you were walking in ancient Helvetia, which way would you go to get to Rome? SOUTH/SOUTHEAST

7. An ancient Roman uses a time machine and arrives in San Antonio. Upon arriving, he exclaims, “**tam calidum hīc est ut ōvum in viā coquere possīs**”. What is the Roman trying to tell you?
 IT IS SO HOT HERE THAT YOU CAN COOK AN EGG ON THE STREET
 You then progress to tell this Roman “**nōn est tantī momentī. crās procella coorta erit.**” What is going to happen tomorrow? A STORM WILL ARISE
 The Roman then replies “**ēheu! ictus fulminis et tonitrus mē terrent**”. Of what is he afraid? BOLT OF LIGHTNING AND THUNDER
8. What son of Uranus and Gaia was considered to be the first sun god? HYPERION
 Which brother of Hyperion refused to help Cronus in his quest to seize power from their father Uranus? OCEANUS
 Which sister of Hyperion was said to have a memory as long as her hair? MNEMOSYNE
9. What Silver Age author regarded epigram as the humblest of all literary genres? (M. VALERIUS) MARTIAL(IS)
 For what event did Martial compose a book with about thirty epigrams originally entitled *Epigrammaton Liber*? OPENING OF THE COLOSSEUM
 Which of Martial’s works consisted of very short inscriptions which accompanied presents of varying sorts given on the occasion of the *Saturnalia*? XENIA
10. Give a synonym for the noun **poena**. SUPPLICIUM / VERBERA / NOXA
 ANIMADVERSIO / EXEMPLUM / CASTIGATIO / VINDICTA / PUNITIO
 ... for the noun **honor**. DECUS/ DIGNITAS/ IUSTA/ SUPREMA
 ... for the noun **lux**. LUMEN / LUCERNA
11. What made the mares of Diomedes dangerous for Heracles to catch? THEY ATE HUMAN FLESH
 How did Heracles calm the mares? BY FEEDING THEM THE FLESH OF DIOMEDES
 What king of Phrae entertained Heracles while he was traveling to Thrace to capture the mares of Diomedes? ADMETUS
12. Who attempted to dispel the aristocratic propaganda that portrayed him as a revolutionary in his *Dē Bellō Cīvīlī*? (C. IULIUS) CAESAR
 Which of Caesar’s works was originally titled *Gaī Iūliī Caesaris Commentariī Rērum Gestarum*? (COMMENTARIJ) DĒ BELLŌ GALLICŌ / THE GALLIC WARS
 Who completed Caesar’s commentary on the Gallic campaign? (AULUS) HIRTIUS

13. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it:
Tum lātior per viās fit pavor. Nam mīlitēs mittuntur quī virōs liberōsque in domibus latentēs extrahant. Servī dominōs, filiī parentēs ad necem trādunt; virōs in uxōrum gremiō iugulant. Capita mortuōrum hastīs praefixa, in Forō ostendunt.
- Ubi virī iugulantur? IN GREMIŌ UXŌRUM / UXŌRIS**
Quid faciunt virī et liberī antequam extrahuntur et occiduntur? LATENT (IN DOMIBUS)
Quae rēs in hastīs ostentantur? CAPITA (MORTUŌRUM) / MORTUĪ
14. What is formed by adding forms of **sum, esse** to the future active participle?
ACTIVE / FIRST PERIPHRASTIC
 Using an idiom, how would you say in Latin “I was about to set sail”?
NĀVEM SOLŪTŪRUS (-A) ERAM (FUĪ) / VĒLA DATŪRUS (-A) ERAM (FUĪ)
 Using an idiom, how would you say in Latin “We had been about to begin battle”?
PROELIUM COMMISSŪRĪ (-AE) FUERĀMUS
15. What Roman emperor closed all temples and banned all forms of pagan cults in A.D. 391?
THEODOSIUS (I/ THE GREAT)
 Which of his sons did Theodosius twice leave in charge of the eastern Roman empire?
ARCADIUS
 Which of Arcadius' ministers, a eunuch, was the most influential man in the east from A.D. 395-399?
EUTROPIUS
16. What characteristic was shared by all types of animals the Romans sacrificed to the gods of the underworld?
BLACK
 (HAND OUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM. ALLOW THEM 10 SECONDS TO STUDY IT.)
 Which letter represents the person functioning as a priest? **B**
 This picture is one of the reliefs from which famous structure built during the reign of Augustus?
ARA PACIS
17. Who authored the following lines:
**“Daedalus intereā Crētēn longumque perōsus
 exsilium tactusque locī nātālis amōre
 clausus erat pelagō. ...”**
(P.) OVID(IUS NASO)
 In what larger work are these lines found?
METAMORPHOSES
 What mythological couple, in Ovid’s *Metamorphoses*, followed these instructions
**“vēlate caput, cīnctāsque resolvite vestēs, ossaque post tergum magnae
 iactāte parentis”?**
DEUCALION & PYRRHA

18. Change the phrase **alius capāx mīles** to the genitive. **ALIŪS CAPĀCIS MĪLITIS**
 Change the phrase **quaedam pulchra Venus** to the dative. **CUIDAM PULCHRAE VENERĪ**
 Change the phrase **idem vīrus** to the accusative. **IDEM VĪRUS**
19. After which victory of Hannibal was Tiberius Sempronius Longus recalled from a
 planned invasion of Africa to help Scipio, the father of the future Africanus, in
 218 BC? **TICINUS (RIVER)**
 Where in the same year did Hannibal annihilate three legions under the command of
 Sempronius Longus? **TREBIA (RIVER)**
 Who was elected consul along with Gnaeus Servilius after the defeat of Sempronius
 Longus in 218 BC? **(C.) FLAMINIUS**
20. What did Odysseus' crew do while he was praying to the gods on the island of Thrinacia?
SLAUGHTERED THE CATTLE OF HELIUS / SUN (FOR FOOD) / HYPERION
 Which of Odysseus' men persuaded the others to perform this act? **EURYLOCHUS**
 Helius, angered by the slaughter of his cattle, went to Zeus to demand retribution. What
 did he threaten to do if Zeus had refused his demand?
HE WOULD TAKE HIS LIGHT DOWN TO HADES

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
ROUND THREE**

1. Say in Latin: "I am afraid that I may not live."
TIMEŌ / METUŌ / VEREOR UT VĪVAM
Change that entire sentence to the past tense. **TIMĒBAM / METUĒBAM / VERĒBAR /**
TIMUĪ / METUĪ / VERITUS SUM UT VĪVEREM.
Using the verb **imperō**, say in Latin: "I command death to laugh."
MORTĪ IMPERŌ UT RĪDEAT / IMPERŌ UT MORS RĪDEAT
2. What date is denoted by the phrase, **prīdiē Īdūs Octōbrēs**? **OCTOBER 14**
What date is denoted by the phrase, **ante diem tertium Nōnās Iūliās**? **JULY 5**
What is today's date in Latin? **PRĪDIĒ KALENDĀS AUGUSTĀS**
(Prompt if they give an abbreviated version)
3. Who was freed from the Chair of Forgetfulness by Heracles? **THESEUS**
Why was Theseus condemned to sit in the Chair of Forgetfulness?
HE TRIED TO ABDUCT PERSEPHONE
What accomplice of Theseus was not rescued by Heracles? **P(E)IRITHOUS**
4. What Silver Age author, thinking that Virgil had sanitized Augustus' tyrannical reign,
wrote an anti-Aeneid? **(M. ANNAEUS) LUCAN(US)**
Give the title of this anti-Aeneid.
BELLUM CĪVĪLE / PHARSALIA / THE CIVIL WAR
What was the subject of Lucan's *Pharsalia*?
CIVIL WAR BETWEEN CAESAR & POMPEY
5. Listen carefully to the following passage about a plague which I will read twice, and
answer IN LATIN the question that follows:
**Magna pestilentia in urbe orta erat et multī cīvēs, et dīvītēs et pauperēs,
mortuī sunt. Multitūdō eōrum quī adhūc vīvēbant constituērunt ut nāvem
solverent ut novās domūs peterent. Nāve solūtā, nesciēbant quās ad terrās
nāvigārent, sed ad sōlis occāsum profectī sunt.**
Quā rē multī cīvēs necābantur? (MAGNĀ) PESTILENTIĀ
Cūr cīvēs constituērunt ut nāvem solverent? UT NOVĀS DOMŪS PETERENT
Quō cīvēs profectī sunt, nāve solūtā?
AD OCCĀSUM SŌLIS / TERRĀS INCOGNITĀS

6. **Quid Anglicē significat "taeda"?** (PINWOOD / MARRIAGE) TORCH
Quid Anglicē significat "fors"? CHANCE / LOT / LUCK
Quid Anglicē significat "nēquīquam"? IN VAIN / FRUITLESSLY / TO NO AVAIL / WITHOUT GOOD REASON / WITH IMPUNITY
7. Who, after abusing his veto power, was removed from his position as tribune by Tiberius Gracchus? M. OCTAVIUS
 For five points each, name the other members of Tiberius Gracchus' land reform commission.
 GAIUS GRACCHUS / APPIUS CLAUDIUS (THE FATHER-IN-LAW OF TIBERIUS)
8. Who chose the form of an epic-didactic poem in order to popularize the Epicurean doctrine in the First Century BC? (T.) LUCRETIUS (CARUS)
 What was the title of this epic-didactic poem? *DĒRĒRUM NATŪRĀ*
 To whom did Lucretius dedicate his *Dē Rērum Natūrā*? MEMMIUS
9. What is special about the following words: **mōs, sāl, opera, finis**?
 THEY HAVE PLURAL FORMS THAT HAVE SPECIAL MEANINGS
 (DIFFERENT MEANINGS IN SINGULAR AND PLURAL)
 What is special about the following words: **Mulciber, pecus, vās, domus**?
 HETEROCLITES
 (THEY HAVE FORMS THAT VARY BETWEEN/AMONG DECLENSIONS)
 What is special about the following words: **locus, dēlicium, carbasus, balneum**?
 HETEROGENES
 (THEIR PLURAL FORMS HAVE DIFFERENT GENDER THAN THE SINGULAR)
10. A famous line of graffiti says, "**Admīror, pariēs, tē nōn cecidisse ruīnīs, / quī tot scīptōrum taedia sustineās.**" Explain the use of the infinitive in that saying.
 INDIRECT STATEMENT
 ("I am amazed, O Wall, who sustaineth the nettlings of so many authors, that thou hast not fallen into ruin.")
 (HAND OUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM.)
 You see here five examples of graffiti and other inscriptions. Which one of them most likely comes from a tomb? E
 Which one of them is most likely a "lost and found" ad? D
11. Who went to his father Creon to plead for leniency on behalf of Antigone? HAEMON
 Who finally convinces Creon that he must release Antigone because the gods were rejecting all Theban sacrifices? T(E)IRESIAS
 Upon discovering the body of Antigone, what did Haemon attempt to do before he killed himself? HE TRIED TO KILL HIS FATHER (CREON)

12. What first century A.D. emperor does Suetonius call "**amor ac dēliciae generis hūmānī**" or the "love and the delight of the human race?"
TITUS (FLAVIUS VESPASIANUS)
When did Titus' troops first salute him as "imperātor"?
AFTER HE CONQUERED JERUSALEM (70 A.D.)
What office did Titus hold together with his father Vespasian? CENSOR
13. **Dēscribāmus nunc proprietātēs dictionum in hāc sententiā: "quō usque tandem abūtēre, Catilīna, patientiā nostrā." Quā persōnā est "abūtēre?"**
SECUNDĀ
quō cāsū est "patientiā nostrā?" ABLĀTĪVŌ
quae pars ōrātiōnis est "usque?" ADVERBIUM
14. According to Vergil, which of the judges of the Underworld ruled over Tartarus?
RHADAMANTHYS
What river surrounded Tartarus? (PYRI)PHLEGETHON
In addition to Phlegethon, Tartarus was surrounded by three strong walls. What mythological trio guarded the entrance to Tartarus? FURIES
(ALLECTO, TISIPHONE, MEGARA)
15. What Roman author liked to apply this one line from the *Odyssey*: "A rugged soil, yet nurse of hardy sons," to his native land of Arpinum? (M. TULLIUS) CICERO
In which of Cicero's works does he project himself into the past in order to identify the Roman constitution in the time of the Scipios as the best form of the state?
DĒRĒPUBLICĀ
Inspired by the model of Plato, what work did Cicero write as a complement to the DĒLEGIBUS
DĒRĒ Publicā?
16. Which of the following words, if any, does NOT have the same Latin root as the others?
constitution, contrast, persist, arrest, distant
NONE; ALL SHARE THE SAME ROOT
... ravine, rate, reify, reason RAVINE
... empire, several, separate, apart APART
17. After his death, into what was Cynus, the son of Neptune, transformed? SWAN
What ability did Neptune bestow on Cynus during the Trojan War? HE MADE HIM INVULNERABLE TO WEAPONS
How did Achilles kill Cynus?
STRANGLER HIM WITH HIS OWN HELMET THONGS

18. Listen to the following line, which I will read as if prose, and indicate where an
ecthlipsis would occur? **“extantem atque umerōs innātō mūrīce tēctum”**
BETWEEN **“EXTANTEM”** AND **“ATQUE”**
How many dactyls are contained in that line? TWO
Listen to the following line, which I will read as if prose, and indicate where an
aphaeresis would occur? **“spēs tamen in dubiō est: adeō caelestibus ambō”**
BETWEEN **“DUBIŌ”** AND **“EST”**
19. Which of Rome's heroes is said to have been military tribune with consular power in 401,
398, 394, 386, 384, and 381 B.C.? (M. FURIUS) CAMILLUS
What military victory did Camillus achieve in 396 B.C.? VEII
What temple did Camillus vow at the foot of the Capitoline Hill? CONCORD
20. Give all the participles which are active in form for the verb **ingredior**.
INGREDIĒNS, INGRESSŪRUS (INGRESSUS)
For the same verb, give the participles which are passive in form.
INGRESSUS, INGREDIENDUS
Translate the following sentence into Latin using the verb **ingredior**: “The senator says
that his daughters will enter soon.”
SENĀTOR DĪCIT (SUĀS) FĪLIĀS (EIUS) MOX INGRESSŪRĀS ESSE

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
SEMI-FINALS**

1. In Vergil's *Aeneid*, what valiant prince kills Rhoetus and Halaesus before falling to the sword of Turnus? PALLAS
 What item did Turnus take from the body of Pallas, much to his regret? A BELT
 Who was the father of Pallas? EVANDER

2. What group of Romans possessed **sacrosancta potestās**? TRIBUNES OF THE PLEBS
 What tribune forbade another tribune to intervene against the annual resolution of the Senate by which provinces were selected for the consuls? GAIUS GRACCHUS
 What did Romans mean by the phrase **mōs māiōrum**?
ANCESTRAL CUSTOM/ FAMILY TRADITION / STATUS QUO
 (If just "customs" is given as an answer, prompt for more information)

3. Of the words **plūma**, **mendācium**, **mentum**, **fulgur**, and **olla**, which is described in the following Latin sentence? **Tibi cavendum est cum hoc oritur in caelō.**
FULGUR
... Est pars faciēi īma. MENTUM
... Hoc receptāculum potest inveniri in columbariis. ŌLLA

4. What Roman author states that he borrowed the meters and inspiration from the Greek poet Archilochus, but that the contents of his *Epodes* are original?
(Q.) HORATIUS (FLACCUS) / HORACE
 What Latin title does Horace use to refer to the *Epodes*? IAMBĪ
 Whom does Horace address in the introductory poem of his *Epodes*? MAECENAS

5. Which of the following nouns, if any, is NOT of the same gender as the others? **tībīcen**, **agmen**, **tūs**, **scelus** TĪBĪCEN
 Which of the following nouns, if any, is NOT of the same gender as the others?
tūber, **holus**, **diāria**, **pulvīnar**, **verū** ALL ARE NEUTER
 What is the gender of the following nouns: **pugiō**, **ūniō**, **papiliō**, **homunciō**?
MASCULINE

6. Using a supine, say in Latin "He is younger than I."
(ILLE/ IS/ HIC) EST MINOR NĀTŪ MĒ/ QUAM EGO
Minor nātū is an idiom. Translate that phrase literally?
SMALLER/LESS(ER) BY BIRTH
 What use of the ablative is seen in that supine? RESPECT/ SPECIFICATION

7. What conjunction would be required to introduce the dependent subjunctive clause in the following sentence in Latin? "Do you doubt that this is an easy question?" **QUĪN**
 ... "I am making an effort to do better." **QUŌ**
 ... "We must prevent ourselves from making a mistake." **NĒ/ QUŌMINUS**
8. Who expresses his intentions to narrate the years of Domitian's tyranny in one of the early chapters of his *Dē Vīā Iulī Agricolae*? (P. / C. CORNELIUS) TACITUS
 In which of Tacitus' works do we find his famous judgment about Galba, "In the judgment of all worthy to rule, if only he had not ruled."?
HISTORIAE / HISTORIES
 Intending for his work to be a continuation of Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita*, Tacitus starts his *Annālēs* with events from the death of what emperor? AUGUSTUS
9. What husband and wife in mythology named their only daughter Gorgophone in honor of the husband's bravery? PERSEUS & ANDROMEDA
 To whom did Perseus give the Gorgon's head? ATHENA / MINERVA
 To whom had Andromeda been engaged before she married Perseus?
 (HER UNCLE) PHINEUS
10. Give a one-word Latin antonym for the adverb *sērō*.
MĀNE/ DILŪCULŌ/ (PRAE)MĀTŪRĒ/ CITŌ/ TEMPESTĪVĒ/ TEMPERĪ/ TEMPORĪ
 (not "tempore")
 ... for the adjective *armātus*. **INERMIS/ INERMUS/ NŪDUS**
 ... for the noun *sēgnitia*. **STUDIUM / RAPIDITAS / CELERITĀS / NEGOTIUM / LABOR / INDUSTRIA / DĪLIGENTIA**
 (Accept other words for "swiftness" and "eagerness")
11. What woman, the daughter of Theodosius I, was first married to a Visigothic chieftain named Athaulf, then later to Constantius? (GALLA) PLACIDIA
 What emperor was the son of Placidia and Constantius? VALENTINIAN III
 Although she died in Rome, where was Placidia buried? RAVENNA
12. Who scorned and derided Roman annals written in Greek and ventured into writing the first Roman historiography in Latin?
 (M. PORCIUS) CATO THE ELDER / CENSOR
 What is the Latin title of this work? **ORIGINĒS**
 In addition to being a collection of general precepts on how the landowners should behave, what is the literary significance of Cato's *Dē Agrī Cultūrā*?
EARLIEST LATIN PROSE PRESERVED IN ITS ENTIRETY

13. What kind of dependent subjunctive clause can be seen in following line of Cicero's *Prō Caeliō*: "**Sī quis, iūdicēs, forte nunc adsit ignārus lēgum, iūdiciorum, consuetūdinis nostrae, mīrētur profectō, quae sit tanta atrōcitās huiusce causae**"? INDIRECT QUESTION
 What kind of conditional clause is found in that quotation?
FUTURE LESS VIVID / "SHOULD-WOULD" CONDITION
 Translate the Latin word **quis** into English for that quotation? ANYONE / ANYBODY
14. Which third century emperor, after a brief and unsuccessful attempt to rule jointly with his imperial colleague, murdered this rival and brother?
CARACALLA / MARCUS AURELIUS ANTONINUS
 What was the major effect of Caracalla's edict in A.D. 212 known as the *Constitūtiō Antōniniāna*? ROMAN CITIZENSHIP WAS OFFICIALLY GIVEN TO ALL FREE MEN IN THE EMPIRE
 Which Parthian king refused Caracalla's diplomatic proposal of marriage to his daughter in A.D. 216? ARTABANUS (V)
15. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it.
Tantus est innātus in nōbīs amor scientiae, ut nēmō dubitāre possit, quin nātūra hominum rapiātur ad eam rem. Nōnne vidēmus ut puerī nē verberibus quidem ā contemplandīs rēbus dēterreantur?
Quid habēmus in nōbīs innātum? (TANTUM) AMŌREM SCIENTIAE
Ad quam rem nostra nātūra rapitur? (AD) SCIENTIAM
Quid nōn dēterret puerōs ā rēbus contemplandīs? VERBERA / VERBER
16. "PLEASE DO NOT OPEN THE VISUALS UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO!"
 (Pass out the visuals -- as soon as all the visuals have been handed out, say:)
 You may now open your visuals.
 (GIVE THEM 10 SECONDS TO LOOK AT THE VISUAL)
- In which of these pictures can the son of Oileus be seen? B
 In which picture can Orytheia be seen? A
 In which picture can the sons of Nyx be seen? C

17. Who is the speaker of the following lines from Vergil's *Aeneid*, which I will read in prose?
**"Heu, miserande puer, sī quā fāta aspera rumpās,
tū Mārcellus eris."** ANCHISES
... : **"... facilis dēscēnsus Avernō:
noctēs atque diēs patet ātrī iānua Dītis."** SIBYL (OF CUMAE)
... : **"Hunc ego Dītī
sacrum iussa ferō tēque istō corpore solvō."** IRIS
18. Whom did Eurytus of Oechalia promise as a prize to the person who could beat him in an archery contest? (HIS DAUGHTER) IOLE
Who won this prize, which Eurytus refused to honor? HERACLES / HERCULES
What brother of Iole died when he was thrown from the walls of Tiryns by Heracles? IPHITUS
19. What woman gained a supporter for the Carthaginian cause by marrying Syphax in 204 B.C? SOPHONISBA
Who overthrew Syphax in 203 B.C.? MASINISSA (AND LAELIUS)
How did Sophonisba die? BY POISON (SENT BY MASINISSA)
20. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others? joist, joint, injunction, rejoinder, conjugate JOIST
What verb, with what meaning, is the root of "joist"? **IACEŌ/ IACĒRE, TO LIE/RECLINE**
What derivative of the root of the other four words means "a Spanish or Latin American assembly or faction"? JUNTA/ JUNTO

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
FINALS**

1. What deity fell in love with Cyrene as he watched her wrestling with a lion? APOLLO
To where did Apollo whisk Cyrene away in his golden chariot? LIBYA
What mythological bee-keeper was the son of Apollo and Cyrene? ARISTAEUS

2. What is the meaning of the Latin word “**cedo**,” which is found only in the imperative mood? GIVE! TELL! HAND IT OVER! COME NOW! COME ON!
Besides **cedite**, what is the plural form of the imperative “**cedo**?” CETTE
What word, borrowed from Greek, and found in Latin only in the imperative mood, means “begone?” APAGE

3. What was the result of a **comitia**’s decree of **aquā et ignī interdictiō**? EXILE / EXILIUM
A person under indictment for a criminal offense could chose to exile himself to avoid prosecution and punishment. Under the empire, however, there were two distinct types of exile which could be imposed upon a guilty party. What is the Latin term for the practice of permanently exiling someone to a specific place with loss of property and citizenship? DEPORTĀTIŌ
What is the Latin term for exile which is not necessarily permanent and merely excludes one from a specific place, such as from Rome or Italy, and may or may not deprive one of property and citizenship. RELEGĀTIŌ

4. What author proclaims in his instructional manual that the chief purpose of reading the greatest variety of authors is to shape the orator’s style? (M. FABIVS) QVINTILIAN(US)
While Quintilian’s ideal orator is a **vir bonus dīcendī perītus** who guides the Roman Senate and the people, what roughly contemporary author is more realistic in recognizing the reduced role and the political impotence of an orator? TACITVS
Give the Latin titles of Quintilian’s and Tacitus’ contrasting works on Latin oratory.
INSTITVTIŌ ORĀTŌRIA (QVINTILIAN) &
DIALOGVS DE ORĀTŌRIBVS (TACITVS)

5. Which, if any, of the following English words is not derived from the same Latin verb as the others? false, infallible, fallow, fail, falter FALLOW
Give the principal parts of the Latin verb at the root of the other words in the toss-up question. FALLŌ, FALLERE, FEFELLĪ, FALSVM
What English derivative of **fallō**, **fallere** means “a mistaken assumption?” FALLACY

6. Listen carefully to the following passage about Timoleon, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it:
Timoleon iūdictiō omnium magnus exstitit. Nam magnā vī laborāvit ut Syracūsānōs metū tyrannī liberāret. Cum diem suprēmum Syracūsīs obīset, totā celebrante Siciliā, publicē ā Syracūsānīs in locō quod Timoleontēum appellātur, sepultus est, .
- Who buried Timoleon? THE SYRACUSANS / PEOPLE OF SYRACUSE
 What had Timoleon done for the people of Syracuse?
 HE HAD ATTEMPTED / STRUGGLED TO FREE THEM FROM
 (THE FEAR OF) TYRANNY
 Besides celebrating him when he died, what did the Syracusans do to honor Timoleon?
 THEY NAMED HIS BURIAL PLACE FOR HIM - THE "TIMOLEONTEUM"
7. Which of the following did NOT fight on the side of the Trojans: Hector, Aeneas,
 Deiphobus, Othryoneus, Podalirius? PODALIRIUS
 What was Podalirius' profession? DOCTOR / SPECIALIST IN MEDICINE
 Whose hand in marriage was Othryoneus seeking when he joined the Trojans?
 CASSANDRA'S
8. Using the Latin word "**ōrātor**" for "moderator," translate the following sentence into Latin: "Would that the moderator were taller."
 (Ō) SĪ / UTINAM ŌRĀTOR ALTIOR ESSET
 Translate the following sentence into Latin: "No one knows what the answer is."
 NĒMŌ SCIT QUID SIT RESPONSUM
 . . . "Am I the only person who can answer?"
 SUMNE SŌLUS (HOMO-) QUĪ RESPONDEAM/ RESPONDĒRE POSSIM?
9. Translate into English the following sentence, which is from the Laws of the Twelve Tables, "**Viam mūniuntō.**"
 LET THEM BUILD A ROAD / THEY SHALL BUILD A ROAD! /
 THEY MUST BUILD A ROAD / THEY WILL BUILD A ROAD!
 A fragment from table eight of the Twelve Tables contains the word "**testārier.**"
 Translate that word. TO BEAR WITNESS / TESTIFY
 A fragment from table eight of the Twelve Tables contains the word "**faxsit.**" What
 is the classical Latin form for this word? FĒCERIT
10. What Roman commander, initially defeated by the Parthians, rebounded to destroy the Persian army and capture Ctesiphon in A.D. 298?
 (GAIUS) GALERIUS (VALERIUS MAXIMIANUS)
 Name the Persian king who had severely defeated Galerius near Carrhae in A.D. 297.
 NARSES
 On what river was Ctesiphon located? TIGRIS

11. (PASS OUT THE VISUALS TO ALL PLAYERS WHILE INSTRUCTING NOT TO OPEN THEM UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO)
 Please open your visual and study it for 10 seconds. (WAIT 10 SECONDS)
 Give the letter of the passage that was written by Gaius Valerius Catullus? "E"
 Give the letter of the passage that was written by an author who flourished in the reign of Domitian? "B"
 Which passage was written by an author who was tried for witchcraft? "A"

Note: The authors of the passages are A=Apuleius, B=Juvenal, C=Propertius, D=Vitruvius, E=Catullus

12. Listen to the following four Latin statements, one of which I will perform. When you are recognized by the spotter, repeat exactly the statement which describes my actions:
Saliō sicut asinus.
Stertō sēmisomnus.
Lacrimō maestē.
Ūtor flābellō.
 (The moderator cools himself with a fan.) **ŪTOR FLĀBELLŌ**
Respondētē Latīnē: sī vōs omnēs cyclōpēs essētis, quot oculī vōbīs omnibus essent?
 ALL TEAM MEMBERS MUST SAY "QUATTUOR" (OR WHATEVER NUMBER CORRESPONDS TO THE NUMBER OF TEAM MEMBERS)
Ūtere cāsū locātīvō ut Latīnē respondeās: Dic mihi Latīnē in quā urbe Vergilius sepultus sit. **NEĀPŌLĪ / NEAPŌLE**
13. After which battle near Tusculum was a treaty drawn up that recognized Rome as *primus inter pares* with respect to the other city-states of Latium?
LAKE REGILLUS
 What plebeian negotiated this treaty with the Latin League? **SPURIUS CASSIUS**
 The Latins and Romans built an altar and sanctuary on the Aventine Hill to which deity, thus signifying Rome as the center of Latin culture and religion? **DIANA**
14. Whose song about the Trojan War brought so many sorrowful memories to Odysseus that he had to conceal his tears? **DEMODOCUS**
 Who noticed Odysseus' tears and suggested that the music of Demodocus should cease? **ALCINOUS**
 What illicit love affair did Demodocus later sing of? **ARES & APHRODITE**
15. What early Roman author demonstrated his liking for alliteration with the line "**at tūba terrībilī sonitū taratantara dīxit**"? **(Q.) ENNIUS**
 What nephew of Ennius was also a writer of tragedy? **PACUVIUS**
 Ennius, in the opening of the *Annales*, describes whose appearance to him in a dream?
HOMER (Saying, "You are my reincarnation.")

16. What poet's fondness for using the depiction of the rural world as the substitute for an ideal mythological world sharply distinguishes him from the other elegiac poets of the 1st century BC? **TIBULLUS**
 What republican nobleman was the patron of Tibullus? **MESSALA CORVINUS**
 What poet depicts Tibullus as a withdrawn and melancholy man who spent his last days living in the countryside of Latium? **HORACE**
17. **Quid Anglicē significat "celsus?"** **LOFTY / HIGH**
Quid Anglicē significat "aprīcus?" **SUNNY / HAVING A LOT OF SUN**
Quid Anglicē significat "languidus?" **WEAK / EXHAUSTED / FAINT / SICK / LOUSY**
18. What emperor celebrated a triumph and received the agnomen "Germanicus" for his successful war against the Chatti in A.D. 82-83? **(TITUS FLAVIUS) DOMITIAN(US)**
 What king invaded the province of Moesia and killed the governor Oppius Sabinus in A.D. 85? **DECABALUS (KING OF DACIA)**
 Name Domitian's praetorian prefect who was also killed in the fighting against the Dacians. **(CORNELIUS) FUSCUS**
19. What infant child of Lycurgus was killed by a serpent and was given the name Archemorus, "Beginner of Death"? **OPHELTES**
 What former queen of Lemnos was the nursemaid of Opheltes? **HYPsipyle**
 Which of the Seven Against Thebes renamed Opheltes "Archemorus"? **AMPHIARAUS**
20. What is the meaning of the Latin prepositional phrase, which is sometimes abbreviated **sec. nat.**, and in its full form is "**secundum natūram**?" **ACCORDING TO NATURE**
 What is the meaning of the phrase "**cōram populō**?" **IN THE PRESENCE OF THE PEOPLE / IN THE PRESENCE OF SPECTATORS**
 What is the meaning of the phrase "**hīc finis fandi**," which has been borrowed from Book X of Virgil's Aeneid? **THIS IS THE END OF THE SPEAKING / THE SPEECH HAS ENDED**

**2003 NJCL CERTAMEN
UPPER DIVISION
EXTRA QUESTIONS**

LANGUAGE SKILLS

1. Give a synonym of **mōlior**. **AEDIFICŌ, STRUŌ, CONDŌ, DŪCŌ, TEXŌ, ĒRIGŌ, TOLLŌ, EXSTRUŌ, CONSTITUŌ, PŌNŌ, ĒDŪCŌ EXIGŌ**
... of **placeŏ**. **DĒLECTŌ** (??? one is transitive, the other intransitive)
... of **iaceŏ**.
(RE- IN-)CLĪNŌ, (RE- AC-)CUBŌ, (RE- AC- DIS- PRŌ-)CUMBŌ, STERNOR
2. Listen carefully to the following passage about Cato, which I will read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question that follows:
Marcus Porcius Catŏ quī erat novus homŏ, per omnēs gradūs cursūs honŏrum ad cŏsulātum progressus est. Tandem, nŏbilibus dissentientibus, populus Rŏmānus Catŏnem cēnsŏrem fēcērunt. Per tŏtam vītā Catŏ Carthāginem timuit et ōdit. Illam urbem vastandī auctor erat perpetuus. cum ōrātiŏnem habuisset, semper exclāmābat, “Dēlenda est Carthāgŏ!”

Quŏ factŏ populus Rŏmānus Catŏnem cēnsŏrem fēcērunt?
NŌBILIBUS DISSENTIENTIBUS
Cuius erat Catŏ auctor perpetuus?
ILLAM URBEM / CARTHĀGINEM VASTANDĪ /
ILLĪUS URBIS / CARTHĀGINIS VASTANDĪ
In sentiētiā Catŏnis, quid faciendum erat? **CARTHĀGŌ DĒLENDĀ (ERAT)**
3. Give an antonym of **antīquus**. **NOVUS, RECENS, NOVELLUS**
... of **molestus**. **GRĀTUS, COMMODOUS, AMĀBILIS, BLANDUS, IŪCUNDUS, PROBĀTUS, LEPIDUS, SUĀVIS**
... of **sordidus**. **PŪRUS, MUNDUS, INTEGER**
4. Give a synonym of **optīmus**. **ĒGREGIUS, PRAESTANS, PRAESTĀBILIS, PROBUS**
... of **avārus**. **CUPIDUS, AVIDUS, CUIPIENS, STUDIŌSUS, AMANS, APPETENS**
... of **lepidus**. **FACĒTUS, URBĀNUS, SALSUS, DĪCAX, INGENIŌSUS, CALLIDUS**
5. Give a synonym of **anteā**. **ANTEHĀC, ALIQUANDO, ŌLIM, QUONDAM, DŪDUM**
... of **simul**. **ŪNĀ, CONIUNCTĒ, CONIUNCTIM, COMMŪNITER**
... of **etiam**. **PRAETEREĀ, INSUPER, QUOQUE, ITEM, ET**

6. Give the correct form of the adjective **atrōx** to agree with the noun form **animal**. **ATRŌX**
 Change **atrōx animal** to the plural. **ATRŌCIA ANIMALIA**
 Change **atrōcia animalia** to the genitive. **ATROCIIUM ANIMALIUM**
7. Change **marmor mīcāns** to the plural. **MARMORA MĪCANTIA**
 Change **marmora mīcantia** to the genitive. **MARMORUM MĪCANTIUM**
 Change **marmorum mīcantium** to the dative. **MARMORIBUS MĪCANTIBUS**
8. Give the Latin noun and its meaning at the root of "annular."
ĀNULUS or **ĀNUS** - RING
 Give the Latin verb and its meaning at the root of "vexatious."
VEHŌ, VEHERE - CARRY
 Give the Latin verb and its meaning at the root of "miscreant."
CRĒDŌ, CRĒDERE - BELIEVE
9. Give the Latin verb at the ultimate root of "enjoy."
GAUDEŌ
 . . . of "regressive."
GRADIOR
 . . . of "able."
HABEŌ
10. What type of subjunctive clause is found in the following Latin sentence?
Vergīnius morātus est dum collēgam cōsuleret. **ANTICIPATORY**
 ... **Ōderint dum metuant.** **PROVISO**
 ... **Unde agger comportārī posset nihil erat reliquum.**
RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC/ DESCRIPTION
11. Which, if any, of the following English words is not derived from the same Latin verb as the others? false, default, fallow, fail, falter **FALLOW**
 Give the principal parts of the Latin verb at the root of the other words in the toss-up question. **FALLŌ, FALLERE, FEFELLĪ, FALSUM**
 What English derivative of **fallō, fallere** means "to fail to do what is required?"
DEFAULT / FAIL
12. What independent use of the subjunctive is found in the following Latin sentence:
Quid facerem? **DELIBERATIVE**
 . . . **Quis enim cēlāverit ignem?** **DELIBERATIVE**
 . . . **Forsitan aliquis dīcat hanc quaestiōnem difficiliōrem esse.** **POTENTIAL**
13. Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the root of "annoy," "ennui," and "odious."
ŌDĪ/ ŌDISSE - HATE
 Give the Latin noun and its meaning which is at the root of "jeopardy," "portion," and "apart."
PARS - PART
 Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the root of "crew," "recruit," and "concrete."
CĒSCŌ/ CRĒSCERE - INCREASE/ GROW/ ARISE
14. Translate the protasis of the following sentence into Latin: "You would have done better if you had not sent the letter."

NISI EPISTULAM / LITTERĀS MĪSISSE-(TI)S

Change the protasis to passive voice.

NISI EPISTULA/ LITTERAE (A- VO-BI-S) MISSAE ESSENT

Now translate the apodosis.

MELIUS FĒCISSE-(TI)S/ E-GISSE-(TI)S

15. What use of the ablative case is found in the following Latin sentence:
Nūllā laude dignus est puer improbus. RESPECT / SPECIFICATION
... **Gnaeō Pompeiō Marcō Crassō cōsulibus, Caesar in Galliā pugnābat.** ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE
... **Vīribus et celeritāte valuērunt.** RESPECT / SPECIFICATION
16. What form of the proper noun **Mercurius** agrees with the adjective **celerī**? **MERCURIŌ**
What form of the proper noun **Iūnō** agrees with the adjective **superbam**? **IŪNŌNEM**
What form of the proper noun **Mars** agrees with the adjective **saevī**? **MARTIS (MARTĒS??)**
17. Change the phrase **bōs supplex** to the genitive plural. **BOUM SUPPLICUM**
Change the phrase **animal pauper** to the ablative singular. **ANIMĀLĪ PAUPERE**
Change the phrase **uterque obses** to genitive singular. **UTRĪUSQUE OBSIDIS**
18. **Quid Anglicē significat "quisquis"?** WHOEVER / ANYONE WHO
... **"quārē"?** HOW / WHY / THEREFORE
... verbum **"queror"?** COMPLAIN / LAMENT / BEWAIL
19. Change the verb **positus esset** to the active. **POSUISSET**
Change **possuisset** to perfect tense. **POSUERIT**
Change **posuerit** to present tense. **PŌNAT**
20. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it.
"Septimus iam annus est, mīlitēs, ex quō tempore virtūte vestrā, fidē atque operā meā, Britannōs vīcistis. Ēgressī igitur ē prōvinciā nunc ad finem Britanniae pervēnimus."
Quot annōs pugnāvērunt mīlitēs? **SEPTEM or SEX**
Ubi sunt mīlitēs nunc? **AD FĪNEM BRITANNIAE**
Quōmodo mīlitēs hostēs vīcērunt? **VIRTŪTE (SUĀ)/ FIDĒ/ OPERĀ (DUCIS)**
21. Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the ultimate root of "account,"
"disreputable," and "dispute." **PUTŌ/ PUTĀRE, THINK/ RECKON**
Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the ultimate root of "sponsor," "spouse,"
and "despondent." **SPONDEŌ/ SPONDĒRE, ANSWER**
Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the ultimate root of "diligent," "lesson,"
and "neglect." **LEGŌ/ LEGERE, READ/ CHOOSE**
22. Give the perfect participle of the verb **proficīscor**. **PROFECTUS (-A-UM)**

Translate that participle.

HAVING LEFT/ STARTED OUT

Use the present participle of *proficīscor* to translate the participle in the following

sentence: "Everyone lined the highway to watch Caesar as he was setting out for

Gaul."

PROFICĪSCENTEM

23. Translate the following sentence into Latin: "I must answer this correctly."

**(HOC) MIHI RĒCTĒ RESPONDENDUM EST/
HOC RĒCTĒ RESPONDĒRE DEBEŌ**

Using a deponent verb, say in Latin, "We have really tried to win."

VĒRĒ/ RĒ VĒRĀ VINCERE/ SUPERĀRE CŌNĀTĪ SUMUS

Using the standard Latin contraction of the verb *errō*, say in Latin, "You goofed/

made a mistake!"

ERRĀSTĪ/ ERRĀSTIS

24. Translate the motto of Oregon "**Ālis volat propriūs.**"

SHE/ IT FLIES WITH/ ON HER/ ITS OWN WINGS

... of Mississippi "**Vī et armīs.**"

BY FORCE AND/ OF ARMS/ WEAPONS

... of Arizona: "**Dītat deus.**"

GOD ENRICHES

25. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in ENGLISH the question about it:

Disciplīnae militāris odiō affectī, rem mīram atque paene incrēdibilem ausī sunt. Occīsīs Rōmānīs quī eīs praefectī erant, in trēs nāvēs conscendunt, et gubernātōribus per vim coactīs statim in mare ignōtum nāvīgant.

Why were they upset?

THEY HATED MILITARY DISCIPLINE

Whom did they kill?

THOSE WHO OUTRANKED THEM / HAD BEEN PUT IN CHARGE OF THEM

Where did they go?

INTO AN UNKNOWN SEA

26. Give the first person plural, imperfect passive subjunctive of the verb *faciō*. **FIERĒMUS**
Change **fierēmus** to perfect tense, keeping all else the same. **FACTĪ SĪMUS**
Now change **factī sīmus** to the present tense. **FIĀMUS**

27. Give the Latin noun and its meaning which is at the root of "soccer."

SOCIUS - ALLY/ FRIEND

... of "Nazi."

SOCIUS - ALLY/ FRIEND

Give the Latin verb and its meaning which is at the root of "reason."

REOR/ RĒRĪ-, THINK/ SUPPOSE/ RECKON/ JUDGE

HISTORY / GEOGRAPHY / LIFE

1. What type of slaves were known as **vernae**? **SLAVES BORN IN THE HOUSEHOLD**
Why were these slaves particularly valued? **THOUGHT TO BE VERY FAITHFUL &
LOYAL and/or COULD BE TRAINED EARLIER THAN MOST SLAVES**

- What was the general term for all of the slaves who worked in the master's residence in Rome? **FAMILIA URBANA**
2. What was indicated when a day on a Roman calendar was marked with the letter "F"? **FASTUS (FAS EST IUS DICERE)**
COURT OF PRAETOR URBANUS OPEN TO LITIGANTS
IT WAS OK TO DO LEGAL BUSINESS
 . . . what political body could meet on days marked "C"? **ASSEMBLIES/COMITIAE**
 . . . with the letter "N"? **NE FASTUS (NE FAS) COURTS CLOSED-NO MEETING OF ASSEMBLY**
3. Who resigned as one of Rome's first consuls because he was related to the exiled Tarquinius? **(L. TARQUINIUS) COLLATINUS**
 Name Collatinus' wife who had been dishonored by Sextus Tarquinius. **LUCRETIA**
 To what town, established by Aeneas in honor of his Latin wife, did Collatinus retire? **LAVINIUM**
4. Name the censor of 220 B.C. who built a circus in the Campus Martius and a road north from Rome on the Adriatic coast? **(GAIUS) FLAMINIUS**
 For his victory over what enemy in 223 B.C. did he win a triumph? **INSUBRES / INSUBRIAN GAULS**
 Where was Flaminius ambushed and defeated in 217 B.C.? **LAKE TRASIMENE**
5. Who as praetor openly took bribes and as proconsul plundered his province of Sicily? **(C.) VERRES**
 Whom did the Sicilians "hire" to prosecute Verres for extortion? **(M. TULLIUS) CICERO**
 Who unsuccessfully defended Verres? **(Q.) HORTENSIVS (HORTALUS)**
6. As Nero's conduct degenerated, who retired as the emperor's adviser to pursue his literary interests? **(L. ANNAEUS) SENECA THE YOUNGER**
 What earlier emperor had exiled Seneca? **GAIUS / CALIGULA**
(OCD3 wrongly says CLAUDIUS)
 Why was Seneca forced to commit suicide?
IMPLICATED IN THE CONSPIRACY OF PISO
7. Which of the co-emperors of Rome led the Roman forces against the Parthians in A.D. 163-6? **LUCIUS VERUS**
 Who was the chief commander of this army who was actually responsible for its victories against the Parthians? **(GAIUS) AVIDIUS CASSIUS**
 Marcus Aurelius rewarded Cassius by making him governor of Syria, then commander-in-chief of the East. Who encouraged Cassius to declare himself emperor in A.D. 175? **(THE EMPRESS) FAUSTINA (THE YOUNGER)**
8. What is the Latin term for a group of people who could trace their descent to a single ancestor? **GENS**

According to his name, to what **gens** did C. Iulius Caesar belong?

IŬLIA (GENS) /IŬLIŬ / JULIAN

Who was the ancestor from whom the Julians were descended?

IULUS (SON OF AENEAS)

9. By what name did the ancient Romans know the city of Paris? **LUTETIA (PARISIORUM)**
By what name did the ancient Romans know the city of Lyon? **LUGDUNUM**
By what name did the ancient Romans know the city of Marseilles? **MASSILIA**
10. What was the most common duty of the publicānī? **TAX COLLECTOR (IN PROVINCES)**
What was Rome's aerārium? **PUBLIC TREASURY**
What was the emperor's private treasury called? **FISCUS**
11. What desert plateau did Flavius Silva defeat after a siege of six months? **MASADA**
What year was that defeat? **A.D. 73**
What happened to the defenders of Masada? **THEY COMMITTED (RITUAL) SUICIDE**
12. Give the full name of the Roman general who was given the agnomen "Cuncta-tor."
QUINTUS FABIVS MAXIMVS
... who was given the agnomen "Fēlix."
LUCIVS CORNELIVS SULLA
... who gave himself the name "Magnus."
GNAEVVS POMPEIVS

LITERATURE

1. Which of Plautus' works is a comedy dealing with the seduction of Alcmena?
AMPHITRUO
Which of Plautus' works is a comedy centered around a braggart soldier?
MILES GLORIOSVS
Which of Plautus' works was the model for Shakespeare's *Comedy of Errors*?
MENAECHMI
2. What poet proclaimed that widespread moral corruption compelled him to write satires?
(D. IUNIVS) I/JUVENAL(IS)
What does Juvenal claim in his third Satire to be dangerous for honest men?
LIFE IN ROME
Against whom does Juvenal rage in his sixth Satire?
WOMEN
3. According to Ovid, what Latin phrase summarized the reason for his exile?
CARMEN ET ERROR
To what town on the border of the Black Sea was Ovid banished? **TOMI(S)**
The completion of what poetic calendar was interrupted by Ovid's exile? **FASTI**
4. What orator, scientist, and philosopher was accused of witchcraft by the relatives of a

widow that he was marrying? APULEIUS
 In which of his works does Apuleius describe the misadventures of Lucius?
GOLDEN ASS / METAMORPHOSES
 Which of Apuleius' works are the chief sources for the writer's life?
APOLOGY (APOLOGIA) & FLORIDA

MYTHOLOGY

1. Whose mother was Aethra? THESEUS'
 Who was Perseus' mother? DANAE
 Who was Ariadne's mother? PASIPHAE
2. From what city was Aeson evicted by his half-brother Pelias? IOLCUS
 Who was Aeson's son? JASON
 Who claimed the throne of Iolcus after Medea tricked Pelias' daughters into killing their father? ACASTUS
3. Who was the last Theban man to be devoured by the Sphinx for being unable to answer her riddle? HAEMON
 Who was Haemon's father and ruler of Thebes? CREON
 This dearly-departed Haemon had a much younger brother of the same name. To whom was the younger Haemon betrothed? ANTIGONE
- 4.
5. Into what creatures were the daughter of Minyas turned for refusing to worship Bacchus? BATS
 According to Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, before this metamorphosis befell them, the daughters of Minyas spent the hours telling various stories. For five points each, name two of them. PYRAMUS & THISBE / VULCAN CATCHING VENUS & MARS / APOLLO & LEUCOTHOE / SALMACIS & HERMAPHRODITUS
6. How many men from each of Odysseus' ships did the Ciconians who survived the Greeks' attack kill? SIX
 Who was the only Ciconian man whom Odysseus' men spared? MARON
 Whose priest was Maron? APOLLO'S
7. What goddess is often depicted in mythology as a fair maiden wearing the *nimbus*? IRIS
 Who were the parents of Iris? THAUMAS & ELECTRA
 Who were the sisters of Iris? HARPIES
8. Who disoriented Patroclus by knocking down the helmet that he was wearing? APOLLO
 Who wounded Patroclus with a spear and he stood disoriented from Apollo's attack? EUPHORBUS
 Who finally ended Patroclus' life? HECTOR

9. As Turnus lay on the ground pleading for his life, what caused Aeneas to kill him
without mercy? TURNUS WAS WEARING THE BELT
OF PALLAS (ONE OF AENEAS' ALLIES AND FRIEND)
What sister of Turnus had attempted to save her brother from death? JUTURNA
Who was the father of Turnus? DAUNUS
10. Whose request did Heracles honor when he married Deianeira? MELEAGER'S
During which of his labors did Heracles meet Meleager? FETCHING CERBERUS
With whom did Heracles have to wrestle before he could marry Deianeira? ACHELOUS
11. Whose death was the result of a curse invoked by Theseus? HIPPOLYTUS'
Why did Theseus invoke a curse against his own son? BECAUSE HE BELIEVED HIS
WIFE PHAEDRA'S FALSE ACCUSATIONS AGAINST HIPPOLYTUS
What deity carried out this terrible curse? POSEIDON / NEPTUNE
12. Into what were the Maenads who killed Orpheus transformed? (OAK) TREES
Who transformed them into oak trees? DIONYSUS / BACCHUS / LIBER
To what island did the river Hebrus carry the head of Orpheus? LESBOS