

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 1**

1. What kind of tree is an *ulmus*?

**ELM**

B1: What kind of a tree is a *quercus*?

**OAK**

B2: What kind of a tree is a *figus*?

**FIG**

2. On his journey to Athens, Theseus came across and defeated many bandits. One of these bandits called the “club man” would rob travelers and beat them on the head with a club. What was this man’s name?

**PERIPHETES/CORYNETES**

B1: Another bandit he came across, the “pine bender,” would tie his victims to a pine tree and let go. Name this “pine bender”.

**SINIS/PITYOCAMPTES**

B2: Theseus killed several more outlaws on his way to Athens, one of which was Sciron. What was Sciron doing that labeled him an outlaw?

**HE WOULD ASK TRAVELERS TO WASH HIS  
FEET THEN KICK THEM OFF A CLIFF**

3. What small fortress in Apulia, in 216 BC, was the place where possibly 60,000 Romans lost their lives to Hannibal in the worst defeat in Roman history?

**CANNAE**

B1: Name both of the Roman consuls who were commanders at this battle.

**(AEMILIUS) PAULLUS AND VARRO**

B2: Name one of the two roman generals who survived this battle.

**MARCELLUS or SCIPIO AFRICANUS**

4. “Ignition” is derived from what Latin noun with what meaning?

**IGNIS - FIRE**

B1: “Identical” is derived from what Latin pronoun with what meaning?

**IDEM - SAME**

B2: “Integrate” is derived from what Latin adjective with what meaning?

**INTEGER – WHOLE, PURE, ENTIRE, COMPLETE**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

5. Give the Latin and English for Brown University’s official motto.

**IN DEO SPERAMUS – IN GOD WE TRUST**

B1: What is the English meaning of Princeton University’s motto “*Dei sub numine viget*”?

**IT FLOURISHES UNDER THE WILL OF GOD**

B2: What is the Latin motto of Columbia University, which means “In thy light we shall see light”?

**IN LUMINE TUO VIDEBIMUS LUMEN**

6. What was the occupation of a *mango* in ancient Rome?

**SLAVE DEALER**

B1: Name the scroll hung around a slave’s neck to describe his character and detail any defects the slave might have.

**TITULUS**

B2: Name the cap worn by some slaves, which indicated that purchasers would assume all risks associated with the purchase of those slaves.

**PILLEUS**

7. Make *cornu* accusative singular

**CORNU**

B1: Change *cornu* to the dative.

**CORNU**

B2: Change *cornu* to the plural.

**CORNIBUS**

8. What Cypriot maiden rejected the advances of a shepherd and was turned into stone?

**ANAXARETE**

B1: Who was this shepherd who hanged himself on her doorstep?

**IPHIS**

B2: What deity changed Anaxarete into stone?

**APHRODITE**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

9. Who raised a revolt of Lusitanians around 80 BC in an attempt to rally the Marian party in Spain?

**SERTORIUS**

B1: To appease the Spaniards in his opposition senate, from what source did Sertorius claim to have received his advice from?

**WHITE FAWN**

B2: What Roman goddess presented Sertorius with this gift?

**DIANA**

10. Identify the use of the accusative in the following sentence: *Puto eos a hoste captos esse.*

**SUBJECT**

B1: Translate the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**I THINK THAT THEY HAVE BEEN/WERE (BEING) CAPTURED.**

B2: How would the sentence in the toss-up change if the English translation were to read "*I thought that they had been captured*"?

**PUTO WOULD BECOME PUTABAM or PUTAVI**

11. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows.

*Olim gallina superba erat quae flores in solo invenit. His floribus se adornavit et dixit: "nunc pulchra sum! Certe omnes credent me avem pulchram esse." Autem cum amici gallinae pennas viderent, riserunt. Gallina tristis facta est et lacrimavit.*

Question: What did the hen find on the ground?

**FLOWERS**

B1: What did the hen's friends do when they saw the hen with the flowers?

**LAUGHED**

B2: How did the hen feel at the end of the story?

**SAD**

12. What man earned so much respect from Achilles that he was buried in his armor after Achilles killed him and his seven sons?

**EETION**

B1: Of what region was Eetion king?

**HYPOPLACIAN THEBES**

B2: What daughter of Eetion married Hector?

**ANDROMACHE**

**[FINAL SCORE]**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 1 EXTRA QUESTIONS**

Language

Translate the following sentence into English: *Ne captivos spectemus.*

**LET US (LET'S) NOT WATCH THE CAPTIVES/PRISONERS**

B1: What type of subjunctive is illustrated in the toss up.

**HORTATORY**

B2: Translate the following sentence into Latin: May Caesar not be killed by his enemies.

**NE CAESAR A (SUÏS) HOSTIBUS INTERFICIATUR**

Mythology

What prophet found the lost son of Minos dead in a case of honey?

**POLYEIDUS**

B1: What omen did Polyeidus see that lead him to finding the boy?

**AN OWL DRIVING BEES AWAY FROM A WINE CELLAR (AT MINOS' PLACE)**

B2: Who was this son of Minos?

**GLAUCUS**

History/Culture

What 71 year old governor of Hispania Terraconensis, was the first emperor of 69 AD?

**GALBA**

B1: Which Julio-Claudian's name did Galba assume?

**NERO**

B2: Which of the emperors of 69 AD, chose to have Nero's name praised and offered sacrifices to him?

**VITELLIUS**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 2**

1. What half-brother did Atreus and Thyestes kill in the pursuit for the throne of Olympia?

**CHRYSIPPUS**

B1: What wife of Atreus committed adultery with her husband's brother Thyestes?

**AEROPE**

B2: What gift did Aerope give to Thyestes, which allowed him to claim the throne?

**GOLDEN LAMB**

2. What man, in book 5 of Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita*, led the siege of Veii?

**CAMILLUS**

B1: What object of the spoils from Veii was dedicated to the temple of Apollo at Delphi?

**A SILVER BOWL**

B2: What city, which provided aid to Veii, was Camillus later accused of embezzling from?

**FALERII**

3. Identify the case and use of *citizen* in the following sentence: *haec urbs civibus relinquenda erat*.

**DATIVE AGENT**

B1: Translate the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**THIS CITY HAD TO BE ABANDONED (LEFT BEHIND) BY THE CITIZENS.**

B2: Translate this sentence into Latin: The citizens are about to abandon this city.

**CIVES HANC URBEM RELICTURI (-AE) SUNT.**

4. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows.

*Quintus Fabius legatos ad Carthaginienses misit. Hi legati hastam, signum belli, et caduceum, signum pacis, ferebant; epistulam quoque a Romano populo ferebant. Verba in epistula erant: "Eligite unum signum quo mavultis et existimate unum a vobis electum a Romanis missum esse." Carthaginienses responderunt, "Eligemus neutrum signum. Relinquitte unum signum quod mavultis".*

Question: What items did the envoys bring to the Carthaginians?

**SPEAR, HERALD'S STAFF/CADUCEUS, and a LETTER**

B1: What did the letter instruct the Carthaginians to do?

**CHOOSE AN ITEM AND CONSIDER THAT IS THE  
ITEM THAT ROMANS GAVE THEM.**

B2: What did the Carthaginians choose?

**NEITHER**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

5. What son of Laomedon was kidnapped by Zeus and became a cupbearer for the gods?

**GANYMEDE**

B1: Laomedon was also the father of King Priam. What was King Priam's original name?

**PODARCES**

B2: What daughter of Laomedon did Heracles save from a sea monster?

**HESIOE**

6. When Galba became consul in 200 BC, what was his province, which he urged the Centuriate Assembly to wage war against?

**MACEDON**

B1: When Galba finally received approval for the war, the campaign season had already reached a close, but what group of Greeks decided to join Rome anyway?

**AETOLIANS**

B2: What general, instead of Galba, ended up fighting against the Philip the V in 197 BC?

**(TITUS QUINCTIUS) FLAMININUS**

7. What were *pillei*, *causiae*, and *petasi*?

B1: What were *mullei*, *soleae*, and *calcei*?

B2: What were *carrucae*, *cisia*, *carpenta*, and *raedae*?

**TYPES OF HATS**

**TYPES OF SHOES**

**TYPES OF CARTS, VEHICLES**

8. “*Document*” is derived from what Latin verb with what meaning?

B1: What derivative of *doceo* refers to someone who is submissive?

B2: What derivative of *doceo* refers to a teacher or lecturer in a museum?

**DOCEO - TEACH**

**DOCILE**

**DOCENT**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

9. What is the meaning of the phrase “*In re*”?

B1: When writing a formal essay, you might find yourself writing the phrase “*ut infra*” when giving information about something you found on Wikipedia at the end of the page. What does this phrase mean?

B2: When you turn your paper in to your teacher, she says that it lacks “*corpus delicti*” to support all of the “facts” you found on Wikipedia. What does this phrase mean?

**REGARDING**

**AS CITED BELOW**

**EVIDENCE**

10. *Lutetia* was the Roman name of which modern day French city?

B1: Which French city was called *Arausio*?

B2: Which other city in France did the Romans call *Massilia*?

**PARIS**

**ORANGE**

**MARSEILLE**

11. What is the perfect active infinitive of *sto*?

B1: What is the perfect active infinitive of *moneo*?

B2: What is the perfect active infinitive of *maneo*?

**STETISSE**

**MONUISSE**

**MANSISSE**

12. Despite her father’s reluctance, what daughter of Icarius left Sparta with Odysseus?

B1: What feat did Odysseus have to perform to win Penelope as his bride?

B2: Despite being known for her faithfulness, later in life Penelope married what step-son of Odysseus?

**PENELOPE**

**BEATING ICARIUS IN A FOOTRACE**

**TELEGONUS**

**[FINAL SCORE]**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 2 EXTRA QUESTIONS**

Language:

What type of cum clause is illustrated in the following sentence: *Cum discipuli Athenas iter facerent, multos Romanos in viā vīdērunt.*

**CIRCUMSTANTIAL**

B1: What is the case and use of *Athenas* in that sentence?

**ACCUSATIVE PLACE TO WHICH**

B2: Translate idiomatically the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**WHEN THE STUDENTS MARCHED TO ATHENS, THEY SAW  
MANY ROMANS IN ROME.**

Mythology:

What river in the Underworld was the river of forgetfulness?

**LETHE**

B1&2: For five points each, name any two of the four remaining Underworld Rivers.

**STYX, PHLEGETHON, ACHERON, COCYTUS**

History/Culture:

Which fourth century emperor established the Tetrarchy?

**DIOCLETIAN**

B1: Name the co-Augustus with Diocletian, who received the title Herculius.

**MAXIMIAN**

B2: Who served as Caesar under the Augustus Maximian, whose name means pale-face?

**CONSTANTIUS CHLORUS**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 3**

1. What city was the third king of Rome famous for destroying after a war began out of cattle raids?

**ALBA LONGA**

B1: When Tullus Hostilius sacked Rome, what structures did he command to be left standing?

**TEMPLES**

B2: Name the grandfather of Tullus Hostilius, who died fighting against the Sabines during the reign of Romulus.

**HOSTIUS HOSTILIUS**

2. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows

*Olim duo amici, Marcus et Lucius, in silva ambulabant. Leo amicos vidit et eos petivit. Currrens celerrime, Marcus saccum et amicum amisit. Leone discesso, Marcus in silvam ad inveniendum saccum ivit, sed vidit amicum Lucium qui arborem ascenderat. Amico, non sacco, invento, Marcus erat tristis.*

Question: What did Marcus and Lucius come upon as they were walking in the forest?

**A LION**

B1: What did Marcus lose as he was running?

**A BAG and LUCIUS (HIS FRIEND)**

B2: Why was Marcus sad?

**HE COULD NOT FIND HIS BAG**

3. What is the best translation for *ut* in the following sentence: *Nautae ita periti sunt ut navem facile servent.*

**THAT**

B1: Translate the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**THE SAILORS ARE SO SKILLED THAT THEY GUARD THE SHIP EASILY.**

B2: Give the comparative and superlative forms of *facile*.

**FACILIUS & FACILLIME**

4. The nephews of King Augeas, Eurytus and Cteatus, were known by what collective name?

**MOLIONES**

B1: What physical oddity did these brothers have?

**SIAMESE TWINS/THEY HAD ONE BODY AND TWO HEADS**

B2: The Moliones were killed by Heracles while they were traveling on the road. Where were they going?

**ISTHMIAN GAMES**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

5. Identify the use of the infinitives in the following sentence: *Marcus dixit se poetam clarum audire nolle.*

**COMPLEMENTARY & INDIRECT STATEMENT  
(PROMPT "IS THAT YOUR COMPLETE ANSWER"  
IF ONLY ONE ANSWER IS GIVEN)**

B1: Translate the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**MARCUS SAID THAT HE DID NOT WISH (WANT)  
TO LISTEN TO (HEAR) THE FAMOUS POET.**

B2: Translate the following sentence into Latin: *Lucius says that he wanted to listen to the famous poet.*

**LUCIUS DICIT SE POETAM CLARUM AUDIRE VOLUISSE.**

6. What man, consul in 426 BC, slew the Veian king Tolumnius?

**(A. CORNELIUS) COSSUS**

B1: After this victory, to what temple did he dedicate the armor?

**JUPITER FERETRIUS**

B2: What emperor, hundreds of years later, was still able to read Cossus's dedicatory inscription on the armor?

**AUGUSTUS**

7. What daughter of Cadmus married one of the five Spartoi and became a devoted follower of Dionysus?

**AGAVE**

B1: What daughter of Cadmus left Thebes after finding out that her son had been eaten by his own hounds?

**AUTONOE**

B2: What daughter of Cadmus cleverly saved her children from being killed by Themisto by dressing by them in white clothing?

**INO**

8. At what type of event did the first gladiatorial games occur in 264BC?

**A FUNERAL**

B1: From what Italian region were gladiatorial games originally derived?

**ETRURIA**

B2: Which Flavian emperor is the only Roman emperor known to have set fixed dates for gladiatorial games, regularly holding them in December during his reign?

**DOMITIAN**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

9. “*Inoculate*” is derived from what Latin noun with what meaning?

**OCULUS - EYE**

B1: “*Innocuous*” is derived from what Latin verb with what meaning?

**NOCEO - HARM**

B2: “*Vaccinate*” is derived from what Latin noun with what meaning?

**VACCA - COW**

10. The daughters of Cecrops were given a box from Athena containing what future-king of Athens?

**ERICTHONIUS**

B1: What daughter of Cecrops tried to prevent Mercury from loving her sister Herse by standing in the doorway?

**AGRAULUS**

B2: Into what did Mercury change Agrauros for this action?

**STONE**

11. Translate into Latin: *we have been warned*

**MONITI (AE) SUMUS**

B1: Change *moniti sumus* to present subjunctive.

**MONEAMUR**

B2: Change *moneamur* to pluperfect active.

**MONUISSEMUS**

12. Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation *stat*.

**STATIM -IMMEDIATELY**

B1: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation: *s.i.d.*

**SEMEL IN DIE – ONCE A DAY**

B2: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation: *Rx*

**RECIPE – TAKE**

**[FINAL SCORE]**



**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
ROUND 3 EXTRA QUESTIONS**

Language

What is the Latin adjective for 18?

B1: For 20?

**DUODEVIGINTI**

B2: What is the ordinal form of 100?

**VIGINTI**

**CENTE(N)SIMUS**

Mythology

What man became the constellation known as the “Serpent-Holder”?

B1: What was the name of this constellation?

**CARNABON**

B2: What emissary of Demeter had a chariot drawn by snakes?

**OPIUCHUS**

**TRIPTOLEMUS**

History/Culture

What man pushed for agrarian reforms as consul in the year 133 BC?

B1: Name the piece of legislature passed under Gracchus that set some land constraints.

**TIBERIUS GRACCHUS**

B2: Name the man responsible for the death of Tiberius Gracchus.

**LEX SEMPRONIA AGRARIA**

**SCIPIO NASICA**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
FINALS ROUND**

1. The words “*prefatory*” and “*infant*” ultimately derive from what Latin verb with what meaning?  
**FOR – TO SPEAK**  
B1: Give the Latin noun and its meaning at the ultimate root of the English word “*noose*”.  
**NODUS – KNOT**  
B2: Give the Latin preposition and its meaning at the ultimate root of the English words “*stranger*”.  
**EXTRĀ – BEYOND**
2. Which king of Rome ordered the blacksmith Marmurius Veturius to create eleven bronze copies of the *ancile*, which had fallen from the sky, in order to protect it from being stolen?  
**NUMA POMPILIUS**  
B1: Who advised Numa to take this course of action after discovering the stone on the Palatine?  
**EGERIA**  
B2: What priestly college was established to oversee the care and worship of the *ancile*?  
**SALII**
3. In Book 5 of the *Iliad*, what deity three times beat back the charge of Diomedes to protect the wounded Aeneas?  
**APOLLO**  
B1: What two goddesses heal Aeneas when he is returned to Troy?  
**LETO & ARTEMIS**  
B2: What god enters the battle and urges the Trojans to keep fighting although he himself is ultimately wounded by Diomedes?  
**ARES**
4. Make the phrase *ullus diēs* genitive singular.  
**ULLIUS DIĒI**  
B1: Change *ullius diei* to the plural.  
**ULLŌRUM DIĒRUM**  
B2: Change *ullōrum diērum* to the dative.  
**ULLĪS DIĒBUS**
5. Translate the following sentence into English. *Tantā cum silentiā domum intrāvī ut nēmō videret.*  
**I ENTERED THE HOUSE WITH SO MUCH SILENCE THAT NO ONE SAW**  
B1: Translate: *Quandō mē vident, parentēs semper mē rogant ut labōrem faciant.*  
**WHEN THEY SEE ME, MY PARENTS ALWAYS ASK ME TO DO WORK**  
B2: Translate: *Mea mater mē hortāta est ut manūs ante cenā lavāret.*  
**MY MOTHER ENCOURAGED ME TO WASH MY HANDS BEFORE DINNER**

[SCORE CHECK]

6. The following tossup is a visual question. Once you receive your visual you will have ten seconds to examine it. Do not open the visual until you are instructed to do so. You may open your visuals (wait 10 seconds). You are looking at a statue of two lovers. One of them has fallen into a deep sleep because she opened a box containing Persephone's beauty. Who was this lover of Cupid?

**PSYCHE**

B1: Psyche had such a daunting beauty that no man wanted to marry her because they were afraid of it. As a result, her father left her at the top of a mountain where suddenly something carried her away. What carried her away?

**ZEPHYRUS (prompt on "west wind")**

B2: What was the name of the child did Psyche bore to Cupid?

**VOLUPTAS**

7. What imperial structure in the *Campus Martius* commemorates Roman victories over the Quadi, Iazyges, and Marcomanni by the last of the Five Good Emperors?

**COLUMN OF MARCUS AURELIUS**

B1: Marcus Aurelius was renowned for being a follower of what philosophy as evident in his work entitled *Meditations*?

**STOICISM**

B2: In what Pannonian city did Marcus Aurelius die while campaigning in 180 AD?

**VINDOBONA / VIENNA**

8. What two uses of the dative case can be found in the following sentence? *Moenia impedimentō hostibus sunt.*

**REFERENCE & PURPOSE**

B1: Translate that sentence into English.

**THE (CITY) WALLS ARE A HINDRANCE TO THE ENEMY**

B2: Using the Dative case translate the following sentence into Latin. *We must fight the enemy bravely.*

**HOSTĒS NŌBĪS FORTITER SUNT PUGNĀNDĪ /  
HOSTIS NŌBĪS FORTITER EST PUGNĀNDUS**

9. While hunting near Nonacris, what god fell in love with the beautiful nymph Syrinx?

**PAN**

B1: When she was unable to cross the Ladon River to escape Pan, into what did the local nymphs transform her?

**REEDS**

B2: What did Pan create from Syrinx's reeds?

**PIPES**

10. The innovation of the *corvus* gave the Romans so much success on the sea that they decided to invade mainland Africa. What Spartan mercenary was summoned by the Carthaginians to reorganize their army and counter this new Roman land offensive?

**XANTHIPPIUS**

B1: Where did the Carthaginians, led by Xanthippus, defeat the Romans in 255 BC?

**BAGRADAS VALLEY / TUNIS**

B2: According to Augustine, which Roman consul was captured at this battle and encased in a chest lined with spikes after he refused to negotiate peace at Rome?

**(MARCUS ATILIUS) REGULUS**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

11. What three letter abbreviation is used to indicate that a prescription should be taken *twice a day*?

**B.I.D.**

B1: Give the similar abbreviation which indicates that a prescription should be taken *once a day*?

**S.I.D.**

B2: What would you be instructed to do if a label had the abbreviation *o.s.*?

**TAKE IN THE LEFT EYE**

12. Complete this analogy. *malō : mavult :: nolō : \_\_\_\_\_*.

**NŌN VULT**

B1: Change *nōn vult* to the subjunctive.

**NŌLIT**

B2: Change *nōlit* to the perfect tense.

**NŌLUERIT**

13. What son of Zeus and Elare could be found stretched out over nine acres in the underworld with two vultures eating his liver?

**TITYUS**

B1: Which of the inhabitants of the underworld was condemned to spin on a flaming wheel for attempting to seduce Hera?

**IXION**

B2: What father of Ixion had been entombed in a rock in the underworld and forced to starve in front of an eternal feast for setting fire to Apollo's temple at Delphi?

**PHLEGYAS**

14. What use of the subjunctive can be found in the following sentence? *hōs latrinōs interficiāmus*.

**HORTATORY**

B1: ...in this sentence? *Fulvia verita est ut Clōdius viveret*.

**FEAR CLAUSE**

B2: ...in this sentence? *Magister rogat quid hodiē facias?*

**INDIRECT QUESTION**

15. Give the Latin term for the food item which comes in variations, such as *plebeius*, *castrensis*, and *rusticus*, and was the one of the chief staples of the Roman diet.

**PANIS**

B1: What is the Latin term for the best kind of bread which was made from pure wheat flour?

**PANIS SALIGNEUS**

B2: Give the Latin title for those whose profession was bread making?

**PISTOR**

### [SCORE CHECK]

16. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the question that follows.

*Paucis ante diebus, Marcellus per Viam Sacram ibat ubi homo Marcello notus tantum nomine appropinquavit. Ille a Marcello quaesivit quo ambularet. Nihil respondens, Marcellus ambulabat. Iratus, ille lapidem in aerem iecit et Marcelli caput inflixit. Poenam timens, ille in templum trans flumen cucurrit et numquam discessit.*

Question: Who approached Marcellus when he was in the Via Sacra?

**A MAN KNOWN TO MARCELLUM ONLY BY NAME.**

B1: According to the passage, how did Marcellus get hurt?

**GOT HIT IN THE HEAD (BY A STONE)**

B2: Where is the temple located?

**ACROSS THE RIVER**

17. Place the following four Heracles labors in the correct chronological order: *Retrieving Cerberus, Cattle of Geryon, Girdle of Hippolyta, Apples of the Hesperides*

**(9) GIRDLE OF HIPPOLYTA, (10) CATTLE OF GERYON,  
(11) APPLES OF THE HESPERIDES, (12) RETRIEVING CERBERUS**

B1: For which of these labors did he receive help from Theseus?

**APPLES OF THE HESPERIDES**

B2: Why had Eurystheus assigned Heracles this particular labor?

**TO PLEASE HIS DAUGHTER (ADMETE)**

18. Differentiate in meaning between “*vulnus*” and “*vultus*”.

**VULNUS – WOUND & VULTUS – FACE, EXPRESSION**

B1: ...between “*turbō*” & “*turba*”.

**TURBŌ – WHIRLWIND & TURBA – UPROAR, CROWD**

B2: ...between “*vincō*” and “*vinciō*”.

**VINCŌ – TO CONQUER & VINCIŌ – TO BIND**

19. After having much of their population enslaved and being sold dog meat at high prices, where did the Visigoths make an overwhelming stand against the emperor Valens in 378 AD?

**ADRIANOPOLE**

B1: What chieftain of the Thervingi was responsible for issuing the Romans this defeat and capturing the emperor?

**FRITIGERN**

B2: What nephew of Valens had failed to reach Adrianople with reinforcements in time due to his uncle’s rash actions?

**GRATIAN**

**[SCORE CHECK]**

20. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command. *Stā et tangens capita tuōrum sociōrum dīc Anglice “anas, anas, anser”.*

**STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND TOUCH THE HEAD  
OF EACH TEAMMATE WHILE SAYING “DUCK, DUCK, GOOSE”**

B1: Perform this command. *Ambulāte ad moderatōrem et date eī quinque digitōs altōs.*

**PLAYERS SHOULD WALK TOWARD THE MODERATOR  
AND GIVE HIM A HIGH FIVE**

B2: Perform this command. *Exclude machīnam Certāminis et dīc Anglice “hoc certāmen finiat”.*

**PLAYER TURNS OFF THE BUZZER MACHINE  
AND SAYS IN ENGLISH “LET THIS COMPETITION END”**

**[FINAL SCORE]**

**BOSTON LATIN ACADEMY  
CERTAMEN FORUM 2014  
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION  
FINALS ROUND EXTRA QUESTIONS**

Language

Identify the case and use of citizen in the following sentence: *haec urbs civibus relinquenda erat.*

**DATIVE AGENT**

B1: Translate the sentence in the toss-up into English.

**THIS CITY HAD TO BE ABANDONED (LEFT BEHIND) BY THE CITIZENS.**

B2: Translate this sentence into Latin: The citizens are about to abandon this city.

**CIVES HANC URBEM RELICTURI (-AE) SUNT.**

History

What Roman Emperor was nicknamed Graeculus for his love of Greek culture?

**HADRIAN**

B1: What niece of Trajan did Hadrian marry?

**VIBIA SABINA**

B2: Where did Hadrian spend his last days?

**TIBUR/TIVOLI**

Mythology

Which ally of Priam did Achilles fall in love with shortly after killing her?

**PENTHESILEA**

B1: Thersites had laughed at Achilles for crying over Penthesilea's corpse, and so Achilles killed him. To which island did Achilles have to sail to be purified for this murder?

**LESBOS**

B2: Once at Lesbos, Achilles had to sacrifice to three deities. Name one of them.

**LETO / APOLLO/ ARTEMIS**