

2013 MASSACHUSETTS CERTAMEN

NOVICE DIVISION - ROUND I

Page 1

1:

TU: At the beginning of the world, what was the only thing to exist?

CHAOS

B1: Name two of Chaos's children.

GE (GAEA), TARTARUS, EROS, EREBUS, NYX

B2: What son of Gaea later became her husband and father of the Titans?

URANUS

2:

TU: Change the phrase *hic īrātus mīles* to the dative.

HUIC ĪRĀTŌ MĪLITĪ

B1: Change *huic īrātō mīlitī* to the plural.

HĪS ĪRĀTĪS MĪLITIBUS

B2: Change *hīs īrātīs mīlitibus* to the genitive.

HŌRUM ĪRĀTŌRUM MĪLITUM

3:

TU: Around 390 BC, what group of invaders sacked Rome?

(SENONIAN) GAULS / SENŌNĒS

B1: Who was the leader of the Senonian Gauls who sacked Rome?

BRENNUS

B2: Who became the so-called "Second Founder of Rome" because he was able to defeat Brennus and the Senonian Gauls?

CAMILLUS

4:

TU: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which the English word "*receipt*" is derived?

CAPĪŌ – TO TAKE

B1: Give a derivative of *capĭō* that means "the starting point of an activity" or "the beginning".

INCEPTION

B2: What English derivative of *capĭō* is a synonym of "to trick"?

(TO) DECEIVE

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: What distant relative of the Julio-Claudian dynasty became emperor of Rome after Domitian's assassination?

(M. COCCEIUS) NERVA

B1: Nerva became the first Roman emperor to be chosen by what group?

THE SENATE

B2: Where was Nerva buried?

MAUSOLEUM OF AUGUSTUS

6:

TU: Translate the following sentence into English: *servus est maior quam equus*.

THE SLAVE/SERVANT IS BIGGER/LARGER THAN A HORSE

B1: Translate the following sentence into Latin: You (pl.) are braver than all the gladiators.

(VŌS) ESTIS FORTIŌRĒS QUAM OMNĒS GLADIĀTŌRĒS.

B2: Translate the following sentence into Latin: My brother was running very quickly.

MEUS FRĀTER CELERRIMĒ CURRĒBAT

7:

TU: Quid Anglicē significat: *portus*?

HARBOR

B1: Quid Anglicē significat: *porta*?

GATE

B2: Quid Anglicē significat: *porto*?

CARRY

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8:

TU: Whose great beauty was responsible for the launch of a thousand ships?

HELEN'S

B1: Who was her twin sister?

CLYTEMNESTRA

B2: Who were her twin brothers?

DIOSCURI/CASTOR AND POLLUX (POLYDEUCES)

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

TU: Identify the use of the ablative in the following sentence: *gladiātor magnā cum fortitūdine pugnābat.*

MANNER

B1:: *gladiātor cum multīs puellīs ambulābat.*

ACCOMPANIMENT

B2:: *gladiātor fortius servo pugnāvit.*

COMPARISON

10:

TU: Give the Latin term for the dividing wall around which chariots raced.

SPĪNA

B1: What were used to mark the number of laps during a chariot race?

EGGS & DOLPHINS / ŌVA ET DELPHĪNĪ

B2: What were the turning posts that marked the ends of the *spīna*?

MĒTAE

11:

TU: What son of Alcmene was known for his prodigious strength because his father was a god?

HERACLES/HERCULES

B1: What did the jealous Juno send to kill the infant Hercules in his cradle?

SNAKES

B2: What infant wailed in terror as baby Hercules strangled the two snakes?

IPHICLES (prompt on "his brother")

12:

TU: Listen to the following sentences, which I will read twice; then answer the question that follows in Latin:

ōlim multī nautae in agrīs labōrābant. subitō magnus leō ex silvā cucurrit et omnēs nautās terrēbat. nautae, quod erant perterritī, ē agrō ad villām celeriter festīnāvērunt. (repeat)

The question: *Ubi nautae labōrābant?*

IN AGRĪS

B1:: *unde magnus leō cucurrit?*

EX SILVĀ

B2:: *quō nautae festīnāvērunt postquam leō appāruit?*

AD VILLAM

[FINAL SCORE]

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EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Please give both the dative and accusative plural forms for the noun *pater*.
B1: Please give both the dative and accusative plural forms for the noun *nūntius*.
B2: Please give both the dative and accusative plural forms for the noun *nauta*.

PATRIBUS, PATRĒS
NŪNTIIS, NŪNTIŌS
NAUTĪS, NAUTĀS

HISTORY/CULTURE

- TU: What battle ended the Second Punic War?
B1: In what year did this battle take place?
B2: Who was the victor at the Battle of Zama?

ZAMA / NARAGGARA
202 BC
(P. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO AFRICANUS

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Name three of the children of Zeus and Hera.
B1: What was Hebe's job?
B2: Of what was Eileithyia in charge?

ARES, EILEITHYIA, HEBE, HEPHAESTUS
CUPBEARER OF THE GODS
CHILDBIRTH

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NOVICE DIVISION - ROUND II

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1:

TU: Complete this analogy: *laudō* : *laudāverāmus* :: *mittō* : _____.

MĪSERĀMUS

B1: Change *mīserāmus* to the passive.

MISSĪ (-AE, -A) ERĀMUS

B2: Change *missī erāmus* to the future.

MITTĒMUR

2:

TU: What battle in 260 BC was the first naval victory that the Romans had over the Carthaginians?

MYLAE

B1: What device allowed the Romans to win this battle?

CORVUS / CORVĪ / THE “RAVEN” /
BOARDING-BRIDGE (WITH A HOOK)

B2: Who was the Roman commander at the Battle of Mylae?

(C.) DUILIUS

3:

TU: What is the Latin word for “fire”?

IGNIS

B1: What is the Latin word for “ship”?

NAVIS

B2: Give the genitive plural for these two nouns

IGNIUM/NAVIUM

4:

TU: What son of Danae was fated to kill his grandfather?

PERSEUS

B1: Who was his grandfather?

ACRISIUS

B2: In what form did Zeus visit Danae in her underground chamber?

GOLDEN RAIN/SHOWER

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Which of the following, if any, does not belong because of derivation: *sumptuous*, *consumer*, *resume*, *summit*, *presumption*?

SUMMIT

B1: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive “*summit*”.

SUMMUS - HIGHEST

B2: Give the Latin root and its meaning for the other words in the toss-up.

SŪMŌ – TO TAKE, TAKE UP, USE, USE UP, BEGIN, ETC.

6:

TU: What kind of toga would a candidate for office wear?

TOGA CANDIDA

B1: Supporters would hold processions in the streets for their candidates. What were these supporters called?

FAUTŌRĒS

B2: What pair of elected officials supervised the public markets, the grain supply, and places of public entertainment?

AEDĪLĒS

7:

TU: Translate the following sentence into English: *multī agricolae ad urbem contendēbant*.

MANY FARMERS WERE HURRYING / USED TO HURRY / HURRIED
TO THE CITY

B1:: *servus fortis cum parvō puero prope silvam stābat*.

THE STRONG/BRAVE SLAVE WAS STANDING / USED TO STAND / STOOD WITH

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THE LITTLE/SMALL BOY NEAR THE FOREST/WOODS

B2:: *ille gladiātor diem nātālem in forō celebrābat.*

**THAT GLADIATOR WAS CELEBRATING / USED TO CELEBRATE / CELEBRATED (HIS)
BIRTHDAY IN THE FORUM/MARKETPLACE**

8:

TU: What two gods quarreled over the patronage for the city of Athens?

ATHENA AND POSEIDON

B1: What were the gifts that each offered?

OLIVE TREE AND SALTWATER SPRING / HORSE

B2: Who judged this contest between Athena and Poseidon?

CECROPS

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

TU: Translate into English the Latin motto for the state of Colorado - *Nīl Sine Nūmine.*

NOTHING WITHOUT DIVINE GUIDANCE/DIVINE WILL

B1: Translate into English the Latin motto for the state of Mississippi - *Virtūte Et Armīs*

BY VALOR AND ARMS

B2: Translate into English the Latin motto for the state of North Carolina - *Esse Quam Vidērī*

TO BE RATHER THAN TO SEEM

10:

TU: What nine-headed monster did Heracles slay in the swamps of Lerna?

HYDRA

B1: What animal did Hera send to distract Heracles while he was fighting the Hydra?

CRAB/ CANCER

B2: What did Heracles do to this crab?

KICKED IT INTO THE STARS

11:

TU: Complete the following analogy: *hic : horum :: idem : _____*

EORUNDEM

B1: Complete the following analogy: *hic : huic :: ego : _____*

MIHI

B2: Complete the following analogy: *hic : hos :: nos : _____*

NOS

12:

TU: Who became the first man to succeed his own father as emperor of Rome?

TITUS

B1: What city did Titus sack in 70 AD?

JERUSALEM

B2: What structure in Rome depicts scenes from the sack of Jerusalem?

ARCH OF TITUS

[FINAL SCORE]

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EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Give the Latin verb and its meaning from which the English word *tradition* is derived.
B1: Give the Latin noun and its meaning from which the English word *manipulate* is derived.
B2: Give the Latin adjective and its meaning from which the English word *veteran* is derived.

DO - GIVE
MANUS - HAND
VETUS - OLD

HISTORY/CULTURE

- TU: Name the emperors who immediately preceded and succeeded the emperor Tiberius. **AUGUSTUS – CALIGULA / GAIUS**
B1: On what island did Tiberius live during the last years of his reign? **CAPRI / CAPREAE**
B2: Name the praetorian prefect who had convinced Tiberius to retire to Capri. **SEJANUS**

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Name three of the children of Zeus and Hera.
B1: What was Hebe's job?
B2: Of what was Eileithyia in charge?

ARES, EILEITHYIA, HEBE, HEPHAESTUS
CUPBEARER OF THE GODS
CHILDBIRTH

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NOVICE DIVISION - ROUND III

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1:

TU: Give the Latin verb root and its meaning from which “*chant*” is derived.

CANŌ – TO SING

B1: Give the Latin verb root and its meaning from which “*miscreant*” is derived.

CRĒDŌ – TO BELIEVE

B2: Give the Latin verb root and its meaning from which “*besiege*” is derived.

SEDEŌ – TO SIT

2:

TU: What nymph ran away from Apollo because she had promised to remain a virgin?

DAPHNE

B1: Into what was she transformed?

A LAUREL TREE

B2: What god made Apollo fall in love with Daphne?

EROS/CUPID

3:

TU: What use of the genitive case can be found in the following sentence: *Marcus Pūblio nihil pecuniae dabit?*

PARTITIVE/WHOLE

B1: What use of the genitive case can be found in the following sentence: *Marcus Pūblio pecuniam sui amici dabit?*

POSSESSION

B2: What use of the genitive case can be found in the following sentence: *Marcus magnum amorem pecuniae habet?*

OBJECTIVE

4:

TU: What Roman commander, known as the “*Delayer*”, was called “*Hannibal’s lackey*” because he didn’t dare to confront the forces of Hannibal directly?

(Q.) FABIUS MAXIMUS (CUNCTATOR)

B1: After what battle was Fabius Maximus made dictātor to deal with Hannibal?

LAKE TRASIMENE

B2: In what year did the Battle of Lake Trasimene take place?

217 BC

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Differentiate in meaning between *tutus* and *stultus*.

TUTUS – SAFE / STULTUS – FOOLISH, STUPID

B1: Differentiate in meaning between *tum* and *dum*.

TUM – THEN / DUM – WHILE, UNTIL

B2: Differentiate in meaning between *rēs* and *spēs*.

RĒS – THING, MANNER, CIRCUMSTANCE / SPĒS– HOPE

6:

TU: What Trojan visited his wife and son on the walls of the city, only to have his son cry at the sight of his father’s helmet?

HECTOR

B1: Who was the wife of Hector?

ANDROMACHE

B2: Who was his son?

ASTYANAX / SCAMANDRIUS

7:

TU: What philosopher was the tutor of Nero?

SENECA THE YOUNGER

B1: Name the praetorian prefect who helped Seneca the Younger keep Nero under control.

BURRUS

B2: Name the mother of Nero who relied on Seneca and Burrus to keep Nero under control.

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8:

TU: Please translate into English: *Mea mater semper cēnam pessimam parābat.*

**MY MOTHER WAS ALWAYS PREPARING/PREPARED
A VERY BAD / THE WORST DINNER**

B1: Please translate into English: *Mea mater semper cēnam quam celerrimē parābat.*

**MY MOTHER WAS ALWAYS PREPARING/PREPARED
DINNER AS QUICKLY/FAST AS POSSIBLE**

B2: Please translate into English: *Mea mater semper cēnam celerius quam tuus parābat.*

**MY MOTHER WAS ALWAYS PREPARING/PREPARED
DINNER MORE QUICKLY THAN YOURS (YOUR MOTHER)**

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

TU: What daughter of Icarius was the long-suffering wife of Odysseus?

PENELOPE

B1: Who was Odysseus's mother?

ANTICLEIA

B2: Who was Odysseus's father?

LAERTES

10:

TU: What was the heating system for the baths called?

HYPOCAUST / HYPOCAUSTUM

B1: What was the cold bath called?

FRIGIDĀRIUM

B2: What was the warm bath called?

TEPIDĀRIUM

11:

TU: Give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective *nobilis*.

NOBILIOR (NOBILIUS), NOBILISSIMUS

B1: ... *facilis*.

FACILIOR (FACILIUS), FACILLIMUS

B2: ... *bonus*.

MELIOR (MELIUS), OPTIMUS

12:

TU: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive "*adjacent*".

IACEŌ – TO LIE (DOWN)

B1: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive "*ameliorate*".

BONUS - GOOD

B2: Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive "*sedition*".

EŌ – TO GO

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Which of the following, if any, is not from the same Latin root as the others: consent, sensational, resentment, extrasensory
NONE, ALL FROM SAME ROOT
- B1: What Latin word with what meaning is at the root of all of the words in the tossup? **SENTIO- TO FEEL, REALIZE**
- B2: What derivative of *sentio* means “given to gratification of the senses”? **SENSUAL**

HISTORY/CULTURE

- TU: In total, how many senators were there at one time? **600**
- B1: Where in the Forum did the senators meet? **IN THE CURIA**
- B2: What office must one have held before becoming a senator? **QUAESTOR**

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: How did Penelope fool her suitors into giving her more time? **SHE UNWOVE A TAPESTRY
EVERY NIGHT THAT SHE WOVE EVERY DAY**
- B1: While Penelope was stuck with her suitors Telemachus left the country for news about his father. Whom did he visit first? **NESTOR**
- B2: Whom did he visit next? **MENELAUS**

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NOVICE DIVISION - ROUND IV

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1:

TU: Who became the first emperor to commit suicide when he killed himself in 68 AD?

NERO

B1: What event in 64 AD allowed Nero to build a new palace for himself?

(GREAT) FIRE (OF ROME)

B2: Give the Latin name of this palace.

DOMUS AUREA

2:

TU: Consider the following abbreviations: prn., dsp., viz, q.v., and n.b. Which abbreviation should be used when a teacher wants a student to pay special attention to certain details?

N.B.

B1: Which abbreviation should be used on prescriptions?

PRN.

B2: Which abbreviation should be used on a tombstone?

DSP

3:

TU: Please listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice; then answer the question that follows in English:

duo agricolae per viās currēbant. subitō, suos inimicōs vidērunt. ūnus ēx agricolarum clāmāvit, “ecce! inimīci nostri stulti adsunt.” inimīcī, postquam eos audīvērunt, duo ingentes lapides iecērunt et agricolas pepulērunt. (repeat)

The question: What were the merchants doing when they saw two enemies?

RUNNING THROUGH THE STREETS

B1: Who hurled the first insult?

ONE OF THE FARMERS

B2: What did the enemies do in response to the insult?

THREW STONES AT THE FARMERS

4:

TU: Which deity did Pentheus offend?

BACCHUS

B1: Which deity did Arachne offend?

MINERVA

B2: Which deity did Erysichthon offend?

CERES

[SCORE CHECK]

5:

TU: Where were tombs often found in the Roman world?

ALONG ROADS OUTSIDE OF CITY

B1: What was the favorite drink of the dead?

BLOOD

B2: What was often used as substitute for blood?

WINE

6:

TU: What Latin motto would a tourist shout in New York?

EXCELSIOR

B1: What Latin motto would a tourist shout in Maine?

DĪRIGŌ

B2: What Latin motto would a tourist shout in Arkansas?

RĒGNAT POPULUS

7:

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NOVICE DIVISION - ROUND IV

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TU: Please give the accusative singular and plural forms for *homō*.

HOMINEM & HOMINĒS

B1: Please give the accusative singular and plural forms for *fluctus*.

FLUCTUM & FLUCTŪS

B2: Please give the accusative singular and plural forms for *mare*.

MARE & MARIA

8:

TU: Complete the following analogy. Theseus : Hippolytus :: Achilles : _____

NEOPTOLEMUS/PYRRHUS

B1: Complete the following analogy. Achilles : Briseis :: Agamemnon : _____

CHRYSEIS

B2: Complete the following analogy. Agamemnon : Atreus :: Theseus : _____

AEGEUS

[SCORE CHECK]

9:

TU: Who, at the request of his mother and wife, stopped his attack on Rome?

CORIOLANUS

B1: Name the mother and wife of Coriolanus.

VETURIA – MOTHER / VOLUMNIA - WIFE

B2: What group of enemy people did Coriolanus lead to the gates of Rome?

VOLSCI(ANS)

10:

TU: What English word, derived from the Latin word for “flame”, means “highly ornate or tending to attract attention because of confidence and stylishness.”

FLAMBOYANT

B1: What English word derived from the Latin word for “ground” that means “to place a body in a grave or tomb”

INTER

B2: What English word derived from the Latin verb meaning “to feel” means “a premonition”?

PRESENTIMENT

11:

TU: Please complete the following analogy: *laudō* : *laudābātur* :: *moneō* : _____.

MONĒBĀTUR

B1: Change *monēbātur* to the future.

MONĒBITUR

B2: Change *monēbitur* to the 2nd person.

MONĒBERIS

12:

TU: To whom did Hera give birth in retaliation for Athena’s birth?

HEPHAESTUS

B1: On what island did Hephaestus land after Hera threw him down from Mt. Olympus?

LEMNOS

B2: What “gift” did he make for his mother in retaliation for her mistreatment of him?

SANDALS / A THRONE

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE SKILLS

- TU: Make "eadem pars" plural.
B1: Make "eadem partes" ablative.
B2: Make "eisdem/isdem partibus" genitive singular.

EAEDem PARTES
EISDEM/ISDEM PARTIBUS
EIUSDEM PARTIS

HISTORY/CULTURE

- TU: How many emperors ruled in the year 69 A.D.?
B1: Which of these emperors was known for his extravagance?
B2: Where were two battles fought between rival claimants for the throne in 69 AD?

FOUR
VITELLIUS
CREMONA(Bediracum)

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: What queen arrogantly boasted that her 14 children made her superior to the goddess Leto?
B1: What two children of Leto slew Niobe's children to avenge their mother?
B2: Into what was Niobe transformed as she wept over her children?

NIOBE
APOLLO & ARTEMIS
STONE/STATUE

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NOVICE DIVISION - FINALS

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1:

TU: To whom did Meleager give the trophy of the Calydonian boar hunt?

ATALANTA

B1: Who objected to this and were killed by Meleager as a result?

HIS UNCLES (TOXEUS & PLEXIPPUS)

B2: Angered by the death of her brothers, what did Meleager's mother throw into a fire that killed him?

A LOG

2:

TU: Translate the verb form *portāverāmus*.

WE HAD CARRIED

B1: Change the verb form *portāverāmus* to the future perfect and translate that verb form.

PORTĀVERIMUS – WE WILL HAVE CARRIED

B2: Change *portāverimus* to the future tense and translate that verb form.

PORTĀBIMUS – WE WILL CARRY

3:

TU: How many times did chariots race around in the Circus?

SEVEN

B1: Give the Latin terms for the four colors that represented the original chariot racing *factiōnēs*.

RUSSĀTA, ALBĀTA, PRASINA, VENĒTA

B2: Which emperor added the *aurāta* and *purpurea*?

DOMITIAN

4:

TU: Which of the following, if any, is not from the same Latin root as the others: *centrifuge*, *fugitive*, *fugue*, *refugee*, *effulgent*?

EFFULGENT

B1: What Latin word with what meaning is at the root of all of the other words?

FUGIŌ - FLEE

B2: What Latin word with what meaning is at the root of “*effulgent*”?

FULGEŌ – TO SHINE

5:

TU: Quid Anglicē significat: *iam*?

NOW, ALREADY

B1: Quid Anglicē significat: *numquam*?

NEVER

B2: Quid Anglicē significat: *non iam*?

NO LONGER

[SCORE CHECK]

6:

TU: What Colchian priestess aided Jason to get the Golden Fleece?

MEDEA

B1: Whom did Medea murder by tricking his daughters into killing them?

PELIAS

B2: Whom did Medea married after she was abandoned by Jason?

AEGEUS

7:

TU: Who was a *lanista*?

GLADIATOR TRAINER / OWNER OF GLADIATOR SCHOOL

B1: What Latin term refers to the wooden sword that was given to a gladiator as a symbol of his freedom?

RŪDIS

B2: What type of gladiator fought blindly because their helmets had no eye-holes?

ANDABĀTA

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8:

TU: What battle in 295 BC was the decisive battle of the Third Samnite War?

SENTINUM

B1: What Roman cōnsul “devoted” himself at this battle?

DECIUS MUS

B2: What other Roman cōnsul was able to rally the Roman troops and defeat the Samnites after the **dēvōtiō** of Decius Mus?

(FABIUS) RULLIANUS

9:

TU: What is the English meaning of the motto of Brooklyn College “*nīl sine magnō labōre*”?

NOTHING WITHOUT GREAT EFFORT (WORK)

B1: What is the English meaning of the motto of the University of Michigan “*artēs, scientia, veritās*”?

THE ARTS, KNOWLEDGE, TRUTH

B2: What is the English meaning of the motto of Tulane University “*nōn sibi sed suīs*”

NOT FOR HERSELF/HIMSELF/ONESELF, BUT FOR HER/HIS/ONE’S OWN

10:

TU: On the voyage of the Argo, what Thracian musician kept time for the oarsmen?

ORPHEUS

B1: What monsters did Orpheus help the Argonauts overcome?

SIRENS

B2: How did he do this?

HE OUTSANG THEM/HE PLAYED HIS LYRE

[SCORE CHECK]

11:

TU: Which of the Five Good Emperors celebrated the 900th anniversary of the founding of Rome?

ANTONINUS PIUS

B1: Who was the wife of Antoninus Pius?

FAUSTINA MAIOR

B2: What had Antoninus done to be given the nickname Pius?

CONVINCED THE SENATE TO DEIFY HADRIAN

12:

TU: Please give the comparative and superlative forms for the adjective *magnus*.

MAIOR, MAXIMUS

B1: ... *malus*.

PEIUS, PESSIMUS

B2: ... *parvus*.

MINOR, MINIMUS

13:

TU: Translate the following sentence into Latin: The sad children walked into the bedroom.

TRISTES/MISERI LIBERI AMBULĀVĒRUNT/AMBULABANT
IN CAMERAM/IN CUBICULUM

B1: Now translate this sentence into Latin: *The sad children do not wish to sleep.*

TRISTES LIBERI DORMIRE NON CUIPIVERUNT/VOLUNT

B2: Now translate into Latin: *The children’s mother ordered them to listen.*

LIBERORUM MATER EOS AUDIRE IUSSIT

14:

TU: Distinguish in meaning between *laudo* and *claudio*.

LAUDO – PRAISE / CLAUDIO – CLOSE

B1: Distinguish in meaning between *novus* and *notus*?

NOVICE – NEW, STRANGE / NOTUS – (WELL) KNOWN

B2: Distinguish in meaning between *cor* and *cūr*.

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COR - HEART / CUR - WHY

15:

TU: Name the sister of Phrixus who died when she fell off the golden ram.

HELLE

B1: Name the wife of Admetus who was saved from death by Heracles.

ALCESTIS

B2: Name the husband of Eos who was granted eternal life but not eternal youth.

TITHONUS

[SCORE CHECK]

16:

TU: Identify the use of the accusative in the following sentence: *Legatus putat suam urbem a hoste vicisse.*

SUBJECT (OF INDIRECT STATEMENT)

B1: Identify the use of the dative in the following sentence: *Mei oculi simillimi tuis sunt.*

(SPECIAL) ADJECTIVES

B2: Identify the use of the ablative in the following sentence: *Illi liberi celeriores pedibus sunt.*

RESPECT/SPECIFICATION

17:

TU: What hundred-eyed giant was sent by Hera to guard a cow?

ARGUS

B1: Who was this cow?

IO

B2: What god killed the Argus?

HERMES

18:

TU: Who was the first emperor to suffer the *damnātiō memoriae*?

DOMITIAN

B1: What was a *damnātiō memoriae*?

THE PERSON'S NAME IS REMOVED FROM ALL PUBLIC RECORDS

B2: Domitian gained lots of self-satisfaction when the senators addressed him with what title?

DOMINUS ET DEUS

19:

TU: Give the Latin word and its meaning from which all of the following are derived: *pioneer, peon, piedmont, pedicure.*

PĒS - FOOT

B1: Give the Latin verb and its definition at the root of the English word "futuristic"

SUM, ESSE – TO BE

B2: Give a derivative of "sum, esse" that means "the state or fact of existing, occurring, or being in a place or thing"

PRESENCE

[SCORE CHECK]

20:

TU: Please translate this sentence into Latin: The boys have been praised by the citizens in the forum.

PUERĪ Ā CĪVIBUS IN FORŌ LAUDĀTĪ SUNT

B1: Please translate this sentence into Latin using a dative of possession construction: I have two eyes.

DUO OCULĪ MIHI SUNT

B2: Please translate this sentence into Latin: We traveled to Rome from Athens in five days.

RŌMAM ATHĒNĪS QUĪNQUE DIĒBUS ITER FĒCIMUS / FACIĒBĀMUS

[FINAL SCORE]

EXTRA QUESTIONS

HISTORY/CULTURE

- TU: What 4th century Roman emperor, known as the apostate, attempted to re-install paganism as the official religion of the Roman Empire?
JULIAN
- B1: Who was the first emperor to adopt Christianity?
CONSTANTINE I (THE GREAT)
- B2: When did Constantine die?
337 A.D.
- TU: What Roman general famously mistreated the Sacred Chickens before the battle of Drepana in 249 B.C?
CLAUDIUS PULCHER
- B1: Near what large Mediterranean Island did this battle take place?
SICILY
- B2: During what conflict did this battle take place?
THE FIRST PUNIC WAR

LANGUAGE

- TU: From what Latin adjective with what meaning are the following words derived? *cute, vinegar, acrid*.
ACER – BITTER, SHARP
- B1: From what Latin adjective with what meaning are the following derived? *iniquity, adequate, equinox*.
AEQUUS - EQUAL
- B2: From what Latin adjective with what meaning are the following derived? *couple, coapt, apt*.
APTUS – SUITABLE
- TU: TU: What Latin motto would a Roman collegian shout if he were to visit the campus of the University of Washington?
LŪX SIT
- B1: What Latin motto would a Roman collegian shout if he were to visit the campus of New York University?
PERSTĀRE ET PRAESTĀRE
- B2: What Latin motto would a Roman collegian shout if he were to visit the campus of Columbia University?
IN LŪMINE TUŌ VIDĒBIMUS LŪMEN

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Attending the funeral of his father-in-law Catreus, whose absence allowed Paris to easily seduce his wife Helen?
MENELAUS
- B1: Paris got Helen as prize for choosing Aphrodite as the fairest. Where was Paris when this contest was conducted?
MT. IDA
- B2: Who was originally asked to be the judge of this beauty contest?
ZEUS
- TU: Who spontaneously burst into flames when she was granted her wish of seeing Zeus in her true form?
SEMELE
- B1: What goddess disguised as the old nurse Beroe and tricked Semele into asking for this?
HERA
- B2: What child was born after Zeus snatched it from Semele's womb and sowed it into his thigh?
DIONYSUS