

**1999 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND ONE -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. Which of the Olympians was trapped in a bronze jar for thirteen months before he was released by Hermes? **ARES**
Who had sealed Ares in a bronze jar? **ALOADAЕ / OTUS & EPHIALTES**
Which of the Olympians is sometimes said to be the father of the Aloadae? **POSEIDON**
2. Using only two words, say in Latin, “When Augustus was emperor.”
AUGUSTŌ IMPERĀTŌRE / PRĪNCIPE
Using only two words, say in Latin, “When Augustus had spoken.”
AUGUSTŌ FĀTŌ / LOCŪTŌ
To which of the following types of clauses, if any, is the Ablative Absolute construction NOT an alternative: Concessive, Purpose, Temporal, Causal, Conditional?
PURPOSE
3. Give a synonym of **flūmen**. **AMNIS, FLUVIUS, RĪVUS**
Give a synonym of **impetus**. **VĪS, ICTUS, OPPUGNĀTIŌ**
Give a synonym of **fāma**. **GLŌRIA, NŌTITIA, HONOR, HONŌS, RŪMOR**
4. From what Latin verb are the English words “referee” and “circumference” derived?
FERŌ, FERRE
From what Latin verb are the words “chisel” and “excise” derived?
CAEDŌ, CAEDERE
From what Latin verb are the words “trace” and “treaty” derived? **TRAHŌ, TRAHERE**
5. Who was able to retain his political influence & popularity although he was absent from Rome from 58 to 49 B.C.? **(GAIUS) JULIUS CAESAR**
What was Caesar doing during those 10 years? **CONQUERING GAUL**
What publication helped keep Caesar in the public eye?
(COMMENTARII) DE BELLO GALLICO / (COMMENTARIES) ON THE GALLIC WAR
6. According to Ovid, who was the first girl loved by Apollo? **DAPHNE**
Again, according to Ovid, who had caused Apollo to fall in love with Daphne? **CUPID**
Into what was Daphne transformed? **LAUREL TREE**
7. Differentiate in meaning between **interficere** and **iter facere**.
INTERFICERE – KILL, SLAY
ITER FACERE – MARCH, (MAKE A) JOURNEY, TRAVEL
Differentiate in meaning between **interim** and **iterum**.
INTERIM – MEANWHILE **ITERUM – AGAIN**
Differentiate in meaning between **apis** and **avis**.
APIS – BEE **AVIS – BIRD**

8. Name in order the emperors who ruled immediately before and after Trajan.
 NERVA - HADRIAN
 . . . before and after Galba. NERO - OTHO
 . . . before and after Pertinax. COMMODUS - DIDIVS JULIANUS
9. Give the third person singular, future indicative for **morior**. **MORIĒTUR**
 Change **morietur** to the imperfect. **MORIĒBĀTUR**
 Change **moriebatur** to second person. **MORIĒBĀRIS (or -BĀRE)**
10. What building in the **forum Romanum** was commonly referred to as the **aedes Castoris**?
 TEMPLE OF CASTOR & POLLUX
 (PASS OUT THE VISUAL)
 What number on the map corresponds to the Temple of Castor and Pollux? "5"
 What building is indicated on the map by the number "4"? BASILICA JULIA
11. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH, the question about it:
Cotīdiē Lucius et Petrōnius domum rediēbant ad litterās legendās, quās māter rūre mittēbat. Paulātim coēperunt discere quid māter rūri faceret.
 Where did Lucius and Petronius go every day? HOME
 What did they do at home?
 THEY READ THE LETTERS (THAT THEIR MOTHER WAS SENDING THEM)
 What were they learning from the letters?
 WHAT THEIR MOTHER WAS DOING (IN THE COUNTRY)
12. Which of the sons of Agenor became the founder of Thebes? CADMUS
 How did Cadmus decide where to found his city? HE FOLLOWED A COW
 (WITH A MOON SHAPE ON HER REAR ALL THE WAY
 FROM PHOCIS TO SOUTHERN BOEOTIA) AND FOUNDED HIS CITY
WHERE THE COW LAY DOWN
 What daughter of Ares became the wife of Cadmus? HARMONIA
13. What are verbs such as **coepī**, **meminī**, and **ōdī** known as? DEFECTIVE VERBS
 What are verbs such as **audeō**, **gaudeō**, and **soleō** known as? SEMI-DEPONENT VERBS
 What are verbs such as **calēscō**, **scīscō**, and **īrāscor** known as?
 INCEPTIVES / INCHOATIVES
14. Whom did the Senate condemn to death in A.D. 193 after a rule of only 66 days?
 DIDIVS IULIANUS
 How had Julianus gained the imperial throne? IN AN AUCTION
 (IN THE PRAETORIAN CAMP & HE OUTBID HIS RIVALS WITH
 25,000 SESTERTII PER PRAETORIAN)
 Whom did the Senate proclaim as Julianus' successor? SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
15. With what Carthaginian queen did Aeneas fall in love? DIDO / ELISSA
 Name the former husband of Dido who was killed by her brother. SYCHAEUS
 Who was her cruel brother? PYGMALION

16. Give the perfect active infinitive of **intellegō**. **INTELLĒXISSE**
 Give the perfect active infinitive of **trāsmittō**. **TRĀSMĪSISSE**
 Give the perfect active infinitive of **tangō**. **TETIGISSE**
17. What was the standard of an imperial Roman legion called? **AQUILA**
 *prompt if **SIGNUM** is given
 What 1st century B.C. reformer of the army determined that the standard would be an eagle? (C.) **MARIUS**
 What qualification for military service did Marius remove?
OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY
18. Who was sent by Amphitryon to tend his flocks around Mount Cithaeron to keep him out of trouble? **HERACLES / HERCULES**
 What music teacher had Heracles just killed that garnered him this punishment?
LINUS
 On what grounds was Heracles acquitted of the murder charge? **THAT HE HAD RESISTED AN AGGRESSOR**
19. What is the case and use of **virtūs** in the sentence: **Scientia potentior virtūte est.**
ABLATIVE OF COMPARISON
 . . . : **Cūr virtūtī invidēs?** **DATIVE w/ SPECIAL VERBS / INDIRECT OBJECT**
 . . . : **Mīlitēs sunt hominēs summae virtūtis.**
GENITIVE OF QUALITY / DESCRIPTION
20. Many English words are derived from the participles of Latin verbs. What English word, formed from a future active participle, means “that which is about to be”?
FUTURE
 What English word, often used to describe unnecessary repetition, is formed from a present active participle and literally means “overflowing”? **REDUNDANT**
 What English word, formed from a future passive participle, literally means “things which are to be done”? **AGENDA**

**1999 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND TWO -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. **Audī et rēspōndē Latīnē. Multā nocte, cum defessus es, sum illa pars domūs quam intrās. Lectus in mē saepe compōnitur. Quae pars domūs sum?**
CUBICULUM
Locātum mediā domō ad frōntem, compluvium et lectum geniālem in mē contineō.
Quae pars domūs sum? ĀTRIUM
Columnīs circumeuntibus, contineō hortum ubi sint statuae aut fōns aut flōrēs.
Quae pars domūs sum? PERISTYLIUM
 2. What musical instrument did a **tībīcen** play? FLUTE, PIPE(S)
What was a **tympanum**? DRUM, TAMBOURINE, TYMPANY
Distinguish between the **tuba** and the **cornu**. STRAIGHT / CURVED HORN
(USED BY THE MILITARY)
 3. What Greek chieftain was taller than the other Greek warriors by a head and was the handsomest man among them next to Achilles?
TELAMONIAN AJAX / AIAS (or AJAX TELAMON or AJAX THE GREAT)
Of what island was Ajax Telamon the king? SALAMIS
With what other Greek chieftain did Ajax Telamon vie for Achilles' armor? ODYSSEUS
 4. Translate: **Nuntius putāvit sē arma et mīlitēs vīdisse.**
THE MESSENGER THOUGHT THAT HE HAD SEEN WEAPONS AND SOLDIERS
Translate: **Caesar nuntiō dīxit mīlitēs dēlendōs esse.**
CAESAR TOLD THE MESSENGER THAT THE SOLDIERS MUST BE DESTROYED
Translate: **Caesar suīs mīlitibus dīxit sē bellum gestūrum esse.**
CAESAR TOLD HIS SOLDIERS THAT HE WOULD WAGE WAR
 5. Give the first person plural, present active subjunctive for **terreō**. **TERREĀMUS**
Give the corresponding form for **sequor**. **SEQUĀMUR**
Give the corresponding form for **redeō**. **REDEĀMUS**
 6. How many men accompanied Odysseus to the cave of Polyphemus? TWELVE
How many men were eaten by Polyphemus? SIX
How did Odysseus and his remaining companions escape from the cave of Polyphemus?
(THEY BLINDED POLYPHEMUS WITH A WOODEN STAKE AND) THEY
ESCAPED FROM THE CAVE BY HIDING UNDERNEATH THE BELLIES OF
POLYPHEMUS'S RAMS
 7. What emperor took the title of **Parthicus Maximus** in A.D. 198?
SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
Name the Parthian capital which Severus destroyed. CTESIPHON
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- What former province did Severus re-establish? MESOPOTAMIA

8. Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin word as the others:
 estimate, premium, redeem, prompt, exemplify? ESTIMATE
 From what Latin verb is “estimate” derived? AESTIMŌ, -ĀRE
 What English verb, also derived from aestimō, means “to regard with admiration”?
 ESTEEM
9. According to tradition, who held the first Roman census? SERVIUS TULLIUS
 By legal definition, what was the **census**? OFFICIAL LIST(ING) OF ROMAN CITIZENS
 What emperor and his son were the last to hold a census in Italy? VESPASIAN & TITUS
10. Make the phrase **altus pariēs** dative. ALTŌ PARIĒTĪ
 Give the corresponding form for **Iuppiter omnipotēns**. IŌVĪ OMNIPOTENTĪ
 Give the corresponding form for **nix candēns**. NIVĪ CANDENTĪ
11. What does the Latin idiom **ōrātiōnem habēre** mean?
 TO MAKE / DELIVER / GIVE A SPEECH / TO ORATE
 (*if “SPEAK” is given, prompt for more)
 Give an idiomatic synonym for **ōrātiōnem habēre**. VERBA FACERE
 What does the idiom **ōrātiōnem conficere** mean? TO COMPOSE A SPEECH
12. Whom did Jason and the Argonauts rescue from the Harpies? PHINEUS
 Which two winged Argonauts drove off the Harpies? ZETES & CALAÏS
 How did Phineus repay their kindness? HE TOLD THEM HOW TO GET PAST THE
CLASHING ROCKS / SYMPLEGADES
13. In what river did Midas wash his hands in order to remove his “24-karat” curse?
 PACTOLUS
 What river carried Orpheus’ head across the Aegean Sea to Lemnos? HEBRUS
 What river attacked Achilles, but was himself defeated by Hephaestus?
 XANTHUS / SCAMANDER
14. Where did Hannibal ambush the army of the consul Gaius Flaminius? LAKE TRASIMENE
 In what year was this battle fought? 217 B.C.
 What ally had sent Hannibal reinforcements before this battle? THE GAULS
15. Say in Latin: Let’s stay in Rome. RŌMAE MANEĀMUS
 Say in Latin: Let’s not go to Rome. NĒ RŌMAM EĀMUS
 (if **NŌN** is given, must be designated as rare)
 Say in Latin: Why have we come to Cumae (koo’ mai)? CŪR CUMĀS VĒNIMUS
16. From what Latin adjective with what meaning is the English word “molest” derived?
MOLESTUS – TROUBLESOME, ANNOYING, TIRESOME
 From what Latin adjective with what meaning is the English word “mollify” derived?
MOLLIS – SOFT, TENDER, FLACCID, GENTLE, MILD, AMOROUS
 From what Latin noun with what meaning is the English word “molasses” derived?
MEL – HONEY

17. Give a synonym for **praedō**. **FŪR, FURCIFER, PĪRĀTA, LATRŌ**
 Give a synonym for **baculum**. **FUSTIS, VIRGA, CĀDŪCEUS**
 Give a synonym for **crīnis**. **CAPILLUS, COMA**
18. Who provoked a rebellion of the Germanic tribes between the Rhine and the Elbe in
 A.D. 9? (P. QUINCTILIUS) VARUS
 Where was Varus ambushed by the German leader Arminius? **TEUTOBURG FOREST**
 How many legions were annihilated by the Germans? **THREE**
19. Who were the parents of Ascanius? **AENEAS & CREUSA**
 (PASS OUT THE VISUAL)
 Please identify the letter that corresponds to Ascanius. **“D”**
 Please identify the object that is labeled “A”? **PALLADIUM**
20. **Crīnis : calvus :: vestis : _____? NŪDUS**
Crīnis : calvus :: aqua : _____? SITIENS, SICCUS, ARIDUS
Crīnis : calvus :: pecūnia : _____? PAUPER, IMPECUNIŌSUS

**1999 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
ROUND THREE -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. Whom did Metellus Pius, Marcus Crassus, and Gnaeus Pompey help to capture Rome?
(L. CORNELIUS) SULLA
What consul had rifled the temples of Rome in order to fund armies to fight Sulla and his colleagues? (CN. PAPIRIUS) CARBO
At what battle did Sulla destroy the last Marian army and its Samnite allies?
BATTLE OF THE COLLINE GATE
2. Which of the following, if any, is derived from a Latin adjective meaning “slow”:
pestilent, benevolent, gent, relent, lentil? RELENT
Which of the following, if any, is derived from a Latin verb meaning “mix”:
melee, fiancée, convey, clay, parlay? MELEE
Which of the following, if any, is derived from a Latin noun meaning “key”:
chef, cleft, deaf, deft, cleft? CLEF
3. Translate: **Dūcēs lēgātōs mittunt quī auxilium petant.**
THE LEADERS ARE SENDING ENVOYS TO SEEK AID / WHO ARE TO SEEK AID
Translate: **Dūcēs sēnsērunt quid hostēs factūrī essent.**
THE LEADERS PERCEIVED WHAT THE ENEMY WAS / WERE ABOUT TO DO
Translate: **Hoc faciunt quō tūtiōrēs sint.**
THEY ARE DOING THIS SO THAT THEY MAY BE SAFER
4. In Homer’s *Odyssey*, who tells Telemachus that Odysseus is alive but detained on the island of Calypso? MENELAUS
Who had told Menelaus this news about Odysseus? PROTEUS
Who drugged Telemachus during his visit to Sparta so that he could forget his sorrows for one day? HELEN
5. What son of Hermes was the herald of the Argonauts? AETHALIDES
With what gift did Hermes endow his son? A MEMORY SO UNFAILING THAT IT DIDN’T DESERT HIM EVEN IN HADES
Aethalides spent only a part of time after death in the Underworld, for his soul inhabited a new body from time to time. In what philosopher’s body did his soul turn up eventually? PYTHAGORAS
6. For what purpose did Roman bakers use a **mola**? TO GRIND GRAIN INTO FLOUR
(PASS OUT THE VISUAL..)
Please look at the diagram of a cross-section of a **mola** or mill. What is the Latin name of the part of the mill labeled with the letter “A”?
MĒTA
What is the Latin name of the part of the mill labeled with the letter “E”? CATILLUS

7. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question about it:
Vulpēs vīdit leōnem rētibūs captum, et stāns prope, derīsit eum insolenter.
Leō, autem, “Nōn tū,” inquit, “mē dērīdēs, sed malum quod in mē incidit.”
 What was the misfortune that had befallen the lion?
HE HAD BECOME TRAPPED IN NETS / IN A NET
 What did the fox do when he saw the lion?
(HE STOOD NEARBY) AND MADE FUN OF THE LION
 What did the lion tell the fox?
“YOU ARE NOT LAUGHING AT ME, BUT THE MISFORTUNE THAT HAS BEFALLEN ME.”
8. Differentiate in meaning between **pariō** and **pereō**.
PARIŌ – BRING FORTH, BEGET, PRODUCE, PROCURE
PEREŌ – DISAPPEAR, DIE (not “GO THROUGH”)
 . . . between the nouns **sōlum** and **solea**. **SŌLUM** – GROUND
SOLEA – SANDAL
 . . . between the nouns **mōtus** and **metus**.
MŌTUS – MOTION, ACTIVITY, DISTURBANCE
METUS – FEAR, APPREHENSION, ALARM
9. What use of the Dative case is found in the following: **Maximā cum fortitūdine nōbīs est pugnandum?** AGENCY
 Translate that line into English.
WE MUST FIGHT WITH THE GREATEST COURAGE / BRAVERY
 The Ablative of Agent with **ab** is sometimes used with the Passive Periphrastic construction. Name one circumstance when this might be preferred.
FOR THE SAKE OF CLARITY (AMBIGUITY) / FOR EMPHASIS / STRONGER EXPRESSION / IF THE VERB ALREADY TAKES A DATIVE OBJECT / THERE IS ALREADY ANOTHER DATIVE IN THE SENTENCE
10. Which Roman king built the first Senate House? (TULLUS) HOSTILIUS
 What is the Latin name for this building? CURIA HOSTILIA
 Hostilius incorporated into Rome the citizens of what conquered and destroyed town?
 ALBA LONGA
11. Who was advised by both Cadmus and Teiresias to honor Dionysus as a god?
 PENTHEUS
 How does Pentheus disguise himself in order to spy on the revels of Dionysus’ followers?
 AS A WOMAN
 How did Pentheus die? HE WAS TORN APART BY THE FOLLOWERS OF DIONYSUS / BACCHAE / BACCHANALS / MAENADS
 (specifically he was torn apart by HIS MOTHER & AUNTS [AUTONOE, AGAVE, INO])
12. From what Latin noun with what meaning is “proletariat” derived?
PRŌLĒS – OFFSPRING, GENERATION
 From what Latin noun with what meaning is “recrimination” derived?

CRĪMEN – CHARGE, ACCUSATION, MISDEED, CRIME

From what two Latin nouns with what meanings is “cormorant” derived?

CORVUS – RAVEN / CROW & MARE – SEA

13. What was the family name of the emperor who was commonly known as Elagabalus?
(VARIUS) BASSIANUS (AVITUS)
Who did his mother claim was his real father? CARACALLA
Who was responsible for Elagabalus’ murder and the accession of his cousin Severus Alexander? JULIA MAESA (HIS GRANDMOTHER)
14. What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence:
Accidit ut lūna plēna esset?
SUBSTANTIVE CLAUSE OF RESULT / SUBSTANTIVE NOUN CLAUSE
... : **Caesar dīxit sē, postquam hostēs fūsi essent, castra mūnītūrum esse.**
SUBORDINATE CLAUSE IN INDIRECT DISCOURSE
... : **Omnēs cīvēs metuēbant nē urbs ab hostibus expugnārētur.**
FEARING / SUBSTANTIVE CLAUSE OF PURPOSE
15. What Greek goddess had the epithets “Ergane” and “Protogeneia”? ATHENA
What does the epithet “Ergane” mean? WORKER
What epithet of Athena means “Champion or Defender”? PROMACHUS
16. Make the phrase **Exercitus Rōmānus** ablative singular. **EXERCITŪ RŌMĀNŌ**
Change **Exercitū Rōmānō** to the genitive. **EXERCITŪS RŌMĀNĪ**
Change **Exercitūs Rōmānī** to the plural. **EXERCITUUM RŌMĀNŌRUM**
17. Who purified Heracles of the murders of his children, his nephews, and his wife Megara?
(KING) THESPIUS
According to Apollodorus, on what earlier occasion had Heracles met King Thespius?
ON HIS WAY TO KILL THE LION OF MT. CITHAERON / THESPAIN LION
According to some sources, how many daughters of King Thespius had the chance to entertain Heracles in bed? 50 (49 PERFORMED THE SERVICE, ONE DECLINED)
18. Give the Latin motto of Florida State University. **VĪRĒS, ARTĒS, MŌRĒS**
Translate the motto of the North Carolina, “**Esse Quam Vidērī.**”
TO BE RATHER THAN TO SEEM / TO BE SEEN
Translate the motto of Boston, “**Sicut Patribus, Sit Deus Nōbīs.**”
JUST AS TO (OUR) FATHERS, MAY GOD BE TO US
19. At the end of the Julio-Claudian dynasty, what city was the capital of the province of Bithynia? NICOMEDIA
What city was the capital of Syria? ANTIOCH(IA)
What city was the capital of Lusitania? EMERITA AUGUSTA

20. Give all the active participles for the verb **auferō**.

AUFERĒNS, ABLATŪRUS (-A, -UM)

Give all the participles for the verb **queror**.

**QUERĒNS, QUESTUS (-A, -UM), QUESTŪRUS (-A, -UM),
QUERENDUS (-A, -UM)**

Give all the participles for the verb **rīdeō**.

RIDĒNS, RĪSUS (-A, -UM), RĪSŪRUS (-A, -UM), RĪDENDUS (-A, -UM)

**1999 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
SEMI-FINAL ROUND -- REVISED DRAFT**

1. What use of the infinitive is found in the following Latin sentence:
Tormentum est vivere? SUBJECTIVE
What use of the infinitive is found in the following Latin sentence: **Multī sequī, fugere, occīdī, capī?** HISTORIC(AL)
What use of the infinitive is found in the following Latin sentence: **Cōnfisus est armārium fūtūrum tūtius?** ACCUSATIVE-INFINITIVE CONSTRUCTION
INFINITIVE IN INDIRECT DISCOURSE / **ORĀTIŌ OBLĪQUA**
2. Give the ablative gerund for the verb **nāscor**. **NĀSCENDŌ**
Give the ablative supine for the same verb. **NĀTŪ**
Give the ablative singular masculine, future active participle for the same verb.
NĀTŪRŌ
3. What beggar threatened to thrash Odysseus because he felt intimidated by the presence of another beggar? **IRUS / ARNAEUS**
How many blows did it take for Odysseus to disgrace Irus in the resulting boxing match?
ONE
What injury did Irus receive from this boxing match? **BROKEN JAW**
4. Whose invasion of Greece did the Romans stop at Thermopylae in 191 B.C.?
ANTIOCHUS' (III)
Who was the Roman commander at Thermopylae? (M'. **ACILIUS**) **GLABRIO**
What people had invited Antiochus to invade Greece and free it from Rome?
AETOLIANS
5. According to Ovid, what son of Priam was transformed into a diver bird? **AESACUS**
What nymph's death was indirectly caused by Aesacus? **HESPERIA/E**
What river god was the father of this unfortunate nymph? **CEBREN**
6. What English word meaning "harass" is from a Latin verb meaning "to follow"?
PERSECUTE
What English word, derived from the same root verb, means "to pursue in court"?
PROSECUTE
What related English word means "a logical result"? **CONSEQUENCE**

7. Listen carefully to the following story, which I will read twice, then answer in ENGLISH the question that follows:
Poēta clārus, cum rēx quaesīvisset quis aut quālis vīr esset Marcus, amīcus poētae, dēliberandī sibi ūnam diem postulāvit. Cum rēx ā poētā postrīdiē idem quaereret, poēta, sciens suum amīcum esse rēgis inīmicum, aliud biduum petīvit. Cum iterum numerus diērum duplicātus esset, rēx dēmum rogāvit cūr ita faceret. Poēta respondit sē nescīre utrum amīcītia an oboedientia maior esset.
 Who is the king's enemy? **MARCUS**
 How many days does the poet delay in answering the king's question? **FIVE**
 What is the poet's final answer to the query? **THAT HE DOESN'T KNOW WHETHER FRIENDSHIP OR OBEDIENCE IS GREATER**
8. Name the Vandal who served as the **magister militum** for Theodosius I. **STILICHO**
 After Theodosius' death, for which of his sons was Stilicho regent? **HONORIUS**
 What king of the Visigoths did Stilicho twice defeat? **ALARIC**
9. Translate into Latin: A twenty-foot wall. **MŪRUS VĪGINTĪ PEDUM**
 Translate into Latin: The tribunes are friendly to us. **TRIBŪNĪ AMĪCĪ NŌBĪS SUNT**
 Translate into Latin: They hailed me as emperor.
MĒ IMPERĀTŌREM SALŪTĀVĒRUNT / SALŪTĀBANT
10. What deity, a son of Zeus but not of Hera, sat on Hera's lap and tricked her into suckling him? **HERMES (HERACLES is not acceptable)**
 In what other deity's baby clothes was Hermes disguised? **ARES**
 In the cave of what mountain was Hermes born? **MOUNT CYLLENE**
11. Name one word or phrase that may be used with a subjunctive to form a negative imperative. **CAVĒ / NĒ / CAVĒ NĒ / VIDĒ NĒ / FAC NĒ**
 Using only **cavē**, not **cavē nē**, translate this sentence into Latin: My son, don't harm the cat!
MĪ FILĪ, CAVĒ FĒLĪ NOCEĀS / FĒLEM VULNERĒS / FĒLEM LAEDĀS
 (if a perfect subjunctive is given, it must be designated as non-classical or poetic)
 Using a future imperative, translate this sentence into Latin: Honoria, don't be late!
HONORIA, NĒ TARDA ESTŌ
12. After whose murder was Pompey appointed sole consul in 52 B.C.? **(P.) CLODIUS (PULCHER)**
 Who was tried for Clodius' murder during Pompey's consulship? **(T. ANNIUS) MILO**
 Who was either stopped from or was too afraid to speak in Milo's defense at the trial?
(M. TULLIUS) CICERO
13. What part of your body does your "rheumatologist" tend to? **JOINT(S)**
 . . . your "nephrologist"? **KIDNEY(S)**
 . . . your "otologist"? **EAR(S)**

14. According to Homer's *Iliad*, after the temporary truce between the Greeks and the Trojans was broken, what son of Nestor was the first Greek warrior to slay a Trojan warrior? **ANTILOCHUS**
 Who was Antilochus' victim? **ECHEPOLUS**
 Who killed Elephenor before he could strip Echepolus of his armor? **AGENOR**
15. What Macedonian king became undisputed master of the Greek world after the battle of Chaeronea in 338 B.C.? **PHILIP II / THE GREAT**
 On what invasion was Philip about to embark when he was assassinated?
INVASION OF PERSIA
 What Greek city did Philip's heir Alexander destroy when it rebelled? **THEBES**
16. Translate this sentence: **Ūnus homō tam insānus erat ut quīnque uxōrēs habēret.**
ONE MAN WAS SO CRAZY THAT HE HAD FIVE WIVES
 Translate this sentence: **Nēmō uxōrum sciēbat quālis homō esset marītus.**
NONE OF THE WIVES KNEW WHAT KIND OF MAN THE HUSBAND WAS
 Translate this sentence: **Cum uxōrēs irātissimae essent, quisque tamen istum amābat.**
ALTHOUGH THE WIVES WERE VERY ANGRY,
(NEVERTHELESS) EACH OF THEM LOVED THAT MAN
17. What singular Latin noun is derived from a Latin phrase which means "of three men"?
TRIUMVIR / TRIUMVIRĀTUS
 What Latin noun meaning "release from authority" is derived from a Latin phrase meaning "a sending from the hand"? **MANŪMISSIŌ**
 What Latin noun meaning "time of the new moon" is derived from a Latin phrase which means "between moons"? **INTERLŪNIUM**
18. What day of the month in the Roman calendar originally corresponded to the full moon?
ĪDŪS / IDES
 How many days were in the months in which the Ides fell on the 15th?
THIRTY-ONE
 Say in Latin, according to the Roman calendar, today's date.
PRĪDIĒ NŌNĀS AUGUSTĀS
19. (VISUAL QUESTION - PASS OUT THE VISUAL AND SAY "PLEASE DO NOT OPEN THE VISUALS UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO." WAIT 5 SECONDS FOR THE VISUALS TO BE PASSED OUT, AND SAY "PLEASE OPEN YOUR VISUALS NOW.")
 Your handout contains an inscription. You now have 15 seconds to analyze it.
HIC IACET SATURNINA CUM
FILIIS QUI FILII VALENTINUS
VIXIT ANN(is) V M(ensibus) II ET EUSEBIUS
VIXIT ANN(is) VIII DEPOSITUS
DIE KAL(endarum) IUNIARUM POST
CONS(ulatum) OPILIONIS
 (WAIT 15 SECONDS)
 How many people are buried in this tomb? **THREE**

How old were Saturnina's two children when they died? Be as specific as possible.

VALENTINUS WAS 5 YEARS, 2 MONTHS OLD

EUSEBIUS WAS 9 YEARS OLD

On what day and month were Saturnina and her sons buried?

JUNE 1 / KALENDS OF JUNE

20. In Vergil's *Aeneid*, who won the boatrace at the funeral games of Anchises?

CLOANTHUS

At the funeral games of Anchises, who lost the chance of winning the footrace when he
was tripped by Nisus? SALIUS

Who took advantage of the situation and became the winner of this event? EURYALUS

**1999 NJCL CERTAMEN
LOWER DIVISION
FINAL ROUND -- LAST DRAFT**

1. Translate into Latin: I know why the soldiers are fighting.
SCIŌ CŪR / QUID MĪLITĒS PUGNENT
Using **imperō**, translate into Latin: The leader ordered the soldiers to fight bravely.
DŪX MĪLITIBUS IMPERĀVIT UT (QUĪ) FORTITER PUGNĀRENT
Using a relative clause, translate into Latin: The leader says that the soldiers, who are now sleeping, will win.
DŪX DĪCIT MĪLITĒS, QUĪ NUNC DORMIANT, SUPERĀTŪRŌS / VICTŪRŌS ESSE
2. What was meant by an exhibition of gladiators **sine missiōne**?
NO LOSING GLADIATOR WOULD BE SPARED
With what signal did a defeated gladiator appeal for mercy? HOLDING UP A FINGER
The gladiator appealed to the giver of the games. What is the Latin term for this person?
ĒDITOR / DATOR (MUNERIS)
3. In Book VIII of the *Iliad*, who rescues the aged Nestor from the attack of Hector?
DIOMEDES
Why was Nestor the only Greek left to face the enemy?
BECAUSE ONE OF HIS HORSES HAD BEEN WOUNDED
(BY ONE OF PARIS' ARROWS)
What charioteer of Hector was killed by Diomedes in this encounter? ENIOPEUS
4. What type of conditional clause would be used to express this sentence in Latin:
"If this were easier, I would be a happier person."
(PRESENT) CONTRARY-TO-FACT
What type of independent subjunctive would be used to express this sentence in Latin:
"I would think that Latin is fun" POTENTIAL
What type of independent subjunctive would be used to express this sentence in Latin:
"What am I to do with this sentence?" DELIBERATIVE
5. Name one use of the accusative case that can be found in the following Latin sentence:
Quam vītā longam vīvere voluit, ō miseram mātrem!
COGNATE ACCUSATIVE (ACC. OF KINDRED SPECIFICATION) /
ACCUSATIVE OF EXCLAMATION
Name another.
What use of the accusative case is found in this sentence:
Marcus pecūniam parentem postulāvit.
DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE / ACCUSATIVE WITH SECONDARY OBJECT
(if "Direct Object" is given, prompt for more information)

6. To what commander did Augustus entrust the invasion of Germany in 12 B.C.?
 (NERO CLAUDIUS) DRUSUS THE ELDER OR BROTHER OF TIBERIUS
 Where did Augustus want the new frontier set between Roman and German territory?
 ELBE RIVER / **FLUMEN ALBIS**
 What stopped the successful campaigns of Drusus in 9 B.C.?
 HIS DEATH (FROM COMPLICATIONS FROM A FALL FROM HIS HORSE)
7. With what Thesprotian queen did Odysseus have a brief affair?
 CALLIDICE (CAL-LID-A-SEA)
 Who was the son of Odysseus and Callidice? POLYPOETES
 According to some accounts, what half-brother of Polypoetes was responsible for the
 death of Odysseus? TELEGONUS
8. What is the meaning of the Greek word common to “paleobiology” and “paleozoic”?
 OLD, ANCIENT
 What is the meaning of the other Greek word at the root of “paleozoic”?
 LIVING ANIMAL, BEING
 What are the meanings of the two other Greek words at the root of “paleobiology”?
βίος – LIFE
λόγος - WORD, SAYING, SPEECH, DISCOURSE, THOUGHT, PROPORTION
9. Translate this Latin sentence:
Cīvēs tribūnō appropinquāvērunt ad lūdōs poscendōs.
 THE CITIZENS APPROACHED THE TRIBUNE TO DEMAND GAMES
 Translate this Latin sentence:
Tribūnus dīxit domum Marcī, senātōris clārī, incensum īrī.
 THE TRIBUNE SAID THE HOUSE OF MARCUS,
 A FAMOUS SENATOR, WOULD BE BURNED
 Translate this Latin sentence:
Marcus mīrātus est cūr domus sua incendenda esset.
 MARCUS WONDERED WHY HIS HOUSE HAD
 TO BE BURNED DOWN / WAS GOING TO BE BURNED DOWN
10. After what battle did the Carthaginians sue for peace in the Second Punic War?
CAMPI MAGNI / GREAT PLAINS
 What two opponents did Scipio, the future Africanus, defeat at Campi Magni?
 HASDRUBAL (SON OF GISGO) AND SYPHAX
 What caused the Carthaginians to break off the peace talks?
 RETURN OF HANNIBAL (WITH 15,000 SEASONED VETERANS)

11. Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question about it:
Alexandrī rēgis exercitus, dum iter facit per loca deserta, sitī gravī oppressus est. Tandem Alexander exercitusque ad flūmen pervēnērunt. Rēx primō agminī imperāvit ut magnās amphōrās implērent quibus aqua ad reliquōs mīlitēs portārī posset sitis relevandae causā. Mīlitēs nescīvērunt aquam pōtabilem nōn fuisse et multī ē mīlibus multō cum dolōre mortuī sunt. Numerus hōrum mortuōrum erat multō maior quam numerus mīlitum quōs rēx in proeliō umquam amiserat.
 Why did Alexander's army stop marching?
 HIS ARMY WAS SUFFERING FROM GREAT THIRST
 What did he order the first phalanx to do?
 FILL THE JUGS / AMPHORAS / CONTAINERS WITH WATER
 How did Alexander lose more soldiers in this incident than he had lost in battle?
 BECAUSE THE WATER WAS NOT DRINKABLE,
 A GREAT NUMBER OF SOLDIERS DIED
12. What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "precarious"?
PREX -- PRAYER, ENTREATY
 What English verb derived from **prex** means "to belittle"? **DEPRECATE**
 What English verb, also derived from **prex**, means "to curse"? **IMPRECATE**
13. What did the Senate refuse to allow Julius Caesar to do in 49 B.C.?
TO RUN FOR CONSUL IN ABSENTIA (& KEEP HIS IMPERIUM)
 Where was Caesar when he learned that the Senate had voted for his immediate recall?
RAVENNA (HIS WINTER HEADQUARTERS)
 After he crossed the Rubicon, whom did Caesar meet and defeat at Corfinium?
(L.) DOMITIUS (AHENOBARBUS)
14. (VISUAL QUESTION)
PLEASE PASS OUT THE VISUALS AND INSTRUCT THE PLAYERS NOT TO OPEN THEM UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO. WHEN ALL THE VISUALS HAVE BEEN PASSED OUT, SAY "PLEASE OPEN YOUR VISUALS NOW."
 Who is the mother of the character identified by the letter "C"?
GAIA/GAEA/GE // CLONIA // EURYALE
 Who is the father of the character identified by the letter "C"? **POSEIDON // HYRIEUS**
 What is the name of the character identified by the letter "B"? **CEDALION (sə-dā' leon)**
15. Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: peer, par, parcel, pair, parlay? **PARCEL**
 What is the root of "parcel"? **PARS -- PART**
 What derivative of **pars** means "a swift, witty reply"? **REPARTEE**
16. The discovery of both black and white lead was credited to what son of Gordius? **MIDAS**
 What "reward" did Midas receive from Apollo after Midas judged Pan the winner of a musical contest between the two gods? **DONKEY EARS**
 Midas received his famous golden touch because he was kind to what companion of Dionysus? **SILENUS**

17. What English word for “an arbitrary order or decree” is a Latin subjunctive form? **FIAT**
 What English word for “a dogmatic pronouncement” is a Latin perfect passive participle?
DICTUM
 What English word for “a list of corrections to be made before publication” is a Latin gerundive? **CORRIGENDUM / -A**
18. According to Homer, who was the eldest daughter of Zeus? **ATE**
 According to Hesiod, who was the mother of Ate? **ERIS**
 According to Homer, whom did Zeus send to follow Ate through the world so they could alleviate the results Ate’s mischief? **LITAI (lit - tie) / THE PRAYERS**
19. What city did Scipio, the future Africanus, establish in Spain in 206 B.C. for his veterans?
ITALICA (modern Santiponce)
 Which Roman emperor was born in Italica? **TRAJAN**
 Italica was the ancestral home of two other emperors. Name one.
HADRIAN or THEODOSIUS (I or GREAT)
20. For the verb **gaudeō**, give the third person plural, pluperfect subjunctive.
GĀVĪSĪ ESSENT
 Give the first person singular, perfect subjunctive of **audeō**, **audēre**. **AUSUS SIM**
 What archaic form exists with the same meaning as **ausus sim**? **AUSIM**