

**1998 NJCL CERTAMEN
NOVICE DIVISION
ROUND ONE -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. What was the maximum number of people that could be accommodated comfortably on a *lectus*, the typical dining couch in a Roman house? THREE
How many dining couches did a dining room normally have? THREE
Therefore, what is the Roman term for a “dining room”? TRICLINIUM

2. Give an antonym of **tardus**. **CELER, CURRAX, ALACER, ĀLIPES, VELOX, LEVIS, MATŪRUS, RAPIDUS**
Give an antonym of **crūdēlis**. **CLĒMĒNS, URBĀNUS, HŪMĀNUS, BENIGNUS, COMIS**
Give an antonym of **occultus**. **APERTUS, CANDIDUS, CLARUS, LĀTUS**

3. Who used the pelt of the Nemean lion as a cloak and wore it throughout his life? HERACLES / HERCULES
What other lion was also killed by Heracles? THESPIAN LION / THE LION OF MT. CITHAERON
What multi-headed swamp creature indirectly caused the death of Heracles? (LERNAEAN) HYDRA

4. What is the meaning of the Latin noun at the root of “particular”? PART
What is the meaning of the Latin verb at the root of “apparatus”? TO MAKE READY, PREPARE, FIX (DINNER)
What is the meaning of the Latin adjective at the root of “parity”? EQUAL, EVEN

5. What famous mythological musician lost his wife when she was bitten by a snake while fleeing from an attacker? ORPHEUS
Who was his unfortunate wife? EURYDICE
Who was pursuing her when she was killed? ARISTAEÛS

6. Which Roman emperor was murdered with a dish of poisoned mushrooms? CLAUDIUS
Name Claudius’s wife who is believed to have poisoned Claudius. AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER
Name Agrippina’s son whom Claudius adopted as his heir. NERO
(GN. DOMITIUS AHENOBARBUS)

7. Say in Latin: fifteen. **QUĪNDECIM**
Say in Latin: fifty. **QUĪNQUĀGINTĀ**
Say in Latin: five hundred. **QUĪNGENTĪ**

8. Which of the following Latin prepositions does not belong: **sine, inter, ad, apud, per?**
SINE
 . . . **intrā, ex, prō, dē, cum?** **INTRĀ**
 Name two prepositions used with both the accusative and ablative cases.
IN, SUB, SUBTER, SUPER
9. During the Trojan War, what Trojan prince offered to engage Menelaüs in single combat,
 provided that all the other warriors on both sides would stand aside? **PARIS**
 Who was winning this fight before it was interrupted by Aphrodite? **MENELAÛS**
 How did Aphrodite save Paris? **SHE (BROKE THE THONG OF PARIS' HELMET AND)**
SHROUDED/COVERED HIM IN A MIST/CLOUD AND TOOK HIM AWAY
(BACK TO HIS OWN BEDROOM/PALACE)
10. Who became the sole Augustus of the Roman Empire in A.D. 324?
CONSTANTINE (I or GREAT)
 What rival did Constantine defeat in A.D. 324? **LICINIUS**
 What rival had Constantine defeated twelve years earlier at the Battle of the Milvian
 Bridge? **MAXENTIUS**
11. Change **tū** to the dative singular. **TIBĪ**
 Change **tibī** to the plural. **VÖBĪS**
 Change **vōbīs** to first person. **NÖBĪS**
12. To what deity does Zeus often lend his *aegis*? **ATHENA / APOLLO**
 According to some accounts, whose skin provided the *aegis*?
AMALTHEA'S / AIX'S / PALLAS'
 Whose head decorated Athena's breastplate? **MEDUSA'S**
13. Make the phrase **lūx splendida** accusative plural. **LŪCĒS SPLENDIDĀS**
 Change **lūcēs splendidās** to ablative. **LŪCIBUS SPLENDIDĪS**
 Change that **lūcibus splendidīs** to singular. **LŪCE SPLENDIDĀ**
14. Differentiate in meaning between **mare** and **māne**. **MARE – SEA**
MĀNE – IN THE MORNING
 . . . between **causa** and **casa**. **CAUSA – TRIAL, CAUSE, REASON, LEGAL CASE**
CASA – COTTAGE, SHOP, HUT, CABIN, LITTLE HOUSE
 . . . between **mīlle** and **mīles**. **MĪLLE – ONE THOUSAND**
MĪLES – SOLDIER
15. Which of the following was not involved in the struggle for power between the Populares
 and the Optimates which contributed to the fall of the Roman Republic:
 Cicero, Sulla, Sertorius, Fabius, Marius, Cinna **FABIUS**
 Please look at the visual handout and tell me the letter of the picture of the man who hoped
 to establish a *Concordia Ordinum* or Concord of the Orders? **"E" (CICERO)**
 Tell me the letter of the picture of the man whom Cicero hoped would be the nominal
 leader of the *concordia*. **"C" (POMPEY)**

16. Consider the sentence “The soldiers could run for ten miles without resting.” Translate
“could run” into Latin. **CURRERE POTERANT / POTUĒRUNT**
Translate “for ten miles” in that same sentence. **DECEM MĪLIA PASSUUM**
What use of the genitive is found in “**decem mīlia passuum**”?
PARTITIVE / GENITIVE OF THE WHOLE
17. With what daughter of Helius did Odysseus spend a year of his life? **CIRCE**
What was the name of Circe’s island? **AEAEA**
With the aid of what special herb was Odysseus able to withstand the magic of Circe?
MOLY
18. The abbreviation **A.M.** can stand for many things. What does the abbreviation **A.M.** mean
when it stands for **ante merīdiem**? **BEFORE NOON / MIDDAY**
What does the abbreviation **A.M.** mean when it stands for **annō mundī**?
IN THE YEAR OF THE WORLD (SINCE ITS CREATION)
What does the abbreviation **M.A.** mean when it stands for **magister artium**?
MASTER OF ARTS
19. In the 2nd century A.D., what city was the capital of the province of *Britannia*?
LONDINIUM / LONDON
What city was the capital of the province of *Sicilia*? **SYRACUSAE / SYRACUSE**
What city was the capital of the province of *Aegyptus*? **ALEXANDRIA**
20. What is the case and use of **Publius** in the sentence: **Publī, cantā mēcum crās māne!**
VOCATIVE, DIRECT ADDRESS
... : **Canis Publī semper per tōtam noctem lātrat.** **GENITIVE, POSSESSION**
... : **Publī cōtīdiē ad forum ambulābant.** **NOMINATIVE, SUBJECT**

**1998 NJCL CERTAMEN
NOVICE DIVISION
ROUND TWO -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. In the Latin noun form **taurōrum**, which letters comprise the ultima? -RUM
Which comprise the antepenult? TAU-
Which comprise the diphthong? -AU-
2. Who was the mother of Romulus and Remus? RHEA SILVIA / ILIA
Name the wife of the shepherd who was their foster mother. (ACCA) LARENTIA
What goddess did Romulus' wife Hersilia become? HORA
3. Which of the following, if any, does NOT belong:
Imperfect, Indirect, Present, Perfect, Future? INDIRECT
... Infinitive, Imperative, Passive, Indicative, Subjunctive? PASSIVE
... Vocative, Predicative, Genitive, Accusative, Ablative? PREDICATIVE
4. What relative of Priam was thought to be the ancestor of the first emperors of Rome? AENEAS
Where was Aeneas born? MT. IDA
How old was Aeneas when he first met his father Anchises? 5
5. Who referred to her sons Tiberius and Gaius Gracchus as "her jewels"? CORNELIA
What famous general was Cornelia's father? SCIPIO AFRICANUS (MAIOR)
What other famous general did Cornelia's daughter Sempronia marry?
SCIPIO AEMILIANUS (AFRICANUS MINOR)
6. Give an antonym of **finis**. INITIUM, COEPTUS (-UM)
Give an antonym of **clāmor**. SUSURRUS, SILENTIUM, RETICENTIA, QUIĒS
Give an antonym of **impedīmentum**.
AUXILIUM, BENEFICIUM, SUPPLEMENTUM, SUBSIDIUM, PRAESIDIUM
7. Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin word as the others:
maintain, manual, manure, manager, mandate? MANDATE
What Latin verb is the root of "mandate"? MANDĀRE
What Latin noun is the root of the other words? MANUS
8. According to some sources, what son of Poseidon and Aethra volunteered to be in the
company of the 14 Athenian youths who were being sent to Crete to be devoured by
the Minotaur? THESEUS
What Athenian king is more commonly said to be the father of Theseus? AEGEUS
What Cretan princess eventually became the wife of Theseus? PHAEDRA
9. Make the phrase **ūna spēs** ablative singular. ŪNĀ SPĒ
Change **ūnā spē** to genitive. ŪNĪUS SPĒĪ
Change **ūnīus spēī** to accusative. ŪNAM SPEM

10. What nymph, having been spurned by her former lover, wasted away until she was transformed into a sunflower? CLYTIË
 Who was her former lover? HELIUS / APOLLO / PHOEBUS
 Why did Helius spurn the love of Clytië? BECAUSE SHE TATTLED ON HIM TO THE FATHER (ORCHAMUS) OF HIS NEW MISTRESS (LEUCOTHÖË) / CAUSED THE DEATH OF HIS NEW MISTRESS
11. Who, eager to win a military reputation, led seven legions into Mesopotamia in 53 BC to attack the Parthians? (MARCUS LICINIUS) CRASSUS
 Where was Crassus defeated in battle (or skirmish) by the Parthians? CARRHAE
 What was Crassus' fate? (CAPTURED &) KILLED
12. What case is used in Latin to express the time when an action occurs? ABLATIVE
 Say in Latin "in seven years." SEPTEM ANNĪS
 Say in Latin "for seven years." (PER) SEPTEM ANNŌS
13. Who was the slayer of a fire-breathing monster that had a lion's head, a goat's body, and a serpent's tail? BELLEROPHON(TES) / HIPPONOÛS
 With the aid of what semi-divine creature did he accomplish this feat? PEGASUS
 What did Athena give to Bellerophon that allowed him to tame Pegasus? A MAGIC BRIDLE (WITH GOLD TRAPPINGS)
14. When did most Roman men go to the public baths? IN THE AFTERNOON
 (BETWEEN *MERĪDIATIŌ* AND *CĒNA*)
 What is the Latin term for the large, public bath complexes? THERMAE or BALNEAE
 What in Rome was the usual entry fee for men? QUADRĀNS (1/4 AS)
15. What is the present active imperative singular for **cōnferō**? CŌNFER
 Give the same form for **cōnficiō**. CŌNFICE
 Give the same form for **cōndūcō**. CŌNDŪC
16. Define **prīdiē**. ON THE PRECEEDING DAY, ON THE DAY BEFORE
 Define **postrīdiē**. ON THE FOLLOWING DAY, ON THE DAY AFTER
 Define **perendiē**. ON THE DAY AFTER TOMORROW
17. Make the phrase **hoc iūdicium** dative singular. HUIC IŪDICIŌ
 Change **huic iūdicio** to the ablative. HŌC IŪDICIŌ
 Change **hōc iūdicio** to the plural. HĪS IŪDICIĪS
18. Who was punished in the Underworld because he served the flesh of his own son to the gods? TANTALUS
 (PASS OUT THE HANDOUT)
 Identify character "A". SISYPHUS
 Identify character "B". IXION

19. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question about it.
Cum mons Vesuvius ērūpīt, diēs erat nox et nox erat nigrior. Cīvēs aliquid vidēre nōn poterant.
Quandō erat diēs nox? 1. CUM MONS VESUVIUS ĒRŪPIT/ERUPERET
2. POSTQUAM MONS VESUVIUS ĒRŪPIT
Quālis erat nox? NIGRIOR / NIGRA
Quid cīvēs vidēre poterant? NIHIL / NĪL / NŪLLAM REM
20. Who was Augustus' only natural child? JULIA
 Julia had five children by which of her three husbands? (M. VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA
 Which of Julia's five children did Augustus adopt in 17 B.C. as his heirs? GAIUS & LUCIUS CAESAR

**1998 NJCL CERTAMEN
NOVICE DIVISION
ROUND THREE -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. Which of the Olympian gods owned a submarine palace on the northern coast of the Peloponnesus? POSEIDON / NEPTUNE
Where exactly is this watery palace located? AEGAE
What daughter of Oceanus eventually became Poseidon's wife? AMPHITRITE
2. Change the verb form **torquit** to passive. TORQUITUR
Change **torquitur** to imperfect. TORQUĒBĀTUR
Change **torquēbātur** to future. TORQUĒTUR
3. About what queen did Plutarch say that it was her conversation rather than her looks that was the secret of her success with Julius Caesar and then Mark Antony? CLEOPATRA (VII)
Whom did Mark Antony claim was the son of Cleopatra and Julius Caesar? CAESARION (PTOLEMY XV)
Who ordered the execution of the 17 year old Caesarion? OCTAVIAN (LATER AUGUSTUS)
4. Give two synonyms of the conjunction **et**. ATQUE, AC, -QUE
Give a synonym of **aut**. VEL, -VE, AN, SEU, SĪVE
Give a synonym of **ibi**. ILLĪC, ISTĪC, EŌ
5. According to Livy, who organized the coup which overthrew his cousin Tarquinius Superbus and established the Roman Republic? (LUCIUS JUNIUS) BRUTUS
Who was the first to be chosen as Brutus' co-consul in 509 B.C.? (TARQUINIUS) COLLATINUS
Why did Brutus execute his own sons? THEY PLOTTED TO REINSTATE TARQUIN
6. What derivative of **tenēre** is an English noun for a singer midway between bass and alto? TENOR
What related word is an English noun meaning "doctrine"? TENET
What compound of **tenēre** yields the English noun "rein"? RETINĒRE
7. Make the phrase **genū vulnerātum** nominative plural. GENUA VULNERĀTA
Change **genua vulnerāta** to accusative. GENUA VULNERĀTA
Change **genua vulnerāta** to genitive. GENUUM VULNERĀTŌRUM
8. What grumpy, old man in the Underworld benefitted financially by the deaths of mortals? CHARON
How much did Charon charge for ferrying the souls of the dead across the river Styx? ONE OBOL(US)
What river, rather than the Styx, is sometimes the river over which Charon ferried souls? ACHERON

9. Give the comparative and superlative forms of **fortis**. **FORTIOR, FORTISSIMUS**
 . . . of the adjective **forte**. **FORTIUS, FORTISSIMUM**
 . . . of **fortiter**. **FORTIUS, FORTISSIMĒ**
10. Which Roman king appointed the first pontiffs, augurs, and flamens? NUMA POMPILIUS
 To what Italian tribe did Numa belong? SABINE
 What was the name of the nymph who advised Numa? EGERIA
11. Whose cattle were proclaimed off limits to Odysseus and his crew?
 APOLLO'S / HELIUS' / HYPERION'S / PHOEBUS' / SUN'S
 Which one of Odysseus' crew persuaded his shipmates otherwise? EURYLOCHUS
 On what island were the cattle of Helius confined? THRINAC(R)IA / TRINACRIA /
 SICILY
12. Count in Latin by two's from two to ten. **DUŌ - QUATTUOR - SEX - OCTŌ - DECEM**
 Count in Latin by five's from five to twenty-five.
QUĪNQUE - DECEM - QUĪNDECIM - VĪGINTĪ - VĪGINTĪ (ET) QUĪNQUE
 Count in Latin by ten's from ten to fifty.
DECEM - VĪGINTĪ - TRĪGINTĀ - QUADRĀGINTĀ - QUĪNQUĀGINTĀ
13. Who captured, as his concubine, a beautiful Lyrnessan woman named Briseïs?
 ACHILLES / LIGYRON
 Who gave the order to take Briseïs away from Achilles? AGAMEMNON
 Who wore Achilles armor to fight the Trojans because the hero refused to fight?
 PATROCLUS
14. What English word for a certain legendary animal derives from the Latin for "one horned"?
 UNICORN
 What sign of the Zodiac comes from the Latin for "goat horned"? CAPRICORN
 What related English derivative is the name for a part of one's eye? CORNEA
15. What case in Latin is used for the direct object of transitive verbs? ACCUSATIVE
 Name two other uses of the Accusative case.
 DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE, DURATION OF TIME, COGNATE, EXCLAMATION,
 SUBJECT OF INFINITIVE, SPECIFICATION/RESPECT, ADVERBIAL,
 PLACE TO WHICH, OBJECT OF PREPOSITIONS, EXTENT OF SPACE,
 PREDICATE ACCUSATIVE
 Name two more.
16. Who were the joint heirs of the emperor Septimius Severus? CARACALLA & GETA
 Name their mother who prevented the partition of the Empire between them.
 JULIA DOMNA
 What happened to Geta?
 ASSASSINATED BY ORDER OF CARACALLA
 (SOME SOURCES SAY IN HIS MOTHER'S ARMS)

17. Give the second person singular, imperfect indicative of **volō, velle**. **VOLĒBĀS**
(PASS OUT HANDOUT)
The handout you just received contains part of the conjugation for **volō, velle**. What
missing form is represented by the number 2? **VULTIS**
What missing form is represented by the number 5? **VOLUĒRUNT**
18. Translate: **Marcus Iūlium magnō fuste verberābat.**
MARCUS BEAT (WAS BEATING) IULIUS WITH A BIG STICK
Translate: **Iūlius ā Marcō graviter verberātus est.**
IULIUS WAS GRAVELY/SERIOUSLY/SEVERELY/HEAVILY BEATEN BY MARCUS
Translate: **Marcus Iūlium magnā crūdēlitāte verberāvit**
MARCUS BEAT IULIUS WITH GREAT CRUELTY
19. When would a Roman wear a *toga candida*? **RUNNING FOR OFFICE**
When would an adult Roman wear a *toga praetexta*?
SERVING AS A (CURULE) MAGISTRATE (or CENSORS,
DICTATOR, & OFFICERS OF FREE TOWNS/COLONIES)
When would a Roman wear a *toga picta*? **CELEBRATING A TRIUMPH**
(or BEING EMPEROR)
20. Whose death ends the *Aeneid*? **TURNUS**
Who was Turnus' divine sister, who harassed the Latins and Trojans at Juno's command?
JUTURNA
Whom had Turnus earlier killed, which in turn led to his death at the hand of Aeneas?
PALLAS

**1998 NJCL CERTAMEN
NOVICE DIVISION
SEMI-FINAL ROUND -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. (PASS OUT THE HANDOUT -- REMIND THE PLAYERS NOT TO OPEN THE HANDOUT UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO--WHEN EVERYONE HAS A VISUAL, SAY "PLEASE OPEN THE VISUAL NOW")
 What number on the map indicates the province of Asia? #9
 What number on the map indicates the province of Lusitania? #23
 What number on the map indicates the province of Achaea? #6

2. What two Latin declensions contain no neuter nouns at all? FIRST & FIFTH
 Name three first declension nouns that are not feminine in gender.
INCOLA, SCRĪBA, NAUTA, AGRICOLA, POĒTA, AURĪGA, PĪRĀTA, ETC.
 (Family or personal names that end in -a such as **Mūrēna** are also acceptable)
 Name two fifth declension nouns that are not feminine in gender. **DIĒS, MERĪDIĒS**

3. Give the first person singular, pluperfect active indicative for **tollō**. **SUSTULERAM**
 Change **sustuleram** to future perfect. **SUSTULERŌ**
 Change **sustulerō** to passive. **SUBLĀTUS (-A, -UM) ERŌ**

4. Who ordered her chariot driver to drive over the dead body of her father, the king
 Servius Tullius? **TULLIA (MINOR)**
 Who, at Tullia's urging, had murdered Tullia's father? **TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS**
 What two other family members died because of Tullia's ambition?
HER HUSBAND (ARUNS TARQUINIUS) & SISTER (TULLIA MAIOR)

5. Name two of the children of Gaia and Pontus, the personification of the sea.
see below for answers
 For five points, name one more. *see below for answers*
 For five points, name one more. **NEREUS / PHORCYS / EURYBIA / THAUMAS / CETO**

6. Translate: **Prīmā lūce trēs iuvenēs in forum ambulāvērunt.**
AT DAWN/FIRST LIGHT THREE YOUTHS WALKED INTO THE FORUM
 Translate: **Sōlis occāsū circum Campum Martium currēbant quam celerrimē.**
AT SUNSET THEY RAN AROUND THE CAMPUS
MARTIUS AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE
 Translate: **Tum thermās intrāvērunt, ubi natāvērunt strēnuē.**
**THEN THEY ENTERED THE BATHS, WHERE THEY SWAM VIGOROUSLY/
 ACTIVELY/ENERGETICALLY/RESTLESSLY/TURBULENTLY**

7. According to one account, who became the immortal gate-keeper of Olympus after his
 mortal flesh was burned away on Mt. Oeta? **HERACLES / HERCULES**
 What daughter of Hera became the immortal companion of Heracles? **HEBE**
 Whom did Heracles persuade Hebe to make young again so that he could defend the
 children of Heracles from Eurystheus' attack? **IOLAÜS**

8. Make the phrase **illa virgō** genitive singular.
Change **illius virginis** to plural.
Change **illārum virginum** to ablative.
- ILLIUS VIRGINIS**
ILLARUM VIRGINUM
ILLIS VIRGINIBUS
9. What use of the dative case is found in the following: **Mihī erat domus splendida.**
... **Nōbīs iter faciendum est.**
... **Meus avunculus aurum mihī crēdiderat.**
- POSSESSION
AGENCY
W/ SPECIAL VERBS
10. Who carried the *fascēs*, the Roman symbol of office?
The *fascēs* were a bundle of elm or birch rods tied together by red thongs. What was in the center of the rods?
Name two of the three magistrates in the republican era who were entitled to be accompanied by lictors carrying the *fascēs*.
- LICTOR(E)S
AN AXE (*SECŪRIS*)
PRAETORS, CONSULS, & DICTATORS
11. Translate the relative pronoun into Latin for this sentence: The boys, whose dogs are running in the field, are playing ball.
... The girls, who are being taught arithmetic, are sitting under a tree.
... The moderator, to whom much money is given, will be very lenient.
- QUŌRUM
QUAE
CUI
12. To whom did Perseus give his divine weapons so that they could be returned to their original owners?
Who had instructed Perseus to do this?
Who became the king of Seriphus after Perseus turned the former king Polydectes into stone?
- HERMES / MERCURY
ATHENA / MINERVA
DICTYS
13. There is a small town on the west coast of Italy named Sperlonga, so called because it is the place, still seen today, where the emperor Tiberius had a residence built in a grotto next to the sea. If you take a close look at the word Sperlonga, you will notice that it is derived from what Latin word for “cave”?
Give a synonym for **spēlunca**.
What derivative of **spēlunca** is an English adjective used to describe a person who explores caves?
- SPĒLUNCA
ANTRUM, CAVEA, CAVERNA, SPĒLAEUM
SPELUNKER
14. Whom did Tiberius Claudius Nero divorce in 39 B.C. so that Octavian could marry her?
Name Livia’s two sons by her first husband.
Through which of her sons does she become the ancestress of three of the Julio-Claudian emperors?
- LIVIA (DRUSILLA)
TIBERIUS & DRUSUS (THE ELDER)
DRUSUS
15. Which of the following, if any, IS a synonym of **clārus**:
levis, incertus, formōsus, nōbilis, torvus?
Which of the following, if any, IS a synonym of **horribilis**:
viridis, madidus, fervidus, calidus, fēlix?
Which of the following, if any, IS a synonym of **benīgnus**:
liberālis, cīvīlis, virīlis, claudus, dīrus?
- NŌBILIS
NONE
LĪBERĀLIS

16. Give the comparative and superlative forms of **ācer**. **ĀCRIOR, ĀCERRIMUS**
 . . . of **facilis**. **FACILIOR, FACILLIMUS**
 . . . of **antīquus**. **ANTĪQUIOR, ANTĪQUISSIMUS**
17. What former comrade of Odysseus was the first ghost to appear to him when he visited the Underworld? **ELPENOR**
 What request did Elpenor make with Odysseus? **HE BEGGED ODYSSEUS NOT TO LEAVE HIS CORPSE UNBURIED (AND UNMOURNED) IN AEAEA**
 How did Elpenor die? **HE (GOT DRUNK AND) FELL OFF THE ROOF OF CIRCE'S PALACE (AND BROKE HIS NECK)**
18. What queen, wearing chains of gold, walked in the emperor's triumphal parade in AD 274? **ZENOBIA**
 Of what empire had Zenobia been the ruler? **PALMYRA**
 What emperor had captured Palmyra and brought it back into the Roman empire. **AURELIAN**
19. What young Trojan prince was so afraid of his father's war helmet that he shrank back into the arms of his nurse upon seeing his father? **ASTYANAX / SCAMANDRIUS**
 Who were the parents of Astyanax? **HECTOR & ANDROMACHE**
 How did Astyanax die? **HE WAS FLUNG TO HIS DEATH FROM THE WALLS OF TROY (BY ODYSSEUS / NEOPTOLEMUS / PYRRHUS / MENELAÛS)**
20. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question about it.
Marce, tuās litterās libenter lēgī. Recognoscō perīculum Brundisiī dīrum esse. Itaque viā Appiā iter faciam et celeriter Brundisium ībō.
Cuius litterae lectae sunt? **MARCI**
Ubī est perīculum dīrum? **BRUNDIS(I)Ī**
In quā viā pōsitum est Brundisium? **IN VIĀ APPIĀ**

**1998 NJCL CERTAMEN
NOVICE DIVISION
FINAL ROUND -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. World Cup '98 is now only a recent memory, but, for Latin students, there is still a need to know about soccer. What noun with what meaning is the root of "soccer"?
SOCIUS – ALLY, PARTNER, SUPPORTER, COMRADE, FRIEND
 What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of "travesty", as in "the performance of the U.S. team was a travesty." **VESTIS** – CLOTHES, ATTIRE, CLOTH, DRAPERY
 What is the meaning of the Latin word **socer**? **FATHER-IN-LAW (EITHER SIDE)**

2. During which of Ovid's "Four Ages of Man" was righteousness replaced by trickery, slyness, and violence? **IRON AGE**
 Which of Ovid's "Four Ages of Men" preceded the Iron Age? **BRONZE AGE**
 Who was the last immortal to flee from the bloody earth during the Age of Iron?
ASTRAEA / IUSTITIA / MAIDEN JUSTICE

3. It is not uncommon for certain prefixes to have more than one meaning. The prefix "**in-**" is a good example of this. What is its meaning when incorporated into the Latin word **inimīcus**? **NOT**
 What is the meaning of the prefix "**in-**" when incorporated into the Latin word **incidō**? **IN, INTO**
 "**Per-**" is another example of a prefix that may have more than one shade of meaning. What is the difference between its meaning in **perterreō** and in **percurrō**?
PERterreō – THOROUGHLY, THROUGH AND THROUGH, COMPLETELY
PERcurrō – THROUGH

4. Differentiate in meaning between **decimus** and **dīcimus**. **DECIMUS** – TENTH
DĪCIMUS – WE SPEAK, TELL, SAY, ETC.
 . . . between **cēnō** and **cēnseō**. **CĒNŌ** - DINE
CĒNSEŌ - TAX, VALUE, ESTIMATE, ASSESS, THINK, TAKE A CENSUS, VOTE
 . . . between **hērēs** and **hērōs**. **HĒRĒS** – HEIR, SUCCESSOR
HĒRŌS – HERO

5. What was the job of a *lanista*? **TRAINER/MANAGER OF GLADIATORS**
 When was a gladiator called a *tīrō*? **BEFORE** HIS FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE
 What did the title of *prīmus pālūs* indicate about a gladiator? **BEST OF HIS CLASS**

6. Translate: **Fīlia cōsulis pulchrior quam tribūnī erat.**
THE CONSUL'S DAUGHTER WAS MORE BEAUTIFUL THAN THE TRIBUNE'S
 Translate: **Fīlia cōsulis longē pulcherrima omnium erat.**
THE CONSUL'S DAUGHTER WAS BY FAR THE MOST BEAUTIFUL OF ALL
 Translate: **Nēmō erat tam similis deae.** **NO ONE WAS SO SIMILAR TO A GODDESS**

7. Give the full Latin name of the former censor, known for his building activities, who convinced the Senate to reject a peace offer from Pyrrhus.
 APPIUS CLAUDIUS CAECUS
 Appius Claudius built Rome's first aqueduct. What was its name? *AQUA APPIA*
 Appius Claudius also built the Via Appia from Rome to what city? *CAPUA*
8. Which of the Furies was fetched from the Underworld to incite both Amata and Turnus against Aeneas? *ALECTO*
 Who had fetched Alecto from the Underworld? *HERA / JUNO*
 After the abdication of King Latinus, what did Juno do to signal the coming of war?
SHE OPENED THE GATES OF THE TEMPLE OF JANUS
9. What is the meaning of **quod** in this Latin sentence: **Marcus vult legere volūmen quod fabulae semper eī placent?** *BECAUSE*
 Besides "because", what is the meaning of **quod** in this Latin sentence: **Marcus vult legere volūmen quod dē mīlitibus scrīptum est?** *WHICH*
 Assuming that **quod** means "which", if **volūmen** were changed to **volūmina** in "**Marcus vult legere volūmen quod dē mīlitibus scrīptum est**", what other alterations would have to be made to the rest of the sentence?
QUOD WOULD CHANGE TO QUAE & SCRĪPTUM EST WOULD BECOME SCRĪPTA SUNT
10. Whose influence with both her husband and her father strengthened the First Triumvirate? *JULIA*
 Who was Julia's husband? *POMPEY (THE GREAT)*
 Who were the parents of Julia? *(C.) JULIUS CAESAR & CORNELIA*
11. (PASS OUT THE HANDOUT--REMIND THE PLAYERS NOT TO OPEN THE HANDOUT UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO--WHEN EVERYONE HAS A VISUAL, SAY "PLEASE OPEN THE VISUAL NOW")
 What mythological character is identified by the letter "A"? *ATHAMAS*
 Who was the mother of the characters labeled "B" and "C"? *NEPHELE*
 Who was the mother of the character identified with the letter "D"? *THEOPHANE*
12. When you use the abbreviation **ibid.** in the footnote section of your research paper, what does it tell your teacher about the location of the information that you used for the research? *IN THE SAME PLACE (PAGE & BOOK) AS THE PREVIOUSLY DOCUMENTED SOURCE*
 If you use the abbreviation **loc. cit.** in your paper, what does it tell your teacher about the location of the information? *IT IS IN A PASSAGE PREVIOUSLY CITED*
 If you use the abbreviation **op. cit.** in your paper, what does it tell your teacher about the location of the information? *IT IS IN A WORK PREVIOUSLY CITED*

13. According to Hesiod, who was the first consort of Zeus? METIS
 Again, according to Hesiod, who became the consort of Zeus after Metis? THEMIS
 Name one of the offspring of Zeus and Metis and Zeus and Themis, respectively.
 METIS = (PALLAS) ATHENA & THEMIS = THE FATES/MOERAE/MOIRAI
 (CLOTHO, LACHESIS, ATROPOS) or THE SEASONS/HORAE (EUNOMIA, DIKE,
 EIRENE)
14. Using standard Latin, translate “of the men” for this sentence: Ten of the men were
 killed in battle. **Ē/DĒ VIRĪS, EX/DĒ HOMINIBUS**
 . . . : Most of the men were spared. **VIRŌRUM, HOMINUM**
 . . . : All of the men were wounded. **VIRĪ, HOMINĒS**
15. Give an antonym of **vērītās**. **DOLUS ,FRAUS, FALLĀCIA, MENDĀCIUM,**
CALLIDITĀS, ASTŪTIA, FALSUM
 Give an antonym of **fēlicitās**. **TRISTITIA, TRĪSTIMŌNIA, MAESTITIA,**
MAESTITŪDŌ, CALĀMITĀS
 Give an antonym of **paupertās**. **OPĒS, DĪVITIAE, FACULTĀS (-TĒS), BONA,**
FORTŪNAE, RĒS SECUNDAE
16. Which of the following battle sites was closest to Rome: Munda, Cannae, Zama, Philippi,
 or Actium? **CANNAE**
 Which of the following cities was the closest to Rome: Veii, Clusium, Neapolis, Tarentum,
 or Capua? **VEII**
 Which of the following cities was farthest from Rome: Puteoli, Ostia, Beneventum, Baiae,
 or Brundisium? **BRUNDISIUM**
17. What reward did the greedy Trojan Dolon want in return for volunteering to spy on the
 Greek camp by night?
THE (IMMORTAL) HORSES (XANTHUS & BALIUS AND THE CHARIOT)
OF ACHILLES
 Who accepted this offer on behalf of the Trojans? **HECTOR**
 Who actually killed Dolon? **DIOMEDES**
** do NOT accept ODYSSEUS because he wasn't the one who actually killed Dolon*
18. Make the phrase **duae rānae** dative. **DUĀBUS RĀNĪS**
 Give the corresponding form of **trēs ursī**. **TRIBUS URSĪS**
 Give the corresponding form of **quattuor leōnēs**. **QUATTUOR LEŌNIBUS**
19. What empress traveled extensively with her husband and was present at his death at
 Selinus in Cilicia in AD 117? **(POMPEIA) PLOTINA**
 According to the message which she sent to the Senate, whom did her husband Trajan
 adopt as his heir on his death-bed? **HADRIAN**
 Not everyone accepted the adoption. How many of Trajan's right-hand men were
 executed in AD 118 by the Praetorian Prefect for conspiring against Hadrian?
FOUR

20. **Audī et rēspōndē Latīnē. Cōtīdiē prīmā lūce surgō. Tum coepī meōs agrōs colere. Rūrī in fundō habitō cum meā familiā. Quae occupātiō mihi est?**
COLONUS, RUSTICUS, AGRICOLA (ES)
- Cōtīdiē prīmā lūce surgō. Nōn agrōs, sed discipulōs in lūdō colō. Docendō discō. Quae occupātiō mihi est?**
MAGISTER (-TRA) / LITTERĀTOR (ES) / DOCTOR, RHETOR
- Cōtīdiē prīmā lūce surgō. Nec agrōs nec discipulōs sed pānem colō eīs quī edere volunt. Sine mē nōn est pānis circensibus. Quae occupātiō mihi est?**
PISTOR (-TRIX) (ES)