2015 TSJCL Certamen Novice Division, Round 1

TU # 1: B1: B2:	What was the occupation in ancient Rome of a <u>carnifex</u> ? What was the occupation in ancient Rome of a <u>caupō</u> ? What was the occupation in ancient Rome of a <u>cantor</u> ?	EXECUTIONER INNKEEPER, BARTENDER SINGER
TU # 2: B1: B2:	Make the verb form <u>nōlunt</u> singular. Make <u>nōn vult</u> 2nd person. Make <u>nōn vīs</u> plural.	NŌN VULT NŌN VĪS NŌN VULTIS
TU # 3: B1: B2:	With what daily activity did a slave called a <u>vestiplicus</u> assist a Roman citizen? GETTING DRESSED / PUTTING ON CLOTHES/ PUTTING ON TOGA If an equestrian or senator had a vertical stripe on his tunic, what color was it? PURPLE How did a <u>toga candida</u> look different from a normal toga? HAD SHINY/SPARKLY CHALK (DUST) ON IT	
TU # 4: B1: B2:	With which two of his sisters did Zeus have children? What job was shared by Hera and her daughter Eileithyia? What two gods were sons of Zeus and Hera?	HERA AND DEMETER GODDESS OF CHILDBIRTH ARES AND HEPHAESTUS
TU # 5: B1: B2:	Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows: "In Graeciā ōlim mōnstrum ferōcissimum agrōs vāstābat, atque multōs virōs interficiēbat. Rēx ānxius igitur ōrāculum cōnsuluit. Responsum est ita: "deī īrātī propter tē patriam tuam pūniunt." (repeat) Question: Who in this passage did something about the trouble that was being caused? THE KING What was the reason for the trouble? A (VERY FIERCE) MONSTER What did the king find out was the reason for the monster's destruction?	
(score check) TU # 6: What Roman emperor was the first to commit suicide, in the year 68? B1: What builder of the Pantheon was his great-grandfather? AGRIPPA B2: Name his other famous great-grandfather (his father's mother's father). MARK ANTONY		
TU # 7: B1: B2:	Who as a baby survived a sea voyage in a box and eventually killed prophecy had foretold? Name someone that Perseus petrified with the head of Medusa. Name another. ATLAS, POLYDECTES, A	d his own grandfather as a PERSEUS ANDROMEDA'S SEA MONSTER
TU # 8: B1: B2:	The French lullaby "Frere Jacques" asks the question "dormez vou sleeping?". How would you ask this question in Latin? How would you ask the question, "You are sleeping, aren't you?" How would you ask the question, "You are not sleeping, are you?"	DORMĪSNE? NŌNNE DORMĪS?

TU # 9: Because of the abundance of vocabulary words describing the animal it came from, and because we have lots of recipes about how the Romans prepared it, what was their favorite meat? **PORK** B1: What type of bird was the most highly valued for upper class meals? **PEACOCK** B2: What type of seafood served at lavish dinners were ostreae? **OYSTERS** TU # 10: What daughter of Icarius was apparently as skilled at unweaving as she was at weaving a funeral shroud for her father-in-law? **PENELOPE** B1: Why did she unweave the funeral shroud each night? TO DELAY THE SUITORS WHO WANTED TO MARRY HER B2: According to some accounts, after the death of Odysseus, Penelope married Telegonus. Who was Telegonus's mother? **CIRCE** (score check) TU # 11: What English derivative of the Latin noun corpus is a type of blood cell? **CORPUSCLE** B1: What derivative of <u>corpus</u> means "to form or combine into one body or uniform substance"? **INCORPORATE** B2: What derivative of corpus is a type of flower worn on the body? **CORSAGE** TU # 12: Whom did Pompeia Plotina, wife of the emperor Trajan, say her husband had wanted to be his successor at his death? **HADRIAN** B1: From what province did Hadrian's family come? SPAIN / HISPANIA B2: Hadrian's predecessor Trajan had grown the Roman Empire to its largest extent. However, when Hadrian came to the throne, he allowed some territories to fall out of Roman control. In what part of the Empire, generally speaking, were these lands that Hadrian let go of? THE EAST TU # 13: What unusual condition was put on the prophecies of Cassandra? NO ONE EVER BELIEVED HER, THOUGH SHE WAS ALWAYS RIGHT B1: Who had done this to her? **APOLLO** B2: Who was Cassandra's father? **PRIAM** TU # 14: Say in Latin, "easily". FACILE, FACILITER, FACULTER Say in Latin, "quickly". CELERITER, MĀTŪRĒ, PROPERĒ, STRĒNUĒ, CĪTŌ, VELOCITER B1: Say in Latin, "slowly". TARDĒ, LENTĒ, PIGRĒ B2: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "multos dies dormīre volo." TU # 15: I WANT TO SLEEP FOR MANY DAYS Translate this Latin sentence into English: "in multīs terrīs pugnāre potest." B1: HE/SHE/IT IS ABLE TO FIGHT IN MANY LANDS Translate this Latin sentence into English: "puer ad scholam libros fert." B2: THE BOY BRINGS/CARRIES HIS BOOKS TO SCHOOL (score check)

TU # 16: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "coquī cum canibus cucurrērunt."

THE COOKS RAN WITH THE DOGS

B1: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "sacerdotēs sine servīs sedēbant."

THE PRIESTS WERE SITTING WITHOUT THE SLAVES

B2: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "taurī togās trāns terram trāxērunt."

THE BULLS DRAGGED THE TOGAS ACROSS THE GROUND/LAND

TU # 17: In what Roman province did Queen Boudicca lead a revolt against the Romans?

BRITANNIA

B1: Who was the emperor at the time of her revolt?

B2: What provincial capital did she burn in this revolt? LONDINIUM

TU # 18: Name one of the two gifts that Poseidon was said to have offered to the city (later known as Athens)

when he was competing for the right to be its patron.

B1: Name the other. SALTY SPRING or HORSE

B2: What gift did Athena, the winner of the contest, produce? OLIVE TREE

TU # 19: Define the Latin adjective aegerrimus. VERY SICK, SICKEST, VERY ILL, MOST ILL

B1: Define the Latin adjective acrior. MORE SHARP/KEEN, SHARPER, KEENER

B2: Define the Latin adjective melior.

BETTER

(score check)

TU # 20: Using your knowledge of Latin vocabulary, tell me what you are fond of doing if, in English, you

are described as being 'bibulous'.

DRINKING

B1: What are you fond of doing if, in English, you are described as being 'somnolent'? SLEEPING

B2: What are you fond of doing if, in English, you are described as being 'garrulous'?

CHATTING, GOSSIPING, TALKING

2015 TSJCL Certamen Novice Division, Final Round

What Roman emperor, after ruling for 15 years in the late first century, was assassinated and then TU # 1: became the object of damnatio memoriae under the reign of his successor Nerva? The biographer Suetonius wrote that Domitian was the first Roman emperor who insisted on being B1: addressed by what three-word honorific Latin title meaning 'master and god'? **DOMINUS ET DEUS** B2: Whom did Domitian honor with an arch in Rome commemorating the destruction of Jerusalem? HIS BROTHER TITUS TU # 2: How did the blood of the centaur Nessus become poisoned? HERCULES SHOT HIM WITH AN ARROW THAT HE HAD DIPPED IN THE HYDRA'S BLOOD Who, soon after this, dipped a garment in the blood of Nessus? B1: **DEIANIRA** B2: Why did she do this? NESSUS CONVINCED HER THAT IT WOULD CAUSE THE GARMENT TO BECOME A WAY FOR HER TO WIN BACK HERCULES'S LOVE SOME DAY TU # 3: Give the definition of the Latin verb from which we derive the English word 'tractor'. DRAW, DRAG, PULL B1: Give the definition of the Latin noun from which we derive the English word 'sanguinary'. BLOOD, RACE, FAMILY B2: Give the definition of the Latin verb from which we derive the English word 'inspiration'. **BREATHE** TU # 4: Define the Latin noun mappa. NAPKIN, HANDKERCHIEF B1: Define the Latin noun manus. HAND, BAND B2: Define the Latin noun mūrus. WALL TU # 5: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows: "Ulixēs et nautae iter ad patriam Ithacam faciēbant. Multōs annōs nāvigābant et ad īnsulam Aeolī, rēgis ventōrum, pervēnērunt. Ulixēs et nautae multōs diēs manēbant. Deinde Ulixēs rēgī ventōrum dīxit, "Cupiō nāvigāre ad īnsulam Ithacam." Aeolus respondit, "Tibi dōnum dabō. Est saccus quī omnēs ventos habet." (repeat) Question: Where were the sailors going? TO (THEIR COUNTRY) ITHACA / TO THE HOME OF ULIXES How long did they remain on the island of Aeolus? B1: MANY DAYS Why did Aeolus give Ulixes a gift? HE SAID HE WANTED TO SAIL TO ITHACA B2: (score check) Let's peek in on ancient Greece's favorite reality show, "Life on Mt. Olympus". Over there is Zeus, TU # 6: wanting more to drink. What does Hebe pour in his cup? **NECTAR** Well, she doesn't pour enough, and Zeus swears he'll punish her. By what does he swear this most B1: sacred of oaths? THE RIVER STYX Then he gets so mad that he throws a plate of food at Hebe. What kind of food hits her? B2: **AMBROSIA**

TU # 7:	Translate into Latin this movie title: "To Catch a Thief". CATCH: CAPERE, DECIPERE, DEPRE(HE)NDERE, (COM)PRE(HE)NDERE, EXCIPERE THIEF: FÜREM, LEVĀTŌREM, LATRŌNEM	
B1: B2:	Translate into Latin this movie title: "The Birds". AVĒS, ACCIPITRĒS, VOLUCRĒS To round out our Alfred Hitchcock trio of questions, translate this Hitchcock movie title back into English: "Agricolae Uxor". THE FARMER'S WIFE (accept THE WIFE OF THE FARMER)	
TU#8: B1:	According to Pindar's version of the myth, the spirit of Phrixus also had to be brought home from Colchis along with what revered object left there by Phrixus? GOLDEN FLEECE What 'wardrobe malfunction' had King Pelias, Jason's uncle, been told to look out for to know who	
B2:	would try to take his kingdom away from him? Whom did Jason divorce after they moved to Corinth? MAN WITH ONE SANDAL MEDEA	
TU # 9: B1: B2:	Under whose system did Galerius, Constantius, and Maximian each rule a fourth of the empire, along with him? DIOCLETIAN What English name has been given to this system of rule by four men? TETRARCHY What did Diocletian famously do from 303-311, the largest of such actions undertaken by the	
	Romans? PERSECUTION OF CHRISTIANS	
TU # 10:	Which of the following forms, if any, is NOT in the comparative degree? melior, melius, acrior, acerrimus, minor, clarior ACERRIMUS	
B1: B2:	Define <u>acerrimus</u> . MOST SHARP/SOUR/FIERCE/KEEN/VIOLENT/ETC. Define <u>melius</u> . BETTER	
(score check) TU # 11: What was in the bag that Aeolus gave to Odysseus?		
10 # 11.	ALL THE WINDS EXCEPT THE WEST WIND	
B1: B2:	What was in the bag that Perseus brought to Polydectes? THE HEAD OF MEDUSA Psyche was told by Aphrodite to go to the underworld and bring back in a box a one day's supply of whose beauty ointment? PERSEPHONE	
TU # 12:	Define the Latin adverb <u>cotīdiē</u> . DAILY, EVERY DAY	
B1: B2:	Define the Latin adverb <u>lentē</u> . SLOWLY Define the Latin adverb <u>diū</u> . FOR A LONG TIME	
TU # 13:	What was the most popular type of event in the form of public entertainment known as <u>ludi</u> circenses? CHARIOT RACING	
B1:	The English word 'arena' comes from the Latin word for what substance found in amphitheaters? SAND	
B2:	What type of public entertainment was presented in a facility called an <u>odeum</u> ? MUSIC CONCERT / LITERARY RECITATION	
TU # 14: B1:	For the verb <u>amō</u> , <u>amāre</u> , give any two of its active, 1st person plural verb forms. Name two more.	
B2:	Name the last two. AMĀMUS, AMĀBĀMUS, AMĀBIMUS, AMĀVIMUS, AMĀVERĀMUS, AMĀVERIMUS	

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TU # 15: Give a definition for the Latin phrase viginti et octo. TWENTY-EIGHT B1: Give a definition for the Latin word undeviginti. **NINETEEN** B2: Give a definition for the Latin word ducentī. TWO HUNDRED (score check) TU # 16: Give the English meaning of the Latin number that is at the root of the English word 'squadron'. **FOUR** B1: Give the English meaning of the Latin number that is at the root of the English word 'square'. **FOUR** B2: Give the English meaning of the Latin number that is at the root of the English word 'duplicate'. TWO Who was the last Roman emperor to rule over both the eastern and western halves of the Empire? TU # 17: **THEODOSIUS** B1/B2: For five points each, name his sons who each took over half the empire at his death. HONORIUS, ARCADIUS What religious sanctuary was located on the slopes of Mt. Parnassus and was the most famous place TU # 18: to have your fortune told in ancient Greece? **DELPHI** What type of animal did Apollo have to kill in order to claim Delphi for himself? B1: SNAKE / DRAGON B2: What was unusual about the chair on which the priestess or oracle of Delphi sat? HAD 3 LEGS TU # 19: What was depicted on the 40 x 60-foot marble carving found in Rome called the Forma Urbis Romae or sometimes called the "Marble Plan"? (MAP OF) CITY OF ROME MAINTAIN PUBLIC HIGHWAYS B1: What was the job in Italy of the curatores viarum? What office, the highest in the cursus honorum, was typically responsible for the construction of B2: long-distance public highways in Italy? **CENSOR** Respondē Latīnē: Ouot oculos habent duo hominēs? TU # 20: **QUATTUOR** Respondē Latīnē: Quot pedēs habent quattuor hominēs? OCTŌ B1: Respondē Latīnē: Quot digitos habent duo hominēs? **VĪGINTĪ** B2: