

- Complete Binary Tree

- Max-Heap

$$n = 6$$

$$h = 2$$

$$2^h = 4$$

$$2^{h+1} - 1 = 7$$

# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively

- There two ways you can build the heap
- Both are **iterative** and **in-place**

An **in-place algorithm** is an algorithm which transforms input using no auxiliary **data structure**. (Can use  $O(1)$  temporary variables).

Top-down:  $O(n \log n)$ .

Bottom-up:  $O(n)$

# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Top-down

```
build_MaxHeap_TopDown(A, n)
```

```
  for (i <- 1 to n)
```

```
    upHeap(A, i)
```

```
  upHeap(A, i)
```

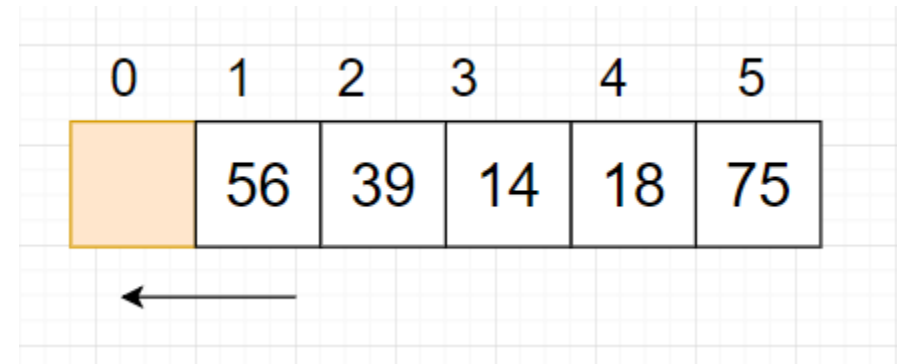
```
  j <- i
```

```
  while (j > 1 & A[j/2] < A[j])
```

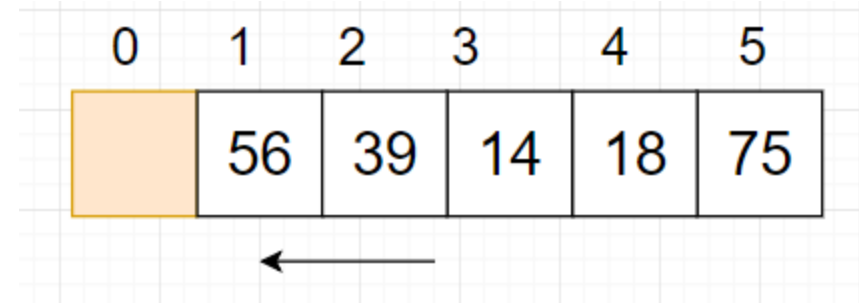
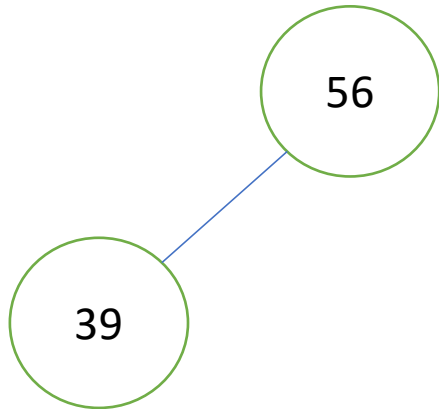
```
    swap(A[j], A[j/2])
```

```
    j <- j/2
```

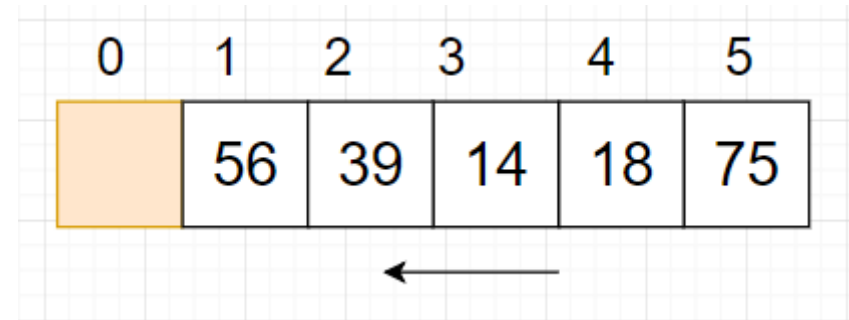
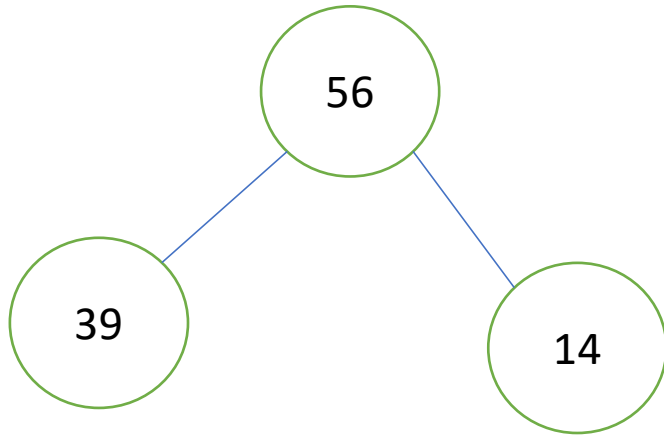
# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Top-down



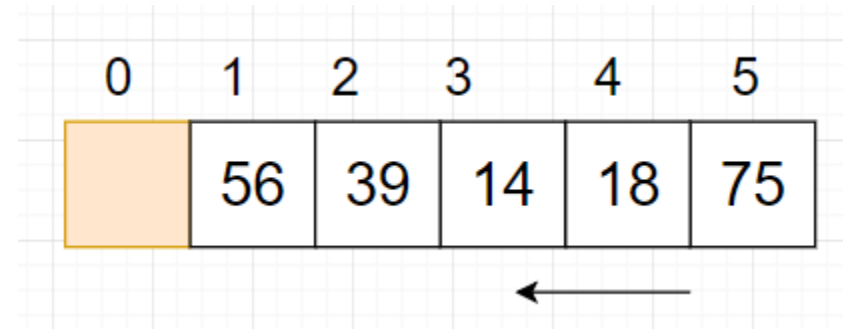
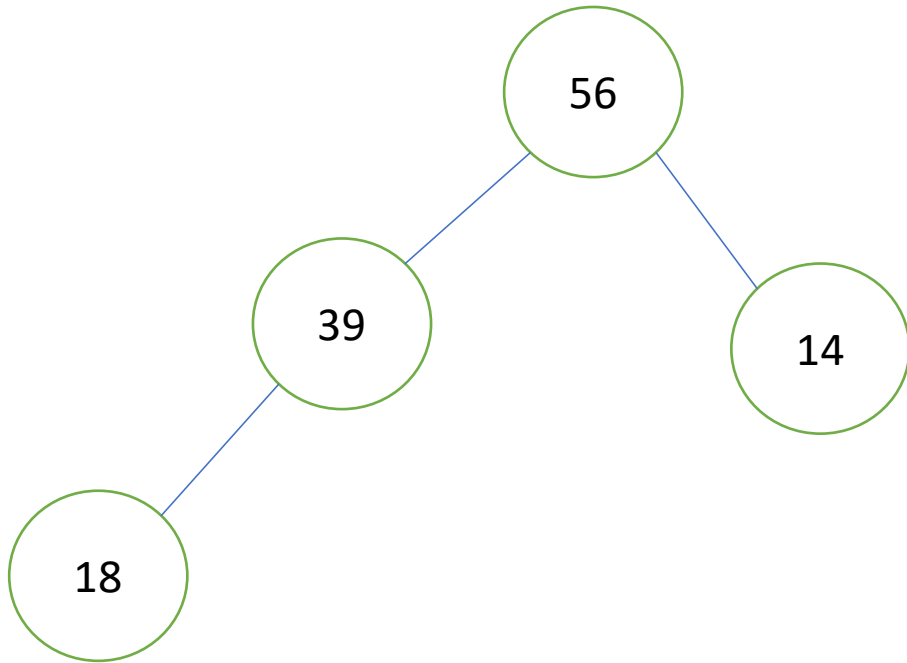
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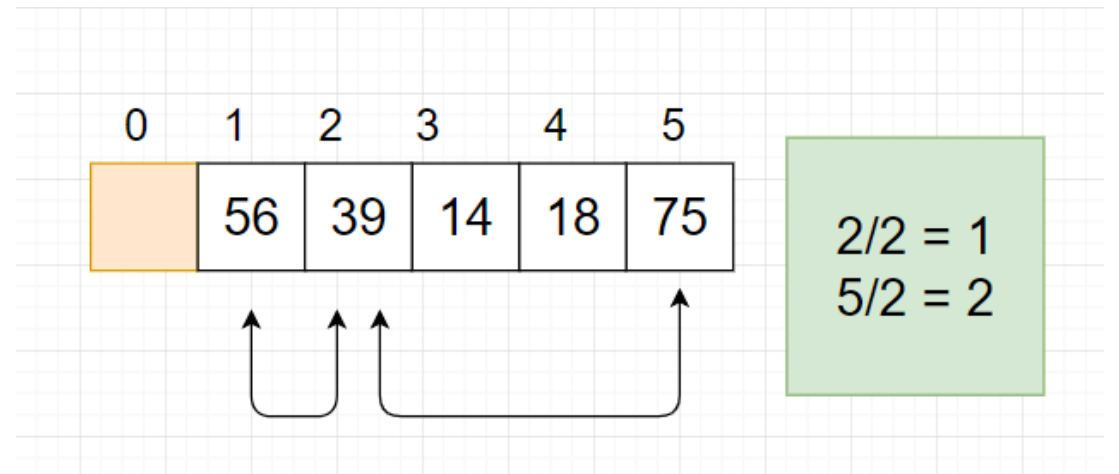
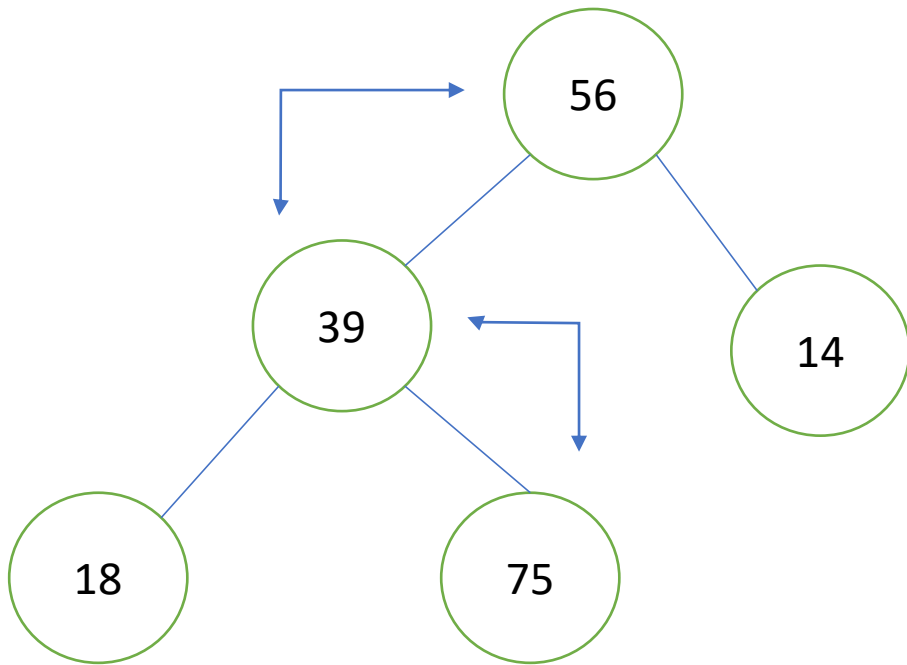
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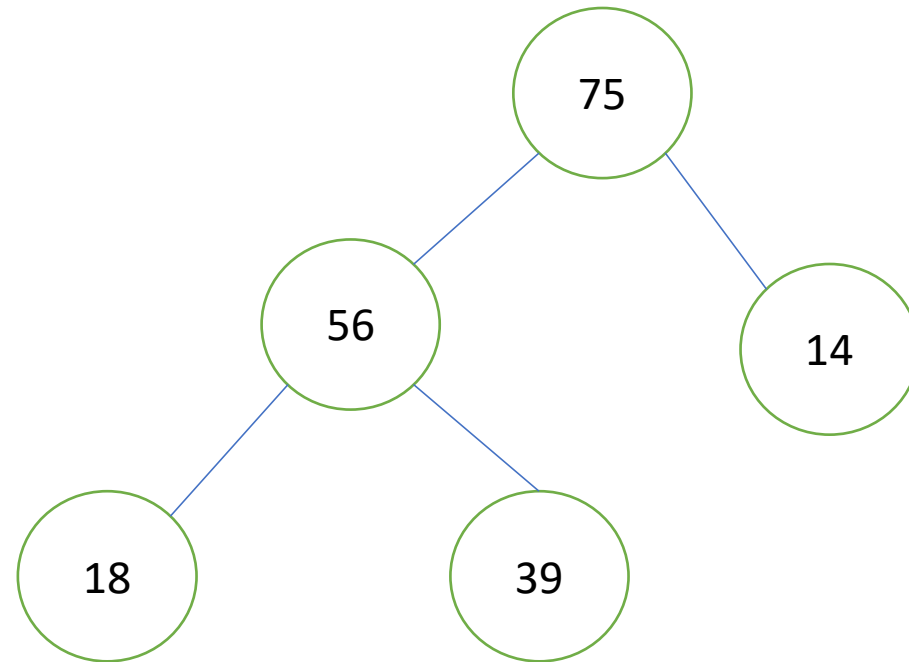


# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Top-down





# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Top-down



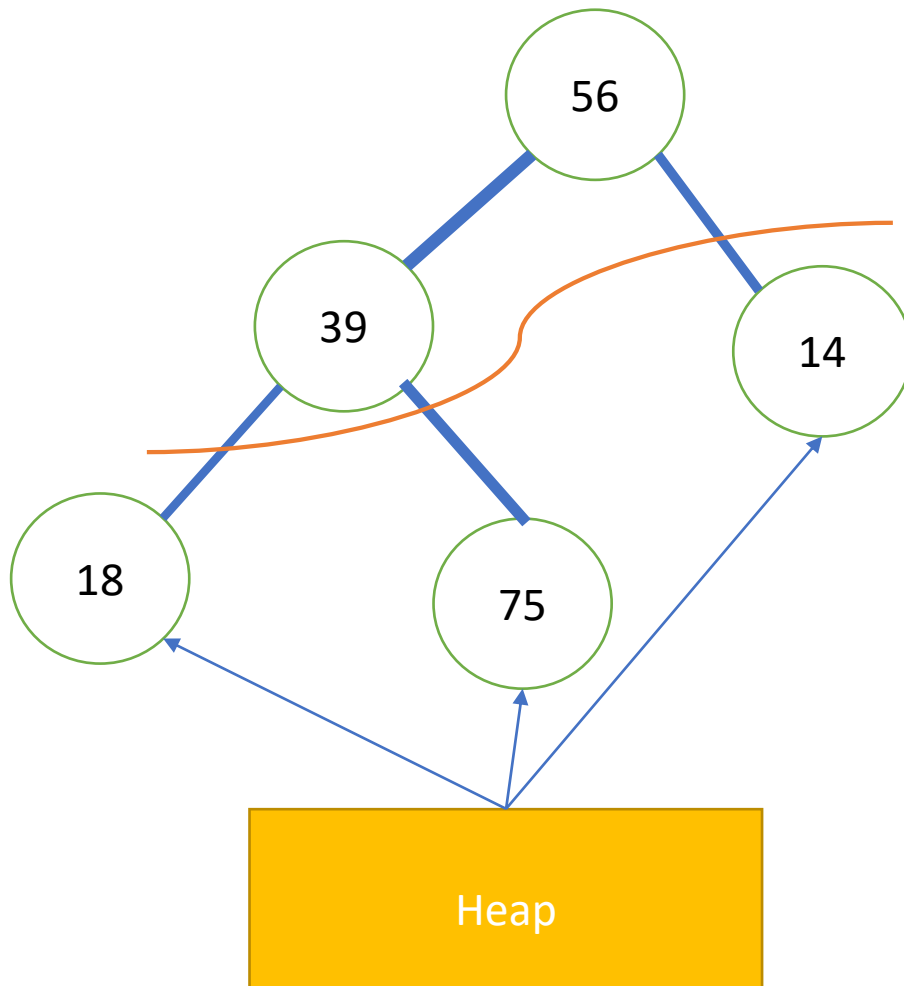
# Heap Sort

There are two phases.

Phase I : Build the heap. In-place, bottom-up, iteratively

Phase II : Sort. In-place, iteratively

# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Bottom-up



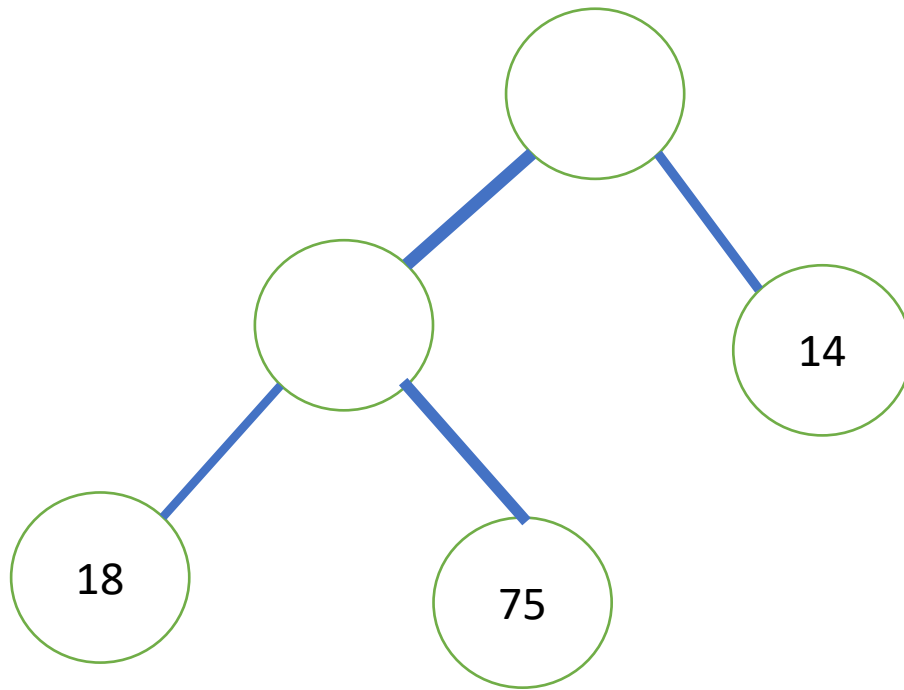
- $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor = 3$  leaves are already heaps.
- There are  $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor = 2$  internal nodes.

```
build_MaxHeap_BottomUp(A, n)  
  for (i <-  $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor$  to 1) downHeap(A, i)
```

```
downHeap(A, i)  
  j <- i  
  k <- maxChildIndex(A, j)  
  while (k != 0)  
    swap(A[j], A[k])  
    j <- k  
    k <- maxChildIndex(A, j)
```

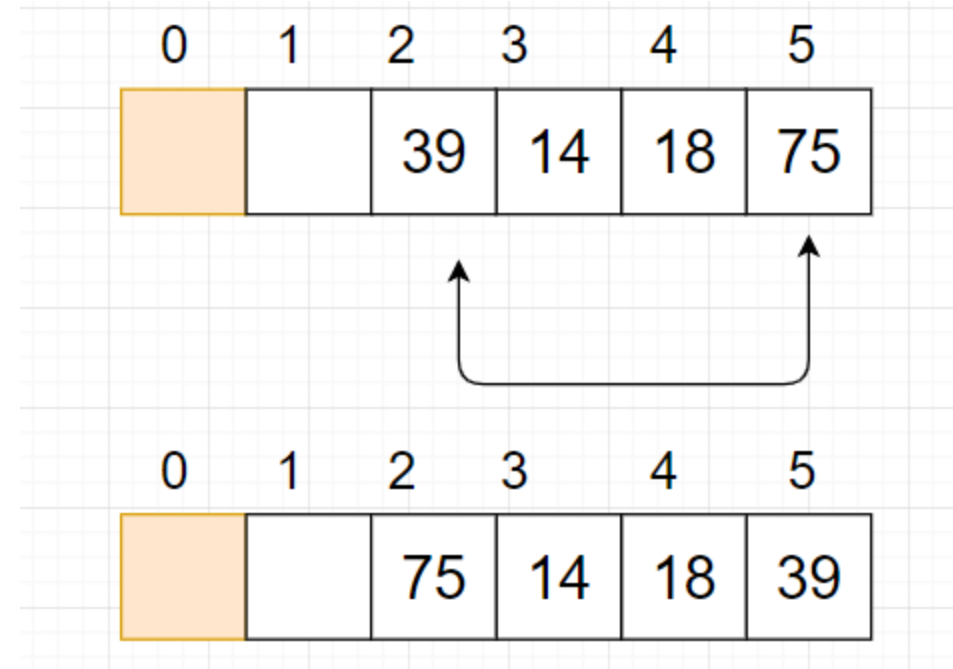
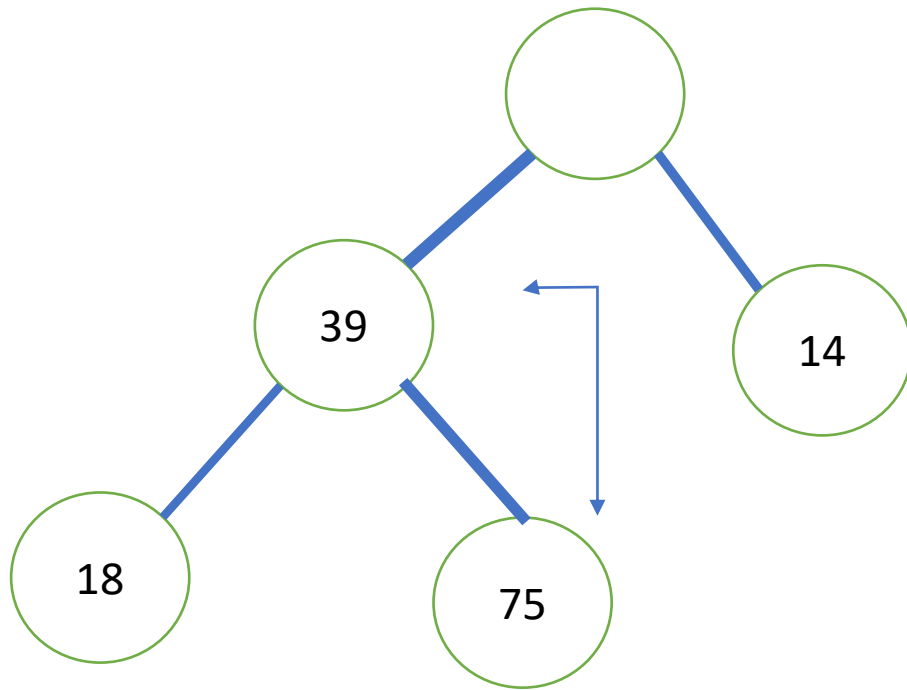
Note: maxChildIndex returns the index of a child of  $A[j]$  with maximum value among  $A[j]$ ,  $A[2j]$ ,  $A[2j+1]$ . If there is no such child it returns 0.

# Build Max-Heap in-place Iteratively Bottom-up

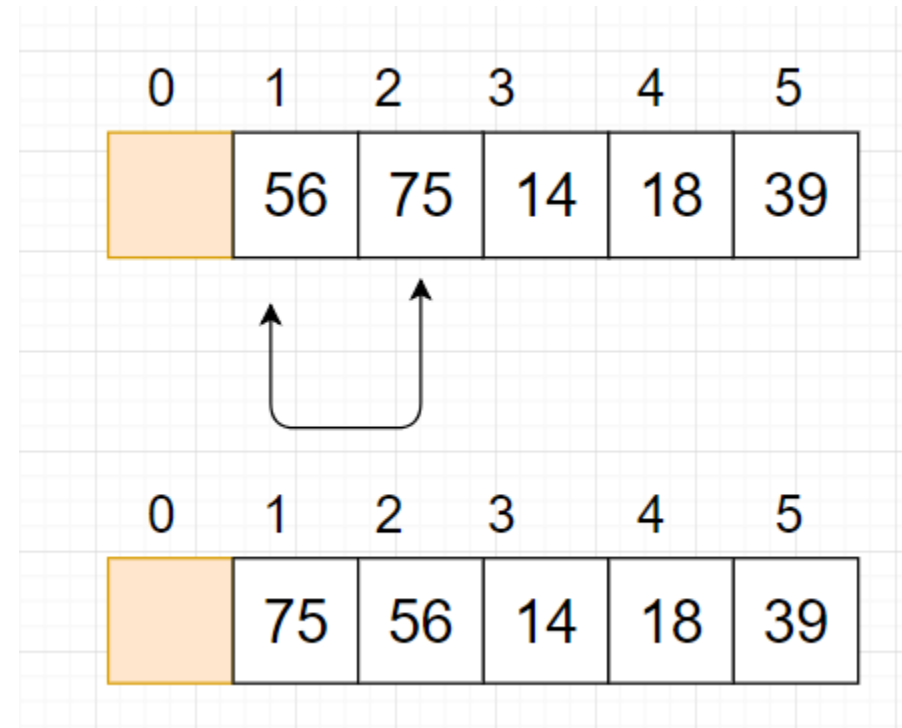
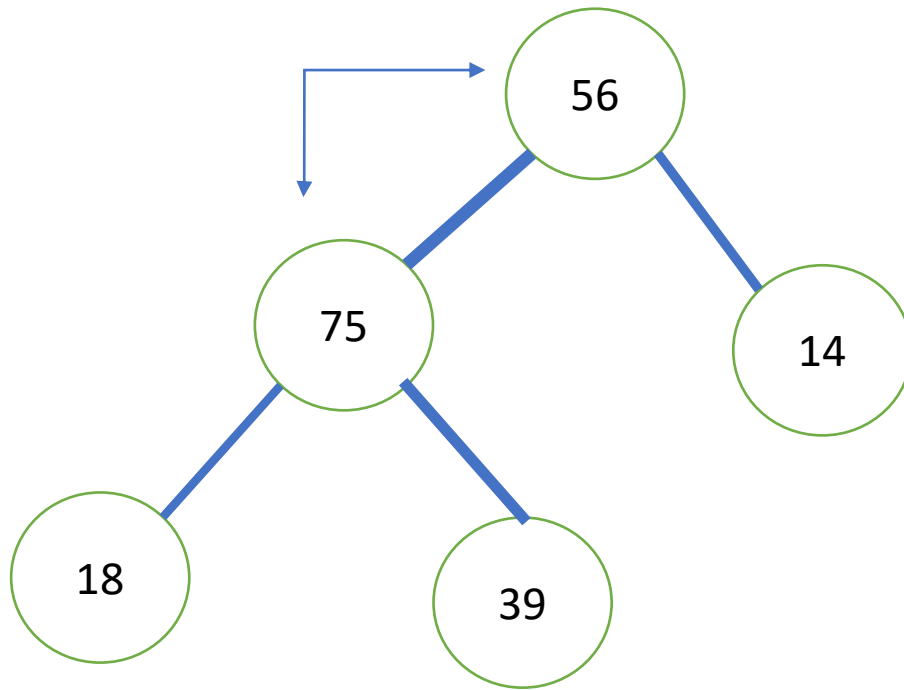


0	1	2	3	4	5
			14	18	75

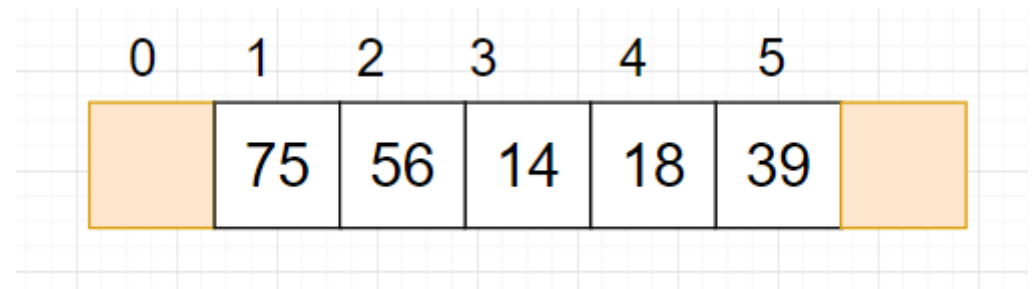
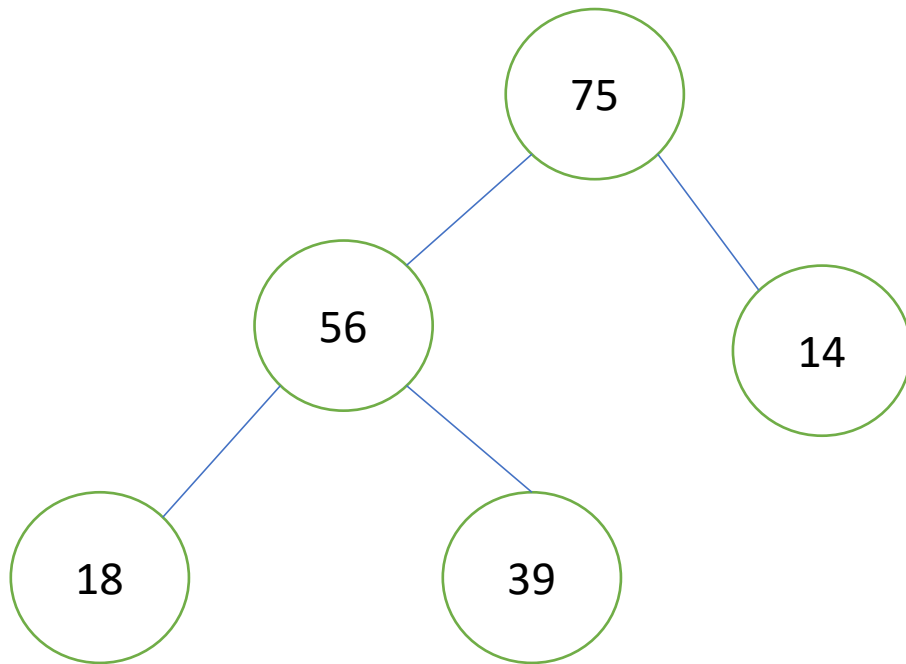
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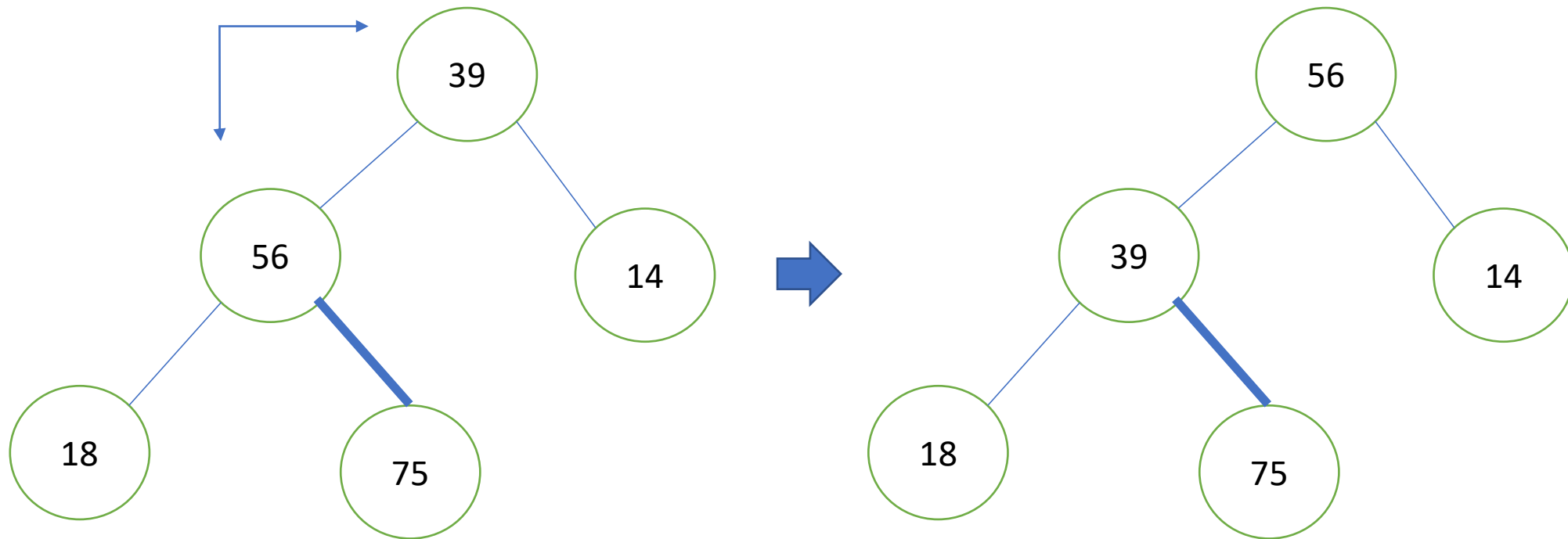


# Phase II of Heap Sort



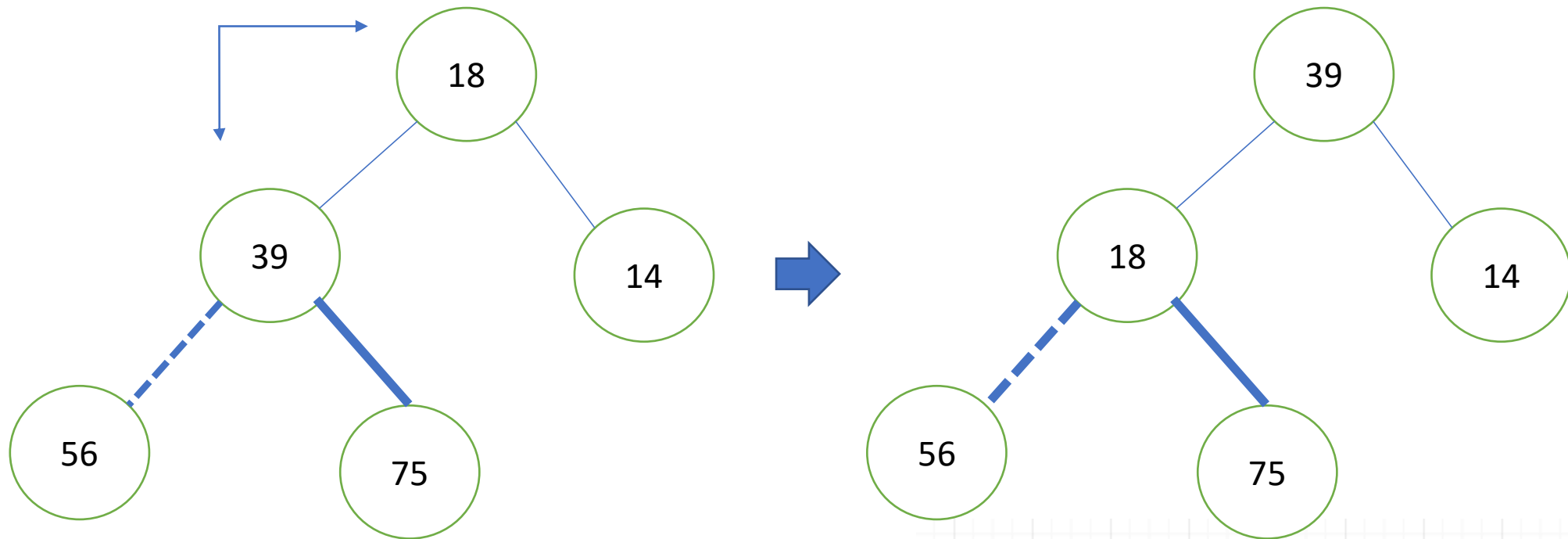
Put the root to sorted list, place the last element in the heap to the root and rebuild the heap

# Phase II of Heap Sort



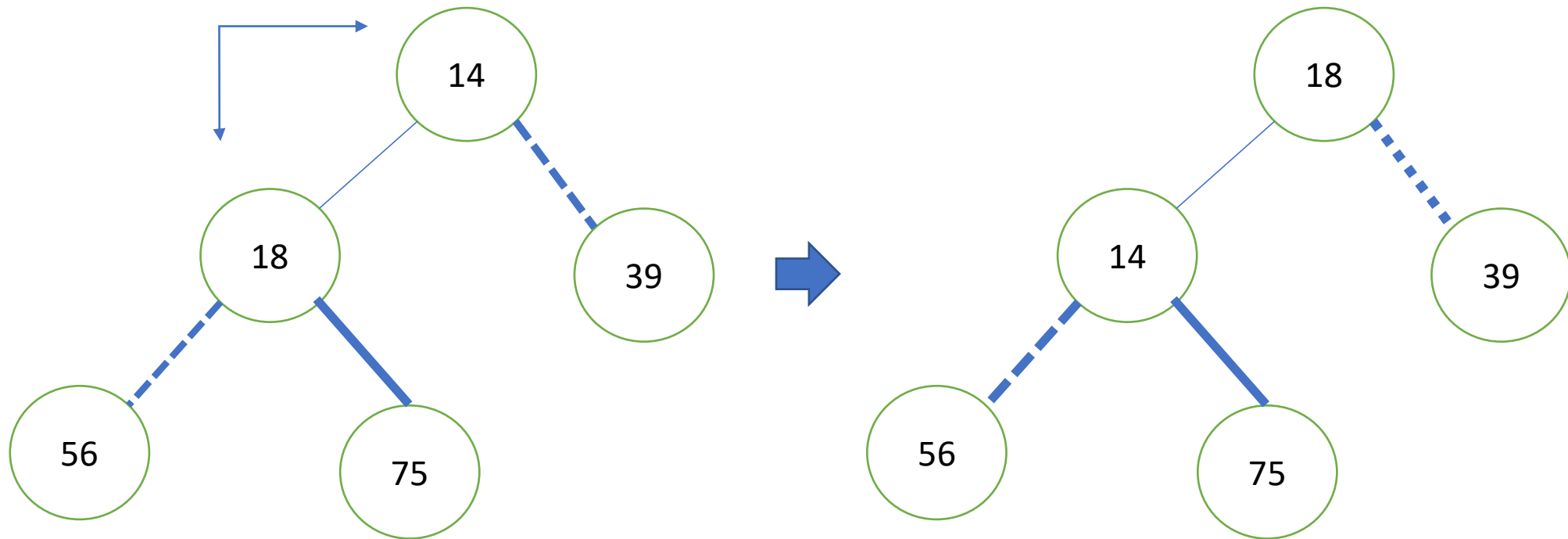


# Phase II of Heap Sort



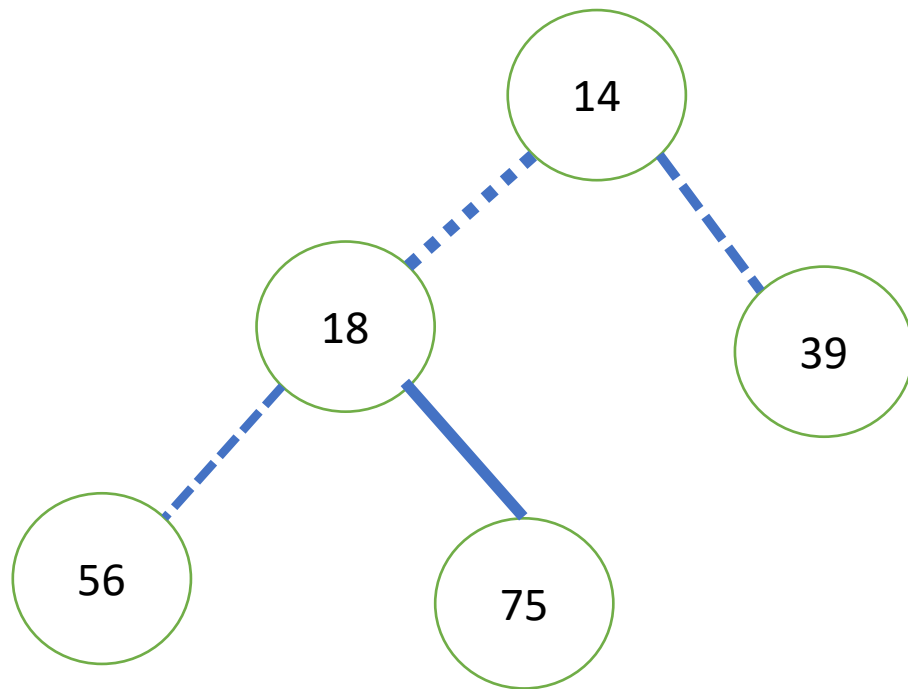
0	1	2	3	4	5
	39	18	14	56	75

# Phase II of Heap Sort



0	1	2	3	4	5
	18	14	39	56	75

# Phase II of Heap Sort



0	1	2	3	4	5
	14	18	39	56	75