# 2015 Yale Certamen Invitational
## Novice Division
## Round X

1. Who wandered the Earth for nine days in search of her daughter that had been kidnapped by Hades?

    DEMETER (ACCEPT CERES
    BEFORE HADES IS READ)

    B1 Give both the Greek and Roman name for Demeter's daughter, the goddess of spring and flowers.

    PERSEPHONE AND PROSERPINA (respectively)

    B2 While Demeter searched for her daughter, she came across a city where she was treated hospitably by its king and queen, Celeus and Metaneira. What is the name of this city?

    ELEUSIS

2. Complete the following analogy: **Stō** is to **stābam** as **sum** is to:

    **ERAM**

    B1 **Sum** is to **sunt** as **moneō** is to:

    **MONENT**

    B2 **Sum** is to **sumus** as **capiō** is to:

    **CAPIMUS**

3. According to Roman legend, who committed fratricide when his brother Remus overleapt the walls he was building on the Palatine Hill?

    ROMULUS

    B1 What man, a shepherd, was said to have raised Romulus and Remus?

    FAUSTULUS

    B2 What treacherous great uncle of the brothers, and ruler of Alba Longa, overthrew their grandfather Numitor and abandoned them on the Tiber River?

    AMULIUS

4. From the following list, which does not belong because of meaning and why: **māla, ōva, uvae, strigilēs, nucēs**?

    **STRIGILES--NOT A FOOD**

    B1 Define all of the foods from the list.

    APPLES, EGGS, GRAPES, NUTS (respectively)

    B2 What, to the Romans, was a **malum Punicum**?

    POMEGRANATE

5. What one Latin word, with what meaning, is shared by the abbreviations **p.m.** and **p.s.**?

    **POST** – AFTER

    B1 What Latin word, with what meaning, is shared by the abbreviations **a.c.** and **a.m.**?

    **ANTE** – BEFORE

    B2 What one Latin word, with what meaning, is shared by the abbreviations **R.I.P.** and **b.i.d.**?

    **IN** – IN

6. Translate only the prepositional phrase of the following sentence into Latin: I threw the rock into the deep water.

**IN AQUAM ALTAM**

B1 Translate only the prepositional phrase of the following sentence into Latin: The bird flew across the clear sky.

**TRĀNS CLĀRUM / SERĒNUM CAELUM**

B2 Translate only the prepositional phrase of the following sentence into Latin:2 The boy climbed down from the long wall.

**DĒ LONGŌ MŪRŌ**

7. Titus, Domitian, and Vespasian all comprise what imperial dynasty that ruled from 69-96 A.D.?

FLAVIANS

B1 In what order did the Flavian emperors rule?

VESPASIAN, TITUS, DOMITIAN

B2 Which of the Flavians was charmingly known as the darling of mankind?

TITUS

8. **Quid Anglicē significat auxilium?**

HELP / AID

B1 **Quid Anglicē significat perīculum?**

DANGER

B2 **Quid Anglicē significat vīnum?**

WINE

9. What sorceress in mythology, in an attempt to remove competition for her son for the throne, tried to poison Theseus when he came to Athens?

MEDEA

B1 What was the name of the king of Athens who recognized his son in the nick of time?

AEGEUS

B2 Aegeus recognized his son when Theseus produced what object?

A SWORD (NOT SANDALS)

10. Make the phrase **parva fīlia** genitive plural.

**PARVĀRUM FĪLIĀRUM**

B1 Change **parvārum fīliārum** to the dative case.

**PARVĪS FĪLIĀBUS**

B2 Now change **parvīs fīliābus** to the ablative singular.

**PARVĀ FĪLIĀ**

11. Whose planned military campaign against the Parthians never happened because he was assassinated in Rome on March 15th, 44 B.C.?

C. JULIUS CAESAR'S

B1 At what famous Roman building, built in 55 B.C., was Caesar assassinated?

THEATER OF POMPEY

B2 What two conspirators, made famous by Shakespeare's Julius Caesar, committed a double suicide at the battles of Philippi a few years after Caesar's assassination?

(M. IUNIUS) BRUTUS & (C.) CASSIUS (LONGINUS)

12. Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice. Then, answer the question that follows in Latin:

**multī dominī et servī in forō labōrābant. subitō umbram magnam vīdērunt et erant perterritī quod erat umbra lupī.** (repeat)

The question: **ubi dominī et servī labōrābant?**

**IN FORŌ**

B1 **quandō dominī et servī erant perterritī**?

**UBI / POSTQUAM UMBRAM (MAGNAM) VĪDĒRUNT**

B2 **cūr dominī et servī erant perterritī**?

**QUOD ERAT UMBRA LUPĪ**

13. What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of the state name Pennsylvania?

**SILVA** - FOREST

B1 What Latin verb with what meaning is at the root of the city name Valencia?

**VALEŌ, VALĒRE** - BE WELL

B2 What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of the country name Argentina?

**ARGENTUM** - SILVER

14. What hero, having lost his armor-bearer Hylas, left the company of the Argo to go find his missing companion, which forced Jason and the rest of the Argonauts to continue sailing on without him?

HERACLES

B1 What twin Argonauts and winged sons of Boreas initially went out to search for Heracles, but ultimately abandoned him?

ZETES AND CALAÏS

B2 Later on in their voyage Zetes and Calaïs were able to put their wings to use by chasing away what monstrous bird-women that had been tormenting Phineus?

THE HARPIES

15. Who caused sinners such as Ixion, Sisyphus, and Tantalus to forget their punishments as he played a sad song on his lyre during his descent into the Underworld?

ORPHEUS

B1 How had his lover, Eurydice died?

SNAKEBITE

B2 How did Orpheus eventually die, having failed in retrieving his lover?

TORN APART BY MAENADS

16. Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence: **Crās ambulābō in Graeciam magnā cum laetitiā.**

ABLATIVE OF MANNER

B1 Identify the use of the accusative case in that same sentence: **Crās ambulābō in Graeciam magnā cum laetitiā.**

ACCUSATIVE PLACE TO WHICH

B2 Identify the case and use of the Latin word meaning "man" in the following sentence: **Amīcus meus est vir bonus.**

PREDICATE NOMINATIVE

17. What Roman emperor is remembered for his military success against Germanic tribes along the Rhine frontier such as the Marcomanni and Quadi, as well as his practice of stoic philosophy during his reign from 161-180 A.D.?

MARCUS AURELIUS

B1 What was the name of Marcus Aurelius twelve-book work on stoic philosophy?

MEDITATIONS

B2 What emperor, his adoptive father, preceded Marcus Aurelius?

ANTONINUS PIUS

18. Distinguish in meaning between **amō** and **ambulō**.

(TO) LOVE and (TO) WALK

B1 Distinguish in meaning between **aqua** and **arma**.

WATER / AQUEDUCT and ARMS / WEAPONS

B2 Distinguish in meaning between **nōtus** and **novus**.

FAMOUS / WELL-KNOWN and NEW

19. During the Trojan War, which of the Trojans, wounded by an arrow, went to his former lover Oenone for healing, only to be rejected since he had deserted her for Helen?

PARIS

B1 Which great Greek warrior had Paris earlier killed with an arrow in the heel?

ACHILLES

B2 Which of the Olympians had aided Paris by guiding his arrow?

APOLLO

20. How would you translate the form of the Latin word **gladius** into English as used in the following sentence? **Iulia interfēcit leōnem gladiō.**

WITH A SWORD

B1 How would you translate the form of the Latin word **rex** into English as used in the following sentence: **Nūntius cantāvit carmen rēgī**?

TO THE KING

B2 How would you translate the form of the Latin word **vacca** into English as used in the following sentence: **Lac vaccae erat dōnum virīs**?

COW'S / OF THE COW

1. Give the nominative, genitive, and gender of the Latin noun meaning "sailor."

**NAUTA, NAUTAE,** MASCULINE

   B1 Give the same for the Latin noun meaning "hour."

**HŌRA, HŌRAE,** FEMININE

   B2 Give the same for the Latin noun meaning "fatherland."

**PATRIA, PATRIAE,** FEMININE

2. Who in mythology was abandoned on a mountain by her father, raised by a she-bear, and became the only woman to participate in the Calydonian boar hunt?

ATALANTA

   B1 Atalanta was the first to wound the Calydonian boar in the hunt. What is the name of the Calydonian prince that killed the beast and awarded it to her?

MELEAGER

   B2 Later Atalanta became married to Hippomenes, or in other versions, Melanion, when he beat her in a race. After this couple affronted the gods, into what animals were they transformed?

LIONS

3. Translate the following sentence into English: **Mārce, iānuam nunc claudē**.

MARCUS, CLOSE THE DOOR NOW.

   B1 Translate the following sentence into English: **Lūcī Bruteque, nōlīte movēre in scholā.**

LUCIUS AND BRUTUS, DON'T MOVE (ABOUT / AROUND) IN SCHOOL!

   B2 Translate the following sentence into English: **Līberī, audīte verba magistrī magnā cum dīligentiā.**

CHILDREN, HEAR / LISTEN TO THE WORDS OF YOUR/THE TEACHER WITH GREAT DILIGENCE.

4. Whose brilliant military career began at the Ticinus River in 218 B.C. where he saved his father's life, and was highlighted by a war-ending victory at Zama in 202 B.C.?

(PUBLIUS CORNELIUS) SCIPIO AFRICANUS'S

   B1 In what modern day country did Scipio take over command of the Roman forces in 211 B.C. following the death of his father and uncle?

SPAIN

   B2 What enemy general did Scipio successfully defeat at Zama in 202 B.C., ending the Second Punic War?

HANNIBAL

5. For the verb **amō, amāre**, give the 2nd person plural perfect active indicative form.

**AMĀVISTIS**

   B1 Keeping everything else the same, make **amāvistis** present and imperative.

**AMĀTE**

   B2 Now, for the same verb, give the 3rd person singular imperfect active indicative form.

**AMĀBAT**

6. Although a proven military commander, what early emperor was reluctant to take the imperial throne, and even spent some of his reign ruling from the island of Capri?

$\hspace{10cm}$ TIBERIUS

B1 What notorious praetorian prefect essentially ruled Rome after Tiberius retired to Capri in 26 A.D.?

$\hspace{10cm}$ (L. AELIUS) SEJANUS

B2 What daughter of Augustus was Tiberius forced to marry in 11 B.C.?

$\hspace{10cm}$ JULIA (THE ELDER)

7. After Juno had asked Aeolus to send a storm that set his ships astray, who, along with his men, landed at Carthage during his quest to settle a new land?

$\hspace{10cm}$ AENEAS

B1 Who had calmed the storm, angry that Juno had interfered in his domain?

$\hspace{10cm}$ NEPTUNE

B2 Whom did Venus send to cause the Carthaginian queen, Dido, to fall in love with Aeneas?

$\hspace{10cm}$ CUPID

8. According to its Latin motto, which state requires you to only look around if you seek a pleasant peninsula?

$\hspace{10cm}$ MICHIGAN

B1 According to its Latin motto, what state ought not to be messed with because its citizens dare to defend their rights?

$\hspace{10cm}$ ALABAMA

B2 According to its Latin motto, what state's citizens should have no concerns because mountaineers are always free?

$\hspace{10cm}$ WEST VIRGINIA

9. At a Roman funeral, the eldest male relative was often responsible for the **laudātio.** What was this?

$\hspace{10cm}$ EULOGY/SPEECH OF PRAISE

B1 There might also be a **conclāmātio.** What was this?

$\hspace{6cm}$ RITUAL SHOUTING OF THE DEAD PERSON'S NAME (3x)

B2 Outside of what sacred boundary would the dead person be buried?

$\hspace{10cm}$ POMERIUM

10. Against what tribe in central Italy did the Romans fight three wars during the mid-Republic, the most notable one occurring from 327-304 B.C.?

$\hspace{10cm}$ SAMNITES

B1 During the Second Samnite War, what shameful action were the Romans forced to take following their loss at the Caudine Forks in 321 B.C.?

$\hspace{5cm}$ (THE ARMY WAS STARVING SO THEY INDICATED SURRENDER BY)
$\hspace{10cm}$ PASSING UNDER A YOKE

B2 With what other Italian tribe, whom the Romans had previously defeated at Lake Regillus in 496 B.C., did they fight a brief war from 340-338 B.C.?

**LATINS**

11. Say in Latin, "We always praise the gods."

**SEMPER LAUDĀMUS DEŌS.**

B1 Say in Latin, "He had never given a gift to Olympus."

**DEDERAT NUMQUAM DŌNUM OLYMPŌ.**

B2 Say in Latin, "The angry gods will not show kindness."

**ĪRĀTĪ DĪ NŌN MONSTRĀBUNT BENEFICIUM**.

12. What mythological group included sisters such as Euterpe, Erato, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, and Calliope?

**THE MUSES**

B1 What mythological group includes Taÿgete, Celaeno, Alcyone, Electra, and Maia?

**THE PLEIADES**

B2 What group of people was created from ants on the island of Aegina when Aeacus prayed to Zeus, and would later follow Achilles in the Trojan War?

**MYRMIDONS**

13. What Roman emperor's thirty-year reign began during the tetrarchy, and lasted until his death in 337 B.C., which occurred shortly after he was baptized?

**CONSTANTINE'S (I) (THE GREAT)**

B1 What rival western emperor had Constantine defeated at the Milvian Bridge in 312 B.C.?

**MAXENTIUS**

B2 To where did Constantine move the capital of the empire in 330 B.C., which today is the modern city of Istanbul?

**BYZANTIUM / CONSTANTINOPLE**

14. You and your friend are going to a party in an ancient Roman farmhouse. Your friend asks, "**Quot puellae aderunt in villā?**" What does he want to know?

**HOW MANY GIRLS WILL BE PRESENT AT THE FARMHOUSE**

B1 You respond, "**Sed amīce, nōnne amās sororem meam?**" Why are you concerned by your friend's question?

**YOU THOUGHT THAT YOUR FRIEND LOVED YOUR SISTER**

B2 Your friend gives a noncommittal shrug. Translate his response, a common English phrase: "**Omnia sunt iusta in amōre bellōque**."

**ALL (THINGS) ARE FAIR/JUST IN LOVE AND WAR (ACCEPT EQUIVALENT VARIATIONS OF THE ENGLISH PHRASE)**

15. The seer Polyidus told which hero to lie down in Athena's temple and sleep there so that he might obtain an object to tame a winged-horse?

  BELLEROPHON

  B1 What was this object that Bellerophon needed to use to tame Pegasus?

  A GOLDEN BRIDLE

  B2 With Pegasus by his side, Bellerophon was able to kill the Chimaera. Name one of the other two groups of people Bellerophon had to conquer.

  SOLYMI or AMAZONS

16. Name the part of speech of the following words: **crās, laetē, bene, nunc**.

  ADVERB

  B1 Define **bene**.

  WELL

  B2 Define **crās**.

  TOMORROW

17. Which of the following, if any, does not have the same Latin verb root as the others? consonant, sound, supersonic, sonnet, resonate.

  THEY ARE ALL
  FROM THE SAME

  B1 What verb, with what meaning, is at the root of all of these?

  **SONŌ, SONĀRE** - TO SING / CALL / MAKE A SOUND

  B2 Give all four principle parts of sono.

  **SONŌ, SONĀRE, SONUĪ, SONITUM**

18. The aegis, the eagle, and the oak tree were sacred to which of the Olympians, the ruler of the heavens and king of the gods?

  ZEUS

  B1 At the oracle of which city was Zeus' will interpreted in the rustling of oak leaves?

  DODONA

  B2 Which of the Olympians was the child of Zeus and Semele?

  DIONYSUS

19. Make the phrase "the happy farmer" dative singular.

  **LAETŌ AGRICOLAE**

  B1 Change **laetō agricolae** to the accusative.

  **LAETUM AGRICOLAM**

  B2 Now make **laetum agricolam** plural.

  **LAETŌS AGRICOLĀS**

20. Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice.  Then, answer the question that follows in English:

    **agricola in silvā ambulat.  agricola, quod silva est tacitissima, cantat et saltat. subitō, agricola fīliōs amīcī in silvā videt et clāmat, "puerī, manēte!  vōbīs nōn nocēbō!"** (repeat)

The question:  Why does the farmer decide to sing and dance?

<div align="right">BECAUSE THE<br>FOREST IS VERY QUIET</div>

B1 Whom does the farmer suddenly see?

<div align="right">THE SONS OF A FRIEND</div>

B2 What does the farmer say to the boys to reassure them?

<div align="right">HE TELLS THEM THAT HE WILL NOT HARM THEM / "I WILL<br>NOT HURT YOU (PL.)"</div>

1. Translate into Latin the adjective "sick" as used in the following sentence: I gave the sick man some medicine.

**AEGRŌ/ĪNFIRMŌ**

B1 Now translate "stick" as used in the following sentence: The sick man could only walk with a stick.

**BACULŌ**

B2 Now translate "daughter" as used in the following sentence: I invited the man inside to drink my daughter Julia's tea.

**FĪLIAE**

2. Who, because he had sacrificed his eldest daughter, Iphigenia, at Aulis, was killed by his wife Clytemnestra?

AGAMEMNON

B1 What daughter of Priam and Hecuba and Trojan seer had predicted the death of Agamemnon and herself?

CASSANDRA

B2 After this gruesome murder, Apollo told what son of Agamemnon to avenge his father?

ORESTES

3. Which of the following words, if any, does not come from the same Latin word as the others? Orpiment, aura, oriole, auriferous, oriflamme

AURA

B1 From what Latin word do all of the others derive?

**AURUM** - GOLD

B2 What is the meaning of the Latin word **aura,** which has been co-opted into English?

AIR / BREEZE

4. In the Roman Forum, what was the function of a **basilica**?

(LAW) COURT

B1 What was the Latin term for the elected official who presided over a **basilica?**

**PRAETOR**

B2 What Roman elected official might one find planning games and making sure the city looks generally pretty?

**AEDILES**/AEDILE

5. Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice. Then, answer the question that follows in Latin:

**regīna īnsulae multōs fīliōs et fīliās habet. ūna ē fīliābus est pulcherrima et multī incolae eam amant. fīlia tamen nōn est laeta quod multī incolae nōn sunt pulchrī. fīlia rēginae, igitur, semper lacrimat.** (repeat)

The question: **quī fīliam pulcherrimam rēgīnae amant?**

**(MULTĪ) INCOLAE**

B1 **cūr fīlia rēgīnae nōn est laeta**?

**(QUOD) INCOLAE NŌN SUNT PULCHRĪ / SUNT TURPĒS**

B2 **quid fīlia agit quod nōn est laeta**?

**(SEMPER) LACRIMAT**

6. What naval battle, won by Marcus Agrippa in 31 B.C., effectively secured the Roman Empire for Octavian?

ACTIUM

B1 What rival of Octavian, his former ally in the second triumvirate, did Marcus Agrippa defeat at this battle, leading to his suicide alongside his lover Cleopatra?

MARCUS ANTONIUS/MARC ANTONY

B2 What third member of the second triumvirate lived on under Augustus and served as pontifex maximus until his death?

(MARCUS AEMILIUS) LEPIDUS

7. Of the phrases "**tempus fugit**", "**ad Kalendās Graecās**", "**cum granō salis**", and "**ab imō pectore**", which is synonymous with the adverb **numquam**?

**AD KALENDĀS GRAECĀS**

B1 …which can be summed up by the adjective **dubius**?

**CUM GRANŌ SALIS**

B2 …which is equivalent to the expression **ē corde**?

**AB IMŌ PECTORE**

8. Welcome to the Cinema Romana! What recent bestselling book and popular movie adaptation would the Romans have called **Culpa in Stēllīs Nostrīs**?

THE FAULT IN OUR STARS

B1 What other recent movie adaptation of a teen novel would the Romans have called **Sī Maneō**?

IF I STAY

B2 Now translate the title of J.R.R. Tolkien's ever-popular series, *The Lord of the Rings*, into Latin.

**DOMINUS ANULŌRUM**

9. Turning into intertwining linden and oak trees was the final wish of what pious and elderly couple that had showed hospitality to the gods?

BAUCIS AND PHILEMON

B1 According to Ovid, what two disguised gods had Baucis and Philemon welcomed into their home?

JUPITER AND MERCURY

B2 What woman in mythology was turned into a kingfisher after her husband Ceÿx had drowned?

ALCYONE

10. What are the principal parts of the verb **stō**?

**STŌ, STĀRE, STETĪ, STATUS/-A/-UM**

B1 What are the principal parts of the verb **mandō**?

**MANDŌ, MANDĀRE, MANDĀVĪ, MANDĀTUS/-A/-UM**

B2 What are the principal parts of the verb **habeō**?

**HABEŌ, HABĒRE, HABUĪ, HABITUS/-A/-UM**

11. Who, returning from exile, saved the city of Rome from the invasion of the Gallic chieftain Brennus, but is most famous for having captured the city of Veii in 396 B.C.?

(MARCUS FURIUS) CAMILLUS

B1 What temple in the Roman Forum, though not built until 167 BC, was vowed by Camillus to commemorate the achievement of increased rights for plebeians?

(TEMPLE OF) CONCORD

B2 What honor, shared by Romans including Cicero and Augustus, did Camillus achieve for saving the city from Brennus and the Gauls?

PATER PATRIAE

12. Translate the following Latin sentence into English: I am told a story by a famous poet.

**NĀRROR FĀBULAM Ā NŌTŌ POĒTĀ**

B1 Translate the following Latin sentence into English: The danger of the water was laughed at by the stupid sailor.

**PERĪCULUM AQUAE RĪDĒBANTUR Ā STULTŌ NAUTĀ**

B2 Translate the following Latin sentence into English: You will be asked many things by the friendly woman.

**ROGĀBERIS MULTA Ā AMĪCĀ FĒMINĀ**

13. For the verb **iubeō, iubēre,** give the 1st person plural future active indicative form.

**IUBĒBIMUS**

B1 For the same verb, give the 2nd person singular perfect active indicative form.

**IUSSISTĪ**

B2 Now for the verb **dō, dare,** give the 3rd person plural perfect active indicative form.

**DEDĒRUNT**

14. What law of 287 B.C. ended the fifth and final succession of the plebs by making the laws of plebeians binding on all citizens?

LEX HORTENSIA

B1 What earlier law, passed in 445 B.C., allowed intermarriage between plebeians and patricians?

LEX CANULEIA

B2 Just before the passage of the Lex Canuleia, what group of men was responsible for the codification of Roman law?

DECEMVIRI

15. Who led the Greeks in an attack against the Trojans wearing Achilles' armor, but was tragically killed by Hector?

PATROCLUS

B1 What fleet-footed son of Nestor told Achilles about the death of Patroclus?

ANTILOCHUS

B2 Achilles then killed Hector in rage for the death of Patroclus. How did he defile Hector's body?

DRAGGED IT AROUND THE CITY (ATTACHED BY THE HEELS TO HIS CHARIOT)

16. Which of the following words is an animal? **Īnsula, lūdus, mūrus, eqūus, fīlia.**

**EQŪUS**

B1 Which of those words is a person?

**FILIA**

B2 Which of those words represents the largest thing?

**ĪNSULA**

17. Who was raised by King Polybus and Queen Merope of Corinth and returned to Thebes to fulfill a prophecy that he would kill his own father and marry his mother?

OEDIPUS

B1 What monster had Oedipus killed that allowed him to gain the kingdom of Thebes?

SPHINX

B2 What Theban seer ultimately revealed this secret to Oedipus, causing Jocasta to hang herself and Oedipus to blind himself?

TEIRESIAS

18. What emperor's rise to the throne was aided by the praetorian prefect Attianus as well as by his predecessor's wife Plotina in 117 A.D.?

HADRIAN

B1 What Greek youth, Hadrian's lover, tragically drowned in the Nile River, giving way to a popular cult in his name?

ANTINOUS

B2 What religious group revolted during Hadrian's reign under commander Simon bar Kokhba from 132-136 A.D.?

JEWS

19. Who sought Deino, Enyo, and Pemphredo, then received winged sandals, a magic wallet, and a cap of invisibility on his quest to slay Medusa?

PERSEUS

B1 Whom did Perseus rescue from a sea-monster off the coast of Ethiopia?

ANDROMEDA

B2 When Perseus successfully slayed Medusa and gave the head to Athena, what did Athena do with it?

PUT IT ON HER/ZEUS' AEGIS/SHIELD

20. Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Mōnstra timēre nōn dēbent**.

THEY OUGHT NOT
TO FEAR MONSTERS.

B1 Translate the following Latin sentence into English.  **Nōlī torquēre mea verba!**

DON'T TWIST MY WORDS!

B2 Translate the following Latin sentence into English. **Dum tacent, clāmant.**

WHILE THEY ARE SILENT, THEY SHOUT

1. Translate the following Latin into English: **Ēbrius ē tabernā removēbātur**.
                    THE DRUNK (MAN / ONE) WAS REMOVED FROM THE TAVERN
   B1 Translate the following Latin into English: **Filiī cēnam deliciosam parāverunt**.
                        THE SONS (HAVE) PREPARED A DELICIOUS DINNER
   B2 Translate the following Latin into English: **Misera līberōs vituperābit.**
                    THE MISERABLE (WOMAN / ONE) SCOLDED THE CHILDREN.

2. Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice.  Then, answer the question
   that follows in English:
      **multī servī in hortō labōrābant.  servī nōn erant laetī quod dominus eōs vituperābat.
      subitō, ūnus ē servīs, quod dominum nōn timēbat, magnum gladium rapuit et
      dominum necāre temptāvit.  dominus, quod erat perterritus, ex hortō statim
      cucurrit.**  (repeat)
   The question:  Why were the slaves not happy?
                                    (BECAUSE) THE MASTER WAS CURSING /
                                              BEATING THEM
   B1 What did one of the slaves do after he grabbed a big sword?
                                    HE TRIED TO KILL HIS/THE MASTER
   B2 What did the master do because he was terrified?
                                    HE IMMEDIATELY RAN OUT OF THE GARDEN

3. For the verb **audiō, audīre,** give the 3rd person plural present active indicative form.
                                                            **AUDIUNT**
   B1 For that same verb, give the 1st person plural perfect active indicative form.
                                                            **AUDĪVIMUS**
   B2 For that same verb, give the 2nd person singular imperfect active indicative form.
                                                            **AUDIĒBĀS**

4. What foreign enemy of Rome, after three wars in the 1st century B.C., was finally defeated by
   Pompey at Nicoplis in 66 B.C.?
                                    MITHRIDATES (VI) (OF PONTUS)
   B1 What law of 66 B.C. had given command against Mithridates to Pompey?
                                                            LEX MANILIA
   B2 What commander fought several battles against Mithridates before command was given
      to Pompey?

                                    (L. LACINIUS) LUCULLUS

5. What trio of sisters was born alongside the ash-nymphs from the blood of the castrated
   Uranus and had the task of punishing sinners?
                                                            FURIES/ERINYES
   B1 What trio of monsters, named Briareus, Cottus, and Gyges, were known as the "Hundred-
      Handed Ones"?
                                                            HECATONCHIRES

B2 Which of the children of Uranus was the father of famous Titans such as Epimetheus, Prometheus, and Atlas?

IAPETUS

6. Basing his reforms on the Lex Licinia-Sextia passed over two centuries prior, who attempted to redistribute land to the poor as tribune in 133 B.C.?

TIBERIUS (SEMPRONIUS) GRACCHUS

B1 What co-tribune of Tiberius continually vetoed his land law?

(MARCUS) OCTAVIUS

B2 What cousin of Tiberius led the senate in a revolt to kill him?

(P. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO NASICA

7. During which of Heracles' labors did he have to trick Atlas back into holding up the sky?

RETRIEVING GOLDEN <u>APPLES</u> FROM THE GARDEN OF THE <u>HESPERIDES</u>

B1 During which of Heracles' labors did he kill the queen of the Amazons?

GIRDLE OF HIPPOLYTA

B2 During which of Heracles' labors did he have to capture an animal sacred to Artemis?

CERYNITIAN/CERNEIAN/GOLDEN HIND

8. **Quid Anglicē significat celer?**

SWIFT

B1 **Quid Anglicē significat fēlīx?**

HAPPY / LUCKY

B2 **Quid Anglicē significat medius?**

IN THE MIDDLE / MIDST (OF)

9. What three word Latin quotation of Seneca the Younger reminds us that nobody is perfect and literally means "to make a mistake is human".

**ERRĀRE HUMĀNUM EST**

B1 In one of his Satires the author Juvenal gives us what five word Latin quotation as a reminder to take care of our mental and physical health?

**MENS SANĀ IN CORPORE SANŌ**

B2 What three word quotation of the philosopher Descartes inspires us to always believe in ourselves, and literally means "I think therefore I am"?

**COGITŌ ERGO SUM**

10. Translate the following line of Shakespeare's English into Latin: To be, or not to be.

**ESSE AUT NŌN ESSE**

B1 Translate the following line of Shakespeare's English into Latin. 'Tis neither here nor there

**EST NEC HĪC NEC ILLĪC / HŪC NEC ILLŪC**

B2 Translate the following line of Shakespeare's English into Latin: It was Greek to me.

**ERAT GRAECUM MIHI**

11. What emperor, at the urging of his co-Augustus in the east, was forced to step down from the throne in 305 AD, though would later come out of retirement at the request of his son Maxentius?

<div align="right">MAXIMIAN</div>

B1 In the original tetrarchy, who were the co-Caesars under Maximian and Diocletian?

<div align="right">CONSTANTIUS CHLORUS and GALERIUS (respectively)</div>

B2 What was the name of the city to which Diocletian retired in 305 A.D.?

<div align="right">SPLIT/SALONA</div>

12. Whom did Aeneas have to find in order to get her guidance for his descent into the Underworld?

<div align="right">THE SIBYL (OF CUMAE)</div>

B1 What object did Aeneas have to find first before he could go into the Underworld?

<div align="right">THE GOLDEN BOUGH</div>

B2 What was the name of Aeneas' faithful companion that accompanied him into the Underworld?

<div align="right">ACHATES</div>

13. Give the genitive plural of the phrase "**aestās calida**."

<div align="right">**AESTĀTUM CALIDĀRUM**</div>

B1 Give the accusative plural of the phrase "**ōmen horrificum**."

<div align="right">**ŌMINA HORRIFICA**</div>

B2 Give the dative singular of the phrase "**saevus leō**."

<div align="right">**SAEVŌ LEŌNĪ**</div>

14. We hope you're enjoying your time at Yale University! Give BOTH Latin words, and their meanings, at the ultimate root of the English word "university."

<div align="right">**ŪNUS, ŪNA, ŪNUM** - ONE<br>**VERTŌ, VERTERE** - TURN</div>

B1 Yale's motto is, of course, "**Lūx et Vēritās**." What English word derived from **lūx** means "see-through"?

<div align="right">TRANSLUCENT</div>

B2 What Latin nomen comes from **lūx**?

<div align="right">**LŪCIUS**</div>

15. What was the term given to the slave-dealers in ancient Rome?

<div align="right">**MANGONES**</div>

B1 What was done to the feet of newly arrived slaves before they were sold?

<div align="right">WHITENED WITH CHALK</div>

B2 If a slave had FUG branded on his forehead, what did that indicate about the slave?

<div align="right">HE HAD TRIED TO RUN AWAY / FUG = **FUGITIVUS**</div>

16. What beautiful young man was loved by both Persephone and Aphrodite but was gored by a boar and turned into a flower?

    ADONIS

    B1 What beautiful young man changed into a flower after Apollo had accidentally killed him with a discus?

    HYACINTHUS

    B2 What beautiful young man spurned the advances of the nymph Echo?

    NARCISSUS

17. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: **Stā et salī pede unō circum sellam tuam**.

    STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND JUMP
    ON ONE FOOT AROUND HIS/HER CHAIR

    B1 Now perform this command, keeping in mind that the adverb **sīcut** can mean "like":
    **Omnēs ambulāte sīcut incolae Aegyptī.**

    ALL STUDENTS SHOULD
    WALK LIKE EGYPTIANS

    B2 Now perform this command: **Dīc Anglicē moderātōrī numerum tuum telephonae et rogā Anglicē, "Vocābisne mē?"**

    STUDENT SHOULD TELL THE MODERATOR HIS/HER PHONE
    NUMBER AND ASK, "WILL YOU CALL ME?"

18. What Thracian's ascension to the throne in 235 A.D. began a fifty-year period in Roman history that saw several military emperors and dozens of pretenders to the throne?

    MAXIMINUS THRAX

    B1 What one name is given to three emperors of the year 238 A.D.?

    GORDIAN/GORIANUS

    B2 What emperor, who ruled from 253-260 A.D., was famously captured by Shapur I and used as a footstool for the Persian king to mount his horse?

    VALERIAN

19. Which of the following does not belong because of declension? **Verbum, arbor, nōmen, iter**

    **VERBUM**

    B1 Which of those words does not belong because of gender?

    **ARBOR**

    B2 Which of the following does not belong because of gender? **Grātia, arma, vīta, dea**

    **ARMA**

20. Who in mythology set out to Pylos and Sparta to meet Nestor and Menelaus in hopes of finding news of his missing father, Odysseus?

> TELEMACHUS

B1 Who gave Telemachus a drought that made him temporarily forget his worries while in Sparta?

> HELEN

B2 Which of the suitors, the most arrogant of them, proposed that the suitors ambush Telemachus upon his return?

> ANTINOUS

1. What Latin verb, with what meaning, is at the ultimate root of the English word "dative"?
   **DŌ, DARE** - TO GIVE
   B1 What Latin noun, with what meaning, is at the ultimate root of the English word "locative"?
   **LOCUS** - PLACE
   B2 What Latin verb, with what meaning, is at the ultimate root of the English word "ablative"?
   **FERO, FERRE** - BEAR, CARRY

2. Who am I? According to Livy, I was the son of a Latin princess named Ocrisia, but Claudius says I was an Etruscan named Mastarna. I am perhaps most well known for building temples to Diana and Fortuna, as well as a wall around the city during my reign as the sixth king of Rome.
   SERVIUS TULLIUS
   B1 What woman, the wife of Servius' predecessor Tarquinius Priscus, raised him and ushered him in as king after Priscus' death?
   TANAQUIL
   B2 What omen had led Tanaquil to believe that Servius Tullius was destined to become king?
   (SHE WITNESSED) (DURING HIS YOUTH) HIS HEAD SURROUNDED BY FLAMES/ON FIRE/CAUGHT ON FIRE BUT HE WAS UNHARMED

3. What use of the dative case can be found in the following Latin sentence: **Meō fratrī est magnus equus.**
   DATIVE OF POSSESSION
   B1 Now use a different possessive construction to say in Latin: My brother's horse is big.
   **EQUUS MEĪ FRATRIS MAGNUS EST.**
   B2 Identify the two uses of the ablative in the following sentence: **Iter fēcī meō magnō equō ad Italiam ex Asiā.**
   ABLATIVE OF MEANS AND ABLATIVE PLACE FROM WHICH

4. What daughter of Cecrops was raped by the husband of her sister Procne and revealed this fact by weaving it into a tapestry?
   PHILOMELA
   B1 What was the name of Procne's husband who had raped Philomela?
   TEREUS
   B2 Into what birds were Procne and Philomela turned while running away from an angry Tereus?
   NIGHTINGALE AND SWALLOW (accept either order)

5. For the phrase **malum tempus**, give the genitive singular.

**MALĪ TEMPORIS**

B1 Change that to the accusative.

**MALUM TEMPUS**

B2 Change that to the plural.

**MALA TEMPORA**

6. What Roman admiral finished off a twenty-three year war with a final victory at the Aegates Islands in 241 B.C.?

(C. LUTATIUS) CATULUS

B1 At what previous site had the Romans been defeated under the commander Claudius Pulcher in 249 B.C.?

DREPANA

B2 At the battle of Drepana, who commanded the Carthaginian fleet?

ADHERBAL

7. From what island did the Argonauts have to retrieve a golden fleece so that Jason could win the throne of Iolcus?

COLCHIS

B1 Who was the evil king of Colchis?

AEËTES

B2 What awful deed did Medea have to do in order to ensure Jason's escape from Colchis?

CUT UP HER BROTHER APSYRTUS/ABSYRTUS INTO PIECES AND SCATTER THE PIECES INTO THE OCEAN

8. Translate the following Latin question into English: Kaeso will wash the table, won't he?

**NUM KAESO MĒNSAM LAVĀBIT**?

B1 Translate the following Latin question into English: Won't his mother be angry?

**NONNE MĀTER SUA ĪRĀTA ERIT?**

B2 Translate the following Latin question into English: Is the kitchen clean yet?

**ESTNE CULĪNA LAUTA / LOTA / PURA / CANDIDA / MUNDA ADHŪC?**

9. What term designated a female Roman head of household?

**MATERFAMILIAS**

B1 What term refers to the power that a Roman master had over the slaves in his household?

**PATRIA POTESTAS**

B2 What is the name for the ceremony at which a woman laid a newborn baby at the feet of the father? If the father picked up the baby, it was accepted into the family; if not, the child was exposed.

**SUSCEPTIO**

10. Welcome to The **Vox**, Rome's newest reality TV series! When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: **Stā et cantā Anglicē carmen nōmine "Parvum Agnum Habēbat Maria."**

    STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND SING "MARY HAD A LITTLE LAMB"

  B1 Now perform this command: **Omnēs saltāte et cantāte Anglicē carmen nōmine "Sub Marī."**

    ALL STUDENTS SHOULD DANCE AND SING TO "UNDER THE SEA"
    (ACCEPT ANY MUSICAL RENDITION OF THE WORDS "UNDER THE SEA")

  B2 Now translate into Latin the lyrics from another Disney song using an accompaniment construction: "Can you sing with all the voices of the mountains?" Feel free to give your answer in song form.

    **POTESNE/POTESTISNE CANTĀRE CUM OMNIBUS VŌCIBUS MONTIUM**

11. What woman's powerful political influence was not enough to inspire her sons to rule together peacefully, evidenced by the murder of Geta at the hands of Caracalla in 211 A.D.?

    JULIA DOMNA('S)

  B1 Some sources claim that Julia Domna committed suicide following Caracalla's assassination on the orders of what emperor who ruled from 217-218 A.D.?

    MACRINUS

  B2 What sister of Julia Domna was a powerful woman in her own right, and was the grandmother of both Elagabalus and Alexander Severus?

    JULIA MAESA

12. Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice. Then, answer the question that follows in English

    **dominus, quod est cupidus cibī, ancillae dīcit, "tu ad forum ambulābis et cibum emēs. nōlīte revenīre ad vīllam sine cibō!" ancilla, quod dominum valdē timet, statim paret et ē vīllā exit. postquam ancilla multum cibum ēmit, domum revēnit.**

    (repeat)

  The question: Why does the master send the slave-girl to the forum?

    HE DESIRES FOOD / IS DESIROUS OF FOOD

  B1 What three things does the master say to the slave-girl?

    YOU WILL WALK TO THE FORUM, YOU WILL BUY FOOD, & DON'T COME BACK (TO THE HOUSE) WITHOUT THE FOOD

  B2 Why does the slave-girl obey?

    BECAUSE SHE FEARS HER MASTER VERY MUCH

13. What king of Phrygia judged a musical contest between Apollo and Pan, but when he preferred Pan, Apollo gave him donkey ears?

    MIDAS

  B1 What mountain-god was the other judge in this contest?

    TMOLUS

B2 In another story involving this king, what power did Midas gain from the god Bacchus and had to wash away in the river Pactolus due not being able to eat?

TURNED EVERYTHING HE TOUCHED INTO GOLD/GOLDEN TOUCH

14. Complete the following analogy: **gaudeō** is to **gaudē** as **ducō** is to:

**DŪC**

B1 Now complete this analogy: **gaudeō** is to **gaudēte** as **ferō** is to:

**FERTE**

B2 Now this analogy: **gaudeō** is to **gaudēte** as **sum** is to:

**ESTE**

15. When Zeus sent a great flood to destroy mankind, what pious couple survived and repopulated the earth?

DEUCALION AND PYRRHA

B1 What did the oracle tell Deucalion and Pyrrha to do in order to repopulate the world?

THROW THE BONES OF THEIR MOTHER BEHIND THEM / THROW STONES OVER THEIR SHOULDER

B2 Upon what mountain had Deucalion and Pyrrha landed?

MT. PARNASSUS

16. Distinguish in meaning between lūx and **lēx**.

LIGHT and LAW

B1 Distinguish in meaning between **hōra** and **ōra**.

HOUR and SHORE

B2 Distinguish in meaning between **mōns** and **pōns**.

MOUNTAIN and BRIDGE

17. Of Brown University, Princeton University, Columbia University, and Princeton University, which school does not belong because of the tense of the verb in its Latin motto?

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

B1 In what tense is the verb of Columbia's motto?

FUTURE

B2 Translate into English the motto of Columbia "**In lumine tuō vidēbimus lumen**".

IN YOUR LIGHT WE SHALL SEE LIGHT

18. Phoebe, Selene, and Hecate were names all identified with what Greek deity of hunting and the moon?

ARTEMIS

B1 What young follower of Artemis was changed into a spring as she attempted to escape the advances of the river-god Alpheus?

ARETHUSA

B2 Which of the Aloadae was in love with Artemis and tried to carry her off before he and his brother accidentally killed each other?

EPHIALTES

19. Translate the following Latin proverb into English: **Exitus ācta probat.**

THE END JUSTIFIES THE MEANS / THE RESULT PROVES THE ACTIONS

B1 Translate the following Latin proverb into English: **Verba volant, scrīpta manent**.

(VERBAL) WORDS FLY, SCRIPTS / WRITTEN WORDS REMAIN.

B2 Translate the following Latin proverb into English: **Medicus cūrat, nātūra sānat.**

THE DOCTOR CARES / CURES, NATURE HEALS / CURES / REPAIRS.

20. What eastern emperor, much like Decius a century prior, was notably killed in combat against the Goths at the Battle of Adrianople in 378 A.D.?

VALENS

B1  Who co-ruled the empire in the west from 364-375 A.D?

VALENTINIAN I

B2 What emperor general had succeeded the last Constantinian emperor, Julian, and ruled for eight months from 363-364 A.D. before Valentinian and Valens began their rule?

JOVIAN