

HW1

Jin Xu

jx217

Problem1

Implementation

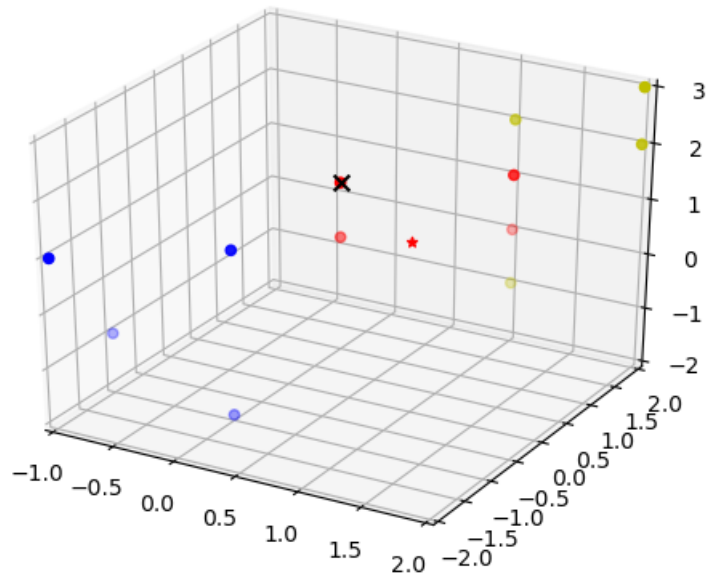
```
def kNNClassify(newInput, dataSet, labels, k):  
    #calculate the distance matrix using L2 distance  
    distances = np.sum((dataSet-newInput)**2, axis=1)  
    #get the sorted indices and take 0 to k  
    nearestKindices = np.argsort(distances)[:k]  
    #get the k nearest labels  
    nearestKlabels = labels[nearestKindices]  
    #count the labels and return the max of them  
    return np.argmax(np.bincount(nearestKlabels))
```

I print out the classified label and k nearest neighbors of test data and plot a 3D scatter diagram(the star mark is the test data, X mark are the neighbors).

Result

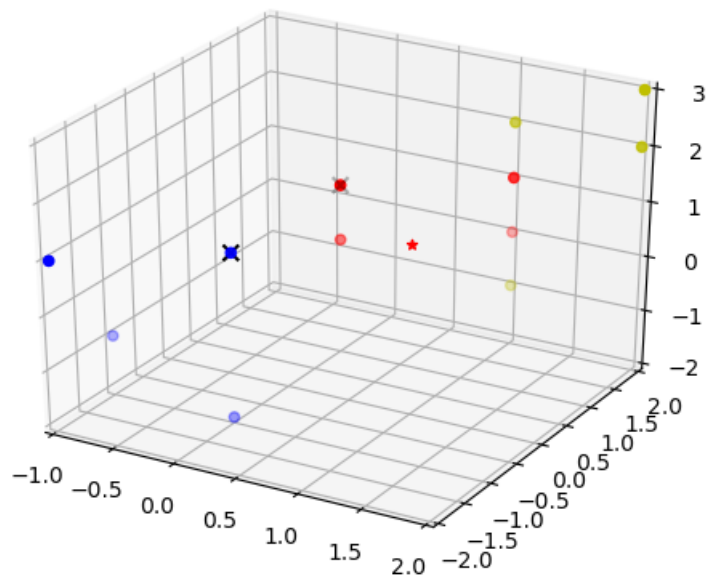
K=1

```
k: 1, class: 0  
nearest 1 points are  
[[0 1 1]]
```



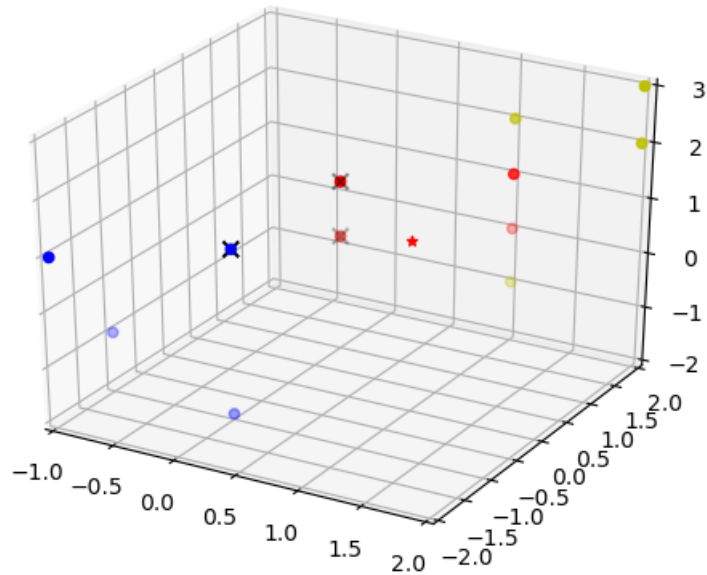
K=2

```
k: 2, class: 0
nearest 2 points are
[[ 0  1  1]
 [ 0 -1  1]]
```



K=3

```
k: 3, class: 0  
nearest 3 points are  
[[ 0  1  1]  
 [ 0 -1  1]  
 [ 0  1  0]]
```



Problem2

Implementation

```
def knnClassify(newInput, dataSet, labels, k):  
    result = []  
    
$$\#(x-y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 - 2xy$$
  
    newInput_squared = np.sum(newInput ** 2, axis=1)  
    dataSet_squared = np.sum(dataSet ** 2, axis=1)  
    distances = np.sqrt(newInput_squared[:, None] + dataSet_squared -  
                        2*np.dot(newInput, dataSet.T))  
    nearestKindices = np.argsort(distances)[: , :k]  
    nearestKlabels = labels[nearestKindices]  
    for i in range(nearestKlabels.shape[0]):  
        result.append(np.argmax(np.bincount(nearestKlabels[i, :])))  
    return result
```

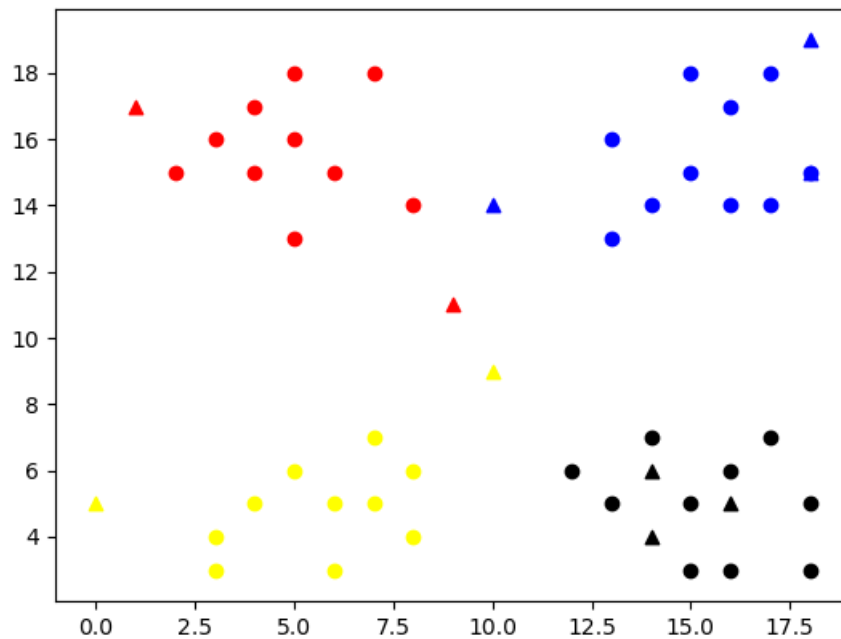
Result

I choose K = 4

random test points are: [[9 11]

[10 14]
[10 9]
[14 6]
[18 15]
[18 19]
[0 5]
[16 5]
[1 17]
[14 4]]

knn classified labels for test: [0, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 3, 0, 3]



Problem3

Implementation

```
# I reshape the image data into 2 dim
# so that I can use the same method as problem 2
x_train = x_train.reshape(60000, 28*28)
x_test = x_test.reshape(10000, 28*28)
def knnClassify(newInput, dataSet, labels, k):
    result = []
    newInput_squared = np.sum(newInput ** 2, axis=1)
    dataSet_squared = np.sum(dataSet ** 2, axis=1)
    distances = np.sqrt(newInput_squared[:, None] + dataSet_squared -
                        2*np.dot(newInput, dataSet.T))
    nearestKIndices = np.argsort(distances)[: , :k]
    nearestKLabels = labels[nearestKIndices]
    for i in range(nearestKLabels.shape[0]):
        result.append(np.argmax(np.bincount(nearestKLabels[i, :])))
    return result
```

Result

I choose $K = 10$

```
---classification accuracy for knn on mnist: 0.9665 ---  
---execution time: 51.983373165130615 seconds ---
```