

2001 NJCL CERTAMEN -- LOWER DIVISION -- ROUND ONE

1. You are sitting in an ancient Roman restaurant. A waiter comes up to you and asks “**Quid vīs potāre?**” What does the waiter want to know? **WHAT YOU WANT TO DRINK**
After bringing you something to drink, you tell the waiter “**Fer ad me aliquid pānis!**”
What are you telling the waiter? **TO BRING YOU (SOME) BREAD**
The waiter then responds, “**Feram cibum quam celerrimē.**” What is he telling you?
THAT HE’S BRINGING / WILL BRING THE FOOD AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE / FAST
2. What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean “in secret” or “secretly?” **SUB ROSĀ**
What Latin phrase is commonly used in English to mean “an indispensable/necessary condition?” **(CAUSA) SINE QUĀ NŌN**
What Latin phrase and state motto is commonly used in English to mean “let military power yield to civilian authority?” **CĒDANT ARMA TOGAE**
3. Who produced Gaea, Tartarus, Eros, Erebus, and Nyx? **CHAOS**
Which of those offspring in later literature was NOT Chaos' child? **EROS**
Who was the mother of Eros in later myths? **APHRODITE OR EILEITHYIA**
4. Who took refuge at Caere in Etruria after he and his sons were banished from Rome in 510 BC? **(L.) TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS**
With what king of Clusium did Superbus next seek refuge? **(LARS) PORSENA**
Whose courage supposedly convinced Porsena to stop his siege of Rome and make peace? **(C.) MUCIUS SCAEVOLA’S / MUCIUS’ / SCAEVOLA’S**
5. Change the phrase **fēmina celeris** to the genitive singular. **FĒMINAE CELERIS**
Change **fēminae celeris** to the genitive plural. **FĒMINĀRUM CELERIUM**
Change **fēminārum celerium** to the nominative plural. **FĒMINAE CELERĒS**
6. Which of the following nouns, if any, does NOT belong because of gender:
urbs, imāgō, plēbs, pēs, pietās? PĒS
... mare, serpēns, nihil, lītus, cōr? SERPĒNS
What is the name for nouns such as **locus** and **balneum** that vary in gender?
HETEROGENEOUS
7. Which of the Julio-Claudian emperors was the youngest son of Drusus and Antonia the Younger? **(TIBERIUS) CLAUDIUS (DRUSUS NERO)**
What group first proclaimed Claudius emperor in January, AD 41?
PRAETORIAN GUARD
Name Claudius’ nephew who had just been assassinated by a member of the Guard.
GAIUS (CALIGULA) / CALIGULA
8. Whose flesh melted off her bones when she put on a cloak sent to her by Medea?
GLAUCE / CREUSA
Who was Glaucē's father? **CREON**
In which city did they live? **CORINTH**

9. Whose army, composed mostly of slaves, preferred to continue to plunder Italy rather than seek freedom beyond its borders? **SPARTACUS'**
 From what general did Pompey try to steal the credit for the defeat of Spartacus in 71 B.C.? (M. LICINIUS) **CRASSUS**
 Along what road did Crassus crucify 6,000 captured slaves to demonstrate that he, not Pompey, was responsible for Spartacus' defeat? **VIA APPIA / APPIAN WAY**
10. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it:
Domus Rōmāna est omnis dīvīsa in partēs trēs. Quārum prīma appellātur ātrium. In mediō tectō huius partis, lūcis et āeris causā, apertum spatium situm est. Pluvia per eum spatium in impluvium dēscendit.
Quod nōmen datum est prīmae partī domūs Rōmānae? ĀTRIUM
Ubi apertum spatium situm est? IN (MEDIŌ) TECTŌ (HUIUS PARTIS / ĀTRIŪ) SUPER (or SUPRĀ) IMPLUVIUM
Quid in impluvium dēscendit? PLUVIA /AQUA / IMBER / NIMBUS
11. What use of the dative case is found in the following Latin sentence:
Urbs mihi regnanda est? AGENCY
... canis mihi nōn est? POSSESSION
 Using the dative, say in Latin "This dog is a great help to me." **IS / EA or HIC / HAEC CANIS MIHI EST MAGNŌ AUXILIŌ / SUBSIDIŌ / ŪSUŪ or MAGNAE OPĪ**
12. What Amazon queen aided the Trojans? **PENTHESILEA**
 Penthesilea helped the Trojans because King Priam had purified her for the murder of which other Amazon? **HIPPOLYTA/MELANIPPE/GLAUCE**
 What Greek fell in love with Penthesilea's corpse? **ACHILLES**
13. Give a Latin synonym of the verb **vereor**. **TIMEŌ, METUŌ, (EX- PER-)-TIMESCŌ**
 ... of the verb **arbitror?** **PUTŌ, EXISTIMŌ, REOR, OPĪNOR, CENSEŌ, COGITŌ, CRĒDŌ**
 (If given, explain to students semantic difference between **cogitŌ / crēdŌ** and **arbitror**)
 ... of the verb **ēgredior?** **EXEŌ, (DIS- EX-)-CĒDŌ, ĒMIGRŌ, ĒVĀDŌ**
14. What emperor said "Go to the rising sun; my sun is setting." as he was dying in A.D. 180? **MARCUS AURELIUS**
 What Germanic tribe was Aurelius about to defeat after a long series of wars when he died in 180? **MARCO(M)MANNI**
 Who was Aurelius' heir who bought peace from the Marcomanni so that he could return to the pleasures of Rome? **(HIS SON) COMMODUS**
15. What do we call the daughters of Atlas and Pleione? **PLEIADES (OR HYADES)**
 How many Pleiades were there? **SEVEN**
 They were turned into stars to escape what hunter, who still pursues them in the heavens? **ORION**

- 16A. Of the Labors of Heracles, which is usually listed as the last? **FETCHING CERBERUS**
 (HANDOUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM)
 Which letter or letters indicate labors which involved Heracles' bringing back an animal alive? **C & D**
 In the picture labeled "D", who is the gentleman at the bottom of the picture with his hands outstretched? **EURYSTHEUS**
- 16B. Of the Labors of Heracles, which is usually listed as the last? **FETCHING CERBERUS**
 Name two other labors in which Heracles had to bring back an animal alive. (5 points each)
CRETAN BULL, MARES OF DIOMEDES, CATTLE OF GERYON, ERYMANTHIAN BOAR, CERYNEIAN HIND
17. Change the verb **mittēbāmur** to the singular. **MITTĒBAR**
 Change **mittēbar** to the future. **MITTAR**
 Change **mittar** to future plural. **MITTĒMUR**
18. Translate the following sentence into English as literally as possible:
Dominus, postquam cibum gustāvit, coquum laudāvit.
AFTER HE TASTED THE FOOD, THE MASTER PRAISED THE COOK
 (accept variations of placement of "he" and "master")
Dum canis dormit, fēlēs avem cōsūmpsit.
WHILE THE DOG WAS SLEEPING / SLEPT, THE CAT ATE THE BIRD.
Cum patrem meum vīderō, eum pecūniam rogābō.
WHEN I SEE / WILL HAVE SEEN / SHALL HAVE
SEEN MY FATHER, I WILL ASK HIM FOR MONEY.
19. What derivative of the Latin noun **modus** means "an article of commerce?"
COMMODITY
 . . . means "a small alteration?" **MODIFICATION, ACCOMMODATION**
 . . . means "chamber pot?" **COMMODE**
20. At what temple did a triumphal procession end?
TEMPLE OF JUPITER CAPITOLINUS / CAPITOLINE JUPITER /
JUPITER OPTIMUS MAXIMUS
 What did the triumphant general sacrifice to Jupiter?
WHITE BULL(S)/OX(EN)/COW(S) (WITH GILDED HORNS)
 ("Cow" is acceptable in English as a gender-neutral word)
 What was usually the last activity of a triumph? **BANQUET/FEAST**

2001 NJCL CERTAMEN -- LOWER DIVISION -- ROUND TWO

1. What Greek leader enraged Apollo when he took Chryseis as his concubine? AGAMEMNON
When the other Greek leaders forced Agamemnon to give up Chryseis, whose concubine
did he then take as his own? ACHILLES'
What was her name? BRISEIS
2. With what signal did a wounded or defeated gladiator appeal for mercy? RAISED (FORE)FINGER
What was the signal that mercy should be given to the appealing gladiator?
WAVING OF HANDKERCHIEF(S)
What is the Latin term for such mercy? MISSIO/MISSUS
3. Who was only nine years old when his father had him swear eternal hostility to Rome? HANNIBAL
Who was Hannibal's father? HAMILCAR (BARCA)
In what year did Hannibal and his army invade northern Italy? 218 BC
4. Change the verb **ferimus** (FER-imus) to the perfect tense.
TULIMUS
Change **tulimus** to the passive. LĀTĪ / -AE / -A SUMUS
Make **ferō** a future active infinitive. LĀTŪRUS / -UM / -A / -AM / -ŌS / -ĀS ESSE
5. Translate the following sentence into English: **Dictātor summam potestātem obtinuit.**
THE DICTATOR OBTAINED / PRESERVED / MAINTAINED
THE GREATEST / HIGHEST POWER
... **Rēs pūblica Rōmānīs servanda est.**
THE ROMANS MUST GUARD THE REPUBLIC / STATE / COUNTRY
or THE REPUBLIC / STATE / COUNTRY MUST BE GUARDED BY THE ROMANS
... **Cēnsōrēs novī tribus annīs nōminābuntur.**
NEW CENSORS WILL BE NAMED / NOMINATED (WITH)IN THREE YEARS
6. Melampus, Ichnobates, and Laelaps were among the many dogs which accompanied what
ill-fated hunter? ACTAEON
Actaeon was definitely ill-fated because he stumbled upon what forbidden sight?
DIANA/ ARTEMIS BATHING
What metamorphosis overcame him and was the cause of his death?
TURNED INTO A STAG
7. What structure was begun after Hadrian's visit to Britain in A.D. 122?
(STONE) WALL (FROM TYNE TO SOLWAY)
How did the Romans make the wall more defensible on the north side?
FOSSA / LARGE V-SHAPED DITCH
What emperor rebuilt the wall 85 years later? SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
8. **Quid Anglicē significat "aliquandō"?** SOMETIMES / AT ANY TIME / EVER
Quid Anglicē significat "aliquid"? SOMETHING / SOME / A LITTLE BIT
Quid Anglicē significat "aliter"? OTHERWISE / ANY OTHER WAY / ELSE

9. What English derivative of the Latin verb **bibō, bibere** means “to drink in or absorb?” IMBIBE
 . . . means “given to drink?” BIBULOUS
 . . . means “any one of various liquids for drinking?” BEVERAGE
- 10A. Translate into English: **Prīmā lūce, peditēs Rōmānī impetum in hostēs fēcērunt.**
 AT DAWN, THE ROMAN FOOT SOLDIERS
 MADE AN ATTACK AGAINST / ATTACKED THE ENEMY / ENEMIES
 (HANDOUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM)
 What is the letter of the picture described by the following sentence:
Militēs in fugam hōstēs dedērunt? B
 . . . **Lēgātus ōrātiōnem habuit?** F
- 10B. Translate into English: **Prīmā lūce, peditēs Rōmānī impetum in hostēs fēcērunt.**
 AT DAWN, THE ROMAN FOOT SOLDIERS
 MADE AN ATTACK AGAINST / ATTACKED THE ENEMY / ENEMIES
 Translate into English: **Militēs in fugam hōstēs dedērunt.**
 THE SOLDIERS PUT THE ENEMIES/ENEMY TO FLIGHT
 . . . **Lēgātus ōrātiōnem habuit.** THE ENVOY/LEGATE/AMBASSADOR MADE A SPEECH
11. What bribe did Juno use to induce Aeolus to send his winds against Aeneas' fleet?
 A NYMPH / DEIOPEIA / THAT HE WILL HAVE BEAUTIFUL OFFSPRING
 What land was Aeneas' fleet leaving when the storm hit? SICILY
 How many of Aeneas' ships were destroyed in the storm? ONE
12. What two successful Roman generals were rivals for the command against Mithridates of
 Pontus in 88 B.C.? (C.) MARIUS and (L. CORNELIUS) SULLA
 Name the tribune who had the **concilium plebis** transfer the command from Sulla to
 Marius? (P. SULPICIUS) RUFUS
 How did Sulla get back the command? MARCHED ON ROME WITH HIS ARMY
13. Give the form of the comparative of the adjective **bonus** that agrees with the noun form
ālārū? MELIŌRUM
 Give the form of the comparative of the adjective **parvus** that agrees with the noun form
animālia? MINŌRA
 Give the form of the comparative of the adjective **malus** that agrees with the noun form
os? PEIUS
14. What two uses of the ablative case are found in the following Latin sentence:
Publius ā frātre iaculō interfectus est? AGENCY & MEANS
 . . . **Hōc annō Caesar magnā vī necātus est?** TIME (WHEN) & MANNER
 . . . **Puer statuam magnā pulchritūdine decem sestertīis vēndidit?**
 QUALITY / DESCRIPTION & (SPECIFIC / DEFINITE) PRICE

15. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it:
Bellis cīvilibus cōfectīs, sine morā Caesar rem pūblicam ōrdināre incēpit. Fastōs corrēxit atque annum ad cursum sōlis accommodāvit, ut trecentī sexāgintā quīnque diēs per annum essent et, haud necessariō mēse remōtō, ūnus diēs quārtō quōque annō adderētur.
- Quid Caesar accomodāvit ad cursum sōlis? ANNUM / FASTŌS / KALENDĀRIUM**
Quid Caesar cōnfēcīt antequam rem pūblicam ōrdināre inciperet? BELLA CĪVĪLIA
Quid Caesar addidit quārtō quōque annō? ŪNUM DIEM
16. Which one of the Argonauts became the father of Achilles? PELEUS
Which of the Argonauts was later considered the wisest Greek at Troy? NESTOR
Which of the Argonauts was the father of the Greek hero Ajax? TELAMON
17. Translate into English the motto of the state of Alabama: **Audēmus iūra nostra dēfendere.**
WE DARE TO DEFEND/MAINTAIN OUR RIGHTS
... the motto of the state of Oregon: **Ālis volat propriūs.** IT FLIES ON ITS OWN (WINGS)
(accept any 3rd person pronoun)
... the motto of the state of Colorado: **Nīl sine nūmine.**
NOTHING WITHOUT DIVINE POWER / GUIDANCE / WILL
18. What city, located in the instep of the boot of Italy, invited king Pyrrhus to invade Italy? TARENTUM
What Greek city-state, noted for its superb military, had founded Tarentum as a colony? SPARTA
What political partnership was renewed at Tarentum in 37 BC? SECOND TRIUMVIRATE
19. When you are recognized by the spotter, follow this direction: **Surge et prōgredere**
STUDENT SHOULD STAND A WALK IN SOME DIRECTION
... **Bis surge et cōnsīde.** ONE STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND SIT TWICE
... **Surgite et plaudite quietē.**
MORE THAN ONE STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND SILENTLY APPLAUD
20. Who, as a result of a childhood encounter with a wild boar's tusk, had a scar from a deep gash in his thigh? ULYSSES/ODYSSEUS
Who recognized that scar when Odysseus finally returned to Ithaca ten years after the Trojan War? (HIS NURSE) EURYCLEIA
After Odysseus had slain Penelope's suitors, what did he command Eurycleia to tell him?
WHICH MAIDSERVANTS HAD DISHONORED HIM/
CONSORTED WITH THE SUITORS

2001 NJCL CERTAMEN -- LOWER DIVISION -- ROUND THREE

1. Give the nominative plural masculine of the present participle of the verb **accipiō**.
ACCIPIENTĒS
Change **accipientēs** to perfect passive. **ACCEPTĪ**
Change **acceptī** to the future. **ACCIPIENDĪ**
2. Who was sent with a new army in 198 B.C. to take over the war against Philip V of Macedonia? (TITUS QUINCTIUS) FLAMININUS
At what battle in Thessaly did Flamininus defeat Philip and destroy his army?
CYNOSCEPHALAE
At what event did Flamininus proclaim the freedom and independence of Greece?
ISTHMIAN GAMES (AT CORINTH)
3. What derivative of the Latin verb **cumbō, cumbere** means “to give up or yield?” **SUCCUMB**
... means “currently holding a specified office?” **INCUMBENT**
... means “lying down; reclining?” **RECUMBENT**
4. **Dēscrībāmus nunc proprietātēs dictionum in hāc sententiā: “vēnī, vīdī, vīcī”. Quae pars ōrātiōnis est “vēnī”? VERBUM**
“Vīcī”, dīc persōnam tertiam singulārem. VĪCIT
“Vīdī”, cuius coniūgātiōnis est? SECUNDAE
5. Translate the following sentence into Latin using a subjunctive purpose clause: I have come to see him. **VĒNĪ UT EUM / HUNC / ILLUM VIDĒREM / VIDEAM**
Translate it again using a genitive gerundive.
VĒNĪ EIUS / HUIUS / ILLIUS VIDENDĪ CAUSĀ / GRĀTIĀ
Translate it again using a supine. **VĒNĪ EUM / HUNC / ILLUM VĪSUM**
6. Who told Althaea that her son would die when the log which was then on the fire was reduced to ashes? THE FATES (specifically ATROPOS)
Who was Meleager's father? OENEUS
What adventure did Meleager join at such a young age that his father sent along a guardian? ARGONAUTS' FLEECE SEARCH
7. Who was the emperor in the West while his brother Arcadius was the emperor in the East? HONORIUS
Who was the father of Arcadius and Honorius who had divided the empire between them? THEODOSIUS (I or MAGNUS)
What order had Theodosius issued concerning pagan temples? ALL MUST BE CLOSED
8. What form of the adjective **pār** agrees with the noun form **cōpiam**? **PAREM**
What form of the adjective **pār** agrees with the noun form **itinere**? **PARĪ**
What form of the adjective **pār** agrees with the noun form **genera**? **PARIA**
9. Give a Latin synonym for the verb **edō**.
COMEDŌ, MANDŪCŌ, VESCOR, (DĒ)VORŌ, CĒNŌ, CŌNSŪMŌ
... for the verb **trādō**. **DŌ, DŌNŌ, TRIBUŌ, CĒDŌ**

... for the verb **nōminō**.

APPELLŌ, DĪCŌ, NUNCUPŌ, VOCŌ

- 10A. Who was the father of Aeneas? **ANCHISES**
(HANDOUT THE VISUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE TEAM)
Which letter on this map represents the location where Anchises' funeral games were celebrated? **C**
Whom did Aeneas consult at the location marked with the letter "A"?
DEIPHOBĒ / CUMAEAN SIBYL / CUMAEAN PRIESTESS or ANCHISES
- 10B. Who was the father of Aeneas? **ANCHISES**
On what island were the funeral games of Anchises held?
SICILY
Whom did Aeneas consult at Cumae in Italy? **THE SIBYL OF APOLLO / DEIPHOBĒ**
11. What Latin maxim and state motto is equivalent in meaning to "While there's life, there's hope?" **DUM SPĪRŌ, SPĒRŌ**
What Latin maxim is equivalent in meaning to "I'll scratch your back if you scratch mine?"
MANUS MANUM LAVAT / QUID PRŌ QUŌ
What Latin maxim is equivalent in meaning to "there's no accounting for taste?"
DĒ GUSTIBUS NŌN (EST) DISPUTANDUM
12. What Latin word or words would be required to introduce the dependent subjunctive clause in the following sentence: Caesar ordered his men not to pitch camp. **NĒ**
... "It happened that the men were not armed."? **UT (NŌN)**
Explain why no Latin word is used to introduce the dependent clause in this sentence:
"Caesar does not think that he will win the war." **IT IS AN INDIRECT STATEMENT / INDIRECT DISCOURSE** (prompt if "IT IS NOT A SUBJUNCTIVE CLAUSE" is given)
13. What son of the Titan Iapetus was the father of Calypso? **ATLAS**
What son of the Titan Hyperion was the father of Circe? **HELIUS**
What son of the Titan Cronus was the father of Polyphemus? **POSEIDON**
14. Who built a double-ring wall around Numantia in order to starve the town into unconditional surrender in 133 B.C.? (P. CORNELIUS) **SCIPIO AEMILIANUS / AFRICANUS MINOR**
(If "Scipio Africanus" is given, do not prompt and count it as wrong)
Name Aemilianus' cousin who as a tribune was proposing land reform back home in Rome. **TIBERIUS (SEMPRONIUS) GRACCHUS**
In what campaign had Tiberius served in Aemilianus' army? **SIEGE OF CARTHAGE**
15. What structure in Rome could hold approximately 250,000 people? **CIRCUS MAXIMUS**
Where was the box for the giver of the games located?
OVER THE PORTA POMPA or OVER THE CARCERES / STARTING GATES
Who sat in a special box known as the **pulvinar**? **EMPEROR (& FAMILY)**

16. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it:
Quīdam faber Graecus, vir summō ingeniō, multās ūtilēs rēs fabricāvit. Sed iuvenis, quia ab illō fabrō docēbātur, celeriter suum magistrum arte superābat. Cum faber esset invidiae plēnus, iuvenem ex altā rūpe dēmīsit. Deinde cīvēs Graeci, valdē irātī, fabrum ad mortem condemnāvērunt.
- Cūr iuvenis celeriter magistrum arte superābat?**
(QUIA / QUOD) Ā FABRŌ / MAGISTRŌ (SUŌ / ILLŌ) DOCĒBĀTUR
Ā quō iuvenis necātus est? Ā FABRŌ / Ā MAGISTRŌ
Certiōrēs factī dē morte iuvenis, quid fēcērunt cīvēs?
EUM / FABRUM AD MORTEM CONDEMNĀVĒRUNT
 (Do not accept “necāvērunt” or any other “kill” word)
17. What do all of the following verbs have in common: **fīdō, soleō, gaudeō, audeō**? SEMI-DEPONENT
 . . . **scīscō, calēscō, irāscor, iuvenēscō**? INCHOATIVE / INCEPTIVE
 . . . **vēnditō, capessō, volitō, iactō**? ITERATIVE / INTENSIVE / FREQUENTATIVE
18. Which emperor’s unofficial advisors in his rise to power were Asinius Pollio, Messalla Corvinus, Gaius Maecenas, and Marcus Agrippa? **AUGUSTUS**
 To which of these men did the seriously ill Augustus pass his signet ring in 23 BC?
(M. VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA
 Which two emperors were descendants of Agrippa and Augustus’s daughter Julia?
GAIUS / CALIGULA & NERO
19. What do Megara, Deianeira and Hebe have in common?
WIVES OF HERACLES/HERCULES
 How did Megara die? **HERACLES KILLED HER**
 How did Deianeira die? **SUICIDE**
20. Who convinced Semele to ask to see Zeus in his full glory? **HERA**
 In what disguise did Hera cleverly appear to Semele to do this? **SEMELE'S NURSE / BEROE**
 Who rescued the 6-month-old fetus from Semele's womb and sewed it into Zeus' thigh?
ZEUS / HERMES

2001 NJCL CERTAMEN -- LOWER DIVISION -- SEMI-FINALS

1. What is the ultimate Latin root verb and its meaning from which “indolent” is derived?
DOLEŌ/DOLĒRE - GRIEVE, FEEL PAIN, SUFFER, BE SORRY/AFFLICTED
What is the ultimate Latin root verb and its meaning from which “accomplice” is derived?
PLICŌ/PLICĀRE - FOLD, TWINE
What is the ultimate Latin root verb and its meaning from which “condition” is derived?
DĪCŌ/DĪCERE - SPEAK, SAY, TELL, RELATE,
UTTER, PLEAD, FIX, APPOINT, SETTLE
2. What emperor had won the titles of Germanicus, Parthicus, and Dacius?
(MARCUS ULPIUS) TRAIANUS / TRAJAN
What other title, abbreviated O.P., was given to Trajan and stamped on coins because of
his tactful and respectful attitude towards the Senate? **OPTIMUS PRINCEPS**
The Senate later bestowed on some new emperors the compliment **Fēlicior Augustō Melior**
Traiānō. What does the Latin mean?
LUCKIER THAN AUGUSTUS, BETTER THAN TRAJAN
3. Who offered to make Odysseus immortal and ageless? **CALYPSO**
Who finally ordered Calypso to let Odysseus leave Ogygia? **ZEUS / HERMES**
How did the escaping Odysseus avoid the notice of his enemy Poseidon?
POSEIDON WAS FAR OFF IN ETHIOPIA
4. Who voluntarily went into exile with Oedipus? **ANTIGONE**
In which Athenian suburb did Oedipus finally die? **COLONUS**
Who prevented the kidnaping of Oedipus' body from Colonus? **THESEUS**
5. Using the noun **prīnceps**, translate the genitive phrase in the sentence “That prince’s slave
has escaped.” **EIUS / ILLIUS / ISTIUS PRINCIPIS**
Translate the entire prepositional phrase in the sentence “Icarus flew in the highest air.”
IN SUMMŌ/ ALTISSIMŌ ĀERE/ AETHERE/ IN AURĀ (SUMMĀ/ ALTISSIMĀ)
Translate the entire prepositional phrase in the sentence “I am lost in the middle of the
sea.”
IN MEDIŌ MARĪ / AEQUORE / PONTŌ / ŌCEANŌ / ALTŌ / PELAGŌ
6. “PLEASE DO NOT OPEN THE VISUALS UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO!”
Pass out the visuals – as soon as all the visuals have been handed out, say:
“YOU MAY OPEN YOUR VISUALS NOW!”
You will now have 15 seconds to carefully examine the lines of graffiti.
(wait 15 seconds)
Which of these graffiti is the equivalent of “My boyfriend cheated on me!”? **C**
Which one is the equivalent of “Strangers welcome!”? **D**
Which one is the equivalent of “No loitering!”? **A**
7. Of **plastrum**, **hōrologium**, **solea**, **castra**, and **arx**, which is described in this Latin
sentence: **Est vehiculum rēbus ferendis aptum, praesertim apud rusticōs.**
PLAUSTRUM

... Est locus mūnītissimus urbis, summus et excelsus. **ARX**
... Est instrūmentum quō tempus dieī dēfīnītur. **HŌROLOGIUM**

8. How many tables of law were produced by the **decemviri** of 451 BC? **TEN**
Who was reappointed to the **decemviri** of 450 BC who produced the final two tables?
APPIUS CLAUDIUS
Who was killed by her own father to save her from Appius Claudius? **VERGINIA**
9. What is the Latin term for the crown awarded for saving the life of a Roman citizen in battle? **CORŌNA CĪVICA**
Of what was the **corōna cīvica** made? **OAK LEAVES**
From what obligation was the recipient of the **corōna cīvica** freed? (PAYING) **TAXES**
10. In hāc sententiā, “Cibus, cuius partem maximam cōsumpsimus, tepidus est.”, quid Anglicē significat “cuius”? **OF WHICH**
In hāc sententiā, quid Anglicē significat “Quī”? **Quī errōrēs faciunt, pūnientur.**
THOSE WHO / THE ONES WHO / THEY WHO / WHO / PEOPLE WHO / WHOEVER
In hāc sententiā, quid Anglicē significat “Quam”? **Quam stultus es!** **HOW**
11. Who instructed Heracles to perform labors for Eurystheus?
(APOLLO THROUGH) **PYTHIA / ORACLE OF DELPHI**
How did Hera memorialize the Nemean lion after Heracles killed it?
MADE IT A CONSTELLATION (LEO)
What other animal, now a constellation, attacked Heracles while the hero was trying to kill the Hydra? **CANCER / THE CRAB**
12. Translate the following sentence into English: **Pōns fabrīs faciendus erat.**
THE CRAFTSMEN HAD TO BUILD / MAKE A BRIDGE
... **Fabrī pontem trāns Tiberim factūrī sunt.**
THE CRAFTSMEN / WORKMEN / ARE GOING TO / ABOUT TO / INTENDING TO / MAKE / FABRICATE / ERECT / A BRIDGE / ACROSS THE TIBER
... **Fabrī in urbe manēbunt dum pōns factus sit.**
THE CRAFTSMEN WILL REMAIN IN THE CITY UNTIL THE BRIDGE IS / HAS BEEN / WILL HAVE BEEN BUILT
13. What was Poseidon's gift to the yet-unnamed city of Athens? **SALT SPRING or HORSE**
What did Athena give to the city? **OLIVE TREE**
What deity was the patron of the isthmus of Corinth? **POSEIDON**
14. Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **ad inf.**
AD INFĪNĪTUM - TO INFINITY; FOREVER; WITHOUT LIMIT
... **ad int.** **AD INTERIM - IN THE MEANTIME, MEANWHILE; TEMPORARILY**
... **ad lib.** **AD LIBITUM - AT PLEASURE; FREELY; AT WILL; EXTEMPORANEOUSLY**

15. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in LATIN the question about it:
Cum eandem fēminam pulchram amārent, Herculēs et deus flūminis cōstituērunt inter sē pugnātūrōs esse. Quod deus flūminis Herculem potentissimum vincere nōn poterat, in serpentem sē mūtāvit. Statim Herculēs collum serpentis rapuit et vehementer pressit. Deō superātō, Herculēs fēminam pulchram in mātrimonium dūxit.
- Quis ā duōbus deīs amābātur? FĒMINA (PULCHRA)**
In quāle animal deus flūminis sē mūtāvit? (IN) SERPENTEM
Quō factō, Herculēs fēminam in mātrimonium dūxit? DEŌ SUPERĀTŌ / VICTŌ
 or **CUM DEUS FLŪMINIS SUPERĀTUS / VICTUS ESSET**
 or **POSTQUAM DEUS FLŪMINIS SUPERĀTUS / VICTUS EST**
16. Which of the following words, if any, does not have the same Latin root as the others:
 discord, core, cordial, cordon, concordance? CORDON
 . . . crescent, concrete, increase, accrue, recruit NONE OF THEM
 . . . crucial, excruciating, crutch, crusade, cruise CRUTCH
17. Using a deponent verb, say in Latin “Aulus, don’t delay here!” SEE ANSWERS BELOW
 Using a different construction, translate that command again. **AULE, NŌLĪ HĪC MORĀRĪ**
AULE, NĒ HĪC MORĀTUS SĪS (MORĒRIS)
AULE, CAVĒ HĪC MORĒRIS (MORĀTUS SĪS)
18. By what collective name do we know Enyo, Pemphredo & Deino? GRAEAE or GREY
 SISTERS
 Whose sisters were they? GORGONS', ALSO ECHIDNA'S AND LADON'S
 How many eyes in total did the Graeae and Polyphemus have? TWO
19. Whose head was displayed during a performance of Euripides’ Bacchae at the Parthian
 Court in 53 B.C.? (M. LICINIUS) CRASSUS’
 At what battle had Crassus and seven legions been annihilated by the Parthians?
 CARRHAE
 What future assassin of Julius Caesar escaped from Carrhae with the remnants of
 Crassus’ army? (C.) CASSIUS (LONGINUS)
20. Who earned the reputation of being the second founder of the principate by restoring
 stability to the empire in A.D. 69? VESPASIAN
 In spite of his achievements and reforms, what group of philosophers was opposed to
 Vespasian’s rule? STOIC and/or CYNICS
 What action was Vespasian finally forced to take against them? EXPELLED FROM ROME

2001 NJCL CERTAMEN -- LOWER DIVISION -- FINALS

1. What two brothers deprived Hannibal of reinforcements and supplies from Spain?
GNAEUS and PUBLIUS (CORNELIUS) SCIPIO
After those commanders were killed, to whom did the Senate give the command in Spain?
(PUBLIUS CORNELIUS) SCIPIO and one of the following:
AFRICANUS / THE FUTURE AFRICANUS /
THE SON OF PUBLIUS CORNELIUS SCIPIO IN THE TOSS-UP
After what battle was the younger Scipio in control of Spain? BATTLE OF ILIPA
2. Which centaur dropped one of Hercules' poisoned arrows on his foot and died from its
venom? PHOLUS or CHEIRON
What had Pholus offered to Hercules in an act of hospitality? WINE
During which of the labors did Pholus offer Hercules his hospitality?
(HUNTING THE) ERYMANTHIAN BOAR
3. For the verb **precor** give the second person plural, present imperative. **PRECĀMINĪ**
Change **precāminī** to the imperative singular. **PRECĀRE**
Give the present imperative singular of **patior**. **PATERE**
4. What use of the genitive case is illustrated in this sentence: **Catullus cupidus amōris erat.**
WITH CERTAIN SPECIAL / ADJECTIVES / **CUPIDUS** / OBJECTIVE
... in this sentence: **Fīlius obliuiscēbātur patris patriaeque.**
AFTER VERBS OF REMEMBERING / FORGETTING
... in this sentence: **Eum capitis damnāuerunt.**
AFTER VERBS OF CONDEMNING / ACQUITTING
5. What derivative of the Latin verb **errō, errāre** means “a deviation from the proper or
expected course?” ABERRATION / ABERRANCY
What derivative of the Latin verb **carpō, carpere** means “to select material from a longer
work?” EXCERPT
What derivative of the Latin verb **figō, fingere** means “an image made to represent an
individual?” EFFIGY / FIGURE
6. Translate “immortal god” into Latin for the following sentence: “O immortal god, would
that I had defeated the enemy!”
DEUS IMMORTĀLIS / DEE IMMORTĀLIS / THERE IS NO ANSWER
What use of the independent subjunctive would have been used to translate the sentence in
the toss-up? OPTATIVE
Again, for that sentence, translate “I had defeated.” **SUPERĀVISSEM / VĪCISSEM**
7. Name the governor of Gallia Lugdunensis who rebelled against Nero in March, A.D. 68.
(GAIUS IULIUS) VINDEX
What other governor did Vindex pledge to support as emperor? (SERVIUS SULPICIUS) GALBA
By whom was Vindex defeated? (L.)VERGINIUS RUFUS

8. How did Prometheus foil Zeus's plan to destroy the human race?
 HE WARNED (HIS SON) DEUCALION TO BUILD A BOAT
 Who incited similar feelings of destructive wrath in Zeus by feeding the god human flesh? LYCAON
 According to Ovid, what fire precipitated Zeus' flood to drown the earth?
 PHAETHON'S SUN CHARIOT BURNING THE EARTH
9. What type of cum-clause is illustrated by the following Latin sentence:
Cum Rōma plēna hominum esset, nōs tamen facile ambulāre poteramus
 CONCESSIVE
 . . . **Quae cum ita sint, fūr damnandus est.** CAUSAL
 Translate the cum clause into Latin for the following sentence: "When I go to Rome next summer, I will visit the Colosseum." **CUM RŌMAM PROXIMĀ AESTĀTE EŌ / ĪBŌ / Ī(V)ERŌ**
10. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer in ENGLISH the question about it:
Iuvenis pauperem anum sedentem in rīpā vīdit. Ea statim magnā vōce iuvenem sē transportāre iussit. Iuvenis, quī anum esse pulchram deam suspiciābātur, eam sustulit. Ad rīpam contrāriam īvit et onus dēposuit. At, mīrābile dictū, nōn pulchra dea, sed eadem anus adhūc erat.
 Whom did the young man see sitting on the shore? (A POOR) OLD WOMAN
 What did the youth suspect the old woman to be? A (BEAUTIFUL) GODDESS
 What did the youth find after he carried the old woman across the river?
 THAT SHE WAS NOT A BEAUTIFUL GODDESS,
 (JUST THE SAME LAUGHING OLD HAG)
11. Who gave birth to a son who grew up to be strong enough to move a heavy stone and claim the sword and sandals under it? AETHRA
 What two males were said to be Theseus' father? AEGEUS AND POSEIDON
 With what woman was Aegeus living when Theseus first came to Athens? MEDEA
12. Translate the following sentence into English: **Hostēs audīvērunt magnum numerum Rōmānōrum appropinquāre** THE ENEMY HEARD THAT A GREAT NUMBER OF ROMANS WERE APPROACHING
 . . . **Rōmānī scīvērunt sē superātūrōs esse.** THE ROMANS KNEW THAT THEY WOULD WIN
 . . . **nūntiātum est equitēs appropinquāvisse.**
 IT WAS REPORTED/ANNOUNCED THAT THE HORSEMEN HAD APPROACHED
13. When you are recognized by the spotter, follow this direction: **Susurrā Latīnē verba tria.**
 STUDENT SHOULD WHISPER THREE WORDS IN LATIN /
 OR SAY "VERBA TRIA"
Clāmāte Anglicē nōmen cīvitātis vestrae. MORE THAN ONE STUDENT SHOULD SHOUT OUT THE NAMES OF THEIR STATE
Sībilā carmen breve. ONE STUDENT SHOULD WHISTLE / HISS A SHORT SONG

14. What Trojan warrior led his men in an advance that nearly succeeded in burning the Greek ships? **HECTOR**
 What immortal urged Achilles to give up Hector's corpse for burial? **THETIS**
 What immortal embalmed Hector's corpse with ambrosia to keep it from harm? **APHRODITE**
15. A group of Romans are crowded around a table in a taberna. One man shouts “**Venus!**”. Why do the other men owe him money?
 HE HAS BEATEN THEM AT **TALI** / KNUCKLEBONES or **TESSERAE** / DICE
 HAS ROLLED THE HIGHEST COMBINATION OF DICE /
 THE MAN HAS ROLLED DOUBLE SIXES
 What is the Latin term for the lowest roll in **tali** or **tesserae**?
CANIS / DOG or **VULTUR** / VULTURE
 How many **tali** were thrown with a **fritillus**? FOUR
- 16A. (PASS OUT THE VISUALS TO ALL PLAYERS WHILE INSTRUCTING NOT TO OPEN THEM UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO)
 Please open your visual and study it for 10 seconds. (WAIT 10 SECONDS)
 The perspective of the visual is northwest across the **Forum Rōmānum**. Identify the temple visible between the Temple of Saturn and the Temple of Concord. **TEMPLE OF (THE DIVINE) VESPASIAN (& TITUS) / TEMPLUM VESPĀSIĀNĪ(ET TITĪ)**
 Identify either of the small shrines in front of the Basilica Aemilia.
TEMPLE/SHRINE OF JANUS (GEMINUS or QUIRINUS) / SACELLUM or SHRINE OF (VENUS) CLOACINA / SACRUM (CLOACINAE)
 Identify the temple, whose porch was often used as a second rostrum, where the viewer of this picture is standing.
TEMPLE OF (DIVINE) JULIUS CAESAR / TEMPLUM DĪVĪ AUGUSTĪ
- 16B. What two Flavian emperors were honored by a temple located at the foot of the Capitoline Hill facing the Forum? **VESPASIAN AND TITUS**
 Identify either of the small shrines in front of the Basilica Aemilia.
TEMPLE/SHRINE OF JANUS (GEMINUS or QUIRINUS) / SACELLUM or SHRINE OF (VENUS) CLOACINA / SACRUM (CLOACINAE)
 Identify the temple at the opposite end of the Forum from the Rostrum, a temple whose porch was often used as a second rostrum.
TEMPLE OF (DIVINE) JULIUS CAESAR / TEMPLUM DĪVĪ AUGUSTĪ
17. In an effort to regain the city from Eteocles, how many men led the attack against Thebes?
SEVEN
 Name two of them. (SEE BELOW)
 Name two more. **POLYNEICES, ADRASTUS, CAPANEUS, AMPHIARAUS, HIPPOMEDON, PARTHENOPAEUS, AND TYDEUS**
18. What Latin word is a synonym of the noun **pluvia**? **IMBER, NIMBUS, AQUA**
 . . . of the adjective **tūtus**? **SALVUS, MŪNĪTUS, SOSPES**
 . . . of the adverb **ibi**? **ILLĪC, ISTĪC, EŌ**

19. Against whom did Cato the Younger bring a charge of sacrilege in 62 B.C.?
(P.) CLODIUS (PULCHER)
What act of sacrilege was Clodius accused of committing?
ATTENDING THE ALL-FEMALE RITUAL
OF THE BONA DEA (IN FEMALE DRESS)
Who was later forced to exile because he testified against Clodius at his trial?
(M. TULLIUS) CICERO
20. Translate the following sentence into Latin: "I told Marcus what I was doing."
MARCŌ DĪXĪ QUID FACEREM
... "Everyone knows how brave Caesar is."
OMNĒS SCIUNT QUAM FORTIS CAESAR SIT
... "Who is there who loves Carthage?"
QUIS EST QUĪ CARTHĀGINEM AMET / DĪLIGAT
QUIS EST CUI CARTHĀGŌ PLACEAT