TU: #1   Translate into Latin the prepositional phrase in the following sentence: 'They walked into the field.'
IN AGRUM, IN CAMPUM

B1:   Give in Latin the prepositional phrase in the sentence ' They are walking in the field.'
IN AGRŌ, IN CAMPŌ

B2:   Give in Latin the word 'horses' in the sentence 'He owned 2000 horses.'   **EQUŌRUM**

TU: #2   What Olympian deity was often depicted as crippled and bald?
HEPHAESTUS / VULCAN(US) / MULCIBER

B1:   Ironically, what beautiful Olympian deity was the wife of Hephaestus?   APHRODITE

B2:   Who was the mother and, perhaps, the only parent of Hephaestus?   HERA

TU: #3   Give an antonym for **pāx**.   **BELLUM, DISCORDIA, PUGNA**
B1:   Give an antonym for **celer**.   **TARDUS, LENTUS**
B2:   Give an antonym for **parvus**.   **MAGNUS, INGENS, IMMĀNIS, GRANDIS**

TU: #4   What animal would one <u>most likely</u> see at a Roman *circus*?   HORSE
B1:   What was the Latin name of the wall dividing the racetrack?   **SPINA**
B2:   What was the Latin term for the starting gates?   **CARCERES**

TU: #5   Who was the god of wine?   DIONYSUS / BACCHUS / LIBER
B1:   Who was the god of thieves?   HERMES / MERCURY
B2:   Who was the god of medicine and music?   APOLLO

TU: #6   Translate the verb into Latin for the sentence 'They were staying at night with my friends.'
MANĒBANT

B1:   Translate 'at night ' in that same sentence.   **NOCTE / NOCTŪ**

B2:   Translate 'with my friends' in that same sentence.   **CUM MEĪS AMĪCĪS / SOCIĪS**

TU: #7   At what battle did the supporters of Caesar finally defeat his murderers in 42 B.C.?   PHILLIPPI
B1:   What two men led these supporters of Caesar?   ANTONY AND OCTAVIAN
B2:   What two men led the opposing forces?
(LUCIUS JUNIUS) BRUTUS AND (C). CASSIUS (LONGINUS)

TU: #8   **Quid Anglicē significat "lapis"?**   STONE / LANDMARK / TOMBSTONE
B1:   **Quid Anglicē significat "virga"?**.   TWIG / BRANCH / WAND
B2:   **Quid Anglicē significat "mūrus"?**   WALL / PROTECTION

TU: #9   Who was the father of the Pleiades?   ATLAS
B1:   Who was the mother of the Oceanids?   TETHYS
B2:   Who was the mother of the Nereids?   DORIS

TU: #10   **Quot sunt quīnque et octō?**   **TREDECIM**
B1:   **Quot sunt septem et ūndecim?**   **DUODĒVĪGINTĪ**
B2:   **Quot sunt sex et quattuordecim?**   **VĪGINTĪ**

TU: #11   For how long was a censor supposed to serve?   18 MONTHS
B1:   How often were censors elected?   EVERY FIVE YEARS (OR FOUR IN EARLY ROME)
B2:   How many *censores* were elected at a time?   2

TU: #12   Give the Latin verb root and its English meaning from which we derive <u>induction</u>.
DŪCO, DŪCERE -- TO LEAD, DRAW

B1:   Give the Latin root and its English meaning from which we derive <u>convocation</u>.
VOCŌ, VOCĀRE - TO CALL

B2:   Give the Latin root and its English meaning from which we derive <u>inspiration</u>.
SPĪRŌ, SPĪRĀRE -- TO BREATHE

TU: #13   What Athenian hero killed the Minotaur?   THESEUS
B1:   What Cretan girl aided Theseus in killing the Minotaur?   ARIADNE
B2:   What other daughter of Minos also married Theseus, with disastrous consequences?   PHAEDRA

TU: #14   Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:
Quīntus amīcum suum Gāium vīsitābat. Gāius erat vir fortis et coquus quī in īnsulā habitābat. Quīntus in ātriō Gāī pictūrās coquōrum vidēbat. Tum Quīntus Gāiō dīxit, "Quī sunt hī hominēs?" Gāius Quīntō dīxit, "Sunt meī parentēs." (repeat)

Q: **Ubi Gāius habitābat**?   **IN ĪNSULĀ**
B1:   **Quālis vir erat Gāius**?   **FORTIS**
B2:   **Quās rēs in ātriō Quīntus vīdit**?
<u>**PICTŪRĀS**</u> **(PULCHRĀS) (COQUŌRUM) / PARENTĒS / COQUŌS**

TU: #15   Which of the following is not derived from the same Latin root as the others:
Simultaneous, simile, simulate, assimilate?   SIMULTANEOUS

B1:   From what Latin adverb with what meaning is <u>simultaneous</u> derived?
SIMUL - TOGETHER/AT THE SAME TIME

B2:   From what Latin adjective with what meaning are <u>simile</u>, <u>simulate</u>, and <u>assimilate</u> derived?
SIMILIS - SIMILAR

TU: #16   What early Roman patriot showed his indifference to pain by burning off his right hand?
(C.) MUCIUS SCAEVOLA

B1:   What Etruscan king had he tried to kill?   LARS PORSENA
B2:   Whom was Porsena trying to reinstate on the throne in Rome?
(LUCIUS) TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS OR TARQUIN THE PROUD

TU: #17   Who was the faithful wife of Odysseus?   PENELOPE
B1:   Who was Odysseus's son by Penelope?   TELEMACHUS
B2:   For whom was Penelope weaving the shroud to delay the suitors?
(ODYSSEUS' FATHER) LAERTES

TU: #18   Give the singular, present imperative of the verb **currō, currere**?   **CURRE**
B1:   Make **curre** plural.   **CURRITE**
B2:   Make **currite** a negative command.   **NOLĪTE CURRERE**

TU: #19   What Roman general refused to be a traitor in the First Punic War when he was asked to convince the Romans to make peace?   (M. ATILIUS) REGULUS

B1:   What Spartan mercenary had defeated Regulus for the Carthaginians?   XANTHIPPUS
B2:   What battle had Regulus won to open Africa to invasion?   CAPE ECNOMUS

TU: #20   Translate the following sentence into English: **Mātrēs erant trīstissimae**.

                                        THE MOTHERS WERE VERY SAD

B1:   . . . **Puerī canem timuērunt**.   THE BOYS FEARED THE DOG

B2:   . . . **Homō cibum leōnī fērōcī dabit**.   THE MAN WILL GIVE FOOD TO THE FIERCE LION

TU: #1   What is the difference in meaning between the verbs **discēdō** and **dēscendō**?

DISCĒDŌ - LEAVE, DEPART

DĒSCENDŌ - CLIMB DOWN, DESCEND

B1:   What is the difference in meaning between the verbs **canō** and **cantō**?

PRACTICALLY NO DIFFERENCE (**CANO** - SING, **CANTO** - KEEP ON SINGING)

B2:   What is the difference in meaning between the nouns **collis** and **collum**?   **COLLIS** - HILL

COLLUM - NECK

TU: #2   Translate the adverb in the sentence 'They were behaving badly.'   **MALE**

B1:   Translate the adverb in the sentence 'You have played well.'   **BENE**

B2:   Translate the adverb in the sentence 'I hope you can answer this easily.'   **FACILE**

TU: #3   Who was the ruler of the underworld?   HADES / PLUTO / DIS / DIS PATER / ORCUS

B1:   What god, under his personality, Psychopompus, escorted the souls of the dead?

HERMES / MERCURY

B2:   Who was the god of death?   THANATOS

TU: #4   Where did Hannibal defeat the Romans in 217 B.C.?   LAKE TRASIMENE

B1:   Who was the 1st Roman general that Hannibal defeated?

AFRICANUS' FATHER (PUBLIUS CORNELIUS SCIPIO) OR THE ELDER SCIPIO

B2:   What Roman leader was called 'sword of Rome' and conquered Syracuse in 212 B.C.?

M. MARCELLUS

TU: #5   Translate into Latin the prepositional phrase in the sentence 'I used to sail to the small island.'

AD PARVAM INSULAM

B1:   Translate the prepositional phrase in 'I used to sail from the small isand.'   **A PARVĀ INSULĀ**

B2:   Translate 'I used to sail.'   **NĀVIGĀBAM**

TU: #6   What was the exercise area or wrestling pit called at a Roman Bath?   PALAESTRA

B1:   What would you be doing if you gave a quadrans to the ostiarius?   PAYING ADMISSION FEE

B2:   What was the <u>main purpose</u> for the room called the unctorium?   APPLYING OIL

TU: #7   Whose famous oracle was located on Mt. Parnassus near Delphi?   APOLLO

B1:   What god had an oracle at Dodona?   ZEUS / JUPITER

B2:   What god had an oracle at his birthplace on Delos?   APOLLO

TU: #8   Translate the following sentence into English: **Invēnitne puer pecūniam**?

DID THE BOY FIND THE MONEY?

. . . **Quō modō pecūniam inveniēmus?**

HOW / IN WHICH WAY WILL WE FIND THE MONEY

. . . **Numquam habēmus satis pecūniae.**   WE NEVER HAVE ENOUGH MONEY

TU: #9   Who sent Eilytheia to delay the birth of Heracles out of anger over Zeus's affairs?   HERA

B1:   Who was Heracles' "stepfather", the husband of Alcmene?   AMPHITRYON

B2:   What does Heracles's name ironically mean?   THE GLORY OF HERA

TU: #10 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:

Marcus primā lūce surrēxit et ad Forum festinavit. Multos amīcōs vīdit qui res emebant. Tum ad templum īvit, ubi precēs dīxit. Tum domum redīvit. (repeat)

Q: **Quō festinavit Marcus prima luce?**   **AD FORUM**
B1: **Quōs vīdit in foro?**   **(MULTOS) AMICOS**
B2: **Quās dīxit in templō?**   **PRECĒS**

TU: #11 Who escaped from Crete by flying on wings he had invented?   DAEDALUS
B1: Who was the son of Daedalus, who perished when he flew too close to the sun, melting the wax on his wing?   ICARUS
B2: After his escape, where did Daedalus find refuge with King Cocalus?   SICILY

TU: #12 Which of the following is not derived from the same Latin root as the others?
Inter, terrestrial, terrarium, deter, subterraneous   DETER
B1: From what Latin word with what meaning is <u>deter</u> derived?   **(DĒ)TERREŌ** - FRIGHTEN
B2: From what Latin word with what meaning are inter, terrestrial, terrarium, and subterraneous derived?   **TERRA**- LAND

TU: #13 Who came to Rome in a <u>carpentum</u> and later became the 5th king of Rome?
(LUCIUS) TARQUINIUS PRISCUS
B1: Who was his wife?   TANAQUIL
B2: From what city did Priscus come?   TARQUINII (CAERE)

TU: #14 Translate into Latin 'with a pen' for the sentence 'He wrote a letter with a pen.'
STYLŌ / PENNĀ
B1: Say in Latin 'with great care' in the sentence 'He wrote the letter with great care.'
MAGNĀ CUM CŪRĀ / MAGNĀ CŪRĀ / CUM MAGNĀ CŪRĀ
B2: What use of the Ablative case is **magnā cum cūrā**?   MANNER

TU: #15 What Argive hero killed the Gorgon Medusa?   PERSEUS
B1: What daughter of Cepheus became Perseus's wife?   ANDROMEDA
B2: What son of Perseus and Andromeda was left in Joppa to inherit the throne of Cepheus? PERSES

TU: #16 What Roman commander deserted his fleet at Actium?   ANTONY
B1: In what year was the battle of Actium?   31 B.C.
B2: Who won this battle for Octavian?   (M. VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA

TU: #17 What English word, derived from the Latin word **via**, means to turn aside from?   DEVIATE
B1: What English word, derived from the Latin word **novus**, means to introduce something new?
INNOVATE
B2: What English word, derived from the Latin word **labor**, means to work together on a project?
COLLABORATE

TU: #18 Change **posse** to the same form as **ferēbam**.   **POTERAM**
Change **velle** to the same form as **sumus**.   **VOLUMUS**
Change **īre** to the same form as **potuit**.   **IIT / ĪVIT**

TU: #19   Differentiate in meaning between the adjectives **lātus** and **laetus**.   **LĀTUS** - WIDE
LAETUS - HAPPY

B1:   Differentiate in meaning between **accidere** and **occīdere**.

ACCIDERE-HAPPEN
OCCĪDERE-KILL

B2:   Differentiate in meaning between **deus** and **dies**.   **DEUS** - GOD
DIES - DAY

TU: #20   In what four months did the Ides fall on the 15th?   M A R C H , M A Y ,
JULY, & 0CTOBER

B1:   On what day did the Ides normally fall?   13TH
B2:   On what day of the month did the Nones fall in March, May, July, & October?   7th

TU: #1	What war did the Romans fight from 343-341 B.C.?	FIRST SAMNITE WAR
B1:	What war did the Romans fight from 215(214)-205 B.C.?	FIRST MACEDONIAN WAR
B2:	What were the beginning and ending dates for the Second Punic War?	264-241 B.C.

TU: #2   Which of the following Latin nouns does not belong because of meaning?

         pēs, digitus, aurum, crūs, caput   AURUM

B1:   . . . aqua, mel, vīnum, lac, mulsum   MEL

B2:   . . . columba, aquila, pāvō, corvus, mūs   MŪS

TU: #3	Translate "taller" into Latin for the sentence 'Marcus is taller than Lucius.'	**ALTIOR**
B1:	Translate 'than Lucius' into Latin in two different ways.	**LŪCIŌ** AND **QUAM LŪCIUS**
B1:	Translate "larger" into Latin for the sentence 'The lion is a larger animal than a mouse."	**MAIUS**

TU: #4   What Theban king's death was caused by Dionysus when he refused to accept the god's divinity?

                                                                    PENTHEUS'

B1:	What Theban king was transformed into a snake?	CADMUS
B2:	What Theban king disappeared from the earth near the Attic town of Colonus?	OEDIPUS

TU: #5	At what age did a Roman boy assume the **toga virīlis**?	14 - 17 YEARS

                                               (ACCEPT ANY YEAR IN THAT SPAN)

B1:   What distinguished a **toga praetexta** from a **toga virīlis**?

                               PRAETEXTA HAD A CRIMSON/PURPLE BORDER

B2:   What was the name of the holiday on March 17 on which many young Romans celebrated their coming of age?   **LĪBERĀLIA**

TU: #6	Put the phrase "sad mother" into Latin.	**MISERA/TRĪSTIS MĀTER**
B1:	Change that phrase to the genitive singular.	**MISERAE/TRĪSTIS MĀTRIS**
B2:	Change that phrase to the dative plural.	**MISERĪS/TRĪSTIBUS MĀTRIBUS**

TU: #7	Name two rivers of the Underworld.	*see below for answers*
B1:	Name one more.	*see below for answers*
B2:	Name two more.	STYX / COCYTUS / ACHERON / LETHE / (PYRI)PHLEGETHON

TU: #8   Which of the following states does not have a name derived from Latin:

         Colorado, Florida, Alaska, Montana, or Pennsylvania?

                                                                  ALASKA

         Pick a state listed in the toss-up and give the Latin root and its meaning from which it is derived.

                                                          SEE BELOW

         Name another.   CO-**COLOR,** COLOR;   MT – **MONS**, MOUNTAIN;

                                   FL - **FLOS**, FLOWER;   PA – **SILVA**, FOREST

TU: #9	Who were Cornelia's "jewels"?	GAIUS AND TIBERIUS GRACCHUS
B1:	Who was the maternal grandfather of Cornelia's so-called "jewels"?	SCIPIO AFRICANUS
B2:	What colony did Gaius Gracchus found at the site of Carthage?	JUNONIA

TU: #10 Listen to the following and when recognized follow the given instructions.
  Surge et dīc mihi Anglicē nōmen tuī magistrī.
      PLAYER SHOULD STAND AND TELL THE NAME OF HIS/HER TEACHER
B1: **Tangite nasōs vestrōs dextrīs manibus.**
     MORE THAN ONE STUDENT SHOULD TOUCH NOSES WITH THE RIGHT HAND
B2: **Clamāte nōmen virī quī est Praesidens Ūnītōrum Statuum.**
.   MORE THAN ONE STUDENT SHOULD SHOUT OUT "BUSH"

TU: #11 Give the Latin noun and its English meaning from which we derive <u>coy</u>, <u>requiem</u>, <u>acquiesce</u>, and <u>quiescent</u>.
      QUIES- QUIET/REST
B1: Give the Latin noun and its English meaning from which we derive <u>participate</u>, <u>partiality</u>, and <u>tripartite</u>.
      PARS - PART
B2: Besides **pars**, what other Latin word with what meaning lies at the root of <u>participate</u>?
      CAPIŌ - I TAKE, SEIZE

TU: #12 What son of Agamemnon punished Clytemnestra and Aegisthus for their crimes?   ORESTES
B1: In which city was Orestes later tried for this deed?   ATHENS
B2: What was the name of the site in Athens where this trial took place?   AREOPAGUS

TU: #13 What was the original purpose of the modern structure called the Pont du Gard?   AQUEDUCT
B1: Who is credited with building the first aqueduct in Italy?   APPIUS CLAUDIUS
B2: What was the first high level aqueduct?   AQUA MARCIA

TU: #14 What criminal was condemned to forever roll a rock up a hill in Hades?   SISYPHUS
B1: Who was strapped to a wheel in Hades?   IXION
B2: Who could not reach nearby food and water as his eternal punishment?   TANTALUS

TU: #15 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows:
  Māne in ludō, magister discipulīs dīxit, "Hodiē linguam Graecam discēmus." Discipulus ignāvissimus clamāvit, "Euge!" Magister, ubi discipulum clamantem audīvit, rogāvit, "Cūr tam laetus es?" Discipulus respondit, "Mihi nōmen est Alexander, et omnia mihi sunt Graeca!" (repeat)

  Q: What is the class studying today?   GREEK
B1: Which student is delighted by this news?   A (VERY) LAZY STUDENT/ALEXANDER
B2: Why is this student happy to hear that the class is studying Greek?
      HE IS GREEK/IT'S ALL GREEK TO HIM/HE KNOWS GREEK ALREADY

TU: #16 Say in Latin "They cannot see."   **VIDĒRE NŌN POSSUNT**
B1: Say in Latin "Marcus can be seen."   **MARCUS VIDĒRĪ / SPECTĀRĪ POTEST**
B2: Say in Latin, "Marcus, I do not believe you"   **MARCE, TIBI NŌN CRĒDŌ**

TU: #17 Give the second person plural, perfect active indicative of **volō, velle.**   **VOLUISTIS**
B1: Change **voluistis** to the pluperfect.   **VOLUERĀTIS**
B2: Change **voluerātis** to the future perfect.   **VOLUERITIS**

TU: #18   What god, son of Iapetus, stole fire for man?   PROMETHEUS
B1:   Who finally released Prometheus from bondage?   HERACLES/HERCULES
B2:   Who was the wife of Prometheus' brother?   PANDORA

TU: #19   What novus homo defeated the Teutones and the Cimbri?   GAIUS MARIUS
B1:   Where did Marius defeat the Cimbri?   VERCELLAE
B2:   Where did Marius defeat the Teutones?   AQUAE SEXTIAE

TU: #20   **Audīte dīligenter - Mercātor, tuba, nāvis: Quae rēs est maxima?**   **NĀVIS**
B1:   **. . . ānulus, canis, domus: Quae rēs est minima?**   **ĀNULUS**
B2:   **. . . pēs, mare, mīles: Quae rēs est pars corporis?**   **PĒS**

LANGUAGE

TU:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for arboreal.	**ARBOR** - TREE
B1:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for collar.	**COLLUM** - NECK
B2:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for lunatic.	**LŪNA** - MOON

TU:	Give the genitive plural of **miles**.	**MILITUM**
B1:	Give the genitive plural of **civis**.	**CIVIUM**
B2:	Give the genitive plural of **manus**.	**MANUUM**

TU:	Say in Latin 'We were able'.	**POTERAMUS**
B1:	Say in Latin 'We had been able'.	**POTUERAMUS**
B2:	Say in Latin 'They will have been able'.	**POTUERINT**

TU:	Say names in the sentence 'Do you know all his names'.	**NOMINA**
B1:	Say 'his' in that sentence.	**EIUS, ILLIUS, HUIUS**
B2:	Say 'all' in that sentence.	**OMNIA**

TU:	Listen to the instructions and follow them when called upon.	
	Tolle sinistram manum.	THE PLAYER SHOULD RAISE HIS LEFT HAND
B1:	**Capite vestras aures**.	EACH PLAYER SHOULD GRAB THEIR EARS
B2:	**Ambula tuam sellam**.	ONE PLAYER SHOULD WALK AROUND THE CHAIR

TU:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for oppression.	**PREMO** - PRESS
B1:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for deficit.	**FACIO** - MAKE
B2:	Give the Latin root and its meaning for exposition.	**PONO** - PLACE

TU:	Which word in the following list names something that is most likely to be <u>heard</u>:	
	cēra CLAMOR cibus cinis	
B1:	Define **cinis**.	ASH
B2:	Define **cēra**.	WAX

TU:	Which of the following phrases best describes the usual location of an **<u>ancilla</u>**:	
	in barbā cum argentāriō sub iānuā IN CULINA	
B1:	Define **sub iānuā**.	UNDER THE DOOR
B2:	Define **cum argentāriō**.	WITH THE BANKER

TU:	According to its Latin root, if you are <u>pompous</u>, in what event should you desire to participate?	
		A PARADE/PROCESSION
B1:	According to its Latin root, if something is <u>ridiculous</u>, how should you react to it?	LAUGH
B2:	According to its Latin root, what does one do while riding on a <u>recumbent</u> bicycle?	
		LIE DOWN/RECLINE

MYTHOLOGY

TU:	Who led the Argonauts on the quest for the Golden Fleece?	JASON
B1:	Who had ordered Jason to retrieve the Fleece?	PELIAS
B2:	What daughter of Aeetes fell in love with Jason at Colchis?	MEDEA

TU:	What god lost the contest for stewardship of Athens?	POSEIDON / NEPTUNE
B1:	What gift had Athena given to the city?	OLIVE TREE
B2:	What city chose Hera as their steward over Poseidon, resulting in a long drought?	ARGOS

Extra Question for Novice Finals

TU:	Who was changed into a laurel tree while fleeing Apollo?	DAPHNE
B1:	Who was changed into an owl while fleeing from her father?	NYCTIMENE
B2:	Who was changed into a bed of reeds while fleeing Pan?	SYRINX / NANCRATIS

HISTORY/LIFE

TU:	What were the 15 priests of specific gods called?	FLAMINES
B1:	What was the head priest of Jupiter called?	FLAMEN DIALIS
B2:	Who was the second most important priest after the Pontifex Maximus?	REX SACRORUM

TU:	What would you measure with a jugerum?	LAND (AREA OF LAND)
B1:	What was overly fermented wine?	ACETUM
B2:	What was grape juice or unfermented wine called?	MUSTUM

TU:	Name a wife of Gaius Julius Caesar?	
B1:	Name another.	
B2:	Name another.	CORNELIA, POMPEIA, CALPURNIA

TU:	What religious office did Julius Caesar hold?	PONTIFEX MAXIMUS
B1:	Where was Caesaar propraetor?	SPAIN
B2:	What German king did Caesar defeat in 58 B.C.?	ARIOVISTUS

TU:	Name one of the sons of Hamilcar Barca, a member of the Loin's Brood?	
B1:	Name another.	
B2:	Name another.	HANNIBAL, HASDRUBEL, MAGO