TU: #1   What emperor built a golden house on the site of a devastating fire in Rome?   NERO
B1:   What was the Latin name of this golden house?   DOMUS AUREA
B2:   What emperor had ruled directly before Nero?   CLAUDIUS

TU: #2   Say in Latin "the third man".   **TERTIUS VIR (HOMŌ)**
B1:   Say in Latin "the eighth gift".   **OCTĀVUM DŌNUM**
B2:   Say in Latin "the tenth poet".   **DECIMUS POĒTA**

TU: #3   In whose form did Zeus appear to Alcmene?   AMPHITRYON (HER HUSBAND – *need name*)
B1:   Who was the son of Zeus and Alcmene?   HERACLES
B2:   Who was the son of Amphitryon and Alcmene?   IPHICLES

TU: #4   Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer <u>in Latin</u> the question that follows:

> **"Ōlim ūnus lupus in silvā habitābat. Trēs parvī porcī prope in villā habitābant. Ūnō diē lupus vīdit porcōs per viam ambulāntēs, cucurrit ad eōs et ēdit omnēs porcōs. (REPEAT)**

Ubi habitābat lupus?   **IN SILVĀ**
B1:   **Quālēs sunt porcī?**   **PARVĪ, MORTUĪ (<u>NOT</u> TRĒS)**
B2:   **Quot animalia in hāc fābulā sunt?**   **QUATTUOR**

TU: #5   What Greek hero tamed and rode Pegasus?   BELLEROPHON
B1:   Who gave his daughter in marriage to Bellerophon?   IOBATES
B2:   What monster was killed by Bellerophon?   CHIMAERA

TU: #6   Which of these, if any, is NOT derived from **habeō**: inability, hesitate, prohibit, unable?   HESITATE
B1:   From what Latin verb with what meaning is "hesitate" derived?   **HAEREO, -ĒRE** - STICK, CLING, HANG (if **haesitō, -āre** is given, ask to take it back)
B2:   What Latin verb meaning "live, dwell" derives from **habeō, habēre**?   (IN)**HABITŌ, -ĀRE**

TU: #7   What is the Latin term for the standard everyday toga worn by a Roman citizen? TOGA VIRILIS
B1:   What is the Latin term for the toga worn by someone in mourning?   TOGA SORDIDA/PULLA
B2:   What is the Latin term for the bright, shiny toga worn by someone running for office?   TOGA CANDIDA

TU: #8   What childhood friend of Athena did the goddess accidentally kill while wrestling?   PALLAS
B1:   What statue did Athena create to commemorate her friend?   PALLADIUM
B2:   In what city did Zeus place the Palladium?   TROY

TU: #9   With respect to Roman history, what do the following two years have in common: AD 253 and AD 69?   EACH YEAR HAD FOUR EMPERORS
B1:   Who was emperor on January 1, AD 69?   GALBA
B2:   What year in the third century, AD, had six emperors?   AD 238

TU: #10   For the verb **dīcō, dīcere**, give the 3rd person plural, future active indicative.   **DĪCENT**
B1:   Give the same form for the verb **volō, volāre** .   **VOLĀBUNT**
B2:   Give the same form for the verb **sum, esse**.   **ERUNT**

TU: #11   Who was the first of the so-called "Five Good Emperors"?   (M. COCCEIUS) NERVA
B1:   Who succeeded Nerva?   (MARCUS ULPIUS) TRAJAN(US)
B2:   What emperor was the son of the last of the Five Good Emperors?
     (MARCUS AURELIUS) COMMODUS

TU: #12   Translate "gift" into Latin for the following sentence, "I gave Marcus a gift."   **DONUM**
B1:   For that same sentence, translate "Marcus".   **MARCŌ**
B2:   What is the case and its use demonstrated by **Marcō** in that sentence.
     DATIVE CASE, INDIRECT OBJECT

TU: #13   Against whom does one commit "sororicide"?   ONE'S SISTER
B1:   From what Latin verb do we get the English word "agenda"?   **AGŌ, AGERE**
B2:   The word "decapitate" comes from two Latin words; name them both.   **DĒ** and **CAPUT**

TU: #14   Give an antonym of the Latin noun **inimīcus**.   **AMĪCUS, SOCIUS, COMES**
         Give an antonym of **initium**.   **FĪNIS, EXITUS**
         Give an antonym of **clāmor**.   **SILENTIUM**

TU: #15   Who was the forethinking son of Iapetus and Clymene?   PROMETHEUS
B1:   Who was the less wise brother of Prometheus?   EPIMETHEUS
B2:   Who was Epimetheus's wife?   PANDORA

TU: #16   What Greek goddess invented the flute?   ATHENA
B1:   Who picked up the flute when Athena discarded it?   MARSYAS
B2:   What god did Marsyas challenge to a music contest?   APOLLO

TU: #17   What case or cases follow the preposition **ē** or **ex** in Latin?   ABLATIVE
B1:   What case or cases follow the preposition **circum** in Latin?   ACCUSATIVE
B2:   Of the prepositions **sub**, **dē**, and **in**, which one cannot take both the Accusative and Ablative cases in Latin?   **DĒ**

TU: #18   What year saw the death of Augustus?   AD 14
B1:   Who succeeded Augustus?   TIBERIUS (CLAUDIUS NERO)
B2:   Who was the successor of Tiberius?   CALIGULA / GAIUS CAESAR

TU: #19   **Quid significat "prīmus"?**   FIRST
B1:   Which of these is NOT a cardinal number: **ūnus, trēs, quīnque, decimus**?   **DECIMUS**
B2:   Which of these is NOT an ordinal number: **tertius, mīlle, quīntus, sextus**?   **MĪLLE**

TU: #20   In the sentence, "**Nocte Lūcius Annae ānulum dedit sub arbore**." What case and use is found in "**nocte**"?   ABLATIVE TIME WHEN
B1:   Translate the entire sentence.   AT NIGHT LUCIUS GAVE ANNA A RING UNDER A TREE
B2:   What single Latin word could be used instead of "**nocte**" to signify that Lucius gave Anna the ring in the morning?   **MĀNE**.

TU: #1   What is the Latin word for "city"?   **URBS, CĪVITĀS**
B1:   What is the Latin word for "town"?   **OPPIDUM**
B2:   Say in Latin, "In the city."   **IN URBE**

TU: #2   Who was the mother of Athena?   METIS
B1:   Who was the mother of Aphrodite?   DIONE or NO MOTHER (FOAM-BORN)
B2:   Who was the mother of Hermes?   MAIA

TU: #3   Say in Latin "three fingers".   **TRĒS DIGITĪ**
B1:   Say in Latin "two arms."   **DUO BRACCHIA / DUO LACERTI**
B2:   Say in Latin "five toes."   **QUĪNQUE DIGITĪ**

TU: #4   During the reign of which emperor did the Roman empire reach its greatest extent?   TRAJAN
B1:   During which dynasty of emperors was the Colosseum constructed?   FLAVIAN
B2:   What emperor was the first to convert to Christianity?   CONSTANTINE

TU: #5   Give the 2nd person singular, imperfect, active, indicative form of the verb **portō**, **portāre**.
     PORTĀBĀS
B1:   Give the same form for the verb **audiō**, **audīre**.   **AUDIĒBĀS**
B2:   Give the same form for the verb **possum**, **posse**.   **POTERĀS**

TU: #6   According to its Latin derivation, when would a "procrastinator" finish his/her work?
     TOMORROW
B1:   One might take a nap 'post-prandially'. What does this phrase literally mean?   AFTER LUNCH
B2:   From its derivation, when would a 'vespers' service take place?   IN THE EVENING

TU: #7   Who killed Periphetes, Sciron, Procrustes, and the Minotaur?   THESEUS
B1:   Which of the brigands killed by Theseus was known for kicking people off a cliff, feeding them to his giant pet turtle?   SC(E)IRON
B2:   Which of the brigands killed by Theseus was known as "the stretcher"?
     PROCRUSTES / DAMASTES

TU: #8   What dynasty of emperors claimed descent from the goddess Venus?   JULIO-CLAUDIAN
B1:   What author's <u>Aeneid</u> was written to celebrate this heritage?   VERGIL
B2:   What author ended his great work with the deification of Augustus's adoptive father, Julius Caesar?   OVID

TU: #9   With what girl did Apollo fall in love when he saw her wrestling a lion on Mt. Pelion?   CYRENE
B1:   Who was the son of Apollo and Cyrene?   ARISTAEUS
B2:   What girl's death did Aristaeus cause by chasing her on her wedding day?   EURYDICE

TU: #10   In the sentence "Marcus is the teacher of many students." say in Latin, 'teacher'.
     MAGISTER / DOMINUS / GRAMMATICUS / DOCTOR
B1:   What is the case and use of that form?   NOMINATIVE / PREDICATE NOMINATIVE
B2:   Using the noun **magister** translate "teacher" into Latin for this sentence: I like my teacher.
     MAGISTRUM

TU: #11 What Greek hero wandered for ten years before finally reaching his home after the Trojan War?
ODYSSEUS

B1: What goddess detained Odysseus on Ogygia? CALYPSO

B2: On what island did Odysseus's followers slaughter the cattle of Helios? TRINACRIA/SICILY

TU: #12 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:

Merīdiē medicus ad oppidum īvit, et ibi erat aegrōta fīlia rēgis. Quod medicus sapientissimus erat, illae miserae puellae dedit unguentum. Subitō filia valēbat.

Cui medicus unguentum dedit? **FĪLIAE (RĒGIS), PUELLAE**

B1: **Quō īvit medicus?** **AD OPPIDUM**

B2: **Necāvitne medicus puellam?** **MINIMĒ, NŌN, NŪLLŌ MODŌ**

TU: #13 What type of event in Rome might include **naumāchia**, **bestiāriī**, and **murmillōnēs**?
GLADIATORIAL GAMES/ MUNERA GLADIATORIA

B1: What is the Latin term for the mock naval battles? NAUMACHIA

B2: Of the **bēstiāriī** or **murmillōnēs** which fought wild animals? **BĒSTIĀRIĪ**

TU: #14 What case or cases follow the preposition **sub** in Latin? ACCUSATIVE AND ABLATIVE

B1: What case or cases follow the preposition **ā/ab** in Latin? ABLATIVE

B2: What case or cases follow the preposition **prope** in Latin? ACCUSATIVE

TU: #15 What star-crossed lovers, forbidden to marry by their parents, died in a failed encounter at the tomb of Ninus? PYRAMUS AND THISBE

B1: What metamorphosis was associated with these lovers?
MULBERRIES TURNING FROM WHITE TO RED

B2: How did Pyramus think that Thisbe had died? EATEN BY A LION

TU: #16 Which of the Five Good Emperors first built a wall across Britain? HADRIAN

B1: What other emperor of that dynasty also built a wall across Britain? ANTONINUS PIUS

B2: Whose wall was farther north? ANTONINUS PIUS

TU: #17 For whom was the month March named? MARS

B1: For whom was the month June named? JUNO

B2: For whom was the month January named? JANUS

TU: #18 In the sentence "**Marcus frumentum ad silvam carrīs portat.**", what case and use is demonstrated by **carrīs**? ABLATIVE OF MEANS/INSTRUMENT

B1: What case and use is demonstrated by "**frumentum**"? ACCUSATIVE OF DIRECT OBJECT

B2: Translate the entire sentence.
MARCUS CARRIES GRAIN TO THE FOREST BY CARTS/WAGONS.

TU: #19 Which of these was not normally associated with the thermae: **strigilis**, **tepidārium**, **pistōrēs**, **palaestra**? **PISTŌRĒS**

B1: In which room of a bath would patrons cleanse themselves with olive oil, using the **strigilis** to rub off the excess oil? UNCTORIUM

B2: Which room of the baths would most likely contain a pool of hot water? CALDARIUM

TU: #20   Which of these nouns does NOT belong with the others grammatically:
nauta, **aurīga**, **fēmina**, **poēta?**   **FĒMINA**

B1:   Which preposition does NOT grammatically belong with the others: **cum**, **sine**, **ex**, **contrā?**
                                                                                 CONTRĀ

B2:   Which of these does NOT grammatically belong? **bellum**, **possum**, **vehiculum**, **tēlum POSSUM**

TU: #1   Translate this command into Latin: "Tell the girls a story".

DĪC(ITE)/NARRĀ(TE) PUELLĪS FĀBULAM

B1:   . . . "Give this man a reward".   **DĀ(TE) HUIC (EĪ) (VIRŌ/HOMINĪ) PRAEMIUM**

B2:   . . . "Send that woman a letter".

MITTE (MITTITE) AD ILLAM FĒMINAM (ILLAE FĒMINAE) EPISTULAM (LITTERĀS)

TU: #2   What use of the ablative case in illustrated in this sentence: **prīmā luce discessit**.   TIME WHEN

B1:   . . . in this sentence: **magnā dīligentiā labōrāvit.**   MANNER

B2:   . . . in this sentence: **Caesar ā Brutō interfectus est.**   AGENT

TU: #3   What brother of Bleda led the Huns into Italy in AD 451?   ATTILA

B1:   Which Roman general led the forces that defeated Attila the Hun?   (FLAVIUS) AETIUS

B2:   During which emperor's reign was Aetius assassinated?   VALENTINIAN III

TU: #4   Which of the following words is derived from the Latin adjective for "equal"?

impartial, apparent, reparation, disparage, parcel   DISPARAGE

B1:   What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "impartial"?   **PARS** / PART

B2:   What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "reparation"?   **PARŌ** / PREPARE

TU: #5   Which of the Flavian emperors was first to take the throne?   VESPASIAN

B1:   Which of the Flavian emperors succeeded his father?   TITUS

B2:   Which of the Flavian emperors seized his office by force?   VESPASIAN

TU: #6   What girl became a sea bird after she killed her father by removing a purple lock of hair from his head?   SCYLLA

B1:   Who was Scylla's father?   NISUS

B2:   As a result of a love for whom did Scylla kill Nisus?   MINOS

TU: #7   Listen to the following Latin instructions. When recognized by the moderator, follow them. **Spectā socium tuum et rīdē.**   STUDENT SHOULD LOOK AT A TEAMMATE AND LAUGH

B1:   **Sedēns in manibus, salūtā spectātōrēs.**

ONE STUDENT SHOULD SIT ON HIS HANDS AND SAY HELLO TO THE AUDIENCE

B2:   **Dēmonstrā mihi altissimum socium.**

ONE STUDENT SHOULD POINT OUT WHO THE TALLEST TEAMMATE IS

TU: #8   Which of these is NOT an animal? **porcus, bōs, canis, plaustrum.**   **PLAUSTRUM**

B1:   What does **plaustrum** mean?   WAGON, CART

B2:   Which of the following animals is most similar in appearance to a **bōs**?

ōvis, taurus, avis, mūs   TAURUS

TU: #9   What is the Latin term for a Roman child's amulet, which protected him or her from the evil eye?   BULLA

B1:   What was the term for the guardian spirit of a Roman boy?   GENIUS

B2:   What was the term for the guardian spirit of a Roman girl?   JUNO

TU: #10   What English adjective derived from the Latin word for "each" or "all"means "eating all types of

	food?"	OMNIVOROUS
B1	... "all-knowing"?	OMNISCIENT
B2:	... "all-powerful"?	OMNIPOTENT

TU: #11	Who was the mother of Achilles?	THETIS
B1:	Who was Thetis' husband?	PELEUS
B2:	Who was the only deity not invited to the wedding of Peleus and Thetis?	ERIS

TU: #12	Differentiate in meaning between **pār** and **pars**.	**PAR** - EQUAL
		PARS - PART
B1:	Differentiate in meaning between **avis** and **auris**.	**AVIS** - BIRD
		AURIS - EAR
B1:	Differentiate in meaning between **ferrum** and **fērōx**.	**FERRUM** - IRON, SWORD
		FĒRŌX - WILD

TU: #13   Complete this sentence with the correct form of **manus**:

	Gladiātōrēs_____ suīs pugnant.	**MANIBUS**
B1:	**Duae _____ mihi sunt.**	**MANŪS**
B2:	**Argus centum _____ habet.**	**MANŪS**

TU: #14	What epithet of Hermes means "conductor of souls"?	PSYCHOPOMPUS
B1:	What epithet of Hermes means "slayer of Argus"?	ARGEIPHONTES
B2:	What epithet of Hermes means "he of Mt. Cyllene"?	CYLLENEUS / CYLLENIAN

TU: #15	What mythological group contained Brontes, Steropes, and Arges?	(IMMORTAL) CYCLOPES
B1:	What group contained Cottus, Briareus, and Gyes?	HECATONCHEIRES
B2:	What group contained Oceanus, Tethys, Coeus, and Phoebe, among others?	TITANS

TU: #16	Of the names Octavian, Octavius, and Augustus, which name did he not have until after 27 BC?	
		AUGUSTUS
B1:	What was his name before 44 BC?	OCTAVIUS
B2:	What do the letters <u>an</u> in the name Octavianus tell us about him after 44 BC?	
	HE HAD BEEN ADOPTED (BY JULIUS CAESAR)	

TU: #17   Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:

> **Agricola et fīlius, nōmine Quīntus, per silvam errābant. Subitō fīlius erat sōlus et clāmāvit, "Ubi es, pater? Tē audiō, sed nōn videō." Pater nōn respōndit. Tum fīlius perterritus magnum leōnem vīdit. Quīntus ab leōne interfectus est.**

	Quis fīlium interfēcit?	**LEŌ**
B1:	**Quid Quīntus facere nōn poterat?**	
	PATREM / AGRICOLAM VIDĒRE / EFFUGERE / VĪVERE	
B2:	**Estne Quīntus mortuus?**	**ITA (VĒRŌ)**

TU: #18	Translate the verb form **potuerat**.	HE/SHE/IT HAD BEEN ABLE
B1:	Change **potuerat** to the present tense.	**POTEST**
B2:	Change **potuest** to the imperfect.	**POTERAT**

TU: #19	What daughter of Inachus was transformed into a cow?	IO

B1:   Who was the son of Io and Zeus?   EPAPHUS
B2:   Whose parentage did Epaphus mock, resulting in the Ethiopians' skin turning dark? PHAETHON

TU: #20   Who was the killer of Domitian?   STEPHANUS (PLOTTED BY DOMITIA)
B1:   Who was the killer of Nero?   NERO (HE COMMITTED SUICIDE)
B2:   Who was the killer of Diocletian?   NONE (HE HAD A NATURAL DEATH)

LANGUAGE

TU:	Which of the following is NOT a word for sword? **ensis**, **GRAVIS**, **gladius**, **ferrum**	
B1:	Which is NOT a word for light? **lumen**, **lux**, **LIMEN**, **lucerna**	
B2:	Which IS a word for night? **NOX**, **nix**, **nux**, **nex**	

TU:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "oppression".	**PREMŌ** - PRESS
B1:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "deficit".	**FACIŌ** - MAKE
B2:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "exposition".	**PŌNŌ** - PLACE

TU:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "devise".	**VIDEŌ** - SEE
B1:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "extract".	**TRAHŌ** - DRAG
B2:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for "ameliorate".	**MELIOR** - BETTER

TU:	Which word does NOT belong because of its meaning? **auris**, **genu**, **PANIS**, **caput**
B1:	Which word does NOT belong? **aequor**, **MONS**, **mare**, **rivus**
B2:	Which word does NOT belong? **gladius**, **pilum**, **SPIRO**, **scutum**

TU:	What modern television program might be called "**Amici**" in Latin?	FRIENDS
B1:	What modern television program might be called "**Lex et Ordo**" in Latin?	LAW AND ORDER
B2:	What television program might be called "**Rota Fortunae**" in Latin?	WHEEL OF FORTUNE

TU:	Say in Latin, "The boy has been heard".	**PUER AUDĪTUS EST**
B1:	Change it to "The boys had been heard".	**PUERĪ AUDĪTĪ ERANT**
B2:	Change it to "The girls will have been heard".	**PUELLAE AUDĪTAE ERUNT**

TU:	In Latin, using the verb **dēscendere**, tell Sextus to come down.	**SEXTE, DĒSCENDE**
B1:	Now tell him not to come down.	**NŌLĪ DĒSCENDERE, SEXTE**
B2:	Now tell the girls to come down.	**DĒSCENDITE, PUELLAE**

TU:	What two cases are used for most prepositions?	ACCUSATIVE AND ABLATIVE
B1 &B2:	What two cases can show possession?	GENITIVE AND DATIVE

HISTORY

TU:	What was the main event at the circus?	CHARIOT RACES
B1:	What was the main event in the amphitheater?	GLADIATORIAL GAMES
B2:	What was the main event in the triclinium?	EATING / DINING

TU:	Who deposed Didius Jullianus in 193 AD?	SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
B1:	Who had his brother, Geta, murdered to seize absolute power?	CARACALLA
B2:	Who was the last of the Severan emperors?	SEVERUS ALEXANDER

TU:	Which <u>praenomen</u> was abbreviated as C ?	GAIUS
B1:	Which <u>praenomen</u> was abbreviated as M.?	MARCUS
B2:	Which <u>praenomen</u> was abbreviated as L ?	LUCIUS

TU:	Who was the fifth emperor of Rome?	NERO
B1:	Who was the tenth emperor of Rome?	TITUS
B2:	Who was the fifteenth emperor of Rome?	ANTONINUS PIUS

MYTHOLOGY

TU:	Who loved Tithonus? EOS	
B1:	Who loved Endymion? SELENE	
B2:	Who was Phaethon's father? HELIOS	

TU:	Who stole fire for man? PROMETHEUS
B1:	Who released Prometheus from bondage? HERACLES
B2:	Who was Prometheus's son, who survived the great flood? DEUCALION

TU:	What king of Athens kidnapped Helen years before she was married? THESEUS
B1:	Who rescued Helen from Athens? DIOSCURI/CASTOR AND POLYDEUCES, POLLUX
B2:	Who was taken back to Sparta with Helen, and became her chaperone for life? AETHRA

TU: What pair of mythological lovers had to communicate through a chink on the wall?
PYRAMUS AND THISBE
At whose tomb did the two "star-crossed" lovers decide to meet? (KING) NINUS'
The fruits of what tree changed color because they were stained by the blood of Pyramus
and Thisbe? MULBERRY TREE

TU: Who was the son of Zeus and Danae? PERSEUS
What fisherman discovered baby Perseus and his mother in a wooden chest while fishing
on the shores of Seriphus? DICTYS
What evil brother of Dictys harassed Danae because he had fallen in love with her?
POLYDECTES

TU: Who was the muse of tragedy? MELPOMENE
Who was the muse of choral dancing? TERPSICHORE
Who was the muse of astronomy? URANIA

TU: Name two rivers of the Underworld. *see below for answers*
Name two more. *see below for answers*
Name the last one. STYX / COCYTUS / ACHERON / LETHE / (PYRI)PHLEGETHON

TU: What animal did Apollo kill to take over the oracle at Delphi? PYTHON
On what mountain was Delphi located? PARNASSUS
What was the title given to the chief priestess at Delphi? PYTHIA (PYTHONESS)

TU: Who was the father of the Pleiades? ATLAS
Who was the mother of the Oceanids? TETHYS
Who was the mother of the Nereids? DORIS

TU: What Theban hero was fated to kill his father and marry his mother? OEDIPUS
Who was the mother of Oedipus? JOCASTA / EPICASTA
What riddling monster did Oedipus defeat? THE SPHINX

TU: What mythical creature was tamed by Bellerophon?   **PEGASUS**

        What monster was the mother of Pegasus?   **MEDUSA**

        Who was the father of Pegasus?   **POSEIDON / NEPTUNE (-US)**