TU # 1: Say in Latin "The boys were watching the friends." **Puerī amīcōs spectābant**.
B1: Say in Latin "Do you see the good farmers?"**Vidēsne/Vidētisne bonōs agricolās**?
B2: Say in Latin "We shall go to the town." **Ibimus ad oppidum**.

TU # 2: Who flew too close to the sun and fell into the sea when his wings melted?
Icarus
B1: Who constructed these wings? **Daedalus**
B2: Who was the clever nephew of Daedalus, killed by his jealous uncle?
Perdix, Talos, Talus, Calus

TU # 3: Who regained his strength by touching his mother Earth and was killed by
Heracles while being held in the air? **Antaeus**
B1: Who was the fire-breathing monster that had stolen some of the Cattle of Geryon
from Heracles? **Cacus**
B2: Who was the dragon that guarded the Apples of the Hesperides, until killed by
Heracles? **Ladon**

TU # 4: In the sentence "We were walking with the sons," say in Latin, "with the sons".
cum fīliīs
B1: In "We were walking with the daughters," say in Latin, "with the daughters".
cum fīliābus
B2: In "We were fighting with swords," say in Latin, "with swords". **gladiīs**

TU # 5: Give the Latin root and its meaning for the English word 'invincible'.
vincō, vincere--conquer
B1: Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'rapacious'. **rapiō, rapere--seize**
B2: Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'utilitarian'. **utilis--useful or utor--use**

TU # 6: Which Emperor was the son of Domitius Ahenobarbus and Agrippina the
Younger? **Nero (Nero Claudius Caesar Augustus Germanicus)**
B1: In what year was the great fire at Rome? **AD 64**
B2: What philosopher and playwright was Nero's tutor and early advisor?
Seneca the Younger

TU # 7: Give the dative plural of servus. **servīs**
B1: Give the dative plural of rēs. **rēbus**
B2: Give the genitive plural of cornū. **cornuum**

TU # 8: Translate the following sentence into English. "Liberī movēbant cibum in
casam." **The children were moving the food into the house.**
B1: Translate: "Patriam amāre debēmus." **We ought to love the fatherland.**
B2: Translate: "Virī liberāre servōs cupīvērunt." **The men wanted to free the slaves**

TU # 9: For the verb legō, legere give the 2nd person singular present active indicative.
legis

B1:   Make <u>legis</u> future tense. **legēs**
B2:   Make <u>legēs</u> passive.   **legēris**

TU # 10:   Using <u>fama</u>, give the genitive plural of the phrase 'good report'.
             bonārum famārum
   B1:   Make <u>bonārum famārum</u> accusative plural. **bonās famās**
   B2:   Make <u>bonās famās</u> ablative singular.   **bonā famā**

TU # 11:   Which Emperor authorized the invasion that brought Britain into the Empire?
                      Claudius
   B1:   Claudius relied heavily on members of what group as his personal advisors?
             freedmen
   B2:   Who was Claudius' last wife? **Agrippina the Younger**

TU # 12:   Where in the second century AD were most gladiatorial battles fought in Rome?
             Colosseum (Flavian Amphitheater)
   B1:   What was the largest structure in which horse races took place in Rome?
             Circus Maximus
   B2:   What was the original marketplace in Rome called? **Forum**

TU # 13:   Say in Latin "Hello, Marcellus".   **Salvē, Marcelle**
   B1:   Say "Good-bye, Julia".   **Valē, Julia**
   B2:   Say "Hello, friends".   **Salvēte, amīcī**

TU # 14:   Listen carefully to the following passage which I will read to you twice. Then
             answer the question that follows in Latin.

                      Prīmus rēx Rōmae Rōmulus fuit. Virī et fēminae Rōmulum amāvērunt
                      quod multīs virīs asylum dōnāvit. Secundus rēx Rōmae fuit Numa
                      Pompilius. Numa bellum nōn amāvit. Tertius rēx Rōmae fuit Tullus
                      Hostīlius. Pacem nōn amāvit. Tullus gessit multa bella. (Read it twice)

Toss up   Cur virī et fēminae Rōmulum amāvērunt?
             (Quod) asylum (multīs virīs) dōnāvit.
   B1:   Quid Numa nōn amāvit? **(Numa) nōn amāvit bellum.**
   B2:   Quid Tullus Hostilius gessit? **(Tullus Hostīlius) (multa) bella gessit.**

TU # 15:   Who stole his brother's cattle, invented sandals and the lyre, and other
             mischievous deeds on the day of his birth?   **Hermes/Mercury**
   B1:   Who experienced an unusual birth because his mother was burned up and he was
             then sewn into his father's thigh? **Dionysus/Bacchus**
   B2:   Who were born on the island of Delos when their mother wandered around
             looking for sanctuary? **Apollo and Artemis/Diana**

TU # 16: Who was sad because her daughter was abducted by her uncle and taken to the Underworld? **Demeter/Ceres**
  B1: Who was that daughter? **Persephone/Proserpina**
  B2: What did Persephone eat that caused her difficulty? **pomegranate**

TU # 17: A Roman army was wiped out at the Teutonberg Forest in what year? **AD 9**
  B1: Who commanded the Roman army there? **Quinctilius Varus**
  B2: Who commanded the German army there? **Arminius (Herminius, Herman)**

TU # 18: Signal and carry out the following command: "Stā et claude dextrum oculum" **(The student should stand and close his/her right eye)**
  B1: Respondē Latīnē: "Quot aurēs habēs?" **Duās (Duae sunt mihi)**
  B2: Respondē Latīnē: "Ubi habitat dux nostrae patriae?" **In Casā Albā**

TU # 19: What lover of Aphrodite was killed by a wild boar? **Adonis**
  B1: What lover of Aphrodite fathered Aeneas? **Anchises**
  B2: Who was the result of the union of Aphrodite and Hermes? **Hermaphroditus**

TU # 20: In proper chronological sequence, list the four emperors of AD 69. **Galba, Otho, Vitellius, Vespasian**
  B1: Before becoming Emperor, Vespasian was attempting to supress what revolt? **Jewish Revolt**
  B2: Who captured Jerusalem? **Titus**

TU # 1: Which queen made Palmyra into a powerful kingdom in the desert? **Zenobia**
  B1: Who captured Palmyra and defeated Zenobia? **Aurelian**
  B2: Aurelian was responsible for what important construction project? **The last wall**

built around Rome.

TU # 2:   Say in Latin "You have been".   **fuistī or fuistis**
    B1:   Make it future perfect tense.   **fueris or fueritis**
    B2:   Make it future tense.   **eris or eritis**

TU # 3:   Who killed travelers with a big club until he was stopped by Theseus?
        Periphetes or Corynetes
    B1:   Who killed travelers by pulling them apart with two pine trees?
        Sinis or Pityocamptes
    B2:   Who killed travelers by kicking them over a cliff as they washed his feet? **Sciron**

TU # 4:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'verbose'.   **verbum--word**
    B1:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'vicinity'.   **vicus--village**
    B2:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'peril'.   **periculum--danger**

TU # 5:   What in Rome was a basilica?   **Roman courthouse (Christian church?)**
    B1:   What was the Curia?   **Senate House**
    B2:   Who supposedly lived in the Regia?   **Pontifex Maximus**

TU # 6:   Listen carefully to the following passage which I will read to you twice. Then answer the question that follows in Latin.

        Graecī et Trojānī ad Trojam pugnāvērunt. Trojānī et Graecī annōs novem pugnāvērunt et in equum ascendērunt. Tum ad Trojānōs equum mōvērunt. Noctē Graecī occupāvērunt Trojam. Fortūna Trojānōrum mala erat.
        (Read the passage twice)

Toss up   Quī ad Trojam pugnāvērunt? **Graecī et Trojāni pugnāvērunt (ad Trojam).**
    B1:   Quō annō parāvērunt equum? **Decimō annō, (Graecī equum parāvērunt).**
    B2:   Ubi Graecī Trojam occupāvērunt? **Noctē, (Graecī Trojam occupāvērunt)**

TU # 7:   Say in Latin "We are praising".   **laudāmus**
    B1:   Say in Latin "You (pl) were praising". **laudābātis**
    B2:   Say in Latin "They will praise".   **laudābunt**

TU # 8:   Put the following prepositional phrase into Latin: "in the house". **in casā**
    B1:   Following the same instructions, say "into the house". **in casam**
    B2:   Following the same instructions, say "in Rome".   **Romae**

TU # 9:   What case is used to show the indirect object? **dative**
    B1:   What case is used for a noun of direct address? **vocative**
    B2:   How many declensions are there in Latin?   **five**

TU # 10:   Whom did Hephaestus catch in bed with his wife Aphrodite? **Ares**
    B1:   Who informed Hephaestus of the affair? **Apollo or Helios**
    B2:   Who repaid to Hephaestus the dowry that he had given for Aphrodite?
    Poseidon

TU # 11:   Who boasted of her many children, comparing them to Leto and her two children?
    Niobe
    B1:   Who boasted of her daughter's beauty, comparing them to that of the Nereids?
    Cassiopea
    B2:   Who boasted of her skill at weaving, comparing it to that of Athena? **Arachne**

TU # 12:   Give the accusative singluar of "our father". **nostrum patrem**
    B1:   Make it ablative singular. **nostrō patre**
    B2:   Make it nominative plural. **nostrī patrēs**

TU # 13:   In what year did Vesuvius erupt and destroy Pompeii? **AD 79**
    B1:   Who was the first emperor not born in Italy? **Claudius**
    B2:   In what year was Domitian assassinated? **AD 96**

TU # 14:   Give the vocative singular of Lucius. **Lucī**
    B1:   Give the vocative singular of Quintus. **Quinte**
    B2:   Give the vocative singular of Marcus Tullius Cicero. **Marce Tullī Cicerō**

TU # 15:   Under what emperor did the Roman Empire reached its greatest geographical
    extent? **Trajan**   B1:   In what year did Rome reach this point? **AD 117**
    B2:   What Balkan kingdom did Trajan turn into a province? **Dacia**

TU # 16:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'repulsive'. **pellō, pellere--drive**
    B1:   Give the Latin adjective root and its meaning for 'adapt'. **aptus--suitable**
    B2:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'region'. **regō, regere--rule**

TU # 17:   Who was the faithful friend and companion of Achilles? **Patroclus**
    B1:   Who killed Patroclus? **Hector**
    B2;   Who killed Achilles? **Paris**

TU # 18:   Who was punished in the Underworld on a wheel of fire? **Ixion**
    B1:   Who was punished in the Underworld by rolling a rock eternally up a hill, only to have it roll back down? **Sisyphus**
    B2:   Who was stretched across 9 acres in the Underworld with vultures eating his liver or heart? **Tityus**

TU # 19:   Which Emperor was born at Lepcis Magna in North Africa? **Septimus Severus**
B1 & B2:   Name his two sons who became Emperors. **Carcalla and Geta**

TU # 20:   Give the present imperative singular of the Latin verb meaning 'tell'. **nārrā/dīc**
    B1:   Give the present imperative plural of the same verb. **nārrāte / dīcite**
    B2:   Gvie the present imperative plural of the Latin verb 'sum'.   **este**

TU # 1:   In the sentence "I found a house and bought it," say "it" in Latin. **eam**
   B1:   In " I can buy more food," say "buy" in Latin. **emere**
   B2:   In " I can buy more food," say "food" in Latin. **cibī**

TU # 2:   As Ovid tells the story, who seduced his wife's sister and cut out her tongue to hide the evidence of his crime? **Tereus**
   B1:   Who was his wife? **Procne**
   B2:   Who was her violated sister? **Philomela**

TU # 3:   Give the genitive plural of 'brave girls'. **puellārum fortium**
   B1:   Give the ablative singular of 'good sea'. **marī bonō**
   B2:   Give the nominative plural of 'good signs'. **signa bona**

TU # 4:   What group captured Rome in AD 410? **Visigoths**
   B1:   What group captured Rome in AD 455? **Vandals**
   B2:   Who was the last Emperor of the combined Empire? **Theodosius I**

TU # 5:   In the sentence, " We were saved by the noble leader," say in Latin, 'by the noble leader'.   **ā nobilī duce**
   B1:   In the sentence, "We were saved by the nobler leader," say in Latin, 'by the nobler leader'.   **ā nobiliōre duce**
   B2:   In the sentence, "We were saved by the noblest leader," say in Latin, 'by the noblest leader'.   **ā nobilissimō duce**

TU # 6:   In the sentence "I know that the river is swift," say "is" in Latin. **esse**
   B1:   In the same sentence, say "river". **flūmen**
   B2:   In the same sentence say "swift". **celere**

TU # 7:   Who was denied honorable burial by his uncle because he had attacked his home city of Thebes? **Polynices**
   B1:   Who gave him honorable burial? **Antigone**
   B2:   Who led and army to force Thebes to grant honorable burial to the Argive dead?
                                                                                Theseus

TU # 8:   Listen carefully to the following passage which I will read to you twice. Then

answer the question that follows in Latin.

> Galba et Sulla sunt agricolae. In Ītaliā habitant. Jūlia est fīlia Galbae; Cornēlia est fīlia Sullae. Jūlia et Cornēlia sunt amīcae. Ad villam saepe ambulant et animālia spectant. Servī animālia curant. (read twice)

Toss up:	Ubi Galba et Sulla habitant?	**(Galba et Sulla) in Ītaliā habitant.**
B1:	Quī fīlia Galbae est?	**Jūlia est (fīlia Galbae).**
B2:	Ubi Jūlia et Cornēlia saepe ambulant?	

(Jūlia et Cornēlia saepe ambulant) ad villam

TU # 9: Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'reiterate'.   **iterum--again**
  B1: Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'turbulent'.   **turba--crowd**
  B2: Give the Latin adverb root and its meaning for 'procrastinate'.   **cras--tomorrow**

TU # 10: What was the "calling hour" for a Roman client called? **salutātiō**
  B1: What did Poman patrons give their clients during salutatio? **sportula**
  B2: What was the name of the slave who called out the names of visitors?
nōmenclātor

TU # 11: Whose horses were frightened by a sea-monster, requested by Theseus, causing him to be dragged to death behind his chariot? **Hippolytus**
  B1: Who was his stepmother? **Phaedra**
  B2: What was his new name when he was restored to life and given a new existence in Italy? **Virbius**

TU # 12: For the verb amō, amāre, give the first person singular, pluperfect passive indicative.   **amātus (-a, -um) eram**
  B1: For the same verb, give the third person plural imperfect active indicative.
amābant
  B2: For the verb doceō, docēre, give the first person plural present passive indicative.
docēmur

TU # 13: Which emperor proposed a tetrarchy to provide stable succession and government for the Empire? **Diocletian**
  B1: What name did he give to his newly formed regions of the Empire? **dioceses**
  B2: Whom did Diocletian select as his successor? **Constantius (Chloris)**

TU # 14: As the story is told in the *Iliad*, who went on a nighttime spying expedition to the Trojan camp? **Odysseus and Diomedes**

B1:   What Trojan spy did they meet and kill? **Dolon**
B2:   Whose horses did they steal after they had attacked his camp and killed him?
        Rhesus

TU # 15:   Who was the first Emperor to convert to Christianity? **Constantine**
B1:   At wht site in Rome did Constantine defeat Maxentius? **Milvian Bridge**
B2:   What was the omen Constantine saw before this battle? **a fiery cross in the sky
        with "In hoc signō vincēs" around it in fire**

TU # 16:   Give the meaning of the Latin word <u>periculum</u>. **danger**
B1:   Give the meaning of <u>postea</u>.   **afterwards**
B2:   Give the meaning of <u>ambulō</u>. **I walk**

TU # 17:   Where was Attila defeated by the Romans and their allies?
        Chalons or the Mauriac Plains
B1:   Who was the Roman commander at this battle? **Aetius**
B2:   What nickname was Aetius given? **The last of the Romans**

TU # 18:   Say in Latin, "Julia, don't stay in the field" **Julia, nolī manēre in agrō**
B1:   Say in Latin, "Marcus and Lucius, don't plow the field". **Marce Lucique, nolīte
                                                        arāre agrum.**
B2:   Say in Latin, "He teaches the boy a story". **Docet puerum fabulam.**

TU # 19:   Who was chained to a rock in the Caucasus mountains while an eagle ate his liver
        each day? **Prometheus**
B1:   Who rescued him form this spot by shooting the eagle? **Heracles**
B2:   What ancestor of Heracles had Prometheus seen 13 generations earlier on this
        site? **Io**

TU # 20:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for the English word 'corporation'.
        corpus--body
B1:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'itinerary'. **iter--journey**
B2:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for 'maternal'. **māter--mother**

LANGUAGE QUESTIONS

TU: For stō, give the second person singular perfect active indicative. **stetistī**
B1:   For the same verb, give the first person plural present passive indicative. **stāmur**
B2:   For the same verb, give the second person singular future passive indicative. **stāberis**

TU: What case and number is filī bonī? **genitive singular**
B1:   What cases and numbers are deabus fortibus? **dative and ablative plural**
B2:   What case and number is puerī fortis? **genitive singular**

TU: Give the Latin root and its meaning for lucid. **lux--light**
B1:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for subjunctive. **jungo--join**
B2:   Give the Latin root and its meaning for innocuous. **noceō--harm**

TU: What tense in Latin shows continued action in past time? **imperfect**
B1:   What tense shows action completed before another past action? **past perfect/pluperfect**
B2:   What tense shows completed action in past time? **perfect**

TU: Give the meaning of frāter. **brother**
B1:   Give the meaning of carmen. **song, poem**
B2:   Give the meaning of diu. **long, for a long time**

MYTHOLOGY QUESTIONS

TU: Whom did Apollo kill accidentally while throwing a discus? **Hyacinthus**
B1:   What lover of Apollo was unfaithful to the god and killed by him in a fit of anger?
                                                           Coronis
B2:   What rejected lover pined away for the Apollo, following him in his sun-chariot across the sky until she was turned into a sunflower? **Clytie**

TU: Who was the faithful wife of Odysseus that waited for twenty years for his return from Troy? **Penelope**
B1:   Who was his son that waited for his return and helped him fight the suitors? **Telemachus**
B2:   Who was the faithful swineherdsman that aided Odysseus? **Eumaeus**

LIFE AND HISTORY QUESTIONS

TU: What enemy of Rome captured the Emperor Valerian? **The Persians under Shapur**
B1:   Which Emperor was killed at Adrianople in AD 378? **Valens**
B2:   What barbarian deposed Romulus Augustulus? **Odavacer (Odacer)**

TU: Tiberius was accused of having a hand in the mysterious death of this heroic young man in AD 19. **Germanicus**
B1:   Who was Germanicus' wife? **Agrippina the Elder**

B2:   What brother of Germanicus later became Emperor? **Claudius**

TU: Who was the first of the Five Good Emperors?   **M. Cocceius <u>Nerva</u>**
B1:   What are the dates of Hadrian's rule? **AD 117 - AD 138**
B2:   In what year did Marcus Aurelius die? **AD 180**

TU: Where were the cheapest apartments in an insula? **the top floor**
B1:   What was the Latin term for a concrete wall? **opus caementicum**
B2:   What did the Romans use in place of glass in windows? **talc**