## 2013 TSJCL Certamen Intermediate Level, Round 1

TU # 1: What emperor banished Agrippina the Younger because she was involved in the conspiracy of Gaetulicus in 39 AD? GAIUS (CALIGULA) (HER UNCLE) CLAUDIUS B1: By whom was Agrippina recalled from exile? Who had been Agrippina's first husband and the father of her son Nero? B2: CN. DOMITIUS AHENOBARBUS Which sister of Priam paid a token ransom that he might survive, which is why his name came from TU # 2: a form of the verb "to buy"? **HESIONE** What two deities did Hesione's father Laomedon anger? APOLLO AND POSEIDON B1: Why were Apollo and Poseidon angry with Laomedon? B2: BECAUSE HE REFUSED TO PAY THE WAGE HE PROMISED THEM FOR BUILDING TROY'S WALLS TU # 3: What common American girl's first name in Latin literally means "she who must be loved"? **AMANDA** What common American girl's first name in Latin literally means "she who must be admired"? B1: **MIRANDA** B2: What feature on a map comes from a Latin word that means "things which must be read"? **LEGEND** TU # 4: Define the Latin verb adeō. TO GO TO, APPROACH, GO UP TO B1: Define the Latin adverb adeō. THEREFORE, SO MUCH, SO GREATLY B2: Define the Latin verb adsum. TO BE NEAR, BE PRESENT TU # 5: Listen carefully to the following paragraph, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question about it. Dum equus meus edit, duōs cīvēs vīdī clāmantēs inter sē. Alter inquit, "Verba tua sunt falsa, mendax." Tum alter, quī amictus togā candidā est, iam īrātissimus clāmat, "Tu es nēquissimus." non te facio floco!" Subito alius ad alium ruit et coeperunt pugnare acerrime. Question: What does the narrator of this story claim to own? A HORSE How do we know that one of the two arguing men is a candidate? B1: HE IS DRESSED IN A TOGA CANDIDA B2: What do the two men do at the end of the passage? **FIGHT** (score check) Name the son of Thyestes and Pelopia who lived with Clytemnestra during the Trojan War. TU # 6: **AEGISTHUS** B1: Who was Thyestes's brother and the father of Agamemnon and Menelaus? **ATREUS** What niece of Atreus was the mother of Theseus? B2: **AETHRA** 

When recognized by the spotter, follow these Latin directions: 'surge et clāmā mihi Anglicē tē TU # 7: rēgem esse'. PLAYER SHOULD STAND AND SHOUT THAT HE IS KING B1: Follow these directions: iungite manūs et cantāte Anglicē "Fēlīcem Nātālem Diem". PLAYERS SHOULD JOIN HANDS AND SING 'HAPPY BIRTHDAY' B2: Follow these directions: surge, verte ad audientes, et simula oscula dare ONE PLAYER SHOULD STAND, TURN TO THE AUDIENCE, AND PRETEND KISSES TU # 8: Name the statue of Athena which safeguarded the city of Troy. THE PALLADIUM B1: What two Greeks stole the statue during the Trojan war? **ODYSSEUS AND DIOMEDES** B2: What captured Trojan seer had suggested this strategy? **HELENUS** TU # 9: What emperor appointed Quintilian as the first state professor with an annual salary of a hundred thousand sesterces in the year 78 AD? **VESPASIAN** B1: What survey was Vespasian the last Roman emperor to conduct? **CENSUS** B2: What did Vespasian do with Stoic and Cynic philosophers during his reign? EXPELLED THEM FROM ROME TU #10: Give the correct form of the adjective fortis to agree with the noun form dominōrum. **FORTIUM** Give the correct form of the adjective acer to agree with the noun form senātū. B1: **ACRĪ** B2: Give the correct form of the adjective celer to agree with the noun form rebus. **CELERIBUS** (score check) TU #11: Who tricked Zeus into choosing innards and bones wrapped in fat as his portion of a sacrifice offered to the gods? **PROMETHEUS** What did Zeus, in anger, deny to mankind? B1: **FIRE** B2: In what did Prometheus hide fire when he stole it from Olympus for mankind? HOLLOW (FENNEL) STALK TU #12: Define the Latin noun agnus. **LAMB** DEER, STAG B1: Define the Latin noun cervus. B2: Define the Latin noun avis. **BIRD** TU #13: At what type of structure would one have typically seen a fabula togata or a fabula palliata? **THEATER** B1: What was the difference between the two types of plays with respect to their setting? **TOGATA - ROMAN SETTING** PALLIATA - GREEK SETTING Where did these names come from? FROM THE CLOTHING WORN IN THEM B2: TU #14: Translate the following sentence into English: Dum Romae sum, Ciceronem vīdī. WHILE I WAS IN ROME, I SAW CICERO ... "Dum Rōmae eris, apud Cicerōnem manēbis. B1: AS LONG AS YOU ARE / WILL BE IN ROME, YOU WILL STAY AT CICERO'S HOUSE. ... "Remanēbo ibi dum redeās." I WILL REMAIN THERE UNTIL YOU RETURN B2: 2013 TSJCL Intermediate, Round 1, Page 2

TU #15: Define the Latin noun regnum. KINGDOM, REALM B1: Define the Latin verb ruere. TO RUSH, HURRY B2: Define the Latin adverb rursus. AGAIN, BACKWARDS, ON THE OTHER HAND (score check) TU #16: From what Latin verb with what meaning are the English words "referee" and "circumference" derived? FERRE -- TO BEAR, BRING, CARRY From what Latin verb with what meaning are the words "chisel" and "excise" derived? B1: CAEDERE -- TO CUT, BEAT, KILL B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning are the words "trace" and "treaty" derived? TRAHERE -- TO DRAW, DRAG TU #17: What praetorian prefect assassinated Caracalla in the year 217 AD to become the next emperor? **MACRINUS** B1: According to Dio Cassius, Macrinus, as a native of northern Africa, was the first Roman emperor to sport what type of body modification? PIERCED EAR B2: What member of the Severan family succeeded Macrinus? **ELAGABALUS** TU #18: With what object belonging to Procrustes did Theseus kill Procrustes? BED With what object belonging to Periphetes did Theseus kill Periphetes? B1: **CLUB** B2: With what objects in nature did Theseus kill Sinis, also known as Piteocamptes? (PINE) TREES TU #19: Who in Rome would have worn white or yellow shoes with an orange veil? BRIDE Who in Rome would have worn a garment called a synthesis? B1: A PARTY-GOER Who in Rome would have worn a garment called a toga picta? B2: TRIUMPHANT GENERAL (score check) TU #20: Translate into English: "puerī puellās in viā currentēs vīdērunt." THE BOYS SAW THE GIRLS RUNNING IN THE STREET B1: Rephrase the tossup sentence so that it says, "The boys, running in the street, saw the girls." PUERĪ IN VIĀ CURRENTĒS PUELLĀS VĪDĒRUNT Now say in Latin, "The boys who were running in the street saw the girls." B2:

PUERĪ QUĪ IN VIĀ CURRĒBANT PUELLĀS VĪDĒRUNT

## 2013 TSJCL Certamen Intermediate Level, Final Round

TU # 1: B1: B2:	By what collective name do we know the brothers Stero Apollo killed the Cyclopes in retaliation for Zeus' murd Zeus had killed Asclepius for reviving what mortal com	er of what young man? ASCLEPIUS
TU # 2: B1: B2:	What liquid found today in most kitchen pantries derived 'wine' and 'bitter'? What derivative of this same Latin word for 'wine' is an wine was produced? What derivative of this same Latin word for 'bitter' is an which is pungent and irritating to the eyes?	VINEGAR English word referring to the year in which a VINTAGE
TU # 3:	Translate this two-word Latin sentence into English: " <b>praeeste mīlitibus</b> !"  BE IN CHARGE OF THE SOLDIERS!	
B1: B2:	Now say in Latin, "I am in charge of the birds."  Now say in Latin, "They will be in charge of the young	PRAESUM AVIBUS
TU # 4: B1: B2:	What deity disguised herself as the Taphian chieftain Mentes to convince Telemachus to search for news of his father's whereabouts?  ATHENA To what two cities did Athena convince Telemachus to travel to speak to their kings?  PYLOS & SPARTA What son of Nestor accompanied Telemachus to Sparta?  PEISISTRATUS	
TU # 5: B1: B2:	What did Trajan, Diocletian, and Caracalla all build in Repeople of the city of Rome? Trajan built his baths on the ruins of the palace of what the Which of these three bathing complexes was the largest.	BATHS former emperor? NERO
(score check) TU # 6: Identify the use of the genitive case in this sentence: "In arēnā tantum spatī vidēre possum." PARTITIVE B1: "Cicero iūris perītus fuit." SPECIAL ADJECTIVES B2: "illa erat fossa trium pedum."  MEASURE		
TU # 7:	Which of the four emperors of 69 AD was well known f	for his gluttonous tendencies?
B1 & B2: For five points each, name the two lieutenants of Vitellius who are said to have been the real power behind the throne.  (AULUS) CAECINA & (FABIUS) VALENS		
TU # 8: B1 B2	, 1 ,	mmatically: <b>grandinat, oportet, decet, licet</b> .  IMPERSONALS  DEFECTIVE  THEY CAN TAKE THE GENITIVE

2013 TSJCL Intermediate, Final Round, Page 1

TU # 9: Who married Harmonia, the daughter of Ares and Aphrodite? **CADMUS** Name one of the two things that Cadmus gave Harmonia as wedding gifts. B1: ROBE, NECKLACE B2: Name one of the four daughters of Cadmus and Harmonia. INO, SEMELE, AUTONOË, & AGAVE TU #10: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and then answer in English the question that follows: "Fēmina gallīnam habēbat, quae ūnum ovum cotīdiē peperit. At fēmina consilium cepit. Sī plūs cibī gallīnae dederit, gallīna duo ova cotīdiē pariet. Ita fēcit fēmina. Sed gallīna, pinguis facta, nē ūnum quidem posteā parere poterat." (repeat) Question: What did the widow think would improve the chicken's performance? GIVING IT MORE FOOD B1: What was the goal that the widow had in mind by doing this? THAT THE CHICKEN WOULD LAY TWO EGGS A DAY B2: Why did this not work? THE CHICKEN BECAME TOO FAT TO LAY ANY EGGS (score check) TU #11: Differentiate in meaning between domus and donum? DOMUS - HOUSE / DONUM - GIFT B1: What is the difference in meaning between flos and fons? FLOS - FLOWER / FONS - FOUNTAIN, SPRING What is the difference in meaning between ager and agger? B2: AGER - FIELD, FARM / AGGER - WALL, RAMPART, MOUND What emperor chose Galerius, Constantius and Maximian as co-rulers in his Tetrarchy as he split the TU #12: empire in the year 284 AD? **DIOCLETIAN** In the tetrarchy, what were the two designations of rulers? **AUGUSTI AND CAESARES** B1. Which of the men in the tossup was co-Augustus with Diocletian in 284 AD? B2. **MAXIMIAN** TU #13: For the verb **proficiscor**, give the 3rd person singular, perfect indicative. **PROFECTUS EST** Now do the same for the verb **profiteor**. B1: **PROFESSUS EST** Change **professus est** to the subjunctive mood. B2: **PROFESSUS SIT** Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin word as the others: estimate, TU #14: premium, redeem, prompt, exemplify? **ESTIMATE** What English verb, derived from the same Latin root as 'estimate', means "to regard with B1: admiration"? **ESTEEM** 

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning are the other words from the tossup derived?

EMERE -- TO BUY

TU #15: What two-word Latin prepositional phrase is used in English to mean "on the spur of the moment"? **EX TEMPORE** 

B1: What Latin phrase found in English means "for the time being"

B2: What Latin phrase literally means "time flies"?

PRO TEMPORE
TEMPUS FUGIT

(	( د د د د د
uscore	check)

TU #16: Who told Odysseus that before he could go home from her island he must visit the Underworld?

**CIRCE** 

B1: **TIRESIAS** With whom was it necessary for Odysseus to talk in the Underworld?

According to Homer, what body of water was it necessary for Odysseus to cross to reach the grove B2:

of Persephone and the entrance to the Underworld?

(RIVER/STREAM OF) OCEANUS

TU #17: What garment, sometimes referred to as the cēnātōrium, was worn by fashionable Roman men to dinner parties? **SYNTHESIS** 

B1: What cloak was often worn by poorer Romans and philosophers? **ABOLLA** 

B2: What garment was worn after exercise much like a modern bathrobe? **ENDROMIS** 

Translate the following sentence into English: "māter puerōrum dīxit sē eōs doctūram esse." TU #18:

THE MOTHER OF THE BOYS SAID THAT SHE WOULD TEACH THEM

B1: Say in Latin, "The mother told the boys that she had taught them."

MĀTER PUERĪS DĪXIT SĒ EŌS DOCUISSE

B2: Say in Latin, "The mother ordered the daughters to eat dinner."

MĀTER IMPERĀVIT FĪLIĪS UT CĒNAM EDERENT

Who murdered her own sons Mermerus and Pheres to take revenge on their father for leaving her? TU #19:

**MEDEA** 

B1: What king of Athens did Medea soon thereafter marry? **AEGEUS** 

B2: What stranger did Medea convince Aegeus to attempt to kill with poison? **THESEUS** 

## (score check)

Audī dīligenter et respondē aut Anglicē aut Latīnē: Quī imperātor Rōmānus dīxit moriēns, TU #20:

'Quālis artifex pereō!'?

**NERO** 

B1: Respondē Anglicē: Quī dux, ā Nerōne missus, Britanniam vīcit? **SUETONIUS PAULINUS** 

Respondē Anglicē: Quis fuit māter Nerōnis? B2: AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER / MINOR