

**2004 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND ONE**

1. What letters are added to the third person endings of a verb in the present, imperfect, and future tenses to make it passive? **-UR**
What do we call verbs such as **ambulō**, **vireō**, and **caleō**, which cannot be made passive under normal circumstances? **INTRANSITIVE**
Using a 3rd conjugation verb, say in Latin, “They will be killed.”
INTERFICIENTUR / CAEDENTUR / OCCIDENTUR
2. What pious couple survived the flood that destroyed the rest of mankind? **DEUCALION & PYRRHA**
To what goddess did the couple pray? **THEMIS**
What did Themis tell the couple to do to re-populate the earth?
(COVER HEADS, LOOSEN CLOTHING, &)
TOSS THE BONES OF THE GREAT MOTHER OVER YOUR SHOULDERS
3. Translate the verb into Latin for the sentence “Castor and Pollux are called Gemini.”
APPELLANTUR/ NŌMINANTUR/ DĪCUNTUR/ VŌCANTUR
Using a dative of possession, translate “two” for the sentence “The two had many adventures.” **DUŌBUS / DUĀBUS**
Translate “the other” for the sentence “The was equal to the other.” **ALTERĪ**
4. Many Roman soldiers and merchants worshiped what Persian god of light? **MITHRAS**
Where were most temples or shrines of Mithras?
IN (NATURAL OR ARTIFICIAL) CAVES
What creature is Mithras supposed to have killed in a cave? **BULL**
5. Listen carefully to this passage which I will read twice, and answer the question that follows in English.
Duae puellae dīvitēs, cum minimō cane, ad fundum vēnērunt ut labōrārent. Quattuor diēs aliquid efficere recūsābant et agricola irātissimus fiēbat. “Cūr nihil semper agitis?” agricola rōgāvit. Puellae superbē respondērunt, “Quia crīnēs flāvae sunt nōbīs et multam pecūniam habēmus.”
The question: Why did the rich girls and the little dog go to the farm? **TO WORK**
How did the girls anger the farmer? **THEY REFUSED TO WORK**
Give two reasons why they didn’t work?
THEY HAVE BLONDE HAIR AND ARE RICH

6. In the recent movie *Troy*, the screen writers revised some elements of the Trojan saga.
 For example, in the movie Agamemnon announced his intentions to take Briseis back to Mycenae with him. What Trojan woman did Agamemnon actually take back? CASSANDRA
 Also in the movie, Hector kills Menelaus after Menelaus' duel with Paris. In Homer's *Iliad*, who kills Menelaus? NOBODY
 In the movie Achilles jumped out of the Trojan horse. Why is this inaccurate? ACHILLES WAS DEAD BEFORE TROY FELL
7. What derivative of the Latin noun for "road, way" means "to turn away from the common or right course?" DEVIATE
 What derivative of the Latin noun for "witness" means "to abhor"? DETEST
 What derivative of the Latin noun for "wall" means "to entomb"? IMMURE
8. According to both Roman legend and archaeological evidence, which was the first of Rome's hills to be settled? PALATINE
 (Pass out the visuals)
 Which number on this map of the Palatine designates the private residence of Augustus and Livia? 2
 Which emperor added the feature numbered 9 to the Palatine complex? DOMITIAN
9. Translate the following sentence into English: **Spērāre facilius est quam crēdere.**
 HOPING IS EASIER THAN BELIEVING / TO HOPE IS EASIER THAN TO BELIEVE
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Domum cum amīcīs ire solēbant.**
 THEY WERE ACCUSTOMED TO GOING HOME WITH FRIENDS
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Nōn sinunt nōs in urbe manēre.**
 THEY DO NOT ALLOW US TO REMAIN IN THE CITY
10. Change the phrase **mōns tōtus** to the genitive. MONTIS TŌTĪUS
 Change **montis tōtius** to the dative. MONTĪ TŌTĪ
 Change **montī tōtī** to the ablative. MONTE TŌTŌ
11. Whose program of agrarian reform was vetoed by the tribune M. Octavius in 133 B.C.? TIBERIUS (SEMPRONIUS) GRACCHUS'
 How did Gracchus circumvent the veto? HAD OCTAVIUS REMOVED FROM OFFICE
 By what body was the reform program approved? CONCILIUM PLEBIS
12. Of the words *mors*, *mōs*, *mora*, *mūs* and *musca*, which is described here: **Est parvum animal quod in caelō volat** MUSCA
 Of the words *mors*, *mōs*, *mora*, *mūs* and *musca*, which is described here: **Est cunctātiō actiōnis** MORA
 Of the words *mors*, *mōs*, *mora*, *mūs* and *musca*, which is described here: **Est cēna fēlibus vel hominibus ēsūrientissimīs** MŪS

13. Which of his family members does Aeneas lose in the escape from Troy?
(HIS WIFE) CREÛSA
Which of his family members escape with him? ANCHISES & ASCANIUS / IULUS
What else does Aeneas take with him from burning Troy?
PENATES / SACRED FIRE / SHIPS / FILLETS
14. Which of Rome's kings executed Mettius Fufetius? TULLUS HOSTILIUS
By what means was Mettius Fufetius torn apart?
TORN APART BY CHARIOTS/HORSES DRIVEN IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS
Of what Latin city had Mettius been the ruler? ALBA (LONGA)
15. Translate idiomatically the phrase **verba facere**. TO SPEAK
... **castra pōnere**. TO PITCH/SET UP CAMP
... **ā puerīs**. FROM BOYHOOD
16. For whose seduction did Zeus extend the night to three times its proper length?
ALCMENA / ALCMENE'S
How did Zeus disguise himself for this seduction? AS HER HUSBAND AMPHITRYON
In due course Alcmena gives birth to twins. Name each twin and his respective father.
HERACLES - ZEUS; IPHICLES - AMPHITRYON
17. Who adopted Marcus Ulpius Traianus as his heir and co-regent in A.D. 97?
(MARCUS COCCEIUS) NERVA
Of what province was Trajan the military governor at the time of his adoption?
LOWER GERMANY / **GERMANIA INFERIOR**
In what province had Trajan been born? BAETICA
18. Whom did Perseus rescue from a sea monster sent by Poseidon? ANDROMEDA
What reward did Perseus ask from Andromeda's father, King Cepheus, for her rescue?
MARRIAGE TO ANDROMEDA (& A KINGDOM)
Who, having been previously promised Andromeda as a wife, attempted to oppose the
marriage and was turned into stone? PHINEUS (CEPHEUS' BROTHER)
19. What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean "on the face of it?"
PRĪMĀ FACIĒ
What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean "tit for tat?" QUID PRŌ QUŌ
What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean "masterpiece?"
MAGNUM OPUS
20. Excluding its compounds, give a Latin synonym for the verb **rogō, rogāre**.
PETŌ/ POSCŌ/ PERCONTOR/ QUAERŌ/ SCĪSCITOR/ SCĪTOR
... for the verb **temptō, temptāre**. CONOR
... for the verb **mūtō, mūtāre**. VERTŌ/ CONVERTŌ/ NOVŌ

**2004 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND TWO**

1. Who tricked Zeus into choosing entrails and bones wrapped in fat as the portion of a sacrifice offered to the gods? PROMETHEUS
What did Zeus, in anger, deny to mankind? FIRE
In what did Prometheus hide fire when he stole it from Olympus for mankind? HOLLOW (FENNEL) STALK
2. Translate this motto from the state of Alabama: **Audēmus iūra nostra dēfendere.**
WE DARE TO DEFEND OUR RIGHTS / LAWS.
Translate this motto from the state of Missouri: **Salūs populī suprēma lex estō.**
LET THE WELFARE/SAFETY OF THE PEOPLE BE THE SUPREME LAW.
THE WELFARE/SAFETY OF THE PEOPLE SHALL BE THE SUPREME LAW.
Translate this motto from the state of South Carolina: **animīs opibusque parātī.**
PREPARED IN SPIRITS/MINDS AND RESOURCES
3. What Roman general went into voluntary exile after he was accused of embezzling some of the plunder from the capture of Veii? (M. FURIUS) CAMILLUS
What happened in 390 BC which caused the Romans to recall Camillus and make him dictator? INVASION OF GAULS (BRENNUS)
According to tradition, Camillus twice defeated the Gauls. More importantly, what did he convince the Romans not to do?
ABANDON ROME (AND MOVE TO VEII)
4. Who became the commander of the Carthaginian fleet in 247 B.C.? HAMILCAR BARCA
What Carthaginian leader hampered Hamilcar's efforts by denying him ample manpower and supplies? HANNO (THE GREAT)
With what victor of the battle of Aegates Islands did Hamiclar negotiate peace terms to end the war? (C. LUTATIUS) CATULUS
5. Give a synonym of **certē**.
IMMŌ, QUIDEM, MAXIMĒ, SĀNE, ITA, SĪC, ITA VĒRŌ, PLĀNĒ,
... of **subitō**. REPENTE, REPENTĪNŌ, IMPRŌVĪSŌ, INEXSPECTĀTĒ
... of **illīc**. IBI, ISTĪC

6. Give the Latin root and its meaning from which “plethora,” “expletive,” “replete,” and “plenty” are derived. **PLĒNUS** - FULL, FILLED / **PLĒRE** - TO FILL
 What derivative of **plēnus** means “to fulfill?” **IMPLEMENT**
 What derivative of **plēnus** means “the quantity or number needed to make a whole?” **COMPLEMENT**
7. For the verb **cēdō**, give the 3rd person singular present active indicative. **CĒDIT**
 Change **cēdit** to the imperfect subjunctive. **CĒDERET**
 Change **cēderet** to the future. **NO FUTURE SUBJUNCTIVE**
8. Whom did Jason and Medea murder in order to escape with the golden fleece?
APSYRTUS (MEDEA’S HALF-BROTHER)
 Who purified Jason & Medea of this murder? **CIRCE**
 For whose murder were Jason & Medea later banished from Iolchus? **PELIAS’**
9. What group of barbarians seized Carthage in A.D. 439 and sacked Rome in A.D. 455?
VANDALS
 Who was the commander of the Vandals? **GAISERIC**
 Who finally crushed the Vandals in A.D. 533? **BELISARIUS**
10. Listen carefully to the following passage about Hannibal, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows:
Hannibal Rōmānōs adeō ōderat ut exercitum magnum trāns Alpēs montēs dūceret. Proelium cum cōsulibus Rōmānīs commisit. Rōmānī, quī impetum equitum hostium ferre nōn poterant, facile superātī sunt. Ūnus cōsul vulnerātus et paene circumventus est. Sed ūnus eques Rōmānus perīculum viderat auxiliumque eī tulit.
 Why did Hannibal lead an army across the Alps? **HE HATED THE ROMANS**
 Why were the Romans easily defeated in this battle?
NOT ABLE TO ENDURE/SUSTAIN THE ATTACK OF THE CAVALRY OF THE ENEMY
 Who saved the besieged Roman consul from Hannibal? **ONE HORSEMAN**
11. What couple were turned into a lion and lioness for making love in Cybele’s temple?
ATALANTA AND HIPPOMENES / MELANION
 How had Hippomenes / Melanion won Atalanta as his wife?
BEAT HER IN A FOOTRACE BY THROWING (THREE) GOLDEN APPLES IN HER PATH WHICH SHE STOPPED TO COLLECT
 Whom did Hippomenes forget to thank for the golden apples? **APHRODITE / VENUS**

12. Whose reign began with the execution of Agrippa Postumus? **TIBERIUS**
 Name Agrippa Postumus' mother, who was also Tiberius' wife. **JULIA (AUGUSTUS' DAUGHTER)**
 Name Julia's surviving child. **AGRIPPINA THE ELDER**
13. **Portō : portāvisse :: mūniō : _____ ?** **MŪNĪVISSE**
 Change **mūnīvisse** to the passive. **MŪNĪTUS /-A /-UM ESSE**
 Change **mūnītus esse** to the future active. **MŪNĪTŪRUS ESSE**
14. Translate the following sentence into English: **Pūnī eum sī discere nōnvult.**
PUNISH HIM IF HE DOES NOT WANT TO LEARN
 Translate the following sentence into English: **frātre occīsō in silvam cucurrit.**
WITH (HIS) BROTHER KILLED, HE RAN INTO THE FOREST
 Translate the following sentence into English: **nūntius haec locūtus abiit.**
THE MESSENGER, HAVING SAID THESE THINGS, LEFT
15. What use of the ablative case is found in the following sentence: **Rōmulus sē Iove**
maiōrem esse dīcēbat. **COMPARISON**
... Dīcēbat hunc sonum multō clāriōrem esse quam tonitrum.
DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE
... Amulius, minor nātū, frātrī optiōnem dedit. **RESPECT / SPECIFICATION**
16. Who brought the news to Odysseus that some of his men had been turned into swine by
 Circe? **EURYLOCHUS**
 (Pass out the visual)
 Identify the two males in left center of the picture. **HERMES & ODYSSEUS**
 What is Hermes handing to Odysseus in this painting? **(THE PLANT) MOLY / MOLU**
17. Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same Latin root as the others:
 tense, tenure, retinue, content, detention **TENSE**
 What Latin word and its meaning are at the root of "tense", as in "present tense"? **TEMPUS - TIME**
 What other derivative of **teneō, tenēre** means "any opinion or principle"? **TENET**
18. What Celtiberian city held out against the Romans for nine years until they were starved
 into submission in 133 BC? **NUMANTIA**
 Name the successful Roman commander who sold the inhabitants into slavery and
 destroyed the town.
(P. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO AEMILIANUS (AFRICANUS MINOR)
 What *agnomen* was given to Scipio as a result of this? **NUMANTIUS**

19. Of the words **pontifex maximus, rēx, cōnsul, gubernātor** and **cōnsulāris**, which is described by the following: **Is quī regit rem publicam.** **CŌNSUL**
... **Is quī nōn iam est consul, sed quondam fuit.** **CŌNSULĀRIS**
... **Is cuius nōmen omnēs bonī cīvēs Rōmānī ōdērunt.** **RĒX**
20. Who married Harmonia, the daughter of Ares and Aphrodite? **CADMUS**
What two things did Cadmus give Harmonia as wedding gifts?
A ROBE AND A NECKLACE MADE BY HEPHAESTUS
Name the four daughters of Cadmus and Harmonia.
INO, SEMELE, AUTONOË, & AGAVE

**2004 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND THREE**

1. After he defeated his father and the Titans, whom did Zeus battle next? GIANTS
Name the Titaness and former consort of Zeus who advised him to wear the aegis as a
breastplate when fighting the Giants? THEMIS
What hero helped Zeus defeat the Giants? HERACLES
2. Using a deponent verb, say in Latin, "Men, Follow the leader!"
SEQUIMINĪ DUCEM, VIRĪ/ HOMINĒS
Using a deponent verb, say in Latin, "Aulus, follow me!" AULE, SEQUERE MĒ
Using a deponent verb, say in Latin, "Tiberius, use this!" TIBERĪ, ŪTERE HŌC / HĀC
3. Of the verb **exspectō**, give the first person singular imperfect active subjunctive.
EXSPECTĀREM
Change **exspectārem** to the perfect tense. EXSPECTĀVERIM
Change **exspectāverim** to the pluperfect tense. EXSPECTĀVISSEM
4. At what battle did Decius Mus sacrifice his own life in order to ensure victory against the
Samnites? SENTINUM
What is the Latin term for this giving of one's life to ensure victory? DEVOTIO
Name the other commander who was probably responsible for the victory.
(FABIUS) RULLIANUS
5. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN
the question about it.
**Dux exercituī ait, "Iam septimus annus est, mīlitēs, ex quō tempore virtūte
vestrā atque fidē, Britannōs vīcistis. Ēgressī igitur ē prōvinciā nunc ad finēs
Britanniae pervēnimus."**
The question: **Quot annōs pugnāvērunt mīlitēs?** SEPTEM or SEX
Ubi sunt mīlitēs nunc? AD FĪNĒS BRITANNIAE / IN BRITANNIĀ
Quōmodo mīlitēs hostēs vīcērunt? VIRTŪTE (SUĀ) ET FIDE
6. What derivative of the Latin verb **iaciō** means "to interrupt or insert" a comment?
INTERJECT
... "a stream of liquid or gas which gushes out suddenly." JET
... "a guess or inference." CONJECTURE

7. What city's walls did Amphion build by moving the stones into place with the music of his lyre? **THEBES**
 Whom did Amphion marry? **NIOBE**
 What foolish boast cost Niobe the lives of her children? **MORE CHILDREN**
THAN LETO (MOTHER OF APOLLO & ARTEMIS)
8. An inscription on a bronze statue in the Archeological Museum of Florence reads "**Hūc vēnī Delphīs et frātre relictō.**" What use of the Ablative case is **frātre relictō**? **ABSOLUTE**
 According to this inscription, from where had the speaker traveled? **DELPHI**
 Say in Latin, "at Delphi". **DELPHIS**
9. Though he allowed several gladiatorial shows to be given, which emperor issued an edict abolishing gladiatorial games in AD 323? **CONSTANTINE (I or GREAT)**
 Which emperor in AD 367 stopped the practice of condemning Christians to the gladiatorial schools? **VALENTINIAN I**
 Which emperor in AD 404 permanently banned all gladiatorial combats? **HONORIUS**
10. Who was condemned to suffer everlasting thirst and hunger in the underworld? **TANTALUS**
 What crime had Tantalus committed? **(TESTED OMNISCIENCE OF GODS BY)**
(KILLING, COOKING AND) FED HIS SON (IN A STEW) TO THE GODS
 Name Tantalus' son whom the gods restored to life. **PELOPS**
11. Which of the following, if any, does NOT come from the same Latin root?
 cordial record courage EXCORIATE discord
(Moderators: respond to a correct answer with: "Correct. The others come from 'cor' meaning 'heart' while 'excoriate' comes from 'corium' meaning 'skin'.")
 (Pass out the visual)
 Study these Latin proverbs for 15 seconds. (Wait 15 seconds) Which of these Latin proverbs is closest in meaning to the English saying, "You can't teach an old dog new tricks."? **D**
 Which of these proverbs is closest in meaning to our phrase, "To hit the nail on the head"? **E**
(Moderators: For your benefit, here is what the visual looks like:
 A Ūnō opere eandem incūdē noctem diēque tundere (To strike the same anvil on the same job day and night)
 B Canis timidus vehementius latrat quam mordet (A frightened dog barks louder than he bites)
 C Facile est inventis addere ('Tis easy to add to things already invented)
 D Canis ā coriō numquam absterrēbitur unctō (A dog will never be frightened out of his greased hide)
 E Rem acū tangere (To touch the thing with a needle)
 F Canis in praesaepī (Dog in a manger)

12. Translate the following sentence into English: **Nōn dēbēs timēre in senātū dīcere.**
YOU OUGHT NOT FEAR TO SPEAK IN THE SENATE
Translate the following sentence into English: **plērīque metuunt morī.**
VERY MANY / MOST FEAR DYING / ARE AFRAID TO DIE
(Do not accept "several" for "**plērīque**")
Translate the following sentence into English: **Veritī sumus nē urbs capta esset.**
WE FEARED THAT THE CITY HAD BEEN CAPTURED
13. What 37- mile long structure was Lollius Urbicus in charge of building?
ANTONINE WALL
Only the foundation of the wall was built of stone. Of what was the top portion
constructed? TURF / DIRT / SOD
In whose reign was the Antonine Wall abandoned? COMMODUS'
14. Give the perfect participle of the verb **proficīscor.** PROPECTUS (-A-UM)
Translate that participle. HAVING LEFT/ STARTED OUT
Use the present participle of **proficīscor** to translate the participle in the following
sentence: "Everyone lined the highway to watch Caesar as he was setting out for
Gaul." PROFICISCENTEM
15. In preparation for which of his labors was Heracles initiated into the Eleusinian
Mysteries? FETCHING OF CERBERUS FROM THE UNDERWORLD
What three other monsters already encountered by Heracles were also the offspring of
Typhon and Echidna? HYDRA, ORTH(R)US, & NEMEAN LION
Under what condition did Hades allow Heracles to take Cerberus?
COULD NOT USE WEAPONS TO SUBDUE THE DOG
16. If you were the Speaker of the House, what Latin phrase would you use to adjourn
without a specific day to reconvene? SINE DIĒ
What is the Latin word for the number of House members needed to be present to legally
transact business? QUŌRUM
What Latin phrase might a House member use in a speech questioning who would benefit
from a proposed law? CUI BONŌ
17. What military disaster forced Augustus to move the frontier of the Empire back to the
Rhine river? TEUTO(N)BURG(ER) FOREST
What river had Augustus hoped to maintain as the frontier boundary before the disaster?
ELBE
What city on the Rhine served as Roman fleet headquarters in this part of the empire?
COLONIA AGRIPPINENSIS/COLOGNE

18. Using a defective verb, say in Latin, "He says." **INQUIT / AIT**
Using that same defective verb, say in Latin, "They say." **INQUIUNT / AIUNT**
Using a defective verb, say in Latin, "I was remembering." **MEMINERAM**
19. Who told Odysseus that before he could go home he must visit the Underworld? **CIRCE**
With whom was it necessary for Odysseus to talk in the Underworld? **TIRESIAS**
According to Homer, what body of water was it necessary for Odysseus to cross to reach
the grove of Persephone and the entrance to the Underworld?
(RIVER/STREAM OF) OCEANUS
20. What is the Latin term for the wax masks of deceased ancestors? **IMĀGINĒS**
In what area off of the atrium were the **imāginēs** kept and displayed on certain holidays?
ALAE
When were the **imāginēs** taken out of the house? **FOR FUNERAL PROCESSIONS**

**2004 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
SEMI-FINALS**

1. According to Homer, what deity saves Aeneas from death when he fights Achilles in single combat? POSEIDON
 What other deity has urged Aeneas to fight Achilles? APOLLO
 What does Poseidon explain to Apollo and the other gods about Aeneas's destiny?
AENEAS & HIS DESCENDANTS ARE DESTINED TO RULE TROY and/or
CONTINUE THE TROJAN RACE

2. What was the most common duty of the **publicānī**? TAX COLLECTION (IN PROVINCES)
 What was Rome's **aerārium**? (PUBLIC) TREASURY
 What was the emperor's private treasury called? FISCUS

3. What use of the subjunctive does Cicero employ in his frequently-used clause "**Quae cum ita sint?**" (CUM) CAUSAL CLAUSE
 What type of conditional clause does Cicero employ when he says "**Sī hoc Marcō Marcellō dīxissem...**"? CONTRARY TO FACT (IN PAST TIME)
 What type of conditional clause does Cicero employ when he says : "**Sī mēcum patria loquātur....**"? FUTURE LESS VIVID / IDEAL
(Prompt: SHOULD-WOULD)

4. On what island did the sun god Helios pasture his herds of cattle and sheep? THRINAC(R)IA / THRINACIĒ
 Which of Odysseus' men urged the others to slaughter and eat some of Helios' cattle? EURYLOCHUS
 Name Helios' daughter who quickly reported the crime to her father. LAMPETIĒ/ LAMPETIA

5. Who, in name only, was in command of the Roman legions sent against the Parthian in A.D. 161? LUCIUS (AURELIUS) VERUS
 What Syrian was actually in command? AVIDIUS CASSIUS
 What disaster did these troops bring back with them from Parthia? PLAGUE

6. If you were a book editor for a publishing company, what Latin phrase would you use in the margin of a manuscript to mean “retain the word or passage previously corrected or omitted?” **STET**
 What would be the Latin title of the list of corrections to be made before publishing the book? **CORRIGENDA**
 If additional mistakes were found after the book was published, what is Latin term for the list of errors and their corrections usually inserted in the front of the book? **ERRATA**
7. Whose descendants does Prometheus predict will include the great hero Heracles? **IO’S**
 On what mountain is Prometheus chained when he gives this prediction? **MT. CAUCASUS**
 What service does Heracles later render to Prometheus?
(SHOOTS THE EAGLE &) RELEASES PROMETHEUS (FROM HIS CHAINS)
8. Translate the following sentence into English: **Aequō animō mortuus est.**
HE DIED WITH A CALM / PEACEFUL MIND / SPIRIT / CALMLY
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Gnaeus fuit homō infirmō corpore.**
GNAEUS WAS A MAN OF WEAK BODY
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Requiescant in pāce ossa eius.**
MAY HIS BONES REST IN PEACE
9. Give the Latin root and its meaning from which “prodigal,” “exigency,” “agile,” and “reaction” are derived. **AGŌ, AGERE - DO, DRIVE**
 What derivative of **agō, agere** means “the process of conducting business?” **TRANSACTION**
 What derivative of **agō, agere** means “one who is opposed to progress?” **REACTIONARY**
10. Listen carefully to the following passage about Cato, which I will read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question that follows:
Marcus Porcius Catō erat novus homō. Per omnēs gradūs cursūs honōrum ad cōsulātum progressus erat. Tandem, nōbilibus dissentientibus, populus Rōmānus Catōnem cēnsōrem fēcērunt. Per tōtam vītā Catō Carthāginem timuit et ōderat. Semper cupidus erat illius urbis vastandae. Cum ōrātiōnem habēret, semper exclāmābat, “Dēlenda est Carthāgō!”
 The question: **Quotiēns dīcēbat Catō, ōrātiōnem habēns, Carthāginem dēlendā esse?** **TOTIĒNS / SEMPER**
Quī nōlēbant Catōnem cēnsōrem fierī? **NŌBILĒS (RŌMĀNĪ)**
Cuius erat Catō cupidus? **ILLAM URBEM / CARTHĀGINEM VASTANDĪ /**
ILLIUS URBIS / CARTHĀGINIS VASTANDAE

11. Who was the first provincial governor to declare support for Galba against Nero? OTHO
 What province did he rule? LUSITANIA
 Why did Otho withdraw his support from the emperor Galba?
 GALBA HAD CHOSEN SOMEONE ELSE [(L.) PISO LICINIANUS, NOT OTHO]
 TO BE HIS SUCCESSOR
12. Please do not open your visual until directed to do so. (When the visuals are distributed,
 say) “ Open your visual and study it for ten seconds. Please note that the animal
 in the center of the picture is a bull.” (10 seconds passes)
 Who is the lady in this mural from the House of the Vettii in Pompeii?
 DIRCE (QUEEN OF THEBES)
 Who are the two young men? ZETHUS & AMPHION
 On what mountain does this scene occur? MT. CITHAERON
13. What form of the proper noun **Mercurius** agrees with the adjective form **celerī**?
 MERCURIŌ
 What form of the proper noun **Iūnō** agrees with the adjective form **superbam**?
 IŪNŌNEM
 What form of the proper noun **Iuppiter** agrees with the adjective form **saevī**? IOVIS
14. You are at a restaurant in ancient Ostia and the waiter asks you “**Vīsne pānem et mel?**”
 What is he asking you? IF YOU WOULD LIKE BREAD AND HONEY
 The waiter then asks you “**Utrum vīs potāre? Aquam an lac?**” What does the waiter
 want to know now? WHAT YOU WANT TO DRINK, WATER OR MILK
 You then respond to the waiter, “**Nec aquam nec lac. Mālō vīnum album.**”
 What are you saying to the waiter?
 THAT YOU WANT NEITHER WATER NOR MILK,
 BUT THAT YOU PREFER/WANT WHITE WINE
15. What king of Athens called upon Poseidon to kill his son Hippolytus? THESEUS
 Who told Theseus that she had been raped by Hippolytus? PHAEDRA (HIS WIFE)
 What deity told Theseus that his son was innocent? ARTEMIS
16. Using an impersonal verb, say in Latin, “We are ashamed.” NŌS PUDET
 ... “They are sorry.” EŌS / EĀS / ILLŌS / ILLĀS PAENITET
 ... “You were tired.” TĒ / VŌS TAEDĒBAT / TAEDUIT
17. Where was the battle fought which ended the Second Macedonian War in 197 B.C.?
 CYNOCEPHALAE
 Who was the victorious Roman general? (TITUS QUINCTUS) FLAMININUS
 Who was the losing Macedonian general? PHILIP V

18. Which two of the following words have the same Latin root:
 presume, summit, summon, summer, assumption
 PRESUME & ASSUMPTION
 What Latin verb with what meaning is at the root of “presume” and “assumption?”
 SUMŌ, SUMERE - TAKE, TAKE ON, SPEND
 What derivative of **sumō, sumere** means involving great expense?” SUMPTUOUS
19. Give an antonym of **sordidus**.
 NITĒNS / ALBUS / CANDIDUS / CLĀRUS / PŪRUS / MUNDUS / INTEGER
 ... of **molestus**. GRĀTUS / COMMODUS / AMĀBILIS / BLANDUS,
 IŪCUNDUS / PROBĀTUS / LEPIDUS / SUĀVIS
 ...of **antīquus**. NOVUS, RECENS, NOVELLUS (Do NOT accept “**iūvenis**”)
20. What city in ancient Spain was situated where modern Cartagena stands?
 NEW CARTHAGE / CARTHAGO NOVA
 Carthago Nova was founded by Hasdrubal Barca. What modern Spanish city derives its
 name from “Barca?” BARCELONA
 The modern name of the Spanish city Saragossa evolved from the name of what ancient
 historical figure? (CAESAR) AUGUSTUS

**2004 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
FINALS**

1. Which of the Argonauts had such keen eyesight that he could see what was hidden in the earth? LYNCEUS
Which of the Argonauts could run so fast over the waves of the sea that his feet stayed dry? EUPHEMUS
Which of the Argonauts could take whatever shape he liked in battle? PERICLYMENUS

2. This summer the Olympic Games return to their birthplace, Greece. What is the Latin motto of the Olympic Games? **CITIUS - ALTIUS - FORTIUS**
What is the English meaning of the motto? SWIFTER - HIGHER - STRONGER
Despite the common translation of this motto, what is the grammatical form of those three words? COMPARATIVE ADVERB

3. Who gave her husband Cephalus a hound that always caught its prey and a javelin that never missed its mark? PROCRIS
Why did Procris follow her husband into the forest?
SUSPECTED HE WAS HAVING AN AFFAIR (WITH EOS/ AURORA OR AURA)
What happened when Cephalus heard a noise in the forest?
KILLED PROCRIS WITH THE JAVELIN

4. What type of clauses usually begin with words such as **sī** and **nisi**? CONDITIONAL
Say in Latin, "If I go to Rome, I will visit the forum."
SĪ RŌMAM Ī(V)ERŌ / EŌ, FORUM VĪSITĀBŌ / VĪSAM
Say in Latin, "Unless we prepare the food, we cannot eat."
NISI CIBUM PARĀMUS, EDERE NŌN POSSUMUS / QUĪMUS / VALĒMUS
SĪ CIBUM NŌN PARĀMUS, EDERE NŌN POSSUMUS / QUĪMUS / VALĒMUS

5. Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same Latin root as the others:
congress, degree, ingredient, gradual, regressive NONE
What is the Latin verb and its meaning at the root of these words?
GRADIOR, GRADĪ - WALK, STEP
What derivative of **gradior, gradī** means "slope?" GRADIENT / GRADE

6. Wait until you are instructed to open your visuals.
 (Pass out the visuals)
 Open your visuals. Study these statues for 15 seconds. (Wait 15 seconds)
 Identify the letter and the name of the historical figure described by the following:
 He succeeded his father, killed his brother, possibly in his mother's presence.
 LETTER F: CARACALLA
 Identify the letter and the name of the historical figure described by the following:
 He was fond of hunting as a youth and fond of architecture as an adult. He travelled extensively.
 LETTER D: HADRIAN
 Identify the letter and the name of the historical figure here who was the object of Hadrian's affections during a well-known extramarital affair.
 LETTER E: ANTINOUS
7. Which of the sons of King Minos fell into a vat of honey and drowned? GLAUCUS
 What Argive seer revived the boy? POLY(E) IDUS
 How did Polyidus learn which herb to use in reviving Glaucus?
 (CONFINED BY MINOS IN
 GLAUCUS' TOMB) POLYIDUS SAW A SNAKE & KILLED IT;
 A SECOND SNAKE APPEARED & REVIVED THE FIRST WITH AN HERB
8. What action by the Romans in 238 B.C. contradicted their reputation for fair dealing and fostered a spirit of revenge at Carthage?
 SEIZURE / OCCUPATION OF SARDINIA (& CORSICA)
 What was distracting the Carthaginians at this time, which facilitated the Roman occupation of Sardinia?
 MUTINY/REVOLT/INSURRECTION OF CARTHAGE'S MERCENARIES
 (& LIBYAN NATIVES)
 What Carthaginian commander defeated these mercenaries? HAMILCAR BARCA
9. Translate the following sentence into English: **Cicerō crēdēbātur maximus ōrātōrum Rōmānōrum esse.**
 CICERO IS / WAS BELIEVED TO BE THE GREATEST OF THE ROMAN ORATORS
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Rogātus est ut cōsulātum peteret.**
 HE WAS ASKED TO SEEK THE CONSULSHIP
 Translate the following sentence into English: **Catīlīna spērāvit mīlitēs suōs Rōmam incensūrōs esse.**
 CATILINE HOPED THAT HIS SOLDIERS WOULD BURN ROME
 (Also accept "expected", "trusted", "anticipated" for "spērāvit")

10. Who sent Bellerophon to kill the Chimaera? (KING) IOBATES (OF LYCIA)
 Name Iobates' daughter who had accused Bellerophon of trying to seduce her.
 STHENEBOEA or ANTEIA
 According to Euripides, how does Bellerophon get revenge on Stheneboea?
 LURES HER ONTO PEGASUS, FLIES HIGH, PUSHES HER OFF
11. What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean "actions speak louder than words"? FACTA NŌN VERBA
 What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean "perfection"? NĒ PLŪS ULTRĀ
 What Latin phrase is commonly used in the military to mean "by force of arms"? VĪ ET ARMĪS
12. Cicero says in his first oration against Catiline: "**Dēcrēvit quondam senātus ut ... cōsul vidēret nē quid rēs pūblica detrimentī caperet.**" What use of the genitive is found in that sentence? PARTITIVE/OF THE WHOLE
 For that same quotation, what use of the subjunctive is **vidēret**?
 SUBSTANTIVE NOUN CLAUSE / INDIRECT COMMAND
 Later on in the same speech, Cicero says, "**Quid est, Catilīna, quod iam amplius expectēs...**" What use of the subjunctive is found in that quotation?
 RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC
13. What are the two possible genitive singular forms for the noun **domus**? DOMŪS / DOMĪ
 What are the two possible genitive plural forms for **domus**? DOMUUM / DOMŌRUM
 What do we call nouns such as **domus**, which have forms from more than one declension? HETEROCLITES
14. What is the Latin name of the region of ancient Italy which contained the cities of Murlo, Volterrae, Clusium and Tarquinii? ETRURIA
 What is the Latin name of the region of ancient Italy which contained the city of Beneventum? SAMNIUM
 What is the Latin name of the region of ancient Italy which contained the city of Tarentum, which was the only city in Italy founded by the Spartans?
 MAGNA GRAECIA or CALABRIA

15. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows.
Rūfus, vir ingenī prāvī, Magnam Bibliothēcam Alexandrīae vīsītābat ut volūmina sēcrēta et rāra legeret. Dum volūmina sēcrēta legit, ea in sinūs togae suae pōnere coepit. Cēlātīs volūminibus, Rūfus ā cūrātōre librōrum comprehensus est. Rūfus sē statim excūsāvit et dēclārābat volūmina in sinūs suōs forte cecidisse.
 The question: Why did Rufus visit the great library of Alexandria?
TO READ SECRET AND RARE SCROLLS / BOOKS
 (Accept either “secret” or “rare”, or both, but at least one is required)
 What did Rufus do with the scrolls?
HID / PUT / STASHED THEM IN THE FOLDS / POCKET / POUCHES OF HIS TOGA
 (Accept “in his toga” and “stole”)
 What explanation did Rufus give the curator of the museum, who caught him attempting to steal the scrolls?
IT WAS ACCIDENTAL / THEY HAPPENED TO FALL INTO HIS POCKETS
16. Which of the Seven against Thebes was the only one to scale the city wall? **CAPANEUS**
 What did Capaneus shout as he climbed over the wall?
NOT EVEN ZEUS COULD KEEP HIM FROM ENTERING THE CITY
 How was Capaneus punished? **KILLED BY ZEUS’ THUNDER/LIGHTNING BOLT**
17. Using **causā**, translate the purpose clause into Latin for the following sentence:
 Marcus sent the soldiers to find gold.
AURĪ / AURUM INVENIENDĪ / REPERIENDĪ CAUSĀ
 Translate that purpose clause again using **quī**.
QUĪ AURUM INVENĪRENT / REPERERENT
 Translate that purpose clause again using a supine.
AURUM INVENTUM / REPERTUM
18. In the Republic, which officials’ duties included the following:
cūra lūdōrum sollemnium, cūra annōnae, and cūra urbis **AEDĪLĒS**
 In the late Republic, who created special **aedīlēs Ceriālēs** to manage the grain supply?
JULIUS CAESAR
 Augustus replaced the **aedīlēs Ceriālēs** with new officials to manage the grain supply.
 What was the Latin title for these officials? **PRAEFECTUS ANNŌNAE**
19. At the conference at Luca in 56 B.C., it was agreed that Pompey would govern what province for five years? **SPAIN (NEARER and FURTHER)**
 Of what province was Crassus to be governor with the right to wage war against the Parthians? **SYRIA**
 What did Caesar get from the conference?
5 MORE YEARS (PROCONSULSHIP / COMMAND) IN GAUL

20. (As applause dies down from the score announcement, several replicas of mundane Roman items are placed on a small table to side of the stage. These items include a mirror, fibula, a comb, a ring and a few others.)

We are now introducing a new question format that involves props. As of this point, the toss-up has begun. Do not confer with your teammates until the toss-up has been completed. I will commence reading the question when the props have been arranged. (Wait for props to be in place)

When recognized by the spotter, follow these instructions:

Ambulā ad mēnsam et tolle rem quae togās vel stolās adligit.

A PLAYER WALKS TO THE TABLE AND PICKS UP THE **FIBULA**

(Moderator instructs remaining players on that team to join their teammate at the table to consult for bonuses)

Tolle speculum et superbē dīc Anglicē spectātōribus dē pulchritūdine tuā.

A PLAYER PICKS UP THE MIRROR AND PROUDLY TELLS THE AUDIENCE
ABOUT HIS OR HER BEAUTY IN ENGLISH

Tolle pectinem et compōne crīnēs ūnīus sociī.

A PLAYER PICKS UP THE COMB AND ARRANGES THE HAIR OF A TEAMMATE