

**Fall 2021 Longhorn Certamen - Advanced**  
**PRELIMINARY ROUND 1**

Moderator should say: "I will now read one test question for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of the round that follows."

- TU 0: What animal, whose "megamouth" variety was discovered in 1976, rained down upon people in a bizarre movie with a tornado and famously pledged that fish are friends, not food? SHARK(S)
- B1: What 2003 Pixar film featured that famous pledge? FINDING NEMO
- B2: What ancient relative of the great white shark from approximately 3.6 million years ago is thought to be one of the most powerful predators of all time and have their teeth preserved as the state fossil of North Carolina? MEGALODON(S)

Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.

- TU 1: Polyeidus compared the way a Cretan cow's hide changed color to the ripening of what type of fruit, whose color changed from white to purple because of the blood of Pyramus? MULBERRY / MULBERRIES
- B1: An oracle had told Minos to find the person who made the best comparison for his special cow so that person could find what son of his, who had drowned in a vat of honey? GLAUCUS
- B2: Pyramus and Thisbe died near the tomb of what Babylonian king? NINUS
- TU 2: **Quid Anglicē significat "vereor"?** (TO / I) FEAR
- B1: **Quid Anglicē significat "cōnor"?** (TO / I) TRY
- B2: **Quid Anglicē significat "fruor"?** (TO / I) ENJOY
- TU 3: Who, after insulting a tribune of the praetorian guard from the **gēns Cassia**, was assassinated during the Palatine games, resulting in the ascension of a "lame" emperor during the 1st century A.D.? CALIGULA
- B1: What governor of Germany launched a brief rebellion against Caligula, apparently hoping to crown a certain Aemilius Lepidus in the emperor's place? (CN. CORNELIUS LENTULUS) GAETULICUS
- B2: What Judaeen ruler sought to bring some honor to Caligula when he secretly had the corpse carried to the Lamian Gardens on the Esquiline Hill to be cremated? HEROD AGRIPPA
- TU 4: Give the form of the verb "**mittō**" that means "to have sent," the perfect active infinitive. MĪSISSE
- B1: Keeping all else the same, make "**misisse**" future tense, meaning "to be about to send." MISSŪRUS/A/UM ESSE
- B2: Keeping all else the same, make "**missurum esse**" passive, meaning "to be about to be sent." MISSUM ĪRĪ
- TU 5: What poem deals with the brutish origins of mankind and the causes of natural phenomena, using words like **clīnāmen** to describe atoms and invoking Venus at the start of its 6 books written by Lucretius? DE RERUM NATURA
- B1: Lucretius dedicated the **De Rerum Natura** to what man? (C.) MEMMIUS
- B2: What author was said by some to have edited the **De Rerum Natura**? (M. TULLIUS) CICERO

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

- TU 6: Using **iubeō** and an infinitive, say in idiomatic Latin: "The soldiers were ordered by the general to pitch camp." **MĪLITĒS {AB IMPERĀTŌRE // Ā DUCE} CASTRA PŌNERE {IUSSĪ SUNT / IUBĒBANTUR}**
- B1: Using **rogō** and the subjunctive, say in Latin: "The soldiers were asked to pitch camp." **MĪLITĒS {ROGĀTĪ SUNT / ROGĀBANTUR} UT CASTRA PŌNERENT**
- B2: Using **imperō**, say in Latin: "The general commanded the soldiers to set sail as quickly as possible." **{IMPERĀTOR / DUX} MĪLITIBUS IMPERĀVIT UT QUAM CELERRIMĒ NĀVEM SOLVERENT**

- TU 7: In what year were Carthaginian supplies heading for Lilybaeum intercepted and destroyed by a Roman fleet commanded by Lutatius Catulus at Aegates Islands, thus ending the First Punic War? 241 B.C. [PROMPT ON “241”]  
 B1: The Aegates Islands were located near what city, the site of a Roman defeat in 249 B.C.? DREPANA  
 B2: Between the First and Second Punic Wars, Rome defeated a coalition of Gauls at what battle in 225 B.C.? CAPE TELAMON
- TU 8: Of the words “pawn,” “peasant,” “pioneer,” and “pedestal,” which does not derive from the noun “**pēs**,” because it denotes someone who lives in a particular “**pagus**,” or rural district? PEASANT  
 B1: What English verb, a derivative of “**pēs**,” means “to charge the holder of a public office with misconduct?” IMPEACH  
 B2: What English adjective, a derivative of “**pēs**,” refers to something that is “a foot and a half long”? SESQUIPEDALIAN
- TU 9: 200 B.C., 191 B.C., and 186 B.C. were said to be the years in which some of the 21 authentic comedies of what Umbrian author debuted, featuring plots involving a pimp named Ballio and a foundling girl named Casina? (T. MACCIUS) PLAUTUS  
 B1: Name the play of Plautus which debuted in 191 B.C., featuring a titular enslaved person tricking his adversary into gambling away his money after unknowingly losing his lover. **PSEUDOLUS**  
 B2: Plautus is known for making enslaved people some of the most important parts of his plays. In what play of Plautus does the enslaved person Tranio lead people to believe that a house is haunted to hide his master’s love affair? **MOSTELLARIA**
- TU 10: The Brygi defeated what man, who came to Thesprotia after following a prophecy made by Tiresias in the underworld and defeating the 108 suitors pursuing his wife Penelope? ODYSSEUS  
 B1: What god helped the Brygi defeat Odysseus? He is more known for being sealed by an arrogant set of twins in a bronze amphora for 13 months. ARES  
 B2: After Odysseus returned to Ithaca from Thesprotia, he met his death at the hands of what son of his by Circe? TELEGONUS

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 11: Digressions on the civil wars, a plague at Noricum, and the beekeeper Aristaeus are all part of what 4-book work by Vergil, written after the publication of his *Eclogues* but before he published the *Aeneid*? GEORGICS  
 B1: Vergil, in writing the *Aeneid*, sought to praise what man, “beginning with his ancestors,” because he was said to be a descendant of the hero Aeneas? AUGUSTUS  
 B2: Vergil's *Eclogues* were inspired by what author's *Idylls*?. THEOCRITUS(S)
- TU 12: What three letter abbreviation is synonymous with the abbreviation **s.t.t.l.** as it is used to wish a deceased soul well? **R.I.P.**  
 B1: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **s.t.t.l.**  
**SIT TIBI TERRA LEVIS — MAY THE EARTH BE LIGHT UPON YOU**  
 [ACCEPT OBV. EQUIVS. FOR ENGLISH TRANSLATION]  
 B2: Give an abbreviation that indicates where someone's dead body rests. **H.I.(S.) / H.J.(S.)**
- TU 13: Scylla, Picus, Caeneus, and Daedalion all became what general kind of animal, which was the form Zeus took when he laid with Nemesis and fathered Helen? BIRD(S)  
 B1: While Tereus was turned into a hoopoe, what sort of bird was his wife Procne transformed into? NIGHTINGALE / SWALLOW  
 B2: The father of Scylla, Nisus, became what bird that hunts the ciris? SEA EAGLE // OSPREY

- TU 14: When recognized by the spotter, please perform the following command: **Pōne ambās manūs in capite et dīc Anglicē, “Nesciēbam quis essēs.”** PLAYER SHOULD PUT THEIR HANDS ON THEIR HEAD AND SAY “I DIDN’T KNOW WHO YOU WERE.”
- B1: Please perform the following command: **Omnēs tollite manūs et vehementer clāmāte, “vir diēi est dēfēnsor sōlis!”** ALL PLAYERS SHOULD RAISE THEIR HANDS AND LOUDLY SHOUT “THE {MAN OF DAY / DAY-MAN} IS THE {DEFENDER / CHAMPION} OF THE SUN!”
- B2: Please perform the following command, keeping in mind that the idiom **pretium solvere** means “to pay a toll:” **Omnēs colla inclīnāte et sollemniter dīcite, “pretium virō noctis solvendum est.”** ALL PLAYERS SHOULD BOW THEIR HEADS AND SOLEMNLY SAY, “THE {MAN OF NIGHT / NIGHT-MAN} MUST PAY THE TOLL.”  
[ALSO ACCEPT “A TOLL MUST BE PAID TO THE MAN...” OR “WE MUST ... TO THE MAN...”]
- TU 15: What enemy of Rome used molten gold to kill Manius Aquilius, then fought a series of three wars against commanders including Sulla, Lucullus, and Pompey? MITHRIDATES VI (OF PONTUS)
- B1: What lieutenant of Mithridates was twice defeated by Sulla in 86 B.C.? ARCHELAUS
- B2: Manius Aquilius had previously ended the second war of what sort, whose enemy commanders were Salvius and Athenion in this case, but had been Eunus and Cleon in the previous war? SERVILE WAR

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 16: What woman was described as “she who was loved as no other will ever be loved,” was asked to give “1000 kisses, then 100, then 1000 more,” and mourned her pet sparrow, according to several poems of Catullus? LESBIA / CLODIA
- B1: Give the famous opening three words to Catullus 85, which powerfully and simply describe his conflicted state of mind over Lesbia. ODĪ ET AMŌ
- B2: Lesbia, or Clodia, was scathingly attacked in what speech of Cicero? PRO CAELIO
- TU 17: Translate into English this sentence, adapted from Olivia Rodrigo, which contains two infinitives: **“Dīxistī tē orbem terrārum mihi dare velle.”** YOU SAID (THAT) YOU WANTED TO GIVE ME THE WORLD  
(ACCEPT LITERAL TRANSLATIONS LIKE “THE CIRCLE/ORB OF THE LANDS)
- B1: Translate into English this sentence, adapted from Olivia Rodrigo: **“Ambulābisne mēcum ad ianuam an mittēs mē lacrimantem domum?”** WILL YOU WALK (WITH) ME TO THE (FRONT) DOOR OR (WILL YOU) {SEND ME HOME CRYING // ME, CRYING, HOME}
- B2: Translate into English this sentence, adapted from Taylor Swift, in which the narrator laments a mistake they’ve made: **“Res pessima quam umquam fēcī erat id quod tibi fēcī.”** THE WORST (THING) (THAT / WHICH) I EVER {DID / MADE} WAS {THAT WHICH // WHAT} I {DID / MADE} {TO / FOR} YOU
- TU 18: What king was identified by the emperor Claudius with an Etruscan hero named Mastarna, though his normal name references his upbringing by Ocrisia as a slave? SERVIUS TULLIUS
- B1: According to Livy, what woman was responsible for Servius Tullius being brought up and educated well? TANAQUIL
- B2: On what thoroughfare in Rome was Servius Tullius run over by a chariot by his own daughter? Note that its name begins not with **via**, as Ketan’s guide claims, but with **vīcus**. VĪCUS SCELERĀTUS
- TU 19: In what sort of competition did Entellus defeat Dares, a disguised Odysseus defeat a beggar named Irus, and Pollux defeat a Bebrycian king named Amycus? BOXING
- B1: What leader of Penelope’s suitors mistreated the disguised Odysseus, going as far as to throw a stool at him? ANTINOUS

B2:      Soon after Amycus' defeat, the Argonauts suffered a loss of their own when what seer of theirs was killed by a boar?  
IDMON

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

TU 20: What modern day country contains the cities of Leptis Magna, Oea, and Cyrene? LIBYA

B1:      What modern day country contains the ancient cities of Hadrumentum, Thapsus, and Carthage? TUNISIA

B2:      What modern day country contains the cities of Cirta, Hippo Regius, and Madauros? ALGERIA

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

**Fall 2021 Longhorn Certamen - Advanced**  
**PRELIMINARY ROUND 2**

Moderator should say: "I will now read one test question for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of the round that follows."

- TU 0: People "stopping in the box," "not signaling," and "not checking mirrors" are classic blunders in the qualification test for what object, which Filipino-American artist Olivia Rodrigo got last week? DRIVER'S LICENSE
- B1: What is that 2021 hit album of Olivia Rodrigo that features the hit track *Driver's License*? SOUR
- B2: What sour candy originally created by Frank Galatolie was originally known as "Mars Men"? SOUR PATCH KIDS

Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.

- TU 1: What longtime general helped end the Perusine War, won at Naulochus against Sextus Pompey, and commanded at the Battle of Actium for Augustus? (M. VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA
- B1: After her previous husband, Marcellus, died, who married Agrippa on Augustus's orders? JULIA (THE ELDER)
- B2: What region did Agrippa pacify by defeating the Cantabrians and Asturians through the brutal expedients of massacre and enslavement? SPAIN / HISPANIA

- TU 2: *Note to players: there will be a clue after the sentence.* Translate the subordinate clause of this sentence into English: "**Mārcus ad forum venit ut togās vēndat.**" The subordinate clause, "**ut togās vēndat,**" is a purpose clause that expresses the reason why Marcus comes to the forum.  
(IN ORDER) TO SELL TOGAS // SO THAT HE SELLS TOGAS
- B1: The purpose clause can also be rendered into Latin using the accusative supine as "**togās vēnditum.**" What condition does the main verb of a sentence have to fulfill for an accusative supine to be allowed?  
MUST BE A VERB OF MOTION [ACCEPT EQUIVS.]
- B2: Translate into English: "**Iūlia epistulās fert nē eās āmittat.**"  
JULIA CARRIES (HER) LETTERS {SO THAT SHE DOES NOT // (IN ORDER) TO NOT} LOSE THEM

- TU 3: Briseis wrote to Achilles, Phaedra wrote to Hippolytus, and Deianira wrote to Hercules in what 21-poem work of Ovid?  
**HEROIDES**
- B1: What meter did Ovid use to compose his *Amores* and *Heroides*? ELEGIAC COUPLET(S)
- B2: What reason did Ovid jokingly give for using elegiac couplets in the *Amores* instead of the epic hexameters?  
CUPID STOLE A METRICAL FOOT FROM HIM

- TU 4: What state, whose flagship institution has the motto "**mens agitat molem,**" has as its own Latin motto, "**alis volat propriis**"? OREGON
- B1: What state, whose flagship institution has the motto "**lux et lex,**" has as its own Latin motto, "**serit ut alteri saeclo prosit**"? NORTH DAKOTA
- B2: What state, whose flagship institution has the motto "**disciplina praesidium civitatis,**" has as its own incredibly boring English motto, "friendship"? TEXAS

- TU 5: Ilioneus is the first Trojan to address what ruler, who later asks Anna to build a pyre on which she can kill herself because Aeneas abandoned her? DIDO
- B1: Aeneas first addresses Dido after he emerges from a cloud alongside what faithful companion of his? ACHATES
- B2: What nurse of Sychaeus unwittingly helps Anna build Dido's funeral pyre? BARCE

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 6: Give the genitive singular for the phrase **atrōx bōs**. ATRŌCIS BŌVIS

B1: Make **atrōcis bovis** plural.

B2: Change **atrōcium boum** to the ablative.

**ATROCIVM BŌ(V)VM**  
**ATROCIBVS {BŌBVS / BŪBVS}**

TU 7: What god threatened to make his brother the ruler of all the other babies in Tartarus because he had stolen his cattle?

APOLLO

B1: Apollo followed Hermes back to the cave of what Titaness, who had given birth to Hermes that same day?

MAIA

B2: What shepherd did Hermes turn into a flint-stone for snitching on him?

BATTVS

TU 8: Phrases like “**ut nēmō**” or “**ut nōn**,” as opposed to uses of “**nē**,” indicate what type of subjunctive clause, which often follows words like **adeō**, **tantus**, or **tam**? (ADVERBIAL) {RESULT / CONSECUTIVE} (CLAUSE)

B1: What term, sometimes synonymous with “noun,” designates both a subtype of result clause that follows words like **accidit** and a way of using an adjective? SUBSTANTIVE

B2: What type of subordinate clause often replaces an **ut** purpose clause after verbs of sending or leaving behind?

RELATIVE CLAUSE OF PURPOSE

TU 9: Give the full name of the author who, in the prologue of his *Andria*, disputed a charge of **contāminātiō**.

PUBLIVS TERENTIVS AFER

B1: Which play of Terence features a woman named Philumena and her mother-in-law, Sostrata?

**HECYRA**

B2: Which play of Terence features a self-tormenting man named Menedemus?

**HEAVTON TIMOROVENOS**

TU 10: What **cognōmen** was given to a man who defeated a gigantic Gaul with the help of a bird, and can also refer to a device used to hook onto enemy ships and begin land combat, which the Romans invented in the First Punic War? **CORVVS**

B1: Marcus Valerius Corvus led the Romans in what early war, where Rome came to the aid of Capua and the Sidicini? The battles in this war are generally believed to be fictitious. FIRST SAMNITE WAR

B2: The corvus naval device was first used at what battle won by Gaius Duilius?

MYLAE

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

TU 11: What woman would light a lamp on top of a tower at night, until one night when a storm extinguished the lamp, causing her lover, Leander, to drown? HERO

B1: Leander drowned in what body of water? It was named after a sister of Phrixus who fell off the back of a flying ram.

HELLESPONT

B2: What other body of water’s name is equivalent to the name “Oxford,” and was named to commemorate a woman whose descendants included Cadmus, Perseus, and Heracles? BOSPORVS

TU 12: Please complete the following analogy. **socius** : **hostis** :: **aestās** : [blank].

**HIEMS**

B1: Please complete the following analogy. **mūrus** : **moenia** :: **lēx** : [blank].

**IVS**

B2: Please complete the following analogy. **pāx** : **bellum** :: **lentus** : [blank].

**CELER**

TU 13: Despite protection by the Edict of Toleration, what group continued to be persecuted by emperors like Maximinus Daia, prompting Constantine to publish the Edict of Milan to guarantee their religious freedom? CHRISTIVNS

B1: What ecumenical council did Constantine call to restore unity to the church and resolve the Arian heresy? NICAEA

B2: What later emperor banned all pagan worship, thus making Christianity the official religion of the Roman empire?

THEODOSIVS (I / THE GREAT)

TU 14: What Latin verb lies at the root of the French participle *née*, as well as the words “naïve,” “renaissance,” and “native?”

**NĀSCOR** (MEANING “TO BE BORN”)

- B1: What Latin verb, with what meaning, lies at the ultimate root of “reconnaissance?”  
**NŌSCŌ / NŌSCERE** = (TO / I) {(COME TO) KNOW // RECOGNIZE / LEARN}
- B2: What Latin verb, with what meaning, lies at the ultimate root of “annex?”  
**NECTŌ / NECTERE** = (TO / I) {BIND / TIE}

TU 15: This esteemed teacher of language arts  
 Split up his meters into six parts  
 'Twas a brand new technique.  
 He spoke Latin, Oscan, Greek!  
 Who was he, the man with three hearts?

(Q.) ENNIUS

B1: He was brought to Rome by another.  
 From Sardinia did they leave together.  
 He wrote histories, prose,  
 The Greeks he would often oppose.  
 Who was this man, Ennius's bringer?

(M. PORCIUS) CATO THE ELDER

B2: He also had a talented nephew.  
 Both painting and tragedy writing he knew!  
 “The Greatest Latin Tragedian”  
 Was a big reputation.  
 What was his name I now ask you?

(M.) PACUVIUS

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 16: What objects, which the Romans would throw three at a time from a **fritillus** and call “**tesserae**,” were marked with dots ranging from one to six on their six sides? **DICE** [ACCEPT “**TESSERAE**” BEFORE “**TESSERAE**”]  
 B1: Give the Latin term for the knucklebones that could also be cast from a **fritillus**. **TALI**  
 B2: Give the names of the lowest and highest throws in knucklebones. **VULTURE** and **VENUS** (RESPECTIVELY)
- TU 17: Gaius Sulpicius Gallus predicted a lunar eclipse on the eve of what battle, which decisively demonstrated the superiority of the maniples to the phalanx as Lucius Aemilius Paullus defeated the Macedonian army and captured its king, Perseus?  
**PYDNA**  
 B1: What king of Pergamum had partially instigated the Romans to start the Third Macedonian War, but fell out of favor with them due to rumors of his collusion with Perseus? **EUMENES (II)**  
 B2: What probable son of a cloth-maker pretended to be the son of Perseus and led a short-lived Fourth Macedonian War against Rome in 149 BC? **ANDRISCUS** [PROMPT ON “PSEUDO-PHILIP”]

- TU 18: Note to players: there will be an extra clue. Say in Latin, using a passive periphrastic: “I must destroy Carthage.” To do so, you need to rephrase as “Carthage must be destroyed by me.” **CARTHĀGŌ MIHI DĒLENDĀ EST**  
 B1: Now say in Latin, using a passive periphrastic: “Caesar must send you to Rome.”  
**CAESARĪ (TŪ) RŌMAM {MITTENDUS / MITTENDA} ES** [DO NOT ACCEPT “**AD RŌMAM**”]  
 B2: Now say in Latin, using a passive periphrastic: “Soon we will have to run for five hours.”  
**MOX NŌBĪS QUĪNQUE HŌRĀS CURRENDUM ERIT**

\*\*Note to the moderator: read the next question in your best sports announcer voice please

TU 19: It's time for.....Latin literature math!! You may write out your work, but please do not use a calculator. Take the number of books in Vergil's *Aeneid*, subtract the number of books Caesar wrote in the *De Bello Gallico*, then add the number of orations given against Catiline. What is the answer?

9

B1: Take the number of books in Horace's *Odes* and add the number of plays written by Terence, then divide by the number of monographs by Sallust. What is the answer?

5

B2: Take the number of the "Messianic" Eclogue and raise it to the power of the number of books in Caesar's *De Bello Civili*. What is the answer?

64

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

TU 20: What name is shared between the youngest daughter of Erechtheus who mothered Ion, and a woman who died in the fires consuming Troy when she was left behind by her husband Aeneas? CREUSA

B1: What name is shared between the son of Poseidon who volunteered to steer the Argo after the death of Tiphys, and a king of Orchomenus who fathered Trophonius and Agamedes after his deposition by Heracles? ERGINUS

B2: What name is shared between a bastard son of Oileus who commanded Philoctetes's forces, and the herald of Odysseus whose life was spared after he begged at his master's feet? MEDON

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***



**Fall 2021 Longhorn Certamen - Advanced**  
**PRELIMINARY ROUND 3**

Moderator should say: “I will now read one test question for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of the round that follows.”

- TU 0: What adjective has various meanings including describing something that is inherently fundamental and simple, someone who is “unoriginal and mainstream,” and a substance with a pH higher than 7? BASIC
- B1: What somewhat basic liquid, also known as albumen, is used in the creation of meringues and mousse? EGG WHITE(S)
- B2: Apparently there is a band known as The Egg who released the album *Albumen*, whose 10th track is named after what crime whose focus includes smartphones, gift cards, cosmetics, jewelry, and clothing? SHOPLIFTING

Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.

- TU 1: What are the meanings of the Latin noun and adjective that lie at the root of “carnival” — “**carō**” and “**levis**”?  
{FLESH / MEAT} [**CARŌ**] and LIGHT [**LEVIS**]
- B1: What are the meanings of the two Latin nouns that lie at the root of “maneuver” and “manure”?  
HAND [**MANUS**] and {WORK / TOIL / LABOR} [**OPUS**]
- B2: What are the meanings of the two Latin nouns that lie at the root of “rosemary”?  
DEW [**RŌS**] and {SEA / OCEAN} [**MARE**]
- TU 2: Pegasus, Arion, Xanthus, and Balius were all what type of animal, which constituted the bottom half of the body of Cheiron? HORSE(S)
- B1: On what mountain, the home of the Muses, was there a spring called the Hippocrene, which Pegasus created with a stamp of his hoof? MT. HELICON
- B2: What husband of Eurynome and king of Corinth was devoured by his own horses? GLAUCUS
- TU 3: What is the modern name of Arausio? ORANGE
- B1: What is the modern name of Aquae Sextiae? AIX-EN-PROVENCE
- B2: What is the modern name of Nemausus? NÎMES
- TU 4: Used as a school text, what work in Saturnian meter began with an invocation to Camena before describing the travels of Odysseus, which was translated from Greek to Latin by its author, Livius Andronicus? **ODUSIA**
- B1: Livius Salinator brought Andronicus to Rome as an enslaved person to work what job? Give the Latin term.  
**GRAMMATICUS**
- B2: What type of work did Andronicus compose to perform in honor of Juno in 207 BC? PARTHENEION
- TU 5: What man first established the right of **prōvocātiō**, moved his house from the Velian hill, was given a nickname meaning “friend of the people,” and served as one of the consuls of 509 B.C.? (PUBLIUS) VALERIUS PUBLICOLA
- B1: Whom did Publicola replace as consul? (L. TARQUINIUS) COLLATINUS
- B2: Name either of the two men who served as Publicola’s co-consuls following the death of Brutus.  
(SP.) LUCRETIVS (TRICIPITINUS) // (M.) HORATIUS (PULVILLUS)

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

- TU 6: The adjective **frētus**, the phrase **opus est**, and the verbs **vescor** and **potior** all take what case? ABLATIVE
- B1: What use of the ablative can be found in the sentence “**quaerunt quid optimum factū sit**”?  
RESPECT / SPECIFICATION
- B2: What use of the ablative is used with the words **modō**, **pactō**, **silentiō**, and **ritū**? MANNER

- TU 7: What emperor harshly punished failed plotters such as Maternus and Paternus, as well as a more famous plot led by his sister Lucilla, before ultimately succumbing to a plot led by Narcissus and Laetus in 192 AD?  
COMMODUS
- B1: What did Commodus rename Rome in one of his acts of megalomania? COLŌNIA COMMODIĀNA
- B2: Commodus's death, so unexpected at the time, revealed the sorry truth that he had been betrayed by those closest to him, including what mistress of his? MARCIA
- TU 8: Who recruited a group of buddies to go fight the Amazons, tricked Atlas into retaking the burden of the sky, and killed a lion with impervious skin in Nemea? HERACLES / HERCULES
- B1: Many of the creatures Heracles brought back to Tiryns caused what king to hide in a bronze jar out of fright? EURYSTHEUS
- B2: Who was Eurystheus's herald, whom he would send out to greet Heracles and whatever terrifying creature the hero had brought back? COPREUS
- TU 9: Say in good Latin: "If I find you, I will be happy."  
SĪ TĒ {INVENIAM / INVĒNERŌ / REPERIAM / REPPERERŌ},  
{LAETĀBOR // GAUDĒBŌ // LAETUS/-A ERŌ} [ACCEPT OTHER WORDS FOR "HAPPY"]
- B1: Say in good Latin: "If he were to find you, he would be happy." Note that the first part is equivalent to "If he should find you" and thus forms a future less vivid conditional.  
SĪ TĒ {INVENIAT / REPERIAT}, {LAETĒTUR // GAUDEAT // LAETUS SIT}
- B2: Say in good Latin: "If anyone had found you, he would have been happy."  
SĪ QUIS TĒ INVĒNISSET, {LAETĀTUS ESSET // GAVĪSUS ESSET // LAETUS FUISSET}
- TU 10: What poet fought at Philippi with Brutus's army, where he threw down his shield in the tradition of Archilochus and Alcaeus, poets he took inspiration from in his *Epodes* and *Odes*? (Q.) HORATIUS (FLACCUS) // HORACE
- B1: What teacher did Horace call **plagosus** for his abusive behavior at his school in Rome? ORBILIUS
- B2: In what city did Horace study under Cratippus of Pergamum and Theomnestos? ATHENS
- \*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***
- TU 11: What emperor, who created a fund for poor women which he named in honor of his dead wife Faustina, held a famously uneventful reign from 138 to 161 A.D. and passed the throne to Marcus Aurelius? ANTONINUS PIUS
- B1: What governor of Britain oversaw the initial construction of the Antonine Wall? (Q.) LOLLIVS URBICVS
- B2: Antoninus's wall was overrun and abandoned during the reign of what emperor, despite the efforts of the governor Ulpius Marcellus? COMMODVS
- TU 12: To what declension do the names **Anchīsēs** and **Aenēās**, as well as various masculine nouns meaning "inhabitant," "charioteer," and "poet," belong? FIRST / 1ST
- B1: Give all three of the masculine nouns mentioned in the toss-up. INCOLA, AURĪGA, POĒTA
- B2: What is the classical accusative singular of **Anchīsēs**, which follows a Greek ending? ANCHĪSĒN
- TU 13: What author included the figures Naevolus, Virro, and Umbricius along with rants against human desires, homosexuality, and women in his 16 Satires? (DECIMVS IVNIVS) IUVENAL(IS)
- B1: What emperor banished Juvenal from Rome, though Juvenal returned after the emperor's death in 96 AD? DOMITIAN
- B2: In Satire 15, what act in Egypt, motivated by religious fanaticism, does Juvenal describe? CANNIBALISM
- TU 14: Please give the comparative and superlative forms of **gracilis**. GRACILIOR & GRACILLIMVS (RESPECTIVELY)

B1: Please give the comparative and superlative forms of **idōneus**.

**MAGIS IDŌNEUS & MAXIMĒ IDŌNEUS** (RESPECTIVELY)

B2: Please give the comparative and superlative forms of **senex**.

**SENIOR & NĀTŪ MAXIMUS** (RESPECTIVELY)

TU 15: A weeping rock on Mt. Sipylus used to be what Theban queen, whose children were murdered because she demanded that the Thebans worship her over Latona? **NIOBE**

B1: Give any one of the reasons why Niobe claims she should be worshipped over Latona.

**NIOBE HAS MORE CHILDREN (14 v 2) // HER FATHER (TANTALUS) IS BETTER THAN LATONA'S FATHER (COEUS) // HER NOBLE BLOODLINE**

B2: In book 6 of Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, Niobe interrupts what daughter of Teiresias's efforts to get the Thebans to worship Latona? **MANTO**

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

TU 16: What emperor died on a trip to Carrhae after crimes including the murder of his brother in the arms of his mother Julia Domna, and was succeeded by Macrinus? **CARACALLA**

B1: What sister of Julia Domna was the grandmother of both Elagabalus and Severus Alexander? **JULIA MAESA**

B2: What Praetorian Prefect, a famed jurist and author, would Caracalla execute for daring to criticize him following Geta's murder? **PAPINIAN**

TU 17: What emperor is alleged to have said "**acta est fabula**" before he died, and "**festina lente**" as the way in which he established the Roman empire? **AUGUSTUS**

B1: What country's motto could be used to describe the vast expanse the Roman empire obtained under Trajan, and literally means "from sea to sea?" **CANADA**

B2: What phrase did Augustus jokingly use to mean "never," since it refers to a nonexistent date? **AD KALENDĀS GRAECĀS**

TU 18: The chariots of Triptolemus and Medea were drawn by what type of creatures, one of which Cadmus killed before founding Thebes? **DRAGONS / SNAKES / SERPENTS**

B1: Who gave Triptolemus his chariot, which he used to travel the earth spreading the gift of agriculture? **DEMETER / CERES**

B2: Triptolemus was the son of what queen of Eleusis? Demeter tried to make her other son immortal by dipping him in a fire, but she understandably freaked out and stopped the process. **METANEIRA**

TU 19: Translate into English: "**Memoriam amicitiae in cordibus nostrīs teneāmus.**"  
{LET US // WE SHOULD} {HOLD / KEEP} THE MEMORY OF (OUR) FRIENDSHIP IN OUR HEARTS

B1: Translate into English: "**Utinam milites mentēs hostium celerius cognōvissent.**"  
{IF ONLY // WOULD THAT} THE SOLDIERS HAD {UNDERSTOOD / PERCEIVED}  
THE {PLANS / MINDS} OF THE {ENEMY / ENEMIES} {MORE QUICKLY // QUICKER}

B2: Translate into English: "**Forsitan nostrum fidem vērītātē cōfirmārēs.**"  
PERHAPS YOU {{MIGHT / WOULD / COULD} HAVE {STRENGTHENED / ESTABLISHED} //  
WERE {STRENGTHENING / ESTABLISHING}} OUR TRUST WITH THE TRUTH

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

TU 20: What historical work names Quintus Caedicius and Hannibal's elephant, Surus, but avoids giving the names of commanders, showing its author Cato the Elder's distaste for individualism? **ORIGINES**

- B1: Though his *Origines* was the first Latin prose history, what other work of Cato the Elder is the first fully extant Latin prose work? *DE AGRI CULTURA // DE RE RUSTICA*
- B2: To whom did Cato dedicate the *Origines* as well as a dictionary of various subjects, which included sayings like “**rem tene, verba sequentur**”? (HIS) SON

**\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***

## Fall 2021 Longhorn Certamen - Advanced FINALS

Moderator should say: “I will now read one test question for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of the round that follows.”

- TU 0: The inventor of dynamite gives his name to what general prize, which was recently awarded to Giorgio Parisi for his accurate modeling of climate change and two journalists for defending the freedom of expression in its “peace” category?  
NOBEL PRIZE
- B1: Give both of the oppressive leaders that lead the countries in which Maria Ressa and Dmitry Andreychuk report.  
(RODRIGO) DUTERTE & (VLADIMIR) PUTIN
- B2: What digital media company released a piece on how Putin learned that Putin was behind an assassination plot to kill Putin?  
THE ONION

Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.

- TU 1: Though it glorifies the bravery of Scaeva and the march through the Libyan desert led by Cato, what epic is known for a pessimistic, “anti-Aeneid” style in narrating the war between Caesar and Pompey?  
(LUCAN’S) *PHARSÁLIA* // *BELLUM CÍVILE*
- B1: What later epic poem also evokes the horror of civil war, though its subject is a mythological story of a war between brothers?  
(STATIUS’S) *THEBAID*
- B2: Lucan’s poem is unique for not having any divine intervention, but that does not mean there are no supernatural elements. What witch performs a gory necromancy in Book 6 of his poem?  
ERICHTHO [ACCEPT “ERICHTON,” BUT MENTION THAT THAT IS A TYPO IN CONTE]
- TU 2: Say in good Latin: “I do not doubt that they are wiser than I.”  
**NŌN DUBITŌ QUĪN (ILLĪ) {MĒ SAPIENTIŌRES // SAPIENTIŌRES QUAM EGŌ} SINT**
- B1: What is the meaning of **dubitō** when it takes a complementary infinitive?  
(TO / I) HESITATE / DELAY
- B2: Now give two ways to say the following sentence, using a different conjunction each time: “I will prevent you from going.”  
**{TĒ IMPEDIAM // TIBI OBSTĀBŌ} NĒ EĀS and {TĒ IMPEDIAM // TIBI OBSTĀBŌ} QUŌMINUS EĀS** [DO NOT ACCEPT ANYTHING WITH “QUĪN”]
- TU 3: What group is described in the following sentences? The tax-farmers known as the **Pūblicānī** would come from this group. A **novus homō** would generally have been born into this group. They were the socio-economic class second in wealth behind the senators in Rome.  
KNIGHTS // **EQUITĒS** // EQUESTRIANS // **ŌRDŌ EQUESTER**
- B1: After the reforms of Gaius Gracchus, the equestrian class controlled the **Quaestiō dē Rēbus Repetundīs**. What sort of crimes did this body investigate?  
EXTORTION
- B2: In 89 B.C., a mob of equestrians lynched a praetor named Sempronius Asellio for trying to restore what law of 342 B.C. which banned usury?  
**LĒX GENŪCIA**
- TU 4: What Latin noun, derived from the Latin verb for “to gnaw” and a suffix denoting a tool, can refer to a bird’s beak, the end of a ship’s prow, or the speaker’s platform in the Forum?  
**RŌSTRUM / RŌSTRA**
- B1: From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive “pub?”  
**POPULUS, PEOPLE**
- B2: From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive “distillery?”  
**STILLA, DROP**
- TU 5: Who, described by Vergil as having a sheared nose and missing ears in the Underworld, disappeared in book 23 of the *Iliad* when Hector asked for a second spear to throw at Achilles?  
DEIPHOBUS
- B1: What half-brother of Hector foolishly agreed to be his charioteer before being slain by Patroclus?  
CEBRIONES
- B2: What other half-brother of Hector was captured by Achilles twice, once while cutting figs and another time near the Scamander River?  
LYCAON

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 6: What meaning is shared by the words “**obitus**,” “**lētum**,” and “**funus**?” DEATH  
B1: What meaning is shared by the words “**armentum**” and “**grex**?” HERD  
B2: What meaning is shared by the words “**frustum**,” “**offa**,” and “**mica**?” MORSEL / CRUMB / PIECE
- TU 7: What man forced Decimus Laberius to act in one of his own mimes, gave Sallust command over Africa Nova, and wrote lost works including *Iter*, *Dē Analogiā*, and *Oedipus*? (C. JULIUS) CAESAR  
B1: Who was Decimus Laberius’s rival in the art of mime-writing during the age of Caesar? PUBLILIUS SYRUS  
B2: Among Sallust’s spurious works are two epistles addressed to Caesar and an invective against what other statesman? (M. TULLIUS) CICERO
- TU 8: What emperor, whose death was blamed on the praetorian prefect Aper by his successor, took over command in the East after the lightning-induced death of his father Carus? NUMERIAN  
B1: At what battle did Diocletian, Numerian’s successor, defeat Numerian’s brother Carinus? (BATTLE OF) MARGUS RIVER  
B2: Diocletian chose what city on the coast of Anatolia as his main capital? NICOMEDIA
- TU 9: Listen to the following three lines from Catullus, which I will read as prose, and identify the first use of the ablative case in them: **Ni te plus oculis meis amarem, / iucundissime Calve, munere isto / odissem te odio Vatiniano.**  
COMPARISON [“more than my own eyes”]  
B1: In these same lines, what is the 2nd use of the ablative case? CAUSE [“for that gift,” PROMPT ON MEANS OR SOURCE]  
B2: In these same lines, what is the 3rd use of the ablative case? MEANS / MANNER [“with the hatred of Vatinus”]
- TU 10: What Thracian princess never saw her Athenian lover Demophoon again until he returned to find her as a leafless almond tree? PHYLLIS  
B1: In other versions of Phyllis’s story, who was her Athenian lover? ACAMAS  
B2: In one version, Phyllis gave Demophoon a casket containing objects sacred to which deity? GREAT MOTHER // RHEA // CYBELE

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 11: What genre, whose first major author was forced to commit suicide while serving as prefect of Egypt, includes a work about Nemesis and Delia and another work dedicated to Cynthia by Propertius? (LOVE) ELEGY [PROMPT ON “LOVE POETRY”]  
B1: Who was that prefect of Egypt? CORNELIUS GALLUS  
B2: Transmitted among the elegies of Tibullus are several elegies addressed to Cerinthus by what woman, one of the few female Latin authors from the classical period? SULPICIA
- TU 12: Translate the following “small” sentence from Latin to English, knowing that there will be an additional clue after the sentence: “**Puella misella aureolum libellum homunculi cavillātur.**” Keep in mind that the deponent verb “**cavillor**” can mean “make fun of.”  
THE (RATHER) {SAD / WRETCHED / POOR / MISERABLE} (LITTLE) GIRL {MOCKS // MAKES FUN OF} THE {DWARF’S // LITTLE MAN’S} GOLDEN LITTLE BOOK  
[ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

- B1: Now translate this “small” sentence from Cicero’s *Letters to Atticus* into English, knowing that “**sponsor**” means “guarantor”: “**Tulliola, dēliciolae nostrae, tuum mūnuscūlū flāgitat et mē ut spōnsōrem appellat.**”  
{(LITTLE) TULLIA // TULLIOLA}, OUR LITTLE {DELIGHT / PET} DEMANDS  
YOUR LITTLE GIFT AND NAMES ME AS GUARANTOR [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]
- B2: Now produce your own grammatical Latin sentence that contains at least five diminutives not found in previous sentences. For reference, those are: **puella, misellus, aureolus, libellus, homunculus, cavillor, Tulliola, dēliciolae, mūnuscūlū**. You have 60 seconds. [YOU MUST EVALUATE THEIR ANSWER AS APPROPRIATE]
- TU 13: What man’s death led to the establishment of Hermes’s cult in Attica, because penance was required when he was treacherously thrown into the sea despite substituting wax linchpins for those in the wheels of Oenomaüs’ chariot?  
MYRTILUS
- B1: Give the Latin for the constellation Hermes immortalized Myrtilus as. AURIGA
- B2: What games at Olympia did Hippodameia institute to celebrate her marriage to Pelops? HERAEAN (GAMES)
- TU 14: Forms of what word fill in the blank for all the following quotes? [blank] **mutantur et nos mutamur in illis**, [blank] **edax rerum**, and [blank] **ars medicina fere est**, where it is described as the best medicine. TEMPUS
- B1: What four-word Horatian quotation laments the fact that time flies? EHEU FUGACES LABUNTUR ANNI
- B2: What three-word Horatian quotation describes one who always looks back on the good old days?  
LAUDATOR TEMPORIS ACTI
- TU 15: What man, who was at one point replaced with Boniface by Galla Placidia, spent his youth as a hostage of the Huns and initially had their support, but later turned and defeated them in 451 A.D. at the Catalaunian Plains? AETIUS
- B1: Galla Placidia had been abducted by Alaric in 410 A.D. and had borne a son to what Gothic king, the successor and brother-in-law of Alaric? ATHAULF
- B2: What man, instrumental in the death of Aetius, also organized the death of Valentinian III and succeeded him as emperor in the west, only for him to die shortly before the sacking of the imperial city? PETRONIUS MAXIMUS
- \*\*\*Score Check\*\*\***
- TU 16: What Latin form is combined with **eō** in a correlative pair that means “the more ... the more” and replaces **ut** when a purpose clause contains a comparative adjective or adverb? QUŌ
- B1: What other Latin correlative pair means “the more ... the more”? TANTŌ ... QUANTŌ
- B2: Now translate this sentence from the prologue to Plautus’s *Menaechmi*, in which he lambasts other playwrights for their settings, from Latin to English. Know that the verb **autumō** means “pretend”: “**omnēs rēs gestās esse Athēnīs autumant, quō illud vōbīs graecum videātur magis.**”  
THEY PRETEND THAT ALL THE THINGS HAPPENED AT ATHENS,  
SO THAT IT SEEMS MORE GREEK TO YOU (ALL) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]
- TU 17: The death of 50,000 spectators at a sunken-in amphitheater in Fidenae, the conspiracy of Libo Drusus, and the revolt of the Numidian chieftain Tacfarinas all occurred during the reign of what Julio-Claudian emperor? TIBERIUS
- B1: What commander, a distant descendant and namesake of the victor at Lake Vadimo in 283 B.C., finally finished off Tacfarinas and his revolt in 24 A.D.? (P. CORNELIUS) DOLABELLA
- B2: What commander, an uncle of Sejanus — though Cary and Scullard mistakenly attributes that to Dolabella — had almost succeeded in finishing off Tacfarinas but was recalled before the final victory? (Q.) IUNIUS BLAESUS
- TU 18: Which of the following, if any, is not a type of atrium? **Tuscanicum, tetrastylon, reticulatum, testudinatum, Corinthium.** RETICULATUM

- B1: Which type of atrium from the list in the tossup was notable for having a closed roof and no **impluvium** or **TESTUDINATUM**  
**compluvium**?
- B2: What other type of atrium had its roof slope outward to the outer walls and saw the water carried off by the gutters on the outside? **DISPLUVIATUM**
- TU 19: Though Aulus Gellius compares him negatively to his Greek model, what author's **Plocium**, among other **palliatae**, secured his reputation among contemporaries as the greatest comic playwright? **CAECILIUS STATIUS**
- B1: Aulus Gellius included this comparison in what work of his, a 20-book miscellany of notes taken during a winter spent near Athens? **NOCTĒS ATTICAE // ATTIC NIGHTS**
- B2: This is one of two opportunities scholars have to compare a Menandrian original with a Roman translation. Which play of Plautus, containing two sets of lovers, can be compared with substantial fragments of Menander's *Dis Exapaton*, or "The Double Deception"? **BACCHIDES**

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*

- TU 20: Who declared that the bow of Odysseus would break the heart of any man who tried after he stepped up as the first suitor to try stringing Odysseus's bow? **LEODES**
- B1: Who was the father of Leodes? **OENOPS**
- B2: *Note to players, a description is acceptable.* What did Antinous have Melanthius do after Leodes declared it impossible to string Odysseus's bow? **HE HAD HIM GET A FIRE GOING AND ALSO SOME ANIMAL FAT TO HEAT THE BOW AND GREASE IT**

\*\*\*Score Check\*\*\*