

GJCL STATE CERTAMEN TOURNAMENT 2017
PRELIMINARY ROUND 1, 10 QUESTIONS
ADVANCED LEVEL

TU 1: Welcome to the GJCL 2017 State Certamen competition. Today, April 21st marks the anniversary of the founding of Rome. Exactly how many years has it been since the traditional founding?

2770 YEARS

B1: Which Roman emperor celebrated Rome's 800th anniversary?

PHILIP (THE ARAB)

B2: Which Roman emperor celebrated Rome's 900th anniversary?

ANTONINUS PIUS

TU 2: **Quid Anglice significat *grex*?**

FLOCK, HERD

B1: **Quid Anglice significat *prex*?**

PRAYER

B2: **Quid Anglice significat *nex*?**

DEATH, MURDER

TU 3: What Roman author born in the town of Andes situated near Mantua in Gallia Cisalpina, did not like to travel even though he is famous for his work about the wanderings of the epic hero Aeneas?

VERGIL

B1: During one of his rare travels, to which place did Vergil go in 19 B.C.

GRAECIA/GREECE

B2: On the return trip Vergil grew ill and died. In which city did he die?

BRUNDISIUM

TU 4: Which of the following, IF ANY, does NOT come from the same Latin root as the others?

Incorrigible, address, dirge, escort, express

EXPRESS

B1: Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the Latin word meaning "arm?"

Pretzel, embrace, bracket, bracelet

BRACKET

B2: Which of the following words, if any, IS derived from the Latin word *mensis*?

remembrance, dementia, semester, commence

SEMESTER

TU 5: Who cursed Pelops when Pelops pushed him off of his flying chariot to his death in the sea?

MYRTILUS

B1: Pelops killed Myrtilus so as not to have to fulfill a promise. What was this promise?

TO LET HIM SPEND A NIGHT WITH

DEIDAMIA

B2. Who was Deidamia's father whom Pelops had defeated in a chariot race with the help of Myrtilus?

OENOMAUUS

TU 6: Complete the following analogy: **fleo : flevisse :: mordeo : _____**

MOMORDISSE

B1: Complete the following analogy: **mordeo : suavior :: momordisse :: _____**

SUAVIATUM ESSE

B2: Complete the following analogy: **suaviatum esse : egressus esse :: suaviari : _____**

EGREDI

TU 7: Which woman, the daughter of Phlegyas and the mother of Asclepius, was slain by Artemis because she had been unfaithful to Apollo? **CORONIS**

B1: What bird announced to Apollo that Coronis had been unfaithful? **RAVEN**
B2: With whom had Coronis been unfaithful to Apollo? **ISCHYS**

TU 8: For the phrase **eadem mater laeta**, give the dative singular. **EIDEM MATRI LAETAE**

B1. For the phrase **iste mons iratus**, give the genitive plural **ISTORUM MONTIUM**
IRATORUM

B2: For the phrase **illud carmen vetus**, give the accusative singular **ILLUD CARMEN VETUS**

TU 9: Which of the following authors was NOT born in Italy? Sallust, Tibullus, Seutonius, Horace.

SEUTONIUS
B1: Where was Seutonius born? **HIPPO REGIUS**
B2: Give the names of the first and last Roman rulers in Seutonius' most well-known work *De Vita Caesarum*? **JULIUS CAESAR & DOMITIAN**

TU 10: According to Claudius this Roman king's name was originally *Mastarna* and he built temples to Fortuna and Diana on the Aventine Hill as well as established the *census* and *centuriae*?

SERVIUS TULLIUS
B1: Although in one account he was a slave, he is believe to be the son of what captive woman? **OCRISIA**
B2: What office did Servius Tullius create based on wealth? **CENSUS**

GJCL STATE CERTAMEN TOURNAMENT 2017
PRELIMINARY ROUND 2, 10 QUESTIONS
ADVANCED LEVEL

TU 1: What Roman author who fought in the First Punic War composed the *Bellum Punicum*?

GNAEUS NAEVIUS

B1: How many books make up the *Bellum Punicum*?

SEVEN

B2: Who was responsible for dividing the long continuous work into seven books?

LAMPADIO

TU 2: Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence: **equus fetus armis arcem scandit.**

WITH SPECIAL ADJECTIVES

B1: Translate that sentence: **THE HORSE, TEEMING/PREGNANT WITH ARMS, CLIMBS THE CITADEL**

B2: What use of the ablative is found in this sentence: **Iarbas centem aras dē marmore pōsuit.?**

MATERIAL

TU 3: What emperor employed the architect Apollodorus of Damascus to build his forum into the sides of the Quirinal Hill?

TRAJAN

B1: What other structure did Apollodorus build for Trajan's conquest of Dacia?

BRIDGE/TRAJAN'S BRIDGE

B2: What massive structure did Trajan build over Nero's *domus aureus*? **BATHS/TRAJAN'S BATHS**

TU 4: For the verb **facio** give the 3rd person plural, present passive subjunctive.

FIANT

B1: Change **fiant** to the pluperfect.

FACTI ESSENT

B2: Change **facti essent** to the future active imperative

FACIUNTO

TU 5: While drunk on Maron's wine, what son of Thoosa and Poseidon found out there isn't much worse than getting poked in the eye with a sharp stick, especially when No One does it? **POLYPHEMUS**

B1: What nymph did Polyphemus love so much that he even cleaned himself up and combed his hair?

GALATEA

B2: Unfortunately for Polyphemus, Galatea love a young man. Unfortunately for the young man, Polyphemus crushed him with a boulder. What was his name?

ACIS

TU 6: Translate the following sentence into Latin: "I do not know when you are going to arrive"

NESCIO QUANDO / UBI ADVENTURUS SIS

B1: Translate this sentence: "If only you had arrived yesterday." **UTINAM HERI ADVENISSES**

B2: Translate this sentence: "If you should arrive today, I would be happy."

SI HODIE ADVENIAS, LAETUS/A SIM.

TU 7: What Roman poet stopped at his brother's grave as he traveled to Bithynia in 57 B.C. to serve on the staff of Gaius Memmius? **CATULLUS**

B1: Which poem did Catullus compose as a result of visiting his brother's grave? **POEM 101**

B2: Which poem did Catullus compose about his feelings about returning to Rome? **POEM**

TU 8: Translate: **Titus sperat fore ut dēleātur amphitheatrum novum mox conficiatur.**

TITUS HOPES THAT SOON THE NEW AMPHITHEATER WILL/MAY BE FINISHED

B1: Express that same sentence in Latin without using the subjunctive.

TITUS SPERAT AMPHITHEATRUM NOVUM MOX CONFECTUM IRI.

B2: Translate this sentence using a supine: "Vespasian went to see the new amphitheater."

VESPASIANUS IVIT AMPHITHEATRUM NOVUM VISUM.

TU 9: What is the name of the Roman siege engine that had a long protective gallery on wheels with a sloping roof that shielded soldiers and was successfully employed by Caesar at Marseille? **MUSCULUS**

B1: What is the name for the siege tactic which involved interlocked shields above and around soldiers' as a protective covering while they advanced? **TESTUDO**

B2: What is the name of the siege engine that included a battering ram which was suspended on ropes or mounted on a wheeled frame? **ARIES**

TU 10: Which man, the twin brother of Pelias, was killed by Heracles after he refused to purify Heracles for the murder of Iphitus? **NELEUS**

B1: Who was the only one of Neleus' son to survive Heracles' attack on Pylos? **NESTOR**

B2: Which daughter of Amphion and Niobe was the wife of Neleus mother of Nestor? **CHLORIS**

GJCL STATE CERTAMEN TOURNAMENT 2017
PRELIMINARY ROUND 3, 10 QUESTIONS
ADVANCED LEVEL

TU 1: What is the name of this barrier in the center of the Roman circus that was lavishly decorated with obelisks, fountains and sculptures? **SPINA**

B1: What is the name of the turning posts at the end of each *spina*? **METAE**

B2: What is the name of the starting gates at the end of the *circus*? **CARCERES**

TU 2: What derivative of the Latin verb **lavo, lavare** means “sumptuously rich, luxurious, or elaborate”?

LAVISH

B1: What derivative of **lavo** means “a flood”?

DELUGE

B2: What derivative of **lavo** means “make (a liquid) thinner or weaker by adding water or another solvent to it”?

DILUTE

TU 3: The name’s the same! One of these name-sharing mythological figures was Achilles in drag. The other threw rocks over her shoulder to produce women. What’s the name they share? **PYRRHA**

B1: The name’s the same! One tried to feed his son Nyctimus to Zeus. The other was captured by Achilles while cutting branches in Priam’s orchard. What is the name they share? **LYCAON**

B2: The name’s the same! One was an oak nymph. The other was the mother of Danae. **EURYDICE**

TU 4: Give the superlative degree of the adverb **diu**.

DIUTISSIME

B1: Give the superlative degree of the adjective **idoneus**.

MAXIME IDONEUS

B2: Give the positive adverb of the adjective **magnus**.

MAGNOPERE

TU 5: Which Roman author served as an admiral in the Roman fleet near the Bay of Naples when Mt. Vesuvius erupted and perished while trying to rescue victims of the eruption? **PLINY THE ELDER**

B1: Pliny the Younger, the nephew and adopted son of Pliny the Elder wrote two eyewitness accounts of the eruption at the request of which Roman historian? **TACITUS**

B2: In which of Pliny’s works did he detail the correct way to launch a spear off the back of a horse?

HISTORIA NATURALIS

TU 6: What is the meaning of the Latin adverb **comminus**?

HAND TO HAND, AT CLOSE QUARTERS

What is the meaning of the Latin adverb **palam**?

OPENLY

What is the meaning of the Latin adverb **postridie**?

ON THE NEXT DAY

TU 7: Who became emperor after he killed the praetorian prefect Aper with his own hand in A.D. 284?

B1: The mysterious deaths of the emperor Numerian and his eldest son Carus prompted the Roman army to proclaim this man as emperor in 284 AD? **DIOLCETIAN**

B1: What is the name of this praetorian prefect that Diocletian is said to have killed with his bare hands?

APER

B2: Shortly after, at what battle did Diocletian defeat the western emperor Carinus and solidify his control of power in the East and West? **BATTLE OF THE MARGUS RIVER**

TU 8: Latin is full of famous quotes by famous authors. Who, describing his own work, said “**Exegi monumentum aere perennius.**” **HORACE**

B1: Another famous quote by Horace is “*Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.*” Translate that quote.

IT IS SWEET AND PROPER TO DIE FOR ONE’S COUNTRY

B2: We would all prefer to put off death as long as we can, but since it is inevitable, when it comes, just pull out this quote and show you have a sense of humor: “**Vae, puto me fieri deum.**” To who is this quote, “Hey, I think I’m becoming a god!” attributed? **VESPASIAN**

TU 9: The city of Troy had some tough times. What Greek led the siege against Troy during which Laomedon and all his sons but one were killed? **HERACLES**

B1: Who was Heracles’ right hand man during this siege of Troy? **TELAMON**

B2: Who was the only one of Laomedon’s sons to survive – ransomed by his sister, Hesione?

PODARCES/PRIAM

TU 10: What Roman author was born and died in Patavium (Padua)? **LIVY**

B1: Although his famous work *Ab Urbe Condita* contained 142 books, how many are extant?

THIRTY-FIVE

B2: What is the last event described in this work? **DEATH OF DRUSUS (CRUSHED BY A HORSE)**

GJCL STATE CERTAMEN TOURNAMENT 2017
SEMI FINAL ROUND 4
ADVANCED

TU 1: Give a synonym for *pelagus*.

B1: Give a synonym for *scopulus*.

B2: Give a synonym for *turba*.

**PONTUS, MARE, AEQUOR, ALTUM
RUPES, SAXUM, SCOPULUS, CAUTES
MULTITUDO, CATERVA, COMITATUS,
MANUS**

TU 2: Who became emperor after he left the court of Galerius and joined his father at Boulogne in 306 AD, campaigned successfully with him in Northern Scotland and took over his father's command after his death at York in the same year?

(GREAT)

B1: Whose forces did Constantine engage in battle outside of Rome at the Milvian Bridge in order to gain full control of the Western Empire?

B2: Constantine reunited the empire and then divided it upon his death. Give the names of the family members to whom Constantine left his empire?

**CONSTANTINE I
MAXENTIOUS
CONSTANTINE II, CONSTANTIUS II, CONSTANS**

TU 3: Translate the following sentence: *Satis constat certamen esse optimum*.

**IT IS GENERALLY AGREE/WELL ESTABLISHED THAT CERTAMEN IS THE
BEST/VERY GOOD.**

B1: Translate the following sentence: *Manifestum est magistros linguae Latinae esse doctissimos omnium*.

IT IS CLEAR THAT LATIN TEACHERS ARE THE MOST LEARNED OF ALL.

B2: Translate the following sentence: *magistro meo docente, difficile est dormire*.

WHEN MY TEACHER IS TEACHING, IT IS DIFFICULT TO SLEEP.

TU 4: What role did the following mythological figures fill: Aethalides, Talhybius, Idaeus, Medon, and Stentor?

B1: What role did these men fill: Automedon, Archeptolemus, Eurymedon, and Iolaus?

B2: What role did these men fill: Acoetes, Tiphys, and Palinurus?

**HERALD
SQUIRE/CHARIOTEER**

HELMSMAN

TU 5: What would be the tense and mood of the verbs in the following sentence if it were translated into Latin: "If I had been born in ancient Rome, I would have been Caesar."?

PLUPERFECT SUBJUNCTIVE

B1: Now translate that sentence. **SI ROMAE ANTIQUAE NATUS/A ESSEM, CAESAR FUISSEM.**

B2: What is the name for such a conditional sentence?

PAST CONTRARY TO FACT

TU 6: Which minor deity told the story of Iphis and Anaxarete in an attempt to win over the goddess Pomona? **VERTUMNUS**

B1: In what disguise did Vertumnus appear to Pomona to tell her this tale? **AN OLD WOMAN**

B2: Name one of the two minor divinities whom Pomona had previously rejected. **SILVANUS/PICUS**

TU 7: When recognized by the spotter, perform the follows commands: *sta, et simulans te Appium Claudium Pulchrum esse et pullos sacros in mare deicere, clama "bibite, pulli!"*

STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND, PRETENDING TO BE APPIUS CLAUDIUS PULCHER AND TO THROW THE SACRED CHICKENS, AND SHOULD THEN SHOUT "DRINK, CHICKENS!"

B1: Now perform these commands: *omnes simulate vos manum dextram in ignem inicere et clamate "ecce, me vocant Scaevolam!"*

ALL SHOULD PRETEND THAT THEY ARE PUTTING THEIR RIGHT HAND INTO THE FIRE AND SHOUT "BEHOLD, THEY CALL ME LEFTY/SCAEVOLA!"

B2: And finally: *dicite omnes "moramini, legati! non sumus togati!"*

ALL SHOULD SAY "WAIT, ENVOYS! WE AREN'T WEARING OUR TOGAS!"

TU 8: What comedy by Plautus about mistaken identity involves a set of separated twins that are reunited in their birthplace Syracuse and also serves as a model for Shakespeare's *A Comedy of Errors*?

MENAECHMI

B1: What tragic comedy by Plautus concern's Jupiter's love for Alcmena?

AMPHITRYON

B2: What romantic comedy by Plautus tells of the shipwrecked Labrax and takes place in Cyrene near a temple of Venus?

RUDENS

TU 9: What type of subjunctive clause is found in the following sentence:

illa nocte accidit ut esset luna plena.

SUBSTANTIVE RESULT

B1: Translate that sentence.

IT HAPPENED THAT ON THAT NIGHT THERE WAS A

FULL MOON/THE MOON WAS FULL

B2: Give a verb or phrase in addition to **accidit** that regularly introduces a substantive clause of result.

ADDITUR, ALTERA EST RES, COMMITTO, CONSEQUOR, CONTINGIT, EFFICIO, EVENIT, FACIO, FIT, FIERI POTEST, FORE, IMPETRO, INTEGRUM EST, MOS EST, MUNUS EST, NECESSE EST, PROPE EST, RECTUM EST, RELINQUITUR, RELIQUUM EST, RESTAT, TANTI EST, TANTUM ABEST

TU 10: What famous Roman was pardoned after appeals from his mother's relatives when he refused to divorce his wife Cornelia and fled to the east where he remained until he returned to Rome in 73 BC and was admitted to the college of pontiffs?

GAIUS JULIUS CAESAR

B1: What was the name of Caesar's second wife?

POMPEIA

B2: What was the name of Caesar's third wife?

CALPURNIA

TU 11: Are any of you fans of *A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum*? We're sure you are. We'd like to make you translate "her bridal bower becomes a burial bier of bitter bereavement," *but we won't. Instead, just give the Latin word for a funeral pyre, or as Miles Gloriosus calls it, "a pyre of fire"*.

BUSTUM/ROGUS

B1: Another Funny Thing Happened line staring Miles is when he arrives in front of the house of Lycus and says "Stand aside, everyone. I take large steps." What is the Latin word for a step?

PASSUS/GRADUS

B2: In another scene from A Funny Thing, Hiero is sent to collect a cup of mare sweat. Say in Latin "the sweating mare."

EQUA SUDANS

TU 12: What Roman author's death was mourned by Catullus in his first poem? **CORNELIUS NEPOS**

B1: According to Catullus how many books made up Nepos' now lost history of the world? **THREE**

B2: Give the full name of the work by Nepos that includes the biography of Alcibiades?

DE VIRIS ILLUSTRIBUS

TU 13: With which 2nd generation Titan are Pyrois, Aeos, Aethon, and Phlegon – four indispensable horses – associated?

HELIOS

B1: Name the two talking horses of Achilles.

XANTHUS & BALIUS

B2: Who was the immortal son of Demeter and Poseidon who just happened to also be a horse? **ARION**

TU 14: Which emperor, known for introducing a hooded Gallic greatcoat into Rome, issued an edict in 212 A.D. that granted Roman citizenship to all free men within the empire?

CARACALLA

B1: These men admitted to the empire received Caracalla's adopted praenomen and nomen. Give both of these.

MARCUS AURELIUS

B2: Caracalla's despotic rule came to the end when his praetorian prefect led a conspiracy to assassinate him. Who was this Mauretanian soldier that eventually became ringleader of Caracalla's assassination?

MACRINUS

TU 15: Which of the following, IF ANY, does NOT come from the same Latin root as the others:
contingent, integrate, tactile, attain.

ALL FROM SAME ROOT

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do the words in the tossup derive? **TANGO – TOUCH**

B2: What derivative of tango means *to make impure or unsuitable by contact or mixture with something unclean, bad, etc.*? **CONTAMINATE**

TU 16: What author was known as the “arbiter elegantiae” by Nero’s closest friends and is regarded as the author of the *Satyricon*? **PETRONIUS**

B1: What is the name of the longest surviving part of the *Satyricon*? **CENA TRIMALCHIONIS**

B2: At the dinner part which guest tells a story about his encounter with a werewolf? **NICEROTUS**

TU 17 : Which two children did Chrysomallus rescue before they could be sacrificed in accordance with the plan of their wicked stepmother, Ino? **PHRIXUS AND HELLE**

B1: Who had send the golden ram, Chrysomallus, to rescue her children from Ino? **NEPHELE**

B2: Who were the parents of Chrysomallus? **POSEIDON AND THEOPHANE**

TU 18: Whose military career was propelled during the 3rd Punic War by his brother-in-law Scipio Aemilianus’s influence as well as his ability to negotiate a peace treaty with the Numantines that saved the army of Hostilius Mancinus from annihilation? **TIBERIUS GRACCHUS**

B1: Tiberius would move from a military to a political career at Rome with his introduction of land reform in which he would limit the amount of land patricians could occupy. How many iugera of land did Tiberius propose patricians could occupy? **500 IUGERA**

B2: Name the co-tribune of Tiberius that vetoed Tiberius’ attempt at this land reform? **OCTAVIUS**

TU 19: Translate the following sentence into Latin: We doubt that Caesar may arrive soon.

DUBITAMUS QUIN CAESAR MOX ADVENIAT.

B1: Say in Latin “Let us hope that Caesar will arrive soon.”

SPEREMUS CAESAREM MOX ADVENTURUM ESSE.

B2: Now say “If Caesar doesn’t arrive soon, we will leave.”

NISI CAESAR MOX ADVENERIT, DISCEDEMUS.

TU 20: What Roman author whose cognomen means “painter” is also known as Rome’s earliest historian? **GAIUS FABIUS PICTOR**

B1: What temple did Gaius Fabius Pictor’s ancestors decorate with paintings earning the family this name? **TEMPLE OF SALUS**

B2: What oracle did Gaius Fabius consult after the Roman defeat at Cannae? **DELPHI**

GJCL STATE CERTAMEN TOURNAMENT 2017
FINALS ROUND, 20 QUESTIONS
ADVANCED LEVEL

TU 1: What Roman author is reported to have said that he had “three hearts” due to his knowledge of Greek, Oscan, and Latin? **QUINTUS ENNIUS**

B1: What poet did Ennius believe was reincarnated in himself? **HOMER**

B2: What Roman statesman and author brought Ennius back to Rome in 198 B.C. where he made a living teaching Greek and Latin grammar? **CATO THE ELDER**

TU2: In book III of the *Iliad*, who visits Helen disguised as Priam’s most beautiful daughter, Laodice, to inform her of the impending duel between Paris and Menelaus? **IRIS**

B1: In book V of the *Aeneid*, Iris assumes another disguise to persuade the Trojan women to burn their own ships. As whom does Iris disguise herself? **BEROE**

B2: In Book II of the *Iliad*, the Greeks, encouraged by Agamemnon’s dream, decide to attack. In the guise of which of Priam’s sons does Iris announce the impending attack to the Trojans? **POLITES**

TU 3: Express the fraction “four fifths” in Latin.

QUATTUOR QUINTAE

B1: Express the fraction “three fourths” in Latin.

TRES PARTES / TRES QUARTAE

B2: What Latin word is used to express the fraction “one half”?

DIMIDIUM

TU 4: Which Roman historian of monographs, also a popular politician, and *novus homo* was known for his brief writing style? **SALLUST**

B1: What work of Sallust contains speeches of Caesar and Cato Minor?

BELLUM CATALINAE

B2: What work of Sallust contains speeches by Memmius and Marius?

BELLUM IUGURTHINUM

TU 5: At what battle were 20,000 Roman soldiers killed along with their commander prompting Augustus to abandon any efforts to expand the Roman Empire beyond the Rhine in 9 AD?

BATTLE OF TEUTOBURG FOREST

B1: What was the name of the Roman general who led his army into the trap?

(PUBLIUS QUINCTILIUS) VARUS

B2: Who organized and led the anti-Roman alliance using knowledge of Roman warfare he had acquired under Roman commanders to deceive the Romans and anticipate their tactics in unfamiliar territory?

ARMINIUS

TU 6: What is the term for nouns such as **colus**, **pubes**, and **domus** which alternate between declensions?

HETEROCLITES

B1: What is the term for nouns such as **rostrum**, **balneum**, and **locus** which vary in gender?

HETEROGENES

B2: What are the nominative and accusative forms of the noun **pelagus**?

PELAGE, PELAGE

TU 7: Heracles was pretty good at killing bad guys, but his mortal dad was no slouch either. What king of the Taphians did Amphitryon kill to avenge the deaths of his brothers-in-law? **PTERELAUS**
B1: What did Pterelaus possess that made him immortal, and therefore, tricky to kill? **A GOLDEN HAIR**
B2: How did Amphitryon get past this obstacle and kill Pterelaus?
PTERELAUS' DAUGHTER (COMAETHO) CUT THE HAIR AND GAVE IT TO AMPHITRYON

TU 8: Translate the following sentence into English: **cave curras in arenam plenam leonum esurientium.** **DON'T RUN INTO AN ARENA FULL OF HUNGRY LIONS**
B1: Translate into English: **ne in caldario diutius manseritis.**
DON'T STAY IN THE HOT ROOM/CALDARIUM FOR TOO LONG / ANY LONGER.
B1: Transform the sentence above, keeping the meaning the same, by using a deponent verb and the standard way to form the negative imperative. **NOLITE IN CALDARIO DIUTIUS MORARI.**

TU 9: What use of the subjunctive is found in the subordinate clause of the following sentence: **loquantur dummodo taceant.** **PROVISO**
B1. What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence: **veremur ne Lucia in rivum cadat.** **FEARING**
B2: What use of the subjunctive is found in the following sentence: **forsitan credas Aenean mortem timuisse.** **POTENTIAL**

TU 10: Complete the following analogy: **Tritogeneia : Athena :: Anadyomene : _____** **APHRODITE**
B1: Which Olympian has the epithet **Boopis**? **HERA**
B2: Which deity was known as **Zeus Katachthonios**? **HADES**

TU 11: Translate this line from Terence's **Phormio**: **quid tua id refert?**
HOW DOES THAT CONCERN YOU/WHAT DIFFERENCE DOES IT MAKE TO YOU
B1: The reply to that question in the *Phormio* was "**magni.**" What is the case and use of **Magni**? **GENITIVE OF PRICE/VALUE**
B2: What is the case, number and gender of "**tua**" in the tossup? **ABL. SING. FEM.**

TU 12: What river is named in a treaty negotiated between Rome and Carthage in 226 B.C.? **EBRO**
B1: Who was the Carthaginian general that negotiated terms with the Romans? **HASDRUBAL**
B2: After the treaty what city became affiliated with the Romans but was claimed by the Carthaginians as part of the treaty ultimately leading to the Second Punic war? **SAGUNTUM**

TU 13: What Roman author emphasized that good soldiers are developed from farm work in his work *De Agri Cultura*? **CATO MAIOR/CATO THE ELDER**
B1: In *De Agri Cultura* what crop does Cato consider to be excellent and versatile? **CABBAGE**
B2: In *De Agri Cultura* what other crop is discussed in detail due to the amount of land it required and the slaves needed to maintain it? **VINEYARDS**

TU 14: Say in Latin, "Follow me, Faustus!"
B1: Now say in Latin, "Touch me, Titus!"
B2: Now say, "Don't die, Delia!"

SEQUERE ME, FAUSTE!
TANGE ME, TITE!
NOLI MORI, DELIA!

TU 15: What battle was commemorated with the dedication of a temple to Castor and Pollux ten years after the battle, a parade of horsemen on July 15th during the late Republic, and was also revived years later under Augustus?

LAKE REGILLUS

B1: What treaty was established as a result of this battle in which both Rome and the Latin League agreed to contribute equal forces and share equally in the spoils?

FOEDUS CASSIANUM

B2: What other tribe did Spurius Cassius negotiate a treaty in order to impede communication between the Volsci and Aequi?

HERNICI

TU 16: Which university has as its motto **Disciplina, praesidium civitatis**? **UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS**

B1: Which university has as its motto **Dei sub numine viget**?

PRINCETON

B2: Which university has as its motto **Pro Ecclesia, pro Texana**?

BAYLOR

TU 17: What comic playwright composed six plays after he was brought from Carthage to Rome by his master?

TERENCE

B1: Which plays first performance was so boring that it was interrupted by news of a tight rope-walker's performance?

HECYRA

B2: Which play contains a prologue in which Terence defends himself against the accusation of plagiarizing a work by Menander?

EUNUCHUS

TU 18: What queen of Illyria ruled in place of her deceased husband Agron and was defeated by the Romans in 228 B.C. during the First Illyrian War?

QUEEN TEUTA

B1: What king of Pharos was defeated in the Second Illyrian war?

DEMETERIUS

B2: To which king did Demetrius flee after his defeat?

KING PHILLIP V

TU 19: According to Ovid, into what did Dionysus turn Alcithoe, Leuconoe, and Arsippe, the daughters of Minyas, because they decided to stay home to weave rather than worship him?

BATS

B1: As the Minyades weave, they tell tales. One story is that of two lovers who snuck out to meet at the tomb of Ninus. Name them.

PYRAMUS AND THISBE

B2: Another story is that of the nymph Salmacis. Whom did Salmacis love to the point that the two became inseparable?

HERMAPHRODITUS

TU 20: A sub-group of intensives, what is the term for verbs such as *capesso*, *arcesso*, and *petesso*?

MEDITATIVES

B1: What is the term for verbs such as *calesco*, *irascor*, and *senesco*?

INCEPTIVES/INCHOATIVES

B2: What is the term for verbs such as *parturio* and *esurio*?

DESIDERATIVES

