教程使用说明

本教程采用渐进式学习方式,每个章节都包含完整的HTML页面示例。您可以将代码复制到本地文件中运行,或直接在浏览器开发者工具中练习。每个练习都包含"练习前"和"练习后"的对比代码,帮助您理解最佳实践的实际效果。

开始前的准备:

- 1. 创建一个名为 js-best-practices 的文件夹
- 2. 在其中创建各章节对应的HTML文件
- 3. 使用现代浏览器(Chrome、Firefox、Safari、Edge)运行示例
- 4. 打开浏览器开发者工具观察效果

第1章: DOM操作基础与最佳实践

练习1.1: 高效的DOM批量操作

创建文件: dom-batch-operations.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="zh-CN">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>DOM批量操作练习</title>
    <style>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            max-width: 800px;
           margin: 0 auto;
            padding: 20px;
        .container {
            margin: 20px 0;
            padding: 20px;
           border: 1px solid #ddd;
           border-radius: 5px;
        }
        .user-list {
           list-style: none;
            padding: 0;
        .user-item {
            padding: 10px;
            margin: 5px 0;
```

```
background: #f5f5f5;
           border-radius: 3px;
       }
        .performance-info {
           background: #e7f3ff;
           padding: 10px;
           margin: 10px 0;
           border-radius: 3px;
       button {
           padding: 10px 20px;
           margin: 5px;
           border: none;
           border-radius: 3px;
           background: #007bff;
           color: white;
           cursor: pointer;
       }
       button:hover {
           background: #0056b3;
        .bad-example {
           border-left: 4px solid #dc3545;
       .good-example {
           border-left: 4px solid #28a745;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>DOM批量操作最佳实践</h1>
   <div class="container bad-example">
       <h2>X 不好的做法: 频繁DOM操作</h2>
       <button onclick="updateUserListPoorly()">低效方式添加用户/button>
       ul id="user-list-bad" class="user-list">
       <div id="performance-bad" class="performance-info"></div>
   </div>
   <div class="container good-example">
       <h2>√ 好的做法: 批量DOM操作</h2>
       <button onclick="updateUserListEfficiently()">高效方式添加用户/button>
       'ul id="user-list-good" class="user-list">
       <div id="performance-good" class="performance-info"></div>
   </div>
   <div class="container">
       <h3>练习任务</h3>
```

```
1. 点击两个按钮,观察性能差异
       >2. 打开开发者工具的Performance选项卡,录制并对比两种方法
       3. 修改代码,尝试添加更多用户(如1000个)观察差异
   </div>
   <script>
       // 模拟用户数据
       const users = [
          { id: 1, name: '张三', email: 'zhangsan@example.com' },
          { id: 2, name: '李四', email: 'lisi@example.com' },
          { id: 3, name: '玉五', email: 'wangwu@example.com' },
          { id: 4, name: '赵六', email: 'zhaoliu@example.com' },
          { id: 5, name: '钱七', email: 'qianqi@example.com' }
       ];
       // X 不好的做法:每次操作都直接修改DOM
       function updateUserListPoorly() {
          const startTime = performance.now();
          const userList = document.getElementById('user-list-bad');
          // 清空列表
          userList.innerHTML = '';
          // 每次迭代都进行DOM操作
          users.forEach(user => {
              userList.innerHTML += `
                 <strong>${user.name}</strong><br>
                     <small>${user.email}</small>
                 });
          const endTime = performance.now();
          const performanceDiv = document.getElementById('performance-
bad');
          performanceDiv.innerHTML = `
              <strong>执行时间: ${(endTime -
startTime).toFixed(2)}ms</strong><br>
              <small>DOM操作次数: ${users.length + 1}次(每个用户1次 + 清空1次)
</small>
          `;
       }
       // ☑ 好的做法: 使用DocumentFragment批量操作
       function updateUserListEfficiently() {
          const startTime = performance.now();
          const userList = document.getElementById('user-list-good');
```

```
// 创建文档片段
           const fragment = document.createDocumentFragment();
           // 在内存中构建所有元素
           users.forEach(user => {
               const li = document.createElement('li');
               li.className = 'user-item';
               li.dataset.userId = user.id;
               li.innerHTML = `
                   <strong>${user.name}</strong><br>
                  <small>${user.email}</small>
               fragment.appendChild(li);
           });
           // 一次性更新DOM
           userList.innerHTML = '';
           userList.appendChild(fragment);
           const endTime = performance.now();
           const performanceDiv = document.getElementById('performance-
good');
           performanceDiv.innerHTML = `
              <strong>执行时间: ${(endTime -
startTime).toFixed(2)}ms</strong><br>
               <small>DOM操作次数: 2次(清空1次 + 批量添加1次) </small>
       }
       // 页面加载时的提示
       window.addEventListener('load', () => {
           console.log(' \ 练习提示: ');
           console.log('1. 观察两种方法的执行时间差异');
           console.log('2. 在开发者工具的Elements面板中观察DOM变化');
           console.log('3. 尝试修改users数组,添加更多数据测试性能');
       });
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```

练习1.2: 现代DOM查询和事件委托

创建文件: dom-events-delegation.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="zh-CN">
```

```
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>事件委托练习</title>
   <style>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            max-width: 800px;
            margin: 0 auto;
            padding: 20px;
        }
        .container {
            margin: 20px 0;
            padding: 20px;
            border: 1px solid #ddd;
            border-radius: 5px;
        .todo-item {
            display: flex;
            justify-content: space-between;
            align-items: center;
            padding: 10px;
            margin: 5px 0;
            background: #f8f9fa;
            border-radius: 3px;
            border-left: 4px solid #007bff;
        }
        .todo-item.completed {
            background: #d4edda;
            border-left-color: #28a745;
            text-decoration: line-through;
            opacity: 0.7;
        .todo-actions {
            display: flex;
            gap: 10px;
        }
        button {
            padding: 5px 10px;
            border: none;
            border-radius: 3px;
            cursor: pointer;
            font-size: 12px;
        }
        .btn-complete {
            background: #28a745;
           color: white;
        }
```

```
.btn-edit {
           background: #ffc107;
           color: black;
        .btn-delete {
           background: #dc3545;
           color: white;
       }
        .btn-add {
           background: #007bff;
           color: white;
           padding: 10px 20px;
           font-size: 14px;
       input[type="text"] {
           padding: 8px;
           border: 1px solid #ddd;
           border-radius: 3px;
           width: 200px;
        .event-log {
           background: #f8f9fa;
           padding: 10px;
           border-radius: 3px;
           max-height: 150px;
           overflow-y: auto;
           font-family: monospace;
           font-size: 12px;
       }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>事件委托最佳实践</h1>
   <div class="container">
       <h2>任务管理应用</h2>
       <div>
           <input type="text" id="new-todo" placeholder="输入新任务...">
           <button class="btn-add" onclick="addTodo()">添加任务</button>
       </div>
       <div id="todo-list" class="todo-list">
           <!-- 任务项将动态添加到这里 -->
       </div>
       <h3>事件日志</h3>
       <div id="event-log" class="event-log"></div>
```

```
<div style="margin-top: 20px;">
          <h3>练习要点</h3>
          <u1>
              使用事件委托处理动态添加的元素
              利用event.target.closest()进行元素查找
              >观察事件冒泡的工作原理
              <1i>体验性能优势: 无需为每个按钮单独绑定事件</1i>
           </div>
   </div>
   <script>
       class TodoApp {
          constructor() {
              this.todos = [
                  { id: 1, text: '学习JavaScript最佳实践', completed: false
},
                  { id: 2, text: '练习DOM操作', completed: true },
                  { id: 3, text: '掌握事件委托', completed: false }
              this.nextId = 4;
              this.init();
          }
          init() {
              this.render();
              this.bindEvents();
              this.logEvent('应用初始化完成');
          }
           // ▼ 使用事件委托 - 只需要一个事件监听器
          bindEvents() {
              const todoList = document.getElementById('todo-list');
              todoList.addEventListener('click', (event) => {
                  // 使用closest查找目标元素
                  const todoItem = event.target.closest('.todo-item');
                  if (!todoItem) return;
                  const todoId = parseInt(todoItem.dataset.todoId);
                  this.logEvent(`点击事件触发,目标:
${event.target.className}`);
                  // 根据点击的按钮执行不同操作
                  if (event.target.matches('.btn-complete')) {
                      this.toggleComplete(todoId);
                  } else if (event.target.matches('.btn-edit')) {
```

```
this.editTodo(todoId);
                   } else if (event.target.matches('.btn-delete')) {
                       this.deleteTodo(todoId);
                   }
               });
               // 为输入框绑定回车事件
               document.getElementById('new-
todo').addEventListener('keypress', (event) => {
                   if (event.key === 'Enter') {
                       this.addTodo();
                   }
               });
           }
           render() {
               const todoList = document.getElementById('todo-list');
               if (this.todos.length === 0) {
                   todoList.innerHTML = '
color: #666;">暂无任务';
                   return;
               }
               // 使用DocumentFragment优化性能
               const fragment = document.createDocumentFragment();
               this.todos.forEach(todo => {
                   const div = document.createElement('div');
                   div.className = `todo-item ${todo.completed ?
'completed' : ''}`;
                   div.dataset.todoId = todo.id;
                   div.innerHTML = `
                       <span class="todo-text">${todo.text}</span>
                       <div class="todo-actions">
                           <button class="btn-complete">
                               ${todo.completed ? '取消完成': '完成'}
                           </button>
                           <button class="btn-edit">编辑</putton>
                           <button class="btn-delete">删除</button>
                       </div>
                   `;
                   fragment.appendChild(div);
               });
               todoList.innerHTML = '';
```

```
todoList.appendChild(fragment);
    this.logEvent(`渲染了 ${this.todos.length} 个任务项`);
}
addTodo() {
    const input = document.getElementById('new-todo');
    const text = input.value.trim();
   if (!text) return;
   this.todos.push({
       id: this.nextId++,
       text: text,
        completed: false
   });
   input.value = '';
   this.render();
    this.logEvent(`添加新任务: ${text}`);
}
toggleComplete(id) {
    const todo = this.todos.find(t => t.id === id);
    if (todo) {
       todo.completed = !todo.completed;
       this.render();
       this.logEvent(`切换任务状态: ID ${id}`);
   }
}
editTodo(id) {
    const todo = this.todos.find(t => t.id === id);
    if (todo) {
        const newText = prompt('编辑任务:', todo.text);
       if (newText !== null && newText.trim()) {
            todo.text = newText.trim();
            this.render();
            this.logEvent(`编辑任务: ID ${id}`);
       }
   }
}
deleteTodo(id) {
    if (confirm('确定要删除这个任务吗?')) {
        this.todos = this.todos.filter(t => t.id !== id);
        this.render();
        this.logEvent(`删除任务: ID ${id}`);
```

```
}
           logEvent(message) {
              const log = document.getElementById('event-log');
              const time = new Date().toLocaleTimeString();
              log.innerHTML += `[${time}] ${message}\n`;
              log.scrollTop = log.scrollHeight;
       }
       // 初始化应用
       let todoApp;
       window.addEventListener('load', () => {
           todoApp = new TodoApp();
           console.log(' \ 练习提示: ');
           console.log('1. 添加几个任务,观察事件如何通过委托处理');
           console.log('2. 在开发者工具中检查事件监听器数量');
           console.log('3. 尝试修改代码,为每个按钮单独绑定事件,对比差异');
       });
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```

第2章:浏览器存储最佳实践

练习2.1: 本地存储管理器

创建文件: storage-manager.html

```
gap: 20px;
    margin: 20px 0;
}
.storage-section {
    border: 1px solid #ddd;
   border-radius: 5px;
   padding: 15px;
}
.storage-section h3 {
   margin-top: 0;
    color: #333;
}
.localStorage { border-left: 4px solid #007bff; }
.sessionStorage { border-left: 4px solid #28a745; }
.indexedDB { border-left: 4px solid #ffc107; }
.form-group {
   margin: 10px 0;
}
.form-group label {
   display: block;
   margin-bottom: 5px;
    font-weight: bold;
}
.form-group input, .form-group textarea, .form-group select {
   width: 100%;
   padding: 8px;
   border: 1px solid #ddd;
   border-radius: 3px;
   box-sizing: border-box;
button {
    padding: 8px 16px;
   margin: 5px 5px 5px 0;
   border: none;
   border-radius: 3px;
   cursor: pointer;
    font-size: 12px;
.btn-primary { background: #007bff; color: white; }
.btn-success { background: #28a745; color: white; }
.btn-warning { background: #ffc107; color: black; }
.btn-danger { background: #dc3545; color: white; }
.storage-display {
   margin: 10px 0;
    padding: 10px;
    background: #f8f9fa;
```

```
border-radius: 3px;
           max-height: 200px;
           overflow-y: auto;
           font-family: monospace;
           font-size: 12px;
       .quota-info {
           background: #e7f3ff;
           padding: 10px;
           margin: 10px 0;
           border-radius: 3px;
           font-size: 12px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>浏览器存储最佳实践演练</h1>
   <div class="storage-demo">
       <!-- LocalStorage 演示 -->
       <div class="storage-section localStorage">
           <h3> LocalStorage</h3>
           <small>持久化存储,适合用户偏好设置</small>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>主题设置</label>
               <select id="theme-select">
                   <option value="light">浅色主题</option>
                   <option value="dark">深色主题</option>
                   <option value="auto">自动</option>
               </select>
           </div>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>用户名</label>
               <input type="text" id="username" placeholder="输入用户名">
           </div>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>语言偏好</label>
               <select id="language">
                   <option value="zh-CN">中文</option>
                   <option value="en-US">English</option>
                   <option value="ja-JP">日本語</option>
               </select>
           </div>
```

```
<button class="btn-primary" onclick="savePreferences()">保存偏好
</button>
           <button class="btn-danger" onclick="clearPreferences()">清除偏好
</button>
           <div id="localStorage-display" class="storage-display"></div>
       </div>
       <!-- SessionStorage 演示 -->
       <div class="storage-section sessionStorage">
           <h3> SessionStorage</h3>
           <small>会话存储,适合临时数据</small>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>临时笔记</label>
               <textarea id="temp-note" rows="3" placeholder="输入临时笔
记…"></textarea>
           </div>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>购物车商品</label>
               <input type="text" id="cart-item" placeholder="商品名称">
               <input type="number" id="cart-quantity" placeholder="数量"</pre>
min="1" value="1">
           </div>
           <button class="btn-success" onclick="saveToSession()">保存到会话
</button>
           <button class="btn-success" onclick="addToCart()">添加到购物车
</button>
           <button class="btn-danger" onclick="clearSession()">清除会话
</button>
           <div id="sessionStorage-display" class="storage-display"></div>
       </div>
       <!-- IndexedDB 演示 -->
       <div class="storage-section indexedDB">
           <h3> IndexedDB</h3>
           <small>大容量结构化存储</small>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>文档标题</label>
               <input type="text" id="doc-title" placeholder="输入文档标题">
           </div>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>文档内容</label>
```

```
<textarea id="doc-content" rows="4" placeholder="输入文档内
容..."></textarea>
           </div>
           <div class="form-group">
               <label>分类</label>
               <select id="doc-category">
                   <option value="work">工作</option>
                   <option value="personal">个人</option>
                   <option value="study">学习</option>
               </select>
           </div>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="saveDocument()">保存文档
</button>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="loadDocuments()">加载文档
</button>
           <button class="btn-danger" onclick="clearDocuments()">清除所有
</button>
           <div id="indexedDB-display" class="storage-display"></div>
       </div>
   </div>
   <!-- 存储配额信息 -->
   <div class="quota-info">
       <h3>存储配额信息</h3>
       <div id="quota-display">加载中...</div>
       <button class="btn-primary" onclick="checkStorageQuota()">检查存储配额
</button>
   </div>
   <script>
       // V LocalStorage 最佳实践
       class UserPreferences {
           static save(preferences) {
               try {
                   localStorage.setItem('userPreferences',
JSON.stringify(preferences));
                   this.displayLocalStorage();
                   return true;
               } catch (e) {
                   if (e.name === 'QuotaExceededError') {
                       alert('存储空间不足!');
                       console.error('保存偏好设置失败:', e);
                   return false;
```

```
}
           static load() {
               try {
                   const stored = localStorage.getItem('userPreferences');
                   return stored ? JSON.parse(stored) : null;
                } catch (e) {
                   console.error('加载偏好设置失败:', e);
                   return null;
               }
           }
            static displayLocalStorage() {
               const display = document.getElementById('localStorage-
display');
               const prefs = this.load();
               if (prefs) {
                   display.innerHTML = `
                       <strong>已保存的偏好:</strong><br>
                       ${JSON.stringify(prefs, null, 2)}
               } else {
                   display.innerHTML = '<em>暂无保存的偏好设置</em>';
               }
           }
        }
        // V SessionStorage 最佳实践
       class SessionManager {
           static setTempData(key, value) {
               try {
                    sessionStorage.setItem(key, JSON.stringify({
                       timestamp: Date.now()
                   }));
                    this.displaySessionStorage();
               } catch (e) {
                   console.error('保存会话数据失败:', e);
           }
           static getTempData(key, maxAge = 3600000) { // 默认1小时
               try {
                   const stored = sessionStorage.getItem(key);
                   if (!stored) return null;
                   const { value, timestamp } = JSON.parse(stored);
```

```
if (Date.now() - timestamp > maxAge) {
                        sessionStorage.removeItem(key);
                        return null;
                    }
                    return value;
                } catch (e) {
                    console.error('读取会话数据失败:', e);
                    return null;
                }
            }
            static displaySessionStorage() {
                const display = document.getElementById('sessionStorage-
display');
                const items = [];
                for (let i = 0; i < sessionStorage.length; i++) {</pre>
                    const key = sessionStorage.key(i);
                    const value = sessionStorage.getItem(key);
                    items.push(`${key}: ${value}`);
                }
                display.innerHTML = items.length > 0 ?
                    `<strong>会话存储:</strong><br>${items.join('<br>')}`:
                    '<em>暂无会话数据</em>';
        }
        // V IndexedDB 最佳实践
        class DocumentDatabase {
            constructor() {
                this.dbName = 'DocumentDB';
                this.version = 1;
                this.db = null;
            }
            async init() {
                return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
                    const request = indexedDB.open(this.dbName,
this.version);
                    request.onerror = () => reject(request.error);
                    request.onsuccess = () => {
                        this.db = request.result;
                        resolve(this.db);
                    };
```

```
request.onupgradeneeded = (event) => {
                        const db = event.target.result;
                        if (!db.objectStoreNames.contains('documents')) {
                            const store = db.createObjectStore('documents',
{
                                keyPath: 'id',
                                autoIncrement: true
                            });
                            store.createIndex('category', 'category', {
unique: false });
                            store.createIndex('title', 'title', { unique:
false });
                        }
                    };
                });
            }
            async saveDocument(document) {
                if (!this.db) await this.init();
                return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
                    const transaction = this.db.transaction(['documents'],
'readwrite');
                    const store = transaction.objectStore('documents');
                    const request = store.add({
                        ...document,
                        createdAt: new Date().toISOString()
                    });
                    request.onsuccess = () => resolve(request.result);
                    request.onerror = () => reject(request.error);
                });
            }
            async getAllDocuments() {
                if (!this.db) await this.init();
                return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
                    const transaction = this.db.transaction(['documents'],
'readonly');
                    const store = transaction.objectStore('documents');
                    const request = store.getAll();
                    request.onsuccess = () => resolve(request.result);
                    request.onerror = () => reject(request.error);
                });
            }
```

```
async clearAllDocuments() {
                if (!this.db) await this.init();
                return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
                    const transaction = this.db.transaction(['documents'],
'readwrite');
                    const store = transaction.objectStore('documents');
                    const request = store.clear();
                    request.onsuccess = () => resolve();
                    request.onerror = () => reject(request.error);
                });
            }
            async displayDocuments() {
                try {
                    const documents = await this.getAllDocuments();
                    const display = document.getElementById('indexedDB-
display');
                    if (documents.length === 0) {
                        display.innerHTML = '<em>暂无保存的文档</em>';
                        return;
                    }
                    const docList = documents.map(doc =>
                        `<div style="margin: 5px 0; padding: 5px;</pre>
background: white; border-radius: 2px;">
                            <strong>${doc.title}</strong> (${doc.category})
<br>
                            <small>${doc.content.substring(0, 50)}...
</small><br>
                            <small>创建时间: ${new
Date(doc.createdAt).toLocaleString()}</small>
                        </div>`
                    ).join('');
                    display.innerHTML = `<strong>已保存的文档
(${documents.length}):</strong><br>${docList}`;
                } catch (error) {
                    document.getElementById('indexedDB-display').innerHTML =
                        `<em style="color: red;">加载失败: ${error.message}
</em>`:
                }
            }
        }
```

```
// 全局实例
        const docDB = new DocumentDatabase();
        // 界面交互函数
        function savePreferences() {
           const prefs = {
               theme: document.getElementById('theme-select').value,
               username: document.getElementById('username').value,
               language: document.getElementById('language').value,
               savedAt: new Date().toISOString()
           };
            if (UserPreferences.save(prefs)) {
               alert('偏好设置保存成功!');
           }
        }
        function clearPreferences() {
            localStorage.removeItem('userPreferences');
           UserPreferences.displayLocalStorage();
           alert('偏好设置已清除!');
        }
        function saveToSession() {
           const note = document.getElementById('temp-note').value;
            if (note.trim()) {
               SessionManager.setTempData('tempNote', note);
               alert('临时笔记保存成功!');
           }
        }
        function addToCart() {
           const item = document.getElementById('cart-item').value;
           const quantity = document.getElementById('cart-quantity').value;
           if (item.trim()) {
               const cart = SessionManager.getTempData('shoppingCart') | |
[];
               cart.push({ item, quantity: parseInt(quantity), addedAt: new
Date().toISOString() });
               SessionManager.setTempData('shoppingCart', cart);
               document.getElementById('cart-item').value = '';
               document.getElementById('cart-quantity').value = '1';
               alert('商品已添加到购物车!');
           }
        }
```

```
function clearSession() {
   sessionStorage.clear();
   SessionManager.displaySessionStorage();
   alert('会话数据已清除!');
}
async function saveDocument() {
   const title = document.getElementById('doc-title').value;
   const content = document.getElementById('doc-content').value;
   const category = document.getElementById('doc-category').value;
   if (title.trim() && content.trim()) {
       try {
           await docDB.saveDocument({ title, content, category });
           document.getElementById('doc-title').value = '';
           document.getElementById('doc-content').value = '';
           await docDB.displayDocuments();
           alert('文档保存成功!');
       } catch (error) {
           alert('文档保存失败: ' + error.message);
       }
   } else {
       alert('请填写标题和内容!');
}
async function loadDocuments() {
   await docDB.displayDocuments();
async function clearDocuments() {
   if (confirm('确定要清除所有文档吗?')) {
       try {
           await docDB.clearAllDocuments();
           await docDB.displayDocuments();
           alert('所有文档已清除!');
       } catch (error) {
           alert('清除失败: ' + error.message);
   }
}
async function checkStorageQuota() {
   if ('storage' in navigator && 'estimate' in navigator.storage) {
           const estimate = await navigator.storage.estimate();
           const used = (estimate.usage / 1024 / 1024).toFixed(2);
           const total = (estimate.quota / 1024 / 1024).toFixed(2);
```

```
const percent = ((estimate.usage / estimate.quota) *
100).toFixed(2);
                   document.getElementById('quota-display').innerHTML = `
                       <strong>存储配额信息:</strong><br>
                       已使用: ${used} MB<br>
                       总配额: ${total} MB<br>
                       使用率: ${percent}%<br>
                       <small>注意: 配额可能根据可用空间动态调整</small>
               } catch (error) {
                   document.getElementById('quota-display').innerHTML =
                       '无法获取配额信息: ' + error.message;
           } else {
               document.getElementById('quota-display').innerHTML =
                   '此浏览器不支持存储配额API';
           }
       }
       // 页面初始化
       window.addEventListener('load', async () => {
           // 加载已保存的偏好设置
           const prefs = UserPreferences.load();
           if (prefs) {
               document.getElementById('theme-select').value = prefs.theme
|| 'light';
               document.getElementById('username').value = prefs.username
|| '';
               document.getElementById('language').value = prefs.language
|| 'zh-CN';
           UserPreferences.displayLocalStorage();
           // 显示会话存储
           SessionManager.displaySessionStorage();
           // 初始化IndexedDB并显示文档
           try {
               await docDB.init();
               await docDB.displayDocuments();
           } catch (error) {
               console.error('IndexedDB初始化失败:', error);
           }
           // 检查存储配额
           checkStorageQuota();
```

```
console.log('♥ 练习提示:');
console.log('1. 尝试保存不同类型的数据到各种存储中');
console.log('2. 刷新页面观察数据持久性差异');
console.log('3. 打开新标签页观察sessionStorage的行为');
console.log('4. 在开发者工具的Application面板查看存储数据');
});
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

第3章:网络请求和错误处理

练习3.1:现代API客户端

创建文件: api-client.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="zh-CN">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>API客户端最佳实践</title>
    <style>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            max-width: 1200px;
            margin: 0 auto;
            padding: 20px;
        .api-demo {
            display: grid;
            grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr;
            gap: 20px;
            margin: 20px 0;
        }
        .demo-section {
            border: 1px solid #ddd;
            border-radius: 5px;
            padding: 20px;
        .demo-section h3 {
            margin-top: 0;
        }
        .request-form {
            background: #f8f9fa;
            padding: 15px;
            border-radius: 5px;
```

```
margin: 10px 0;
}
.form-row {
    display: flex;
    gap: 10px;
    margin: 10px 0;
    align-items: center;
}
.form-row label {
    min-width: 80px;
    font-weight: bold;
}
.form-row input, .form-row select {
    flex: 1;
    padding: 8px;
    border: 1px solid #ddd;
    border-radius: 3px;
}
button {
    padding: 10px 20px;
   margin: 5px;
   border: none;
   border-radius: 3px;
    cursor: pointer;
}
.btn-primary { background: #007bff; color: white; }
.btn-success { background: #28a745; color: white; }
.btn-warning { background: #ffc107; color: black; }
.btn-danger { background: #dc3545; color: white; }
.btn-secondary { background: #6c757d; color: white; }
.response-display {
    background: #f8f9fa;
    border: 1px solid #ddd;
    border-radius: 5px;
    padding: 15px;
   margin: 10px 0;
   max-height: 300px;
    overflow-y: auto;
    font-family: monospace;
    font-size: 12px;
.loading {
    color: #007bff;
    font-style: italic;
}
.error {
    color: #dc3545;
```

```
font-weight: bold;
        }
        .success {
            color: #28a745;
        .request-info {
           background: #e7f3ff;
            padding: 10px;
           margin: 10px 0;
           border-radius: 3px;
           font-size: 12px;
        }
        .active-requests {
            background: #fff3cd;
            padding: 10px;
           margin: 10px 0;
           border-radius: 3px;
        }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>网络请求最佳实践演练</h1>
   <div class="api-demo">
       <!-- 基本API请求演示 -->
        <div class="demo-section">
            <h3> 基本API请求</h3>
            <div class="request-form">
                <div class="form-row">
                    <label>方法:</label>
                    <select id="request-method">
                        <option value="GET">GET</option>
                        <option value="POST">POST</option>
                        <option value="PUT">PUT</option>
                        <option value="DELETE">DELETE</option>
                    </select>
               </div>
                <div class="form-row">
                    <label>URL:</label>
                    <input type="text" id="request-url"</pre>
value="https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts/1"
                           placeholder="输入API地址">
                </div>
               <div class="form-row">
```

```
<label>请求体:</label>
                   <textarea id="request-body" rows="3"
                             placeholder='{"title": "示例标题", "body": "示例
内容"}'></textarea>
               </div>
               <button class="btn-primary" onclick="makeRequest()">发送请求
</button>
               <button class="btn-secondary"</pre>
onclick="clearResponse('basic')">清除响应</button>
           </div>
           <div class="request-info">
               <strong>预设API端点:</strong><br>
               • GET /posts/1 - 获取单个文章<br>
               • GET /posts - 获取所有文章<br>
               • POST /posts - 创建新文章<br>
               • PUT /posts/1 - 更新文章<br>
               • DELETE /posts/1 - 删除文章
           </div>
           <div id="basic-response" class="response-display">
               <em>响应将显示在这里...</em>
           </div>
       </div>
       <!-- 请求取消演示 -->
       <div class="demo-section">
           <div class="request-form">
               <div class="form-row">
                   <label>延迟 (秒):</label>
                   <input type="number" id="delay-seconds" value="3"</pre>
min="1" max="10">
               </div>
               <div class="form-row">
                   <label>超时 (秒):</label>
                   <input type="number" id="timeout-seconds" value="5"</pre>
min="1" max="10">
               </div>
               <button class="btn-success" onclick="makeDelayedRequest()">发
送延迟请求</button>
               <button class="btn-warning"</pre>
onclick="makeCancellableRequest()">可取消请求</button>
```

```
<button class="btn-danger" onclick="cancelAllRequests()">取消
所有请求</button>
           </div>
           <div class="active-requests">
               <strong>活跃请求:</strong>
               <div id="active-requests-list">无活跃请求</div>
           </div>
           <div id="cancel-response" class="response-display">
               <em>响应将显示在这里...</em>
           </div>
       </div>
   </div>
   <!-- 错误处理演示 -->
   <div class="demo-section" style="grid-column: 1 / -1;">
       <h3> < 错误处理最佳实践</h3>
       <div style="display: grid; grid-template-columns: repeat(auto-fit,</pre>
minmax(200px, 1fr)); gap: 10px;">
           <button class="btn-primary" onclick="testSuccessRequest()">正常请
求</button>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="testNetworkError()">网络错误
</button>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="testHttpError()">HTTP错误
</button>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="testTimeoutError()">超时错误
</button>
           <button class="btn-warning" onclick="testJsonError()">JSON解析错误
</button>
           <button class="btn-secondary" onclick="clearResponse('error')">清
除日志</button>
       <div id="error-response" class="response-display" style="height:</pre>
200px;">
           <em>错误处理日志将显示在这里...</em>
       </div>
   </div>
   <script>
       // ▼ 现代API客户端最佳实践
       class APIClient {
           constructor(baseURL = '') {
               this.baseURL = baseURL;
               this.defaultHeaders = {
                   'Content-Type': 'application/json',
```

```
};
                this.controllers = new Map(); // 用于请求取消
                this.requestId = 0;
            }
            async request(endpoint, options = {}) {
               const requestId = ++this.requestId;
                const url = `${this.baseURL}${endpoint}`;
                // 创建AbortController用于取消请求
                const controller = new AbortController();
                this.controllers.set(requestId, controller);
               const config = {
                    ...options,
                   headers: {
                        ...this.defaultHeaders,
                        ...options.headers,
                    },
                    signal: controller.signal,
                };
                // 设置超时
                const timeoutId = options.timeout ?
                   setTimeout(() => controller.abort(), options.timeout) :
null;
               try {
                    this.logRequest(requestId, options.method | 'GET',
url);
                   const response = await fetch(url, config);
                    // 清除超时
                   if (timeoutId) clearTimeout(timeoutId);
                    // 检查HTTP状态
                   if (!response.ok) {
                       throw new HTTPError(response.status,
response.statusText, response);
                   }
                    // 处理响应数据
                   const contentType = response.headers.get('content-
type');
                   let data;
```

```
if (contentType &&
contentType.includes('application/json')) {
                        data = await response.json();
                    } else {
                        data = await response.text();
                    this.logResponse(requestId, response.status, data);
                    return data;
                } catch (error) {
                    if (timeoutId) clearTimeout(timeoutId);
                    if (error.name === 'AbortError') {
                        this.logCancel(requestId);
                        throw new CancelError('请求已被取消');
                    }
                    if (error instanceof HTTPError) {
                        this.logError(requestId, error);
                        throw error;
                    }
                    // 网络错误或其他fetch失败
                    const networkError = new NetworkError('网络请求失败',
error);
                    this.logError(requestId, networkError);
                    throw networkError;
                } finally {
                    this.controllers.delete(requestId);
                    this.updateActiveRequestsList();
                }
            }
            async get(endpoint, params = {}, options = {}) {
                const queryString = new URLSearchParams(params).toString();
                const url = queryString ? `${endpoint}?${queryString}` :
endpoint;
               return this.request(url, { ...options, method: 'GET' });
            }
            async post(endpoint, data, options = {}) {
               return this.request(endpoint, {
                    ...options,
                    method: 'POST',
                    body: JSON.stringify(data),
                });
```

```
async put(endpoint, data, options = {}) {
                return this.request(endpoint, {
                    ...options,
                    method: 'PUT',
                    body: JSON.stringify(data),
                });
            }
            async delete(endpoint, options = {}) {
                return this.request(endpoint, { ...options, method: 'DELETE'
});
            }
            cancel(requestId) {
                const controller = this.controllers.get(requestId);
                if (controller) {
                    controller.abort();
                    this.controllers.delete(requestId);
                }
            }
            cancelAll() {
                this.controllers.forEach(controller => controller.abort());
                this.controllers.clear();
                this.updateActiveRequestsList();
            }
            logRequest(id, method, url) {
                console.log(`# 请求 ${id}: ${method} ${url}`);
                this.updateActiveRequestsList();
            }
            logResponse(id, status, data) {
                console.log(`V 响应 ${id}: ${status}`, data);
            }
            logError(id, error) {
                console.error(`X 错误 ${id}:`, error);
            }
            logCancel(id) {
                console.warn(` 取消 ${id}: 请求已取消`);
            }
            updateActiveRequestsList() {
```

```
const list = document.getElementById('active-requests-
list');
               const count = this.controllers.size;
               list.textContent = count > 0 ?
                    `${count} 个活跃请求 (ID:
${Array.from(this.controllers.keys()).join(', ')})`:
                    '无活跃请求';
           }
        }
        // 自定义错误类
       class HTTPError extends Error {
            constructor(status, statusText, response) {
                super(`HTTP ${status}: ${statusText}`);
                this.name = 'HTTPError';
               this.status = status;
               this.statusText = statusText;
               this.response = response;
           }
        }
       class NetworkError extends Error {
           constructor(message, originalError) {
               super(message);
               this.name = 'NetworkError';
               this.originalError = originalError;
           }
        }
       class CancelError extends Error {
           constructor(message) {
               super(message);
               this.name = 'CancelError';
           }
        }
        // 全局API客户端实例
        const apiClient = new APIClient();
        // 界面交互函数
        async function makeRequest() {
           const method = document.getElementById('request-method').value;
           const url = document.getElementById('request-url').value;
           const bodyText = document.getElementById('request-body').value;
           const responseDiv = document.getElementById('basic-response');
           responseDiv.innerHTML = '<span class="loading">请求中...</span>';
```

```
try {
               let result;
               if (method === 'GET') {
                   result = await apiClient.get(url);
               } else if (method === 'POST') {
                   const body = bodyText ? JSON.parse(bodyText) : {};
                   result = await apiClient.post(url, body);
               } else if (method === 'PUT') {
                   const body = bodyText ? JSON.parse(bodyText) : {};
                   result = await apiClient.put(url, body);
               } else if (method === 'DELETE') {
                   result = await apiClient.delete(url);
               responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                   <span class="success">✓ 请求成功</span><br><br>
                   <strong>响应数据:</strong><br>
                   ${JSON.stringify(result, null, 2)}
               `;
           } catch (error) {
               responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                   <span class="error">X 请求失败</span><br><br>
                   <strong>错误类型:</strong> ${error.name}<br>
                   <strong>错误信息:</strong> ${error.message}<br>
                   ${error.status ? `<strong>HTTP状态:</strong>
${error.status}<br>` : ''}
           }
       }
       async function makeDelayedRequest() {
           const delay = document.getElementById('delay-seconds').value;
           const timeout = document.getElementById('timeout-seconds').value
* 1000;
           const responseDiv = document.getElementById('cancel-response');
           responseDiv.innerHTML = '<span class="loading">发送延迟请求...
</span>';
           try {
               const result = await apiClient.get(
                    `https://httpbin.org/delay/${delay}`,
                   {},
                   { timeout }
               );
```

```
responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                  <span class="success">✓ 延迟请求完成</span><br><br>
                  延迟: ${delay}秒<br>
                  超时设置: ${timeout/1000}秒<br><br>
                  ${JSON.stringify(result, null, 2)}
          } catch (error) {
              responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                  <span class="error">X 延迟请求失败</span><br><br>
                  <strong>错误:</strong> ${error.message}<br>
                  ${error.name === 'CancelError' ?
                      '<strong>原因:</strong> 请求被取消':
                      '<strong>原因:</strong> 可能是超时或网络错误'}
              •;
          }
       }
       async function makeCancellableRequest() {
          const responseDiv = document.getElementById('cancel-response');
          responseDiv.innerHTML = '<span class="loading">发送可取消请求...
</span>';
          try {
              const result = await
apiClient.get('https://httpbin.org/delay/5');
              responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                  <span class="success">✓ 可取消请求完成</span><br><br>
                  ${JSON.stringify(result, null, 2)}
          } catch (error) {
              responseDiv.innerHTML = `
                  <span class="error">X 请求失败或被取消</span><br>
                  <strong>错误:</strong> ${error.message}
          }
       }
       function cancelAllRequests() {
          apiClient.cancelAll();
          document.getElementById('cancel-response').innerHTML =
              }
       // 错误处理测试函数
       async function testSuccessRequest() {
          logToErrorDisplay('测试正常请求...');
          try {
```

```
const result = await
apiClient.get('https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts/1');
               logToErrorDisplay('✓ 正常请求成功', 'success');
               logToErrorDisplay(JSON.stringify(result, null, 2));
           } catch (error) {
               logToErrorDisplay(`X 意外错误: ${error.message}`, 'error');
           }
       }
       async function testNetworkError() {
           logToErrorDisplay('测试网络错误...');
               await apiClient.get('https://nonexistent-domain-
12345.com/api');
           } catch (error) {
               logToErrorDisplay(`X 网络错误捕获成功: ${error.name}`,
'success');
               logToErrorDisplay(`错误信息: ${error.message}`);
           }
       }
       async function testHttpError() {
           logToErrorDisplay('测试HTTP错误...');
           try {
apiClient.get('https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts/999999');
           } catch (error) {
               logToErrorDisplay(`X HTTP错误捕获成功: ${error.name}`,
'success');
               logToErrorDisplay(`状态码: ${error.status}, 信息:
${error.message}`);
       async function testTimeoutError() {
           logToErrorDisplay('测试超时错误...');
           try {
               await apiClient.get('https://httpbin.org/delay/10', {}, {
timeout: 2000 });
           } catch (error) {
               logToErrorDisplay(`X 超时错误捕获成功: ${error.name}`,
'success');
               logToErrorDisplay(`错误信息: ${error.message}`);
           }
       }
       async function testJsonError() {
           logToErrorDisplay('测试JSON解析错误...');
```

```
try {
               await apiClient.get('https://httpbin.org/html');
           } catch (error) {
               logToErrorDisplay(`X JSON错误捕获成功`, 'success');
               logToErrorDisplay(`错误类型: ${error.name}, 信息:
${error.message}`);
           }
       }
       function logToErrorDisplay(message, type = '') {
           const display = document.getElementById('error-response');
           const timestamp = new Date().toLocaleTimeString();
           const className = type ? ` class="${type}"` : '';
           display.innerHTML += `<div${className}>[${timestamp}] ${message}
</div>`;
           display.scrollTop = display.scrollHeight;
       }
       function clearResponse(type) {
           const displays = {
               'basic': 'basic-response',
               'error': 'error-response'
           };
           if (displays[type]) {
               document.getElementById(displays[type]).innerHTML =
                   '<em>响应将显示在这里...</em>';
           }
       }
       // 页面初始化
       window.addEventListener('load', () => {
           console.log('\ 练习提示:');
           console.log('1. 尝试不同的HTTP方法和端点');
           console.log('2. 观察请求取消和超时的行为');
           console.log('3. 测试各种错误情况的处理');
           console.log('4. 在Network面板观察实际的网络请求');
           // 设置请求方法改变时的处理
           document.getElementById('request-
method').addEventListener('change', (e) => {
               const bodyTextarea = document.getElementById('request-
body');
               if (e.target.value === 'GET' | e.target.value === 'DELETE')
{
                   bodyTextarea.style.display = 'none';
               } else {
                   bodyTextarea.style.display = 'block';
```

练习总结与进阶指南

完成所有练习后的检查清单

DOM操作掌握度检查:

」能够使用DocumentFragment优化批量DOM操作
理解事件委托的原理和优势

□ 熟练使用现代DOM查询方法

□ 掌握closest()和matches()方法的使用

存储技术应用检查:

能根据数	据特性选择	合话的左	储方式
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- □ 理解各种存储的生命周期和限制
- □ 掌握错误处理和配额管理
- □ 能够实现数据的序列化和反序列化

网络请求最佳实践检查:

- □ 能够实现完整的错误处理机制
- □ 掌握请求取消和超时控制
- □ 理解不同错误类型的处理方式
- □ 能够设计可复用的API客户端

下一步学习建议

- 1. 继续完成剩余章节:按照相同的模式完成性能优化、安全实践、浏览器API等章节的练习
- 2. 实际项目应用:将学到的最佳实践应用到真实项目中

- 3. 性能测试: 使用浏览器开发者工具分析和优化应用性能
- 4. 安全审计: 检查应用的安全漏洞并实施防护措施

这个改进版教程通过实际可运行的代码示例,让新手能够直观地理解和练习JavaScript最佳实践,每个练习都提供了明确的学习目标和检验方法。