

**2015 Florida / Georgia Certamen  
Novice Round 1**

1. In what year was the First Triumvirate formed?  
Answer: **60 B.C.**  
B1: What member of the First Triumvirate was the last to die?  
Answer: **(C.) JULIUS CAESAR**  
B2: Which member of the First Triumvirate died at Carrhae in 53 B.C.?  
Answer: **(M. LICINIUS) CRASSUS**
  
2. From what Latin adjective with meaning do we derive the English words “beau”, “bonbon”, “bounty,” and “beneficial”?  
Answer: **BONUS – GOOD**  
B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive the English word “agile?”  
Answer: **AGO, AGERE – TO MAKE/ TO DO**  
B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive the English word “ransom?”  
Answer: **EMO, EMERE – TO BUY**
  
3. Which office of the cursus honorum was attached to the treasury?  
Answer: **QUAESTOR**  
B1: What minimum age did Sulla set for candidates for quaestor?  
Answer: **THIRTY**  
B2: What officials in Rome supervised markets, streets, and public buildings?  
Answer: **AEDILES**
  
4. Give the Latin and English for the motto of Yale University.  
Answer: **LUX ET VERITAS – LIGHT AND TRUTH**  
B1: Give the Latin and English for the motto of Harvard University.  
Answer: **VERITAS – TRUTH**  
B2: Give the Latin and English for the motto of Brown University.  
Answer: **IN DEO SPERAMUS – IN GOD WE TRUST**
  
5. Complete the following analogy Romulus: Mars:: Odysseus: ...  
Answer: **LAERTES**  
B1: Who was the mother of Romulus and Remus?  
Answer: **RHEA SILVIA**  
B2: Who was the mother of Odysseus?  
Answer: **ANTICLEIA**

6. Translate the following sentence from Latin into English: “**Heri filias tuas in foro Romano videbam.**”  
 Answer: **YESTERDAY I SAW YOUR DAUGHTERS IN THE FORUM**  
 B1: Translate this sentence into English: “**Hodie equum tuum in curiā video!**”  
 Answer: **TODAY I SEE YOUR HORSE IN THE SENATE-HOUSE.**  
 B2: In the previous sentence, what case is “curia?”  
 Answer: **ABLATIVE**
7. Who was emperor when a plague descended on Campania, a fire raged in Rome for three days, and Mount Vesuvius erupted?  
 Answer: **TITUS**  
 B1: In what year did Mount Vesuvius erupt?  
 Answer: **79 AD**  
 B2: Name two towns buried by the eruption.  
 Answer: **Any two of POMPEII, HERCULANEUM, STABIAE, and OPLONTIS**
8. What goddess, also known as Kore, was carried off by Hades to be his wife?  
 Answer: **PERSEPHONE (Do not accept PROSERPINA after “Hades” is read)**  
 B1: What beautiful youth was required to spend one-third of the year with Persephone and one-third with Aphrodite?  
 Answer: **ADONIS**  
 B2: Who was told by Aphrodite to retrieve a jar of Persephone’s beauty from the Underworld?  
 Answer: **PSYCHE**
9. For the verb **sum, esse** give the first person, plural, imperfect, active, indicative.  
 Answer: **ERAMUS**  
 B1: Keeping all else the same, make **eramus** perfect.  
 Answer: **FUIMUS**  
 B2: Keeping all else the same, make **fuimus** third person plural.  
 Answer: **FUERUNT**
10. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin words **vita** and **via**.  
 Answer: **VITA– LIFE; VIA– ROAD/ STREET**  
 B1: Differentiate in meaning between **ad** and **ab**.  
 Answer: **AD – TO/ TOWARDS; AB – BY/ FROM**  
 B2: Differentiate in meaning between **ager** and **agger**. (Moderator, please spell both)  
 Answer: **AGER – FIELD/ LAND; AGGER – MOUND/ HEAP/ RAMPART**

11. What is the use of the accusative in this sentence: “**Ad urbem cucurrerunt quam celerrime?**”

Answer: **PLACE TO WHICH**

B1: Translate that sentence

Answer: **THEY RAN TO THE CITY AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE**

B2: What use of the accusative is found in the following sentence: “**Nolo pessimum magistrum obtinere?**”

Answer: **DIRECT OBJECT**

12. What king of the Etruscans began to fight against Rome in the early Republic after Tarquinius Superbus ran to him for help?

Answer: **LARS PORSENNA**

B1: What was the capital city of the Etruscans?

Answer: **CLUSIUM**

B2: What man tried to kill Porsenna, thrust his right hand into a fire to prove his bravery to the Etruscan leader, and was promptly released?

Answer: **(C.) MUCIUS SCAEVOLA**

13. Say in Latin, “the tall farmer.”

Answer: **AGRICOLA ALTUS**

B1: Keeping all else the same, make **agricola altus** ablative singular.

Answer: **AGRICOLĀ ALTO**

B2: Keeping all else the same, make **agricolā alto** plural.

Answer: **AGRICOLĪS ALTĪS**

14. What two cases in Latin can be used with the preposition “in?”

Answer: **ACCUSATIVE AND ABLATIVE**

B1: Say in Latin “I walked through the atrium and into the study.”

Answer: **AMBULAVI / AMBULABAM PER ATRIUM ET IN TABLINUM.**

B2: Translate into Latin: “I am under the bridge.”

Answer: **SUM SUB PONTE**

15. What creature, sacred to Artemis, did Heracles have to capture for his third labor?

Answer: **CERYNITIAN HIND**

B1: What beast did Heracles trap in a snowbank for his fourth labor?

Answer: **ERYMANTHIAN BOAR**

B2: What taskmaster of Heracles hid in a jar when the hero brought back the boar?

Answer: **EURYSTHEUS**

**2015 Florida / Georgia Certamen  
Novice Round 2**

1. Identify the use of the ablative case in this sentence: “**Numquam in carcere fui.**”

Answer: **PLACE WHERE**

B1: Translate that sentence.

Answer: **I HAVE NEVER BEEN IN PRISON**

B2: Identify the use of the ablative case in this sentence: “**Miles cucurrit maxima cum celeritate.**”

Answer: **MEANS**

2. What daughter of Peneius was pursued by Apollo and transformed into a laurel tree?

Answer: **DAPHNE**

B1: What woman was given the power of prophecy by Apollo?

Answer: **CASSANDRA**

B2: What lover of Apollo was carried off by Idas?

Answer: **MARPESSA**

3. Which war ended with the Battle of the Aegates Islands?

Answer: **FIRST PUNIC WAR**

B1: What battle in 262 BC was the first true battle of the First Punic War?

Answer: **AGRIGENTUM**

B2: What Roman general at Bagradas Valley was captured and executed at Carthage?

Answer: **REGULUS**

4. For the verb **dīco, dīcere** give the second person, singular, present, active, indicative.

Answer: **DICIS**

B1: Keeping all else the same, make **dicis** perfect.

Answer: **DIXISTI**

B2: Give both present active imperative forms for **dīcō**.

Answer: **DIC & DICITE**

5. Translate this sentence into Latin: “Lucius, read the books!”

Answer: **LUCI, LEGE LIBROS!**

B1: Translate this sentence into Latin, “Ships, do not sail!”

Answer: **NAVES, NOLITE NAVIGARE!**

B2: Translate this sentence into Latin, “Mother, warn Marcus!”

Answer: **MATER, MONE MARCUM!**

6. What son of Agamemnon killed his father's murderers, Aegisthus and Clytemnestra?

Answer: **ORESTES**

B1: What sister of Orestes assisted him?

Answer: **ELECTRA**

B2: After this murder, what creatures tormented Orestes?

Answer: **FURIES/ ERINYES/ EUMENIDES**

7. In Ancient Rome, what was the name for the opening in the roof of a Roman home, which let light and rain into the house?

Answer: **COMPLUVIUM**

B1: What was the name for the basin in which rainwater was collected in the atrium?

Answer: **IMPLUVIUM**

B2: What was the name for the two "wings" located off the sides of the atrium?

Answer: **ALAE**

8. What hero washed up on the island of Seriphos with his mother and later killed Medusa?

Answer: **PERSEUS**

B1: Who was the mother of Perseus?

Answer: **DANAE**

B2: What fisherman found Perseus and Danae when they landed on Seriphos?

Answer: **DICTYS**

9. **Quid Anglice significat "ubi"?**

Answer: **WHEN/ WHERE**

B1: ... **"heri"**

Answer: **YESTERDAY**

B2: ... **"subito"**

Answer: **SUDDENLY**

10. What Latin phrase means "a slip of the memory?"

Answer: **LAPSUS MEMORIAE**

B1: What Latin phrase means "a slip of the tongue?"

Answer: **LAPSUS LINGUAE**

B2: What Latin phrase means "a slip of the pen?"

Answer: **LAPSUS CALAMI**

11. Listen carefully to the following passage which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the questions that follow:

**“Iuno, uxor Iovis, voluit interficere infantem Herculem. Igitur misit duos serpentes in cubiculum filiorum Alcmeneae. Heracles, qui fortis erat, serpentes cepit et interfecit. Itaque Hercules se et fratrem servavit et Iunonem fecit iratissimam.**

Question: **Quis misit serpentes?**

Answer: **IUNO**

B1: **Ubi erant Hercules et frater?**

Answer: **IN CUBICULO (FILIORUM ALCMENAE)**

B2: **Qualis erat Hercules?**

Answer: **FORTIS**

12. What is the gender of the nouns **pons**, **civis**, **athleta**, and **ager**?

Answer: **MASCULINE**

B1: What is the gender of the nouns **onus** and **opus**?

Answer: **NEUTER**

B2: What is the gender of the nouns **auriga** and **scriba**?

Answer: **MASCULINE**

13. Which of the following, if any, does not belong because of derivation: **façade**, **facet**, **forge**, **benefactor**, **affair**?

Answer: **FORGE**

B1: From what Latin noun with what meaning is **forge** derived?

Answer: **FABER – CRAFTSMAN**

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning is **legible** derived?

Answer: **LEGO, LEGERE – TO READ/ TO CHOOSE**

14. What king of Iolcus was told to “beware a man wearing one-sandal” by the Delphic Oracle?

Answer: **PELIAS**

B1: Who was this one-sandaled man?

Answer: **JASON**

B2: Jason had lost this sandal carrying Hera across what river?

Answer: **ANAURUS**

15. In which province was the emperor Trajan born?

Answer: **HISPANIA / SPAIN**

B1: Give the years of Trajan’s rule.

Answer: **98 AD TO 117 AD**

B2: What king of Dacia did Trajan fight against?

Answer: **DECEBALUS**

**2015 Florida / Georgia Certamen  
Novice Round 3**

1. What man was struck by lightning because he bragged that he had slept with Aphrodite and that she had mothered his child, Aeneas?

Answer: **ANCHISES**

B1: Who was the son of Aeneas?

Answer: **ASCANIUS/IULUS**

B2: Who was Aeneas' first wife, who he abandoned at Troy?

Answer: **CREUSA**

2. What is the meaning of the enclitic “-que?”

Answer: **AND**

B1: What is the meaning of the enclitic “-ve”

Answer: **OR**

B2: Why would someone use the enclitics “-met” or “-nam” as in “quisnam” and “tūmet?”

Answer: **TO SHOW EMPHASIS**

3. Which of the following, if any, does not derive from the same Latin root as the others:  
**enable, habit, hesitate, inhibit?**

Answer: **HESITATE**

B1: ...**capital, cadet, cabbage, cattle, capsule?**

Answer: **CAPSULE**

B2: ... **possess, recess, precede, ancestral?**

Answer: **POSSESS**

4. Give the Latin and English for the motto of Kansas.

Answer: **AD ASTRA PER ASPERA – TO THE STARS THROUGH  
DIFFICULTIES**

B1: ... for the motto of Mississippi.

Answer: **VIRTUTE ET ARMIS – BY COURAGE AND ARMS**

B2: ... for the motto of Oklahoma.

Answer: **LABOR OMNIA VINCIT – WORK CONQUERS ALL**

5. Put the following emperors in chronological order: Macrinus, Septimius Severus, Caracalla, Elagabalus.

Answer: **SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS, CARACALLA, MACRINUS, ELAGABALUS**

B1: What rival of Septimius Severus did he fight in Britain from 195 to 197 AD?

Answer: **CLODIUS ALBINUS**

B2: What other rival of Severus was killed as he tried to escape across the Euphrates?

Answer: **PESCINIUS NIGER**

6. Give the ablative plural of the phrase “**alta filia.**”

Answer: **ALTĪS FĪLIĀBUS**

- B1: Give the ablative plural of the phrase “**duae deae.**”

Answer: **DUABUS DEABUS**

- B2: Give the ablative plural of the phrase “**magnum iter.**”

Answer: **MAGNIS ITINERIBUS**

7. What Roman king took the first census, built a Temple of Diana on the Aventine hill, and constructed a wall around the city?

Answer: **SERVIUS TULLIUS**

- B1: What three hills did Servius Tullius add to Rome?

Answer: **QUIRINAL, VIMINAL, ESQUILINE**

- B2: Who saw a vision of Servius Tullius’ head on fire and interpreted it to mean that the child would one day be king?

Answer: **TANAQUIL**

8. What hero dove into the water and retrieved a ring to prove to Minos that he was the son of Poseidon?

Answer: **THESEUS**

- B1: Theseus killed the Minotaur, but what was the Minotaur’s name?

Answer: **ASTERIUS**

- B2: On what island did Theseus abandon Ariadne?

Answer: **DIA/ NAXOS**

9. In the sentence “**Lucius vult emere villam Marci?**” what is the case and use of Marci?

Answer: **GENITIVE OF POSSESSION**

- B1: What two cases can be used to show possession?

Answer: **DATIVE AND GENITIVE**

- B2: What use of the dative can be found in the following sentence: “Non credo militibus?”

Answer: **SPECIAL VERBS**

10. Give a synonym for the Latin noun “**amicus.**”

Answer: **SOCIUS**

- B1: Give a synonym for “**astrum**”

Answer: **SIDUS/ STELLA**

- B2: What is the meaning of “**spes**”?

Answer: **HOPE**



11. In what form did Zeus seduce Leda?

Answer: **A SWAN**

B1: In what form did Zeus seduce Alcmena?

Answer: **THE FORM OF HER HUSBAND, AMPHITRYON**

B2: In what form did Zeus seduce Antiope?

Answer: **A SATYR**

12. What Roman general led the siege against Carthage in the Third Punic War?

Answer: **SCIPIO AEMILIANUS**

B1: Why, according to Polybius, did Scipio weep after all the Carthaginians were sold into slavery and the land had been sown with salt?

Answer: **THOUGHT OF SUCH A FATE SOMEDAY BEFALLING ROME**

B2: What king of Numidia began this war by attacking Carthage?

Answer: **MASINISSA**

13. Complete the following analogy, **gero: gerēbam :: capiō: ?**

Answer: **CAPIĒBAM**

B1: Complete the following analogy, **appareo: apparuerat:: augeo : ?**

Answer: **AUXERAT**

B2: Complete the following analogy **duco: duxerint :: ago : ?**

Answer: **EGERINT**

14. What was the term for the authority of a pater familias over his descendants?

Answer: **PATRIA POTESTAS/ PATRIA MAIESTAS/ PATRIUM IUS/ IMPERIUM PATERNUM**

B1: What was the term for a husband's authority over his wife?

Answer: **MANUS**

B2: What was the term for a Roman citizen's authority over his property?

Answer: **DOMINICA POTESTAS**

15. Translate the following sentence into English: "**Num Publius scripsit libros?**"

Answer: **SURELY PUBLIUS DID NOT WRITE BOOKS/ PUBLIUS DIDN'T WRITE BOOKS, DID HE?**

B1: ... "**Nonne Caesar et suī milites pugnauerunt fortiter?**"

Answer: **SURELY CAESAR AND HIS SOLDIERS FOUGHT BRAVELY/ CAESAR AND HIS SOLDIERS FOUGHT BRAVELY, DIDN'T THEY?**

B2: ... "**Fecimusne magna aedificia?**"

Answer: **DID WE MAKE GREAT/ LARGE BUILDINGS?**

**2015 Florida / Georgia Certamen  
Novice Semi Final (Round 4)**

1. One of the phrases on the U.S. dollar bill is “E pluribus unum.” What is the meaning of that phrase?

Answer: **OUT OF MANY, ONE.**

B1: Give the Latin and English for another phrase found on the dollar bill.

Answer: **Either one of ANNUIT COEPTIS – HE APPROVES OF OUR UNDERTAKINGS or NOVUS ORDO SECLORUM – A NEW ORDER OF THE AGES**

B2: Give the Latin and English for yet another phrase on the dollar bill.

Answer: **SEE BONUS ABOVE**

2. Which wife of Heracles was killed by the hero in a fit of madness?

Answer: **MEGARA**

B1: What wife of Heracles killed him by giving him a robe covered in a “love potion?”

Answer: **DEIANEIRA**

B2: What goddess later married Heracles?

Answer: **HEBE**

3. For the verb **moneo** give the first person singular future active indicative.

Answer: **MONEBO**

B1: Keeping all else the same, make **monebo** third person.

Answer: **MONEBIT**

B2: Keeping all else the same, make **monebit** future perfect.

Answer: **MONUERIT**

4. What form of Roman marriage involved the fictitious sale of the wife?

Answer: **COEMPTIO**

B1: What stately form of marriage was used by patricians during the monarchy?

Answer: **CONFARREATIO**

B2: To get women to be married more, what ruler offered a wife exemption from *manus* after she had three children?

Answer: **AUGUSTUS**

5. What son of Glaucus and Eurynome tamed Pegasus and killed the Chimera?

Answer: **BELLEROPHON**

B1: What seer told Bellerophon how to tame Pegasus?

Answer: **POLYEIDUS**

B2: What item, a gift from Athena, did he use to tame Pegasus?

Answer: **A GOLDEN BRIDLE**

6. **Quid Anglice significat “animus?”**

Answer: **SOUL/SPIRIT**

B1: **Quid Anglice significat “carmen?”**

Answer: **SONG/ POEM/ VERSE**

B2: **Quid Anglice significat “annus?”**

Answer: **YEAR**

7. What king of Thebes was killed by his son?

Answer: **LAIUS**

B1: What king of Thebes was the brother of Eteocles?

Answer: **POLYNEICES**

B2: What king of Thebes was torn apart by his mother, Agave?

Answer: **PENTHEUS**

8. From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive the English words “prescient,” “scientific,” and “omniscient?”

Answer: **SCIO – TO KNOW**

B1: ... “attain” and “contagious”

Answer: **TANGO – TO TOUCH**

B2: ... “portray” and “treaty”

Answer: **TRAHO – TO DRAG**

9. What emperor had Sejanus as his Praetorian Prefect?

Answer: **TIBERIUS**

B1: To what island did Tiberius retire?

Answer: **CAPRI**

B2: What praetorian prefect supposedly smothered Tiberius, killing him?

Answer: **MACRO**

10. Translate the following sentence from Latin into English: "**Deus Apollo carrum trans caelum agebat.**"

Answer: **THE GOD APOLLO WAS DRIVING (HIS) CHARIOT ACROSS THE SKY.**

B1: ... "**Equus in agrum fere currit.**"

Answer: **THE HORSE IS RUNNING WILDLY INTO THE FIELD**

B2: Translate this sentence into English: "**Baculo dominus vulnerat servum.**"

Answer: **THE MASTER WOUNDS THE SLAVE WITH A STICK.**

11. Who was appointed dictator of Rome in 82 B.C.?

Answer: **SULLA**

B1: What man did Sulla call *aduluscentulus carnifex* because of how fervently he pursued Sulla's enemies?

Answer: **POMPEY**

B2: At what battle in 82 BC did Sulla defeat the Samnites who rose to fight him?

Answer: **COLINE GATE**

12. Listen to the following passage which I will read twice, and answer in English the questions that follow:

**“Olim Romae habitabant duo fratres clarissimi, Tiberius et Gaius Gracchus. Erant filii Semproni Gracchii et Corneliae. Scipio Nasica cum senatoribus Tiberium, qui erat sine telis, interfecerunt. Gaius, quod multas leges pro plebe scripsit, nobiles eum interficere temptaverunt, tamen Gaius iussit servum suum eum interficere. Eheu! Quam tristis esse Gracchus est.**

Question: **Who killed Tiberius Gracchus?**

Answer: **SCIPIO NASICA (AND SENATORS)**

B1: **Why did the nobles try and kill Gaius?**

Answer: **HE WROTE MANY LAWS FOR THE PLEBS/PLEBEIANS**

B2: **How did Gaius die?**

Answer: **HE ORDERED HIS SLAVE TO KILL HIM.**

13. Who heard the words **in hoc signo vinces** before the battle of the Milvian Bridge?

Answer: **CONSTANTINE**

B1: In what year was this battle?

Answer: **312 AD**

B2: What rival did Constantine defeat at this battle?

Answer: **MAXENTIUS**

14. What queen of Ethiopia claimed that her daughter was more beautiful than the Nereids, causing a sea monster to ravage the land?

Answer: **CASSIOPEIA**

B1: Who was the husband of Cassiopeia?

Answer: **CEPHEUS**

B2: What was Cassiopeia's punishment upon her death?

Answer: **SHE WAS PLACED IN THE STARS (AS A CONSTELLATION)  
(SITTING UPSIDE-DOWN IN A CHAIR)**

15. Which of the following does not belong grammatically: **arma, equus, agricola, pirata, senatus?**

Answer: **ARMA (NEUTER, NOT MASCULINE)**

B1: ... **eritis, docet, geremus, mittent, monebo?**

Answer: **DOCET (NOT FUTURE)**

B2: ... **aperio, iacio, sentio, venio, audio?**

Answer: **IACIO (NOT FOURTH CONJUGATION)**

16. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin nouns **lux** and **dux**.

Answer: **LUX – LIGHT; DUX – LEADER/GENERAL**

B1: ... between the nouns **rivus** and **ramus**.

Answer: **RIVUS – STREAM; RAMUS – BRANCH**

B2: ... between the verbs **aperio** and **appropinquo**.

Answer: **APERIO – OPEN; APPROPINQUO – APPROACH**

17. What son of Oeneus died when his mother threw a log into a fireplace?

Answer: **MELEAGER**

B1: Who was his mother?

Answer: **ALTHAEA**

B2: Meleager's mom killed him because he killed his uncles, name one of his uncles.

Answer: **TOXEUS or PLEXIPPUS**

18. Of what state is "crescit eundo" the motto?

Answer: **NEW MEXICO**

B1: Give the Latin for the motto of Oregon.

Answer: **ALIS VOLAT PROPRIIS**

B2: Give the Latin and English for the motto of the District of Columbia.

Answer: **IUSTITIA OMNIBUS – JUSTICE FOR ALL**

19. Believing Incitatus to be the reincarnation of Bucephalus, Alexander the Great's horse, what emperor made his horse a senator?

Answer: **CALIGULA**

B1: After a failed attempt to invade Britain, what did Caligula order his soldier's to do?

Answer: **COLLECT SEASHELLS**

B2: What tribune of the Praetorian Guard assassinated Caligula in 41 BC?

Answer: **CASSIUS CHAEREA**

20. Translate into Latin, "My brother was a good soldier."

Answer: **FRATER MEUS ERAT MILES Bonus.**

B1: ... "My father had been a captive of the emperor."

Answer: **PATER MEUS FUERAT CAPTIVUS IMPERATORIS.**

B2: ... "No one in the senate-house loves the citizens."

Answer: **NEMO IN CURIA AMAT CIVES.**

**2015 Florida / Georgia Certamen  
Novice Final (Round 5)**

1. What woman bragged that she had more children than Leto and then promptly watched all her children be killed by Apollo and Artemis?

Answer: **NIOBE**

B1: Into what did Niobe transform?

Answer: **A WEeping ROCK**

B2: According to some sources, two of Niobe's children, one boy and one girl, survived the massacre. Name one.

Answer: **AMYCLAS or CHLORIS/MELIBOEA**

2. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin words "aestas" and "aetas"

Answer: **AESTAS – SUMMER; AETAS – AGE**

B1: Differentiate in meaning between "colo" and "collis."

Answer: **COLO – TO CULTIVATE/ TILL; COLLIS – HILL**

B2: ... "flamen" and "flumen?"

Answer: **FLAMEN – PRIEST; FLUMEN -- RIVER**

3. What novus homo was elected consul for the first time in 107 BC and would end his political career having served seven consulships?

Answer: **MARIUS**

B1: At what battle in 105 BC did the Cimbri and Teutones kill 80,000 Romans?

Answer: **ARAUSIO**

B2: At what battle in 102 BC did Marius defeat the Teutones?

Answer: **AQUAE SEPTIMA**

4. Translate into English : "Quid retiarius in arena fecit?"

Answer: **WHAT DID THE RETIARIUS DO IN THE ARENA?**

B1: Keeping all else the same, make fecit future.

Answer: **FACIET**

B2: For facio, give the second person singular pluperfect active indicative.

Answer: **FECERAT**

5. What god told a boring story to put the ever-watchful Argus asleep before killing him?

Answer: **HERMES/ MERCURY**

B1: Hermes told the story of what two lovers to put Argus to sleep?

Answer: **PAN and SYRINX**

B2: How did Hera honor Argus after his death?

Answer: **SHE PUT HIS EYES ON THE PEACOCK'S TAIL**

6. Translate the following sentence into Latin: “**Magister ā discipulis nōn audītur.**”  
Answer: **THE TEACHER IS NOT HEARD BY THE STUDENTS**  
B1: What is the use of the ablative in that sentence?  
Answer: **AGENT**  
B2: Translate this sentence into English: “**Donum dabatur, sed id non accipiebatur.**”  
Answer: **THE GIFT WAS GIVEN BUT IT WAS NOT ACCEPTED**
7. In Ancient Rome, what was the job of a **cinerarius**?  
Answer: **HAIRDRESSER**  
B1: What was the job of a **tonsor**?  
Answer: **BARBER**  
B2: What was the job of a **mango**?  
Answer: **SLAVE-DEALER**
8. From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive the English words “ignominy,” “noun,” and “renown?”  
Answer: **NOMEN – NAME**  
B1: ... the English words “proxy” and “assure?”  
Answer: **CURA – CARE/ CONCERN**  
B2: ... the English words “maintain” and “manure?”  
Answer: **MANUS – HAND**
9. Who was the muse of dance?  
Answer: **TERPSICHORE**  
B1: Who was the muse of love poetry?  
Answer: **ERATO**  
B2: Who was the muse of tragedy?  
Answer: **MELPOMENE**
10. Which Visigoth king sacked Rome in 410 AD?  
Answer: **ALARIC**  
B1: Who was the emperor in the West when this happened?  
Answer: **HONORIUS**  
B2: What brother of Honorius was the emperor of the East in 410 AD?  
Answer: **ARCADIUS**

11. Give the English for the medical abbreviation o.s.

Answer: **LEFT EYE**

B1: What is the Latin and English for the abbreviation p.o.?

Answer: **PER OS – ORALLY/THROUGH THE MOUTH**

B2: What is the Latin and English for the abbreviation gtt.?

Answer: **GUTTAE – DROPS**

12. . Of the words **leo**, **testudo**, **bos**, and **lepus** which is being described here: “**Habitat in Africa et multa animalia consumit. Propter hoc, nominatur rex silvae ferae.**”

Answer: **LEO**

B1: ... **In fabula Aesopi de testudine leporeque, hoc animal vincit certamen.**

Answer: **TESTUDO**

B2: ... **Saepe potest inveniri emugiens in campis. Hoc animal nobis dat lactem.**

Answer: **BOS**

13. What man paid 25,000 sesterces at an auction in 193 AD to be crowned emperor?

Answer: **DIDIUS JULIANUS**

B1: How did the people of Rome greet Didius Julianus when he walked into or out of the palace?

Answer: **PELTED HIM WITH STONES**

B2: Throughout all of 193 AD how many people claimed the title of emperor?

Answer: **FIVE (PERTINAX, DIDIUS JULIANUS, SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS, CLODIUS ALBINUS, PESCINIUS NIGER)**

14. For the verb **possum**, **posse** give the third person plural present active indicative.

Answer: **POSSUNT**

B1: Keeping all else the same, make **possunt** imperfect.

Answer: **POTERANT**

B2: Keeping all else the same, make **poterant** pluperfect

Answer: **POTUERANT**

15. **Quid Anglice significat “hiems?”**

Answer: **WINTER**

B1: ... “**baculum?**”

Answer: **STICK**

B2: ... “**ignavus?**”

Answer: **COWARDLY/LAZY**



16. Zelus, Cratus, Bia, and Nike are all children of what river, the principal river of the Underworld?

Answer: **STYX**

B1: What was true about oaths sworn by the Styx?

Answer: **THEY WERE UNBREAKABLE**

B2: According to Vergil, how many times did the Styx flow around the Underworld?

Answer: **NINE**

17. Give the adverbial form of **latus**.

Answer: **LATE**

B1: ...of **celer**.

Answer: **CELERITER**

B2: ...of **magnus**.

Answer: **MAGNOPERE**

18. What job did Aeacus, Rhadamanthys, and Minos all have in the Underworld?

Answer: **JUDGES**

B1: Occasionally, which brother of Rhadamanthys and Minos was also considered a judge in the Underworld?

Answer: **SARPEDON**

B2: Over what man did Rhadamanthys, Minos, and Sarpedon fight, leading to Minos gaining sole possession of Crete?

Answer: **MILETUS/ ATYMNIUS**

19. What use of the ablative is found in the following sentence: "**Bestiarius gladio leonem pugnavit.**"

Answer: **MEANS**

B1: ..."**Iunxi carrum cum equo.**"

Answer: **ACCOMPANIEMENT**

B2: .... "**Urbs est liber periculo.**"

Answer: **SEPARATION.**

20. What Roman general invaded Britain for the first time in 55 B.C.?

Answer: **JULIUS CAESAR**

B1: What emperor made Britain a province?

Answer: **CLAUDIUS**

B2: What queen led a British revolt against Nero?

Answer: **BOUDICCA**

