

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C1**

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| 1. | Name a case which can show description.<br>Name another.<br>What two cases can show possession?  | GENITIVE (ABLATIVE)<br>ABLATIVE (GENITIVE)<br>GENITIVE & DATIVE  |
| 2. | Differentiate in meaning between <b>audiō</b> and <b>audāx</b> .<br><br>...between <b>audeō</b> and <b>augeō</b> .<br><br>...between <b>aurōra</b> and <b>aurīga</b> .   | AUDIŌ -- HEAR<br>AUDĀX -- BOLD<br>AUDEŌ -- DARE<br>AUGEŌ -- INCREASE<br>AURŌRA -- DAWN<br>AURĪGA -- CHARIOTEER |
| 3. | Which of the emperors of AD 69 lived to see AD 70?<br>Who had immediately preceeded him?<br>Who immediately preceeded Vitellius?   | VESPASIAN<br>VITELLIUS<br>OTHO   |
| 4. | Who was given the <b>agnomen</b> "Africanus" for his victory over the Carthaginians in 202 BC?<br>Where did Scipio defeat Hannibal in 202 BC?<br>Scipio was victorious in part because of the cavalry of what Numidian ally? | (P. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO<br>ZAMA (REGIA)<br>MASSINISSA  |
| 5. | Whose eyes were placed by Hera in the tail of the peacock?<br>Who had killed Argus?<br>Whom had the hundred-eyed Argus been guarding?  | ARGUS'<br>HERMES<br>IO   |
| 6. | Who led the famous slave revolt of 73 - 71 BC?<br>What Roman general was most instrumental in his defeat?<br>What other general "mopped up" after Crassus?   | SPARTACUS<br>(M. LICINIUS) CRASSUS<br>(CN.) POMPEY   |
| 7. | Change <b>rapiunt</b> to imperfect.<br>Change <b>rapiēbant</b> to passive.<br>Change <b>rapiēbantur</b> to future.   | RAPIĒBANT<br>RAPIĒBANTUR<br>RAPIENTUR  |

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8. Translate the motto of Kansas, **Ad astra per aspera.**  
 TO THE STARS THROUGH DIFFICULTIES  
 Translate the motto of Oklahoma, **Labor omnia vincit.** WORK CONQUERS ALL  
 Translate the motto of Alabama, **Audēmus iūra nostra dēfendere.**  
 WE DARE TO DEFEND OUR RIGHTS
  
9. Respondē Latīnē: Estne Ītalia ĩnsula? NŌN (MINIMĒ)  
 Respondē Latīnē: Quot oculī mihi sunt? DUO  
 Quae praeñōmina vōbīs sunt? ALL TEAM MEMBERS SHOULD GIVE THEIR NAMES
  
10. Translate: **Marcus nāvīgābat sub pontem.**  
 MARCUS WAS SAILING UNDER THE BRIDGE  
 Translate: **Marcus nāvīgābat ā ponte.**  
 MARCUS WAS SAILING AWAY FROM THE BRIDGE  
 Translate: **Marcus nāvīgāvit in pontem.**  
 MARCUS SAILED INTO THE BRIDGE
  
11. Who was fated to appear wearing only one shoe? JASON  
 How had he lost his other shoe? FORDING A STREAM (ANAYRUS)  
 Whom did he help across the stream? [THE DISGUISED] HERA (JUNO)
  
12. Which, if any, of the following words does NOT come from the same Latin root as the others:  
 potion, possibility, essence, absent, entity? POTION  
 From what Latin verb does "potion" derive? PŌTŌ, PŌTĀRE  
 What derivative of **sum, esse** means "one who typifies a larger group?"  
 REPRESENTATIVE
  
13. In what part of the house did a Roman keep the wax masks of his ancestors? ~~cellar~~ (or ATRIUM)  
 What is the Latin term for these wax masks? IMAGES  
 What group of society lost the right to keep and display **imagines**?  
 CONDEMNED CRIMINALS
  
14. Who could be found sleeping on Mt. Latmos? ENDYMION  
 Who was his lover? SELENE (LUNA)  
 Who was Selene's sister? EOS (AURORA)

15. Give a synonym of **propinquus**. FĪNITIMUS / VICINUS  
Give a synonym of **clārus**. NŌBILIS / NŌTUS / INLUSTRIS / CELEBER / NOTABILIS  
Give a synonym of **fortitūdō**. ANIMUS / CONSTANTIA / VIRTŪS / AUDĀCIA
16. What mountain range separates northern Italy from the rest of Europe? ALPS  
What mountain range separates Spain from Gaul? PYRENEES  
What mountain range runs up and down peninsular Italy like a backbone? APENNINES
17. What Latin noun is the root of Mr. and Mrs.? MAGISTER  
What Latin noun is the root of "regalia?" RĒX  
What Latin verb is the root of a woman's "dress?" DĪRIGŌ (REGŌ)
18. Which of the Greek heroes at Troy was known for his wily cleverness? ODYSSEUS  
To whom did Odysseus pretend insanity? PALAMEDES  
Which of Odysseus' clever ideas resulted in the sack of Troy? WOODEN HORSE
19. What do U , W, and J have in common? NOT FOUND IN ANCIENT ROMAN ALPHABET  
What letter of the ancient Roman alphabet corresponds to the "W" sound?  
"V" (NOT "U" BECAUSE IT DIDN'T EXIST)  
What Roman letter's use as a consonant led to the use of "J" in transcriptions of manuscripts? "I"
20. What hero wore a lion's head as a helmet and its pelt as a cloak? HERACLES / HERCULES  
Some sources say the pelt is that of the Nemean Lion. What other lion is sometimes named as the donor? THESPIAN LION / CITHAERONIAN LION  
How many sons did Heracles have by King Thespius' daughters? 50

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C2**

1. From what Nereid does Achilles seek help in the first book of the Iliad? THETIS  
Why does Achilles turn to her for help? SHE IS HIS MOTHER  
What epithet does Homer give her? SILVER-FOOTED
  
2. What war was precipitated by the Mamertine request in 264 BC for help from the FIRST PUNIC  
Romans?  
What territory did the Romans and Carthaginians fight over in the First Punic War? SICILY  
What was necessary for the Romans to build to win this war? NAVAL FLEET / WAR SHIPS
  
3. Listen to the following sentence, which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the question about it: **Maximā cum cūrā poētae Rōmānī multa carmina composuērunt.**  
**Quālēs poētae maximā cum cūrā multa carmina composuērunt?** RŌMĀNĪ  
**Quō modō poētae Rōmānī multa carmina composuērunt?** MAXIMĀ (CUM) CŪRĀ  
**Quās rēs poētae Rōmānī composuērunt?** (MULTA) CARMINA
  
4. What is the LITERAL meaning of the idiom **certiōrem facere**? TO MAKE MORE CERTAIN  
What does it mean idiomatically? TO INFORM  
What related idiom means "be informed"? CERTIOR FIERĪ
  
5. Which Roman emperor established a new Christian city on the site of Byzantium in AD 324? CONSTANTINE  
What was the name of this new city? CONSTANTINOPLE  
The city was a memorial to what victorious battle?  
MILVIAN BRIDGE (DEFEAT OF MAXENTIUS)
  
6. Whom did the bathing Artemis transform out of modesty? ACTAEON  
Into what was Actaeon transformed? STAG  
What happened to Actaeon? TORN APART BY HIS OWN HOUNDS

7. **Filius** means "son." Who is a **filiolus**? A LITTLE SON  
**Gladius** means "sword." What Latin word means "little sword?" GLADIOLUS  
**Homō** means "man." What Latin word means "little man?" HOMUNCULUS
  
8. To what animals did Heracles feed the flesh of their master? MARES OF DIOMEDES  
 What animal did Heracles capture which had bronze hooves and golden horns?  
 CERYNITIAN / CERYNEAN (ser - i - nē' - an) HIND  
 What savage animal did Heracles capture by driving it into a snow drift?  
 ERYMANTHIAN (er - i - man' - thi - an) BOAR
  
9. If your mother were a Roman and said to you, "**Tempus est abīre**," what would she be saying? IT'S TIME TO LEAVE  
 If you then tell her, "**Nolō abīre**," what are you retorting? I DON'T WANT TO LEAVE  
 When your mother becomes angry and says, "**Necesse est tibi abīre**," what is she telling you?  
 IT'S NECESSARY FOR YOU TO LEAVE / YOU HAVE TO GO
  
10. What famous Greek hero abandoned Ariadne on the island of Naxos? THESEUS  
 What deity later rescued Ariadne? BACCHUS / DIONYSUS  
 Who was Ariadne's father? MINOS
  
11. Which Olympian god retained his Greek name in Rome? APOLLO  
 Give the Greek and Roman names for his sister? ARTEMIS / DIANA  
 Give the Greek and Roman names for his father? ZEUS / JUPITER
  
12. Change **capitis** to singular. CAPIS  
 Change the noun **capitis** to plural. CAPITUM  
 Change the verb **capitis** to pluperfect. CĒPERĀTIS
  
13. What area of Rome was originally a flood plain of the Tiber?  
 CAMPUS MARTIUS / FORUM  
 The Campus Martius was bounded by two of Rome's hills. For 5 pts. each, name these two hills.  
 QUIRINAL & CAPITOLINE
  
14. Change **magnum mēnsam** to ablative. MAGNĀ MĒNSĀ  
 Change **magnum mēnsam** to plural. MAGNĪS MĒNSĪS  
 Besides being the dative and ablative plural forms of **mēnsa**, **mēnsīs** can also be the

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- accusative plural of what word? MĒNSIS
15. What Latin word, the feminine of an adjective meaning "relating to the father," is a noun meaning "country?" PATRIA  
What Latin noun, related to **pater**, means "defender, protector?" PATRŌNUS  
What related Latin noun means "uncle?" PATRUUS
16. In the word **prōdūcent**, which syllable is the antepenult? PRŌ-  
In **prōdūcent**, which syllable is the ultima? -CENT  
When is the penult of a three-syllable Latin word not stressed? WHEN IT IS SHORT
17. Which, if any, of the following English words is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: arsenal, armistice, armory, alarm? ARSENAL  
Armistice, armory, and alarm are all derived from **arma**. Give the Latin verb that is compounded with **arma** to give "armistice." STŌ  
Give the Latin preposition that is compounded with **arma** to yield "alarm." AD
18. What did Caesar say when he crossed the Rubicon?  
ALEA IACTA EST -- THE DIE IS (HAS BEEN) CAST  
What year was this? 49 BC  
Who was Caesar's chief enemy in the war that followed? (CN.) POMPEY (THE GREAT)
19. Give an antonym of **salūs**.  
AEGRŌTATIO / MORBUS / PERICULUM / DISCRIMEN / INFIRMITAS  
Give an antonym of **silentium**.  
CLĀMOR / SONITUS / STREPITUS / RUMOR / SONUS / STRIDOR / MURMOR  
Give an antonym of **victor**. CAPTIVUS / VICTUS / VICTIMA
20. Which office normally possessed the supreme civil and military power in the Republic? CONSUL  
Which office normally possessed the power of unlimited veto over a consul? THE OTHER CONSUL  
How did the legislation of the tribunes Licinius and Sextius effect the election of consuls? COMPULSORY ELECTION OF AT LEAST ONE PLEBEIAN CONSUL

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C3**

1. In our modern consumer society, what Latin phrase best indicates that one should be suspicious of a used car salesperson? CAVEAT EMPTOR  
What phrase has been brought into prominence by consumer advocates like Ralph Nader? CAVEAT VENDITOR  
Venditor derives from the verb vendō, which is a contraction of what two words? VĒNUM + DŌ
2. What was the curse of Cassandra? (UNERRING BUT) UNHEEDED PROPHECIES  
What had she done to earn this curse? SCORNE THE AFFECTIONS OF APOLLO  
What was her fate after the Trojan War?  
SHE WAS TAKEN HOME BY AGAMEMNON AND MURDERED WITH HIM
3. From whom were Phrixus and Helle fleeing? INO (need name)  
Who were their parents? ATHAMAS AND NEPELE  
Whom did Phrixus marry? CHALCIOPE
4. What couple reared Oedipus? POLYBUS AND MEROPE/PERIBOEA  
Why did Oedipus curse his sons?  
THEY GAVE HIM THE SLAVES' PORTION OF A SACRIFICE  
/ SERVED A MEAL ON LAIUS' DISHES WHICH HAD BEEN CURSED  
Where did Oedipus die? COLONUS
5. Translate this sentence into English: *Miles hostem necāvit.*  
THE SOLDIER KILLED / HAS KILLED / DID KILL THE ENEMY  
Change *Miles hostem necāvit* to the passive, making all the necessary changes.  
HOSTIS Ā MĪLITE NECĀTUS EST  
If the enemy had been killed with a sword, in which case would *gladius* have been expressed?  
ABLATIVE
6. According to tradition, on which hill did Romulus found the settlement which became Rome? PALATINE  
On which hill did he establish an asylum for all fugitives? CAPITOLINE  
Where did Romulus get women for his settlement? (STOLE THEM) FROM SABINES

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7. Change **duo oppida** to dative. DUOBUS OPPIDIS  
 Change **centum oppida** to dative. CENTUM OPPIDIS  
 Give the dative of "three thousand towns." TRIBUS MILIBUS OPPIDORUM
  
8. Differentiate in meaning between **coquō** and **cōgō**. COQUŌ -- COOK  
 CŌGŌ -- BRING TOGETHER  
 What preposition and verb come together to form **cōgō**? CUM + AGŌ  
 Terra-cotta, meaning "cooked earth," is an Italian phrase used to describe certain types of ceramic works. Say in Latin, "cooked earth." TERRA COCTA
  
9. Translate this sentence into Latin: "Quintus, do you fear your teacher?"  
 QUINTE, TIMĒSNE / METUISNE / VERERISNE TUUM(-AM) MAGISTRUM (-AM)  
 Translate this sentence into Latin: "Lucius, you don't fear your teacher, do you?"  
 LUCĪ, NUM TIMĒS TUUM MAGISTRUM (TUAM MAGISTRAM)  
 Translate this sentence into Latin: "Marcus, why do you fear your teacher?"  
 MARCE, CŪR TIMĒS TUUM MAGISTRUM (TUAM MAGISTRAM)
  
10. To what class would a Roman belong if he used the title **vir clarissimus**?  
 SENATORIAL / PATRICIAN / OPTIMATES  
 How did one become a senator?  
 ELECTION TO MAGISTRACY (QUAESTORSHIP) OR BY FIAT OF EMPEROR  
 What was the financial requirement to be a senator? ONE MILLION SESTERCES
  
11. Who was carried off to Hades by her uncle? PERSEPHONE / PROSERPINA / KORE  
 Who were the parents of Persephone? ZEUS AND DEMETER  
 Where was she when Hades nabbed her, according to Ovid?  
 SICILY (AT VALE OF [H]ENNA)
  
12. In AD 9, what Roman general with his army was annihilated by the Germans in the Teutoberg Forest? (P. QUINCTILIUS) VARUS  
 How many legions was he leading? THREE  
 Who was the German commander? ARMINIUS / HERMAN
  
13. What two words combine to form **nāvigō**? NĀVIS + AGŌ  
 What two words combine to form **prīnceps**? PRĪMUS / PRĪMUM + CAPIŌ  
 What two words combine to form **merīdiēs**? MEDIUS + DIĒS



14. Name a Latin diphthong. AE, AU, EI, EU, OE, UI  
IN EARLY LATIN AI, OI, OU  
Name two more.  
Name two more.
15. What Latin abbreviation is often found at the end of mathematical proofs and means "that which had to be proved?" Q.E.D.  
What Latin abbreviation is often found at the end of letters? P.S. (RSVP not acceptable)  
What Latin abbreviation is often found on many old paintings? PINX.
16. Why did the Carthaginian queen Dido commit suicide? BECAUSE AENEAS LEFT HER  
Whom did Dido trick into helping prepare her funeral pyre? (HER SISTER) ANNA  
Where do Aeneas and Dido meet again? UNDERWORLD (FIELDS OF MOURNING)
17. What is the 3rd person plural, pluperfect active, indicative of *legō*, *legere*? LĒGERANT  
Change *lēgerānt* to imperfect. LEGĒBANT  
Change *legēbant* to passive. LEGĒBANTUR
18. What English derivative of the Latin words *sōl* and *stāre* is the name for the days each year when the sun exhibits no apparent northward or southward motion? SOLSTICE  
What are the two Latin roots and their meanings that yield "equinox"? AEQUUS -- EQUAL / NOX -- NIGHT  
What English adjective from the Latin word for "spring" describes the spring equinox? VERNAL
19. Who was made dictator for the purpose of redrafting the republican constitution in 81 BC? SULLA  
From what order did Sulla add 300 new members to the Senate? EQUESTRIAN  
What group did Sulla bar from holding a praetorship or higher office? (PLEBEIAN) TRIBUNES
20. What river separates Latium and Etruria? THE TIBER  
What town sits at its mouth? OSTIA (ANTIQUA)  
What body of water, a subdivision of the Mediterranean, does it empty into?  
THE TYRRHENIAN SEA (MARE TUSCUM / MARE INFERUM)

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C10**

1. What Latin verb meaning "build" has as its root the noun **aedēs**? AEDIFICĀRE  
 What does **aedēs** mean in the plural? HOUSE  
 What public office in Rome took its name from **aedēs**? AEDILIS / AEDILE
  
2. Differentiate in meaning between the idioms **grātiās agere** and **grātiām habēre**.  
GRĀTIĀS AGERE -- THANK  
GRĀTIAM HABERE -- FEEL GRATEFUL  
 ...between **iter facere** and **iter dāre**. ITER FACERE -- MARCH  
ITER DĀRE -- GIVE THE RIGHT OF WAY  
 ...between **castra pōnere** and **castra movēre**. CASTRĀ PŌNERE -- PITCH CAMP  
CASTRĀ MOVĒRE -- BREAK CAMP
  
3. What use of the dative is found in this sentence:  
**Magister puerō librum dedit.** INDIRECT OBJECT  
**Magister puerō librum scrīpsit.** REFERENCE  
**Magister puerō auxiliō librum dedit.** DOUBLE DATIVE (reference & purpose (service))
  
4. What was the underworld river of forgetfulness? LETHE  
 Who explains to Aeneas that souls must drink of the River Lethe before they are  
 reincarnated? ANCHISES  
 Name three other rivers in the underworld.  
STYX, PHLEGETHON, COCYTUS, ACHERON
  
5. Change **partis** to plural. PARTIUM  
 Change **partium** to accusative. PARTĒS  
 What case follows **pars**? GENITIVE
  
6. **Claude oculum dextrum et aperī ōs.**  
PLAYER SHOULD CLOSE RIGHT EYE AND OPEN MOUTH  
**Surge et ambulā circum mēnsam.**  
ONE PLAYER SHOULD STAND AND WALK AROUND TABLE  
**Tollite vestrās manūs et lātrāte.**  
ALL PLAYERS SHOULD RAISE HANDS AND BARK

7. Who instigated the assassination of the emperor Caracalla? **MACRINUS**  
 Name the woman who led the revolt against Macrinus' rule? **IULIA MAESA**  
 Name Iulia Maesa's grandson whom she made emperor.  
**ELAGABALUS / VARIUS AVITUS BASSIANUS**
  
8. What childhood playmate did Athena accidentally kill? **PALLAS**  
 For five pts. each, what two things does Athena do to assuage her grief?  
 (1) PUT THE NAME OF PALLAS BEFORE HER OWN  
 (2) MADE A WOODEN IMAGE OF PALLAS -- PALLADIUM
  
9. Change **nōluistis** to present. **NŌN VULTIS**  
 Change **nōn vultis** to future. **NOLĒTIS**  
 Change **nolētis** to passive. **DOES NOT EXIST**
  
10. Give an antonym of **validus**. **AEGER / AEGRŌTUS**  
 Give an antonym of **angustus**. **LĀTUS / LAXUS / AMPLUS / PATĒNS / SPATIŌSUS**  
 Give an antonym of **semper**. **NUMQUAM**
  
11. What two mortal men were honored by the gods' presence at their weddings?  
**PELEUS & CADMUS**  
 Whom was Peleus marrying? **THETIS**  
 Whom was Cadmus marrying? **HARMONIA**
  
12. Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question about it. **Lucius, vĕnātor nŏtissimus, per silvam ambulābat ubi maximam ursam inspexit. Lucius ursam fortiter oppugnāvit sed necātus est. Quam miserābile!**  
 What kind of hunter was Lucius? **VERY FAMOUS**  
 Describe the bear. **VERY LARGE**  
 What happened to Lucius? **HE WAS KILLED BY THE BEAR**
  
13. What Latin verb is the root of the English noun "subsidy?" **SEDEŌ**  
 What Latin verb is the root of the English adjective "surreptitious?" **RAPIŌ**  
 What Latin verb is the root of the English verb "supply?" **PLEŌ**

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14. What was organized as a result of a conference in Bononia in 43 BC?  
SECOND TRIUMVIRATE  
What law gave legal authority to the triumvirate for five years? LEX TITIA  
Where did the Second Triumvirate get the money it needed to defeat Brutus, Cassius, and the other conspirators? PROSCRIPTIONS
15. Differentiate in meaning between *accidō* and *occidō*.  
ACCIDŌ -- HAPPEN  
OCCIDŌ -- KILL  
...between *occidō* and *dēcidō*?  
OCCIDŌ -- FALL DOWN  
DĒCIDŌ -- FALL DOWN  
What Latin noun related to *occidō*, *dēcidō*, and *accidō* means "opportunity"?  
CĀSUS / OCCĀSIO
16. Whom did Achilles kill for mocking him as he grieved over the body of Penthesilea?  
THERSITES  
To what gods did Achilles have to sacrifice to expiate himself for killing Thersites?  
APOLLO AND ARTEMIS (AND LETO)  
What other Greek chieftain purified Achilles after the slaying of Thersites? ODYSSEUS
17. Upon which emperor did the Senate confer the title "Pius"?  
ANTONINUS  
Who adopted Antoninus as his successor? HADRIAN  
Whom did Hadrian insist that Antoninus adopt as his successors?  
M. AURELIUS (M. ANNIUS VERUS) & L. VERUS (L. CEIONUS COMMODUS)
18. What city recruited Pyrrhus of Epirus to help them fight Rome?  
TARENTUM  
What minister of Pyrrhus came to Rome to try to negotiate peace? CINEAS  
What was the first of the battles Rome fought with Pyrrhus, and who won?  
HERACLEA (280 BC), WON BY PYRRHUS
19. How was the start of a chariot race signaled? WAVED A WHITE CLOTH (MAPPA)  
How was the starting line indicated? WHITE CHALK  
Around what structure in the circus did the chariots race? SPINA
20. Where did Odysseus and his men land after escaping from the Cyclops Polyphemus?  
ISLE OF AEOLUS (KING OF THE WINDS)  
After losing the winds given to them by Aeolus, to what land did they row?

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**LAESTRYGONIANS (CANNIBALS)**

Escaping with only one ship, where did Odysseus land next? AEAIA, CIRCE'S ISLAND

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C100**

1. What use of the genitive is found in this sentence: **Gaius est homō maximī animī?**  

QUALITY/DESCRIPTION

**Gaius magnam partem inimicōrum interfēcērunt?**  

PARTITIVE/GENITIVE OF THE WHOLE

**Maximus inimicus canem eius interfēcīt?**  

POSSESSION
  
2. What is the difference between the adjectives **candidus** and **albus**?  

CANDIDUS -- SHINY WHITE  
ALBUS -- DULL WHITE

Distinguish between **niger** and **ater**.  

NIGER -- GLOSSY BLACK  
ATER -- FLAT BLACK

What color did the Romans call **cānus**?  

GREY
  
3. Make **novus** agree with **rērum**.  

NOVĀRUM

Make **novus** agree with **tempore**.  

NOVŌ

Make **novus** agree with **domūī**.  

NOVAE
  
4. Which, if any, of the following English words is NOT derived from the same root as the others: emotion, mob, remove, motley, motor.  

MOTLEY

...gerund, jest, engine, register, gesticulate.  

ENGINE

...client, foreclose, seclude, sluice, closure.  

CLIENT
  
5. What did the Romans call their three-person ball game?  

TRIGON

How many balls were used?  

TWO

Besides air, what substance was inside the balls Romans used in their games?  

HAIR and/or FEATHERS
  
6. To take its meaning literally, how long is a "sesquipedalian" word?  

ONE AND A HALF FEET

After how many years do you mark a "sesquicentennial"?  

150

Define **sesquitertius**.  

ONE AND ONE THIRD

7. What was the decisive battle of the Third Samnite War? SENTINUM  
 Who was the consul who gave his life to insure a Roman victory? DECIUS MUS  
 Who was the commander of the Samnite forces? GELLIUS EGNATIUS
  
8. E.g. and v.g. may use slightly different wording to get the same point across, yet they share what one Latin word in common? GRATIĀ  
 What case is governed by gratiā? GENITIVE  
 Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer uses gratiā in which phrase made famous as their trademark? ARS GRATIA ARTIS
  
9. From which two deities was Romulus, the founder and first king of Rome, descended? VENUS & MARS  
 Who in the midst of a thunderstorm carried Romulus off to the heavens? MARS  
 Romulus becomes the god Quirinus. What was the name of his deified wife? HORA
  
10. Of the verbs reddō, dēmōnstrō, struō, and dūcō, which is not a 3rd conjugation verb? DĒMŌNSTRŌ  
 Of the verbs sequor, vereor, gradior, and petor, which is not a deponent verb? PETOR  
 Of the verbs maneō, gaudeō, soleō, and fidō, which is not a semi-deponent verb? MANEŌ
  
11. Who taught the young Heracles to play the lyre? LINUS or EUMOLPUS  
 ...to drive a chariot? AMPHITRYON  
 ...to shoot a bow and arrow? EURYTUS
  
12. What god was rumored to be Bellerophon's father? POSEIDON  
 What king sent Bellerophon to kill the Chimaera? IOBATES  
 What daughter of Iobates did Bellerophon marry? PHILONOE (or ANTICLEA or CASSANDRA)
  
13. Translate: *Necesse est Iūliae convocāre suōs frātrēs quam celerrimē.*

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IT IS NECESSARY FOR JULIA TO CALL  
TOGETHER HER BROTHERS AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

Translate: **Pater iubet Iūliam convocāre frātrēs quam celerrimē.**

FATHER IS ORDERING JULIA TO CALL  
TOGETHER HER BROTHERS AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

Translate: **Pater dicit Iūliam convocāre frātrēs quam celerrimē.**

FATHER SAYS THAT JULIA IS CALLING  
HER BROTHERS TOGETHER AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

14. By whom were the emperor Elagabalus and his mother murdered?  
Name his aunt who had bribed the guards.  
Name Iulia Mamaea's son who then became emperor at 13.
- PRAETORIAN GUARDS  
IULIA MAMAEA  
SEVERUS ALEXANDER
15. What son of Pelias accompanied Jason?  
What was the kingdom Pelias had usurped from Jason's father Aeson?  
After the quest for the fleece was over, where did Jason and Medea go to rule, leaving Acastus king of Iolcus?
- ACASTUS  
IOLCUS  
CORINTH
16. What did Lollius Urbicus build from AD 139 - 142 for Antoninus Pius?  
Of what material was this wall built?  
In whose reign was the Antonine Wall abandoned?
- WALL ACROSS SCOTLAND FROM FORTH TO CLYDE  
TURF  
COMMODUS'
17. Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question about it. **Quattuor servī per viās Rōmae ambulābant ubi fūr audax ex umbris cucurrit. Servī nōn timēbant quod potentissimi erant, fūr infirmus. "Ecce pestem!" clāmāvērunt ridentēs. Fūr perterritus effūgit quam celerrimē.**  
How many people are in the story?  
Why were the slaves not frightened?  
What do the slaves do, and how does the thief react?
- FIVE  
THEY WERE VERY STRONG, WHILE THE THIEF WAS WEAK  
THE SLAVES LAUGH AT HIM AND CALL HIM A PEST. THE THIEF IS VERY FRIGHTENED AND RUNS AWAY AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.
18. Give a synonym of **turba**.  
Give a synonym of **antrum**.
- VULGUS / FREQUENTIA / MULTITŪDŌ / CATERVA  
SPECUS / SPĒLUNCA / CAVERNA



Give a synonym of **cibus**.

**ALIMENTUM / VICTUS / ESCA**

19. Who was the wife of Tiberius and mother of his son Drusus? **VIPSANIA AGRIPPINA**  
Who was the wife of Germanicus and the mother of his nine children?  
**VIPSANIA AGRIPPINA MAIOR (THE ELDER)**  
Who was the wife of Cn. Domitius Ahenobarbus, then her uncle Claudius?  
**IULIA AGRIPPINA MINOR (THE YOUNGER)**
20. According to Homer, who murders Agamemnon after he returns home from the Trojan War? **AEGISTHUS**  
Who is Aegisthus? **CLYTEMNESTRA'S PARAMOUR**  
Clytemnestra wanted revenge for the sacrifice of Iphigenia. For what did Aegisthus want revenge? **ATREUS, AGAMEMNON'S FATHER, HAD KILLED AEGISTHUS' BROTHERS AND SERVED THEM TO THYESTES and/or AGAMEMNON HAD TAKEN THE THRONE OF MYCENAE FROM THYESTES**

**1995 NJCL CERTAMEN  
ROUND C EXTRA QUESTIONS**

**HISTORY / LIFE / GEOGRAPHY**

1. In what kind of structure were **munera gladiatoria** performed?  
ARENA, AMPHITHEATRE  
Where were **ludi scaenici** performed? THEATRE  
Where were **ludi circenses** performed? CIRCUS
  
2. The best example of the use of the dome in Roman architecture is the Pantheon. Who added the dome to the Pantheon? HADRIAN  
Where outside of Rome is Hadrian's great villa complex? TIBUR (TIVOLI)  
Where did Hadrian complete a long unfinished great temple to Zeus? ATHENS
  
- 3.. What was the alliance of eight Latin cities of Latium against the emerging power of Rome called? LATIN LEAGUE  
At what lake did the Romans defeat the Latin League in 496 BC? REGILLUS  
According to tradition, who intervened in the battle on behalf of the Romans?  
CASTOR & POLLUX
  
- 4.. Which toga was often worn by emperors? TOGA PICTA  
Describe it. CRIMSON EMBROIDERED IN GOLD  
Describe the **toga praetexta**.  
PURPLE BORDER (HEM) ALONG CURVED EDGE (SINUS)
  
5. What two social classes struggled for power in the "Conflict of Orders?"  
PATRICIANS & PLEBEIANS  
The plebeians did not resort to violence in the "Conflict of Orders." How did they force the patricians to listen to their demands? SECESSION  
What positions developed as the spokesmen and protectors of plebeian interests?  
TRIBUNI PLEBIS

## MYTHOLOGY

1. What nine sisters were in charge of the arts? MUSES  
 What three sisters avenged unjust deaths? FURIES  
 What three sisters were named Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos? FATES
  
2. Who in the Underworld was condemned to carry water in jars which leaked like sieves? DANAIDAE  
 What was their crime? KILLING HUSBANDS ON THEIR WEDDING NIGHT  
 With what weapon had they murdered their bridegrooms? LONG SHARP PIN
  
3. Who took away Echo's normal power of speech? HERA  
 Why? ECHO'S CHATTERING DISTRACTED HER FROM ZEUS & HIS LOVE AFFAIRS  
 What ability did Hera leave with Echo? TO REPEAT LAST WORDS SPOKEN TO HER
  
4. What mountain god declared Apollo the winner of a music contest? TMOLUS  
 Who was foolish enough to announce his disagreement with Tmolus' judgement? MIDAS  
 How did Apollo punish Midas? GAVE HIM THE EARS OF AN ASS
  
5. What king of Teuthrania, a son of Hercules, repulsed the Greeks when they landed there in error on their way to Troy? TELEPHUS  
 Whose spear had wounded Telephus? According to an oracle, only the rust from the spear could cure the wound. ACHILLES'  
 How did Telephus then repay the Greeks for curing his wound?  
 HE GUIDED THEM TO TROY

## GRAMMAR / VOCABULARY

1. What use of the ablative is found in *Lucius ab ursā caesus est*? AGENCY  
*Augustus vehēbātur ab urbe.* PLACE FROM WHICH  
*Catō est Cicerōne ēloquentior.* COMPARISON
  
2. Translate: Numa was praised by all the Romans.

C Ex pg 3

NUMA AB OMNIBUS RŌMĀNĪS LAUDĀBĀTUR

Translate: Numa was desirous of peace.

NUMA CUPIDUS PĀCIS ERAT

Translate: Numa was a better king than Hostilius.

NUMA RĒX MELIOR QUAM HOSTĪLIUS ERAT

NUMA RĒX MELIOR HOSTĪLIŌ ERAT

3. Listen to the following sentence, which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the question about it: **Captīvī et servī quōs dominī in amphitheātrum miserant in mediā arēnā pugnāre cōgēbantur.**

**Quī servōs in amphitheātrum mīsērunt?**

DOMINĪ

**Ubi captīvī et servī pugnāvērunt?**

IN AMPHITHEĀTRŌ

OR IN MEDIĀ ARĒNĀ

What use of the infinitive is **pugnāre cōgēbātur**?

COMPLEMENTARY (OBJECTIVE)

4. What do we call indicative, imperative, and infinitive?  
What do we call sets of endings for nouns?  
What do we call sets of endings for verbs?

MOODS

DECLENSIONS

CONJUGATIONS

5. Give a synonym of **epistula**.  
Give a synonym of **lītus**.  
Give a synonym of **fortitūdō**.

LITTERAE

RĪPA / ŌRA / ACTA

ANIMUS / CONSTANTIA / VIRTŪS / AUDĀCIA

6. Differentiate among **cupiō**, **cupidus**, and **cupiditās**.

CUPIŌ -- DESIRE

CUPIDUS -- DESIROUS

CUPIDITĀS -- DESIRE

...among **amō**, **amīcus**, and **amīcitia**.

AMŌ -- LOVE

AMĪCUS -- FRIEND

AMĪCITIA -- FRIENDSHIP

...among **vincō**, **victor**, and **victōria**.

VINCŌ -- CONQUER

VICTOR -- CONQUEROR

VICTŌRIA -- VICTORY

7. Differentiate in meaning between **mors** and **mora**.

MORS -- DEATH

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| ...between ita and item.      | MORA -- DELAY<br>ITA -- SO<br>ITEM -- LIKEWISE |
| ...between hiems and hiberna. | HIEMS -- WINTER<br>HIBERNA -- WINTER QUARTERS  |
- 
- |   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| 8. What two compounds of faciō mean "finish?" | PERFICIŌ, CŌNFICIŌ |
| What compound of faciō means "kill?"          | INTERFICIŌ         |
| What compound of faciō means "fail?"          | DĒFICIŌ            |
- 
- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| 9. What vegetable comes from the Latin noun for "head?" | CABBAGE |
| ...for "root?"  | RADISH  |
| What fruit comes from the Latin noun for "gold?"        | ORANGE  |
- 
- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 10. What Romance language is spoken in the land the Romans called Hispania? | SPANISH    |
| What Romance language is spoken in the land the Romans called Lusitania?    | PORTUGUESE |
| In the land the Romans called Gallia?                                       | FRENCH     |
- 
- |   |           |
|---|-----------|
| 11. What noun is the root of "accompany?" | PANIS     |
| ...of "accustom?"                         | CONSUESCO |
| ...of "accountant?"                       | PUTO      |
- 
- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| 12. What Latin noun with what meaning is the root of the English noun "coronation?" | CORONA -- CROWN     |
| ...of the English noun "carnation?"   | CARO -- FLESH, MEAT |
| ...of the English noun "incarceration?"   | CARCER -- PRISON    |
- 
- |   |        |
|---|--------|
| 13. What Latin verb is the ultimate root of "defeat?" | FACIO  |
| ...of "defy?"   | FIDO   |
| ...of "defray?"                                       | FRANGO |