1: TU:	Please give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective stultus .		
B1:	STULTIOR, STULTISSIMUS Please give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective miser.		
B2:	MISERIOR, MISERRIMUS Please give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective bonus. MELIOR, OPTIMUS		
2: TU:	Not wanting to abandon his wife and son, who pretended to be crazy so that he didn't have to go fight at Troy? ODYSSEUS / ULYSSES / ULIXES		
B1: B2:	Name his wife and son whom he didn't want to abandon. For how many years was Odysseus gone from his home? DISSECS / OLISSES / OLISES / Ol		
3: TU:	Quid Anglicē significat: igitur? THEREFORE, THEN, THEREUPON, ACCORDINGLY, CONSEQUENTLY		
B1: B2:	Quid Anglicē significat: paene? Quid Anglicē significat: iam? ALMOST, NEARLY NOW, AT THIS TIME, ALREADY		
4: TU: B1: B2:	Who was the king of Rome who so badly offended Jupiter that his house was struck by lightning and engulfed by a fire, eventually killing him? TULLUS HOSTILIUS The reign of Tullus Hostilius was marked by the conquest of which Latin sister-city? ALBA LONGA Who was the dictator of Alba Longa that Tullus Hostilius had pulled apart by two chariots for his diplomatic betrayal? METTIUS FUFETIUS		
5: TU: B1: B2:	What is the occupation of a pistor? What is the occupation of a libitīnārius? What is the occupation of a nūtrīx ? What is the occupation of a nūtrīx ? WET)NURSE		
6: TU:	Which of the following does NOT belong grammatically: ambulāvistī, erās, pingis, sedētis?		
B1: B2:	Give the correct personal pronoun that agrees with the verb form sedētis . Give the correct personal pronoun that agrees with the other verb forms in the toss-up? TŪ		
7: TU:	Which of the children of Cronus and Rhea had a palace beneath the waves of the waters of Aegae? POSEIDON		
B1: B2:	Who eventually became the wife of Poseidon? Name the son of Amphitrite and Poseidon who was the trumpeter of the sea. TRITON		

8: TU: B1: B2:	Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same root as the others? reticent terrier tacit taciturn Give the Latin root and its definition from which "TERRIER" is derived. TERRA, GROUND, LAND Give the Latin root and its definition from which the other words in the toss-up are derived TACEŌ, BE QUIET, BE SILENT / TACITUS, SILENT				
9: TU:	Who was the first emperor to bring back the style of having a beard and had a male lover who was very close to him? HADRIAN				
B1: B2:	What was the name of this male lover? Hadrian became very distraught after the sudden death of Antinuous and renamed the city where he died in his name. How did Antinous die? HE DROWNED (IN THE NILE)				
10: TU:	What hero was born after Zeus spent a night that was three times as long as a normal night with a mortal woman? HERACLES				
B1: B2:	Who was this mortal lady, the mother of Heracles? Whose shape did Zeus use in order to seduce Alcmene? HERACLES ALCMENE (HER HUSBAND) AMPHITRYON'S				
11: TU:	Please translate into English: frātrēs laetissimī ad vīllam celeriter cucurrērunt. THE VERY HAPPY BROTHERS RAN TO THE HOUSE QUICKLY				
B1:	Please translate into English: multōs āthlētās ad palaestram celerrimē dūximus. WE VERY QUICKLY LED MANY ATHLETES TO THE EXERCISE FIELD				
B2:	Please translate into English: servī dīligentissmī in hortō quam celerrimē labōrābant. THE VERY CAREFUL / DILIGENT SLAVES WERE WORKING / WORKED IN THE GARDEN AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE				
12:					
TU:	Which university would you be visiting if you see the Latin motto disciplīna praesidium cīvitātis near its famous tower? UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS / U.T.				
B1:	Which university would you be visiting if you see the Latin motto in lūmine tuō vidēbimus lūmen in its library? COLUMBIA (UNIVERSITY)				
B2:	Which university would you be visiting if you see the Latin motto litterīs dēdicāta et omnibus artibus in its administrations building? UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA				

1: TU:	During which of the ages of man did the people not suffer from the changes of the seasons and enjoyed an eternal spring? GOLD(EN)
B1: B2:	What deity ruled during the Golden Age of Man, according to the Roman author Ovid? SATURN(US) What deity introduced the seasons during the Silver Age of Man? JUPITER / JOVE
2: TU: B1:	Which of the following does NOT belong because of grammar: dō, teneō, crēdō, audiō? CRĒDŌ Why does crēdō not belong with the other verbs in the toss-up? CRĒDŌ TAKES (ITS DIRECT OBJECT IN) THE DATIVE CASE
B2:	(INSTEAD OF ACCUSATIVE) Please give three other verbs that take their object in the dative case. FAVEŌ, PLACET, PERSUĀDEŌ, RESPONDEŌ, NOCEŌ, OBSTŌ
3: TU: B1:	Give the Latin and the English for the motto of Maine. DĪRIGŌ – I POINT THE WAY Give the Latin and the English for the motto of West Virginia. MONTĀNĪ SEMPER LĪBERĪ – MOUNTAINEERS ARE ALWAYS FREE
B2:	Give the Latin and the English for the motto of Missouri. SALŪS POPULĪ SUPRĒMA LEX ESTŌ – LET THE WELFARE / SAFETY OF THE PEOPLE BE THE SUPREME LAW
4: TU: B1: B2:	From what Italian town did the <i>novus homo</i> Marius hail? What office did Marius hold for an unprecedented seven times? What were the FIRST and LAST years that Marius held the consulship? ARPINUM CONSUL 107 BC AND 86 BC
5: TU: B1: B2:	For the verb mittō , give the first person plural, perfect passive indicative. Change missī sumus to the active, 2 nd person. Change mīsistis to the imperfect tense, passive voice. MĪSSĪ (-AE, -A) SUMUS MĪSISTIS MITTĒBĀMINĪ
6: TU:	The oldest of the free exhibitions at Rome and the most popular were called the lūdī circēnsēs . What were lūdī circēnsēs ? CHARIOT RACES
B1:	Chariot races were called lūdī circēnses because these were games that took place in the circuses in Rome. Give the Latin terms for the central divider AND the turning posts around which the chariots raced in a circus . SPĪNA – DIVIDER & MĒTA(E) – TURNING POST(S)
B2:	One lap around the spīna was called a curriculum . A missus , or a race with a fixed number of laps, usually consisted of how many curricula ?
7: TU:	In an attempt to get rid of his guest without violating the sacred bond between a host and his guests, whom did King Iobates send to slay a fire-breathing monster that had been ravaging the countryside
B1: B2:	of Lycia? What is this fire-breathing monster that Bellerophon was sent to kill? CHIM(A)ERA The name "Bellerophon" means the "slayer of Bellerus". What was Bellerophon's original name? HIPPONOUS

8: TU:	Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same root as the others? observe usurp surreptitious raptor
B1:	Give the Latin root and its definition from which "observe" is derived
B2:	SERVŌ, SAVE, PRESERVE Give the Latin root and its definition from which the other words in the toss-up are derived RAPIŌ, SEIZE, GRAB, SNATCH
9: TU: B1: B2:	What province did the emperor Trajan establish after he defeated the foreign king Decebalus? DACIA What monument was created to commemorate the conquest of Dacia? TRAJAN'S COLUMN Trajan's reign is characterized by many military conquests and additions to the Roman Empire. What year marks both the death of Trajan and greatest geographical size that the Roman Empire would achieve?
10: TU: B1: B2:	Quid Anglicē significat:sōlus?ALONE / LONELYQuid Anglicē significat:pavor?PANIC / FEARQuid Anglicē significat:auxilium?HELP
11: TU: B1: B2:	What prince was the best archer on the Trojan side? What Trojan is the second best archer next to Paris? PANDARUS Whom did Pandarus wound that ended the temporary truce between the Trojans & the Greeks? MENELAUS
12: TU:	Please translate into Latin without using a pronoun: I will work diligently in the study.
B1:	Using the verb quaerō, please translate into Latin without using a pronoun: We had searched for money in the forum in vain
B2:	in the forum in vain. PECŪNIAM IN FORŌ FRŪSTRĀ QUAESĪVERĀMUS Please translate into Latin without using a pronoun: You (plural) did feel the flames near the kitchen yesterday. HERI FLAMMĀS PROPE CULĪNAM SĒNSISTIS

1: TU:	Which of the following does NOT belong because of grammar: facilior, pulchrior, minor, nūntior, fērōcior?				
B1:	What do the other forms mentioned in the toss-up have in common? THEY ARE COMPARATIVE				
B2:	To what declension do comparative adjectives belong? DEGREE FORMS THIRD				
2: TU: B1: B2:	Who kept Odysseus on her island for seven years? Who was the father of Calypso? What was the name of Calypso's island? CALYPSO ATLAS OGYGIA				
3: TU:	Which enemy of Rome died on New Year's Day 104 BC in the Tullianum underneath the Mammertine Prison? JUGURTHA				
B1:	Before Jugurtha waged war against Rome, he served with Scipio Aemilianus at the siege of what				
B2:	Spanish city? Jugurtha angered the Romans when he executed a group of businessmen in which Numidian city? CIRTA				
4: TU: B1: B2:	Quid Anglicē significat: retineō?TO KEEP, RETAINQuid Anglicē significat: dīves?WEALTHY, RICHQuid Anglicē significat: praemium?REWARD, PROFIT				
5: TU: B1:	With whom did Roman students learn about the art of public speaking? On what did Roman students learn how to trace the alphabets and writing in general? TABULA(E) / TABELLA(E) / CĒRA(E)				
B2:	Who was responsible for the education of children up to the age of seven? MOTHERS				
6: TU:	Who had to travel to a land located in the Black Sea in order to retrieve the Golden Fleece? JASON				
B1: B2:	What is the name of Jason's destination? What is the name of Jason's boat on which he sailed with his men to Colchis? COLCHIS THE ARGO				
7: TU:	Please give the Latin and the English for the motto of New Mexico. CRESCIT EUNDŌ – IT GROWS AS IT GOES				
B1:	Please give the Latin and the English for the motto of North Carolina. ESSE QUAM VIDĒRĪ – TO BE RATHER THAN TO SEEM				

AD ASTRA PER ASPERA – TO THE STARS THROUGH DIFFICULTIES / HARDSHIPS

Please give the Latin and the English for the motto of Kansas.

B2:

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B1:

B2:

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SULLEN

8: TU: B1: B2:	Give the present passive infinitive for the verb laudō. Give the present active infinitive for the verb sentiō. Give the present active infinitive for the verb fugiō. SENTĪRE FUGERE
9: TU: B1: B2:	What was the name of the book on philosophy written by the emperor Marcus Aurelius? **MEDITATIONS** What school of philosophy did Marcus Aurelius ascribe to? STOCISM** Who was the less enlightened son of Marcus Aurelius that fancied himself as a gladiator rather than a
10: TU: B1: B2:	Whom did Zeus eat because she was prophesied to bear a child who would conquer his father? METIS Who was born soon after and gave Zeus a large headache? ATHENA Which god helped Zeus relieve his headache with an axe? HEPHAESTUS / PROMETHEUS
11: TU: B1: B2:	What compound of the verb capiō means "to receive"? What compound of the verb veniō means "to surround"? What compound of the verb faciō means "to fail, revolt"? DĒFICIŌ
12: TU:	Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same root as the others? desolate solitaire sullen soliloquy ALL FROM THE SAME ROOT

Give the Latin root and its definition from which the words in the toss-up are derived. $S\overline{O}LUS$, ALONE

Which of the above derivatives means "showing irritation or ill humor by reserve"

TREASURE

	o de la companya de				
1: TU:	Give the Latin motto and its English meaning that may be seen prominently on the campus of the University of New Mexico. LŪX HOMINUM VĪTA – LIGHT, THE LIFE OF MEN				
B1:	Give the Latin motto and its English menaing for the University of Oregon.				
B2:	MĒNS AGITAT MŌLEM – MIND MOVES THE MASS Give the Latin motto and its English meaning for Tulane University. NŌN SIBI SED SUĪS – NOT FOR HERSELF BUT FOR HER OWN				
2: TU: B1: B2:	What monster, spawned by Gaia, waged war against the Olympians? Who was the mate of Typhon? What other offspring of Gaia were the smiths of the gods? TYPHON ECHIDNA CYCLOPES				
3: TU: B1: B2:	Who was the victorious general at the battle of Pydna in 168 BC? Who was the son of Aemelius Paulus that sacked Carthage in 146 BC? Scipio Aemelianus was adopted by which <i>flamen dialis</i> , thus making him part of a more aristocratic family? (PUBLIUS CORNELIUS) SCIPIO AFRICANUS				
4: TU: B1: B2:	Please give the comparative and superlative forms for malus. Please give the comparative and superlative forms for magnus. Please give the comparative and superlative forms for multī. PLŪRĒS, PLŪRIMĪ				
5: TU: B1: B2:	What English noun from the Latin verb meaning "to be well" means "the number of electron pairs that atoms share"? COVALENCE What English noun from the same root means "an infirm or sickly person"? What English noun also from the same root means "relative worth or importance"? VALUE				
6: TU: B1: B2:	Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same root as the others? concept capture grant cable What is the Latin root and its definition for "grant" CRĒDŌ, TRUST, BELIEVE What is the Latin root and its definition for the rest of the words in the toss-up? CAPIŌ, TAKE				
7: TU: B1:	Which wind was the only wind that was not enclosed in a bag given to Odysseus by Aeolus, the king of the winds? ZEPHYR(US) / WEST WIND Odysseus visited Aeolus on the island of Aeolia. Name one unique thing about this island. IT WAS A FLOATING ISLAND // HAD A BRONZE CLIFF / SURROUNDED BY A WALL				
B2:	OF BRONZE What did Odysseus' men think was in the bag that made them open the bag while Odysseus was asleep?				

8: TU:	Please differentiate in meaning between iter and iterum .				
10.	ITER – JOURNEY, TRIP // ITERUM - AGAIN				
B1:	What is the meaning of the idiom "cōnsilium capere"? TO HAVE AN IDEA, FORM A PLAN				
B2:	The adjective perīculōsus is formed by adding the suffix –ōsus to the noun perīculum . Please provide				
D2.	the meaning of perīculōsus based on the meanings of both elements of the word.				
	FULL OF DANGER (prompt if "dangerous" is given as an answer)				
	TOLL OF DANGER (prompt if dangerous is given as an answer)				
9:					
TU:	Who were the parents of the emperor Caligula? GERMANICUS & AGRIPPINA THE ELDER				
B1:					
	Name the last wife of Caligula, who gave him his only child. (MILONIA) CAESONIA				
B2:	Caligula's daughter was named after which favorite sister of his? DRUSILLA				
10:					
TU:	Places translate into I stine. The master does not support the marchent in the forum				
10.	Please translate into Latin: The master does not support the merchant in the forum. DOMINUS MERCĀTŌRĪ IN FORŌ NŌN FAVET				
B1:					
ы:	Please translate into Latin: The slaves have not trusted the mistress for a long time. SERVĪ DOMINAE DIŪ NŌN CRĒDIDĒRUNT				
B2:					
D 2:	Please translate into Latin: We answered you (singular) as quickly as possible. (NŌS) TIBI QUAM CELERRIMĒ RESPONDIMUS				
	(NOS) TIDI QUANI CELERRINIE RESPONDINIUS				
11:					
TU:	When you are recognized, demonstrate that you have the nāsus of an elephantus .				
10.	STUDENT SHOULD SHOW (S)HE HAS THE NOSE OF AN ELEPHANT				
B1:	As a team, demonstrate that y'all have the unguēs of ursae .				
ы.	STUDENTS SHOULD SHOW THAT THEY HAVE BEAR CLAWS				
B2:	As a team, demonstrate that y'all have the crūra of gallī .				
D 2.	STUDENTS SHOULD SHOW THAT THEY HAVE ROOSTER / CHICKEN LEGS				
	STUDENTS SHOULD SHOW THAT THEY HAVE ROOSTER / CHICKEN LEGS				
12:					
TU:	What mythological trio told Perseus how to find the Gorgons? THE GRAEAE /				
10.	What mythological trio told Perseus how to find the Gorgons? THE GRAEAE / DEINO, ENYO, PEMPHREDO				
D1					
B1:	Who were the parents of the Graeae and the Gorgons? PHORCYS & CETO				
B2:	How did Perseus persuade the Graeae to reveal the whereabouts of the Gorgons?				
	HE TOOK THEIR EYE WHICH THEY SHARED				
12					
13:	DI LA LA TALLA MALLA COMMONITO O DEDIMONITO				
TU:	Please give two compounds of the verb moveō that mean "to alarm". COMMOVEŌ & PERMOVEŌ				
B1:	Please give two compounds of the verb mitto that can mean "to entrust".				
D.C	COMMITTŌ & PERMITTŌ				
B2:	Please give two compounds of the verb pono that can mean "to set forth". EXPONO & PROPONO				

14: TU:	Name the two factiones that raced in the Circus Maximus before the reign of Augustus. RUSSĀTA (FACTIO) & ALBĀTA (FACTIO) // RED & WHITE				
B1:	Name the two factiones that were added soon after the reign of Augustus. VENETA (FACTIŌ) & PRASINA (FACTIŌ) // BLUE & GREEN				
B2:	The most common type of chariot used in the races was the quadrīga , or a four-horse chariot. Of the four horses in a quadrīga , which is the most important AND why? EXTREME LEFT // THE MOST INSIDE BECAUSE IT NEEDS TO RESPOND PROMPTLY AT THE TURNS				
15: TU: B1: B2:	Please complete the following analogy: laudō: laudāvimus:: ferō: TULIMUS Please complete the following analogy: laudō: laudāvistis:: sum: FUISTIS Please change tulimus and fuistis to their respective imperfect tense forms. FERĒBĀMUS & ERĀTIS				
16:					
TU:	Who correctly foretold that the Trojan War would last for nine years and that in the tenth year Troy would be taken by the Greeks? CALCHAS				
B1:	What was the omen that Calchas correctly interpreted? A SNAKE (CLIMBED A PLANE TREE &) DEVOURED A MOTHER SPARROW AND HER <u>EIGHT</u> BABIES (AND WAS THEN TURNED INTO STONE)				
B2:	Whose sacrifice did Calchas say was necessary in order to appease the goddess Artemis? IPHIGENEIA'S				
17:					
TU:	At what battle in 207 BC did Hasdrubal Barca literally lose his head and the Carthaginian army suffer a crushing defeat? METAURUS RIVER				
B1:	Who were the two victorious Roman consuls at the battle?				
B2:	LIVIUS SALINATOR AND CALUDIUS NERO How did the Roman forces inform Hannibal of his brother's death? THREW HIS HEAD INTO HANNIBAL'S CAMP				
	THE WITH THE TELEVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE				
18:					
TU:	Give the Latin term for the room in the baths where a Roman would spend a little time sitting on benches round the wall, perspiring gently and preparing for the higher temperatures in the				
B1:	caldārium. In which room of the Roman baths would a Roman hand his clothes to one of the slave attendants? APODYTĒRIUM				
B2:	To whom would Roman pay the entrance fee to the baths? OSTIĀRIUS				

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TU: Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice, and answer the question that follows in Latin:

multī fīliī per viās currēbant quod patrēs et mātrēs quaerēbant. fīliī, quod erant perterritī, lacrimābant. postquam templum conspexērunt, illūc quam celerrimē cucurrērunt. subitō statuae maximae in filios deciderunt et omnes interfecerunt. eheu! (repeat)

The question: cūr fīliī per viās currēbant? (QUOD) PATRĒS ET MĀTRĒS QUAERĒBANT

quō fīliī quam celerrimē cucurrērunt? B1: **AD TEMPLUM**

quae rēs fīliōs interfēcērunt? B2:

STATUAE MAXIMAE

20:

TU:	What item did Theseus take from Periphetes after he beat him to death?	A BRONZE CLUB
B1:	What was the name of the giant sow that Theseus killed at Crommyon?	PHAEA
B2:	Who was outwrestled by Theseus?	CERCYON

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TU: Please give the comparative and the superlative forms for the adjective **nōtus**.

NŌTIOR, NŌTISSIMUS

B1: Please give the comparative and the superlative forms for the adjective **miser.**

MISERIOR, MISERRIMUS

B2: Please give the comparative and the superlative forms for the adjective **trīstis**.

TRĪSTIOR, TRĪSTISSIMUS

TU: Which of the following does NOT belong grammatically: mittit, favet, placet, crēdit, and respondet?

MITTIT

B1: Which of the following does NOT belong grammatically: ancillae, leōnibus, puerī, and candidātīs?

PUERĪ

B2: Which of the following does NOT belong grammatically: laudābat, sentiēbāmus, iacēbātis, and scrībam?

DERIVATIVES

TU: Give the Latin root and its definition for "eligible"

LEGO, READ

B1: What English word from the same root means "an unverifiable story handed down"

LEGEND

B2: What English word from the same root means "a division of the Roman army"

LEGION

TU: Give the Latin root and its definition from which we derive "inter"

TERRA, GROUND, LAND

B1: What English noun from the same root means "raised levels with sides of turf or masonry"

TERRACE

B2: What English noun also from the same root means "a tract of land with special attention to its natural features"

TERRAIN

VOCABULARY

TU: Give the Latin word for "harbor/port"

B1: Define the Latin verb rapiō, rapere

Define the Latin verb valeō, valere

TO SNATCH/SEIZE/TEAR AWAY

TO BE STRONG/BE HEALTHY

TU: Define the Latin prefixes de- and dis-

B1: Add the second prefix from the toss-up to the Latin word "to go, retreat" AND define it.

DISCĒDŌ, TO GO AWAY

B2: Add that same prefix to the Latin word for "to send" AND define it.

DIMITTO, TO SEND OFF/AWAY

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TU: What son of Priam was hidden away from Troy?

POLYDORUS POLYMESTOR

B1: What king had him killed?

FOL I MESTOR

B2: What did Hecuba do when she found out?

TURNED INTO A HELL HOUND

TU: After Paris's death who did Helen marry?

DEIPHOBUS

B1: Who was Helen's brothers?

CASTOR AND POLLUX

B2: Who kidnapped Helen at a young age?

THESEUS

HISTORY - REPUBLIC

TU: Which Spanish city fell to the Romans in 133 BC after a relentless Roman siege? NUMANTIA

B1: Who was the Roman general that commanded the victorious forces at the siege of Numantia?

SCIPIO AEMELIANUS

B2: What was the name of the Spanish people who inhabited Numantia and much of Spain?

CELTIBEERIANS

TU: The ancient kingdom of Numidia is the equivalent to what modern-day North African country?

ALGERIA

B1: What is the name of the chain of mountains that bordered both Gaul and Hispania? PYRENEES

B2: What is the name of the body of water located directly west of the Italian peninsula?

TYRRHENIAN SEA

LIFE

TU: How did a **piscator** earn a living?

FISHING

B1: What was the occupation of a **carnifex**?

EXECUTIONER/BUTCHER

B2: What was the occupation of a mango?

SLAVE DEALER

TU: For how many years did Nero ban the Pompeians from self-governance?

10

B1: What type of officer did Nero send to govern the unruly Pompeians?

PRAEFECTUS

B2: What was the permanent voting hall in Pompeii called?

COMITIUM