1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

Round B1

I. Name the sisters who were turned into a sparrow and a nightingale.

PROCNE AND PHILOMELA

Who cut out the tongue of one of them? TEREUS
How did the sisters punish him? KILLED HIS SON ITYS
AND SERVED HIM TO TEREUS FOR DINNER

II. What king of Arabia was killed by Heracles during the quest for the golden apples?

EMATHION

Who was Emathion's father? TITHONUS Who was Emathion's mother? EOS

III. What tenses exist in the indicative but not in the subjunctive?

FUTURE AND FUTURE PERFECT

What are the tenses of the infinitive?

PRESENT, PERFECT, FUTURE

What are the tenses of the imperative?

PRESENT AND FUTURE

IV. Who was the father of brothers named Amulius and Numitor?

SILVIUS PROCA

Which brother had the son of the other killed?

AMULIUS

What sons of Numitor's daughter punished Amulius for his crimes? ROMULUS AND REMUS

V. Who was the father of Zeus? CRONUS

Who was Zeus' mother? RHEA
How many Olympian sisters did Zeus have? THREE

VI. Who was the emperor at the time of the birth of Christ?

AUGUSTUS

Who was the emperor at the time of Christ's crucifixion thirty-four years later?

TIBERIUS

Was crucifixion in common use by the Romans at this time? YES, VERY MUCH SO

Round B1, Page 2

VII. What city was the capital of the province of Africa?
UTICA

Who used the city as a base in 81BC? POMPEY
Whose suicide took place there? CATO THE YOUNGER'S

VIII. Name a month in which the Ides fall on the fifteenth.

MARCH, MAY, JULY, OCTOBER

Name another. Name another.

IX. Where did Pyrrhus and the Romans first fight?

HERACLEA

What was the year? 280BC Who won? PYRRHUS

X. Who angered Latona with her boasts of superior fertility?
NIOBE

How many children had Niobe had? FOURTEEN (TWELVE) Where was Niobe queen? THEBES

XI. To whom was Aruns Tarquinius unlucky enough to be married?

TULLIA (MINOR)

Whom did she induce to kill Aruns? TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS Whom else did Tarquinius Superbus have to kill?

HER FATHER, SERVIUS TULLIUS

XII. Change stas to perfect tense. STETISTI

Change **stetisti** to future perfect. STETERIS Change **steteris** to imperfect. STABAS

XIII. Name a letter in our alphabet which a Roman of Cicero's day would not have recognized.

J, U or W

What letter was invented by the Romans only to transliterate the Greek upsilon? Y

What letters did the Romans use to transliterate the Greek chi, which is written like the Roman X? CH

XIV. What is the meaning of the Greek word element common to "monochromatic" and "chromosome"?

COLOR

Common to "chromosome" and "psychosomatic"? BODY
Common to "psychosomatic" and "psychosis"? MIND, SOUL

Round B1, Page 3

XV. What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "flammable"?

FLAMMA = FLAME

What Latin verb with what meaning is at the root of "incendiary"? INCENDO = BURN
What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "incinerate" CINIS = ASH

XVI. Say in Latin: "I can hear." POSSUM AUDIRE.

Say in Latin: "I can't see." NON POSSUM VIDERE.
Using an adjective, say in Latin: "We are blind."

CAECI SUMUS

XVII. Make plural the phrase magnae manui.

MAGNIS MANIBUS

Give another singular version of the plural phrase magnis manibus. MAGN $\bar{\text{A}}$ MANU Make magnis manibus genitive. MAGNARUM MANUUM

XVIII. Dinner guests are in the dining room awaiting their dinner. What is the Latin word for their meal?

CENA

What is the Latin word for their location? TRICLINIUM

What is the word for the room where the meal is being prepared? CULINA

- XIX. What is the fourth principal part of spondeo? SPONSUS
 - What is the fourth principal part of **caveo**? CAUTUS
 What is the fourth principal part of **uro**? USTUS
- XX. Translate the adverb **celerius**.

 MORE QUICKLY (or QUICKER), RATHER QUICKLY, TOO QUICKLY

Translate facillime. MOST EASILY, VERY EASILY Translate pessime. VERY BADLY, WORST

1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

Round B2

The code of Roman law framed in the middle of the fifth century BC is called what? THE LAWS OF THE TWELVE TABLES

How many men were commissioned to write them?

TEN

Who dominated this commission in its second year?

APPIUS CLAUDIUS

II. Change itis to subjunctive. EATIS

Change **eatis** to imperfect. IRETIS

Change **iretis** to perfect. IERĪTIS/IVERĪTIS

III. What Roman king, according to later Roman scholars, C&S was also known by the Etruscan name Mastarna?

pp40-41 SERVIUS TULLIUS

Was Servius Tullius' Roman name plebeian or patrician?
PLEBEIAN

What large construction project was his namesake legacy?

THE SERVIAN WALL

IV. What Amazon queen came to the Trojans' assistance?

PENTHESILEA

Who killed her but fell in love with the body?

ACHILLES

Who mocked Achilles for this and promptly paid with his life? THERSITES

V. To whom was Tiberius originally married? VIPSANIA

Who was her father? M. VIPSANIUS **AGRIPPA**Whose daughter did Tiberius marry after divorcing
Vipsania? AUGUSTUS'

VI. Make **femina** plural in this sentence and make all other changes necessary: **Femina quam vidi pulchra est.**FEMINAE QUAS VIDI PULCHRAE SUNT.

Change this sentence to make the subject plural: Hic miles qui vulneratus erat in viā cecidit.
HI MILITES QUI VULNERATI ERANT IN VIĀ CECIDERUNT.
Change this sentence to make the verb future:
Dux in castris mansit. DUX IN CASTRIS MANEBIT.

Round B2, Page 2

VII. What woman of mythology gave birth to her own grandchildren?

JOCASTA

Who were the brothers of Ismene and Antigone who were also their uncles? POLYNICES AND ETEOCLES
Who was their uncle without being their brother? CREON

VIII. Which of his sisters besides Hera bore Zeus a child?

DEMETER

Who was the child? PERSEPHONE From what island did Hades kidnap Persephone? SICILY

IX. What is the meaning of the Greek word element common to "pedagogy" and "orthopedist"?

CHILD

Common to "democracy" and "epidemic"? PEOPLE Common to "hemophilia" and "anemia"? BLOOD

X. What was the last naval battle of Roman history? ACTIUM

For five points each, where did Augustus put his two main naval bases? MISENUM AND RAVENNA

XI. Name and define the Latin noun at the root of "disturbance."

TURBA = CROWD

What English derivative of **turba** means "chaotic" or "tumultuous"? TURBULENT
What related derivative is a part of a motor? TURBINE

XII. Change **lumen** to plural. LUMINA

Change **lumina** to genitive. LUMINUM Change **luminum** to singular. LUMINIS

XIII. Where did the assassins of Caesar make their final, fatal stand against the forces of Antony and Octavian?

PHILIPPI

What was the year? 42BC

In what modern country is Philippi? GREECE

XIV. What is the translation of the Latin noun sagitta? ARROW

What is **frumentum**?

GRAIN

What is **litus**?

SEASHORE, COAST

Round B2, Page 3

XV. Who turned Arethusa into a spring? ARTEMIS/DIANA

How did Heracles use Arethusa's lover Alpheus?

HE CHANNELED HIM (WITH PENEIUS) TO CLEAN AUGEAS' STABLES

What famous Greek city did the Alpheus flow past?

OLYMPIA

XVI. Distinguish in meaning between the nouns **hasta** and **hostis**.

HASTA = SPEAR HOSTIS = ENEMY

Distinguish in meaning between the nouns moles and miles. MILES = SOLDIER MOLES = MASS, PILE, DAM With both first A's long, distinguish in meaning between the singular nouns māla and mālum.

MALA = CHEEK MALUM = APPLE

XVII. What is the use of the accusative in this sentence:
Linguam Latinam omnes amamus?

DIRECT OBJECT

In this sentence: Omnes scimus linguam Latinam vivere?
SUBJECT OF INFINITIVE (WITHIN INDIRECT STATEMENT)
In this sentence: Meus magister multos annos vivet.

DURATION OF TIME

XVIII. What Roman official had the power of the veto? TRIBUNE

What does **veto** mean in Latin? I FORBID
Whose interests was the tribunate originally
established to protect? THE PEOPLE, PLEBEIANS

XIX. What case would you need to translate "copper" in this sentence: "There is less copper in pennies than there used to be"?

GENITIVE

For five points each, use two different Latin phrases to translate "no silver" in this sentence: "There's no silver in quarters any longer."

NULLUM ARGENTUM, NIHIL ARGENTI

What adjective with what meaning is the root of "force"?

FORTIS = BRAVE, STRONG

What noun with what meaning is the root of "endorse"?

DORSUM = BACK

1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

Round B3

I. What case normally follows super? ACCUSATIVE

What case normally follows apud? ACCUSATIVE

What case normally follows satis?

II. What ablative absolute would be best translated as "under my leadership"?

ME DUCE/DUCENTE

GENITIVE

How would you translate the ablative absolute **te meque consulibus**? WHEN/IF YOU AND I WERE CONSULS Translate the ablative absolute **mutatis mutandis**. WITH THE NECESSARY CHANGES (HAVING BEEN) MADE

III. Who organized the resistance of central Gaul to Caesar in 52BC?

VERCINGETORIX

After what siege did Vercingetorix surrender? ALESIA What ultimately happened to Vercingetorix? HE WAS EXECUTED (AFTER BEING PARADED IN CAESAR'S TRIUMPH)

IV. What name did Octavian receive when he was born?
GAIUS OCTAVIUS

After his adoption by Julius Caesar, what did his name become? GAIUS JULIUS CAESAR OCTAVIANUS When did the Senate make him Augustus? 27BC

V. What does the Greek prefix mono- mean? ONE, SINGLE

The prefix hemi-? HALF
The prefix iso-? EQUAL

VI. What is the gender of vulnus? NEUTER

What is the gender of artus? MASCULINE What is the declension of artus? FOURTH

VII. What adjective in English for "wordy" comes from a Latin adjective based on the noun for "word"?

VERBOSE

What is the Latin noun? VERBUM
What Latin adverb is borrowed directly from Latin and means "word for word"? VERBATIM

Round B3, Page 2

VIII. As Livy tells us, what was Rome's first stone bridge?

THE PONS AEMILIUS

It dates from what year? 179BC What bridge came next? PONS MULVIUS (109BC)

- IX. Distinguish in meaning between the noun **natus** and the the adjective **notus**.

 NATUS = SON, BIRTH NOTUS = FAMOUS, NOTED

 Distinguish in meaning between the verbs **nascor** and **nato**. NATO = SWIM NASCOR = BE BORN

 Distinguish in meaning between the nouns **naufragium** and **naumachia**.

 NAUFRAGIUM = SHIPWRECK NAUMACHIA = NAVAL BATTLE
- X. What would a slave called a cinerarius do? FIX A LADY'S HAIR

What would adversitores do?

SEE ROMANS HOME (AFTER EVENING ENGAGEMENTS)
What was the term for a slave dealer?

LENO or MANGO or VENALICIUS

XI. What is the negative of **ut** in a purpose clause? NE

What is the negative of **ut** in a result clause? UT...NON

What is the negative of **ut** in a result clause? UT...NON What would be the Latin instead of **ut...non** in: "It's so hot that no one is in the street"? UT...NEMO

XII. What deity takes the guise of Ascanius to soften Dido's heart toward Aeneas?
CUPID/AMOR/EROS

What deity came to Aeneas to remind him to move on from Carthage?

MERCURY/HERMES

What deity persuade the Trojan women to set fire to their ships?

JUNO/HERA

XIII. What Latin noun is the root of "venom"? VENERUM

What Latin noun is the root of "poison"? POTIO What is the meaning of the Greek noun at the ultimate root of "toxic"?

XIV. What object of Apollo's affections was turned into a tree?

DAPHNE (or CYPARISSUS)

What kind of tree? LAUREL (or CYPRESS)
What lover did Apollo kill for her infidelity? CORONIS

Round B3, Page 3

XV. Change laudarem to present. LAUDEM

Change laudem to perfect.

LAUDAVERIM

Change laudaverim to passive.

LAUDATUS SIM

Change noscimus to perfect. XVI.

NOVIMUS

Change **discit** to perfect.

DIDICIT

Change miscet to perfect.

MISCUIT

What man in Greek mythology, like Noah, survived a great XVII. flood?

DEUCALION

Who was his wife? PYRRHA

What did they realize were meant when an oracle referred to their mother's bones? THE STONES (OF MOTHER EARTH)

What daughter of Proteus told a Greek chieftain how to XVIII. get information out of her father? INO/IDOTHEA

Who was the Greek?

MENELAUS

What guise did Menelaus adopt to waylay Proteus? SEAL

XIX. What daughter of Minos fell in love with and aided Theseus?

ARIADNE

What other daughter of Minos later married Theseus? PHAEDRA

What son of Minos was killed by a bull, prompting vengeance against Athens? ANDROGEOS

XX. What important event took place in 476AD? THE FALL OF THE WESTERN EMPIRE (OF ROME)

> What city fell in 1453AD? CONSTANTINOPLE/BYZANTIUM Who was the last emperor in the west? ROMULUS AUGUSTULUS

1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

Round B10

I. What official selected the Vestal Virgins?

THE PONTIFEX MAXIMUS

With what words did he tap a candidate? TE, AMATA, CAPIO How many Vestal Virgins were there in historic times? SIX

II. During the Trojan War, who was the first Greek to walk on Trojan soil and thus the first to die there?

PROTESILAUS

Who was his wife? LAODAMIA (or POLYDORA)
What concession did Hermes make to her? (THE GHOST OF)
PROTESILAUS WAS ALLOWED TO VISIT HER FOR THREE HOURS; SHE
KILLED HERSELF WHEN HE LEFT (OR WAS ALLOWED TO DIE)

III. Cui deo vinum sacrum erat? BACCHO/LIBERO/DIONYSO

Qui deus currum solis agebat? APOLLO/HELIOS/SOL Quae dea lunae soror Apollinis erat? DIANA/ARTEMIS

To say, "Our school is as big as yours"?

TANTUS...QUANTUS

To say, "We practice as often as you do"?

TOTIENS...QUOTIENS

V. What city gave its name to Campania?

CAPUA

What people founded Capua? THE ETRUSCANS

In what year did construction begin on the Appian Way,
linking Capua and Rome? 312BC

VI. "Flower" (spell) of course is related to **flos**. What Latin noun is the root of "flour"?

FLOS

What Latin verb is the root of "devour"?

(DE) VORO, VORARE

What Latin verb is the root of "devout"?

(DE) VOVEO, VOVERE

Round B10, Page 2

VII. Who was the second wife of Septimius Severus?

JULIA DOMNA

Who was the mother of Severus Alexander?

JULIA MAMAEA (or JULIA AVITA MAMAEA)

Who was the mother of Elagabalus?

JULIA SOAEMIAS (or JULIA SOAEMIAS BASSIANA)

VIII. Change the noun form **vis** to plural. VIRES

Change the verb form **vis** to plural. VULTIS Change the noun form **vis** to ablative. VI

IX. What head of the Praetorian Guard was responsible for much of the tyranny under Tiberius?

AELIUS SEJANUS

Where was Tiberius' island retreat? CAPRI
Who was Tiberius' nephew and eventual successor?
CLAUDIUS

X. What was the Athenian system of banishment called?
OSTRACISM

What did ostraka, the voting pieces used for the ballot, mean?

POTSHERDS

How long was the banishment of ostracism?

TEN YEARS

XI. Dic mihi Anglice in qua civitate simus.

KNOXVILLE/TENNESSEE

Dic mihi ex qua civitate huc venerītis.

PLAYER SHOULD NAME HIS/HER HOME STATE

Dic mihi quis sis et qui sint socii.

PLAYER SHOULD NAME HIM/HERSELF AND TEAMMATES

XII. Change **sequitur** to future. SEQUETUR

Change **sequetur** to perfect. SECUTUS EST Change **secutus est** to subjunctive. SECUTUS SIT

XIII. What derivative of **struo** means to "raise" a building -R A I S E?

CONSTRUCT

What derivative of **struo** means to "raze" a building - R A Z E?

What derivative of **struo** means teach? INSTRUCT

Round B10, Page 3

XIV. Distinguish in meaning between cauda and caupo.

CAUDA = TAIL CAUPO = INNKEEPER

Distinguish in meaning between **pons** and **pontus**.

PONS = BRIDGE PONTUS = SEA

Distinguish in meaning between **velamen** and **volumen**.

VELAMEN = COVERING VOLUMEN = ROLL, VOLUME

XV. What was the river by which the gods sealed their oaths?

STYX

What river was the Underworld's river of forgetfulness?

LETHE

What was the river of fire? PHLEGETHON or PYRIPHLEGETHON

XVI. What is the syntax of *O tempora! O mores*?

ACCUSATIVE OF EXCLAMATION

What use of the ablative is found in Cicero's famous O fortunatam natam me consule Romam?

ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE

What two cases are found in Cicero's question **Quo usque** tandem abutere, Catilina, patientiā nostrā?

ABLATIVE AND VOCATIVE

XVII. What is the meaning of the word element common to "isosceles" and "skeleton"?

LEG

Common to "rhinoceros" and "triceratops"? HORN
Common to "archaeopteryx" and "lepidopterist"? WING

XVIII. As only a Latinist would know, what do your knee and a cooking spit have in common?

BOTH ARE FOURTH-DECLENSION NEUTER NOUNS

For five points each, name in Latin the other two fourth-declension neuter nouns. PECU, CORNU

XIX. What do these mythical men all have in common:
Bellerophon, Tenes, Peleus and Hippolytus?
ALL WERE FALSELY ACCUSED OF RAPE/SEDUCTION

Two of them were accused by their stepmothers. For five points, name one of the stepson-stepmother pairs.

TENES-PHILONOME, HIPPOLYTUS-PHAEDRA Name the other pair.

Round B10, Page 4

XX. Who was the hospitable king of the Phaeacians? ALCINOUS

For five points each, give two names for his island. SCHERIA, DREPANE, CORCYRA (now CORFU)

1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

B Level Tiebreakers

⊥•	LANGUAGE						
1.	What	tree	is	the	quercus?		OAK

- 2. Change auxisse to passive. AUCTUS ESSE
- 3. Change huic viro to plural. HIS VIRIS
- 4. Monstra mihi tuum tergum. PLAYER SHOULD TURN HIS BACK
- 5. What mood is found for the main verb <u>within</u> indirect statement? INFINITIVE
- 6. Translate the sentence: **Coniuratores puniamus.**LET US PUNISH THE CONSPIRATORS.
- 7. Give 1994 in Roman numerals. MCMXCIV (MDCCCCLXXXXIV)
- 8. Name and define the Latin noun at the root of "expectorate." PECTUS = CHEST, BREAST
- 9. Translate the sentence: **Sex nautas aegros vidi.**I SAW SIX SICK SAILORS.
- 10. What Latin verb is the root of "fashion"? FACIO
- 11. What Latin verb is formed on the same root as maestus?

 MAEREO
- 12. In qua parte tui corporis sunt tali? IN PEDE/PEDIBUS
- II. MYTHOLOGY
- 1. What was the kingdom of Agamemnon? MYCENAE
- 2. What flower sprang from Adonis' blood? ANEMONE
- 3. Who was Oedipus' father? LAIUS
- 4. Where did Jason go to fetch the Fleece? COLCHIS (or AEA)
- 5. In what city did Theseus grow up? TROEZEN
- 6. What was the answer to the Sphinx' riddle? MAN
- 7. What male beloved of Apollo was turned into a tree? CYPARISSUS

III. HISTORY

- 1. Whose temple was found on an island in the Tiber?
 AESCULAPIUS'
- 2. What emperor had a palatial villa at Tibur, now Tivoli? HADRIAN
- 3. What did a tonsor do?
 - CUT HAIR, PULL TEETH, SHAVE, SHEAR SHEEP
- 4. What decemvir disgraced Verginia? APPIUS CLAUDIUS
- 5. What was Julius Caesar's last battle? MUNDA (45BC)

6. Where did Marcellus and Tiberius serve together under Augustus in 25BC? SPAIN $\,$

1994 NJCL CERTAMEN

Round B100

I. How many enemy dead were necessary for a Roman general's triumph?

FIVE THOUSAND

What was the Latin name of the toga which the triumphator wore?

TOGA PICTA

What was the tribute given to a general who fell short of

What was the tribute given to a general who fell short of the requirements for a triumph? OVATIO

II. What son of Priam was a seer? HELENUS

For five points each, name two events he told the Greeks must occur for them to take Troy.

- 1) THEY MUST STEAL THE PALLADIUM.
- 2) THEY MUST BRING PELOPS' BONES TO TROY.
- 3) NEOPTOLEMUS MUST JOIN THE ARMY.
- 4) PHILOCTETES MUST REJOIN THE ARMY AND BRING HERACLES' WEAPONS WITH HIM.
- 5) THEY MUST BUILD THE HORSE.
- III. What region of Asia Minor was bequeathed to Rome by its king Nicomedes IV?

BITHYNIA

With what neighboring region was it combined as a senatorial province?

What emperor made the area an imperial province?

MARCUS AURELIUS

IV. What is the meaning of the Greek adjective at the root of "gymnasium"?

NAKED

What is the meaning of the Greek adjective at the root of the trade name "Xerox"? DRY
What is the meaning of the Greek noun in the first half of "xylophone"? WOOD

V. The Etruscans' defeat in what battle marked the end of Etruscan power in Latium?

ARICIA

Who was the Etruscan commander? LARS PORSENNA (ARRUNS) What battle a few years later pitted the Romans against their former Latin allies? LAKE REGILLUS

Round B100, Page 2

VI. Distinguish in meaning between the verbs pando and pendo.

PANDO = STRETCH OUT, OPEN, EXPAND

PENDO = HANG, SUSPEND (USED TRANSITIVELY!)

Distinguish in meaning between the verbs **patior** and **potior**. PATIOR = SUFFER, ALLOW, PERMIT POTIOR = GAIN POSSESSION OF

What do **pando** and **patior** have in common?

THE PRINCIPAL PART PASSUS

VII. Translate the verb in: "If only I had written that letter to my parents!"

SCRIPSISSEM

Translate the verb in: "If only I knew that cute boy's name!" COGNOSCEREM/SCIREM

Translate the verb in: "If only my teacher had taught me about contrary-to-fact wishes!" DOCUISSET

VIII. What god lustfully pursued Juturna?

JUPITER/ZEUS

Where did she hide from him?

BENEATH THE WATERS OF THE TIBER

When other local nymphs were helping Jupiter find her, what gossipy nymph blabbed to Juno about what he was up to?

LARA

IX. What type of subjunctive would you illustrate if you said, "Oh, whatever shall I do?"

DELIBERATIVE

When God said **Fiat lux**, what sort of independent subjunctive was He or She using?

JUSSIVE or HORTATORY or OPTATIVE
What type is **di duint**? OPTATIVE/JUSSIVE

X. Translate the idiom potestatem facere. PROVIDE AN OPPORTUNITY, MAKE POSSIBLE

Translate the idiom imperata facere.

CARRY OUT ORDERS, OBEY COMMANDS
Translate the idiom personam gerere.

PLAY A PART, ACT A ROLE, PORTRAY A CHARACTER

XI. Who mediated the dispute over Adonis between Aphrodite and Persephone?

CALLIOPE

Unhappy with her Solomonic solution, how did Aphrodite punish Calliope? CAUSED HER SON ORPHEUS' DEATH What metamorphosis did Aphrodite cause when Adonis was killed by a boar? THE ANEMONE GREW FROM HIS BLOOD

XII. What Ithacan seer foretold Odysseus' return, even after so many years?

HALITHERSES

What visiting seer, on the day of the suitors' slaughter, told them of their imminent doom? THEOCLYMENUS
What was Halitherses unable to do after the suitors' death? PERSUADE THEIR KINSMEN NOT TO SEEK VENGEANCE

XIII. What Latin noun is the root of the English noun "aisle" (spell)?

ATA

What is the root of "isle" (spell)? INSULA What two verbs, both meaning "separate" and "segregate," come from insula? INSULATE AND ISOLATE

XIV. What prince of Thebes, during the siege of the Seven against Thebes, threw himself off the city walls to appease Ares' anger?

MENOECEUS (or MEGAREUS)

Why was Ares angry at the Theban royal house? CADMUS HAD KILLED HIS SACRED SERPENT Ares' curse demanded that a man be sacrificed. What had to be true of the victim? HE HAD TO BE A VIRGIN AND/OR HE HAD TO BE DESCENDED FROM THE SPARTOI

XV. What name is given to the series of wars fought in a two-century period over the independence of Delphi?

THE SACRED WARS

How many were there?

Whose intervention ended the third and largest of the Sacred Wars? PHILIP II'S (OF MACEDON)

Round B100, Page 4

XVI. In his notorious purchase at auction of the Roman throne, how much did Didius Julianus promise to pay each pretorian?

25,000 SESTERCES

Whom did he outbid for the throne? SULPICIANUS (the **praefectus urbi** and father-in-law of the just-deceased emperor Pertinax)

Who marched on Rome and succeeded Didius Julianus? SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

XVII. Change creverim to imperfect. CERNEREM or CRESCEREM

Change cernerem/crescerem to present. CERNAM/CRESCAM Change cernam/crescam to pluperfect. CREVISSEM

XVIII. When universities bestow special degrees on prominent citizens, the recipient can put the degree after his/her name with the initials h.c. What Latin phrase with what meaning does that stand for?

HONORIS CAUSĀ = FOR HONOR'S SAKE, HONORARY

What Latin phrase with what meaning is abbreviated D.V.?

DEO VOLENTE - (WITH) GOD WILLING

What related Latin phrase with what meaning is abbreviated D.G.?

DEI GRATIA = BY THE GRACE OF GOD

XIX. What Latin noun is the root of "chef"? CAPUT

Before you eat the meal the chef cooks, you must be seated by the maitre d'. What Latin noun is the root of that?

MAGISTER

Maitre d' is the shortened form of a French phrase, maitre d'hotel, that means "master of the inn." What Latin noun for "guest" is the root of the French word for "inn"?

XX. Change dem to pluperfect.

DEDISSEM

DAREM DARER

Change **dedissem** to imperfect.
Change **darem** to passive.