B2:

EGERIA

	1121(628 811181811 118 8118 1		
1:			
TU:	What type of cum clause can be seen in the following sentence: c		
lātrā B1:	ibant? : cum dormīrēmus, canēs tamen lātrābant?	TEMPORAL CONCESSIVE	
В1. В2:	: cum dormirēmus, canes tamen fatrabant:: cum dormīrēmus, canēs lūdēbant?	CONCESSIVE	
		CIRCUMSTANTIAL / CAUSAL	
2:			
TU:	Name the sons of Oedipus.	ETEOCLES AND POLYNEICES	
B1: B2:	Which of the two sons refused to share the throne of Thebes with Other than just desire for power, what is widely believed to have of		
D2.	ž – ž	CURSE (THEIR FATHER'S CURSE)	
3:			
TU:	To what university would a Latin student be applying if, on his co	llege application, he were to see the COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY	
B1:	motto "in lūmine tuō vidēbimus lūmen" ? Give the Latin motto and its meaning for this Latin student's first		
	SAPIENTIA ET DOCTRĪ	NA – WISDOM AND KNOWLEDGE	
B2:	Give the Latin motto and its meaning for this Latin student's secon TERRĀS IRRADIENT – LET	nd back-up school, Amherst College. THEM ILLUMINATE THE EARTH	
4:			
TU:	Please translate into Latin using a gerundive and an indirect staten visit the temples.	nent: I hope that I will go to Rome to	
	(EGO) SPĒRŌ MĒ RŌMAM ITŪRUM ESSE AD TEM VĪ	IPLA VĪSITANDA / TEMPLŌRUM ĪSITANDŌRUM CAUSĀ / GRĀTIĀ	
B1:	Again using an indirect statement, please translate into Latin: I ho reading.	ppe that all the students will enjoy	
	,	LŌS FRŪCŪRŌS ESSE LEGENDŌ	
B2:	Please translate into Latin: The soldiers believed that they had found a place suitable for pitching camp. MĪLITĒS CRĒDĒBANT / CRĒDIDĒRUNT SĒ / EŌS LOCUM APTUM / IDŌNEUM CASTRĪS PONENDĪS INVĒNISSE / REPPERISSE		
_			
5: TU:	His epitaph said the Romans forgot how to speak Latin when he d Italian-born author to write an epic in Latin. Who is this autho		
D.1	William Colonia and the Decision of the Colonia and the Coloni	(CN.) NAEVIUS	
B1:	What form of drama, a tragedy about Roman history, did Naevius	FABULA(E) PRAETEXTA(E)	
B2:	Name one of Naevius' fabulae praetextae .	ROMULUS / LUPUS / CLASTIDIUM	
6: TU:	The months of January and February were added to the Roman ca	lendar by which king of Rome? NUMA (POMPILIUS)	
B1:	What group of sacred priestesses was introduced to Roman society	y by Numa Pompilius?	
D2	W/I / 1 1 1 N N N	VESTAL VIRGINS	

What nymph was rumored to have been Numa's consort?

B2:

PYGMALION

7: TU: Please listen carefully to the following sentences about Pompey & Crassus, which I shall read twice, and answer the question that follows IN LATIN: Gnaeus Pompēius, cum ex Āsiā rediisset, ā senātōribus petīverat ut agrōs mīlitibus suīs bellō confectīs darent. Id illī facere noluērunt. Mārco Crāsso quoque et reliquīs equitibus multa postulantibus nihil concedere volebant. (repeat) The question: Quando Pomēius ā senātoribus petīverat? CUM EX ĀSIĀ REDIISSET / POSTOUAM EX ĀSIĀ REDIERAT B1: Quālēs erant mīlitēs Pompeī? CONFECTĪ (BELLŌ) (MĀRCŌ CRĀSSŌ ET RELIQUĪS) EQUITIBUS Quibus senātōrēs nihil concedere volebant? B2: 8: Please provide the correct form of augeo that translates as "about to increase" and constitutes the future TU: active participle. **AUCTŪRUS/-A/-UM** B1: Change auctūrus to the form that translates to "about to be or needing to be increased." AUGENDUS B2: Say in Latin, using a participle: We are about to increase the size of the army. (NŌS) MAGNITŪDINEM EXERCITŪS AUCTŪRĪ/-AE SUMUS 9: What work begins "Quid faciat laetās segetēs, quō sidere terram vertere," covers farming, animal TU: husbandry, and beekeeping, and was based on Hesiod's Works and Days by its author, Vergil? GEORGICS / GEORGICA / GEORGICON LIBRI What mythological beekeeper is discussed in the final book of the Georgics? B1: **ARISTAEUS** B2: What mythological couple is also mentioned in that book? ORPHEUS AND EURYDICE 10: TU: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which "generality" is derived. **GENUS** - RACE, KIND B1: What derivative from this word means "a reprobate, scoundrel, or pervert"? **DEGENERATE** B2: ... means "products sold without brand names"? **GENERIC** 11: TU: Whose accession to the imperial throne in 180 AD marked the first time a son had succeeded his biological father since Titus succeeded Vespasian? **COMMODUS** B1: Commodus put his megalomania in full display when he appeared in the arena dressed as what HERCULES (RŌMĀNUS) Commodus, declaring himself a new Romulus, renamed what city Colonia Commodiana? B2: **ROME** 12: TU: Who, the daughter of Belus, fled from her native Tyre to north Africa where she founded the city of Carthage? DIDO Who was the former husband of Dido whom her brother murdered? B1: SYCHAEUS / SICARBAS Who was this brother who murdered her husband?

1: TU:	What child of Orphne and Acheron was punished by Demeter for revealing that Persephone had eaten		
D.1	the seeds of the pomegranate, thus trapping her in the Underworld? ASCALAPHUS		
B1: B2:	Into what was Ascalaphus changed? (SCREECH) OWL How many seeds of the pomegranate had Proserpina eaten? SEVEN		
D2.	How many seeds of the pomegranate had Floserphia eaten?		
2:			
TU: B1:	Complete the following analogy: laudō: laudābar:: faciō: FIĒBAM Change fiēbam to the perfect tense & translate that form into English.		
B2:	FACTUS SUM – I BECAME / WAS MADE / HAVE BEEN MADE Say in Latin: The consuls had become very wealthy.		
	CŌNSULĒS FACTĪ ERANT DĪTISSIMĪ / VALDĒ DĪ(VI)TĒS		
3:			
TU: B1:	Who was the only man to serve on both commissions of the Decemviri? APPIUS CLAUDIUS The Decemviri fell from popularity after Appius Claudius tried to rape which Roman maiden?		
B2:	VERGINIA What did Verginia's father do to ensure that she would not be violated by Appius Claudius? HE KILLED HER		
4.			
4: TU:	Give the Latin noun and its meaning from which we derive the English word "subliminal." LĪMEN – THRESHOLD, DOORWAY		
B1:	Give the two Latin roots and their meanings from which we derive the English word "ambidextrous." AMBŌ – BOTH & DEXTER – RIGHT / DEXTRA – RIGHT HAND		
B2:	Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive the English word "pretzel."		
	BRACCHIUM - ARM		
5:			
TU:	How many books did Ovid plan to put in his <i>Fasti</i> ?		
B1: B2:	How many books ended up in the <i>Fasti</i> ? 6 In what meter did Ovid write the <i>Fasti</i> ? ELEGIAC COUPLETS		
D2.	in what field did Ovid write the Push:		
6:			
TU:	Translate: nēmō est quīn rectē respondēre possit. THERE IS NO ONE WHO CANNOT ANSWER CORRECTLY		
B1:	What type of subjunctive is found in the Toss Up? RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC		
B2:	If the main verb were changed to erat , what other changes would need to be made to the sentence to		
	maintain syntax? $POSSIT \rightarrow POSSET$		
7:			
TU:	Who was assassinated when he stopped briefly to urinate near the city of Carrhae in 217 AD?		
B1:	CARACALLA What praetorian prefect masterminded the plot to assassinate Caracalla by hiring a disgruntled Roman		
ы.	soldier as the assassin? MACRINUS		
B2:	Who was this soldier who stabbed Caracalla to death because the emperor had refused to promote him to the rank of centurion? (JULIUS) MARTIALIS		

Say in Latin: He was skilled in writing books.

B2:

8: TU: Identify the type of conditional found in the following sentence AND translate the sentence: sī mē capiat, pūniar FUTURE-LESS-VIVID - IF (S)HE/IT SHOULD CATCH ME, I WOULD BE PUNISHED B1: ...: sī captus esset, trīstissimus fuisset. CONTRARY-TO-FACT-PAST – IF HE HAD BEEN CAPTURED, HE WOULD HAVE BEEN **VERY SAD** B2: ...: nisi servī dīligentius laborārent, dominus eos pūnīret. CONTRARY-TO-FACT-PRESENT – UNLESS THE SLAVES WERE TO WORK / IF THE SLAVES WERE NOT TO WORK MORE DILIGENTLY. THE MASTER WOULD PUNISH THEM 9: TU: Listen carefully to the following adapted passage from Cicero, which I shall read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows: Legiō, quam Lūcius, lēgātus Antonī, dūcēbat, sē fīliō meō trādidit. Altera pars equitātūs quaestorem in Thessalia reliquit seseque ad Brutum contulit, alteram partem a legato Syriaco in Macedoniā Domitius adulescēns summā virtūte, grāvitāte, constantiā abdūxit. (repeat) The question: Where did part of the legion leave the quaestor who was leading it? **THESSALY** B1: Who was the quaestor? **BRUTUS** B2: Name in English any three of the four ways in which Domitius was described. YOUNG, COURAGEOUS, SEVERE, RESOLUTE 10: TU: What poet in Maecenas' circle wrote love elegies to a woman named Cynthia? **PROPERTIUS** B1: What do we believe was Cynthia's real name? **HOSTIA** (CYNTHIA) MONOBIBLOS B2: What is the name of Propertius' first work? 11: TU: What pair went on an ill-advised foray into the Rutulian camp in book IX of the Aeneid? NISUS AND EURYALUS What was the actual goal of Nisus' and Euryalus' raid? B1: TO FIND AENEAS / TELL AENEAS THE TROJANS WERE SURROUNDED B2: Name the leader of the Rutulian cavalry who spotted the pair, killed Euryalus, and was killed by Nisus in revenge. **VOLCENS** 12: TU: Say in Latin, using a Dative of possession: The slaves have no hope of escaping. NŪLLA SPĒS (EF)FUGIENDĪ EST SERVĪS Say in Latin: By taking the city, the enemies rejoiced. B1:

URBE CAPIENDĀ, INIMĪCĪ / HOSTĒS GĀVĪSĪ SUNT / GAUDĒBANT

ERAT/FUIT PERĪTUS SCRĪBENDĪ LIBRŌS /

SCRĪBENDŌRUM LIBRŌRUM

1: TU: B1: B2:	Complete the following analogy: portō: portāvissētis:: referō: RETTULISSĒTIS Change rettulissētis to the passive. RELĀTĪ (-AE, -A) ESSĒTIS Change relātī essētis to the present tense. REFERĀMINĪ		
2: TU:	According to Ovid, Juno is the cruelest goddess, breeding plague into the poor inhabitants of what		
B1:	island ruled by Aeacus? AEGINA Aeacus prayed to Jupiter for his dead population, asking that his inhabitants would number the same		
B2:	as what creature that he happened to see? What name, derived from the Greek word for "ant," was given to his new people? MYRMIDONS		
3:			
TU:	Which of the Five Good Emperors reorganized the cursus pūblicus by placing at its head an equestrian praefectus vehiculōrum, an act out of many that earned him the title of Optimus Prīnceps ? TRAJAN		
B1:	What is the Latin term for the public distribution of money that Trajan made on three successive occasions? CŌNGIĀRIA / CŌNGIĀRIUM		
B2:	In 107 AD, Trajan provided entertainments to celebrate his victories over the Dacians that lasted for how many days?		
4:			
TU:	Of the words ariēs, haruspex, līs, libellus, and catēna, which is being described in this sentence: scelere factō, aliquis velit affere hoc ad scelestum?		
B1:	Of the words in the toss-up, which is being described here: bellō peractō , multī captīvī hīs vinctī sunt? CATĒNA		
В:	Of the words in the toss-up, which is being described here: In poemātibus buccolicīs, mōs est invenīre haec cornifera animālia inter montēs? ARIĒS		
5:			
TU:	Why did Livius Andronicus translate the <i>Odyssey</i> into Latin? TO TEACH / AS A TEXTBOOK		
B1: B2:	From what Greek city had Andronicus been taken as a slave? What meter did Andronicus use in his translation of the <i>Odyssey</i> ? TARENTUM SATURNIAN		
6:			
TU:	Please listen carefully to the following letter from the emperor Trajan to Pliny, which I shall read twice, and answer the question that follows <u>IN ENGLISH</u> :		
	Nihil opus est, mī Secunde cārissime, mīlitēs ad carcerem custodiendum convertere. Melius est persevērāre in istīus provinciae consuētūdine, et pūblicīs servīs ad vigilandum in carcere ūtī.		
	(repeat) The question: What was not necessary for Pliny to do? TO MAKE SOLDIERS GUARD THE PRISON		
B1:	According to Trajan, whom should Pliny use to guard the prison? PUBLIC SERVANTS / SLAVES		
B2:	Why is it better for Pliny to do this instead of converting Roman soldiers to prison guards? IT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CUSTOM OF THE PROVINCE / IT'S ACCEPTABLE		

7: TU: B: B:	For the verb gaudeō , give the 1 st person plural, perfect subjunctive. Make that form pluperfect. Change gāvīsī essēmus to the imperfect.	GĀVĪSĪ SĪMUS GĀVĪSĪ ESSĒMUS GAUDĒRĒMUS
8: TU:	Which of the following, if any, does NOT have the same Latin root as the others: sever, apparatus, parry, repair, apparent?	APPARENT
B1: B2:	: host, hotel, hospitality, hostile, hospice?: refer, translate, offer, relate, bilateral?	HOSTILE BILATERAL
9: TU:	Who married one of his daughters to Mamilius Octavius of Tusculum, an act that h appreciate later because of the protection he received from Mamilius Octavius expelled from Rome in 510 BC? (L.) TARQ	
B1:	Where did Tarquinius Superbus, with the help of Veii and Tarquinii, meet the Rombattle before he secured the help of Lars Porsenna of Clusium?	ans in an indecisive SILVA ARSIA
B2:	What king of Cumae provided Tarquinius Superbus with his final refuge?	ARISTODEMUS
10: TU:	What Augustan age poet was described by a later writer as "too fond of his own cle that "every lover is a soldier" in his <i>Amores</i> ? (H	everness" and wrote P.) OVID(IUS) NASO
B1:	To what lover, believed to be completely fictional, did Ovid address several poems in his <i>Amores</i> including one about her parrot?	
B2:	In what work does Ovid write letters as Dido and Ariadne among others?	HEROIDES
11: TU:	In Book VII of the <i>Aeneid</i> , what creatures formed an ominous cluster in a laurel tre palace, foretelling the coming of strangers?	e in king Latinus' BEES
B1:	In the same book of the <i>Aeneid</i> , what portent included the princess Lavinia? HER CROWN/HEADDRESS/HAIR HAD MAGIC FIRE	
B2:	What oracle, also his father, did Latinus seek after these strange omens?	FAUNUS
12: TU:	Please translate into English: Cum senātor magnā vōce loquerētur, imperātor to non poterat.	amen eum audīre
	ALTHOUGH THE SENATOR WAS SPEAKING / SPOKE WITH A NEVERTHELESS / STILL THE EMPEROR WAS NOT A	,
B1:	: Cum senātōrēs imperātōrem audīre velint, propius accēdere dēsīderant. SINCE THE SENATORS WANT TO HEAR THE EMPEROR, THEY WAI	
B2:	: Cum senātōrēs ex aulā discessissent, imperātor rem diū cogitābat. WHEN THE SENATORS HAD LEFT FROM	

EMPEROR WAS THINKING ABOUT / CONSIDERING THIS MATTER FOR A LONG TIME

1: TU: B1: B2:	What Plautine miser loses his pot of gold in the <i>Aulularia</i> ? EUCLIO What braggart soldier is the title character of Plautus' <i>Miles Gloriosus</i> ? PYRGOPOLYNICES What clever slave tricks the pimp Ballio out of his money and a girl in the Plautine play named after him?	
2: TU:	Please translate into Latin: I was hoping that winter would come soon. SPĒRĀBAM HIEMEM MOX VENTŪRAM ESSE	
B1:	: They believe that the soldiers will be captured by the enemies. CRĒDUNT MĪLITĒS AB HOSTIBUS CAPTUM ĪRĪ	
B2:	Now translate, using a passive periphrastic construction: The students know that they must read many books.	
	DISCIPULĪ SCIUNT MULTŌS LIBRŌS SIBI / EĪS LEGENDŌS ESSE	
3: TU: B1: B2:	At the beginning of the reign of which Roman emperor did the Parthian king Vologases IV invade Armenia in 161 AD? MARCUS AURELIUS / LUCIUS VERUS Which Roman general reestablished Roman authority over Armenia in 163 AD? STATIUS PRISCUS Which Roman general marched into Mesopotamia and captured both Seleucia and the Parthian capital of Ctesiphon in 164-165 AD? AVIDIUS CASSIUS	
4: TU: B1: B2:	Give the Latin noun and its meaning from which "illuminate" is derived. from which "lucid" is derived. LŪX - LIGHT LŪX - LIGHT Give the Latin word and its meaning from which "vicinity" is derived. VĪCĪNUS – NEIGHBOR(ING)	
5: TU: B1:	According to Euripides, what king of Thrace murdered the Trojan prince Polydorus while Polydorus was staying with him for safe-keeping? POLYMESTOR What daughter of Hecuba is sacrificed to the ghost of Achilles following the Trojan war?	
B2:	POLYXENA According to Euripides, how does Hecuba avenge the murder of Polydorus? KILLING POLYMESTOR'S SONS / BLINDING POLYMESTOR	
6:		
TU:	What author studied philosophy in his youth but settled on historiography and tutored the future emperor Claudius in that subject? (T.) LIVY / LIVIUS	
B1: B2:	How does the first book of Livy's <i>Ab Urbe Condita</i> end? WITH THE FALL OF THE MONARCHY In Book IV of <i>Ab Urbe Condita</i> Livy playfully throws doubt on the claim of Augustus that what man held the rank of military tribune with consular power when he earned the Spolia Opima ? (A.) CORNELIUS COSSUS	
7: TU:	What use of the genitive case is in the following sentence: Cognātus prīncipis capitis damnātus est?	
B1:	PENALTY / CHARGE: Semper nostrōrum magistrōrum meminerīmus?	
	WITH VERBS OF REMEMBERING (& FORGETTING)	
B2:	: Iuvenis est integer vītae? SPECIFICATION / GREEK GENITIVE	

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8: TU: B1: B2:	What was the title of the queen of the Ethiopians who attacked the Roman troops near the First Cataract in Egypt in 25 BC and carried off booty that included statues of the emperor Augustus himself? CANDACE What Roman led the punitive expedition against the Candace and advanced as far as Nabata but did not reach Meroe, the southern capital of Ethiopia? (C.) PETRONIUS Where did the envoys of the Candace meet Augustus in 22 BC to negotiate the terms of her submission? SAMOS		
9: TU: B1: B2:	Quid Anglicē significat:tellūs?EARTHQuid Anglicē significat:cumba?BOAT, SKIFF, CANOEQuid Anglicē significat:phōca?SEAL		
10: TU:			
B1: B2:	How many ships did he bring with him from Rhodes? Who was his mother? NINE ASTYOCHE		
11: TU: B1:	What Danubian of humble origin was proclaimed emperor of Rome at Moguntiacum after Severus Alexander and his mother were killed there by their own soldiers? MAXIMINUS THRAX Why did the troops get upset at Severus Alexander? HE DECIDED TO PAY OFF THE ALAMANNI INSTEAD OF FIGHTING THEM		
B2:	Maximinus Thrax foiled two attempts to dethrone him. The first was during a campaign across the Rhine and the second involved Mesopotamian archers who were loyal to Severus Alexander. Please name either of these unsuccessful usurpers. MAGNUS (RHINE CAMPAIGN) / QUARTINUS (MESOPOTAMIAN ARCHERS)		
12: TU: B1: B2:	According to Sophocles, whose concubine was Tecmessa? Who is the son of Ajax Telamon and Tecmessa? AJAX TELAMON / THE GREAT EURYSACES According to Sophocles, who had given Ajax the sword that he used to kill himself? HECTOR		
13: TU:	Give the Latin word and its meaning from which "discern" is derived. CERNŌ – DISCERN, PERCEIVE		
B1: B2:	from which "lapidary" is derivedfrom which "opulent" is derived. CERT OF BISCLIC PROPERTY BEAUTY B		

14: TU: B1:	Say in Latin: By singing sweetly, the slave girls delighted the cook. ANCILLAE/SERVAE COQUUM DELECTĀVĒRUNT / DELECTĀBANT Using incognitus, say in Latin: We want to become famous by finding the three undiscovered mineral springs. (NŌS) CLĀRĪ / NŌTĪ FĪERĪ VOLUMUS / CUPIMUS / DĒSĪDERĀMUS INVENIENDĪS / REPERIENDĪS TRĪNĪS AQUĪS		
B2:	Say in Latin: I enjoy reading as often as writing. TOTIĒNS LEGENDŌ QUOTIĒNS SCRĪBENDŌ FRUOR		
15:			
TU:	What historian depicted Marius as a populist hero when he described his rise in the <i>Bellum</i>		
B1:	Iugurthinum?(C.) SALLUST(IUS CRISPUS)What nephew of Marius' wife was a political patron of Sallust?(C. JULIUS) CAESAR		
B2:	In what monograph of Sallust is Caesar a character?		
	BELLUM CATILINAE / DE CONIURATIONE CATILINAE		
17			
16: TU:	Differentiate in meaning between genū and gelū . KNEE // FROST, ICE		
B1:	Differentiate in meaning between crūs and grūs . LEG // CRANE		
B2:	Differentiate in meaning between gener and genus. SON-IN-LAW // KIND, RACE, TYPE		
15			
1 7: TU:	What two works of Tacitus, both published in 98 AD, covered the provinces of Britain and Germany?		
10.	AGRICOLA AND GERMANIA		
B1:	What was Tacitus' relationship to Agricola? SON-IN-LAW		
B2:	What work of Tacitus is also known as the <i>Ab Excessu Divi Augusti</i> ? ANNALES		
18:			
TU:	Name the brother of Vespasian who was negotiating on his behalf in the city of Rome while Vespasian		
	was on his way there with his troops. (FLAVIUS) SABINUS		
B1:	Give the Latin term for the position that Flavius Sabinus served as for twelve years under Nero and Otho, though not continuously. PRAFECTUS URBĪ		
B2:	Where was Flavius Sabinus when he was killed by the auxiliary troops of the German armies loyal to Vitellius? ON THE CAPITOL(INE)		

19:

TU: Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice; then answer the question that follows IN ENGLISH:

Imperātōrī nūntiātur ab explōrātōribus hostēs in animō habēre per fīnēs sociōrum Rōmānōrum iter facere. Id sī fieret, imperātor intellegēbat futūrum esse magnō perīculō Rōmānīs ut hominēs bellicōsōs prope Rōmam habēret. Itaque imperātor mīlitibus imperāvit ut discēderent hostium resistendōrum causā. (repeat)

The question: What are the enemies planning on doing?

TO MARCH/TRAVEL THROUGH

THE TERRITORIES OF THE ROMAN ALLIES

- B1: What would be the direct consequence of this if this were to happen? THIS WOULD BE OF GREAT DANGER TO THE ROMANS / THE ENEMIES WOULD BE NEAR ROME
- B2: What the emperor order the soldiers to do <u>and</u> why?

TO LEAVE FOR THE SAKE OF RESISTING THE ENEMIES

20:

TU: During whose wedding did the centaur Demoleon almost kill Theseus with a tree trunk?

PEIRITHOUS & HIPPODAMEIA

- B1: Though Theseus deftly ducked out of the way, he failed to warn what armor-bearer of Peleus, who had his shoulder ripped from his body by the same tree trunk?

 CRANTOR
- B2: Who finally put an end to Demoleon's arboreal rampage?

PELEUS

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LANGUAGE SKILLS

TU: What term is given to nouns in Latin that very in declension? **HETEROCLITES** B1: What Latin term is given to nouns that are only found in the plural? PLŪRĀLIA TANTUM B2: What is the term for nouns in Latin that are only found in four cases? **TETRAPTOTES** Change the 2^{nd} person personal pronoun $t\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ to the emphatic form. TU: TŪTE / TŪTEMET / TŪTIMET B1: Give the indefinite correlative of the adverb **inde**. **ALICUNDE** B2: Give the indefinite relative correlative of the adverb **ibi**. **UBIUBI** TU: Please listen to the following passage about Rapunzel, or Lactūca, and the witch, or the sāga, which I will read twice, then answer in ENGLISH the questions that follow: Vesperī prīnceps advēnit clāmāns "Lactūca, Lactūca, dēmitte ad mē capillōs tuōs." Sāga ipsa, non Lactūca, proiecit capillos similes rūdentibus de vertice turris. Capillos ascensos, pronceps non vīdit Lactūcam sed in loco eius stetit sāga! Sāga suscepit forficem oculīs pungendīs prīncipis causā. Ēheu! (repeat) The question: When did the prince arrive at the foot of the tower? IN THE EVENING B1: When did the prince see that it was the witch, not Rapunzel, who lowered the hair? AFTER HE CLIMBED (THE HAIR / THE TOWER) B2: Why did the witch pick up scissors? TO PUNCTURE / ATTACK THE EYES OF THE PRINCE TU: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same root as the others: pilgrim, AGGRAVATE, agrarian, agriculture? Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same root as the others: B1: emeritus, demerit, meritocracy, meritorious? NONE B2: Which of these words IS derived from the Latin word meaning "equal": pardoner, parental, PARITY, partition? What is the Latin word meaning "appropriate, worthy"? TU: **DIGNUS ĒLĀTUS** ... meaning "carried away, excited"? B1: B2: What is a synonym for **finītimus**? VICĪNUS **MYTHOLOGY**

TU: B1: B2:	What son of Hermes founded a town in Italy on the Tiber river? Where had Evander travelled from? Name the son of Evander who fought with Aeneas and was killed in battle by Turnus.	EVANDER ARCADIA PALLAS

TU: Whose body had to be buried before Aeneas was permitted to enter the underworld in Book VI of the *Aeneid*? MISENUS

B1: Who was Misenus' father?

B2: How had Misenus died?

DROWNED BY TRITON (FOR CHALLENGING HIM TO SOUND HIS SEA SHELL)

2017 MASSACHUSETTS CERTAMEN ADVANCED DIVISION **EXTRA-QUESTIONS**

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HIST	$\cap \mathbf{RV}$	& I	JFF.
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TU: Who was the male lover of the emperor Hadrian that suddenly drowned in Egypt? **ANTINOUS** B1: Hadrian was not just known for his homosexual affair; he was also an admirer of Greek culture which

> was apparent by his revival of the beard. What nickname was given to him that reflected his love for everything Greek? **GRAECULUS**

Hadrian also had a fabulous villa in what Italian town? B2:

TIBUR/TIVOLI

TU: During whose reign was Rome's golden age of jurisprudence? SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B1: When Plautianus was murdered in 205 AD, who replaced him beginning this new era?

AEMILIUS PAPINIANUS

B2: Name one of the other two great legal minds that created the golden age.

DOMITIUS ULPIANUS, JULIUS PAULUS

TU: Who won Rome's third and final Spolia Opima? MARCELLUS

B1: Who was the Gaul that he defeated? **VIRIDOMARUS**

B2: At which battle in 222 BC did Marcellus defeat Viridomarus? CLASTIDIUM

TU: With respect to a Roman wedding, what was a **repōtia**? SECOND WEDDING FEAST (GIVEN AT THE NEW HOME ON THE DAY AFTER THE WEDDING)

What type of verses, full of coarse jokes and personalities, were often sung by the crowd as they watch B1: the bride marched to her new home? VERSŪS FESCENNĪNĪ

B2: What did the bride do with the three coins she carried with her?

> GAVE ONE AS AN OFFERING TO THE LARES COMPITALES, ONE TO HER NEW HUSBAND/GROOM (AS A SYMBLE FOR HER DOWRY), & ONE TO THE LARES OF HIS **HOUSE**

LITERATURE

What was Delia's real name?

What elegaic poet wrote love poems to two mistresses, Delia and Nemesis? TU: (ALBIUS) TIBULLUS

B1: For which of his mistresses do we believe we know the real name? B2:

DELIA PLANIA

TU: Who referred to a particularly harsh schoolmaster of his as plagosus?

(Q.) HORATIUS / HORACE (FLACCUS)

B1: What was the name of this **grammaticus plagosus**? **ORBILIUS**

Who introduced Horace to Maecenas? (P.) VERGIL(IUS MARO) / (VARIUS) RUFUS B2: