

1:

TU: After departing from Troy, where was the first place where Odysseus landed?

ISMAROS

B1: Who lived there?

THE CICONES

B2: When they sacked the city, what priest did they allow to live?

MARON

2:

TU: Please translate the following sentence: *rēx tibi interficiendus est*.

YOU MUST KILL THE KING / THE KING MUST BE KILLED BY YOU

B1: ...: *tibi perficiendum est quod incēpistī*.

YOU MUST FINISH WHAT YOU STARTED

B2: ...: *tibi puer numquam mittendus est quī labōrem virī faciat*.

YOU MUST NEVER SEND A BOY TO DO A MAN'S WORK

3:

TU: The months of January and February were added to the Roman calendar by which king of Rome?

NUMA (POMPILIUS)

B1: What group of sacred priestesses was introduced to Roman society by Numa Pompilius?

VESTAL VIRGINS

B2: What nymph was rumored to have been Numa's consort?

EGERIA

4:

TU: What is the Latin expression that means "a slip of the tongue"?

LAPSUS LINGUAE

B1: What is the Latin expression that means "with a grain of salt"?

CUM GRĀNŌ SĀLIS

B2: What is the Latin expression that means "not of sound mind"?

NŌN COMPOS MENTIS

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Distinguish in meaning between *lītus* and *locus*.

LĪTUS = SHORE / LOCUS = PLACE

B1: Distinguish in meaning among *mors*, *mōs*, *mox*.

MORS = DEATH / MŌS = CUSTOM / MOX = SOON

B2: Distinguish in meaning among *prope*, *properō*, and *prōpōnō*.

PROPE = NEAR / PROPERŌ = TO HURRY / PRŌPŌNŌ = TO SET FORTH, OFFER

6:

TU: Please complete this analogy: *mandās : mandāris :: mandātis : _____*.

MANDĀMINĪ

B1: ...: *mandātis : mandābimini : spernitis :: _____*

SPERNĒMINI

B2: ...: *mandō : mandābor :: ferō : _____*

FERAR

7:

TU: What two mythological lovers were turned into a pair of kingfishers?

CEYX & (H)ALCYONE

B1: Who was Ceyx's brother who was turned into a hawk when he jumped off of a cliff?

DAEDALION

B2: Who was the father of Ceyx and Daedalion, known as Lucifer by the Romans?

EOSPHOROUS

8:

TU: Who in 68 AD approached Galba to gain support for his rebellion against the emperor Nero?

(C. IULIUS) VINDEX

B1: What capable general in Upper Germany was responsible for putting down the rebellion of Vindex?

VERGINIUS RUFUS

B2: What capital of the Sequani was the scene of the decisive battle that ended the rebellion of Vindex?

VESONTIO (*modern BESANÇON*)

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

TU: Whose tomb became infested with snakes at the instigation of his sister Medea?

ABSYRTUS / APSYRTUS

B1: What aunt of Medea purified her and Jason for the murder of Apsyrtus?

CIRCE

B2: What epithet of Apsyrtus refers to the quality which distinguished him so much among the Colchians that they pursued Jason even after his defense by Alcinous?

PHAETHON

10:

TU: What was the Latin term for a bride's flame colored veil?

FLAMMEUM

B1: What other article worn by the bride was flame colored?

SHOES

B2: What was the band of wool tied around the *tunica recta*?

KNOT OF HERCULES / NŌDUS HERCULĀNEUS

11:

TU: What type of ablative is used in the following sentence: *Augustus ā multīs cīvibus laudātus est*?

(PERSONAL) AGENT

B1:: *multī mercātōrēs cum celeritāte currēbant*.

MANNER

B2:: *imperātor pīrātās trībus mēnsibus vīcit*.

TIME WITHIN WHICH

[SCORE CHECK]

12:

TU: What is the meaning of the Latin root of "requiem"?

REST

B1: What is the meaning of the Latin root of "jeopardy"?

JOKE

B2: What is the meaning of the Latin root of "nuisance"?

TO HARM, HURT

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Change *eadem magna vīs* to the accusative.
B1: Change *eadem magna vīs* to the ablative.
B2: Change *eadem magna vīs* to the plural.

EANDEM MAGNAM VIM
EĀDEM MAGNĀ VĪ
EAEDEM MAGNAE VĪRĒS

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Whose form did Athena take to advise Telemachus the first time?
B1: Whose form did Athena take to advise Telemachus the second time?
B2: Where did Athena advise Telemachus to go to seek news of his father?

MENTES
MENTOR
PYLOS AND SPARTA

HISTORY & LIFE

- TU: Which Julio-Claudian emperor was the first to insist that he be addressed as a “living god”?
B1: Which emperor began his reign with his brother & ended his reign with his son?
B2: By the influence of what empress was Hadrian appointed to ascend the throne?

GAIUS / CALIGULA
MARCUS AURELIUS
PLOTINA

1:

TU: Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others:
augur, august, auxiliary, author, auditor?

AUDITOR

B1: What English noun meaning “a blacksmith” comes from “**ferrum**”?

FARRIER

B2: What creature, most often associated with fairy tales, is derived from the Latin noun meaning “body”.

LEPRECHAUN

2:

TU: Who captured Corinth in 146 BC?

MUMMIUS

B1: What league did Mummius also defeat in 146 BC?

ACHAEAN LEAGUE

B2: What Corinthian dictator also overran central Greece in 146 BC?

CRITOLAUS

3:

TU: Who wrestled with Hercules for the hand of Deineira?

ACHELOUS

B1: What was the final transformation of Achelous in his struggle with Hercules?

A BULL

B2: What part of Achelous’ body did Hercules break off?

HORN

4:

TU: Please complete the following analogy: *dēscendēbant : dēscenderent :: dēscenderant :* _____.

DĒSCENDISSENT

B1:: *dēscendēbant : dēscenderent :: mīseram :* _____.

MĪSISSEM

B2:: *dēscendēbant : dēscenderent :: tulimus :* _____.

TULISSĒMUS

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Give the Latin word for “act of kindness”.

BENEFICIUM

B1: Give the Latin word for “on all sides”.

UNDIQUE

B2: Give the Latin word for “to march”.

INCĒDŌ, EO, GRADIOR,
PROGREDIOR, ITER FACIO

6:

TU: Translate into English: *crēdō hostēs urbem trībus diēbus captūrōs esse.*

I BELIEVE (THAT) THE ENEMIES WILL CAPTURE
THE CITY (WITH)IN THREE DAYS

B1: Translate into English: *putāsne puellam quae sub arbore sedeat pulcherrimam esse?*

DO YOU THINK (THAT) THE GIRL, WHO IS SITTING UNDER THE TREE,
IS VERY/MOST BEAUTIFUL?

B2: Translate into English: *videō vōs omnēs dīligentissimē ut hoc certāmen vincātis studuisse.*

I SEE THAT ALL OF YOU / YOU ALL HAVE STUDIED VERY DILIGENTLY IN ORDER
TO WIN THIS CERTAMEN/CONTEST/COMPETITION

7:

TU: What son of Eupeithes was the most insolent of all the suitors?

ANTINOUS

B1: Who killed Eupeithes after he showed up at Odysseus’ palace to avenge the death of his son?

LAERTES

B2: Who eventually intervened, scaring the families of the suitors away and avoiding conflict?

ATHENA

8:

- TU: From where in the **Forum Rōmānum** would politicians make public speeches? **ROSTRA**
B1: Whose arch was closest to the Rostra? **SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS'**
B2: Whose arch was at the eastern edge of the **Forum Rōmānum**? **TITUS'**

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

- TU: Change the phrase *quīdam fortis agricola* to the genitive. **CUIUSDAM FORTIS AGRICOLAE**
B1: Change *cuiusdam fortis agricolae* to the plural. **QUŌRUNDAM FORTIUM AGRICOLĀRUM**
B2: Change *quōrundam fortium agricolārum* to the dative. **QUIBUSDAM FORTIBUS AGRICOLĪS**

10:

- TU: On the staff of what Roman general did Cicero and Catiline serve during the Social War?
(CN.) POMPEIUS STRABO
B1: What city did Pompeius Strabo capture to end the fighting in the northern theater of the Social War?
ASCULUM
B2: In 88 BC, Pompeius Strabo was guilty of complicity in the murder of what consul who was supposed to take over his command?
(Q.) POMPEIUS RUFUS

11:

- TU: According to Sophocles, what Athenian Hero, the slayer of the Minotaur, was present when Oedipus died?
THESEUS
B1: Near what town did the death of Oedipus occur?
COLONUS
B2: Who were the two daughters of Oedipus?
ANTIGONE AND ISMENE

[SCORE CHECK]

12:

- TU: Which of the following does not belong due to meaning: **opēs, laetitia, metus, ira**? **OPĒS**
B1: Of the above list, which would you most likely experience if you were **gaudeō**? **LAETITIA**
B2: Of the above list, which would you most likely experience if you were **pallidus**? **METUS**

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Quid Anglicē significat: *marmor*?
B1: Quid Anglicē significat: *identidem*?
B2: Quid Anglicē significat: *massa*?

MARBLE
AGAIN & AGAIN
BLOCK, MASS

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Who transformed Eurylochus' companions into pigs?
B1: Who met Odysseus on his way to Circe's palace?
B2: What magical herb did Hermes give Odysseus?

CIRCE
HERMES
MOLY

HISTORY & LIFE

- TU: What is a *comissātiō*?
B1: Who was the master of the *comissātiō*?
B2: What was one of the duties of the *rex bibendī*?

DRINKING PARTY
REX BIBENDĪ

DETERMINE RATIO OF WATER TO WINE / RULES FOR DRINKING /
IMPOSE PENALTIES FOR BREAKING RULES

1:

TU: For the verb **moror**, give the 2nd person plural, present subjunctive.

B1: Change **morēminī** to the imperfect.

B2: Change **morārēminī** to the perfect.

MORĒMINĪ
MORĀRĒMINĪ
MORĀTĪ (-AE, -A) SĪTIS

2:

TU: In a Roman fortress, what was the **prīncipia**?

B1: What was the **valētūdīnārium**?

B2: What was the **vallum**?

HEADQUARTERS
HOSPITAL
RAMPART

3:

TU: Quid Anglicē significat: taedet?

B1: Quid Anglicē significat: scelus?

B2: Quid Anglicē significat: augeo?

TO BE TIRED OF
CRIME; CHARGE
TO INCREASE

4:

TU: What son of Ctesius and Ithacan swineherd offered Odysseus hospitality?

B1: While in Eumaeus' hut, to whom did Odysseus reveal his identity?

B2: Who was the faithful cowherd of Odysseus?

EUMAEUS
TELEMACHUS
PHILOETIUS

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others:
manner, manure, mansion, manual, manifesto?

B1: What derivative of “**manus**” means “sleight of hand”?

B2: What English noun derived from “**manus**” means “a shackle for the hand”?

MANSION
LEGERDEMAIN
MANACLE

6:

TU: Please translate into Latin: The mother thinks that the children are coming home now.

MĀTER PUTAT LĪBERŌS DOMUM NUNC VENĪRE

B1: Please translate into Latin: The children suddenly saw that three dogs had appeared on the street.

LĪBERĪ SUBITŌ VĪDĒRUNT TRĒS CANĒS IN VĪĀ APPARUISSE

B2: Please translate into Latin: The children also noticed that one of the dogs had been wounded by a rock.

**LĪBERĪ QUOQUE ANIMADVERTĒRUNT ŪNUM Ē CANIBUS SAXŌ
VULNERĀTUM ESSE**

7:

TU: What brother-in-law of Tiberius Gracchus persuaded the Roman senate to reject a peace treaty between the Romans and the people of Numantia that was negotiated by Tiberius himself?

(P. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO AEMILIANUS

B1: Who, because of his defeat at the hands of the Numantines, was prosecuted for cowardice and was ordered by Furius Philus, the consul of 136 BC and a close friend of Scipio Aemilianus, to be stripped, bound in chains, and handed over to the Numantines?

(C. HOSTILIUS) MANCINUS

B2: What did the Numantines do with Mancinus to show their contempt for the Romans after they refused to ratify the peace treaty negotiated by Tiberius Gracchus?

HE WAS SENT BACK TO ROME

8:

- TU: Athena was about to grant what member of the Seven Against Thebes immortality before she witnessed him eating brains? **TYDEUS**
B1: Who convinced Tydeus to do this? **AMPHIARIUS**
B2: Whose brains was Tydeus eating? **MELANIPPUS'**

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

- TU: **Quid Anglicē significat: idem?** **THE SAME**
B1: **Quid Anglicē significat: proficīscor?** **TO SET OUT**
B2: **Quid Anglicē significat: exīstimō?** **TO THINK**

10:

- TU: What emperor of 69 AD brought Verginius Rufus out of retirement to hold a second consulship? **OTHO**
B1: Name one of Otho's generals who advised him against fighting against the forces of Vitellius at Bedriacum. **(SUETONIUS) PAULINUS / (ANNIUS) GALLUS / (MARIUS) CELSUS**
B2: Name one of Otho's supporters who advocated that the decisive battle against the Vitellian forces must take place before their troops could melt away, or before Vitellius himself could arrive. **(OTHO) TITIANUS / (LICINIUS) PROCULUS**

11:

- TU: Who was the son of Cephisus and Liriope who eventually fell in love with his own reflection? **NARCISSUS**
B1: What Theban seer warned Narcissus' parents that their son should "never know himself"? **T(E)IRESIAS**
B2: Who was the mother of Tiresias **CHARICLO**

[SCORE CHECK]

12:

- TU: What use of the dependent subjunctive clause is in the following sentence: *omnēs adeō obstupefactī sunt ut nihil dīceret possent?* **RESULT CLAUSE**
B1:: *timeō ut veniat?* **FEARING CLAUSE**
B2:: *accidit ut puer domō sine pecūniā discēsserit?* **SUBSTANTIVE CLAUSE OF RESULT**

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

Mythology

- TU: Name the bard at Alcinous' court. **DEMODOCUS**
B1: Name the bard at Odysseus' court. **PHEMIUS**
B2: What story does Phemius sing at the beginning of the *Odyssey* when Penelope asks him to sing on another topic? **THE HOMECOMING OF THE ACHAEANS FROM TROY**

Language

- TU: Give the passive participles for the verb *moneō*. **MONITUS, MONENDUS**
B1: Change *monitus* to the future active participle. **MONITŪRUS**
B2: Say in Latin: I am about to warn the dictator about the danger. **DICTĀTŌREM DĒ PERĪCULŌ MONITŪRUS (-A) SUM**

History/Life

- TU: What emperor defied tradition by making himself censor perpetuus, named an eques governor of Asia, and encouraged the Roman people to address him as Dominus et Deus? **DOMITIAN**
B1: Whose severed head was sent back to Rome after his failed rebellion against Domitian in 89AD? L. **ANTONIUS SATURNINUS**
B2: What former butler of Domitian's cousin Flavia Domitilla, assassinated Domitian, after pretending to have information about a secret conspiracy against the emperor? **STEPHANUS**

1:

TU: Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice; then answer the question that follows in English:

Graecōs, quī historiam scrīpsērunt, in duo genera dīvidere possumus. alīi enim nōn solum facta sed etiam mōrēs hominum, ōrācula deōrum, multaque fābulīs similiōra quam historiae nārārē solēbant; alīi, quī incertā cum cūrā investigābant rēsque lēvēs neglegēbant, opera composuērunt, quibus vērā potius quam iūcunda scrībere cōnābantur. (repeat)

The question: What literary genre is being written by the Greeks?

HISTORY

B1: Name two of the things that some of the Greek historians wrote to make their stories more entertaining.
THE CUSTOMS OF PEOPLE, ORACLES OF GODS, MANY THINGS MORE
SIMILAR TO STORIES THAN HISTORY

B2: What did those who ignored trivial things try to include in their work?
TRUTHS RATHER THAN PLEASANT THINGS

2:

TU: What tribune of 103 BC introduced a law that made it a criminal offense to compromise the honor or dignity of the Roman people and another law that secured land for Marius' veterans?

(L. APPULEIUS) SATURNINUS

B1: What censor tried to expel Saturninus from the Senate in 102 BC?

(Q. CAECILIUS) METELLUS NUMIDICUS

B2: What colleague of Saturninus was killed along with him in the Curia by an angry mob? GLAUCIA

3:

TU: What English adjective meaning 'toxic, cancerous, or inoperable' is derived from the Latin adjective meaning 'bad'?

MALIGNANT

B1: What English verb meaning to 'sympathize, commiserate, or empathize' is derived from the Latin verb meaning 'to grieve, feel pain, or suffer'?

CONDOLE

B2: What English noun meaning 'ancestry, lineage, or extraction' is derived from the Latin noun meaning 'foot'?

PEDIGREE

4:

TU: What fisherman of Anthedon consumed an herb that made him into a merman?

GLAUCUS

B1: What nymph did Glaucus fall in love with, only to be spurned by her?

SCYLLA

B2: What sorceress eventually fell in love with Glaucus, and due to her jealousy of Scylla, transformed her into a monster?

CIRCE

5:

TU: In the **Forum Rōmānum**, what building with a round, conical roof stood near the Temple of Julius Caesar?

TEMPLE OF VESTA

B1: What other temple also stood near the Temple of Julius Caesar?

TEMPLE OF CASTOR AND POLLUX (THE DIOSCURI)

B2: What arch, no longer standing, used to stand between these temples?

ARCH OF AUGUSTUS

[SCORE CHECK]

6:

TU: Using the verb **sperno** translate the following sentence into Latin: The soldiers were being rejected by the citizens. **MĪLITĒS Ā CĪVIBUS SPERNĀBANTUR**

B1: The sleeping guards will be attacked by the enemies. **CUSTŌDĒS DORMIENTĒS AB HOSTIBUS OPPUGNĀBUNTUR**

B2: The soldiers about to surround the city were preparing arms. **MĪLITES URBEM CIRCUMVENTŪRĪ ARMA PARĀBANT**

7:

TU: Against what rival beggar did Odysseus box? **IRUS or ARNAUS**

B1: Which most insolent suitor, refusing to give away any of his food, threw a stool at Odysseus? **ANTINOUS**

B2: Name either the minstrel or the herald that Odysseus spared when he revealed his disguise. **PHEMIUS / MEDON**

8:

TU: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive the English word “nice”. **SCIŌ – TO KNOW**

B1: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive the English word “bus”. **OMNIS – ALL**

B2: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive the English word “suite”. **SEQUOR – TO FOLLOW**

9:

TU: Where in 82 BC did Sulla win his final battle against his rivals which brought Rome under his complete control? **COLLINE GATE(S) / PORTA COLLĪNA**

B1: What Italian tribe, under the leadership of Pontius Telesinus, fought bitterly against the forces of Sulla at the Battle of Colline Gate before being completely routed? **SAMNITES**

B2: Which member of the so-called “First Triumvirate” won considerable notoriety by defeating the enemy on his wing and ultimately won the Battle of Colline Gate for Sulla? **(M. LICINIUS) CRASSUS**

10:

TU: **Quid Anglicē significat: praeda?** **BOOTY, PLUNDER, LOOT**

B1: **Quid Anglicē significat: discrīmen?** **CRISIS**

B2: **Quid Anglicē significat: rīma?** **CRACK, CHINK**

[SCORE CHECK]

11:

TU: What two uses of the ablative case can be found in the following sentence: **senex multō tardius amīcīs suīs ambulābat?** **DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE & COMPARISON**

B1: What two uses of the ablative case can be found in the following sentence: **senex, Mārcus nōmine, ad forum cum amīcīs ambulābat?** **RESPECT / SPECIFICATION & ACCOMPANIMENT**

B2: What two uses of the ablative case can be found in the following sentence: **Marcus ē forō timōre cucurrit?** **PLACE FROM WHICH & CAUSE**

12:

TU: What bastard son of Priam was turned into a diver bird after the death of his lover Hesperia? **AESACUS**

B1: What river was the father of Hesperia according to Ovid? **CEBREN**

B2: What first wife of Priam was the mother of Aesacus? **ARISBE**

13:

TU: Differentiate in meaning among **nātiō**, **nātūra**, and **nauta**.

NĀTIŌ = NATION, TRIBE // **NĀTŪRA** = NATURE // **NAUTA** = SAILOR

B1: Differentiate in meaning among **praesidium**, **studium**, and **praemium**.

PRAESIDIUM = PROTECTION, GUARD // **STUDIUM** = ZEAL, EAGERNESS, ENTHUSIASM

// **PRAEMIUM** = REWARD, PRIZE

B2: Differentiate in meaning among **dēligō**, **dīmittō**, and **discēdō**.

DĒLIGŌ = TO CHOOSE, ELECT // **DĪMITTŌ** = TO DISMISS, SEND AWAY, LET GO //

DISCĒDŌ = TO LEAVE, DEPART

14:

TU: What emperor adopted the name Severus, and co-ruled the Roman empire with his son Diadumenianus from 217-218 AD?

MACRINUS

B1: What predecessor of Macrinus had killed his brother so that he could become sole ruler?

CARACALLA

B2: What mother of Caracalla and Geta had asked her two disputing sons how they intended to divide their mother?

JULIA DOMNA

15:

TU: Who was the savage king of the Rutulians that Aeneas slays to end the *Aeneid*?

TURNUS

B1: Who is the charioteer of Turnus?

METISCUS

B2: Who is Turnus' divine sister?

JUTURNA

[SCORE CHECK]

16:

TU: Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others:
concourse, cursive, cursor, curse, course?

CURSE

B1: Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others:
ireful, irritate, irascible, irate?

IRRITATE

B2: Which of the following words is not derived from the same Latin word as the others?
Suitor sequel execute **insect** sect

INSECT

17:

TU: What use of the subjunctive can be found in the following sentence: **rogābāmus vōs ut discēderētis?**

INDIRECT COMMAND

B1: Say in Latin using a subjunctive: He persuaded us to kill the animal.

NŌBĪS PERSUĀSIT / PERSUĀDĒBAT UT ANIMAL INTERFICERĒMUS / NECĀRĒMUS

B2: Say in Latin using a subjunctive: The slave-girls have been sent by the woman to buy new dresses.

ANCILLAE Ā FĒMINĀ MISSAE SUNT QUAE STOLĀS NOVĀS EMERENT

18:

TU: Give a synonym of **strepitus**.

CLĀMOR

B1: Give a synonym of **scelus**.

FACINUS, CRĪMEN

B2: Give a synonym of **haud**.

NŌN

19:

- TU: Which emperor successfully restored Palmyra's territory to the Roman Empire? AURELIAN
B1: Who had deftly carved out of Rome the territory of Palmyra? QUEEN ZENOBIA
B2: What did Aurelian do at Rome when the city was threatened by barbarian invasions?
BUILT MASSIVE WALLS AROUND THE CITY

[SCORE CHECK]

20:

- TU: Who was the son of Ino and Athamas that was deified as the god Palaemon? MELICERTES
B1: Who was the other son of Ino and Athamas that Athamas slaughtered in his madness? LEARCHUS
B2: Who was the sister of Ino that was the mother of Actaeon? AUTONOE

[FINAL SCORE]