

**IJCL Convention Certamen**  
**February 25<sup>th</sup> 2007**  
**First Round- Lower**

1. He first introduced fire and police control into Rome, and his reorganization of the military provided for competent management of the empire. Who was this emperor who according to Luke, book two, decided all the world should be taxed. The first emperor of Rome.

**Augustus**

-B1. What right hand man of Augustus was his most competent military commander, who conquered Sextus Pompey in Sicily and won at Actium?

**M. Vipsanius Agrippa**

-B2. Who succeeded Augustus upon his death in 14 AD?

**Tiberius**

2. Give the comparative form of the adjective *iratus*.

**irator**

-B1. Make *irator* superlative.

**iratissimus**

-B2. Make *pulcher* superlative.

**pulcherrimus**

3. The great dramatic festival in Athens was in his honor, and he was seen as a patron of drama. Who was this god, sewn into Zeus' thigh as a fetus?

**Dionysus**

-B1. What mother to Dionysus had been sizzled by Zeus?

**Semele**

-B2. Whom did Dionysus reward with a special touch for returning his sidekick Silenus to him?

**Midas**

4. Situated right adjacent to the comitium in front of the Curia, it took its name from the beaks of captured ships which protruded from its side. What was this platform from which many an orator spewed his political and forensic speeches?

**Rostra**

-B1. What open area center of political and commercial life held the rostra?

**Forum**

-B2. What teacher would take over the education of young men after the Grammaticus to teach public speaking?

**Rhetors**

5. Translate the relative pronoun in the following sentence, " They saw the man whose head was shaved."

**Cuius**

-B1. Translate the relative pronoun in the following sentence, " The words which he spoke made a strong impression."

**Quae**

-B2. Translate the relative pronoun in the following sentence, "The swords which were given to the soliders were very sharp."

**Qui**

6. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word utensil?

**Utor uti to use**

-B1. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word mirage?

**Miror mirari to wonder at**

-B2. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word experiment?

**Experior experiri to test/try**

7. His sons committed the first regicide of Rome, and his accomplishments included the fortification of the Janiculum and the construction Pons Sublicius. Who was this reputed grandson of Numa Pompilius, the 4th king of Rome? **Ancus Marcius**

-B1. What port did Ancus Martius construct at the mouth of the Tiber? **Ostia**

-B2. What king did his sons kill? **Tarquinius Priscus**

8. It was a winged creature named Chrysomallos, but in another version, it carried Phrixus and his girl Helle across a straight which bore her name. What is this sought after item hanging from a tree and guarded by a dragon, the object of the Argonauts' quest?

**The Golden Ram / Fleece**

-B1. What kingdom was the possessor of the Golden Fleece? **Colchis**

-B2. Name one of the three tasks to be completed by Jason to retrieve the Fleece.

**Yoke the Bulls of Mars, Sow Dragon's Teeth, Kill the Dragon guarding the Fleece**

9. Originally named because of its furniture, which room in the Roman house takes its name from the Greek term for three couches?

**Triclinium**

-B1. What room, directly behind the Atrium served as the Master's study? **Tablinum**

-B2. What was the open air colonnaded courtyard in back of the house? **Peristylum**

10. What is the case of god in the following sentence: *Aeneas semper a dis laudatus erat.*

**Ablative**

-B1. Make gods into goddesses in the same sentence.

**Deabus**

-B2. Using *deus*, give two forms for gods in the nominative plural.

**Dei, di**

11. Often called Rome's breadbasket, it was the last of the great Hellenistic empires to succumb to Roman control. What was this ever ancient kingdom, the ally to Marc Antony under the governance of Cleopatra?

**Egypt.**

-B1. What other kingdom in Northern Africa was twice a major problem for Rome, once under king Jugurtha, and again under king Juba?

**Numidia**

-B2. From Spain, what mountain range did Hannibal have to cross even before the Alps as he moved from Spain into Gaul on his way to Italy?

**Pyrenees**

12. Listen carefully to the following story as I read it twice. Then *responde Latine.*

*Theseus, nave ad Cretam latus, in Labyrintho positus est. Dum Minotaur appropinquabat, Theseus, gladium tenens, cum amicis manebat. Tandem Theseus Minotaurum occidit. Omnes servabantur.*

Question: *Quo Theseus latus est?*

**ad Cretam OR nave**

-B1. *Quibuscum Theseus manebat?*

**amicis**

-B2. *Quem Theseus occidit?*

**Minotaurum**

13. Translate the following into Latin. "I have always lived in Rome."

**Semper Romae habitavi.**

-B1. Translate into Latin "Tomorrow I will run from Rome"

**Cras Roma Curram.**

-B2. Translate into Latin. "All were walking to Rome"

**Omnes Romam ambulabant.**

14. What direction does the participle *oriens, orientis* imply? **East**  
-B1. What type of participle is *oriens, orientis*? **Present active**  
-B2. What does *oriens, orientis* literally mean? **rising**

15. The name is the same. One was a mighty huntress who took part in the Calydonian Boar hunt, even managing to fell the beast, earning the spoils, and the other was a swift maiden who refused to marry unless she was beaten in a race. What is the name common to both characters? **Atalanta**

-B1. What organizer of the hunt presented the spoils to Atalanta after the boar kill? **Meleager**  
-B2. What boy was able to beat Atalanta with the aid of golden apples? **Hippomenes**

16. Usually following a list of things, it literally translates “and the rest.” What is this abbreviation? **et al. (accept et alii(a) before the word abbreviation)**

-B1. What Latin phrase indicates an unwanted person? **Persona non Grata**  
-B2. For what does *m.o.* stand? **modus operandi**

17. He challenges any Greek to single combat near the beginning of the Iliad, but once Menelaus answers his call, he runs for cover. His elder brother chastises him, and he returns to take his beating like a man, well sort of.... Who was this womanizing prince of Troy whose eye for Helen had begun the entire war? **Paris**

-B1. Who saves Paris in his dual with Menelaus? **Aphrodite**  
-B2. With what weapon does Paris excel as befits a less than courageous warrior? **Bow**

18. The common greetings and farewells *Salve/Salvete* and *vale/valete* are what mood of verbs? **Imperatives.**

-B1. What does *vale / valete* literally command you to do? **Be well / strong**  
-B2. Tell someone “not to be strong.” **Noli valere**

19. They were the subject of Demodokas' song in the Odyssey, and according to Ovid, it was Sol who first ratted them out to Vulcan. Who were these two Olympians involved in an affair that resulted in a very public revelation?

**Mars and Venus (Accept Aphrodite and Ares before “Ovid”)**

-B1. How did Vulcan catch them in the act? **With an unbreakable net**  
-B2. What two youthful gods came to watch the show unfold and made lewd comments? **Apollo and Mercury (accept Hermes as one of the answers)**

20. *Aurum Digitus, Viva et Lice Mori, Modo Bis Vivis, Modo Tuis Oculis, Numquam Dic Numquam Iterum, Posterus Dies Numquam Moritur, et Mundus Non Est Satis* are all movie titles in a series starring what certain dashing spy, hailing from a province added by the emperor Claudius. **Bond, James Bond**

-B1. What other Sean Connery movie has the title. *In Nomine Rosae*. **In the Name of the Rose**  
-B2. What Brad Pitt movie would have the title *Per Id Flumen Currit*. **A River Runs Through It.**

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**Second Round- Lower**

1. Attendant Circumstance, respect, specification, description, of the route, of source, comparison, degree of difference, agent, separation, cause, price, means, and manner are still just a few of this case's uses. What is this case, often considered the adverbial?

**Ablative**

-B1. Express in Latin using two ablatives. "I am much stronger than the father."

**Sum multo fortior patre.**

-B2. What preposition is often optional with the ablative of manner? **cum**

2. Originally terminating in Capua, it was created during the Samnite wars for the travel of the Army. What was this first road, heading south from Rome?

**Via Appia / Appian Way**

-B1. During which century was the Appian Way built? **4th century BC / 300s BC**

-B2. In what region south of Rome did Capua sit, the flashpoint for the Samnite wars?

**Campania**

3. He killed his first wife, was killed by his second, and his third was his half sister. Who was this hero and former Argonaut, who once tried to hold death from coming to pick up his friend Admetus' dead wife. He is more famous for deeds which include a Hind, a Cretan Bull, Apples of the Hesperides, among his total of 12 labors. **Heracles/Hercules**

-B1. Who was Hercules' second wife who killed him with a poisoned shirt? **Deinira**

-B2. Who became his third and final wife, the cupbearer to the gods and goddess of youth? **Hebe**

4. It takes its name from the fact that it falls exactly nine days before the Ides. What is this day, either the 5th or 7th of each month? **Nons / nonae, -arum**

-B1. What is the designation for the first day of the month? **Kalends / Kalendae, -arum**

-B2. Give two of the four months which have the Nons on the 7th and Ides on the 15th.

**March, May, July, October**

5. Translate the following sentence into English: *Duces Gallorum Caesari omnia signa tradiderunt.* **The leaders of the Gauls handed over all the standards (signs) to Caesar.**

-B1. What is the case and number of *signa*? **accusative plural**

-B2. Reform the sentence with a singular subject.

**Dux Gallorum Caesari omnia signa tradidit.**

6. According to some sources he married Nausicaa, but others report he married Circe after his father's death. He was almost run over with a plow as a baby, and he takes umbrage at the suitors trying to woo his mother. Who was this son of Odysseus?

**Telemachus**

-B1. Who was the mother to Telemachus?

**Penelope**

-B2. Name one of the two kings Telemachus visited in the Odyssey in search for news of his father.

**Nestor or Menelaus**

7. A Roman usually received them first thing in the morning in his Atrium during the *salutatio*, and they could follow him to the Forum on business as a part of his entourage. Who were these counterparts to Patrons, those on whom a Roman could lean for favors?

**Clientes**

-B1. Often, clients could be freed slaves. What is the term for a freedman? **Libertus, i**

-B2. What "sending from the hand" describes the act of freeing a slave?

**Manumission (manumitting, manumitt)**

8. As I am sure you all feel that you have the best Latin teacher in the world, how I would you say in Latin "I have the best teacher!" **Optimum/am magistrum/am habeo.**

-B1. Say now in Latin "the teacher has the best students."

**Magister/a optimos discipulos habet.**

-B2. Make the sentence future perfect.

**Magister/a optimos discipulos habuerit**

9. In Dante's hell, he is being chewed with his partner in crime by Satan, and Shakespeare has Caesar declare that he thinks too much. Who was this co-conspirator with Brutus, who sports a "lean and hungry look?"

**Cassius**

-B1. Cassius' cohort was Brutus, descendant of the first consul. Who was first co-consul with Brutus?

**Collatinus**

-B2. In what year did they serve as co-consuls?

**510 BC**

10. *In hac pictura movente, puer solus domum defendet contra duos fures.* What movie would have the title *Solus Domi*.

**Home Alone**

-B1. What movie had the title *Bonus Filius*?

**The Good Son**

-B2. What other recent McCulkin movie has the title *Servati*.

**Saved**

11. He was supposedly in charge during the Golden age of men, and during his festival held December 17, slaves and masters were allowed to switch positions for a day. Who was this Titan, the father of Jupiter?

**Saturn**

-B1. What Titan was the wife of Saturn?

**Rhea/Ops**

-B2. Who was Saturn's Greek equivalent?

**Cronus**

12. Like many Latin phrases it can be heard in court, hopefully never uttered by you. What is this plea in which the defendant states he does to contest the charges?

**Nolo contendere**

-B1. What Latin phrase declares that you may have the body?

**Habeas Corpus**

-B2. Literally "for the good," how is a lawyer working if it is for free?

**Pro Bono**

13. Which nymph while being chased by Juppiter implored her sisters to change her form, which they did changing her into reeds?

**Syrinx**

-B1. Which nymph was changed into a bear by Juno after Juppiter had seduced her?

**Callisto**

-B2. Who was the nephew of Daedalus whom he threw off the Parthenon and was turned into a partridge?

**Perdix**

14. What is the use of the infinitive in the following sentence. Vir putavit iter non esse periculosum.

**Indirect discourse/ statement**

-B1. Give another way that an infinitive can be used in a sentence.

-B2. Give another. **Subject of a sentence, complimentary infinitive, with an impersonal verb, historical infinitive, in exclamation, negative imperative**

15. Please give in Latin the motto of Wyoming, *Let arms yield to toga*.

**Cedant arma togae**

-B1. Please give in Latin the motto of New Mexico, *It grows as it goes*.

**Crescit eundo**

-B2. Please give in Latin the motto of Mississippi, *By virtue and arms*.

**Virtute et armis**

16. Which word does not belong? *arbor, amor, videor, calor, furor*?

**videor**

-B1. Which does not belong? *leo, cervus, frater, piscis, avis*?

**frater**

-B2. Which does not belong? *servus, corpus, onus, opus, tempus*?

**servus**

17. *Titus fratres undecim habet. Triste septem fratres mortui sunt. Nunc quot fratres Titus habet?*

**quattuor**

-B1. *Quot sunt undecim plus septem?*

**duodeviginti**

-B2. *Quot sunt undeviginti minus duodeviginti?*

**unus**

18. The Tiber is his son, and he supposedly came from Thessaly, but when the Greek and Italian religions began their melding, he had no ready made Greek counterpart. Who was this god, namesake of a temple in Rome which indicated a status of war, the god of beginnings and ends, departures and arrivals, and the first month of the year. **Janus**

-B1. What is the main descriptive feature of Janus' appearance?

**Two faces**

-B2. What emperor closed the doors of the temple after his victory at Actium, bringing peace to the empire?

**Augustus**

19. It sat between the Aventine and Palatine hills, and was the site of Rome's most popular spectacles. What was this Hippodrome that offered the best chariot racing in Rome?

**Circus Maximus**

-B1. What was the name of the dividing wall which ran down the middle of the track?

**Spina**

-B2. What was the name for the turning posts at the end of the *spina*?

**Metae**

20. Give the third person plural pluperfect passive indicative of the verb *fero, ferre*,

**Lati, -ae, -a, erant**

-B1. Make *Lati, -ae, -a* erant singular.

**Latus, -a, -um erat**

-B2. Make *latus, -a, -um* erat active.

**tulerat**

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**Third Round- Lower**

1. Your typical middle school girl, writing a note to her friend, probably sticks a P.S. onto the end. Give the Latin and the English for P.S. **Post Scriptum, written after**

-B1. A Latin teacher who is trying very hard to get you to see something important will use the abbreviation N.B. to call your attention to it. Give the Latin and the English for N.B. **Nota Bene, note well**

-B2. What is the English meaning of the abbreviation cf.? **compare**

2. At 25, he became the youngest person ever given imperium having only held the questorship, but the Romans were desperate, for his father and uncle had been killed in the war with Hannibal. Their decision paid off, as it was he who finally defeated Hannibal on African soil in 202 BC. Who was this Hannibal conquerer?

**P. Cornelius Scipio Africanus Maior**

-B1. At what battle did Scipio defeat Hannibal? **Zama**

-B2. What brother of Hannibal had defeated and killed Scipio's father in Spain?  
**Hasdrubal**

3. Accomplish the task given. *Surge et pone manum in ore.*

**The player stands and places his hand on his mouth (in mouth)**

-B1. *Surgite omnes et dicite mihi vestros nomina.* (they all stand and tell their names)

-B2. *Sedete et facite suis sonos* (they all sit and make pig noises)

4. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word audacious?

**Audeo audere- to dare**

-B1. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word incident?

**Cado cadere- to fall**

-B2. From what Latin verb and its meaning do we derive the English word devastate?

**Vasto vastare- to destroy**

5. He seemed to be constantly on some cockamamie kidnapping scheme with his buddy Pirithous, and they tried to steal both Helen and Persephone. The legendary king of Athens was also known to tangle with the likes of a clubber, Pine -bender, a big pig, and a bed stretcher. Who was this Athenian hero who abandoned Ariadne on the island Naxos?

**Theseus**

-B1. What other daughter of king Minos did Theseus marry?

**Phaedra**

-B2. With what son of Theseus did Phaedra fall in love?

**Hippolytus**

6. Translate the infinitive in this sentence into Latin. "I want to be led home." **duci**

-B1. Make *duci* active and perfect. **duxisse**

-B2. Make *duxisse* passive. **ductus, a, um...esse**

7. More famous examples include those of Trajan, Diocletian and Caracalla. Some were heated by a hypocaust, a Greek furnace system under the floor. What are these structures which became social centers for many Romans rather than a simple means of getting clean?

**Baths**

-B1. Name either of two terms for baths, both private and public. **Balneae** and **Thermae**

-B2. Give the term for the three rooms of varying temperatures within the bath complex, one hot, one tepid, and one cold. **Caldarium, Tepidarium, Frigidarium**

8. Translate into Latin one of Darth Vader's most famous lines, Luke I am your father.

**Luci sum pater (tui)**

-B1. What is another famous line from Star Wars that in Latin would be *age aut noli agere*.

**Do or do not**

-B2. Before Han Solo is frozen in carbonite Princess Leia says "I love you" to which Han does not respond "I love you too" But instead says "I know" What would the Latin be of his response?

**Scio**

9. He did make it to Troy, but only years after he had been left behind on an island, all because he had a problem with foot odor. Who was this Greek, without whose bow Troy could not fall, spurring Odysseus and Neoptolemus to retrieve him from the island Lemnos. He also shares his name with that awful satyr on the (gag) Disney Hercules movie.

**Philoctetes**

-B1. What had happened to Philoctetes to make his foot smell?

**Bitten by a snake**

-B2. Who had given Philoctetes the bow?

**Heracles**

10. What is the use of the accusative in the following sentence? "*Tres annos Romani in bello pugnabant.*"

**Duration of Time (Extent of Time)**

-B1. Translate this sentence into Latin. "The Romans have stronger men."

**Romani viros fortiores habent.**

-B2. Using *quam*, say in Latin. "The Romans have stronger men than the Greeks."

**Romani viros fortiores quam Graecos habent.**

11. Of the four, two were designated as curule and two were plebeian. All had equal power and a seat in the senate. Their responsibilities included supervision of public places, buildings, streets markets, public entertainment, among other things. What was this office of the magistracy?

**Aedile**

-B1. What office was expanded to 20 members by Sulla, and oversaw finances?

**Quaestors**

-B2. Who served in a mainly legal capacity, by becoming the judges?

**Praetors**

12. *Bene* is to *optime* as *male* is to what?

**Pessime**

-B1. *Magnus* is to *magnum* as *maior* is to what?

**Maius**

-B2. *Bonum* is to *melius* as *parvum* is to what?

**minus**



13. It remains as the best preserved ancient building, having been rebuilt by Hadrian after the original was destroyed by fire in 80 AD. What is this original temple to the seven deities representing the seven planets?

**Pantheon**

-B1. What person was the original builder, whose name we can still see on the façade?

**M. Vipsanius Agrippa**

-B2. "Theon" refers to gods, but what does the "pan" stand for in the building's name? **All**

14. Artemis, Amphitryon, ant, spotted snake, eagle, swan, bull, and shower of gold all are shapes he has taken in an effort to "seduce" his many ladies. Who is this prolific philanderer, and baby daddy to many a mortal woman?

**Zeus**

-B1. Whom did Zeus impregnate as Amphitryon, step-father to Heracles? **Alcmene**

-B2. Whom did Zeus seduce as a flame? **Aegina**

15. Translate the following sentence into English. *Heri ad forum a servis in lecticis portati sumus.*

**Yesterday we were/have been carried in litters by the slaves to the forum.**

-B1. Translate the following sentence: *Soror fraterque domi manere iussi erant.*

**The sister and the brother had been ordered to remain at home.**

-B2. Translate the following sentence: *Puellam, quam puer amavit, vidi.*

**I saw the girl, whom the boy loved.**

16. Odysseus, Heracles, Aeneas, Theseus and Pirithous, and Orpheus are all those who have made the trip there and back. What is this abode of the dead ruled by Pluto and Proserpina?

**Underworld/Hades**

-B1. What river in the underworld erases memory?

**Lethe**

-B2. Which river is the river of fire?

**Phlegethon**

17. The object of some intransitive verbs, the object of certain compound verbs, agent with a periphrastic, also to show reference and purpose. What case am I explaining?

**Dative**

-B1. What case is used as the direct object of verbs such as *utor*, *fruo*, and *fungor*?

**Ablative**

-B2. What case is used with verbs of remembering, forgetting and even sometimes with convicting?

**Genitive**

18. *Notae via in qua habitant*, what television show would have the Latin title *Domesticae uxores Desperatae*?

**Desperate Housewives**

-B1. Which show would simply be titled *Amici*?

**Friends**

-B2. Which show would be *Unus Arboreus Collis*?

**One Tree Hill**

19. The Caelian hill was supposedly given to the people of this city, after it had been destroyed and incorporated by Tullus Hostilius. What was this mother city to Rome, known for the long white hills?

**Alba Longa**

-B1. Who had founded Alba Longa centuries earlier?

**Ascanius/Iulus**

-B2. Give the two sets of triplets and their sides who settled the Alban wars in combat.

**Horatii – Roman, Curiatii – Alban**

**20.** After discovering Troy, Heinrich Schliemann moved into the Peloponnese, where he discovered the richest and most powerful city in all Bronze Age Greece. What was this city of Agamemnon, for which the entire Bronze age culture is named.

**Mycenae**

-B1. Over what island kingdom did Odysseus hold sway?

**Ithaca**

-B2. Which city was the home to Agamemnon's brother, Menelaus?

**Sparta**

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**February 26<sup>th</sup> 2007**  
**Final Round- Lower**

1. It was the offspring of the Typhon and the Echidna, and it's description of its parts vary by different accounts. However, all agree that it breathed fire. What was this monster with parts of a goat, lion, and serpent?

**Chimera**

-B1. What hero killed the Chimera?

**Bellerephon**

-B2. With what creature's help did Bellerephon accomplish this task?

**Pegasus**

2. Say in Latin: The consul himself led the soliders.

**Consul ipse milites duxit**

-B1. Say in Latin: They were not able to capture the city themselves.

**Ipsi Urbem capere non possunt**

-B2. Say in Latin: The leader of the Romans will praise himself.

**Dux Romanorum se laudabit**

3. It flows from Mount Monviso west to the Adriatic sea, creating the Valley in northern Italy which bears its name. This Valley was essentially Cisalpine Gaul. What is this river known as the Padus in ancient times, Italy's longest river.

**Po**

-B1. What other river separated Italy from Cisalpine Gaul, made famous by a 49 BC crossing?

**Rubicon**

-B2. What mountain range creates a backbone of the peninsula?

**Apennines**

4. What is the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence?

*Tot libros legimus ut defessi essemus.*

**Result clause**

-B1. What is the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence?

*Populus in Foro stetit ut orationes audiret.*

**Purpose clause**

-B2. What is the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence?

*Nemo scit cur bellum gestum sit.*

**Indirect question**

5. Examples include *civis*, *finis*, *ars*, *pars*, *vis*, and *mare*. What designation do these third declension nouns have, all sharing a genitive plural ending in "*ium*?"

**i-stems**

-B1. Using the adjective *brevis*, *is*, *e*, give the ablative singular.

**brevi**

-B2. Make *brevi* nominative, plural, neuter.

**brevia**

6. There is some debate as to whether girls were given one to wear, and generals wore theirs in celebrating triumphs. What was this amulet worn by children to ward off evil spirits?

**Bulla**

-B1. What toga was worn by those in mourning?

**Toga Sordida**

-B2. What toga was worn by generals celebrating a triumph?

**Toga Picta**

7. They were called Tyrrhenoi by the Greeks, and their influence upon the development of Rome is astounding. Who were these people north of Rome who were separated from Latium by the Tiber river?

**Etruscans**

-B1. What emperor with epilepsy was reported to be the last to speak Etruscan?

**Claudius**

-B2. For what events did the Etruscans develop the gladiatorial games, a practice which the Romans adopted?

**Funerals**

8. Give the Latin motto of John Hopkins University which translates into English as The truth will free you.

**Veritas vos liberabit.**

-B1. Give the Latin motto of Dartmouth College which translates into English as the voice of one crying in the wilderness.

**Vox clamantis in deserto**

-B2. Give the Latin motto of Tulane University which translates into English as Not for herself, but for her own.

**Non sibi, sed suis**

9. What is the third person plural present passive indicative of the verb *audio, audire*?

**audiuntur**

-B1. Make *audiuntur* future.

**Audientur**

-B2. Make *audientur* perfect.

**Auditi, -ae, -a sunt**

10. He wore a loincloth, belt, short greave on his left leg, a linen manica to protect his right arm, and carried a long curved shield of a legionaire. However, it was from his high crested helmet whence he got his name. What type of Gladiator earned his name for the fishlike appearance of his helmet?

**Murmillo**

-B1. The *murmillo* often paired with this gladiator who carried the net and trident.

**Retiarius**

-B2. What gladiator was the beast hunter?

**Bestiarius**

11. Some say she was reared by the Seasons, she was seduced by Zeus in the shape of a cuckoo, but later he hung her from heaven by the wrists, she was the mother of Eileithyia, she vied for recognition as patron deity of Argos against Poseidon and won, according to Ovid she blinded Teiresias for siding with her husband. Who was this jealous Olympian whom Paris did not choose as the most fair?

**Hera**

-B1. We all know that Hera was the wife of Zeus but she was not his first wife, who the first wife of Zeus?

**Metis**

-B2. Generally speaking Hera was known for her jealousy and rage however she did favor atleast one hero, who was this leader of a grand expedition?

**Jason**

12. Listen carefully to the following story as I read it twice. Then *Latine responde*.

*Rex Romanorum, nomine Tarquinius Superbus, templum in monte Capitolino aedificavit. Ubi templum factum erat, Rex templum tribus dis, Iuppiteri, Iunoni, et Minervae dedicavit. Templum a omnibus Romanis amatum est.*

Question: *Quis templum aedificavit?*

**Rex / Tarquinius Superbus**

-B1. *Ubi Rex templum aedificavit?*

**In monte Capitalino**

-B2. *Quibus Rex templum dedicavit?*

**Iuppiteri, Iunoni, Minervae**

13. He is actually Dardanian, a neighboring town north of Troy, and he appears in a famous scene in the Iliad, fighting against Diomedes, when his mother attempts to save him. Who is this Trojan hero, the subject of Vergil's great epic? **Aeneas**

-B1. What woman does Aeneas spurn in Carthage, leading to her suicide? **Dido**

-B2. What new wife does Aeneas find in Italy, but not until he fights a war over her? **Lavinia**

14. Distinguish in meaning between *quiDAM* and *quiDEM*.

**Quidam - a certain; quidem-indeed**

-B1. Distinguish between *quamquam* and *umquam*.

**quamquam - although; umquam - ever**

-B2. Distinguish between *quaero* and *queror*. **quaero - ask for, seek; queror - complain**

15. She accompanied her father into exile, but after his death, she returned to Thebes, and Haemon, the son of Creon fell in love with her. Who was this sister of Polynices and daughter of Oedipus who buried her brother in spite of Creon's command not to do so?

**Antigone**

-B1. What other brother had refused to step down from the throne, provoking Polynices' attack? **Eteocles**

-B2. What sister of Antigone falsely confessed she had done the same, wanting the same punishment as Antigone, that of being locked in a cave? **Ismene**

16. What is the Latin verb from which we get our English word "progress?"

**progredior - advance, go forward**

-B1. What is the Latin adjective and its meaning from which we derive "quality?"

**qualis, is, e - what sort of**

-B2. What is the Latin noun and meaning from which we derive "belligerent?"

**bellum, i - war**

17. *In carmine de pecunia et molestiis, sunt tres principes cantores, praesertim Infamis M-A-G-N-U-S*. What rap song would have the Latin title *Plus Pecuniarum, plus Molestiarum*. **Mo Money Mo Problems**

-B1. Which infamous rap has the title *Glaciens, Glaciens Infans*? **Ice, Ice Baby**

-B2. Which Ludacris classic would have the title *Exvolve*? **Roll Out**

18. Give the date in Latin for Caesar's assassination.

**Idibus Martiis Januariis**

-B1. Give today's date, February 24<sup>th</sup> in Latin.

**a.d. VI Kalendas Martias**

-B2. Give the date in Latin for New year's eve.

**Pridie Kalendas**

19. Much of his life was spent in exile, split between two islands. The emperor Augustus had sent him to Rhodes, but thanks in part to his tireless mother lobbying for his return, he returned to become next in line to the Principate. However, his rule degenerated to exile on the isle of Capri. Who was the second emperor of Rome? **Tiberius**

-B1. Who was the mother of Tiberius?

**Livia**

-B2. Within 5 years, when did Tiberius die, passing the power to his insane nephew Gaius?

**37 AD (Accept 32-42 BC)**

**20.** She had her home on the edge of Oceanus, and her brother was Helios. In Homer she wears a saffron robe and has the great epithet rosy fingered. Who was this goddess of the dawn?

**Eos**

-B1. With what mortal did Eos fall in love, requesting immortality, but forgetting youth?

**Tithonus**

-B2. What was their offspring, the great Ethiopian warrior, who comes to the aid of Troy?

**Memnon**