Fall 2022 Longhorn Certamen - Novice
PRELIMINARY ROUND 1

<u>Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.</u>

TU 1:   What early ancient deity was known as Terra to the Romans and is the original representation of earth?
GAEA / GE

B1:   Who was the son and husband of Gaea that represented the sky or heavens?
(O)URANUS / OURANOS

B2:   What primordial deity, whose name perhaps means "yawning void," was the parent of Gaea?   CHAOS

TU 2:   Differentiate in meaning between **puer** and **puella**.   **BOY** and **GIRL**

B1:   Differentiate in meaning between **diēs** and **deus**.   **DAY** and **GOD/DEITY**

B2:   Differentiate in meaning between **lingua** and **littera**.   **TONGUE** and **LETTER**

TU 3:   What emperor gave his signet ring to his most reliable friend, Marcus Agrippa, but was succeeded by his son in law Tiberius?   **AUGUSTUS**

B1:   What type of celebration did Augustus hold in 29 BC?   **TRIPLE TRIUMPH**

B2:   What name was this man known by prior to receiving the title Augustus?   **OCTAVIAN/OCTAVIUS**

TU 4:   Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Cūr Lūcius in arbore est?**
WHY IS LUCIUS IN THE TREE?

B1:   Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Quis equō cēnam dat?**
WHO GIVES / IS GIVING DINNER TO THE HORSE / THE HORSE DINNER?

B2:   Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Quandō puellae et pueri ad īnsulam nāvigābant?**   WHEN DID THE GIRLS AND BOYS SAIL TO THE ISLAND?

TU 5:   What part of a Roman house was a large open courtyard surrounded by columns?   **PERISTYLIUM**

B1:   What name was given to the courtyard between the street and the door to a Roman house?
VESTIBULUM

B2:   Separated from the peristylium by folding doors, what was the term for the study in a Roman house?
TABLINUM

TU 6:   This question will require two answers. Differentiate in deity between a god who was born from the thigh of Zeus and a goddess who was born from the head of Zeus.
{DIONYSUS / BACCHUS} and ATHENA

B1:   Name either the Titan or the god that helped Zeus relieve his headache.

                                                    PROMETHEUS or HEPHAESTUS

B2:   Dionysus ended up in the thigh of Zeus after Zeus burned to a crisp what mortal mother of Dionysus?

                                                    SEMELE

TU 7:   Please give the English for the Latin motto of Oklahoma: **LABOR OMNIA VINCIT**

                                                    WORK CONQUERS ALL, etc.

B1:   Please give the English for the Latin motto of Ohio: **IMPERIUM IN IMPERIO**

                                                    AN EMPIRE IN AN EMPIRE, etc.

B2:   Please give the English for the Latin motto of the United States: **E PLURIBUS UNUM**

                                                    OUT OF MANY, ONE etc.

TU 8:   What charismatic commander fell victim to the poisoning of Calpurnius Piso, leading his wife
        Agrippina the Elder to endlessly pine for justice against the supposed mastermind, Tiberius?

                                                    GERMANICUS

B1:   Piso, Germanicus' murderer, was serving as governor of what eastern province when he slipped
        Germanicus the fatal dose?   **SYRIA**

B2:   Germanicus may have drawn the ire of the **imperator** by taking a brief sojourn into which prefecture,
        which was off limits to senators?   **EGYPT**

TU 9:   What is the meaning of the phrase "**bona cēna**"?   (A / THE) GOOD DINNER

B1:   Make that phrase accusative singular.   **BONAM CĒNAM**

B2:   Make that phrase ablative plural.   **BONĪS CĒNĪS**

TU 10: "All-gifts" is the meaning of what woman's name, whose curiosity led to a jar being opened that let out
        all misfortunes on the world and held only hope?   PANDORA

B1:   Despite Prometheus warning him, what brother of Prometheus took Pandora as his wife?

                                                    EPIMETHEUS

B2:   Who was the other brother of Prometheus that faced the punishment of forever holding up the sky?

                                                    ATLAS

TU 11: *Note to players*: There will be an extra clue after the main question is read twice. In almost every show,
        there is always a main antagonist, otherwise known as a villain. From what Latin noun, with what
        meaning, do we derive "villain"? Another word derived from the same root as villain is "village."

                                                    VILLA - COUNTRYHOUSE/VILLA

B1:   In the film, Sleeping Beauty, the main antagonist is named Maleficent, but this is also an English word
        that means, causing harm or destruction. Name one of the two Latin roots, and its meaning, from
        which we derive "maleficent".   MALUS - BAD or FACIO - TO DO/MAKE

B2:   In the movie series, Transformers, the main antagonists are a part of the Decepticons, which is from the English word, deception. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we ultimately derive "deception"?   **CAPIŌ - TO TAKE**

TU 12:   The annexation of Lycia, Thrace, and Britannia were accomplished by what emperor, who reigned from 41-54 AD?   **CLAUDIUS**

B1:   Claudius was said to be piloted around by what class of people, who filled many of the administrative posts of his government?   **FREEDMEN**

B2:   What auspicious occasion should Claudius have celebrated with a 50 foot tall hallmark card and free cake for every citizen of Rome?   **800th BIRTHDAY OF ROME**

TU 13:   What use of the nominative case can be found in the sentence, "**poeta narrat fabulam discipulīs**"?   SUBJECT

B1:   In the same sentence, "**poeta narrat fabulam discipulīs**", what use of the accusative case appears in the sentence?   DIRECT OBJECT

B2:   In the same sentence, "**poeta narrat fabulam discipulīs**", what use of the dative case appears in the sentence?   INDIRECT OBJECT

TU 14:   The fires of Mount Etna can perhaps be explained by the presence of what god, born alone by Hera, who suffered a physical disability after being thrown from Olympus by Zeus?

HEPHAESTUS [ACCEPT "VULCAN" PRIOR TO "HERA"]

B1:   In a famous story, Hephaestus caught his wife Aphrodite sleeping with what other god?   ARES

B2:   When Zeus threw Hephaestus off Mount Olympus, Hephaestus landed on what island?   LEMNOS

TU 15:   What future emperor had his cause supported by powerful officials such as Antonius Primus, Tiberius Alexander, and Mucianus, and had been governor of Judea before becoming emperor?   **VESPASIAN**

B1&B2: Name the two sons of Vespasian.   **TITUS AND DOMITIAN**

Fall 2022 Longhorn Certamen - Novice
PRELIMINARY ROUND 2

<u>Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.</u>

TU 1:   What two-word Latin phrase, which can refer to a university's anthem or a school that one once attended, literally means "nourishing mother"?   **ALMA MATER**

B1:   What related Latin word meaning "one who is nourished" is used to refer to the graduate of a university?   **ALUMNUS / ALUMNA / ALUMNI / ALUMNAE**

B2:   What two-letter Latin abbreviation indicates the undergraduate degree awarded by a university?   **A.B. / B.A. / B.S.**

TU 2:   What god known as the "Earth-shaker" was often depicted carrying a three-pronged spear, the trident, and is the god of the sea?   POSEIDON / NEPTUNE

B1:   What group of three brothers had forged Poseidon's trident, just like they forged Zeus's thunderbolts?   CYCLOP(E)S [POTENTIALLY THEY SAY "CYCLOPSES," BE NICE AND TAKE BUT EXPLAIN]

B2:   What granddaughter of Oceanus was the wife of Poseidon?   AMPHITRITE

TU 3:   Some people make the dubious claim that Augustus was killed by poisoned figs that were given to him by what wife of his?   **LIVIA**

B1:   What type of food, some of which were "seasoned" by Locusta and given the green light by the taster Halotus, caused the violent death of Claudius, as Locusta's seasoning was revealed to be poison?   **MUSHROOMS**

B2:   What emperor was said by some to have been smothered to death with a pillow in the presence of Sutorius Macro?   **TIBERIUS**

TU 4:   Please translate into Latin: "The happy teachers are praising the student!"   **{LAETĪ MAGISTRĪ // LAETAE MAGISTRAE} DISCIPULUM LAUDANT!**

B1:   Please translate into Latin: "The angry teachers are scaring the bad students!"   **{IRĀTĪ MAGISTRĪ // IRĀTAE MAGISTRAE| MALŌS DISCIPULŌS TERRENT!**

B2:   Please translate into Latin: "Why are the teachers often angry?"   **CŪR {MAGISTRĪ / MAGISTRAE} SAEPE {IRĀTĪ / IRĀTAE} SUNT?**

TU 5:   What location is home to vile men like Tantalus, the rivers Cocytus and Acheron, and its rulers Persephone and Hades?   UNDERWORLD

B1:   You would lose your memory if you decided to drink the water of what river of the Underworld?   LETHE

B2: Who is the aged boatman that ferries souls across either the River Acheron or River Styx?   CHARON

TU 6: After what battle was Augustus said to dash his head against a wall and cry for Quinctilius Varus to give him back the legions that had been defeated in Germany?   **TEUTOBURG FOREST**
B1: What Germanic chieftain carried out this ambush on the Romans?   **ARMINIUS**
B2: In what year did this battle take place?   **9 AD**

TU 7: Using the verb **stō, stāre**, give the third person singular, present, active, indicative.   **STAT**
B1: Now, please change **stat**, to the plural.   **STANT**
B2: Finally, please change **stant**, to the singular, imperfect.   **STĀBAT**

TU 8: What goddess caused the green and flowering land of earth to become icebound and lifeless after Hades kidnapped her daughter Persephone?   DEMETER [ACCEPT "CERES" BEFORE "HADES"]
B1: During her wanderings on the earth, Demeter ended up at what city where she raised Queen Metaneira's son Demophoon?   ELEUSIS
B2: Despite Demeter's efforts to retrieve Persephone, Hades had her eat the seed of what fruit to ensure she had to return to the underworld?   POMEGRANATE

TU 9: Which of the following words, if any, do not belong because of derivation: demonstrate, monster, **SURMOUNT**, and admonish?
B1: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, does surmount come from?   **MONS** - MOUNTAIN
B2: What English verb, deriving from the same Latin root as the remaining words in the tossup: *demonstrate*, *monster*, and *admonish*, means "to earn revenue"?   **MONETIZE**

TU 10: What dilettante, who fancied his skills enough to perform a grand concert tour of Greece, was said to have culminated his lyrical career by playing his lyre whilst Rome was ablaze in 64 AD?   **NERO**
B1: What philosopher served as an early tutor and mentor for Nero?   **SENECA (THE YOUNGER)**
B2: Alongside Seneca, who mentored Nero in the position of Praetorian prefect?   **BURRUS**

TU 11: Which of the following verbs best describes a **poēta**: **fugiō**, **currō**, **canō**, **veniō**?   **CANO**
B1: Which of the following nouns best describes what a **coquus** might use for their job: **pōculum**, **gladius**, **liber**, **cera**?   **PŌCULUM**
B2: Which of the following adjectives best describes an award-winning racing mare: **plena**, **celer**, **pulchra**, **tarda**, **mala**?   **CELER**

TU 12: What object is represented by the Titan Hyperion, his son Helios, and also the god Apollo?   SUN
B1&2: For 5 points each, give the sister of Helios and sister of Apollo who both represent the moon.
SELENE and {DIANA / ARTEMIS}

TU 13: In what cardinal direction would one travel to get from Rome to Athens?   **EAST**
B1:   In what cardinal direction would one travel to get from Rome to Carthage?   **SOUTH**
B2:   In what cardinal direction would one travel to get from Alexandria to Constantinople?   **NORTH**

TU 14: What third wife of his was Claudius forced to disown after finding stolen art and furniture in the home of her lover Gaius Silius, after which she was replaced by Agrippina the Younger?   **MESSALINA**
B1:   What **praepositus ab epistulis** under Claudius was the one to force Claudius to confront his wife's actions?   **NARCISSUS**
B2:   It must have been hard for Messalina to cheat on Claudius, given his impressive and appealing knowledge of obscure languages. Name one of the two he was fluent in.

          ETRUSCAN/CARTHAGINIAN

TU 15: For the phrase **laetus agricola**, give the genitive singular.   **LAETĪ AGRICOLAE**
B1:   Now, make **laetī agricolae** plural.   **LAETŌRUM AGRICOLĀRUM**
B2:   Finally, make **laetōrum agricolārum** dative.   **LAETĪS AGRICOLĪS**

Fall 2022 Longhorn Certamen - Novice
PRELIMINARY ROUND 3

Moderator should inform the players that the questions after this will count for points.

TU 1:   What geographic area saw the revolt of the Numidian Tacfarinas, the annexation of Mauretania by Claudius, and is the site of cities like Carthage and Alexandria?   **(NORTH) AFRICA**

B1:   What Batavian statesman led a revolt against both Vitellius and Vespasian?   **JULIUS CIVILIS**

B2:   What geographic area includes Lepcis Magna, the birthplace of the emperor Septimius Severus?
(NORTH) AFRICA

TU 2:   What case, exemplified by singular forms like **colōnī** and **puellae**, can be used to indicate possession?
GENITIVE

B1:   Name a case that **colōnī** and **puellae** could be if they were plural forms.
[DO NOT REVEAL OTHER ANSWER]: NOMINATIVE / VOCATIVE

B2:   Now name another case that **colōnī** and **puellae** could be if they were plural forms.
NOMINATIVE / VOCATIVE

TU 3:   What group consisted of Erato, Melpomene, Clio, and Calliope, who all had their own special subject they presided over in literature?   MUSES

B1:   What subject was the domain of Calliope, the leader?   EPIC (POETRY)

B2:   What titanness was the mother of the Muses by Zeus and has a name that means "memory"?
MNEMOSYNE

TU 4:   What English verb, derived from the Latin word for "touch", means "to experience or perceive the flavor of something, particularly with one's tongue"?   **TASTE**

B1:   What English adjective, also derived from the Latin word for "touch", means "able to spread from one person or organism to another by direct or indirect contact"?   **CONTAGIOUS**

B2:   What English adjective, also derived from the Latin word for "touch", means "not damaged or impaired in any way; complete"?   **INTACT**

TU 5:   Sacked by the Vandals sometime after Constantine, what city was founded in 753 BC by Romulus and sits in Italy?   **ROME**

B1:   What brother of Romulus was killed after overleaping his brother's battlements?   **REMUS**

B2:   What large island, separated from Italy by the straits of Messina, was an important exporter of grain and mafia bosses?   **SICILY**

TU 6:   Change the present tense verb **habet** to the imperfect tense.   **HABĒBAT**

B1:   Makē **habēbat** plural.   **HABĒBANT**

B2: Makē **habēbant** first person. **HABĒBĀMUS**

TU 7: The cypress and the deer were sacred to what "Lady of the Wild Things," a daughter of Leto and goddess of the moon and hunting? ARTEMIS [ACCEPT "DIANA" BEFORE "LETO"]
B1: What was the Roman name of Diana's mother? LATONA
B2: Name the goddess of dark magic and crossroads that Artemis was associated with. HECATE

TU 8: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Rēx pecūniam in forō iaciēbat.**
THE KING WAS THROWING / USED TO THROW MONEY IN THE FORUM
B1: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Magistrae cum discipulīs ambulābant.**
THE TEACHERS WERE WALKING / USED TO WALK WITH (THE) STUDENTS
B2: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Tū magnō cum gaudiō rīdēbās.**
YOU WERE SMILING / LAUGH / USED TO SMILE / LAUGH WITH GREAT HAPPINESS / JOY

TU 9: What Roman political office, which is used in modern times as a term for an ambassador, was held by two men jointly during the Roman Republic as the highest office of state, and had a 'greater' version of its power given to Augustus by the Senate? **CONSUL**
B1: Napoleon Bonaparte had himself appointed 'First Consul for Life' by the French in August of 1802. What was the Roman term for France? **GAUL/GALLIA**
B2: Augustus also had himself granted the power of the tribunes, who used to look out for the plebeians. What was the Latin term for this power? **TRIBUNE**

TU 10: What mountain range, traversed by Hannibal during the Second Punic War, separates Italy from France, Slovenia, and Switzerland? **ALPS/ALPES**
B1: What mountain range separates France from Spain? **PYRENEES/PYRENAIOS**
B2: What mountain range runs through much of North Africa? **ATLAS**

TU 11: Who fled to Crete to give birth to her son in secret, not wanting him to be consumed like her five other children by her husband Cronus? RHEA
B1: When Cronus came looking for his son to consume, what did Rhea give to him instead, wrapped in swaddling clothes? A STONE
B2: This stone would be later found at what famous oracular precinct of Apollo? DELPHI

TU 12: What type of animal, which people are told to **cavē** in mosaics from Pompeii, is known as **canis** in Latin? DOG(S) [PROMPT ON "**CANEM**"]
B1: What two-word Latin phrase means "let the buyer beware"? **CAVEAT EMPTOR**
B2: What would the Latin phrase **caveat venditor** mean? (LET THE) SELLER BEWARE

TU 13: What emperor thwarted a plot led by the commander Leantulus Gaetulicus and proved his military bona fides by scoring a great victory against Neptunus signified by collecting seashells on the English Channel, and succeeded Tiberius?   **CALIGULA**
B1:   What does the nickname Caligula mean?   **LITTLE BOOT**
B2:   What memorial structure, constructed by Augustus, held the ashes of Caligula?
                                                          MAUSOLEUM OF AUGUSTUS

TU 14: **Quid Anglicē significat hodiē?**   **TODAY**
B1:   **Quid Anglicē significat crās?**   **TOMORROW**
B2:   **Quid Anglicē significat semper?**   **ALWAYS**

TU 15: Who wore a winged hat, a winged pair of sandals, and carried a magic wand called the Caduceus as he performed his duties as the messenger of the gods?   HERMES / MERCURY
B1:   When Hermes was less than a day old, he stole the cattle of which fellow Olympian?   APOLLO
B2:   Hermes managed to quell Apollo's anger by making what instrument out of a tortoise's shell?   LYRE

TU 1: From what two Latin nouns does the English noun *dandelion* come from?

DENS - TOOTH and **LEO** - LION

B1:   Speaking of teeth, what English word, coming from the Latin noun **dens**, can mean a deep notch on something, or a notch left from what looks like a bite?   **INDENT(ATION)**

B2:   Zooming out from the teeth, what English word, coming from the Latin noun **caput**, can mean a leader or ruler of a group or the *head* of operations?   **CHIEF**

TU 2:   The beginning of Julius Civilis' revolt, first and second battles of Bedriacum, and the murder of Galba all occured in what year, known as the year of the 4 emperors?   **69 AD**

B1:   Who emerged victorious at the end of the year of the 4 emperors?   **VESPASIAN**

B2:   Who didn't?   ONE OF **GALBA/OTHO/VITELLIUS**

TU 3:   What hero was ordered to defeat the Solymi, the Amazons, and a monster with a snake's tail, a goat's body, and the head of a lion, the Chimaera?   **BELLEROPHON / HIPPONOUS**

B1:   What king of Lycia had received a letter from Proetus instructing him to kill Bellerophon?   **IOBATES**

B2:   What creature stung Pegasus, causing Bellerophon to fall off while flying to Olympus?   **GADFLY**

TU 4:   What use of the accusative case, which may be found without a preposition for the names of towns, otherwise follows the prepositions **ad** or **in**?   PLACE TO WHICH // END OF MOTION

B1:   The preposition **in** may also govern what use of the ablative case, as exemplified in the sentence, **"vīlla Theodorī est in īnsulā"**?   PLACE WHERE

B2:   What case would be used to translate "Rome" from English to Latin in the sentence, "Teddy's house is in Rome"?   LOCATIVE

TU 5:   What couple consulted the oracle of Themis, and were advised to toss the bones of their great mother behind their backs after they were the only 2 mortals to survive the great flood?

DEUCALION & PYRHHA

B1:   *Description Acceptable.* How did Deucalion and Pyrrha fulfill Themis' prophecy, and repopulate the world?   **TOSSED STONES BEHIND THEIR BACK**

B2:   The great flood was a result of Zeus' anger towards what tyrant who offered human flesh to Zeus, and was transformed into a wolf?   **LYCAON**

TU 6:   Please translate into Latin: "Marcus, do you see my horse?"

VIDĒS(NE), MARCE, MEUM EQUUM?

B1:   Please translate into Latin: "Alas! Is my horse dead?"   **EHEU! EST(NE) MEUS EQUUS MORTUUS?**

B2:   Fortunately not. Please translate into Latin: "Look! It is my horse!"   **ECCE! EST MEUS EQUUS!**

TU 7: What ambitious praetorian prefect took advantage of his sovereign's flight to the isle of Capri to steer the ship of state towards his own glorification, but was eventually executed by Tiberius? **SEJANUS**

B1: What other isle had Tiberius exiled himself to during Augustus' reign? **RHODES**

B2: During Sejanus' period of power, Tiberius declined to set foot on the Italian mainland even to attend the funerary rites of what mother of his? **LIVIA**

TU 8: Welcome to the **Radiophonium Romanum**! The title of which song by The Marias could be translated into Latin as "**NESCIO TE**"? **I DONT KNOW YOU**

B1: The title to which Kendrick classic, about the duality of wealth, could be rendered into Latin as "**PECUNIAE ARBORES**"? **MONEY TREES**

B2: The title to what mellow and dreamy pop song could be rendered into Latin as "**OSTENDE MIHI QUOMODO**"? **SHOW ME HOW**

TU 9: What city's citizens did not prefer the sea salt spring of Poseidon over an olive branch in a contest to gain possession of the area which was eventually won by the goddess of wisdom? **ATHENS**

B1: Athena won another contest when she defeated what woman in a weaving contest, whom she transformed into a spider? **ARACHNE**

B2: What object made of bronze and depicting the head of Medusa was Athena often portrayed wearing? **AEGIS**

TU 10: There are some Latin words that look exactly like English words, but don't mean the same thing. What are the principal parts of the Latin verb, whose English equivalent means "the recording, reproducing, or broadcasting of moving images"? **VIDEŌ, VIDĒRE, VĪDĪ, VĪSUM (— TO SEE)**

B1: Continuing on, in English, a possum is defined as a small, rodent-like mammal. But in Latin, what are the principal parts and meaning of "**possum**"? **POSSUM, POSSE, POTUĪ — TO BE ABLE**

B2: Finally, in English, sumo is a Japanese form of wrestling *and* a type of deadlift in powerlifting. But in Latin, what are the principal parts and meaning of "**sūmō**"? **SŪMŌ, SŪMERE, SŪMPSI, SŪMPTUM — TO TAKE**

TU 11: What nymph, after being shot by an arrow that repels love, fled all the way to the Peneus river where she prayed to be saved from Apollo, and was transformed into a laurel tree? **DAPHNE**

B1: According to Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, what god had shot this dull arrow at Daphne and a bright arrow at Apollo that arouses passion? **CUPID**

B2: Cupid had punished Apollo because he was boasting about having killed what dragon at the site of Delphi before establishing his oracle? **PYTHON**

TU 12: What type of individual in ancient Rome was carried through the **porta Libitinensis** at his death, trained under a **lanista**, and commonly fought in amphitheaters like the Colosseum? **GLADIATOR**

B1: What type of gladiator fought using two daggers? **DIMACHAERUS**

B2: Famed chemist Walter White once said to a rival: "If you're gonna go that way, you're gonna need a bigger knife." One can only imagine that a gladiator would express a similar sentiment if his opponent entered the arena wielding what type of wooden training sword? **RUDIS**

TU 13: Believed to be a reincarnation of Bucephalus, Alexander the Great's famous steed, who was allegedly offered the consulship by Caligula for being a more pragmatic politician than any senator? **INCITATUS**

B1: Caligula was accused of having a relationship with what relative of his? **DRUSILLA**

B2: Caligula's megalomania resulted in his assassination by what member of the Praetorian guard? **CASSIUS CHAEREA**

TU 14: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Vincō quod amicī mē bene docent.** I AM WINNING BECAUSE MY FRIENDS TEACH ME WELL.

B1: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Exeō ē silvā et relinquō familiam.** I AM LEAVING (FROM / OUT OF) THE FOREST AND ABANDONING MY FAMILY.

B2: Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Dā gratiās meās patrī patriae.** GIVE MY THANKS TO THE FATHER OF THE {FATHERLAND / COUNTRY}.

TU 15: What name is given to the overarching family that included zany characters such as Drusus, who fell to his death from a horse, Drusus II, who was assassinated by Sejanus, and Drusus III, who was ordered to be killed by Tiberius, and gives its name to Rome's first dynasty? **JULIO-CLAUDIAN**

B1: What shady dynasty succeeded the Julio-Claudians after the year of the 4 emperors and included Vespasian, Titus, and Domitian? **FLAVIAN**

B2: What term is given to the dynasty of 5 appointed, rather than related, emperors who ruled from 96-180 AD? **5 GOOD EMPERORS/ANTONINES**

TU 16: When recognized by the moderator, perform the following command: **sedē sub mensā et dīc Anglicē, "nōn potes mē vidēre"**! PLAYER SHOULD SIT UNDER TABLE AND SAY, "YOU CAN'T SEE ME"

B1: When recognized by the moderator, perform the following command: **omnēs tangite aurēs et dīcite Anglicē, "nōn possumus moderatorem audīre"**! PLAYERS SHOULD TOUCH THEIR EARS AND SAY, "WE CAN'T HEAR THE MODERATOR"

B2: When recognized by the moderator, perform the following command: **omnēs currite circum spatium et clamāte Anglicē, "nōn potes nōs capere"**!

PLAYERS SHOULD ALL RUN AROUND THE ROOM AND SHOUT, "YOU CAN'T CATCH US!"

TU 17: On what island, ruled by king Minos, does Ariadne receive a ball of thread from Daedalus to give to Theseus in order to solve the Labyrinth, and kill the Minotaur?   **CRETE**
B1: When Theseus abandons Ariadne on Naxos, what god rescued and married her?   **DIONYSUS**
B2: On the way to Crete, Minos challenged Theseus' claim that Poseidon was his father. In other sources, what king of Athens, who threw himself off the acropolis, is also said to be Theseus' father? **AEGEUS**

TU 18: What Latin preposition precedes accusative forms like **diem**, **annum**, **capita**, and **centum** in common phrases, drawing on its meaning of "through"?   **PER**
B1: What two-word Latin phrase meaning "by mouth" uses the preposition **per?**   **PER OS**
B2: What two-word Latin phrase meaning "intrinsically" uses the preposition **per**?   **PER SE**

TU 19: After the death of her husband Prasutagus, who led a motley crew of Britannics in a grand revolt against Roman interlopers around 60 AD?   **BOUDICCA**
B1: Of what particular tribe of Britons was Boudicca the ruler?   **ICENI**
B2: What son of Claudius, once considered the probable heir-presumptive, did Nero kill in 55 AD?

BRITTANICUS

TU 20: Translate into Latin the phrase "miserable battle."   **MISERUM PROELIUM**
B1: Now, make **miserum proelium** plural.   **MISERA PROELIA**
B2: Finally, say in Latin, "after the miserable battles."   **POST MISERA PROELIA**