

Regional Certamen Spring 2012 - Intermediate Certamen

Round 1

- TU 1: Who waited for twenty years for the return of his father Odysseus? **TELEMACHUS**
 B1: What goddess, disguised as a mortal, told Telemachus that he should visit some of Odysseus' old comrades in order to find out the whereabouts of his father? **(PALLAS) ATHENA**
 B2: Who was Telemachus' mother? **PENELOPE**
- TU 2: In what conjugations do we find the endings -bo, -bis, and -bit for the future tense? **FIRST AND SECOND**
 B1: Translate into English: *manebimus*. **WE WILL REMAIN**
 B2: Translate into Latin: "they will sit". **SEDEBUNT**
- TU 3: Where might one find the apodyterium, palaestra, and frigidarium? **THE BATHS**
 B1: What was the caldarium? **HOT ROOM**
 B2: What was the apodyterium? **CHANGING ROOM**
- TU 4: Make the phrase *illud vulnus* accusative singular. **ILLUD VULNUS**
 B1: Change *illud vulnus* to the plural. **ILLA VULNERA**
 B2: Change *illud vulnus* to the genitive. **ILLIUS VULNERIS**
- TU 5: From what Latin verb with what meaning is *conjecture* derived? **IACIO- THROW**
 B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning is *deduction* derived? **DUCO- LEAD**
 B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning is *propose* derived? **PONO- PUT**

SCORE CHECK

- TU 6: Translate "is" into Latin for this sentence: "Do you think this question is too easy?" **ESSE**
 B1: Translate "do you think". **PUTASNE / ARBITRARISNE / EXISTIMASNE / ETC.**
 B2: Translate "this," assuming that the word for question is feminine. **HANC**
- TU 7: Into what kind of tree was Daphne transformed? **LAUREL**
 B1: Who had pursued Daphne in an unsuccessful attempt to win her heart? **APOLLO**
 B2: Who had caused Apollo to fall in love with Daphne? **CUPID/EROS**
- TU 8: In what year did the Battle of Actium take place? **31 BC**
 B1: Who served as Octavian's admiral during this engagement? **(MARCUS VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA**
 B2: Who was Octavian's fleet fighting against? **MARCUS ANTONIUS (MARC ANTONY) and CLEOPATRA (prompt for both leaders)**
- TU 9: What is the term for verbs that are passive in form but active in meaning, like *sequor* and *utor*? **DEPONENT**
 B1: Using *sequor*, say in Latin, "I will follow." **SEQUAR**
 B2: Change *sequar* to the perfect. **SECUTUS/-A SUM**

SCORE CHECK

- TU 10: What Corinthian hero killed the Chimaera? **BELLEROPHON**
 B1: What tribe of women warriors did Bellerophon defeat in battle? **AMAZONS**
 B2: What trusty steed did Bellerophon tame with Athena's help? **PEGASUS**

FINAL SCORES

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Round 2

TU 1: Translate the adverb in this sentence into English: <i>Puella laetissime cenat.</i> B1: What degree is the adverb <i>laetissime</i> ? B2: Make <i>laetissime</i> comparative.	VERY HAPPILY SUPERLATIVE LAETIUS
TU 2: Which Roman god holds the caduceus? B1: Which Roman god holds the thyrsos? B2: Which Roman god holds the trident?	MERCURY BACCHUS NEPTUNE
TU 3: Translate the verb form: <i>videri</i> . B1: Translate the verb form: <i>dici</i> . B2: Translate the verb form: <i>dixi</i> .	TO SEEM, TO BE SEEN TO BE SAID I SAID/TOLD, I HAVE SAID/TOLD
TU 4: Who led the slave revolt of 73 B.C.? B1: Which famous Italian geographical feature served briefly as a hideout for Spartacus' army? B2: Who commanded the army that finally defeated Spartacus?	SPARTACUS VESUVIUS CRASSUS
TU 5: Identify the type of ablative is used in the sentence: <i>Cum patre ambulo.</i> B1: In this sentence: <i>Equum baculo verberabam.</i> B2: In this sentence: <i>Equus a servo ducebatur.</i>	ACCOMPANIMENT MEANS AGENT
SCORE CHECK	
TU 6: How was Odysseus' crew able to pass the Sirens safely? B1: How did Odysseus himself meet this challenge? B2: How did the Argonauts pass the obstacle safely?	THEY STOPPED UP THEIR EARS WITH WAX HE WAS TIED TO THE MAST SO HE COULD HEAR THE SIRENS & SURVIVE ORPHEUS PLAYED HIS LYRE SO SWEETLY THAT THEY DID NOT HEAR THE SIRENS
TU 7: How many principal parts does a regular verb have? B1: Give all 4 principal parts of the Latin verb meaning "to fortify." B2: Do the same for "to praise."	FOUR MUNIO, MUNIRE, MUNIVI, MUNITUS LAUDO, LAUDARE, LAUDAVI, LAUDATUS
TU 8: In which type of Roman structure could one find a <i>spina</i> , <i>carceres</i> , and a <i>pulvinar</i> ? B1: How many laps made up the usual chariot race? B2: Name the four original colors of the racing factions.	CIRCUS SEVEN RED, WHITE, BLUE, GREEN
TU 9: Make <i>quis</i> genitive. B1: Make <i>cuius</i> plural. B2: Make <i>quorum</i> ablative.	CUIUS QUORUM/QUARUM QUIBUS

SCORE CHECK

TU 10: Translate into English: <i>Impedimenta a militibus portata sunt.</i> B1: Translate: <i>Video impedimenta a militibus portari.</i> B2: Translate: <i>Scio milites impedimenta portavisse.</i>	THE BAGGAGE WAS CARRIED BY THE SOLDIERS. I SEE [THAT] THE BAGGAGE [IS] BEING CARRIED BY THE SOLDIERS. I KNOW [THAT] THE SOLDIERS CARRIED THE BAGGAGE.
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FINAL SCORES

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Round 3

- TU 1: Say in Latin, “we can.” POSSUMUS
 B1: What is the infinitive of *possumus*? POSSE
 B2: Change *possumus* to the second person? POTESTIS
- TU 2: Translate the following sentence: *Scivi Caesarem in Gallia pugnare*. “I knew [that] Caesar was fighting in Gaul”
 B1: Now translate: *Scio Caesarem in Gallia pugnasse*. “I know [that] Caesar fought in Gaul”
 B2: Now: *Scio Caesarem in Gallia pugnaturum esse*. “I know [that] Caesar will fight in Gaul”
- TU 3: Which hero once gave Hera, disguised as an old woman, a “piggyback” ride across a rushing stream?
 JASON
 B1: What did Jason lose while transporting the disguised Hera? A (GOLDEN) SANDAL/SHOE
 B2: Name the king who was terrified at the spectacle of a one-sandaled Jason entering his town. PELIAS
- TU 4: Give the comparative form of *parvus*. MINOR, MINUS
 B1: Give the superlative form of *malus*. PESSIMUS, -A, -UM
 B2: Give the adverb of *bonus*. BENE
- TU 5: In which room of a Roman house would a *coquus* work? CULINA
 B1: In which room would a Roman eat dinner? TRICLINIUM
 B2: In which room would a Roman sleep? CUBICULUM
- SCORE CHECK**
- TU 6: What is the meaning of the phrase *quid pro quo*? THIS FOR THAT/TIT FOR TAT/ETC.
 B1: What is the meaning of the phrase *non sequitur*? AN ILLOGICAL STATEMENT/IT DOESN'T FOLLOW
 B2: What is the meaning of the phrase *caveat emptor*? LET THE BUYER BEWARE/ETC.
- TU 7: What English noun for “a royal residence” is derived from the name of one of Rome's 7 hills? PALACE
 B1: What English noun for “the building where a legislative body meets” is derived from another of Rome's 7 hills? CAPITOL
 B2: What English adjective meaning “suitable to courts” is derived from Rome's marketplace between the Palatine and Capitoline hills? FORENSIC
- TU 8: When recognized, complete the action: *Dic mihi nomen tuum*. STUDENT SAYS HIS/HER NAME
 B1: Complete the action: *Omnes, iungite vestros manus*. TEAM JOINS HANDS [either with one another or each member clasps hands together]
 B2: Complete the action: *Omnes, surgite et salite*. TEAM STANDS & JUMPS
- TU 9: From the head of whom was Athena supposedly born? ZEUS
 B1: Who sprung from the thigh of Zeus? DIONYSUS
 B2: Which Greek goddess was born of the sea foam? APHRODITE

SCORE CHECK

- TU 10: *Mittis* is to *misisti* as *iubes* is to? IUSSISTI
 B1: *Laboras* is to *laboravisti* as *facis* is to? FECISTI
 B2: *Auditis* is to *audivistis* as *manetis* is to? MANSISTIS

FINAL SCORES