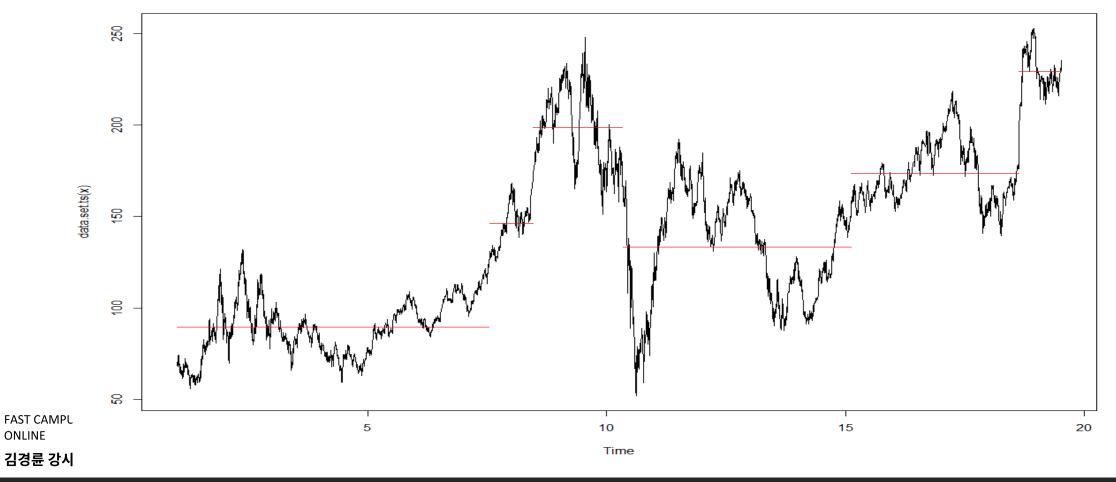


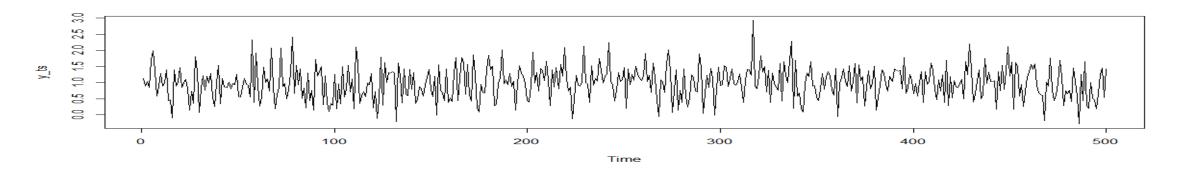
Change Point Detection: 시계열데이터의 평균, 분산, 분포 등의 변화를 감지하는것

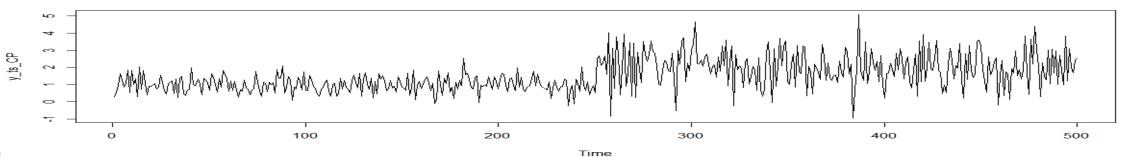




```
library(changepoint)
```

y_ts <- ts(rnorm(500,mean=1,sd=.5)) # random signal without a changepoint y_ts_CP <- ts(c(rnorm(250,mean=1,sd=.5), rnorm(250,mean=2,sd=1))) # random signal with changepoint

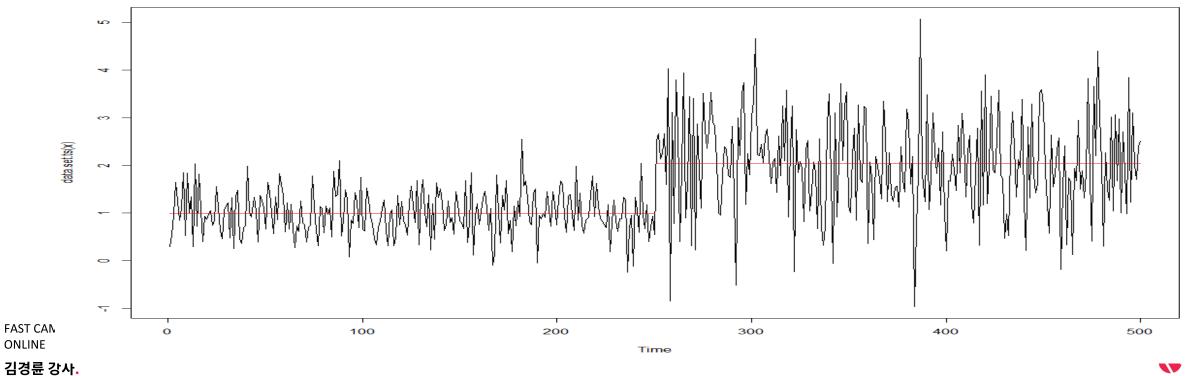




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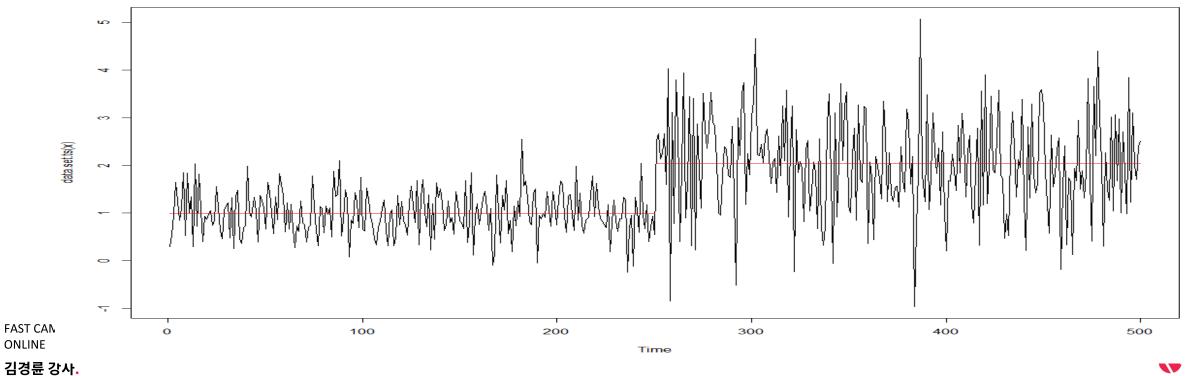
campus

mvalue <- cpt.mean(y_ts_CP, method = "PELT")
cpts(mvalue) # change point detection
[1] 250
plot(mvalue)</pre>



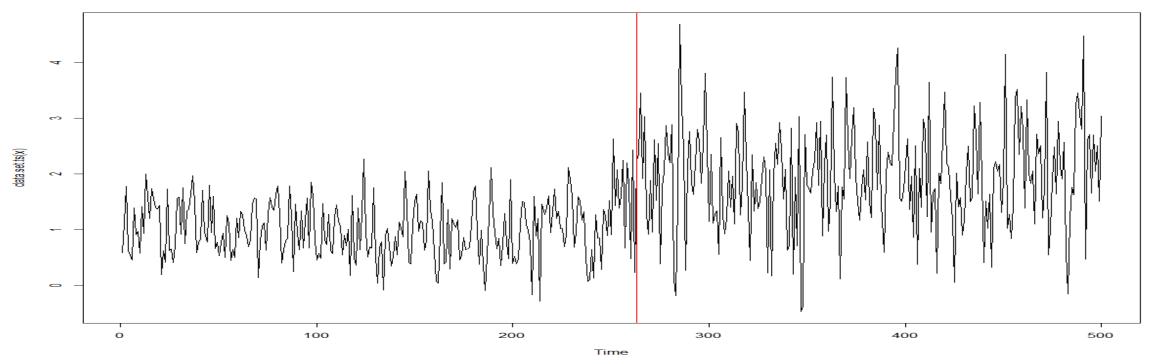
Change Point Detection: mean change

mvalue <- cpt.mean(y_ts_CP, method = "PELT")
cpts(mvalue) # change point detection
[1] 250
plot(mvalue)</pre>



Change Point Detection: variance change

```
varvalue <- cpt.var(y_ts_CP, method = "PELT")
cpts(varvalue)
plot(varvalue)</pre>
```



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```
# 골드만삭스 주가데이터
gs <- read.csv("C:/Users/kyongryun/Documents/TS2/gs_ts.csv", header=T)
gs_ts <- ts(gs$price, frequency = 250)
mvalue <- cpt.mean(gs_ts, method = "BinSeg")
cpts(mvalue); [1] 1635 1866 2334 3529 4411
plot(mvalue)
```



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