

Boston Latin Academy Certamen Forum 2012
Advanced Division
Round 1

1) What was Ovid's cognomen?

NASO

Bonus 1: What was Octavian's cognomen?

THURINUS

Bonus 2: What is the meaning of Cicero's cognomen?

CHICKPEA

2) Give the 2nd person singular, present subjunctive of *malo*, *malle*.

MĀLĪS

Bonus 1: Change *mālīs* to the indicative.

MĀVĪS

Bonus 2: Give the nominative, genitive and gender of the noun, meaning "apple tree", which has *mālīs* as its ablative plural.

MĀLUS, MALI, F.

3) What emperor's final words were "Qualis artifex pereo"?

NERO

Bonus 1: What son of Claudius did Nero have to kill to secure his seamless ascension to the imperial throne?

BRITTANICUS

Bonus 2: Nero's death in 68 AD marked the start of a brief period of instability in the empire. How many emperors ruled in the year which followed?

FOUR

4) In Book 7 of Homer's *Illiad*, which Greek warrior is chosen to fight in single combat with Hector?

AJAX THE GREATER/ TELAMONIAN AJAX

Bonus 1: After a long and tiring battle, Hector and Ajax part. What gifts of friendship did they exchange?

HECTOR GIVES AJAX HIS SWORD/ AJAX GIVES HECTOR HIS BELT

Bonus 2: Soon later, the Trojans hold a council in which the idea to give Helen back to the Greeks is brought up. What Trojan elder suggested this?

ANTENOR

5) Give the two genitive singular forms for the Latin noun *pecus*.

PECORIS and PECUDIS

Bonus 1: Give the gender of each form of this word.

PECORIS IS NEUTER; PECUDIS IS FEMININE

Bonus 2: What does each *pecus* mean?

PECORIS-CATTLE, HERD; PECUDIS - HEAD OF CATTLE

6) Which king of Rome was deified as the god Quirinus?

ROMULUS

Bonus 1: What was the name of the king whom Romulus defeated in order to win the *spolia opima*?

KING ACRON

Bonus 2: What were the names of the 3 tribes that Romulus established?

TITIES, RAMNES, LUCERES

7) What Latin noun with what meaning gives us the English word “*derivative*”?

RIVUS - STREAM

Bonus 1: What English word meaning “little stream” is also derived from *rivus*?

RIVULET

Bonus 2: From what Latin word with what meaning does the English word ‘*river*’ derive?

RIPA – SHORE, BANK

8) Which ally of Priam did Achilles fall in love with shortly after killing her?

PENTHESILEA

Bonus 1: Thersites had laughed at Achilles for crying over Penthesilea's corpse, and so Achilles killed him. To which island did Achilles have to sail to be purified for this murder?

LESBOS

Bonus 2: Once at Lesbos, Achilles had to sacrifice to three deities. Name one of them.

LETO / APOLLO/ ARTEMIS

9) Place the following authors in order of their birth: *Ovid, Cicero, Ennius, Vergil, Seneca*

ENNIUS, CICERO, VERGIL, OVID, SENECA

Bonus 1: Place the following literary works in order from earliest to latest: Horace’s Odes (1-3), Vergil’s Aeneid, Vergil’s Georgics, Vergil’s Eclogues

ECLOGUES, GEORGICS, ODES, AENEID

Bonus 2: Place the following deaths in order from earliest to latest: Cicero, Claudius, Caesar, and Crassus.

CRASSUS (53 BC), CAESAR (44 BC), CICERO (43 BC), CLAUDIUS (AD 54)

10) 70,000 Romans led by Aemilius Paullus and Terrentius Varro were virtually annihilated at what battle in 216 BC?

CANNAE

Bonus 1: Which consul died during this massacre?

AEMILIUS PAULLUS

Bonus 2: Who was re-appointed as dictator to resume his less costly delaying tactics after this disaster?

QUINTUS FABIUS MAXIMUS (CUNCTATOR)

11) What dependant use of the subjunctive can be found this sentence: *Consul metuit ut coniurati ab urbe quam celerrime discederent.*

FEARING CLAUSE

Bonus 1: Translate that sentence into English.

**THE CONSUL FEARED THAT THE CONSPIRATORS WOULDN'T
LEAVE THE CITY AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.**

Bonus 1: What word/words would you substitute for ‘*ut*’ in order to say “the consul was afraid that the conspirators would leave the city”?

NE(or NE... NON...)

12) Time to go island hopping! Your first stop is a Greek island in the Dodecanese, off the coast of Turkey, the home of the famous mathematician Pythagoras, it is also the mythical birthplace of Hera. The remains of a massive temple to Hera are still visible today. What is the name of this island?

SAMOS

Bonus 1: As your cruise continues to the West, you stop at this sacred island, on which Leto gave birth to the twins Artemis and Apollo.

DELOS

Bonus 2: Following in the footsteps (well, actually, dolphin tracks) of Apollo, your last stop is on the Greek mainland, where Apollo is said to have killed the Pythos. Where are you now?

DELPHI

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Round 1 Extra Questions

Language:

Quot homines scripserunt leges Duodecim Tabularum?

DECEM

Bonus 1: In quo loco senatus comitia tenuit?

(IN) CURIA

Bonus 2: Quam diu consul officium tenuit?

UNUM ANNUM

Myth:

What goddess killed Ethena, the daughter of Meropes, for forgetting to worship her?

ARTEMIS

Bonus 1: How did Artemis punish Admetus for forgetting to honor?

FILLED HIS WEDDING CHAMBER WITH SNAKES

Bonus 2: Name the wife of Admetus whom Heracles later saved from death.

ALCESTIS

History:

Which temple in Rome housed the Roman mint?

TEMPLE OF JUNO MONETA

Bonus 1: In which temple would you find the aerarium?

TEMPLE OF SATURN

Bonus 2: In which temple would a general dedicate the Spolia Opima?

TEMPLE OF JUPITER FERETRIUS

Literature:

Who was the author of the *Odyssia*?

LIVIOUS ANDRONICUS

Bonus 1: Who was the author of the *De Rerum Natura*?

LUCRETIUS

Bonus 2: Who was the author of the *Bellum Punicum*?

GNAEUS NAEVIUS

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Round 2

- 1) Who was the first emperor to be captured by a foreign enemy?

VALERIAN

Bonus 1: Who was the Persian king who took Valerian hostage?

SHAPUR

Bonus 2: His defeat at what battle led to Valerian's capture?

BATTLE OF EDESSA

- 2) *Non feram, non patiar, non sinam* is what kind of rhetorical device, excluding alliteration?

ANAPHORA / TRICOLON

Bonus 1: What kind of rhetorical device is *quae te a tanto scelere etiam muta revocare debuit*...

OXYMORON

Bonus 2: Name the rhetorical device found in this sentence: *Praetermitto ruinas fortunarum tuarum, quas omnis inpendere tibi proximis Idibus senties* ...

PRAETERITIO

- 3) What Latin noun with what meaning is the English word "egregious" derived?

GREX - FLOCK

Bonus 1: What English adjective meaning "a collection of granules" is also derived from 'grex'?

AGGREGATE

Bonus 2: What English verb, deriving from *grex*, means "to separate into groups"?

SEGREGATE

- 4) For the verb *vereor*, give the alternate ending for the 2nd person singular, imperfect subjunctive of form.

VERERERE

Bonus 1: Make *vererere* pluperfect

VERITUS ESSES

Bonus 2: What town in eastern Massachusetts is a derivative of this verb?

REVERE

- 5) According to Book 21 of Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, what son of Priam was transformed into a diver bird?

AESACUS

Bonus 1: Aesacus didn't like the lifestyle of Trojans so he moved to the mountains. While there, he saw a beautiful nymph and fell in love with her. Who was she?

HESPERIA

Bonus 2: Aesacus transformed into a diver bird while mourning for Hesperia. What had happened to her?

SHE WAS BITTEN BY A SNAKE

- 6) Who unsuccessfully challenged for the consulship of 63 BC by promising large-scale debt cancellations?

CATILINE

Bonus 1: Who defeated Catiline in the consular election and became Cicero's co-consul?

ANTONIUS HYBRIDA

Bonus 2: When the *Senatus Consultum Ultimum* was issued against Catiline, where was he defeated and killed in 62 BC?

PLAINS OF PISTORIA

- 7) What grammatical use of the verb *traduco* can be found in this sentence: *Caesar exercitum traductum hostes misit.*
ACCUSATIVE SUPINE
 Bonus 1: What grammatical use of the verb *traduco* can be found in this sentence: *Exercitus traductorum hostium gratiā missus est.*
PURPOSE GERUNDIVE
 Bonus 2: What grammatical use of the verb *traduco* can be found in this sentence: *Traducito hostes!*
FUTURE IMPERATIVE (SINGULAR)
- 8) The Roman poet Horace published many works during the second half of his life. Which of the following is NOT one of Horace's works? Epodes, Epistles, Odes, Georgics, Satires.
GEORGICS
 Bonus 1: In one of his other works, Horace wrote: "A play should not be shorter nor longer than five acts." Which Silver age Latin author followed Horace's advice?
Lucius Annaeus SENECA (the Younger)
 Bonus 2: One of Seneca's five-act plays adapts an older play by Sophocles. In Seneca's play, a king of Thebes marries Jocasta. When the king blinds himself, she commits suicide. Who was he?
OEDIPUS
- 9) Quintilian described this historian's style having a "lactea ubertas" (milky richness). Who was this Roman author?
LIVY (Titus Livius)
 Bonus 1: What is the name of Livy's monumental history of Rome?
AB URBE CONDITA (LIBRI)
 Bonus 2: Quintilian contrasts Livy's style with the "brevitas" (conciseness) of this other Roman historian. Quintilian says that nothing could be more perfect than his work. Who is he?
SALLUST
- 10) What independent use of the subjunctive can be found in this sentence: *Utinam dei nobis istam auctoritatem darent!*
OPTATIVE
 Bonus 1: Translate that sentence into English.
(WOULD THAT) (O THAT) THE GODS WERE GIVING SUCH AUTHORITY TO US!
 Bonus 2: Translate the sentence if the verb were 'dent' instead of 'darent'
(WOULD THAT) (O THAT) THE GODS (MAY) GIVE SUCH AUTHORITY TO US!
- 11) What Spanish city was sacked by Scipio Aemilianus in 133 BC?
NUMANTIA
 Bonus 1: What city had he destroyed in 146 BC?
CARTHAGE
 Bonus 2: Aside from being distinguished in battle Scipio Aemilianus was also a literary man. He kept company with gentlemen such as Polybius, Panaetius, Lucilius and Terence. This group later became known as what?
THE SCIPIONIC CIRCLE
- 12) What student of Chiron sought the advice of Proetus because his bees were dying?
ARISTAEUS
 Bonus 1: Why had Aristaeus' bees died?
DRYADS KILLED THEM BECAUSE HE KILLED ONE OF THEIR SISTERS (EURYDICE)
 Bonus 2: Aristaeus was said to have a Thessalian bride whom he later abandons to marry whom?
AUTONOE

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Round 2 Extra Questions

Language:

Distinguish in meaning between *ago* and *egeo*

AGO = DO, DRIVE EGEO = LACK, BE NEEDY

Bonus 1: Distinguish between *tinguo* and *stinguo*

TINGUO = SOAK, DIP, DYE; STINGUO = EXTINGUISH

Bonus 2: Distinguish between *pario* and *pareo*

PARIO = BEAR, PRODUCE; PAREO = APPEAR, OBEY

Myth:

Erytheia, Arethusa, Hespere, and Hesperusa all belong to what mythological group of sisters?

HESPERIDES

Bonus 1: To what mythological group do the following belong? Arges, Brontes, Steropes

CYCLOPES

Bonus 2: What is the collective name of the brothers Passalus and Acmon?

CERCOPES

History:

What senator purchased the empire at an auction by offering 25,000 sesterces to each member of the Praetorian Guard?

DIDIUS JULIANUS

Bonus 1: What emperor succeeded Didius Julianus?

SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

Bonus 2: What man who ruled briefly before Julianus did Septimius Severus claim to be avenging?

PERTINAX

Literature:

With what genre of literature do we associate the following? Bucco, Maccus, Meretrix, Calidus Servus

ATELLAN FARCE

Bonus 1: With what genre of literature do we associate the authors Cinna, Calvus, Catullus?

NEOTERIC POETRY (PROMPT ON "POETRY")

Bonus 2: With what genre of literature do we associate the authors Decimus Laberius and Publilius Syrus?

MIME

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Round 3

- 1) In the Aeneid, which Trojan refugee is sent as an ambassador to King Latinus after the Trojans land in Latium? He is also the first to speak to Dido in her palace, and generally speaks for the Trojans when Aeneas is absent.

ILIONEUS

Bonus 1: Which Trojan was the trumpeter for Hector and drowns after his ill-fated song contest with Triton?

MISENUS

Bonus 2: Which Trojan son of Priam was sent to Thrace, where he was brutally murdered and not given a proper burial?

POLYDORUS

- 2) Distinguish between *ordior* and *orior*.

ORDIOR = BEGIN; ORIOR = RISE

Bonus 1: Give the principal parts of both these verbs.

ORDIOR, ORDIRE, ORSUS; ORIOR, ORIRI, ORTUS

Bonus 2: A derivative of one of these verbs means “what you should do before you get started on something”. What is this English word?

ORIENT

- 3) Whose failure in dealing with Mithridates paved the way for Pompey to receive full command in 66 BC?

LUCULLUS

Bonus 1: What tribune passed the legislation, which gave Pompey this command?

MANILIUS

Bonus 2: What law from the previous year had given Pompey command against the Mediterranean Pirates?

LEX GABINIA

- 4) What Latin adjective gives us the English word ‘journal’?

DIURNUS (A, UM)

Bonus 1: What Latin noun with what English meaning is this word formed from?

DIES = DAY

Bonus 2: Some owls are diurnal. What does that mean?

THEY ARE ACTIVE IN THE DAYTIME

- 5) Name one of the off-springs of Gaia by the blood of Uranus.

ERINYES / MELIAE (ASH NYMPHS) / GIANTS

Bonus 1 & 2: For 5 points each, name two off-springs of Gaia and Pontus.

NEREUS, THAUMAS, PHORCYS, CETO, EURYBIE

- 6) The action in an epic poem sometimes pauses while the narrator explains an important visual artwork in descriptive detail. What is this narrative technique called?

ECPHRASIS/EKPHRASIS

Bonus 1: Ecphrasis is at least as old as the Homeric epics. In Book 18 of the Iliad, there is a long explanation of the shield of Achilles, which is being crafted by which Greek god?

HEPHAESTUS

Bonus 2: In a Homeric allusion, Vergil has Vulcan craft a shield for Aeneas. In which book of the Aeneid does this shield ecphrasis appear?

BOOK 8

- 7) Roman poets in the 1st century BC were influenced in many ways by the Greek Hellenistic poets. One of the most famous Hellenistic poets was also a scholar at the Library of Alexandria. Elitist and erudite, he claimed to hate epic poetry, saying “mega biblion, mega kakon” (a big book is a big evil). Who was this poet?

CALLIMACHUS

Bonus 1: One of Callimachus’s pupils was Apollonius of Rhodes, a poet who wrote the only complete Hellenistic epic poem to survive. What is the name of this epic?

the ARGONAUTICA

Bonus 2: Although no complete full-length epics survive, some Hellenistic mock-epics are extant, including the *Batrachomyomachia* (The Battle of Frogs and Mice), in which the Mice declare war on the Frogs to avenge for the alleged treachery of King Frog. (With divine aid, the Mice win, and Zeus sends down armored Crabs to prevent the complete destruction of the Frogs.) What is the name for this type of shorter poem composed in dactylic hexameter?

EPYLLION

- 8) What use of the infinitive can be found in this Latin sentence: *Cicero dixit Catilinam esse hostem qui totam rem publicam aboleret*.

INDIRECT STATEMENT

Bonus 1: Translate that sentence into English.

CICERO SAID THAT CATILINE WAS THE ENEMY WHO WOULD DESTROY THE ENTIRE REPUBLIC

Bonus 2: Change the sentence in the toss up so that it says “Cicero thinks Catiline is the enemy who will destroy the entire republic”.

CICERO PUTAT/ARBITRATUR CATILINAM ESSE HOSTEM QUI TOTAM REM PUBLICAM ABOLAT.

- 9) What was the term for the official in charge of Rome’s water supply?

CURATOR AQUARUM

Bonus 1: What was the term for the official in charge of Rome’s grain supply?

PRAEFECTUS ANNONAE

Bonus 2: Who was executed in 439 BC for ignoring the *praefectus annonae* and distributing grain to the plebeians at low prices?

SPURIUS MAELIUS

- 10) What daughter of Acrisius emigrated to Italy where she founded the Rutulian capital city Ardea?

DANAË

Bonus 1: How did Perseus kill inadvertently kill Acrisius, thus fulfilling a prophecy?

HIT HIM WITH A DISCUS

Bonus 2: What king of Larissa hosted the funeral games where Acrisius met his death?

TEUTAMIDES

- 11) What man referred to as the “Christian Cicero” was made professor of rhetoric at Nicomedia?

LACTANTIUS

Bonus 1: Who appointed Lactantius tutor for his son Crispus?

CONSTANTINE

Bonus 2: Who said of Lactantius “Would that he could affirm our doctrine as readily as he destroys others.”

ST. JEROME

- 12) When you are recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: *Surge et dic mihi totum tuum nomen*.

STAND AND MUST GIVE AT LEAST A FIRST AND LAST NAME.

Bonus 1: *Dic mihi quis vestrum sit natu maximus?*

THEY MUST TELL WHO IS THE OLDEST OF THEM.

Bonus 2: *Iungite manus et ululate!*

AT LEAST TWO PEOPLE MUST JOIN HANDS AND HOWL.

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Round 3 Extra Questions

Language:

Spell the 2nd person singular, present passive indicative of *fero*

FERRIS

Bonus 1: Spell the 2nd person singular, imperfect passive subjunctive of *fero*

FERRERIS

What legal term, deriving from *fero*, means a question put to the people to decide?

REFERENDUM

Myth:

During the Gigantomachia what opponent did Athena crush underneath Mt. Aetna?

ENCELADUS

Bonus 1: Which giant did Heracles drag outside of his native Pallene to die of a flesh wound?

ALCYONEUS

Bonus 2: Which giants did the Fates kill with bronze clubs?

AGRIUS & THOAS

History:

What emperor who reigned from 117 to 138 AD was the first to wear a beard?

HADRIAN

Bonus 1: Who was the wife of Hadrian?

(Vibia) SABINA

Bonus 2: What group angered by Hadrian's move away from expansionist policy was executed for conspiring against him in 118 AD?

THE FOUR CONSULARS

Literature:

Who begins his otherwise prose work with a line of hexameter and then goes on to chronicle the history of the Roman empire through the reign of Nero in his *Annales*?

TACITUS

Bonus 1: Which work of Tacitus gives us biographical information about his father in law?

AGRICOLA

Bonus 2: Which work of Tacitus discusses the history of oratory?

DIALOGUS DE ORATORIBUS

1. What man, a painter and a poet from Brundisium, wrote twelve tragedies on mythological subjects?
MARCUS PACUVIUS
B1: Which of Pacuvius' tragedies deals with the death of Odysseus at the hands of his son Telegonus?
NIPTRA
B2: What is the name of Pacuvius' praetexta which celebrates the Roman victory at Pydna in 168 BC?
PAULLUS

2. For the latin verb at the root of corridor, give the third person singular, pluperfect active subjunctive.
CUCURISSET
B1: Change "cucurisset" to the passive voice.
CURSUS ESSET
B2: Keeping all else the same, supply the future imperative for the verb "curro".
CURRITOR

3. About which of the emperors of 69 AD did Tacitus write "omnium consensus capax imperii nisi imperasset" because he was incapable of maintaining the empire at such an old age?
SULPICIUS GALBA
B1: What freedman brought Galba the news of his appointment by the Senate?
ICELUS
B2: Who did Galba make the mistake of placing in the command of the post which Verginius Rufus was holding in Upper Germany?
HORDEONIUS FLACCUS

4. Who becomes a lion, a snake, a leopard, and a boar in his unsuccessful attempt to escape the clutches of Menelaus?
PROTEUS
B1: How had Menelaus succeeded in hiding from Proteus before capturing him?
DISGUISED AS A SEAL AND HID AMONG HIS FLOCK
B2: What daughter of Proteus had revealed to Menelaus the secret to capturing her father and soliciting his advice?
EIDOTHEIA

5. What is the meaning of the correlative pair cum...tum?
BOTH...AND / NOT ONLY...BUT ALSO / WHEN...THEN
B1: What is the meaning of the correlative pair sive...sive?
WHETHER...OR
B2: What is the meaning of the correlative pair quā...quā?
ON THE ONE HAND...ON THE OTHER HAND

6. The phrases "quo mihi fortunam" and "unde mihi lapidem" are two poetic examples of what use of the dative case?
DATIVE OF REFERENCE
B1: What use of the dative case can be found in the following sentence?
 Donum tibi extorqueri videtur.
DATIVE OF SEPARATION
B2: What use of the dative case can be found in this quotation from Horace?
 Quid mihi Celsus agit?
ETHICAL DATIVE

7. It's summertime and you find yourself on a tour of France. Your tour guide just so happens to be a Classics enthusiast like yourself. On your first stop he tells you that you are walking on the site of a Roman victory over the Cimbri & Teutones in 105 BC. In what modern city are you walking?

ORANGE

B1: At your next stop he informs you that you are at the site where Marcus Aurelius died. In what modern city are you standing now?

VIENNA

B2: At your final stop your guide informs you that you are in the same location as Septimius Severus when he declared himself sole-emperor after defeating his rival Clodius Albinus. What modern day city are you in now?

LYONS

8. What silver age poet in the opening lines of his work declares his disgust at the widespread moral corruption which has compelled him to write satire?

JUVENAL

B1: Into how many books are Juvenal's sixteen satires divided?

FIVE

B2: Which of Juvenal's satires uses his friend Umbricius' flight from Rome as a means to declare the city too dangerous for honest men?

THIRD

9. What son of Apollo and Chione was the second musician to win the prize awarded at Delphi?

PHILAMMON

B1: Philammon was born on the same day as his half-brother. Who was this son of Hermes and Chione?

AUTOLYCUS

B2: What son of Philammon was the third poet to win the prize awarded at Delphi?

THAMYRIS

10. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows.

Aurelia tandem fortunam datur confrontāre inimicam suam. Ad puellam inimicam ambulāvit et in vultō inimicae dīxit, "audī, puella. Vox tua similis unguibus in tabulā calcis est! Semper mē nocēs cum iam vulneror. Das mihi sensum mē nullam esse. Sed nescis quid nescias." Hīs dictīs, Aurelia, nolēns puellam pulsāre, sē vertit, et discēssit.

QUESTION: How does Aurelia describe the other girl's voice?

LIKE NAILS ON A CHALKBOARD

B1: What are two things that the enemy does to Aurelia?

HURTS HER WHEN SHE IS ALREADY HURT AND MAKES HER FEEL LIKE NOTHING

B2: After Aurelia said what she had to say, what did she do and why?

SHE DID NOT WANT TO PUNCH/HIT HER ENEMY/THE OTHER GIRL, SO SHE TURNED AND LEFT

11. Give the Latin and the English for the abbreviation p.r.n. **PRO RE NATA – AS THE NEED ARISES**

B1: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation ob.

OBIIT – HE DIED

B2: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation rx.

RECIPE - TAKE

12. Who was impregnated when Poseidon took the form of the sea water which she was accustomed to pouring in her lap daily?
B1: What two giants were produced by this union?
B2: What sister did the Aloadae venture to Naxos to save from pirates?
- IPHIMEDEIA**
OTUS & EPHIALTES
PANCRATIS
13. At what battle in 283 BC were the combined Gallic and Etruscan forces defeated by a Roman army?
B1: What consul was victorious at this battle?
B2: What Senonian chieftan who had triumphed over the Romans in a previous battle was defeated at Lake Vadimo?
- LAKE VADIMO**
P. CORNELIUS DOLABELLA
BRITOMARIS
14. What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of the English verb flail?
B1: What Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of the English adjective feeble?
B2: What Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of the English noun fossil?
- FLAGRUM - WHIP**
FLEO – TO WEAP
FODIO – TO DIG UP
15. Since you are such good Latin students, you probably like to use your Facebook in Latin. If you log on one day and see a friend request from your amita, which member of your family is looking to connect with you?
B1: As you examine your news feeds you notice that a friend’s relationship status has recently changed to nubilis. What does this indicate about that friend’s love life?
B2: After checking your news feeds, you navigate to your personal page where you see a notification from another friend. The message reads “te pupugit”. What has your friend just done?
- AUNT (ON FATHER’S SIDE)**
HE/SHE IS SINGLE / MARRIAGEABLE / JUST ENDED A RELATIONSHIP / ETC.
HE/SHE HAS POKED YOU
16. Examine the visual for ten seconds. You are looking at excerpts from the works of four golden age authors.
Question: Who is the author of passage D?
B1: Who is the author of passage A?
B2: In whose De Chronographia would you find passage B?
- OVID**
(MARCUS GAVIUS) APICIUS
POMPONIIUS MELA
17. A few days after Adherbal’s victory at Drepana, what Carthaginian admiral succeeded in herding another division of the Roman fleet into a trap at Cape Passaro?
B1: Who was the commander of this isolated Roman division?
B2: What disaster, envisioned by Carthalo, befell Pullus’ fleet at Cape Passaro?
- CARTHALO**
IUNIUS PULLUS
IT WAS DESTROYED BY STORMS

18. What man during his stint as Nerva's curator aquarum composed a comprehensive treatment of the problems with Rome's water supply? **FRONTINUS**
B1: What is the title of Frontinus' four book compilation of military strategies? **STRATEGEMATA**
B2: What later author wrote the Epitome Rei Militaris which he modeled on the work of Frontinus? **VEGETIUS**
19. Using your knowledge of a well known idiom, translate the following sentence into English.
Imber ex tempestate numquam impedivit quominus diem carperemus.
THE RAIN FROM THE STORM NEVER HINDERED US FROM SEIZING THE DAY
B1: Taking the word concussio to mean earthquake, translate this sentence into English.
Nemo dubitat quin concussio in aestate acciderit.
NOBODY DOUBTS THAT AN EARTHQUAKE HAPPENED IN THE SUMMER
B2: Now translate this sentence into English. Quis est quin magnos turbones vereatur?
WHO IS THERE WHO DOES NOT FEAR LARGE WHIRLWINDS
20. What son of Panopeus, who won the boxing match at the funeral games of Patroclus, was the mastermind behind Trojan Horse? **EPEIUS**
B: Before the Greeks could breach the walls of Troy, three conditions had to be fulfilled. For 5 points each, name two of the conditions.
BRING THE BONES OF PELOPS TO TROY / FETCH PHILOCTETES (AND BOW & ARROWS OF HERACLES) / FETCH NEOPTOLEMUS

Advanced Finals Visual

A.

Coques ex aqua nitrata, expressa concides minutatim. In mortario teres piper, ligusticum, apii semen, mentam siccam, cepam, liquamen, oleum et vinum.

B.

Quodsi caput habeat libramenta ad moenia montesque medii non fuerint altiores, ut possint interpellare, sed intervalla, necesse est substruere ad libramenta, quemadmodum in rivis et canalibus.

C.

Mare quod primo sinu accipit Aegaeum dicitur; quod sequenti in ore Ionium, Hadriaticum interius; quod ultimo nos Tuscum [quem] Grai Tyrrhenicum perhibent.

D.

Si quis in hoc artem populo non novit amandi, hoc legat et lecto carmine doctus amet. Arte citae veloque rates remoque moventur, arte leves currus: arte regendus amor.