2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND ONE, LOWER LEVEL

TU #1: Who am I? My paternal grandfather was Jupiter, my maternal grandfather was Numitor. I had a

brother: a twin brother, in fact. He founded a city on the Palatine Hill. I wanted mine to be on

the Aventine, but he won the bird-watching contest. Who am I?

B1: What tribe did Titus Tatius lead in attack against Rome? SABINES

B2: Who supposedly let them in the city? TARPEIA

TU#2: What is the meaning of the Latin word pollex? THUMB

B1: What is the meaning of the Latin phrase pollice verso? WITH A TURNED THUMB

(This was the gesture of the crowd when they wanted a gladiator killed.)

B2: Define the Latin verb polliceor. PROMISE

TU #3: From what battle did Rome's Rostra come? ANTIUM

B1: What public events were typically held at an ancient <u>basilica</u>? TRIALS

B2: Name the prison where Jugurtha was the Romans' guest during his final stay in Rome.

TULLIANUM

TU#4: What here was called Hipponous at birth, but earned his better known name after killing his

kinsman, Bellerus? BELLEROPHON

B1: What famous horse was tamed by Bellerophon? PEGASUS B2: What goddess helped Bellerophon tame Pagasus? ATHENA

TU #5: What sorceress inhabited the island of Aeaea? CIRCE

B1: What did Circe do to Odysseus' companions? TURNED THEM INTO PIGS
B2: Who gave Odysseus a magic herb to protect him from Circe's spells? HERMES

TU#6: Which of the following, if any, do not come from sequor: ensue, execute, lawsuit, persecute, or

sequence? THEY ALL COME FROM SEQUOR

B1: Which of the following, if any, do not come from <u>senex</u>: monsieur, seigneur, señora, senate, or

sinecure? SINECURE

B2: Which of the following, if any, do not come from servus: deserve, dessert (an after-dinner treat),

serf, servile, or servitude? THEY ALL COME FROM SERVUS

TU #7: In what mood is the verb form gaudeāmus? SUBJUNCTIVE
B1: In what mood is the verb form vīvet? INDICATIVE
B2: In what mood is the verb form scrībere? INFINITIVE

TU#8: What is the adverbial form of the adjective <u>audāx</u>? AUDĀCTER
B1: What is the comparative adjective for <u>audāx</u>? AUDĀCIOR
B2: What is the comparative adverb for <u>audāx</u>? AUDĀCIUS

TU #9: Who had to visit the Greeks at Troy to get relief from a wound inflicted by Achilles?

TELEPHUS

B1: How was Telephus healed?

ODYSSEUS APPLIED RUST SCRAPINGS FROM ACHILLES' SPEAR TO THE WOUND

B2: Who was the father of Telephus? HERACLES

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND ONE, LOWER LEVEL

TU#10: Change <u>amābitur</u> to second person singular active imperfect indicative. <u>AMĀBĀS</u>
B1: Change the verb form amabitur to subjunctive. CAN'T BE DONE; NO FUTURES IN

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD

B2: Change <u>amābās</u> to third person singular present passive subjunctive. <u>AMĒTUR</u>

TU #11: Differentiate the meanings of the words lex and sex.

LEX = LAW SEX = SIX

B1: Differentiate between <u>iaceō</u> and <u>iaciō</u>. IACEŌ -- LIE, BE SITUATED, LIE DEAD IACIŌ --

THROW, HURL

B2: Differentiate between aer and aes. AER--AIR AES--COPPER, BRASS, BRONZE, MONEY

TU#12: What war began in 343 B.C.? FIRST SAMNITE WAR

B1: What battle did the Romans lose to the Samnites in 315 B.C.? LAUTULAE

B2: In which Samnite War did the Romans defeat the so-called 'Linen Legion'? THE THIRD

TU #13: What was the name given to the husband's authority over his wife? MANUS

B1: In Rome, what was common law marriage involving two people living together for a period of

time until the government declared them legally married? USUS

B2: What was the dowry called? DOS

TU#14: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the

question that follows:

"Sub arbore sedēbant Cornēlia et Iulia. Subitō Marcus dē arbore cecidit ad terram. Marcus puellās terruit, et puellae cucurrērunt. Pater Marcī nōn laetus fuit." (repeat)

Ouestion: Ouis sub arbore cum Cornēlia sedēbat? IULIA

B1: Ubi erat Marcus prīmō? IN ARBORE

B2: Quid fēcērunt puellae territae? CUCURRERUNT

TU #15: Who fell deeply in love with her brother Caunus? BYBLIS
B1: Who was the father of Byblis and Caunus? MILETUS
B2: What Cretan king was the grandfather of Miletus? MINOS

TU#16: What does the enclitic -<u>ve</u> mean? OR B1: What does the enclitic -que mean? AND

B2: What preposition can be an enclitic with personal pronouns? CUM

TU #17: Whose line is this, anyway: "If I had the Romans for an army or they had me for a general, I

could conquer the world." PYRRHUS (OF EPIRUS)

B1: What man told Scipio Africanus that only Alexander the Great was a greater leader than

Pyrrhus? HANNIBAL

B2: Whom did Hannibal rank third? HIMSELF

TU#18: Who stole the cattle of Apollo when he was only one day old? HERMES

B1: What invention did Hermes give to Apollo to repay him for his deed? LYRE

B2: What old man was turned to stone when he failed a test of loyalty from Hermes? BATTUS

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND ONE, LOWER LEVEL

TU #19: Grammatically, what are verbs such as oportet and licet called? IMPERSONAL

B1: List five prepositions that take the ablative.

CUM, SINE, PRŌ, PRAE, Ā, AB, Ē, EX, DĒ, IN, SUB, CORAM, TENUS

B2: What two prepositions which can take the ablative might also take the accusative? IN, SUB

TU#20: What is the meaning of the Latin word at the root of 'cornea'? HORN
B1: What part of the eye gets its name for the Latin word for 'net'? RETINA
B2: What part of the eye gets its name from a Greco-Roman goddess? IRIS

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND TWO, LOWER LEVEL

TU #1: Who jumped into the sea in despair when he saw the black sail still raised on Theseus' ship?

AEGEUS (HIS FATHER)

B1: Who leapt into the sea to escape her husband Athamas? INO

B2: Who founded the Isthmian Games in honor of Melicertes, son of Athamus? SISYPHUS

TU#2: Give the original name for the office of dictator. MAGISTER POPULI B1: PRAETOR MAXIMUS

B2: For what length of time did censors serve? 18 MONTHS

TU #3: Give the meaning of the Latin word atrox. HUMBLE, FIERCE, STERN

B1: Give a synonym of <u>atrox</u> that also ends in an -x. FEROX B2: Give a synonym of ferox that also begins with an f-. FERUS

TU #4: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in

Latin the question that follows:

"Marcus et Philus, ex oppidō ēgressī, duōbus equīs ad flūmen prōcēdēbant. Cum ad flūmen advēnissent, equus Marcī transīre nōluit. Philus equum Marcī

ferīvit; tum ambo equi placidē transīvērunt." (repeat)

Question: Quot equī ad flūmen advēnērunt? DUO
B1: Cuius equus ferītus est? MARCI
B2: Quō modō tandem equus Marci transīvit? PLACIDĒ

TU #5: Which of the Argonauts could run so swiftly across the sea that his feet stayed dry? EUPHEMUS

B1: Who was the first helmsman of the Argo? TIPHYS

B2: Which Argonaut was pulled into a spring by the local nymphs, and disappeared near Cios?

HYLAS

TU#6: Supply the Latin noun root and its meaning which gives us "vowel". VOX -- VOICE

B1: Do the same for "consonant". SONUS -- SOUND

B2: Do the same for "adjective". IACIO -- PUT, THROW, PLACE

TU #7: Translate 'is' into Latin for this sentence: "Do you think this question is too easy?" ESSE

B1: Translate 'do you think' PUTĀSNE / ARBITRĀRISNE / EXISTIMĀSNE / ETC.

B2: Translate 'this,' assuming that the word for question is feminine. HANC

TU#8: Translate the verb form videri. TO SEEM, TO BE SEEN

B1: Translate the verb form dici. TO BE SAID

B2: Translate the verb form dixi. I SAID, I HAVE SAID

TU #9: What city provoked the Pyrrhic War with Rome? TARENTUM B1: A dispute over what city began the First Punic War? MESSANA

B2: The siege of what city eventually led to the Second Punic War? SAGUNTUM

TU#10: For the verb sciō, scīre give third person plural imperfect passive indicative. SCIĒBANTUR

B1: Change sciēbantur to subjunctive. SCĪRENTUR

B2: Change scīrentur to the present passive infinitive. SCĪRĪ

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND TWO, LOWER LEVEL

TU #11: Name a winner of the spolia opīma.

B1: Name another.

B2: Name the other. ROMULUS, (CORNELIUS) COSSUS, (M. CLAUDIUS) MARCELLUS

TU#12: Differentiate in meaning between the singular and plural meanings of the noun copia.

SINGULAR- "SUPPLY" PLURAL- "TROOPS"

B1: What case does <u>apud</u> take? ACCUSATIVE B2: What case does <u>suprā</u> take? ACCUSATIVE

TU #13: Who detained Odysseus for seven years on Ogygia? CALYPSO

B1: Who was the father of Calypso? ATLAS

B2: What gift did Calypso offer Odysseus to make him stay? IMMORTALITY

TU#14: What man reigned supreme in Rome from 82 to 79 B.C.? (L. CORNELIUS) SULLA

B1: What was his nickname or agnomen? FELIX

B2: In what position under Marius did Sulla serve in northern Africa? QUAESTOR

TU #15: What is the meaning of the Latin word annuus? ANNUAL, YEARLY, YEAR-LONG

B1: What is the meaning of annus? YEAR

B2: What is the meaning of anulus? (FINGER OR SIGNET) RING

TU#16: What earth-born monster cut Zeus' sinews? TYPHON

B1: What serpent was killed by Apollo near Delphi? PYTHON
B2: Who killed two snakes sent to kill him in his crib? HERACLES

TU #17: What son of Minos drowned in a vat of honey? GLAUCUS
B1: Who found and revived Glaucus? POLYIDUS
B2: What son of Minos was fated to be killed by one of his children? CATREUS

TU#18: Who was the slave who accompanied children to school? PAEDAGOGUS

B1: Who was the slave who reminded his master of the names of the people he met on the

street? NOMENCLATOR

B2: What was manumission? THE FREEING OF A SLAVE

TU #19: Which of the following does not come from the Latin noun sol: soldier, solar, solstice, or

solarium? SOLDIER

B1: What is the meaning of the Latin word at the root of "soldier"? (SOLIDUS) A GOLD COIN

(GIVEN TO SOLDIERS DURING THE LATE EMPIRE)

B2: If a play calls for a specific scene to be "solus", who will be on stage with you during your lines?

NO ONE

TU#20: Which declensions have a dative singular ending that includes the letter -i?

THIRD, FOURTH AND FIFTH

B1: Give the dative singular for republic. REĪ PŪBLICAE
B2: Give the dative plural for "three daughters". TRIBUS FĪLIĀBUS

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- FINALS, LOWER LEVEL

TU#1: What annual event in Rome was the Liberalia?

THE COMING OF AGE FESTIVAL AT WHICH BOYS GOT THE TOGA VIRILIS

B1: What was the Vinalia Rustica? THE WINE FESTIVAL IN AUGUST (August 19)

B2: What was wine mixed with honey called? MULSUM

TU #2: What is the difference in grammatical usage between <u>impero</u> and <u>iubeo</u>?

IMPERO TAKES DATIVE PERSON AND SUBJUNCTIVE CLAUSE

IUBEO TAKES ACCUSATIVE AND INFINITIVE

B1: Translate the verb in the subordinate clause of "We knew that he would be famous".

FUTURUM ESSE

B2: Identify <u>loqueremur</u> by person, number, tense, and mood.

1ST PLURAL, IMPERFECT SUBJUNCTIVE

TU #3: What three-bodied monster owned a herd of cattle which Heracles was commanded to retrieve?

GERYON

B1: Who was the hound of Geryon? ORTHRUS
B2: Who was the herdsman of Geryon? EURYTION

TU#4: Differentiate the meanings of the nouns <u>ala</u> and <u>alea</u>.

ALA = WING ALEA = DIE, GAME OF CHANCE; RISK, GAMBLE

B1: What is the meaning of the adjective ales? WINGED

B2: What is an <u>ala</u> in a Roman house? A SIDE ALCOVE OFF THE ATRIUM

TU #5: What son of Priam was killed by Neoptolemus before his father's eyes during the fall of Troy?

POLITES

B1: What son of Priam was sent to Polymnestor for safekeeping during the war? POLYDORUS

B2: Whom does Homer call Priam's most beautiful daughter? LAODICE

TU#6: Translate the subordinate clause in the following sentence. "I knew that Caesar was fighting in

Gaul". CAESAREM IN GALLIĀ PUGNĀRE

B1: In "I know that Caesar fought in Gaul". CAESAREM IN GALLIĀ PUGNĀVISSE

B2: In "I know why Caesar fought in Gaul". CUR CAESAR IN GALLIĀ PUGNĀVERIT

TU #7: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the

question that follows:

"Prope Forum magnus clāmor audiēbātur. Flāvia et Iūlia ad Forum cucurrērunt. Vidērunt mortuum virum in terrā. Prope virum fuit glādius cruentus. Flāvia

dīxit, "Cognoscō! Meus frāter est!" (repeat)

Question: Quid prope virum iacuit? GLADIUS (CRUENTUS)
Quid audiēbātur ā puellīs? MAGNUS CLAMOR

B1: Quid audiēbātur ā puellīs? MAGNUS CLAMO B2: Ouō modō puellae ad Forum ivērunt? CUCURRERUNT

TU#8: Which war, lasting from around 326 B.C. to around 304 B.C., did the Romans win despite losing

two major battles? SECOND SAMNITE

B1: Name one of those battles. CAUDINE FORKS, LAUTULAE

B2: Rome made possible its victory in this war by building what? VIA APPIA

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- FINALS, LOWER LEVEL

TU #9:: Which of the following words does NOT come from Latin: grain, grade, gravel, gradient,

gracious? GRAVEL

B1: What is the Latin root of grain? GRANUM (SEED)

B2: What is the Latin root of grade? GRADUS (RANK, STEP)

TU#10: What king led the Macedonians against the Romans in the Third Macedonian War? PERSEUS

B1: Who defeated him? LUCIUS AEMILIUS PAULLUS

B2: PYDNA

TU #11: When recognized perform this feat: "Place the part of your body that is at the root of

"digital" on the part of your body that is at the root of "nasturtium".

THE PLAYER SHOULD PUT HIS/HER FINGER ON NOSE

B1: Everyone, point to the part of your body that is the root of "oracle".

THE TEAM SHOULD POINT TO THEIR MOUTHS

B2: Everyone, touch each other only at the place that is at the root of "cubit".

THE TEAM SHOULD TOUCH ONLY ELBOWS

TU#12: What blind seer of Salmydessus was rescued by Zetes and Calais from the Harpies? PHINEUS

B1: Who was the sister of Zetes and Calais, and wife of Phineus? CLEOPATRA

B2: Who halted the Boreades in their pursuit of the Harpies? IRIS

TU #13: What is the ablative plural of <u>illud tempus</u>. ILLĪS TEMPORIBUS
B1: What is the genitive singular of <u>illud tempus</u>. ILLĪUS TEMPORIS
Change illīus temporis to the plural. ILLŌRUM TEMPORUM

TU#14: Name the "jewel" of Cornelia who served as tribune in 123 and 122 B.C.

GAIUS (SEMPRONIUS) GRACCHUS

B1: What was his proposed colony on the former site of Carthage. JUNONIA B2: What consul led the opposition to C. Gracchus and arranged for his demise?

LUCIUS OPIMIUS

TU #15: Give the correct form of the relative pronoun for the following sentence: "We walked across the

river which was very wide". QUOD

B1: In this sentence: "The slaves whose master died were set free". QUŌRUM

B2: In this sentence: "The men whom we saw were famous". QUŌS

TU#16: Give the meanings of the Latin noun and verb forms which are both spelled A-M-O-R.

NOUN -- LOVE VERB-- I AM LOVED

B1: Give the noun and adjective meaning of amīcus. NOUN--FRIEND ADJECTIVE--FRIENDLY

B2: Give the meaning of <u>amicitia</u>. FRIENDSHIP

TU #17: In what case is the object of the verb <u>noceō</u>? DATIVE B1: In what case is the direct object of an intransitive verb?

INTRANSITIVE VERBS HAVE NO DIRECT OBJECTS

B2: What kind of verbs have their objects in the genitive? REMEMBERING/FORGETTING

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- FINALS, LOWER LEVEL

TU#18: Who entertained Demeter near Eleusis when she wandered the earth looking for Persephone?

CELEUS AND METANEIRA

B1: Who was the son of Celeus and Metaneira, whom Demeter planned to make immortal?

DEMOPHOON

B2: Whom did Demeter turn into a lizard when he made fun of her for slurping her barley?

ASCALABUS

TU #19: The prosecution of what governor of Sicily made Cicero Rome's foremost orator?

GAIUS VERRES

B1: Who had previously held this oratorical distinction? HORTENSIUS HORTALUS

B2: What was the name of the speech Cicero gave at Verres' trial? (ACTIONES) IN VERREM

TU#20: What son of Eupalamus killed his nephew, Perdix, out of jealousy over Perdix's invention of the

saw? DAEDALUS

B1: What contraption did Daedalus build for Pasiphae? A COW COSTUME

B2: Who was the ill-fated son of Daedalus? ICARUS

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

NOTE: THESE EXTRA QUESTIONS HAVE NOT BEEN EDITED

MYTHOLOGY

Rounds 1 and 2

- TU: Who was the mother of Dionysus? SEMELE
- B1: Which aunt of Dionysus cared for the god in his youth? INO
- B2: What cousin of Dionysus was killed for refusing the gods worship? PENTHEUS
- TU: Who fatally boasted that not even the gods could stop him, while standing atop the walls of Thebes? CAPANEUS
- B1: Who was the grieving widow of Capeneus? EVADNE
- B2: Who was the only of the Seven against Thebes to survive? ADRASTUS

Finals

- TU: What Argive king ordered his fifty daughters to kill their husbands on their wedding night? DANAUS
- B1: Who was the only Danaid to spare her husband? HYPERMNESTRA
- B2: For which Danaid did Poseidon produce a spring, ending a drought that dated back to the founding of Argos? AMYMONE

HISTORY AND LIFE

Rounds 1 and 2

- TU: What were the two sets of Roman household gods? LARES AND PENATES
- B1: At what shrine were the gods worshipped in the house? SACRARIUM
- B2: What were manes? SPIRITS OF THE DEAD
- TU: Who was the mother of Caesarion? CLEOPATRA
- B1: Name Antony's wife who, in protecting his interest, started the so-called Perugine (Perusine) War. FULVIA
- B2: Name Antony's brother, who was also involved. LUCIUS ANTONIUS

Finals

- TU: What was the Latin name for a three person game of catch? TRIGON
- B1: What were dice called? TESSERAE
- B2: When was the only time that gambling was legal? SATURNALIA
- TU: What leaders during the monarchy ruled during the brief and rare periods between kings? INTERREGES
- B1: What was the Latin title of a Roman monarch's throne and later a magistrate's seat? SELLA CURULIS
- B2: Which of the seven kings was the son of Demaratus? TARQUINIUS PRISCUS
- TU: What resistant Spanish city was finally overcome by the Romans in 133 B.C.? NUMANTIA
- B1: What military commander was responsible for its final defeat? SCIPIO AEMILIANUS
- B2: With what construction project did he defeat the city? HE BUILT A WALL AROUND IT AND BESIEGED IT

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

LANGUAGE

Round	ds 1	and	2

TU: Image a friend of yours walks up to you and says: "Caching a meager pecuniary sum makes you meritorious." What familiar adage has your Latin-studying friend just told you? A PENNY

SAVED IS A PENNY EARNED

- B1: If that same friend calls you: "A particle broken from a senile mass." What is he calling you? A CHIP OFF THE OLD BLOCK
- B2: While at the dance, your friend utters: "A multitude of muliebrity, but lacking temporality." What has he just uttered? SO MANY WOMEN, SO LITTLE TIME
- TU: What Latin noun for "torch" is also an English word for a machine that sends or receives documents by telephone? FAX
- B1: What Latin noun for 'murder' sounds like an English word for several head supports? NEX (NECKS)
- B2: What Latin temporal adverb sounds like an English adjective that could describe a shaggy dog? HERI
- TU: What type of ablative is used in the sentence -- Cum patre ambulō? ACCOMPANIMENT
- B1: In this sentence -- Equum baculō verberābam. MEANS
- B2: In this sentence -- Equus ā servō ducēbātur. AGENT
- TU: Respondē Anglicē. Quis Winnie Ille Pu scripsit? A. A. MILNE
- B1: Quae puella in campīs Kansae habitāvit in librō Magus Mirabilis in Oz. Dorothy
- B2: Translate the title of this children's story-- Vestēs Novae Imperatoris. THE EMPEROR'S NEW CLOTHES
- TU: Say in Latin, "Give the teacher praise". DĀ(TE) MAGISTRŌ (AE) LAUDEM
- B1: Say "Tell the girl a story". NARRĀ (TE) (DIC/DICITE) PUELLAE FAABULAM
- B2: Say "Send the leader the massage of victory". MITTE (MITTITE) AD DUCEM NŪNTIUM VICTŌRIAE
- TU: What is the difference between an "alumnus" and an "alumna"? AN "ALUMNUS" IS A MALE GRADUATE, WHEREAS AN "ALUMNA" IS FEMALE GRADUATE
- B1: What is the plural of <u>alumnus</u>? <u>ALUMNĪ</u>
- B2: What is the plural of <u>alumna</u>? <u>ALUMNAE</u>

Finals

- TU Supply the Latin root and meaning at the root of 'cousin'. SANGUIS -- BLOOD
- B1: Supply the Latin adjective and its meaning at the root of 'incest'. CASTUS -- CHASTE
- B2: Supply the Latin compound verb root and its meaning at the root of "ablative".

AUFERO -- TO TAKE AWAY

- TU: Translate "her" in the sentence. The slavewomen fixed her hair. EIUS
- B1: In this sentence, "We will eat with her". EĀ
- B2: In this sentence, "She will eat her own food. SUUM
- TU: Rēgō: rēgor:: regis: REGERIS
- B1: Change regeris to plural. REGIMINĪ
- B2: Change regiminī to future tense. REGĒMINĪ

2000 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

- TU: How many subjunctive tenses are there? FOUR
- B1: Name the indicative tenses which govern the primary sequence. PRESENT, FUTURE, FUTURE PERFECT
- B2: Give the first person singular of the verb <u>sum</u> in the secondary subjunctive tenses. ESSEM, FUISSEM
- TU: Differentiate the geographical meanings of <u>aequor</u> and <u>aequum</u>.

 <u>AEQUOR</u> IS A LEVEL SEA OR SURFACE OF WATER, AND <u>AEQUUM</u> IS A LEVEL SURFACE OF LAND
- B1: Differentiate in meaning between <u>ager</u> and <u>agger</u>. AGER FIELD, AGGER RAMPART OR FORTIFICATION OF A CAMP
- B2: Differentiate in meaning between the verbs <u>amō</u> and <u>adāmō</u>. <u>AMO</u> -- LOVE OR LIKE <u>ADAMO</u> -- TO FALL IN LOVE WITH