TU 1
Strongyle and Dia are alternate names for what island, where Theseus supposedly abandoned Ariadne on their way back from Crete?

NAXOS

B1
What pair of giants also supposedly died on Naxos?

OTUS AND EPHIALTES // THE ALOADAE

B2
Although Otus and Ephialtes died on Naxos, they were not buried there. At what town, the erstwhile home of the fisherman Glaucus, were the two buried?

ANTHEDON

TU 2
Differentiate in meaning between *lūceō* and *lūgeō*.

LŪCEŌ = SHINE / LŪGEŌ = MOURN

B1
What 2nd declension noun related to *lūceō*, means "grove, especially one sacred to a god"?

LUCUS

B2
What 3rd declension neuter noun also means "grove"?

NEMUS

TU 3
What author and statesman gave Aulus Hirtius the task of completing the final book of his *Comentariī Dē Bellō Gallicō*?

(GAIUS JULIUS) CAESAR

B1
In its entirety, how many books did this work contain?

8 BOOKS

B2
Which work also attributed to Aulus Hirtius picks up where Caesar's *Comentariī Dē Bellō Civilī* ends?

BELLUM ALEXANDRINUM

TU 4
Who brought destruction to the Roman colonies Verulamium, Camulodunum, and Londinium during the reign of Nero as revenge for her mistreatment by Roman procurators in Britain?

BOUDICCA

B1
What tribe, of which she was queen, did Boudicca lead against the Romans?

ICENI

B2
What governor of Britain was recalled from his conquest of the Island Mona to suppress the rebellion of Boudicca?

SUETONIUS PAULINUS

TU 5
Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the questions that follow:

> At Circē ubi omnia ad prōfectiōnem parāta vīdit, aegra fiēbat, atque Ulixem vehementer orābat ut consiliō desisteret. Ille tamen, nē omnī tempore ā nāvigatiōne excluderetur, mātūrāndum sibi existimāvit, et celeriter nāvem sōlvit.

> Quaestiō: Qualis erat Circē propter prōfectiōnem?
>
> **AEGRA**

B1
Quid Circē ab Ulixē petebat?

UT CONSILIŌ DĒSISTERET

B2
Quo modo Ulixēs petitionī respōnsit?

(CELERITER) NAVEM SŌLVIT

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 6
Today the Piazza Navona rests on the site of what Imperial structure built by Domitian for athletic contests?

STADIUM OF DOMITIAN

B1
What large gladiatorial school did Titus build right next to the Colosseum?

LUDUS MAGNUS

B2
What was the Latin term for a practice gladiator fight that might take place in the *ludus magnus*?

PROLUSIO

TU 7
Whose name, which means "abounding in songs" may seem ironic considering his role in Homer's *Odyssey*, but is quite fitting when taken into the context of later Classical descriptions of how he won over the nymph Galatea with his songs?

POLYPHEMUS'

B1
In some other accounts, however, Polyphemus was unsuccessful at wooing Galatea. In these accounts, who did Galatea choose over him?

ACIS

B2
Though Classical authors often contrasted between the rough, brazen Polyphemus, and the handsome Acis, the two were similar in several ways. What occupation did both Acis and Polyphemus share?

SHEPHERDS

TU 8
Identify the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence: *Caesar militibus imperāvit ut Alesiam obsiderent.*

INDIRECT COMMAND

B1
Identify the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence: *Quis est quīn Linguam Latinam amet*?

RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC

B2
Identify the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence: *Quō eās*?

DELIBERATIVE

TU 9
In a letter, Pliny the Younger writes that he paid for which author's return voyage to Bilbilis after he grew tired of city life and retired from writing *Epigrams*?

MARTIAL

B1
What collection of 30 epigrams published in 80 AD first won Martial the favor and support of the emperor Titus?

LIBER SPECTACULORUM / LIBER DE SPECTACULIS

B2
In what town did Martial claim that he owned a farm so small that it could fit under the wings of a cicada?

NOMENTUM

TU 10
Translate into English: *Magister ā defessō discipulō quaesivit ut oculōs aperīret.*

THE TEACHER ASKED THE TIRED STUDENT TO OPEN HIS EYES

B1
Translate into English: *Ille discipulus sperāvit sē nōn vocātum īrī.*

THAT TIRED STUDENT HOPED THAT HE WOULD NOT BE CALLED

B2
Translate into English: *Unus ex amicīs discipulum rogāvit cur esset tam defessus.*

ONE OF HIS / THE FRIENDS ASKED THE STUDENT WHY HE WAS SO TIRED

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 11
The adjectives *inops*, *insons*, *expers*, and *memor* are regularly followed by a noun in what case?

GENITIVE

B1
What use of the dative case is found in the phrase "*vae victīs*"?

REFERENCE

B2
What use of the ablative can be found in the sentence "*Hecuba oculīs regem privāvit*"?

SEPARATION / DISADVANTAGE

TU 12
Complete this analogy. *amō* : *amārī* :: *faciō* : _____.

FIERĪ

B1
Complete this analogy. *amō* : *amāvisse* :: *gaudeō* : _____.

GAVISUS ESSE

B2
For the verb *plangō* give the future passive infinitive.

PLANCTUM ĪRĪ

TU 13
An anvil would fall for nine days to reach what dark region beneath the surface of the earth?

TARTARUS

B1
What creatures guarded the iron gates of Tartarus?

HECATONCHEIRES

B2
In which region of the underworld did most shades dwell?

FIELD(S)/PLAIN OF ASPHODEL

TU 14
In addition to his *fabulae praetextae*, which early Latin author wrote the first Latin poem on an entirely Roman subject?

(CN.) NAEVIUS

B1
What was the Latin title of Naevius' epic?

BELLUM PUNICUM

B2
In what early Italic meter was this epic written?

SATURNIAN

TU 15
During what emperor's reign did Candace of Ethiopia attack Roman troops near the First Cataract?

AUGUSTUS'

B1
What Roman commander was sent to combat Candace?

(GAIUS) PETRONIUS

B2
Where did Candace's envoys meet with Augustus to negotiate the terms of her surrender?

SAMOS

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 16
Titus Aebutius Elva was the *magister equitum* for what dictator and Roman commander at the Battle of Lake Regillus?

(AULUS) POSTUMIUS (ALBUS)

B1
A few years after the Battle of Lake Regillus, what treaty did the Romans negotiate, establishing a temporary peace with the Latins?

FOEDUS CASSIANUM

B2
The *Foedus Cassianum* was an agreement that resolved the issue of Roman territorial disputes with the Latin League. This issue first took form when Rome signed what treaty in 509 BCE, effectively, as contemporaries would say, "triggering", the Latin League?

TREATY WITH CARTHAGE

TU 17
From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "retina"?

RETE – **NET**

B1
From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "silicon"?

SILEX – **FLINT, STONE**

B2
From what Latin adjective, with what meaning, do we derive "desiccate"?

SICCUS – **DRY**

TU 18
What creature travelled from Orchomenus in Boeotia to Aea in Colchis after it was sent to Nephele by either Hermes or Zeus?

GOLDEN RAM

B1
What daughter of Aeetes did Phrixus marry upon his arrival to Colchis?

CHALCIOPE / IOPHOSSA

B2
Who was the eldest son of Phrixus and Chalciope?

ARGUS

TU 19
Corydon, Menalcas, and Tityrus are all character's in what 10 poem work of Vergil?

ECLOGUES/BUCOLICS

B1
Which *Eclogue* is considered Messianic for predicting the birth of a child who will see a new and cosmic age?

ECLOGUE **4**

B2
In the tenth book of his Eclogues, Vergil consoles what contemporary elegiac poet for his love pangs?

(CORNELIUS) GALLUS

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 20
When recognized by the moderator perform the following commands: *Surge, plaude, et latrā sicut canis*
.   **PLAYER STANDS UP, CLAPS, AND BARKS LIKE A DOG**
B1
Perform the following commands: *Omnes surgite, iungite manus, et cantate anglice "Proximior".*
                                    ALL PLAYERS STAND, JOIN HANDS, AND SING CLOSER
B2
Perform the following commands: *Alter vestrum fāc sōnum leōnis, alter timēns fuge eum.*
                                    ONE PLAYER MAKES THE SOUND OF A LION,
                                    THE OTHER BEING AFRAID FLEES THAT PERSON

[FINAL SCORE]

2017 TSJCL CERTAMEN
ADVANCED DIVISION ROUND 2

TU 1
According to Quintilian, what author from Assisi was one of the four greatest elegiac poets of the Augustan Age?

PROPERTIUS

B1
Whose name completes this line from Propertius' first book of elegies? *Tū mihi sola domus, tū, _____, sola parentēs…*

CYNTHIA

B2
What Greek title did Propertius give to his first book of elegies?

(CYNTHIA) MONOBIBLOS

TU 2
Graduates of what school might argue that the welfare of the state depends on the character of its citizens, in defense of their Latin motto?

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

B1
Ambitious students at which school might be reminded by their Latin motto that the care of the future is theirs?

HUNTER COLLEGE

B2
Whether under oath or not, graduates of which university calling on their Latin motto might remind you that the truth will set you free?

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

TU 3
In Book 16 of the Iliad, what two deities carry the corpse of Sarpedon back home to Lycia?

HYPNOS & THANATOS

B1
Which Greek killed Sarpedon?

PATROCLUS

B2
How did Zeus respond to Sarpedon's death?

CAUSED SKY TO RAIN BLOOD

TU 4
Of the nouns *praeda*, *obses*, *formidō*, *vinculum*, and *delīctum*, which is described here: *in carcere captīvum retinet*.

VINCULUM

B1
…which is described here: *Est ratiō fugiendī periculum*.

FORMIDO

B2
…which is described here: *Ex nautīs eripitur navibus capiendīs*.

PRAEDA

TU 5
After the death of Valens at the Battle of Adrianople, whom did Gratian choose as Emperor of the East?

THEODOSIUS I / THE GREAT

B1
Along with banning the pagan practice of the Olympics, Theodosius dissolved what religious group?

VESTAL VIRGINS

B2
After the killing of general Butheric, Theodosius ordered the massacre of the citizens of what
　　　　Greek city?

THESSALONICA

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 6
Translate the following sentence into English: *Si Caesar Germaniam aggressus esset, vicisset*.

IF CAESAR HAD ATTACK GERMANY, HE WOULD HAVE WON

B1
Translate this sentence: *Si cotidiē certamen luderem, laeta semper essem*.

IF I WERE TO PLAY / WERE PLAYING CERTAMEN EVERYDAY,
I WOULD ALWAYS BE HAPPY

B2
Translate this sentence: *Etsi Publius Lucillam amaverit, Lucilla Luciō nōn nubebit*.

EVEN IF / ALTHOUGH PUBLIUS LOVES / WILL HAVE LOVED LUCILLA,
LUCILLA WILL NOT MARRY HIM

TU 7
What son of Apollo and Cyrene returned after nine days to find bees swarming in the rotting carcasses of the bulls he had sacrificed?

ARISTAEUS

B1
What god had told Aristaeus how to get back his bees?

PROTEUS

B2
What daughter of Cadmus did Aristaeus marry?

AUTONOË

TU 8
The poet Plautus, a native of Sarsina, referred to his countrymen as "*pultiphagonidae*" for their tendency to eat what dish, known to the Romans as "*puls*"?

PORRIDGE

B1
Found in varieties such as *nefrens*, *scrofa*, and *verres*, what dish was considered the choicest of all domestic meats?

PORK

B2
What dish, similar to hash, was made of salt fish, eggs, and cheese?

TYROTARICHUS

TU 9
12 Books of **Dialogi**, 9 **Cothurnatae**, and **Epistulae Morales** make up a large portion of what Silver Age author's body of work?

SENECA THE YOUNGER

B1
To what friend are the **Epistulae Morales** addressed?

LUCILIUS

B2
What piece of Menippean Satire by Seneca depicts the apotheosis of the emperor Claudius?

APOCOLOCYNTOSIS // LUDUS DE MORTE CLAUDIĪ

TU 10
Give the comparative and superlative forms of the adjective *humilis*.

HUMILIOR & HUMILLIMUS

B1
Give the comparative and superlative forms of the adjective *idoneus*.

MAGIS IDONEUS & MAXIME IDONEUS

B2
Give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective *maledicus*.

MALEDICENTIOR & MALEDICENTISSIMUS

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 11
What mountain, a favorite of the muses and Apollo, was left uncovered during the Great Flood?
MOUNT PARNASSUS

B1
What husband and wife repopulated the earth after sacrificing to the local nymphs on Mount Parnassus?
DEUCALLION & PYRRHA

B2
What creatures led the inhabitants of Delphi up the slopes of Mount Parnassus during the flood?
WOLVES

TU 12
According to Cassius Dio, what Roman emperor displayed his skills as an archer by using crescent-shaped arrows to shoot the heads off a large flock of ostriches, a feat that aligned with his belief that he was Hercules reincarnated?
COMMODUS

B1
Right at the start of Commodus' reign, the Antonine Wall was overrun by neighboring tribes. Although it was later abandoned as a Roman border, who attempted to restore order to the Antonine wall?
ULPIUS MARCELLUS

B2
Commodus had what secret police make sure the Senate didn't try to conspire against him?
FRUMENTARII

TU 13
Translate the following sentence into English: *Mercator ad forum ivit ut togas venderet.*
THE MERCHANT WENT TO THE FORUM TO SELL TOGAS

B1
Translate this sentence: *Quamquam togae sunt bonae, nemo eas emere vult.*
ALTHOUGH THE TOGAS ARE GOOD, NO ONE WANTS TO BUY THEM

B2
Translate this sentence: *Fessus mercator domum rediit ut cenāret.*
THE TIRED MERCHANT RETURNED HOME TO EAT

TU 14
Identify the figure of speech, excluding all forms of alliteration, in this line from Book 2 of the *Aeneid*: *quō rēs cumque cadent, unum et commune periculum...*

TMESIS

B1
Identify the figure of speech, excluding all forms of alliteration, exemplified by the structure of this line from Book 7 of the *Aeneid*: *arma vēlit poscatque simul rapiatque iuventus*

TRICOLON

B2
What literary device is exemplified in Book 1 of the *Aeneid*, when Vergil breaks his narrative to describe the elaborate scenes depicted on the doors of Juno's temple?

ECPHRASIS

TU 15
What derivative of the Latin noun *jocus* means "to put someone or something into a situation where there is the possibility of harm or danger"?

JEOPARDIZE

B1
What derivative of the Latin noun *jocus* can mean "to cope with by adroitly balancing"?

JUGGLE

B2
What derivative of the Latin noun *jocus* means "humorous or playful"?

JOCULAR / JOCOSE

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 16
Listen carefully to the following excerpt from Frontinus' *Strategemata* about the Theban general Epaminondas, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows:

> "*Epaminondas Thebanus in Arcadiā diē festō effusē extrā moenia vagantibus hostium feminīs plerōsque ex militibus suīs muliebrī ornatū immiscuit: quā simulatiōne illī intrā portās sub noctem receptī cēpērunt oppidum et suīs aperuērunt.*" (Repeat)

> Question: What specific military feat were Epaminondas and the Thebans able to accomplish in Arcadia?
> **INFILTRATE THE TOWN / CAPTURE IT FROM INSIDE THE GATES**

B1
When did the Thebans invade the town?

DURING A FESTIVAL // AT NIGHT

B2
How were the Theban soldiers able to infiltrate the city?

DISGUISED AS WOMEN

TU 17
What seer, whose name means "black foot," won the cattle of Phylacus in order to help his brother Bias in his wooing of Pero?

MELAMPUS

B1
By what river, the lover of Arethusa, did Melampus meet Apollo?

ALPHEIUS

B2
What descendant of Melampus was second only after Atalanta in the shooting of the Calydonian boar?

AMPHIARAÜS

TU 18
Who was offered continued control over Sicily and Sardinia and a future consulship in order to end his blockade of Italy?

SEXTUS POMPEY

B1
What agreement was this?

TREATY OF MISENUM

B2
The failure of the triumvirs to cooperate caused the Treaty of Misenum to quickly fall apart. At what later battle in 36 BC did Agrippa defeat the remnants of Sextus Pompey's fleet?

BATTLE OF NAULOCHUS

TU 19
Which play of Plautus enhanced the fame of the actor Roscius for his portrayal of the pimp Ballio?

PSEUDOLUS

B1
Which play of Plautus, set in North Africa, features a chorus of fishermen and a chest fished out of the sea by a cable?

RUDENS

B2
Which play of Plautus, based on the Onagos of Demophilus concludes with the line "*surge, amator, ī domum*" repeated four times?

ASINARIA

[SCORE CHECK]

TU 20
Describāmus nunc proprietātēs dictionum in hāc sententiā: Felix quī potuit rērum cognoscere
causās. Cuius modī est "potuit"?

INDICATĪVĪ

B1
Quō casū est "rērum"?

GENITĪVŌ

B2
Quae pars orātiōnis est "felix"?

ADIECTĪVUM

[FINAL SCORE]

1. What Orchomenian, fearing that his theft of a treasury would be discovered, cut off the head of his brother, Agamedes? **TROPHONIUS**
   B1. Where did Trophonius decapitate Agamedes? (IN) THE TREASURY OF HYREIUS
   B2. In later times, Trophonius' oracle enjoyed a reputation for accuracy second only to that of Apollo's at Delphi. In what Boeotian city was this oracle located? LEBADEIA

2. Using the future tense and a common idiom, say in Latin: "Let them form a plan."
   CONSILIUM CAPIUNTO
   B1: Using the perfect tense and the same idiom, say in Latin: "Marcus, don't form a plan!"
   MARCE, NE CONSILIUM CĒPERIS
   B2: Using the present tense and the same idiom, say in Latin: "Don't form a bad plan!"
   CAVĒ(TĒ) (NĒ) MALUM CONSILIUM CAPIĀS / CAPIĀTIS

3. What minor Latin author, called **mediocrī vir ingeniō** by Quintilian, wrote an encyclopedia of *artēs*, of which only the portions on medicine survive? (A. CORNELIUS) CELSUS
   B1: During the reign of which Roman emperor did Celsus flourish? TIBERIUS
   B2: How many books on medicine did Celsus author? EIGHT

4. What emperor commissioned Lollius Urbicus to construct a wall in modern day Scotland?
   ANTONINUS PIUS
   B1: The Antonine Wall stretched from the Firth of Forth to what other firth? CLYDE
   B2: What governor of Britain was charged with completing a wall for Hadrian which stretched from Tyne to Solway? PLAUTORIUS NEPOS

5. Listen carefully to the following passage about an incident involving the tyrant Dionysius and a flatterer, Damocles, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it:

   Dionysius, tyrannus Syracusārum, in aulā magnificentissimā habitābat. Cum hic tyrannus luxuriōsīs dīvitiīs potīrētur, comes tyrannī, nomine Damocles, putābat tyrannum esse laetissimum hominem in mundō. Dionysius, igitur, invitāvit Damoclen ut in sellā regis sedēret. Super sellam Dionysius gladium pendentem minimō fīlō posuit. Posthāc Damocles intellexit tyrannum nihil laetitiae habēre dummodo metus eī semper impenderet.

   Question: Why did Damocles think that the tyrant Dionysius was the happiest man in the world?
   BECAUSE HE POSSESSED WEALTH / RICHES
   B1: How did the tyrant place Damocles in danger? ASKED HIM TO SIT IN HIS SEAT AND PLACED A SWORD (HANGING BY A THIN THREAD) OVER THE SEAT
   B2: After he sat in the chair, what did Damocles understand about the tyrant?
   THAT HE WAS NOT HAPPY BECAUSE FEAR ALWAYS HUNG OVER HIM

6. Identify the use of the ablative in the following sentence: **"Mercurius Iove et Maiā natus erat."**

    SOURCE / ORIGIN

    B1: Identify the use of the ablative here: **"Quid Tulliolā meā fiet?"**   MATERIAL

    B2: Identify the use of the ablative here: **"Imperātor triumphāre gaudiō coepit."**   CAUSE

7. Who spent the night in the hut of Molorchus in Cleonae on his way to kill the Nemean Lion?

    HERACLES

    B1: What did Heracles instruct Molorchus to do if he did not return within 30 days?

    SACRIFICE TO HIM (AS A HERO)

    B2: After Heracles returned to Tiryns with the Nemean Lion slung over his shoulder, Eurystheus became so frightened that he stipulated all future orders be given to Heracles by what herald?

    COPREUS

8. The English noun "buckler," meaning shield, is derived from what Latin noun with what meaning?

    BUCCA - JAW

    B1: The English noun "caisson," meaning a large watertight chamber, is derived from what Latin noun with what meaning?   **CAPSA -** BOX

    B2: The English noun "kickshaw," meaning a trinket, is derived from what two Latin words?

    QUALIS & **CAUSA**

9. Identify the author described in these lines: **"poeta nascitur: quī postea amatoriō poculō in furorem versus, cum aliquot librōs per intervalla insaniae conscripsisset, quōs postea Cicero emendāvit, propria sē manū interfēcit…"?**   LUCRETIUS

    B1: What author's manuscripts place Lucretius' birth at either 96 or 94 B.C.?   JEROME'S

    B2: What work of Latin literature is referenced by "**librōs**" and "**quōs**"?   *DE RERUM NATURĀ*

10. What early Roman commander, the grandfather of a future king of Rome, fought and died during the Sabine attack on the city during the reign of Romulus?   HOSTIUS HOSTILIUS

    B1: What Sabine commander, according to Livy, killed Hostius Hostilius?   METTIUS CURTIUS

    B2: Also according to Livy, what temple did Romulus vow during this battle with the Sabines?

    JUPITER STATOR

11. Translate the following sentence into English: **"Exercitus sperat fore ut victoria prīmā luce veniat."**

    THE ARMY HOPES THAT VICTORY WILL COME AT DAWN

    B1: Translate: **"Caesare duce, nōn dubium mihi est quīn victoriā fructurī sīmus.**

    WITH CAESAR AS LEADER, I HAVE NO DOUBT THAT WE WILL ENJOY VICTORY

    B2: Translate: **"Marcus dīcit Titum, quī fortis mīles sit, tertiae legionī praefuturum esse."**

    MARCUS SAYS THAT TITUS, WHO IS A BRAVE SOLDIER,
    WILL BE IN CHARGE OF THE THIRD LEGION

12. What writer of the Silver Age authored a lost biography on Pomponius Secundus, but is most known for his voluminous encyclopedia **Naturalis Historia**?   PLINY THE ELDER
    B1: Pliny's military service in Germany gave him the idea for what historical work?
                                                    ***BELLA GERMANIAE** / WARS OF GERMANY*
    B2: To what Roman, whom Pliny met as a young man in the army, was the **Naturalis Historia** dedicated?   TITUS

13. What group of Greeks set out from the port of Naupactus in order to reconquer the Peloponnesus?
                                                    HERACLIDS / HERACLIDAE
    B1: Which of the Heraclids was killed at Naupactus by either a thunderbolt or an arrow of Apollo?
                                                    ARISTODEMUS
    B2: What two sons of Aristodemus, who share their names with the first two kings of Sparta, sailed in their father's place?   PROCLES & EURYSTHENES

14. Which of the following cities was NOT located in ancient Sicily: Panormus, Eryx, Agrigentum, Tarsus?
                                                    TARSUS
    B1: In what Roman province was Tarsus located?   CILICIA
    B2: Which of the following provinces did NOT border ancient Cilicia: Pamphylia, Bithynia, Galatia, Cappadocia, Syria?   Bithynia

15. Many cities in both Europe and North America have Latin mottoes. What city has the
motto **Fluctuat nec mergitur**?   PARIS
B1: What city has the motto **Domine dirige nos**?   LONDON
B2: What city has the motto **Sicut patribus sit deus nobīs**?   BOSTON

16. What eastern emperor defeated the Frankish commander Arbogast at Frigidus River in 394 A.D.?
                                                    THEODOSIUS I
    B1: What rhetorician had Arbogast elevated to the position of emperor of the West?   EUGENIUS
    B2: What official military title had Arbogast held?   **MAGISTER MILITUM**

17. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin words **salix** and **silex**.
                                    SALIX - WILLOW TREE. **SILEX -** FLINT / STONE
    B1: …**facundus** and **fecundus**.   **FACUNDUS -** ELOQUENT   **FECUNDUS -** ABUNDANT
    B2: …**torreō** and **tergeō**.   **TORREŌ -** ROAST   **TERGEŌ -** WIPE

18. What early author, who was likely brought to Rome after the battle of Clastidium, was recognized as the best of all comic poets by Volcacius Sedigitus?   CAECILIUS STATIUS
    B1: Which of Caecilius Statius' works was his most well-known?   *PLOCIUM / THE NECKLACE*
    B2: Upon what Greek author's original did Caecilius Statius base his **Plocium**?   MENANDER'S

19. What son of Coeranus and powerful Argive seer assisted Bellerophon in his quest to kill the Chimera?
POLYEIDUS
    B1: Polyeidus was ordered to teach Glaucus, the son of Minos, the art of prophesy. However, as his ship was departing, how did Polyeidus force Glaucus to forget what he had learned?
POLYEIDUS MADE GLAUCUS SPIT INTO HIS MOUTH
    B2: Polyeidus then travelled to Megara, where he purified what man for the murder of his son, Callipolis?
ALCATHOÜS

20. Using the verb **finiō**, translate the following sentence into Latin: "It happens that this competition has ended."
ACCIDIT / EVENIT / FIT UT HOC CERTAMEN FINĪVERIT
    B1: Translate: "If only I had answered more quickly."
UTINAM CELERIUS RESPONDISSEM
    B2: Translate: "We are students who are worthy of praise."
SUMUS DISCIPULĪ QUĪ DIGNĪ LAUDE SĪMUS.