Keartamen 4 (K4) - Preliminary Round 1

<u>**Moderator says: "I will read one test question for no points. This question is not reflective of the content of the round or tournament.**</u>
0. Test questions this year will contain no classical content but will instead be movie-themed! What country, whose directors produced *A Fistful of Dollars* and *The Good, the Bad and the Ugly* as part of a distinctive style of westerns, produced a film whose name means "the sweet life" — *La Dolce Vita*?

(REPUBLIC OF) ITALY // ITALIAN REPUBLIC

B1: An early post-war Italian film follows a Roman father who is searching for what sort of stolen vehicle?

BICYCLE / BIKE

B2: What influential Italian filmmaker directed such movies as *Nights of Cabiria*, *La Dolce Vita*, and *8½*?

(FEDERICO) FELLINI

<u>**Moderator says: "Subsequent questions will count for points. Good luck and have fun!"**</u>
1. What city has frescoes depicting a bride's initiation into Dionysus' cult, a faun statue that adorns the atrium of a house containing the Alexander Mosaic, and ash-preserved graffiti like those found at Stabiae and Herculaneum?

POMPEII

B1: What building in Rome, which had a domed octagonal hall that was said to rotate in imitation of the night sky, contained frescoes in the so-called "Third Style" of Pompeian painting?

(NERO'S) **DOMUS AUREA** // (NERO'S) GOLDEN HOUSE

B2: Which Pompeian villa contains the frescoes depicting a bride's initiation into Dionysus' cult?

(VILLA OF THE) MYSTERIES

2. What Latin noun, with what meaning, lies at the root of the French phrase *du jour* and the French greeting *bonjour*, as well as the English words "sojourn," "journey," and "diary"?

DIĒS = DAY

B1: What Latin verb, with what meaning, lies at the root of the French imperative *voila* and the French valediction *au revoir*?

VIDEŌ / **VIDĒRE** = (TO / I) SEE

B2: What Latin adjective, with what meaning, lies at the root of the French greeting *bonsoir* and the French noun *soirée*?

SĒRUS = (TOO) LATE // SLOW / TARDY

3. What type of event, whose occurrence for Quintilia prompted an **epicēdion**, would occasion the composition of an **epitaphium** or the writing of a **eulogium**, known in English as a "eulogy"?

DEATH / FUNERAL / BURIAL // (FUNERAL) MEMORIAL [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: The satiric work ***Lūdus dē Morte Claudiī*** is most often known by what Greek title, which maybe means "pumpkinification"?

(SENECA THE YOUNGER'S) ***APOCOLOCYNTŌSIS*** (***DĪVĪ CLAUDIĪ***)

B2: What Atticist orator authored the **epicēdion** on the death of his wife Quintilia, as well as an epyllion called *Io*?

4. Which Greek, who was stopped from contesting the javelin competition at Patroclus' funeral since he was too skilled, variously sends Odius, Eurybates, Talthybius, and Phoenix on embassies to seize Briseïs and pacify Achilles?

<div align="right">AGAMEMNON</div>

B1: To support Achilles after Briseïs is seized, Zeus sends a false dream to Agamemnon that promises victory to the Greeks. This dream occurs at the start of what book of the *Iliad*, which also contains the "Catalogue of Ships"?

<div align="right">(BOOK) 2 (OF THE *ILIAD*) // (ILIAD) *2* // (*ILIAD*) β // (*ILIAD*) BETA</div>

B2: The only other man to stand for the javelin competition was which Greek, who had defeated Teucer in the previous contest?

<div align="right">MERIONES</div>

5. What city, located across the river from Seleucia, was the site of Timesitheus' death and successful sieges by Avidius Cassius, Galerius, and Trajan, who thus all sacked the capital of the Sassanid Persians?

<div align="right">CTESIPHON</div>

B1: Timesitheus was Praetorian Prefect under what emperor, a youth who ruled from 238 A.D. to 244 A.D.?

<div align="right">GORDIAN III</div>

B2: As Trajan captured Ctesiphon, what general of his recaptured northern Mesopotamia?

<div align="right">(LUSIUS) QUIETUS</div>

———————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

6. Translate this sentence from Latin to English: "**quattuor diēs senātōrēs ōrātōrem creāre cōnābantur**."

<div align="right">FOR FOUR DAYS, (THE) {SENATORS / REPRESENTATIVES} {WERE TRYING // WERE ATTEMPTING} TO {ELECT / CREATE / CHOOSE} {A / THE SPEAKER (OF THE HOUSE) // A / THE (ORATOR)} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]</div>

B1: Now translate this sentence from Latin to English: "**senātōrēs plūra suffrāgia tulērunt quam numerāre potuērunt**."

<div align="right">THE {SENATORS / REPRESENTATIVES} {CAST(ED) MORE VOTES // VOTED MORE TIMES // BORE MORE VOTES} THAN THEY {WERE ABLE TO // COULD} COUNT [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]</div>

B2: Now translate this sentence from Latin to English: "**adeō vespērāverat ut senātōrēs rērentur sē numquam ē cūriā discessūrōs esse**."

<div align="right">{IT HAD GOTTEN SO LATE // IT HAD GROWN SO LATE // IT WAS SO LATE} THAT THE {SENATORS / REPRESENTATIVES} WERE {JUDGING / THINKING / RECKONING} THAT THEY WOULD NEVER {DEPART FROM // LEAVE} THE {CURIA / SENATE-HOUSE // CAPITOL (BUILDING)} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]</div>

7. A hungry band of what animals near Mount Pangaeüs consumed the condemned Thracian king Lycurgus, just like another group of them ate their Bistonian master when Heracles fed them Diomedes?

<div align="right">HORSES / MARES / STALLIONS</div>

B1: According to a later historical legend, the mares of Diomedes were ancestors of what horse of Alexander the Great?

BUCEPHALUS

B2: Heracles supposedly founded what Thracian city on the grave of a lover of his who was eaten by the mares of Diomedes?

ABDERA [REJECT "ABDERUS"]

8. What emperor declared a "dead enemy smells best, but a dead citizen smells even better" at the battlefield where he both won his rule and lost it months later, since his troops under Aulus Caecina could not defeat Vespasian's generals?

(AULUS) VITELLIUS

B1: What general of Vitellius was present at the victory over Otho where Vitellius won his rule, but was absent at the defeat to partisans of Vespasian where Vitellius lost it?

(FABIUS) VALENS

B2: Name either Otho's elder brother who was spared after Otho's defeat or the governor of Syria who was sent by Vespasian to invade Italy but arrived slower than Antonius Primus.

(LUCIUS SALVIUS OTHO) TITIANUS or (GAIUS LICINIUS) MUCIANUS

9. What author was both educated at Cremona and recovered his property there with the help of Asinius Pollio, to whom he dedicated the "Messianic" fourth poem of his collection *Eclogues*?

(PUBLIUS) VERGIL(IUS MARO) // VIRGIL

B1: Vergil originally had to forfeit his farm at Cremona after what battle, where the poet Horace "threw down his shield"?

(BATTLE OF) PHILIPPI

B2: Furius Bibaculus, a native of Cremona, wrote an epic poem describing the deeds of what man, who was also the focus of an epic by Varro of Atax?

(GAIUS JULIUS) CAESAR

10. In various forms, what Latin verb appears in the abbreviation **q.p.**, lies at the ultimate root of "plead," and indicates a substance that lacks therapeutic value but is given only to "please" a patient?

PLACEŌ / **PLACĒRE** / **PLACĒ(A)T** / **PLACĒBŌ** / PLACEBO

B1: In Christianity, a "lavabo" is a sink used in a hand-washing ritual done before handling the Eucharist. Translate this sentence from Psalm 25, the origin of that name: "**lavābō ... meās manūs et circumdabō altāre tuum, Domine: ut audiam vōcem laudis, et ēnārrem ūniversa mīrābilia tua**."

I WILL WASH MY HANDS AND {SURROUND / ENCOMPASS // GO ABOUT} YOUR ALTAR, LORD, SO THAT I MAY / CAN} HEAR THE VOICE OF PRAISE AND {TELL (OF) YOUR UNIVERSAL WONDERS // TELL (OF) ALL YOUR WONDROUS THINGS // TELL (OF) YOUR MARVELOUS UNIVERSES} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: What English noun is perhaps a humorous formation based on the model and meaning of the Latin form **vidēbō**, unless it comes from Arabic?

GAZEBO

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. What state has a school with the motto "**studiīs et rēbus honestīs**," has the most recently adopted state Latin motto — "**stēlla quārta decima fulgeat**" — and has a name whose Latin roots mean "green mountain"?

<div align="right">VERMONT</div>

B1: What state adopted its Latin motto the second-most recently and adapted it from a Ciceronian passage that describes "old men who labor at things which they know will not benefit them at all"?

<div align="right">NORTH DAKOTA</div>

B2: Puerto Rico officially adopted a Latin motto in 1905 after it appeared on its coat of arms in 1511. Please give Puerto Rico's motto.

<div align="right">**IŌANNĒS EST NŌMEN EIUS // JŌANNĒS EST NŌMEN EJUS**</div>

12. What physical ability was possessed by the Thracian maiden Harpalyce, the impotent youth Iphiclus, the Argonautic voyager Euphemus, and the heroine Atalanta, who used it to defeat a procession of eager suitors?

<div align="right">SPEED // QUICKNESS // SWIFTNESS // FLEETNESS OF FOOT // FAST (RUNNING) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]</div>

B1: In Book 1 of the *Aeneid*, who is compared to Harpalyce as she meets Aeneas?

<div align="right">VENUS</div>

B2: Name Iphiclus' father, who gave a herd of a cattle to the man who cured Iphiclus of his sexual impotence.

<div align="right">PHYLACUS</div>

13. Note to players: A description is acceptable. For what purpose would Romans organize an **extispicium**, conduct **sortēs** in the works of poets like Vergil, observe the eating habits of birds like chickens, and consult a Sibyl at a local **ōrāculum**?

<div align="right">DIVINATION // TO {KNOW / TELL / LEARN} THE FUTURE [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]</div>

B1: Name the Roman diviners who inspected the entrails, or **exta**, of sacrificed animals in order to predict the future.

<div align="right">(H)ARUSPEX // (H)ARUSPICES</div>

B2: In "hepatoscopy," haruspices examined what part of a sheep's body, a metal model of which was found at Piacenza covered in the names of various Etruscan deities?

<div align="right">LIVER</div>

14. What precocious author became quaestor before the minimum legal age and recited **laudēs** of the reigning emperor at 20, but soon afterwards joined Seneca in the Pisonian conspiracy and attacked Nero in his ***Pharsalia***?

<div align="right">(MARCUS ANNAEUS) LUCAN(US)</div>

B1: Lucan was born in what Spanish city, like Seneca the Elder and Seneca the Younger?

<div align="right">CÓRDOBA / CORDUBA / CORDOVA</div>

B2: What uncle of Lucan, a fellow Pisonian conspirator, was the dedicatee of Seneca's ***Dē Vītā Beātā***?

<div align="right">(LUCIUS JUNIUS) GALLIO (ANNAEANUS) // (LUCIUS ANNAEUS) NOVATUS</div>

15. What Latin word, which is implied alongside a distributive numeral in phrases like **deciēns sēstertium** that represent large sums of money, combines with **passūs** or **passuum** to mean "a thousand paces"?

MĪLLE / **MĪLIA**

B1: According to Livy, some writers said that at the Battle of Sentinum, the Roman enemies had "**peditum sexiēns centēna milia, equitum sex et quadrāgintā mīlia, mīlle carpentōrum**." How many foot soldiers, how many horsemen, and how many chariots did they supposedly have?

600,000 FOOT SOLDIERS, 46,000 HORSEMEN, AND 1,000 CHARIOTS

B2: You are a Roman epigrapher using the **vinculum** system of Roman numerals. You have just carved the letters VI into stone: how would you modify the VI to indicate that you are six thousand paces from the city of Rome?

DRAW A (HORIZONTAL) LINE ABOVE (THE VI)

———————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

16. According to Ishmael in *Moby-Dick*, the people of Joppa said what man killed a local whale sometimes called *Cetus*, though the normal version says he did this with Cepheüs' approval in Ethiopia to save the life of Andromeda?

PERSEUS

B1: In the epilogue to *Moby-Dick*, Ishmael compares himself to what man as he is dragged "round and round" in a vortex? In mythology, this man married Dia and feuded with her father, who is called either Eioneus or Deioneus.

IXION

B2: Earlier in the novel, Ishmael says that "some sceptical Greeks and Romans" doubted the story of what man, a bard who rode a dolphin to Taenarum after escaping a group of pirates?

ARION

17. What dependent use of the subjunctive appears in the line "**quod mihi nē ēveniat, nōn nūllum perīculum est**," which replicates the sense of "**nonnihil formīdō nē id mihi ēveniat**" or sentences using **vereor**, **metuō**, or **timeō**?

FEAR(ING CLAUSE)

B1: Translate the sentence "**quod mihi nē ēveniat, nōn nūllum perīculum est**" into English.

THERE IS {SOME // NOT NO} DANGER {LEST / THAT} {WHICH / THIS} {MAY HAPPEN // MAY OCCUR // HAPPENS // OCCURS} {TO / FOR} ME [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Fear clauses and purpose clauses originally developed from what independent use of the subjunctive, which itself used to be an independent mood?

OPTATIVE (SUBJUNCTIVE / MOOD)

18. What consul, who undermined an ally's oath by adding the phrase "if it is legal," answered Servilius Glaucia's thuggery by discharging a **senātūs cōnsultum ultimum** against Saturninus, ending his sixth consulship in 100 B.C.?

(GAIUS) MARIUS

B1: At one point, Saturninus proposed a command for Marius to deal with what growing threat, which Marcus Antonius had previously tried to stamp out in Cilicia, its epicenter?

B2: To save Saturninus' life from angry mobs, Marius locked him in the senate-house. However, the mobs were still able to kill him when they took what course of action? A description is fine.

TORE OFF THE (TILES FROM THE SENATE-HOUSE) ROOF AND STONED HIM (WITH THEM) // STONED / PELTED HIM FROM THE ROOF // THREW ROOF TILES AT HIM [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

19. Of the neuter nouns **carmen**, **marmor**, **negōtium**, **pecus**, and **scūtum**, which fits these clues: **Secundum Cicerōnem, ūna cum margarītā et ebore in Siciliā ablatum est; imperātor substituit id lateribus Rōmae, secundum Suētōnium in Vītā Dīvī Augustī; hoc verbum Anglicē significat** "marble."

MARMOR

B1: In Cicero's *In Verrem*, he also says that Verres stole "**signum ullum aeneum**." What material does **aeneum** designate?

COPPER / BRONZE / BRASS

B2: In poetic usage, **marmor** can have what meaning, as in the line "**inclūsaeque gelū stābunt in marmore puppēs**"?

(BRIGHTENED SURFACE OF THE) SEA // WATER(S) // OCEAN

———————————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————————

20. What city, a native of which was freed by the senator Publius Lucanus for his literary talent, had its language spoken in Plautus' comedy *Poenulus* and fought a war against Rome that inspired Naevius' epic *Bellum Punicum*?

CARTHAGE / **CARTHĀGŌ**

B1: During the sack of Carthage in the Third Punic War, a treatise on what subject by the Carthaginian writer Mago was saved? This subject was addressed in the oldest fully extant Latin prose work.

AGRICULTURE / FARMING [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: What Roman writer authored a history of the Second Punic War that was lambasted by Polybius for its pro-Roman stance, as opposed to a pro-Carthaginian history of the First Punic War written by Philinus?

(QUINTUS) FABIUS PICTOR

———————————————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————————

Keartamen 4 (K4) - Preliminary Round 2

0. What movie's lines include "death smiles at us all — all a man can do is smile back," "at my signal, unleash hell," "brothers, what we do in life echoes in eternity," and "my name is Maximus Decimus Meridius"?

GLADIATOR

B1: What four-word phrase does Maximus twice shout after killing a gladiator, after which he declares "is this not why you are here"?

ARE YOU NOT ENTERTAINED?

B2: Please give Maximus' full speech to Commodus that begins "my name is Maximus Decimus Meridius."

MY NAME IS MAXIMUS DECIMUS MERIDIUS. COMMANDER OF THE ARMIES OF THE NORTH. GENERAL OF THE FELIX LEGIONS. LOYAL SERVANT TO THE TRUE EMPEROR, MARCUS AURELIUS. FATHER TO A MURDERED SON, HUSBAND TO A MURDERED WIFE — AND I WILL HAVE MY VENGEANCE, IN THIS LIFE OR THE NEXT. [DO NOT ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

1. Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **moderātōrēs nōn putāvērunt solum ūnum hominem sententiam intellēctūrum esse**.

THE MODERATORS DID NOT THINK THAT {ONLY ONE PERSON / HUMAN // ONE PERSON / HUMAN ALONE} WOULD UNDERSTAND THE SENTENCE [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Now, say in Latin using a gerundive and the word **lustrīx**: We should loudly praise that player.

ILLA LUSTRĪX NŌBĪS {CLĀRĒ // (CUM) MAGNĀ VŌCE // MAGNĀ (CUM) VŌCE} LAUDANDA (EST) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Now say in Latin using **fore** and **ut**: The moderators hope that the players better enjoy these sentences.

MODERĀTŌRĒS SPĒRANT FORE UT {LŪSŌRĒS / LUSTRĪCĒS} {MELIUS / MAGIS} HĪS SENTENTIĪS {FRUANTUR / ŪTANTUR} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

2. What creature, conceived on the island of Crumissa as the child of Poseidon and Theophane, appeared at Nephele's behest to carry the condemned youth Phrixus to Colchis on its gleaming back?

GOLD(EN) RAM // GOLDEN-WOOLED RAM // CHRYSOMALLOS

B1: After Phrixus arrived to Colchis, Aeëtes married what daughter of his to Phrixus?

CHALCIOPE / IOPHOSSA / EUENIA

B2: Poseidon took Theophane to Crumissa to get away from her suitors. He later turned the suitors into what type of animal when they arrived to Crumissa and slaughtered the locals, whom Poseidon had turned into herds of cattle?

WOLF / WOLVES

3. What Roman general — who hosted such lavish feasts that his name has become an English byword for "luxurious" — imported the apricot and the cherry-tree from Armenia, where he defeated Tigranes the Great in 69 B.C.?

(LUCIUS LICINIUS) LUCULLUS

B1: Two years later, what tribune passed legislation that removed Lucullus from his command against Mithridates and passed a law granting Pompey an extraordinary command to deal with piracy?

(AULUS) GABINIUS

B2: Name the Galatian tetrarch who assisted Lucullus against Mithridates in 73 B.C. and was later defended in court by Cicero after he supposedly conspired to assassinate Julius Caesar.

DEIOTARUS

4. Whose "**opificium**" is examined in the earliest literary work by the author Lactantius, who inspired a philosophical work about his "**cīvitās**," or "city," that was written by Augustine to defend Christianity?

GOD / **DEUS**

B1: Lactantius' best-known work is titled for what sort of "**dīvīnae**" things, since it sought to systematize Christian doctrine in the same way that legal doctrine was systematized at the time?

ĪNSTITŪTIŌ(NĒS) / INSTITUTE(S) / INSTITUTION(S)

B2: Some of the material in the first half of Augustine's *Dē Cīvitāte Deī* derives from what author's *Adversus Nātiōnēs*?

ARNOBIUS (THE ELDER // AFER // OF SICCA)

5. What Latin word — which fills in the blanks in the quotes "**reddite quae sunt [blank] [blank] et quae sunt Deī Deō**" and "**aut [blank] aut nihil**" — lies at the root of the Russian emperor's title, "tsar"?

CAESAR / **CAESARIS** / **CAESARĪ**

B1: The phrase "**Caesar nōn suprā grammaticōs**" was supposedly coined when the Holy Roman Emperor Sigismund unsuccessfully tried to declare that the word **schisma**, which he had misgendered, would henceforth be known by his erroneous gender. What is the correct gender of the Greek loan-word **schisma**?

NEUTER

B2: A few years later, the Holy Roman Emperor Frederick III coined what five-letter abbreviation as a motto that meant "all the world is subject to Austria"?

A.E.I.O.U. // A.E.I.O.V.

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

6. What mythological man, the duke in both Chaucer's *Knight's Tale* and Shakespeare's *A Midsummer Night's Dream*, had a ship that was the subject of a paradox on identity after he returned from Minos' labyrinth?

THESEUS

B1: What video game has Theseus and the Minotaur as the bosses of its third dungeon, Elysium?

HADES

B2: What author included "The Garden of Forking Paths" and a short story told from the Minotaur's perspective, "The House of Asterion," in his collection *Labyrinths*?

7. What people, whose homeland resembled "a shield on the water," learned that a god might encircle their city with a mountain range if they ignored Nausithoüs' warnings but still gave safe-passage to shipwrecked sailors like Odysseus?

PHAEACIAN(S) / SCHERIAN(S)

B1: Alcinoüs and his wife, Arete, had also protected what couple from their pursuers by saying they could stay if they were already married, then contriving to marry them immediately?

JASON and MEDEA

B2: According the *Odyssey*, the Phaeacians once carried Rhadamanthys to Euboea to visit whom, then returned on the same day?

TITYUS

8. What general region, where peasant groups called *bacaudae* revolted and a short-lived rebel empire sprang up under Postumus and Tetricus, was the site of the defeat of Attila at the Catalaunian Plains, today called Châlons?

GAUL / GALLIA

B1: What emperor was hailed as **restitūtor** after defeating the revolt of Tetricus at another battle at Châlons?

(LUCIUS DOMITIUS) AURELIAN(US)

B2: In 383 A.D., soldiers in Britain proclaimed what man as emperor, after which he invaded and captured Gaul?

MAGNUS MAXIMUS

9. Carefully read the following passage, which I will paste it into the chat. You will have one minute to read it through before I ask the question. Please answer in English:

Marcus Antonius, in funere Iulii Caesaris, habuit orationem magnam et quae facile populum moveret. "Non venio huc," inquit, "ut vos moveam ad iram, sed ut vos doceam quantus fuerit ille vir. Fuit beneficiis ac munificentia magnus — fuit mansuetudine et misericordia clarus — in animum induxit laborare, vigilare, negotiis amicorum intentus sua neglegere." Tum aperuit Antonius vulnera Caesaris, ut vulgus irasceretur contra Marcum Brutum. "Hic," inquit, "est caesus Caesar, qui vos salutavit et vos amavit."

The question: Antony contradicts himself when he opens the wounds of Caesar for what purpose, which he said he was not coming to do?

MOVING {THEM / YOU // THE CROWD} TO ANGER (AGAINST MARCUS BRUTUS) // ANGERING {THEM // THE CROWD} (AGAINST MARCUS BRUTUS) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Antony originally declares that he did not come to move the crowd to anger, but to do what?

TEACH (THEM) HOW GREAT A MAN {HE / CAESAR} {IS / WAS}

B2: Translate the sentence "**in animum induxit laborare, vigilare, negotiis amicorum intentus sua neglegere**" into English.

HE HAD TAKEN IT TO MIND TO WORK, TO REMAIN ALERT, TO NEGLECT HIS (OWN)
{THINGS / BUSINESS}, (SINCE HE WAS) INTENT ON {THE BUSINESS / THINGS} OF (HIS)
FRIENDS [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

10. What author criticized fellow writers' "**libīdō adsentandī**" and vowed to write "**sine īrā et studiō**" in the prefaces to two works, one of which gave an account of the Flavian dynasty and the other of which was called *Annālēs*?

(PUBLIUS / GAIUS CORNELIUS) TACITUS

B1: At the end of the prologue of the *Historiae*, Tacitus says that he has reserved the reigns of what two emperors for a work of his old age? He ultimately died before being able to do so.

NERVA and TRAJAN

B2: Give the first line of Tacitus' *Annālēs*, which is uniquely a line of dactylic hexameter.

URBEM RŌMAM Ā PRĪNCIPIŌ RĒGĒS HABUĒRE

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. Based on their Latin etymologies, what class of things includes one that "belongs to rain," one that is a "bone-breaker," one that is "golden," and one whose name mutated from the phrase **avis praedae**?

BIRD(S) [PROMPT ON "ANIMAL(S)" OR SIMILAR]

B1: What type of bird had a name that was originally thought to derive from the Latin words for "bone-breaker," like "ossifrage," but more likely comes from the phrase **avis praedae**?

OSPREY

B2: What type of bird is the **upupa**, whose name lies at the root of the English word "dupe"?

HOOPOE

12. Members of what **gēns** included Rome's first **pontifex maximus** and the taker of Politorium, the latter of whom also built the **Tulliānum** and a saltwater port at Ostia while serving as Rome's fourth king?

(GĒNS) MARCIA / MARTIA // MARCĪĪ / MARTĪĪ // MARCIUS / MARTIUS

B1: What member of the **gēns Marcia** proposed that a gift of Sicilian corn be withheld from the plebeians until they gave up their right to have tribunes, provoking such ire that he was exiled to a nearby town?

(GAIUS / GNAEUS MARCIUS) CORIOLANUS

B2: What member of the **gēns Marcia** was the first plebeian dictator and censor of Rome?

(GAIUS MARCIUS) RUTILUS / RUTULUS

13. What nymph — like Callisto from the area around Nonacris — fled to the river Ladon to escape an Arcadian god and was transformed by the marsh-nymphs, meaning the god could only fashion the new reeds into panpipes?

SYRINX

B1: Pan became so proud of his pipes that he challenged Apollo to a music contest judged by what mountain god?

TMOLUS

B2: Elsewhere in Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, who plays a song on a shepherd's pipe made of a hundred reeds to try to tempt a woman he describes as "whiter than snowy privet petals" as she lays in her mortal lover's arms?

14. What type of object, a pair of which are covered by **palpēbrae** and are poetically called **lumina**, must work overtime for someone called **cocles** and is functionally absent for anyone who is **caecus**, since they can't **vidēre**?

EYE(S)

B1: Give the diminutive of the Latin word **oculus**.

OCELLUS

B2: Translate Erasmus' adage "**in regiōne caecōrum rēx est luscus**" into English.

IN THE LAND OF THE BLIND, {THE ONE-EYED MAN IS KING // THE KING IS (A) ONE-EYED (MAN)} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

15. In a prologue and conclusion, what author contrasts the life-giving first day of spring with the deadly realities of a disease first described by Thucydides, typifying the Epicurean ennui found in his *Dē Rērum Nātūrā*?

(TITUS) LUCRETIUS (CARUS)

B1: The second book of the *Dē Rērum Nātūrā* uses what Latin word to refer to a "swerve" of atoms in the universe?

CLĪNĀMEN

B2: The text of the *Dē Rērum Nātūrā* was transmitted by what two manuscripts, which are named for their shape?

(CŌDEX) OBLONGUS and **(CŌDEX) QUADRĀTUS** [PROMPT ON "O and Q"]

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

16. Mitigating events of what type made Egnatius Rufus popular during Augustus' reign, because Crassus used them to buy property at cut-rate prices and Nero later used one to build his **Domus Aurea** after heartlessly fiddling?

FIRE(S) / BLAZE(S) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: The Temple of **Pax** and the Temple of Vesta were destroyed in a fire in what year A.D., fomenting anger that led to the assassination of Commodus a year later?

191 (A.D.)

B2: In 532 A.D., agitators from two chariot-racing factions set fire to several important buildings in Constantinople in what set of riots, but were crushed by Justinian's general Belisarius?

NIKA (RIOTS / REBELLION)

17. What man's grim appearance — including blood-matted hair and thong-pierced, swollen feet — prompts the cry "O, light of Troy" from the dreaming Aeneas, who laments the wounds Achilles inflicted on him at Troy's walls?

HECTOR

B1: In Book 3 of the *Aeneid*, Aeneas finds Andromache sacrificing at a cenotaph of Hector outside what city?

BUTHROTUM

B2: Hector's cenotaph at Buthrotum is located next to a "false" version of what river, which at Troy joined the Scamander outside the city's walls?

SIMO(E)IS

18. **Respondē Anglicē. Quī locus in domō modernā — quī saepe lābrum et magnum speculum et manutergium habet — vocātur balneum aut aliquandō lātrīna?**

BATHROOM

B1: What bathroom product does the *Lexicōn Recentis Latīnitātis* call **capitilāvium**?

SHAMPOO

B2: What is the primary meaning of the Latin noun **solium**, which can also mean "tub," like **labrum**?

SEAT / CHAIR / THRONE // RULE / SWAY / DOMINION

19. What author — who memorializes the enslaved girl Erotion in a book where he says he will "**parcere persōnīs, dīcere dē vitiīs**" — wrote the collections *Apophorēta* and *Xenia* before publishing his work *Epigrams*?

(MARCUS VALERIUS) MARTIAL(IS)

B1: What book of epigrams, written for the Colosseum's opening, was composed independently of Martial's other works?

LIBER SPECTĀCULŌRUM // *(LIBER) DĒ SPECTĀCULĪS*

B2: Martial's epigrams are often constructed around a parting thrust that drives home or overturns the meaning of the poem. What is the three-word Latin phrase for this "parting thrust"?

FULMEN IN CLAUSULĀ

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

20. Give the form of the adjective **magnus** that agrees with the Greek form *Epigrammatōn*, the syncopated poetic form **dīvum**, and the fourth-declension form **senātuum** — all of which are masculine genitive plural?

MAGNŌRUM

B1: Give the genitive plural of the noun **sūs**, meaning "swine."

SUUM

B2: Translate this fragment from the mime Laberius into English: **dē integrō patrimōniō meō memordī nummum centum mīlia**.

{I HAVE BITTEN OFF // I HAVE DEVOURED // I BIT OFF // I DEVOURED} A HUNDRED THOUSAND COINS FROM MY {WHOLE / INTACT / COMPLETE} {INHERITANCE / PATRIMONY} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

———————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

Keartamen 4 (K4) - Preliminary Round 3

0. What character, whose significant other is named Celia Mae, helps his significantly larger counterpart foil Randall's plan to use a new "Scream Extractor" to capture children's terror to power the city of Monstropolis?

{MIKE / MICHAEL} WAZOWSKI

B1: In *Monsters, Inc.*, Mike bonds with what appropriately-named human girl after she sneaks into the company factory?

BOO

B2: In the prequel *Monsters University*, James P. Sullivan and Mike Wazowski both join what fraternity?

OOZMA KAPPA

1. **Quod animal — quod dormiēns numquam tītillandum est, secundum sententiam scholae Hogvartēnsis — nōmen suum dat flāvicomō Lūciī fīliō quī inter Slytherīnōs habitat et Harriō Potterō repugnat**?

DRACŌ / DRACO

B1: The spell **acciō** means "to summon." What other Latin word also means "to summon," but implies a sense of actually fetching somebody that **acciō** does not?

ACCERSŌ / **ARCESSŌ** / **ACCERSERE** / **ARCESSERE**

B2: In *Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban*, Lupin uses the spell **ferula** to splint a broken bone. What is the meaning of the Latin noun **ferula**?

FENNEL (PLANT / STALK) // STAFF / WHIP / ROD / REED [PROMPT ON "FERULE"]

2. The names of what god's children — who included Phanus, Staphylus, and the Chian king Oenopion — sometimes reflected his primary domain, which he ruled with the *thyrsus* that was also carried by his maenads?

DIONYSUS

B1: Dionysus was sometimes said to be the father of what minor god, who personified procreation and pursued Lotis?

PRIAPUS

B2: Staphylus' daughter Rhoeo was a lover of Apollo, with whom she had what son, whose daughters were also associated with Dionysus?

ANIUS

3. What author imitated a curse on Apollonius Rhodius in one poem, left a 12-book poem precisely half-finished by only describing holidays from January through June, and described "changed forms" in his *Metamorphōsēs*?

(PUBLIUS) OVID(IUS NASO)

B1: What work of Ovid had its first book composed during his voyage to exile in Tomi?

TRĪSTIA

B2: What poem of Ovid is told from the perspective of a tree that complains about people throwing stones at it?

NUX

4. What ideology was supported literarily by Salutius Secundus, was rejected by Gratian in a dispute over the **Āra Victōriae** with Symmachus, and was revived under the emperor Julian in his apostasy of the Christian faith?

(HELLENISTIC / NEOPLATONIC / IAMBLICHAN) PAGAN(ISM) // POLYTHEISM // NEOPLATONISM // HELLENISM [PROMPT ON "ANTI-CHRISTIANITY" OR EQUIVALENTS]

B1: What usurper in the Western Roman Empire re-allowed pagan cults at Rome, but was defeated alongside Arbogast at Frigidus River by the forces of Theodosius I?

EUGENIUS

B2: What ruler of the Eastern Roman Empire increased penalties for paganism, arranged the assassination of Aspar, and appointed Anthemius to the throne of the Western Roman Empire?

LEO {I // THE GREAT // THRAX // THE THRACIAN}

5. Of the words "appoint," "pungent," "acupuncture," and "puny," which derives not from **pungō** but from **post** and **nāscor**, since it originally referred to someone "born late" or "born small"?

PUNY

B1: What adjective derived from **pungō** means "evoking a keen sense of sadness or regret"?

POIGNANT

B2: What Spanish word, sometimes used colloquially in English, developed directly from the past participle of **nāscor**?

NADA

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

6. What cardinal direction would one primarily travel to go from Lambaesis to Deva, from Utica to Mogontiacum, from Hippo Regius to Augusta Treverorum, and from Alexandria to Byzantium?

NORTH

B1: What modern-day city was called Glevum in Roman Britain?

GLOUCESTER

B2: What city in Roman Britain is today called St Albans?

VERULAMIUM

7. *Note to players: A description is acceptable.* What action, anger over which occasioned Anticleia's seduction by Sisyphus, caused the death of the Aventine Hill's monstrous pre-Roman inhabitant — Cacus — and a dispute between Apollo and the young Hermes?

CATTLE THEFT // STEALING COWS [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS; PROMPT ON "{THEFT / STEALING}" OR SIMILAR BY ASKING "OF WHAT?"]

B1: What woman refused to consummate her marriage with her husband until he avenged the death of her half-brothers in a Taphian cattle raid?

ALCMENE

B2: The only of Alcmene's half-brothers to survive was what youth, who was too young to participate in the fighting?

LICYMNIUS

8. Say in Latin using only four words: "They do not even know what they do not know."

{ETIAM NESCIUNT // NEC SCIUNT} {QUID / QUAE NESCIANT // QUOD / QUAE NESCIUNT}

B1: Translate into English this sentence, which is adapted from Cicero: **haec est maxima hominis sapientia, nōn arbitrārī sēsē scīre quod nesciat.**

THIS IS THE GREATEST WISDOM {OF / FOR} A {MAN / HUMAN}: {THAT ONE / HE DOES NOT THINK // TO NOT THINK} THAT {ONE KNOWS // HE KNOWS} WHAT HE DOES NOT KNOW [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Translate into English this quotation from Ennius: "**Quī ipse sibi sapiēns prōdesse nōn quit, nēquīquam sapit**."

(HE) WHO, (ALTHOUGH / BEING) WISE, {CANNOT // IS NOT ABLE TO} {HELP / BENEFIT} HIMSELF, IS WISE {IN VAIN} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

9. What Latin author inspired the poetic forms of Marvell's "Upon Cromwell's Return from Ireland" and Keats' poem about a nightingale, fulfilling the boast "**exēgī monumentum aere perennius**" that he made in his *Carmina*, or *Odes*?

HORACE // (PUBLIUS) HORATIUS (FLACCUS)

B1: Horace inspired a genre of poetry with what two-word Latin name, such as Herrick's "To the Virgins, to Make Much of Time"?

CARPE DIEM

B2: What English monk adopted the pen name **Flaccus** while at Charlemagne's court, where he was the foremost scholar?

ALCUIN (OF YORK)

10. What city — although it defeated the **sambūca** and employed claw-like cranes that lifted ships from the water — fell to the so-called "sword of Rome" in 211 B.C., ending Archimedes' life and Greek self-rule in Sicily?

SYRACUSE

B1: What Syracusan general defeated the Mamertines around 265 B.C., earning such popularity that he reigned as tyrant for half a century?

HIERO (II) // HIERON (II)

B2: What tyrant of Syracuse invaded Africa in 310 B.C. and hired the Mamertines in 289 B.C.?

AGATHOCLES (OF SYRACUSE)

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. What body of water, whose shores were inhabited by the Mossynoeci and the Mariandyni, was entered via the Symplegades, or "Clashing Rocks," by a group that eventually reached Aeëtes' kingdom of Colchis on its eastern end?

{BLACK / EUXINE} SEA

B1: Before entering the Symplegades, the Argonauts sent what sort of bird through them to ensure passage was possible?

<div align="right">DOVE</div>

B2: While in the Black Sea, the Argonauts also encountered the Chalybes, a tribe known for their trade in what material?

<div align="right">IRON / STEEL [<u>PROMPT</u> ON "METAL"]</div>

12. What third principal part is shared between Latin verbs meaning "to tremble in fear" and "to feed" — respectively, **paveō** and **pāscō** — which follow the same paradigms as **caveō** and **crēscō**?

<div align="right">**PĀVĪ**</div>

B1: What third principal part is shared between Latin verbs meaning "to shine" and "to mourn"?

<div align="right">**LŪXĪ**</div>

B2: The Latin verb **frīgeō** is sometimes said to have the third principal part **frīxī**, which it would share with what Latin verb with what meaning?

<div align="right">**FRĪGŌ** / **FRĪGERE** = (TO / I) ROAST / FRY / PARCH</div>

13. What author's "**amputātae sententiae**" and asymmetric literary style of **inconcinnitās** evoked the writing of Thucydides, after whom he patterned the *Historiae* and the monograph *Bellum Iugurthīnum*?

<div align="right">(GAIUS) SALLUST(IUS CRISPUS)</div>

B1: At what town in the Sabine country was Sallust born?

<div align="right">AMITERNUM</div>

B2: Sallust partly blames the decline of the Republic on the **mōs** of what two groups? You can answer in Latin or English.

(MŌS) PARTIUM ET FACTIŌNUM // {**PARTIUM / PARTĒS**} and {**FACTIŌNUM / FACTIŌNĒS**} // {(POPULAR) PARTIES // PARTIES (OF THE PEOPLE)} and FACTIONS (OF THE SENATE)

14. What Latin noun — which fills in the blank in the phrase **finis coronat [blank]** and Vergil's quote "**hoc [blank], hic labor est**" — forms Latin's compound adverb for "greatly" and appears in the abbreviation **s.o.s.**?

<div align="right">**OPUS** / **OPERE**</div>

B1: In April of 2016, Michael Kearney launched a terrible blog called "**Hic Labor**." The blog lasted precisely nine days. His only substantive blogpost was titled "How to Write a Latin Letter." Per the blogpost, what Latin verb would appear twice in the abbreviation that often began a Roman letter?

<div align="right">**VALĒS** / **VALEŌ** / **VALĒRE**</div>

B2: The hallmark of the blog was a quote of the day, of which the first naturally was Vergil's "**hoc opus, hic labor est**." In the following bonus, you will receive the eight remaining quotes of the day and their authors. You will have a total of one minute to match each quote to its author after they are pasted into the chat.

1: "**Silent enim lēgēs inter arma**."
2: "**Ignōrantī, quem portum petat, nūllus suus ventus est**."
3: "**Crēscit amor nummī, quantum ipsa pecūnia crēscit**."
4: "**Caeca invidia est**."

5: "**Acta est fābula, plaudite**."
6: "**Mediō tūtissimus ībis**."
7: "**Dīmidium factī quī coepit habet**."
8: "**Bene curris, sed extrā viam**."

Authors: Livy, Juvenal, Augustus, Ovid, Seneca the Younger, Augustine, Horace, Cicero.

1 = CICERO; 2 = SENECA THE YOUNGER; 3 = JUVENAL; 4 = LIVY;
5 = AUGUSTUS; 6 = OVID; 7 = HORACE; 8 = AUGUSTINE

15. What sort of place — which was centered around a **praetorium** in both its **aestīva** and **hīberna** versions — contained the **triāriī**, **hastātī**, and their **centuriōnēs** whenever the **legiōnēs** were away from home?

(ROMAN) CAMP(S) / FORT(S) / FORTRESS(ES) / **CASTRA** / **CASTRUM**

B1: During the time of the Second Triumvirate, Augustus controversially installed the Praetorian Guards' camp within what legal boundary that surrounded the city of Rome?

PŌMĒRIUM

B2: What primary east–west–running road in a Roman camp would be bisected by the **cardō**, which ran north-to-south?

DECUMĀNUS (MAXIMUS) // **(VIA) DECUMĀNA**

————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] —————————————————

16. What type of sentence, which is approximated by Terence's "**quīn accipis**" or Cicero's "**[ōrātor] audierit aliquid, lēgerit ... sit mihi tīnctus litterīs**," is expressed by a form like **mementō** or by forms like **dūc** or **mitte**?

COMMAND / IMPERATIVE / DIRECTIVE / EXHORTATION / (CO)HORTATIVE / JUSSIVE / ORDER

B1: Give the third-person plural, future active imperative of **amō**.

AMANTŌ

B2: Translate Plautus' sentence "**at tū nē clam mē comēssēs prandium**" into English.

BUT YOU SHOULD NOT HAVE {EATEN (UP)} THE LUNCH {BEHIND MY BACK // WITHOUT MY KNOWLEDGE // WITHOUT ME KNOWING // UNKNOWN TO ME} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

17. In the *Iliad*, what god becomes a *chalcis* bird atop Mount Ida's summit, helps Thanatos carry the lifeless body of Sarpedon to Lycia, and assists Hera by causing Zeus to slumber, since he personifies sleep?

HYPNOS

B1: Hypnos did not agree to help Hera until she promised him Pasithea, a member of what group, as a bride?

GRACES / CHARITES

B2: Hypnos caused Zeus to slumber upon which of Mt. Ida's three peaks, according to the *Iliad*?

(MOUNT) GARGARUS

18. What academic discipline, whose personification appears to the jailed author in the best-known work by Boethius, is addressed in *Dialogī* and *Epistulae Mōrālēs* of Seneca the Younger, as well as reworkings of Aristotle by Cicero?

(MORAL) PHILOSOPHY

B1: A person with what occupation should be "a diligent student of philosophy," according to a 10-book, Augustan-era manual?

ARCHITECT(URE)

B2: The personification of philosophy in Boethius' *Dē Cōnsōlātiōne Philosophiae* was anticipated by Martianus Capella's personification of what concept in an encyclopedia where she marries the god Mercury?

PHILOLOGY / **PHILOLOGIA**

19. What type of person might make a **sulcus** to produce **segetēs** if they are working to **arāre**, an act often done in an **arvum** or in an **ager**?

FARMER / PLOW(S)MAN

B1: What was the Latin word for "bean"?

FABA

B2: Define the noun **falx**.

FALX = {SICKLE / HOOK / REAPING-HOOK / PRUNING-HOOK / SCYTHE}

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

20. What emperor augmented Claudius' harbor at Ostia with a sheltered hexagonal basin, promoted the architect Apollodorus of Damascus, built Rome's last and largest imperial forum, and raised a column marking wins over Dacia?

TRAJAN // (MARCUS ULPIUS) TRAIANUS

B1: Trajan also built a **basilica** inside his imperial forum that was known by what name?

(BASILICA) ULPIA

B2: In building his sheltered basin, Trajan enlarged what town, which was established by Claudius to provide relief to the overfull city of Ostia?

PORTUS

———————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

Keartamen 4 (K4) - Preliminary Round 4

Moderator says: "I will read one test question for no points. This question is not reflective of the content of the round or tournament.
0. What movie, which contains a scene where the lead characters appear to be floating in the planetarium of the Griffith Observatory, shows an aspiring actress and budding jazz musician in Los Angeles with songs like "City of Stars"?

LA LA LAND

B1: In *La La Land*, what color dress is Mia, Emma Stone's character, wearing as she tap dances with Sebastian, Ryan Gosling's character, on a hill overlooking the "City of Angels"?

YELLOW

B2: In *La La Land*, what kind of building allows Sebastian to find Mia's childhood home in Nevada after she leaves Los Angeles due to the abysmal failure of her one-woman-show?[1]

(THE HOUSE IN FRONT OF THE) LIBRARY

Moderator says: "Subsequent questions will count for points. Good luck and have fun!"
1. What modern-day country was home to a people whose funerary urns sometimes resembled huts, the Faliscans and the Oscans, and a people who introduced a purple-bordered cloth garment for their magistrates — the Etruscans?

(REPUBLIC OF) ITALY // ITALIAN REPUBLIC

B1: Around 600 B.C., an important Etruscan alliance formed among a group of how many cities?

12

B2: What archaeologist discovered a namesake vase at Chiusi depicting a procession of gods to the wedding of Peleus and Thetis, as well as a namesake Etruscan tomb at Vulci with frescoes of Caelius Vibenna, Mastarna, and Gnaeus Tarquinius?

(ALESSANDRO) FRANÇOIS

2. What Latin noun is the root of Latin words meaning "tameness" and "an enslaved person working as a secretary," as well as a compound of **dō** meaning "to order" and a compound of **mittō** meaning "to free from slavery"?

MANUS

B1: What is the meaning of **manus** in a military sense?

{BAND / GROUP / COMPANY / HOST / MULTITUDE} (OF SOLDIERS / MEN) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: What is the meaning of the Latin noun **manubiae**, which derives from **manus**?

SPOILS (OF WAR) // BOOTY [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

3. What creatures indirectly caused the creation of the island Nisyrus, the region of Pallene's increased volcanic activity, and the birth of Typhon by their vengeful mother — Gaia — when they lost a battle with the gods?

GIANTS / GIGANTES

B1: Which of the giants, sometimes considered the strongest, tried to rape Hera during the Gigantomachy and was killed by the arrows of Heracles?

PORPHYRION

B2: Which two giants were killed with bronze clubs during the Gigantomachy?

AGRIUS and THOAS

4. What literary genre, in which Romans "**quoque Graecōs prōvocāmus**," included first-person poems about a shadowy **domina** and the **servitium amoris**, like with Cytheris and Cornelius Gallus or Cynthia and Propertius?

ELEGY / ELEGIAC / **ELEGIA**

B1: What elegist's line "**ūnō tellūrēs dīvidit amne duās**" was long his only to survive?

(CORNELIUS) GALLUS

B2: What elegist wrote six exceedingly short poems to a lover whose pseudonym probably means "horned" in Greek?

SULPICIA

5. What emperor ignored increased **maiestās** trials and the flourishing of **dēlātōrēs** while plots against him were fomented by Livilla, who was exposed by Naevius Sutorius Macro even as he remained on the island of Capri?

TIBERIUS

B1: According to Josephus, Tiberius was alerted to the threat of Sejanus in a letter carried to Capri by which Greek freedman, who was prominent in Claudius' administration together with Narcissus and Callistus?

PALLAS

B2: What author of an annalistic history in which he called Cassius "the last of the Romans" was indicted for **maiestās** under Tiberius, after which he starved himself to death?

(AULUS) CREMUTIUS CORDUS

———————————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————————

6. What poet, who interrupts his narrative for an aetiology of Falernian wine, wrote "with greater care than genius" in the extended descriptions of Lake Trasimene and Cannae that appear in his Silver-Age epic *Punica*?

(TIBERIUS CATIUS ASCONIUS) SILIUS ITALICUS

B1: How many books was Silius Italicus' *Punica*?

17

B2: In Book 12 of the *Punica*, Italicus praises what man, "born of the ancient line of King Messapus," for fighting in the front rank of the Roman forces?

(QUINTUS) ENNIUS

7. *Note to players: There will be an extra clue after the sentence is read twice.* Translate into English the following sentence from Erasmus: "**Tuae litterae mē magnopere dēlectārunt**." That's "**tuae litterae mē magnopere dēlectārunt**." Know that **dēlectārunt** is short for **dēlectāvērunt**, which means "pleased."

YOUR LETTER(S) {PLEASED / DELIGHTED} ME GREATLY [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: In Erasmus' manual ***Dē Cōpiā***, he lists 146 different ways of expressing the sentence "**tuae litterae mē magnopere dēlectārunt**" as an exercise in style. He also offers 195 variations on the sentence "**semper dum vīvam, tuī meminerō**." Translate that sentence into English.

> {ALWAYS WHILE I (MAY) LIVE // SO LONG AS I (MAY) LIVE}, I WILL REMEMBER YOU
> [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Some variations are longer than others. Please translate this variation on the sentence "**tuae litterae mē magnopere dēlectārunt**" into English as literally as possible: "**dīcī vix queat quantum mihi laetitiae tuīs ex lītterīs obortum sit**."

> {SCARCELY / HARDLY} {MAY // IS // CAN // COULD} {IT BE POSSIBLE TO SAY // IT BE SAID}
> HOW MUCH (OF) {JOY / HAPPINESS} {AROSE // APPEARED // HAS ARISEN // HAS
> APPEARED} FROM YOUR LETTER(S) FOR ME [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

8. Although he lifted a boulder that "twelve choice men could hardly budge," what man was stabbed just above an image of the Danaids' crime on a stolen sword-belt as "Rutulians groan" at the end of the *Aeneid*?

> TURNUS

B1: Before Aeneas kills Turnus, Turnus asks him to spare him out of pity for what man, his father and the husband of Venilia?

> DAUNUS

B2: During the duel, Turnus uses the sword of what charioteer of his, but the sword breaks upon hitting Aeneas' divine armor?

> METISCUS

9. What Roman god — whose domain was smeared with wolf's fat by a new bride — had the epithet **Bifrōns**, was once worshipped on a namesake hill across the Tiber from Rome, and had a temple whose gates opened during war?

> JANUS

B1: Several ancient shrines to Janus have been discovered along what street, which connected the Roman Forum to the Velian and essentially served as Rome's main street?

> **VIA SACRA** // SACRED WAY

B2: After the Roman victory at Mylae, Gaius Duilius dedicated a second temple to Janus in which Republican forum, where the Temple of **Spēs** was also located?

> **(FORUM) HOLITŌRIUM**

10. Individual members of what mythological group are described in the following adapted Latin quotations: "**aurea subnectēns exsertae cingula mammae**"; "**[huic] balteum dētrāxit [hērōs]**"; "**audetque virīs concurrere virgō**"; bearing the epithet "**Martia**"; "**bellātrīx**"?

> AMAZON(S)

B1: In Book 11 of the *Aeneid*, Camilla and her comrades are compared to Amazons who "**magnōque ululante tumultū ... exsultant**." Translate this phrase into English.

> (AND THEY) EXULT IN A GREAT HOWLING {TUMULT / CROWD} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Translate these lines from the *Aeneid*, in which Aeneas describes what one competitor will receive as a prize for the footrace at Anchises' funeral-games: "**habētō / alter Amāzoniam pharetram plēnamque sagittīs / Thrēiciīs, lātō quam circum amplectitur aurō / balteus**."

> LET ANOTHER (ONE / MAN) HAVE A QUIVER, AMAZONIAN AND FULL OF THRACIAN ARROWS — (A QUIVER) WHICH {A BELT OF WIDE GOLD EMBRACES / SURROUNDS / GIRDS / CHASES // A BELT EMBRACES (ALL) AROUND WITH WIDE GOLD} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. What meaning is shared by the Latin noun **cacūmen**, the Latin noun **fastīgium**, the Latin noun **culmen**, and the Latin nouns **apex** and **vertex**?

> HIGHEST PART // (MOUNTAIN-)TOP // PEAK // HEIGHT // ZENITH // SUMMIT // PINNACLE [PROMPT ON "VERTEX" or "APEX"]

B1: What is the meaning of the Latin word **calamus**, which is sometimes found in the phrase **lāpsus calamī** and which comes from the same Proto-Indo-European root as **culmen**?

> REED / CANE / PEN / FISHING-ROD / PIPE

B2: What Latin word meaning "plume of a helmet" comes from the same Proto-Indo-European root as **culmen**?

> **CRISTA**

12. *Note to players: A description is acceptable.* What undertaking, sabotaged for many at the promontory of Caphareus through the deceit of Nauplius, necessitated a visit to Pharos to capture the prophetic god Proteus and an audience with Tiresias for the waylaid Odysseus?

> RETURNING (TO GREECE) FROM {TROY // THE TROJAN WAR} // *NOSTOS* / *NOSTOI* // RETURNING HOME FROM {TROY // THE TROJAN WAR} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Which Greek reached Salamis but was exiled by his father, Telamon, who said he had not properly brought his brother's body or arms home?

> TEUCER

B2: On his return to Crete, Idomeneus discovered that his wife Meda had cheated on him with what man, who then killed Meda and usurped the rule of Crete?

> LEUCUS

13. What foreign leader tried to starve out an invading army as it besieged Avaricum, defeated a force that lacked the lieutenant Titus Labienus at the siege of Gergovia, and was himself captured in 52 B.C. at Alesia by Caesar?

> VERCINGETORIX

B1: Vercingetorix was the leader of what tribe from south-central Gaul?

> ARVERNI

B2: During the siege of Alesia, Caesar applied what extraordinary tactic to ensure that his siege would be successful without a relief force from the Gauls? A description is fine.

> CIRCUMVALLATION and CONTRAVALLATION // BUILT A WALL TO BESIEGE THE CITY AND BUILT A WALL TO HIS OUTSIDE TO STOP ANY ATTACK BY A RELIEF FORCE [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS; PROMPT ON "BUILT TWO WALLS"]

14. What **cognōmen** is shared between the Neoteric author of *Lydia* and the author of *Carmen Dē Mōribus*, the latter of whom also wrote a seven-book account of Rome's early history that he called the *Orīginēs*?

CATO / **CATŌ**

B1: Whom does Cato address in a book of precepts that contains such sayings as "**rem tenē, verba sequentur**"?

(HIS) SON // MARCUS (PORCIUS CATO LICINIANUS)

B2: An epigram about Valerius Cato calls him the Latin version of what creature, "alone reading and making poets"?

SIREN

15. What sort of person might provide an incidental **obiter dictum**, may elect to **stāre dēcīsīs**, could issue a **mandāmus**, and is allowed to invite assistance from an **amīcus cūriae**?

JUDGE / JUSTICE

B1: What Latin word, literally meaning "to be made certain," refers to a writ that calls for a lower court's record of a proceeding, allowing the higher court to take judicial review?

CERTIŌRĀRĪ

B2: What two-word Latin phrase denotes a legal proceeding undertaken solely for one side's benefit, without the other side being present, as in famous Civil-War-era cases named for Milligan and Merryman?

EX PARTE

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

16. What is the meaning of the Latin noun at the root of "cavalcade" and "chivalry" — which are both from **caballus**, like "cavalry" — as well as the Latin noun at the root of "equestrian"?

(RIDING-)HORSE

B1: The words "pony" and "poultry" both derive from what Latin word, which means both "foal" and "chicken"?

PULLUS

B2: What English word for a "docile horse used for riding, especially by women," derives from the Latin word **verēdus**, meaning "post-horse"?

PALFREY

17. What region, ruled by the Nabataean Kingdom until it became a Roman province governed from the rock-cut city of Petra, produced the emperor who celebrated Rome's one-thousandth birthday in 247 A.D. — Philip?

ARABIA (PETRAEA) // (NABATAEAN) ARABIA [REJECT "ARABIA FELIX" or "ARABIA DESERTA" or "ARABIAN PENINSULA"]

B1: What emperor deliberately withdrew troops from most eastern provinces that his predecessor had conquered, but retained Arabia Petraea?

HADRIAN

B2: Using troops drawn from Arabia Petraea, what prefect of Egypt invaded Arabia Felix during Augustus' reign?

<div align="right">(GAIUS) AELIUS GALLUS</div>

18. Plautine phrases like "**proximae vīcīniae habitat**," "**veniās temperī**," and "**is hūc vēnit vesperī**" all feature the archaic independent use of what case, which is also found in "**rurī**" and "**domī**"?

<div align="right">LOCATIVE</div>

B1: Translate into English this sentence, which features a genitive of value: **Parvī enim sunt forīs arma, nisi est cōnsilium domī**.

{ARMS / WEAPONS} ARE OF LITTLE WORTH {ABROAD / OUTDOORS // IN THE FIELD}, UNLESS THERE IS {(A) PLAN / COUNSEL} AT HOME [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: What two-word Latin phrase means "at home and abroad," like **domī bellīque** or **domī bellōque**?

<div align="right">**DOMĪ MĪLITIAEQUE // DOMĪ DUELLĪQUE**</div>

19. What man was approached by a comic actor and a native of Ameria who had the same name, an alleged poisoner named Cluentius, and inhabitants of Sicily exploited by the provincial governor Gaius Verres for defense in court?

<div align="right">(MARCUS TULLIUS) CICERO</div>

B1: What pre-consular speech by Cicero was also called *Dē Imperiō Gnaeī Pompēī*?

<div align="right">*PRŌ LĒGE MĀNĪLIĀ*</div>

B2: What man's seizure of Roscius the Amerian's property prompted Cicero's defense speech?

<div align="right">CHRYSOGONUS</div>

———————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

20. What mythological man "wandered [namelessly] across the Aleian plain" long after he won Philonoë's hand for his defeat of the Solymi — a tribe that Iobates thought would be a sterner test than the Chimaera?

<div align="right">BELLEROPHON</div>

B1: What king had sent Bellerophon to Iobates because he could not kill Bellerophon due to the principles of *xenia*?

<div align="right">PROËTUS</div>

B2: In Book 6 of the *Iliad*, Glaucus tells the story of Bellerophon, his grandfather. Glaucus starts his story with the royal lineage of what city, Bellerophon's home? Please give the ancient name as it appears in the *Iliad*.

<div align="right">EPHYRA</div>

———————————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

TB1: What Latin adverb — which appears in Elizabeth I's motto and with **nōn** in a Senecan phrase meaning "every day can't be a holiday" — begins the motto of the U.S. Space Force, like the mottoes of two other service branches?

<div align="right">**SEMPER**</div>

B1: Translate this quotation from Edmund of Abingdon: "**disce ut semper vīctūrus, vīve ut crās morutūrus**."

LEARN AS IF {YOU WILL LIVE // (YOU ARE) ABOUT TO LIVE} {FOREVER / ALWAYS}, LIVE AS IF {YOU WILL DIE // (YOU ARE) ABOUT TO DIE} TOMORROW [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Fill in the blank in this quotation from Pliny the Elder with the proper geographical location: "**Ex [blank] semper aliquid novī**."

ĀFRICĀ

TB2: What people, who met at the grove of Ferentina, agreed to a peace called the **Foedus Cassiānum** after forces under Octavius Mamilius lost the battle of Lake Regillus, weakening their so-called "League"?

LATIN(S) // LATIN (LEAGUE) // **LATĪNĪ**

B1: The Latin League ultimately dissolved following what important Roman victory more than a century after Lake Regillus?

(BATTLE OF) ANTIUM / ANZIO

B2: Give the Latin word that refers to a "review" of the cavalry that the Romans conducted after winning at Lake Regillus.

TRĀNSVECTIŌ (EQUITUM / EQUŌRUM)

TB3: What author, who advocated focusing on "**rērum pondera**" in a work dedicated to Vitorius Marcellus, provided the material for *Artis Rhētoricae*, authored *Dē Causīs Corruptae Ēloquentiae*, and wrote *Īnstitūtiō Ōrātōria*?

(MARCUS FABIUS) QUINTILIAN(US)

B1: How many books is Quintilian's *Īnstitūtiō Ōrātōria*?

12

B2: What was notable about the publication of Quintilian's *Artis Rhētoricae*? A description is fine.

PUBLISHED AGAINST HIS WILL (BY HIS STUDENTS, FROM NOTES THEY HAD TAKEN) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

TB4: What sort of event is called **lectisternium** for gods or **daps** for humans, who might also dub it **epulae**, a **convivium**, or a **cēna**?

BANQUET / FEAST / MEAL / DINNER [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS; PROMPT ON "(PUBLIC) PRAYER"]

B1: The word **epulae** has what sort of grammatical irregularity? A description is fine.

HETEROGENEOUS // CHANGES GENDERS (IN THE SINGULAR VS. PLURAL) // SINGULAR IS {**EPULUM** / NEUTER // SECOND DECLENSION}, WHILE PLURAL IS {**EPULAE** / FEMININE // FIRST DECLENSION}

B2: What plural Latin word for "market-day" perhaps follows the same heterogeneous pattern?

NŪNDINAE

TB5: In various sources, what mythological group fits these clues: they caused a king to throw himself from the roof of his Thracian tower; they were called Melete, Aoede, and Mneme; they defeated the Pierides in a contest; they were the children of Zeus and Mnemosyne?

B1: Which participant in the Trojan War was said to be the child of Calliope and the Thracian river-god Strymon?

RHESUS

B2: What other mythological group were sometimes said to be the children of Apollo and the muse Thalia?

CORYBANTES

[1] This question was written by Vicki Li.

Keartamen 4 (K4) - Semifinals

0. What man — who loses a duel atop the "Cliffs of Insanity" to a masked man in black — seeks revenge against a six-fingered man with the line "you killed my father — prepare to die!" in *The Princess Bride*?

(INIGO) MONTOYA

B1: What is the name of the true love of the masked man, Westley, who is trying to rescue her from being forcibly betrothed to Prince Humperdinck?

(PRINCESS) BUTTERCUP

B2: The grandfather speaks what three-word line as the final words in *The Princess Bride*, repeating a line that Westley shouted after Buttercup pushed him down a huge hill in the middle of the movie?[1]

"AS YOU WISH"

1. Translate into English: **Utinam nē hōc certāmine lūderem diē amōris**.

{IF ONLY // WOULD THAT} I WERE NOT PLAYING (IN) THIS {COMPETITION / CERTAMEN} ON {THE DAY OF LOVE // VALENTINE'S DAY} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Now say in Latin: "He is the sort of guy who doesn't know when the holidays are."

(IS) EST QUĪ NESCIAT {QUANDŌ / UBI} {FĒRIAE // DIĒS FĒSTĪ} SINT [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Now say in Latin using a **tantum abest** construction: He was so far from yielding to love that he said that love does not conquer all things.

TANTUM {ABERAT / ĀFUIT} UT AMŌRĪ CĒDERET UT DĪCERET AMŌREM NŌN OMNIA VINCERE [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

2. What sort of event, in which "**parvīs mōmentīs magnī cāsūs intercēdunt**," is "**dulce inexpertīs**" but "**dētestāta mātribus**" and should be "**praeparet**," even for those "**quī dēsīderant pācem**"?

WAR / **BELLUM / BELLA** // **(IN) BELLŌ**

B1: All's fair in love and war. Fill in this quote from Vergil with the proper Latin adjective: "**bella, [blank] bella**."

HORRIDA

B2: What four-word Latin phrase featuring the word **bellum** did Thomas Hobbes use to describe the "nasty, brutish, and short" state of nature described in his book *Leviathan*?

BELLUM OMNIUM {CONTRĀ / IN} OMNĒS

3. Because he did not believe Catullus' poetry to be "trifles" — or "**nugae**" — what author from Pavia or Ostiglia was the dedicatee of Catullus 1, which describes his three-book history, *Chronica*, but not his biographies?

(CORNELIUS) NEPOS

B1: Nepos' *Dē Vīrīs Illūstribus* includes a book on "excellent" examples of what sort of men "of foreign peoples"?

GENERALS / (MILITARY) LEADERS / **DUCĒS**

B2: The author "Dares Phrygius" wrote a strange, late work in which he claims to be Nepos and describes what city's **excidium**?

TROY / **TROIA** / ILIUM

4. What system — which was expanded to include **portoria**, a subset of the **vectīgālia** — was used by emperors to fill the **fiscus** through the work of **pūblicānī**, who had formerly contributed to the **aerārium Sāturnī**?

TAX(ATION) // TAX(-FARMING) // TAX(-COLLECTION) // TAX (SYSTEM) [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: In Republican Rome, the **scrīptūra** was the revenue that was collected from the **iugera** owned by the state. Please give the two-word Latin term for this state-owned **iugera**.

AGER PŪBLICUS

B2: In 92 B.C., what man was unjustly convicted of extortion during his legateship in Asia because he had tried to protect its inhabitants from the excesses of the **pūblicānī**, upsetting the establishment?

(PUBLIUS) RUTILIUS RUFUS

5. What process supposedly occurred through the mouth in weasels, inspiring the story that Galanthis became one after using her "lying mouth" to help Alcmene with it, since Alcmene was being stopped by Eileithyia?

(CHILD)BIRTH // BIRTH(ING)

B1: Among the Romans, what Latin title was given as an epithet to Juno and Diana as goddesses of childbirth?

(JUNO / **IŪNŌ** / DIANA) **LŪCĪNA** // **LŪCĪNAE**

B2: What is unique about Homer's description of Eileithyia when he describes how Hera held back Alcmene's labor in Book 19 of the *Iliad*? A description is fine.

THEY'RE ACTUALLY EILEITHYIAE // THERE'S MORE THAN ONE (OF HER) // THERE'S (AT LEAST) TWO OF HER [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

6. What man stages a dress rehearsal of his own funeral and excuses himself while his friends gossip in slang-filled Latin during an episode that parodies the *nouveau riche*'s appetite for opulence and gluttony in Petronius' day?

(GAIUS POMPEIUS) TRIMALCHIO (MAECENATIANUS)

B1: Immediately after the **cēna Trimalchiōnis**, what traveling companion of Encolpius seduces Giton?

ASCYLTUS / ASCYLTOS

B2: In the middle of the **cēna Trimalchiōnis**, Niceros describes how he encountered what sort of creature in a graveyard?

(WERE)WOLF [<u>PROMPT</u> ON "MAN" OR "HUMAN"]

7. What is the meaning of the Latin verb at the roots of "challenge" and "calumny," as well as the Latin verb at the roots of "default" and "fallible"?

(TO / I) {DECEIVE // LIE // TRICK // DEVISE TRICKS // INTRIGUE AGAINST // USE ARTIFICE} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: What English adjective meaning "deceitful, untrustworthy" may derive from a Latin phrase meaning "to deceive through faith"?

<div align="right">PERFIDIOUS</div>

B2: What Latin verb meaning "entice" or "deceive," not directly attested but reconstructed by Festus to explain its derivatives, lies at the ultimate root of "delicious"?

<div align="right">**LACIŌ / LACERE**</div>

8. What emperor — who executed a rival's son, Candidianus, and beheaded a prior emperor's wife and daughter, Prisca and Valeria — was beaten by a rival emperor at Adrianople and Chrysopolis in 324 A.D., giving Constantine full rule?

<div align="right">(VALERIUS) LICINIUS (LICINIANUS)</div>

B1: After the death of his father, Galerius, Candidianus, fled to the court of what emperor, whom Licinius defeated in battle at Tzirallum?

<div align="right">MAXIMINUS {DAZA / DAIA}</div>

B2: After Tzirallum, Licinius chased Daza until he committed suicide at what city, where Florianus was killed in a mutiny several decades earlier?

<div align="right">TARSUS</div>

9. An assembly analogized what mythological man to a wolf attacking a herd's lead bull as they replaced Gelanor with him as king of Argos, which he had reached while fleeing the fifty sons of his twin-brother, Aegyptus?

<div align="right">DANAÜS</div>

B1: After arriving to Argos, Danaüs pursued his claim to the throne by citing his descent from what woman, the daughter of an Argive river-god?

<div align="right">IO</div>

B2: In thanks for the omen of the wolf descending upon Argos' herds, Danaüs appropriately founded a sanctuary of what god?

<div align="right">APOLLO LYCEUS [PROMPT ON "APOLLO"]</div>

10: Featuring a single **ictus** and divided by exactly one instance of a juncture dubbed "masculine" or "feminine" — the **caesura** — what type of rhythmic unit might be called "trochee," "spondee," or "dactyl" based on its composition?

<div align="right">(POETIC / METRICAL) FOOT [PROMPT ON ANSWERS LIKE "TROCHEE," "SPONDEE," OR "DACTYL" BY ASKING "WHAT IS THE GENERAL TERM FOR A UNIT LIKE A [INSERT WORD]"?]</div>

B1: What type of poetic foot comprised a short syllable followed by a long syllable, as in the word **ducēs**?

<div align="right">IAMB(IC)</div>

B2: What type of poetic foot comprised two short syllables followed by a long syllable, or essentially a reversed dactyl?

<div align="right">ANAP(A)EST [PROMPT ON "ANTIDACTYL(US)"]</div>

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. What man rededicated the Maison-Carrée to his grandsons, built a monument with a panel showing the earth-deity Tellus, was depicted in a statue at Prima Porta, and ordered a carving of his **rēs gestae** in front of his mausoleum?

(CAESAR) AUGUSTUS // (GAIUS) OCTAVIUS // OCTAVIAN

B1: What building constructed during Augustus' reign on the **Campus Martius** probably acted as a sundial?

{SŌLĀRIUM / HŌROLOGIUM} (AUGUSTĪ)

B2: A bronze head of Augustus, almost black in appearance, was found buried in sand at what city in 1910?

MEROË

12. A ruler of what kingdom — whose history was the focus of a moralizing epitome by Justin that condensed a 44-book work by Pompeius Trogus — was likened to Mark Antony in a set of 14 polemical speeches by Cicero?

MACEDON(IA)

B1: What early imperial author, a freedman probably born in Pydna in Macedonia, wrote a five-book work containing **promȳthia** and **epimȳthia**?

PHAEDRUS

B2: What early imperial author, like Curtius Rufus, repeatedly cited Alexander the Great as an exemplum of qualities like **amīcitia**, **clēmentia**, **superbia**, and **cupiditās glōriae**?

VALERIUS MAXIMUS

13. What decade B.C., in whose early years Quintus Pompeius Rufus was murdered and Publius Sulpicius Rufus passed laws via mob violence, saw Carbo and Cinna appoint themselves consuls, causing Sulla's dictatorship?

80s (B.C.)

B1: What man served as suffect consul in 86 B.C., replacing Marius, before he was killed in a mutiny in Asia led by one of his subordinates, Gaius Flavius Fimbria?

(LUCIUS) VALERIUS FLACCUS

B2: When Cinna refused to recognize him in 84 B.C., Pompey declared for Sulla, raising three legions of his father's veterans and clients from the countryside of what region?

PICENUM

14. What sort of event, sometimes called a **procella**, is compared to a "riot in a great nation" in an epic simile in the *Aeneid*, when one "**flūctūs ad sīdera tollit**" and causes "**disiectam Aenēae tōtō … aequore classem**."

STORM

B1: What third-declension Latin noun means "storm" as a development of its meanings of "whirlwind," "hurricane," or "tornado"?

TURBŌ

B2: What can **turbō** also mean, as in an epic simile in Book 7 of the *Aeneid* that compares Amata to one as she whirls through Latium after being maddened by Allecto?

15. What goddess was said by the Phigalians to have birthed their chief-goddess — the so-called "Mistress" — after trying to hide among Oncius' horses and being raped by horse-Poseidon, with whom she had Arion?

DEMETER

B1: At some point, "Despoina," which meant "Mistress," was conflated with Persephone, who was worshipped under what title in the Eleusinian mysteries?

KORE [PROMPT ON "MAID(EN)"]

B2: What other obscure god was the patron of initiates in their procession to Eleusis during the Mysteries?

IACCHUS

————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] —————————————————

16. What type of animal — which landed on a Roman's helmet atop Mount Gaurus and attacked a gigantic Gaul — names a device lowered onto an enemy's hull as a boarding bridge during the First Punic War?

CORVUS / RAVEN / CROW

B1: At what battle did the Romans under Marcus Atilius Regulus use the **corvus** to defeat a Carthaginian fleet, allowing Regulus to have an unopposed landing in Africa?

(BATTLE OF CAPE) ECNOMUS

B2: In a similar story to that of Marcus Valerius Corvus, what Roman defeated a gigantic Gaul in single combat in 361 B.C., allowing him to seize the Gaul's neck ring that would give him his **cognōmen**?

(TITUS MANLIUS IMPERIOSUS) TORQUATUS

17. What sort of clause, which may carry the sentence's main idea in an **inversum** type, was mostly replaced by clauses that use the same conjunction but take the subjunctive, such as those expressing cause, circumstance, or concession?

CUM TEMPORAL (CLAUSE) [PROMPT ON "**CUM** (CLAUSE)" or "TEMPORAL (CLAUSE)"]

B1: What is the primary archaic spelling of **cum**?

QUOM

B2: What term refers to the dependent clause in this sentence from Cicero: "**quaecumque causa vōs hūc attulisset, laetārer**"?

{CONDITIONAL / INDEFINITE} RELATIVE (CLAUSE)

18. What author's compositions *Venī redēmptor gentium* and *Aeterne rērum conditor* earned him the title "Father of Church Song," though he also wrote *Dē Officiīs Ministrōrum*, which gave advice to the priests of Milan?

(SAINT) AMBROSE (OF MILAN) // (AURELIUS) AMBROSIUS

B1: How many books was Ambrose's collection of sermons commenting on the days of the Creation?

SIX

B2: What name is shared between the following men: the Arian theologian who was Ambrose's predecessor as bishop of Milan; the Arian theologian against whom Ambrose delivered a speech about Milan's basilicas; the Christian hermit who, like Saint Valentine, died on February 14?

AUXENTIUS

19. What meaning is shared by the adjectival phrase "**aquā et ignī interdictus**," the neutral passive participle "**exsulāns**," the adjectival phrase "**ē cīvitāte ēiectus**," and the participle "**dēportātus**"?

BANISHED / EXILED / DEPORTED // KICKED OUT OF THE COUNTRY [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: What English participle derives from a Latin participle meaning "driven outside of the boundary" or "exiled"?

EXTERMINATED

B2: Translate this sentence, adapted from Florus, into English. Know that the idiom **rogāre lēgem** means "to propose a law": **Sāturnīnus senātum coēgit iūrāre ut rogāret Gracchōrum lēgēs cum abnuentibus aquā et ignī interdictūrum minārētur.**

SATURNINUS COMPELLED THE SENATE TO SWEAR {TO PROPOSE // THAT IT WOULD PROPOSE} THE LAWS OF THE GRACCHI {WHEN / SINCE} {HE / SATURNINUS} WAS THREATENING THAT HE WOULD {BANISH THOSE WHO WERE REFUSING / DECLINING (TO DO SO) // FORBID WATER AND FIRE TO THOSE WHO WERE REFUSING / DECLINING (TO DO SO)} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

20. What married man, after he is compared to the wine-mad centaur Eurytion, honors his dead friend Iphitus and proves Theoclymenus' bloody prophecy by shooting Eurymachus and Antinoüs with his reclaimed bow?

ODYSSEUS

B1: After Odysseus shoots Eurymachus and Antinoüs, Telemachus spears what Dulichian man, the best-behaved of all the suitors?

AMPHINOMUS

B2: The last suitor that Odysseus killed was what man, the first to attempt to string Odysseus' bow, as he begged for mercy?

LEODES

———————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

[1] This question was written by Vicki Li.

Keartamen 4 (K4) - Finals

0. *Note to players: A description is acceptable.* What sort of scene includes one where a giant ant plays an electronic drum set, a silent meal inside a New York shawarma restaurant, J. Jonah Jameson leaking footage doctored by the late Mysterio, and a man driving in the New Mexico desert towards a crashed hammer, Mjölnir?

MARVEL (POST-)CREDIT SCENES [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: In a post-credits scene in *Thor: The Dark World*, what astrophysicist sees a portal appear on her London balcony and finds Thor outside?

(DOCTOR) JANE (FOSTER)

B2: In a post-credits scene in *Thor: Ragnarok*, the Grandmaster attempts to placate the citizens of what trash planet by declaring the revolution a draw?

SAKAAR

Moderator says: "Subsequent questions will count for points. Good luck and have fun!"
1. *Note to players: A description is acceptable.* What cultural process was summarized by Horace's quote "**ferum victōrem cēpit**," advanced by a three-man 155 B.C. embassy for which Gaius Acilius translated, heavily opposed by Cato as **cēnsor**, and caused Mars to be identified with Ares?

HELLENIZATION [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Translate Horace's lines "**Graecia capta ferum victōrem cēpit et artīs / intulit agrestī Latiō**" into English.

CAPTURED GREECE CAPTURED HER SAVAGE VICTOR AND BROUGHT ITS ARTS TO RUSTIC LATIUM [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: The classic study of Hellenization is *Alien Wisdom* by what Italian scholar, probably the greatest classicist of the 20th century?

(ARNALDO) MOMIGLIANO

2. What emperor appointed Geminius Chrestus as praetorian prefect and established a **cōnsilium** of 16 senators that included the historian Cassius Dio, though true power was held by the jurist Ulpian and his mother, Julia Mamaea?

ALEXANDER SEVERUS // SEVERUS ALEXANDER

B1: What other emperor had killed Julia Mamaea's husband when Mamaea's mother and sister led a revolt in favor of Mamaea's nephew?

MACRINUS

B2: According to Herodian, Mamaea grew so jealous of what woman, Alexander Severus' wife, that she executed her father and had her exiled to North Africa?

(GNAEA SEIA HERENNIA) SALLUSTIA (ORBA BARBIA) ORBIANA

3. According to Hyginus, an escape from what people was almost ended prematurely at Zminthe by the priest Chryses, who wanted to return their stolen statue to Thoas before he was convinced otherwise by the fleeing Orestes and Iphigeneia?

B1: Hyginus says that after returning from the Taurians, Orestes would have killed what daughter of Aegisthus and Clytemnestra if Diana had not rescued her and made her a priestess in Attica?

ERIGONE

B2: The natives of what city in Attica claimed that their statue of Artemis was the one carried off from the Taurians by Iphigeneia, who became a priest there according to Euripides' *Iphigeneia in Tauris*?

BRAURON

4. What is the meaning of the Latin noun at the root of *Panzer* and "paunch" — **pantex** — plus the Latin words at the root of "alveolus" and a word meaning "the art of making one's voice seem to come from elsewhere, like a dummy"?

STOMACH / BELLY

B1: The name of what type of stone derives from the Latin word **ilia**, meaning "guts"?

JADE

B2: What Italian noun derived from **pantex** means "cured belly of pork"?

PANCETTA

5. What discipline is the focus of *Mathēsis* by the fourth-century author Firmicus Maternus, who imitated a first–century–A.D., five-book hexameter poem that describes the **locus fortunae** and was written by Manilius?

ASTROLOGY / ASTRONOMY

B1: Several Romans, including Cicero and Germanicus, translated what Greek author's astronomical treatise *Phaenomena*?

ARATUS (OF SOLI)

B2: In Propertius 4.1, Propertius has what astrologer declare that Propertius' poetic path is ill-advised, since he is really a love-elegist?

HORUS

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

6. What Latin verb fits the following clues: it is the root of a genitive singular monoptote that appears in phrases meaning "for form's sake"; it is the root of a compound adjective meaning "slanderous" that forms its comparative based on the verb's participle, much like **malevolus**; it is the root of compound verbs meaning "to bid farewell" and "to foretell"?

DĪCŌ, DĪCERE

B1: What compound of **dīcō** means "to warn" or "to forbid"?

INTERDĪCŌ

B2: What derivative of **dīcō** is probably a tetraptote appearing only in the singular, though there exists a single instance of it in the plural?

DICIŌ(NIS)

7. What sort of document, which could include so-called "**novellae**," included the *Pandecta*, the *Dīgesta*, or works simply called *Cōdex*, like those of Theodosius II or the emperor Justinian?

LAW-CODE(S) // COMPILATION(S) OF LAW [PROMPT ON "*CŌDEX*"]

B1: What was the full name for Justinian's collection of jurisprudential works that included the **Cōdex**, the **Dīgesta**, and the **Īnstitūtiōnēs**?

CORPUS {IŪRIS / JŪRIS} CĪVĪLIS

B2: Around the fall of Rome, what Visigothic king ordered the compilation of a set of laws that became a namesake **Cōdex**, though it would later be revised by the *Breviary of Alaric*?

EURIC

8. What name is shared among the son of Hyrië whose supposed suicide made her melt away in tears, a ruler of Colonae whom Achilles strangled with his own helmet-thongs, and a king who left the Ligurians to mourn Phaëthon?

CYCNUS

B1: All three of these men become swans in Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, as their shared name indicates. In the *Metamorphoses*, Nestor says that Cycnus of Colonae is the only man of his generation to be able to "ignore swords," but compares his abilities to those of what deceased Thessalian?

CAENEUS / CAENIS

B2: Vergil drew heavily on this Cycnus' legend in his description of which of Turnus' allies, a son of Neptune "whom no one's permitted to fell with fire or steel"?

MESSAPUS

9. Translate the following sentence into English: **Subitō cōnsilium cēpī ut, antequam lūcēret, ēgrederer**.

SUDDENLY I {FORMED / MADE} THE PLAN THAT, BEFORE IT GOT LIGHT, I WOULD LEAVE [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B1: Why is **lūcēret** subjunctive with **antequam**? A description is fine.

SUBJUNCTIVE BY ATTRACTION // ATTRACTED [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Now translate this sentence, again featuring a subjunctive by attraction, into English: "**plūs semper adpetunt nec eōrum quisquam adhūc inventus est, cui quod habēret esset satis**."

THEY ALWAYS SEEK MORE AND NOT ANY OF THEM HAS STILL BEEN FOUND, FOR WHOM WHAT HE WAS HAVING WAS ENOUGH [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

10. What mythological man — over whose body the line "praise melts more rapidly than ice in springtime" is spoken — was the subject of a tragedy by Augustus, was called **Mastigophorus**, and was the losing man in the **Armōrum Iūdicium**?

AJAX

B1: What two playwrights wrote an **Armōrum Iūdicium**?

PACUVIUS and ACCIUS

B2: According to Suetonius, when friends asked Augustus what had happened to his Ajax, Augustus quipped that he had not fallen on his sword, but on what object, since Augustus had destroyed the play?

SPONGE

———————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————

11. Sections of what region were represented by one sun-dried and one fire-baked clay lot in a draw rigged for Cresphontes, who invaded it as part of the "third crop" in the "return of the Heraclids" to the so-called "island of Pelops"?

PELOPONNESE (PENINSULA) // PELOPONNESUS // PELOPONNESIAN (PENINSULA)

B1: Through the rigged draw, Cresphontes gained rule of what choice region in the southwestern Peloponnese and expelled the descendants of Nestor from Pylos?

MESSENIA / MESSINIA

B2: Through the rigged draw, Cresphontes outmaneuvered what two sons of his deceased brother, Aristodemus?

PROCLES and EURYSTHENES

12. What author ended a line with the strange apocope "**endō suam do**," used a bizarre tmesis to describe a shattered brain with "**saxō cere comminuit brum**," imitated Homer's genitive ending **-oeo**, coined the word **taratantara**, and overly alliterated?

(QUINTUS) ENNIUS

B1: Please scan Ennius' line "**Cives Romani tunc facti sunt Campani**."

SSSSSS // HOLOSPOND(A)IAC

B2: Ennius' instances of apocope, in which he strangely drops the last syllable of a word at the end of a line, are cited in Ausonius' *Technopaegnion*. Please translate these three lines from that work into English, knowing that "**endō suam do**" means the same as "**domum**":

Unde Rudīnus ait "dīvum domus altisonum cael"?
et cuius dē mōre, quod addidit, "endō suam do"?
aut, dē fronde loquēns, cūr dīcit "pōpulea frōs"?

FROM WHERE DOES {ENNIUS // THE RUDIAN // HE OF RUDIA} SAY "THE SKY, THE {DEEP / HIGH}-SOUNDING HOME OF THE GODS? AND AFTER WHOSE CUSTOM DID HE ADD "TO (THE) HOME"? OR, SPEAKING ABOUT A LEAF, WHY DOES HE SAY "A LEAF OF POPLAR"?

13. What kingdom, a ruler of which said **pūblicānī** had enslaved so many people that he could not help fight the Cimbri, allegedly had its town of Prusa designed by the aged Hannibal and its ruler Prusias before both died near Nicomedia?

BITHYNIA

B1: Hannibal had helped Prusias by winning a series of victories over what ruler of Pergamum?

EUMENES II (OF PERGAMUM)

B2: In the 2nd-century B.C., successive rulers of Bithynia engaged in constant quarrels with various Cappadocian rulers, who all had what regnal name?

ARIARATHES

14. What two-letter ending ends Latin nouns meaning "a paneled ceiling," "the gods' cushioned couch," "the spur on a rider's heel," plus a derivative of **exemplum** meaning "an ideal model" and other neuter nouns shortened from an adjectival stem?

-AR

B1: What plural noun with a similar formation literally means "belonging to the ankles" but came to mean "winged shoes"?

TĀLĀRIA

B2: What word with a similar formation means "brothel"?

LUPĀNAR

15. What work, which claims "**vīta vigilia est**" and enabled the Renaissance reidentification of the *Laocoön* statue group with its excursus on art history, was finished during a naval commandership whose fatal effects left its 37 books unrevised?

(PLINY THE ELDER'S) *NĀTŪRĀLIS HISTORIA*

B1: What English author of *The Ecclesiastical History of the English People*, often called the "Venerable," quotes extensively from Pliny's *Nātūrālis Historia*?

BEDE

B2: What author's *Collēctānea Rērum Memorābilium* draws primarily from Pliny's *Nātūrālis Historia*?

(GAIUS) JULIUS SOLINUS

———————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

16. What **praenomen** was held by a man whose failure to appear before Cincinnatus led Gaius Servilius Ahala to kill him and a man whose proposal of Rome's first agrarian law led him to be killed for seeking kingship — Maelius and Cassius?

SPURIUS

B1: Livy compares the stories of Maelius and Cassius, both killed for supposedly seeking kingship, to what fourth–century–B.C. Republican hero, who was killed when supposedly aspiring to kingship by freeing Roman debtors?

(MARCUS) MANLIUS CAPITOLINUS

B2: In addition to their execution by various means, what additional posthumous punishment was endured by all three **adfectātōrēs rēgnī**, according to Livy? A description is fine.

(THEIR) HOUSES WERE DESTROYED [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

17. What could one quantify with a **hēmīna**, some **cyathī**, a **sextārius**, or a **quārtārius**, the last of which has a function close to a similar-sounding English word?

VOLUME / CAPACITY (OF {LIQUIDS / DRY GOODS}) [ACCEPT ANSWERS INDICATING ANY LIQUID OR DRY GOOD, SUCH AS WINE OR CORN]

B1: Give either the Latin word for "peck" that was comprised of 16 **sextāriī** or the Latin word for "gallon," made up of 6 **sextāriī**, that was abbreviated **c.**.

MODIUS or **CONGIUS**

B2: How many **cyathī** made up a **sextārius**?

12

18. What man — who was saved from being a scapegoat for the Achaeans by Cytissorus, his grandson — had children killed by his wife Themisto, accidentally murdered his son Learchus, and cheated on his wife Nephele?

ATHAMAS

B1: After murdering Learchus, Athamas asked the Delphic oracle to settle where wild beasts did what action? A description is fine.

WHERE WILD BEASTS WOULD {ENTERTAIN HIM // TREAT HIM HOSPITABLY} [ACCEPT EQUIVALENTS]

B2: Athamas at one point tried to sacrifice Phrixus to Zeus atop what mountain, leading him to nearly be sacrificed by the Achaeans to the same god as a scapegoat?

(MOUNT) LAPHYSTIUS

19. What author imagined a child who fell asleep and woke up fifty years later in *Sexagēsis*, wrote a series of 700 epigrammatic biographies called *Hebdomadēs* or *Imāginēs*, and authored *Dē Linguā Latīnā* and *Dē Rē Rūsticā*?

VARRO OF REATE // VARRO REATINUS

B1: Varro's *Dē Rē Rūsticā* is dedicated to what woman, his wife?

FUNDANIA

B2: What 76-book work by Varro contains dialogues on moral themes, such as *Cūriō dē Cultū Deōrum*, *Pius dē Pāce*, and *Marius dē Fortūnā*?

LOGISTORICĪ / *LOGISTORICA*

———————————————————— [SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————

20. What activity — said to be conducted by the "**indoctī doctīque**" — can **olet lucernam** if it takes too long, is delayed by the **labor limae**, is the subject of a **furor** or **cacoethes**, and may have a **lāpsus calamī** or two?

WRITING (A BOOK / POEM / CERTAMEN)

B1: What Latin preposition is used in English to cite a scholarly work at second hand, essentially meaning "in the writings of"?

APUD

B2: Give the Latin word that fills in this rhyming Latin saying, written by a monk at the end of a medieval manuscript: "**nunc scrīpsī tōtum prō Chrīstō, dā mihi [blank]**." It might also be rendered "**nunc scrīpsī tōtum, prō Chrīstō dā mihi [blank]**."

PŌTUM

———————————————————— [FINAL SCORE CHECK] ————————————————————