

Round 1

1. (lang 1) For the verbs **discō**, **oblīvīscor**, **saltō**, and **latrō**, which is being described by this Latin sentence? **Hoc in schōlā tibi cotīdiē agendum est.**

ANS: **DISCŌ**

2. (myth 1) What veteran of the Trojan War, the wise and garrulous king of Pylos, is visited by Telemachus in hopes of garnering information about the last-known whereabouts of his long-absent father?

ANS: NESTOR

3. (hicu 1) Who supported Augustus' rebuilding program by repairing Rome's water system and building two new aqueducts, the Aqua Julia and Aqua Virgo, in addition to constructing a temple in the region of the Campus Martius dedicated to all the gods?

ANS: (MARCUS VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA

4. (lang 2) Complete the following analogy: **aliquis : alicūius :: quaedam : _____?**

ANS: **CŪIUSDAM**

5. (lit 1) Who is credited by the historian Livy as the first Roman to write a regular play with a plot and was regarded by Horace as the originator of Latin literature for his translation of Homer's 'Odyssey' into Latin?

ANS: (LIVIUS) ANDRONICUS

6. (hicu 2) Who massacred thousands of Romans while capturing the Roman colony of Camulodunum and marching on Londinium and Verulamium in 60 AD as the commander of the Icenii and Trinovantes?

ANS: BOUDICCA / BOADICEA

7. (lang 3) Identify the rhetorical device other than any form of alliteration from this Latin line adapted from Cicero: **Hūius virī ut adolescentiae maculās ignōminiāsque praeteream...**

ANS: PRETERITION / **PRAETERITIŌ**

8. (lang 4) Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Servus auxiliō coquō ad culīnam missus est.**

ANS: THE SLAVE WAS SENT TO(WARD) THE KITCHEN TO AID THE COOK / THE SLAVE WAS SENT TO(WARD) THE KITCHEN AS AN AID (WITH REFERENCE) TO THE COOK.

9. (myth 2) Who in mythology is credited with bringing the alphabet from Phoenicia to Greece?

ANS: CADMUS

10. (lit 2) If Pliny the Elder had lived to record his observations of the volcanic activity in his writings, to which of his already-published works would such an addendum fit most comfortably?

ANS: **HISTORIA NĀTŪRĀLIS** / NATURAL HISTORY

11. (lang 5) Netflix subscribers may also be interested to know that **cauda**, the Latin root of “coward,” is also the root, through French, of what English word for “a line of items waiting for action”?

ANS: QUEUE

12. (myth 3) What king of Argos commanded his daughters to kill their husbands on their wedding night?

ANS: DANAUS

13. (hicu 3) Which of the wives of Claudius had not only brought about the deaths of many rivals and enemies but had also taken on numerous lovers of all kinds, even going so far as to marry one, Gaius Silius, in 48 AD while Claudius was performing religious duties at Ostia?

ANS: (VALERIA) MESSALINA

14. (lang 6) For the verb **mūtō**, give the first person singular, present, passive subjunctive?

ANS: **MŪTER**

15. (lit 3) What ally of Caesar wrote about the conspiracy of Catiline in a monograph he called **Dē Catilīnae Coniūrātiōne**, published between 43 and 40 BC, but better known today as **Bellum Catilīnae**?

ANS: (GAIUS) SALLUST(IUS CRISPUS)

Round 2

1. (lang 1) What use of the genitive case is most likely to accompany such words as **aliquid**, **quīdam**, **plūs**, **satis**, and **pars**?

ANS: PARTITIVE / OF THE WHOLE

2. (myth 1) Under what queen of Lydia did Heracles toil as punishment for one of his crimes?

ANS: OMPHALE

3. (hīcu 1) Which assembly was responsible for electing the consuls, praetors, and censors?

ANS: COMITIA CENTURIATA

4. (lang 2) The use of names such as **Cerēs** to mean “grain” and **Māvors** to mean “war” is an example of what rhetorical device often seen in Latin literature?

ANS: METONYMY

5. (lit 1) Which of the following authors was NOT a contemporary of Augustus? Vergil, Horace, Livy, Pliny the Younger, Ovid.

ANS: PLINY THE YOUNGER

6. (hīcu 2) What was the title that Domitian awarded himself for his campaign against the Chatti, a Rhine frontier people, in 83 AD?

ANS: GERMANICUS

7. (lang 3) Translate into Latin the subordinate clause from the following sentence using only one participle: “Julius Caesar reportedly said ‘*Kai su, teknon?*’ as his last words while he was dying.”

ANS: **MORIENS, CADENS**

8. (lang 4) Identify the use of the subjunctive in this Latin sentence: **dī immortalēs efficient ut hiems Rōmae nōn frīgīdissima sit.**

ANS: (SUBSTANTIVE) RESULT CLAUSE / (NOUN) CLAUSE
OF RESULT

9. (myth 2) What Trojan prince was carried off by Zeus because of his beauty?

ANS: GANYMEDE

10. (lit 2) What brilliant bureaucrat used his positions as public librarian and imperial archivist to research his prolific corpus of biography, including his famous ***Dē Vītā Caesarum?***

ANS: (GAIUS) SUETONIUS (TRANQUILLUS)

11. (lang 5) Translate this sentence into Latin using **viridis, viride** to mean “green”: “Tell me why the grass is green.”

ANS: **DĪC(ITE) MIHI CŪR HERBA VIRIDIS SIT / GRĀMEN VIRIDE SIT**

12. (myth 3) What pair of giant twins captured Ares in a bronze jar?

ANS: OTUS AND EPHIALTES

13. (hicu 3) **Respondē Latīnē: In quā parte domūs Rōmānae lectus funēbris posita est?**

ANS: **IN ATRIŌ - must be in the prepositional phrase**

14. (lang 6) When recognized, perform the following command, which I shall read in Latin: **surge et ululā quasi lupus.**

ANS: STUDENT SHOULD RISE AND HOWL LIKE A WOLF

15. (lit 3) What Silver Age author wrote a twelve-book treatise on oratory, published around 95 AD, called ‘Institutio Oratoria’?

ANS: QUINTILIAN

Round 3

1. (lang 1) Give the nominative singular neuter form of the present participle of **loquor**.

ANS: **LOQUENS**

2. (myth 1) What Phrygian satyr challenged Apollo to a musical contest?

ANS: **MARSYAS**

3. (hicu 1) What term was given to the most honored position on the three couches at a typical Roman dinner party, since, should a consul be present, he would always sit there?

ANS: **LOCUS CŌNSULĀRIS**

4. (lang 2) Distinguish in meaning between the animals **mūs** and **sūs**.

ANS: **mūs** - MOUSE and **sūs** - PIG/HOG/BOAR

5. (lit 1) What author stated **Arma gravī numerō violentaque bella parābam** to begin his repudiation of epic poetry called the *Amōrēs*?

ANS: (PUBLIUS) OVID(IUS NASO)

6. (hicu 2) What man, arguably the catalyst for Nero's cruel and arbitrary behavior, later replaced Burrus as praetorian prefect?

ANS: (GAIUS OFONIUS) TIGELLINUS

7. (lang 3) Translate the following quotation from Book IV of Vergil's *Aeneid*: **quis fallere possit amantem?**

ANS: WHO SHOULD/MAY BE ABLE TO DECEIVE A LOVER /
LOVING ONE?

8. (lang 4) Give a Latin noun that would categorize all of the following: **īlex**, **cerāsus**, **castanea**, **acer**, **pīnus**.

ANS: **ARBOR(ĒS)**

9. (myth 2) In Ephesus, this Greek goddess was worshipped as an earth-mother, but she is best known as one of the virgin-goddesses.

ANS: **ARTEMIS**

10. (lit 2) What author's commitment to telling both sides of certain mythologized stories from Roman history is shown by his statement "**Vulgātior fama est**" to introduce his second version of the story of Romulus and Remus?

ANS: **LIVY'S / TITUS LIVIUS'**

11. (lang 5) What Latin noun, with what meaning, is at the root of “revel,” “rebel,” “duel,” and “belligerent”?

ANS: **BELLUM** - WAR

12. (myth 3) What Greek archer was marooned on the island of Lemnos thanks to a snake-bite that not only would not heal but became so malodorous that his companions could not stand it?

ANS: PHILOCTETES

13. (hicu 3) What Roman staple yielded two fluids when pressed, **amurca** and **oleum**?

ANS: OLIVES / **OLĪVAE**

14. (lang 6) Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **imperābō mīlitibus ut castra pōnant.**

ANS: I WILL ORDER THE SOLDIERS TO PITCH A CAMP

15. (lit 3) What meter includes eleven syllables per line, as is evident from its Greek-derived name that literally means “eleven syllables”?

ANS: HENDECASYLLABICS

SEMIFINALS

1. (lang 1) Give the 3rd person singular, perfect active subjunctive of **volō, velle**.

ANS: **VOLUERIT**

BONUS: Change **voluerit** to the pluperfect.

ANS: **VOLUISSET**

2. (myth 1) What follower of Artemis was turned into a subterranean spring to escape the advances of a river god?

ANS: **ARETHUSA**

BONUS: Who was the river god?

ANS: **ALPHEUS**

3. (hicu 1) What political rival and grandson of Augustus did Tiberius have killed at the beginning of his reign?

ANS: **AGRIPPA POSTUMUS**

BONUS: To what island had Tiberius chosen to exile himself in 6 BC because he was being overlooked by Augustus?

ANS: **RHODES**

4. (lang 2) Translate this sentence: **Carmina Catullī auditū mīrābilia sunt.**

ANS: THE POEMS/SONGS OF CATULLUS ARE WONDERFUL TO HEAR / WITH RESPECT TO HEARING

BONUS: Now translate this sentence: **Fās est curāre nūmen deōrum.**

ANS: IT IS RIGHT/DIVINE WILL TO ATTEND TO/CARE FOR THE WILL/POWER OF THE GODS

5. (lit 1) “After he sacked Troy, Hannibal put all the bronze and gold and silver statues into a heap and burned them. [...] It’s from there that we call metalwork Corinthian.” What billionaire freedman spoke this stunning display of ignorance at a famous dinner party in Petronius’ *Satyricon*?

ANS: **TRIMALCHIO**

BONUS: Name the first-person narrator-protagonist of the *Satyricon*.

ANS: **ENCOLPIUS**

6. (hicu 2) Which type of diviner would base predictions on the entrails of animals?

ANS: **HARUSPEX**

BONUS: What was the Latin word for entrails?

ANS: **EXTA (-ŌRUM)**

7. (lang 3) Translate the following into LATIN using the verb **sciō**: I know that I have offended the emperor.

ANS: **SCIŌ MĒ IMPERATŌREM/PRĪNCIPEM OFFENDISSE.**

BONUS: Using **intellegō**, say in Latin: We understand what we must do.

ANS: **INTELLEGIMUS QUID NŌBĪS AGENDUM SIT.**

8. (lang 4) Which of the following would you NOT typically do with your *mēns*? **dubitō, tangō, furō, oblīvīscor, putō**

ANS: **TANGŌ**

BONUS: Which of the following could you NOT do with your *vōx*? **polliceor, hortor, loquor, incendō, mentior**

ANS: **INCENDŌ**

9. (myth 2) What pious woman and queen of Pherae gave her own life as a substitute for her husband's?

ANS: **ALCESTIS**

BONUS: Alcestis had earlier refused to help her sisters in their fatal attempt to rejuvenate their father. Who was their father, the king of Iolcus?

ANS: **PELIAS**

10. (lit 2) Who wrote the *Carmen Saeculāre* for the Secular Games of 17 B.C.?

ANS: **HORACE**

BONUS: In what meter is the *Carmen Saeculāre* written?

ANS: **SAPPHIC**

11. (lang 5) When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: **Surge et, sicut Herculēs, flecte tua bracchia.**

ANS: **STUDENT SHOULD RISE AND FLEX BOTH ARMS (LIKE HERCULES)**

BONUS: Now perform this command: **Velut Sisyphus, simulā saxum subvolvere.**

ANS: **(ONE) STUDENT SHOULD PRETEND TO ROLL A ROCK UPHILL**

12. (myth 3) In the land of the Taurians, all strangers were sacrificed to Artemis. What girl, after being rescued by Artemis from a similar sacrifice, was thereafter put in charge of preparing the victims for death?

ANS: IPHIGENEIA

BONUS: What woman, under the mistaken premise that Iphigeneia had killed Orestes, was on the verge of blinding Iphigeneia when Orestes himself appeared and revealed the truth?

ANS: ELECTRA

13. (hicu 3) What Julio-Claudian emperor was easily manipulated by his freedmen Pallas, Narcissus, and Callistus, and by his many wives?

ANS: CLAUDIUS

BONUS: Which of the freedmen from the tossup was the financial secretary of Claudius?

ANS: PALLAS

14. (lang 6) Welcome to Radio Romana. What top song of 2010 might have its title translated into Latin as **Avē, Soror Animae**?

ANS: “HEY, SOUL SISTER”

BONUS: Although “Tik Tok” is more or less untranslatable, you should be thankful to note that its lyrics are not. Translate the following Ke\$ha (“KESH-ah”) lyric into English, either literal or in Ke\$ha’s words: **māne surgō, mē habens velut Patrem Flātūs**?

ANS: WAKE UP IN THE MORNING FEELING LIKE P. DIDDY /
IN THE MORNING I RISE, HOLDING MYSELF LIKE FATHER
OF THE PUFF

15. (lit 3) What play of the Roman author Plautus is centered around the antics of a braggart soldier named Pyrgopolynices?

ANS: **MILES GLORIOSUS**

BONUS: What play of Plautus is centered around the clever slave Tranio and his deception that the house of Theopropides is possessed by a ghost?

ANS: **MOSTELLARIA**

UPPER LEVEL

1. (lang 1) Express the following in Latin using a supine: We came so that we might see the victor.

ANS: **VĒNIMUS VICTŌREM VĪSUM**

BONUS: Translate into English: **hoc nefās est factū.**

ANS: THIS IS WRONG TO DO

2. (myth 1) What youngest daughter of Priam and Hecuba was sacrificed on the grave of Achilles after the fall of Troy?

ANS: POLYXENA

BONUS: Who, clearly practiced in killing people on altars after his murder of Priam, performed this rite?

ANS: NEOPTOLEMUS / PYRRHUS

3. (hicu 1) What was the name for the day when a Roman child was named?

ANS: **DIĒS LUSTRICUS**

BONUS: On what day did a father typically name his son?

ANS: NINTH DAY AFTER BIRTH

4. (lang 2) Translate into Latin: I wonder whether it is snowing.

ANS: **MĪROR NUM NINGAT / NINGATNE / AN NINGAT**

BONUS: Now translate: It is hailing, isn't it?

ANS: **NŌNNE GRANDINAT?**

5. (lit 1) What former officer in Caesar's engineering corps dedicated his treatise on architecture to Augustus?

ANS: VITRUVIUS (POLLIO)

BONUS: What other technical writer wrote a vast encyclopedic handbook of which only the section on medicine is extant?

ANS: (AULUS CORNELIUS) CELSUS

6. (hicu 2) For what reason would a Roman matron use a **flabellum**?

ANS: TO FAN HERSELF

BONUS: If a Roman called for a **calamus**, what does he want to do?

ANS: TO WRITE

7. (lang 3) Excluding alliteration, what poetic device can be seen in the following lines from the *Aeneid*, which I shall read as prose: **at rēgīna gravī iamdūdum saucia cūrā / vulnus alit vēnīs et caecō carpitur ignī?**

ANS: SYNCHYSIS, METONYMY, METAPHOR

BONUS: Name another.

ANS: SEE ABOVE

8. (lang 4) Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin word as the others: necessary, succeed, ancestor, cease, occasion?

ANS: OCCASION

BONUS: “Occasion” comes from **cadō** - fall, but from what Latin verb, with what meaning, do necessary, succeed, ancestor, and cease all come?

ANS: **CĒDŌ (CĒDERE)** - YIELD, SUBMIT, MOVE

9. (myth 2) What Greek divinity was called Tritogenia?

ANS: ATHENA

BONUS: What Greek divinity was called Ennosigaeus?

ANS: POSEIDON

10. (lit 2) Identify the author of the following lines, which I shall read as prose: **Quī fit, Maecēnās, ut nēmō, quam sibi sortem seu rātiō dederit seu fors obiēcerit, illā contentus vīvat, laudet dīversa sequentīs?**

ANS: HORACE / (QUINTUS) HORATIUS (FLACCUS)

BONUS: Give the Latin title of the work of Horace that those lines begin.

ANS: **SERMŌNĒS**

11. (lang 5) What two Latin words contract to form the word **sīs**, which means “if you wish”?

ANS: **SĪ VĪS**

BONUS: What two Latin words contract to form the word **sōdēs**, which means “if you dare”?

ANS: **SĪ AUDĒS**

12. (myth 3) Whom did Penelope marry after the death of Odysseus?

ANS: TELEGONUS

BONUS: Whom did Telemachus marry?

ANS: CIRCE

13. (hicu 3) It was not until 445 BC and the **lĕx Canuleia** that the **iūs cōnūbiī** was extended to those in what particular circumstance?

ANS: TWO ORDERS / PATRICIAN AND PLEBEIAN
(WISHING TO MARRY)

BONUS: Give the Latin term for the type of marriage was used as a compromise when one of the parties was plebeian.

ANS: **COĒMPTIŌ**

14. (lang 6) Distinguish in meaning between the adjective **vĕnālis** and the verb **vĕnor**.

ANS: **VĒNĀLIS** = FOR SALE, **VĒNOR**=TO HUNT

BONUS: What is the meaning of the noun **venia**?

ANS: PARDON, INDULGENCE, GRACE, FAVOR

15. (lit 3) What young poet praised the emperor at the Neronia festival of AD 60, although he was forced to kill himself five years later under the direction of that same emperor?

ANS: LUCAN

BONUS: What other author was forced to commit suicide for the same reason after the Pisonian conspiracy?

ANS: (LUCIUS ANNAEUS) SENECA THE YOUNGER -
must be more specific if just Seneca