

PYTHON PROJECT

Data analysis -Sports

Introduction

[Data science](#) is the study of data to extract knowledge and insights from the data and apply knowledge and actionable insights. In this tutorial, we will work on IPL Data Analysis and Visualization Project using Python where we will explore interesting insights from the [data](#) of IPL matches like most run by a player, most wicket taken by a player, and much more from IPL season 2008-2020.

Importing Libraries

1.Loading Data

```
: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
: mat=pd.read_csv("matches.csv")
```

```
: dev=pd.read_csv("deliveries.csv")
```

Importing IPL Dataset

mat.head()

	id	season	city	date	team1	team2	toss_winner	toss_decision	result	dl_applied	winner	win_by_runs	win_by_wickets	player_of_n
0	1	2017	Hyderabad	2017-04-05	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Royal Challengers Bangalore	field	normal	0	Sunrisers Hyderabad	35	0	Yuvraj
1	2	2017	Pune	2017-04-06	Mumbai Indians	Rising Pune Supergiant	Rising Pune Supergiant	field	normal	0	Rising Pune Supergiant	0	7	SPD
2	3	2017	Rajkot	2017-04-07	Gujarat Lions	Kolkata Knight Riders	Kolkata Knight Riders	field	normal	0	Kolkata Knight Riders	0	10	CA
3	4	2017	Indore	2017-04-08	Rising Pune Supergiant	Kings XI Punjab	Kings XI Punjab	field	normal	0	Kings XI Punjab	0	6	GJ Ma
4	5	2017	Bangalore	2017-04-08	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Delhi Daredevils	Royal Challengers Bangalore	bat	normal	0	Royal Challengers Bangalore	15	0	KM Ja

dev.head()

	match_id	inning	batting_team	bowling_team	over	ball	batsman	non_striker	bowler	is_super_over	...	bye_runs	legbye_runs	noball_runs	penalty_runs
0	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	1	DA Warner	S Dhawan	TS Mills	0	...	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	2	DA Warner	S Dhawan	TS Mills	0	...	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	3	DA Warner	S Dhawan	TS Mills	0	...	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	Sunrisers Hyderabad	Royal Challengers Bangalore	1	4	DA Warner	S Dhawan	TS Mills	0	...	0	0	0	0

IPL Data Analysis and Visualization with Python

```
mat.shape
```

```
(756, 18)
```

```
mat.info()
```

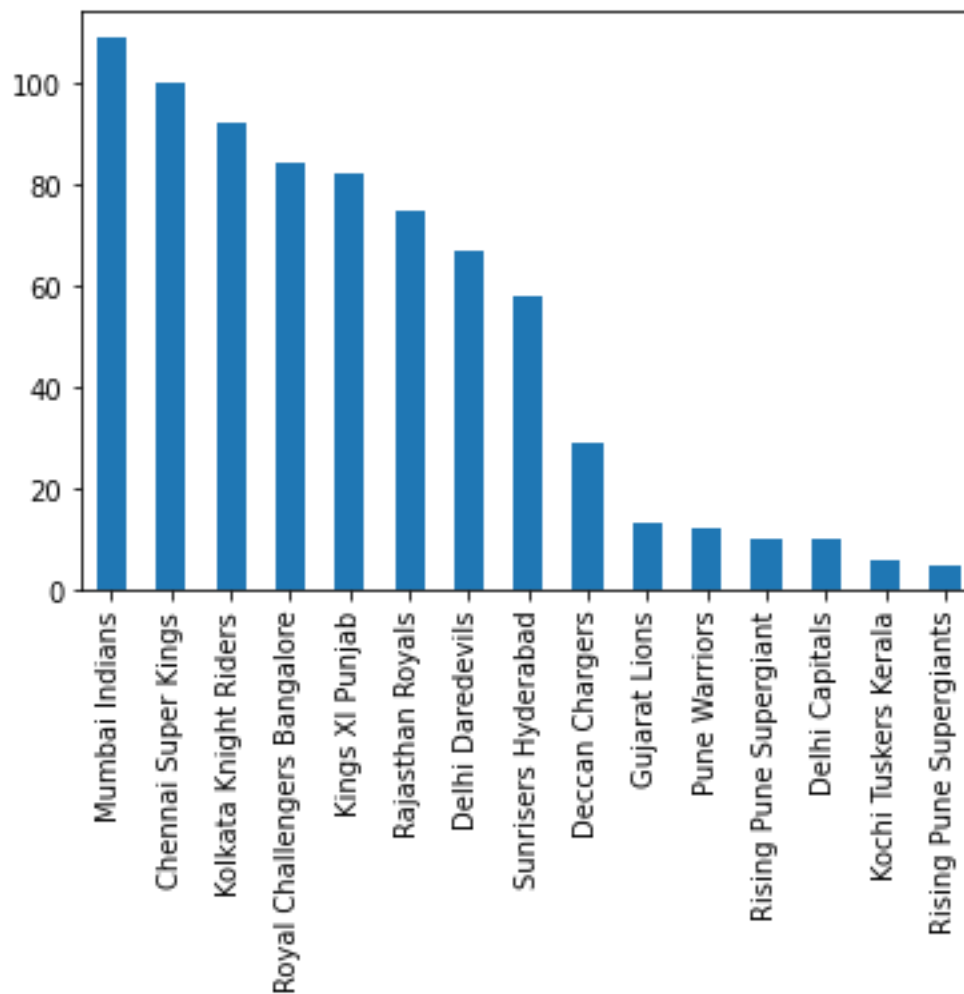
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 756 entries, 0 to 755
Data columns (total 18 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                     756 non-null    int64
1   season                 756 non-null    int64
2   city                   749 non-null    object
3   date                   756 non-null    object
4   team1                  756 non-null    object
5   team2                  756 non-null    object
6   toss_winner            756 non-null    object
7   toss_decision          756 non-null    object
8   result                 756 non-null    object
9   dl_applied             756 non-null    int64
10  winner                 752 non-null    object
11  win_by_runs            756 non-null    int64
12  win_by_wickets         756 non-null    int64
13  player_of_match        752 non-null    object
14  venue                  756 non-null    object
15  umpire1                754 non-null    object
16  umpire2                754 non-null    object
17  umpire3                119 non-null    object
dtypes: int64(5), object(13)
memory usage: 106.4+ KB
```

```
mat.describe()
```

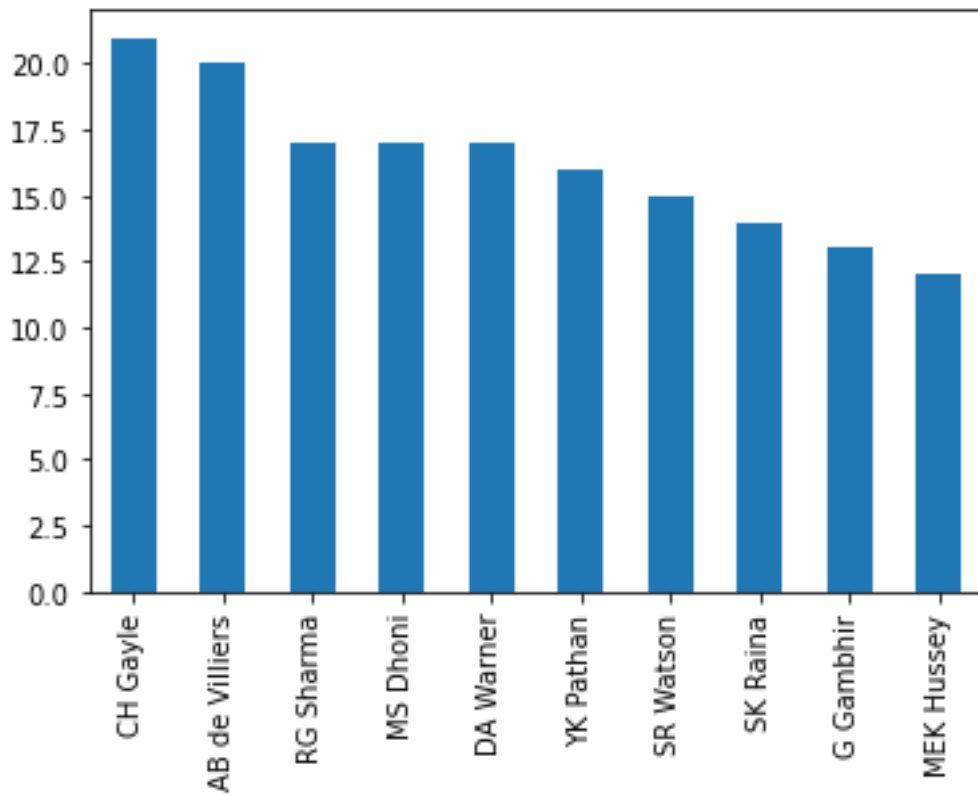
	match_id	season	dl_applied	win_by_runs	win_by_wickets
count	756.000000	756.000000	756.000000	756.000000	756.000000
mean	1792.178571	2013.444444	0.025132	13.283069	3.350529
std	2481.479449	2.282005	0.158820	22.474444	2.287083

visualizing the data

1. Total match played by all team

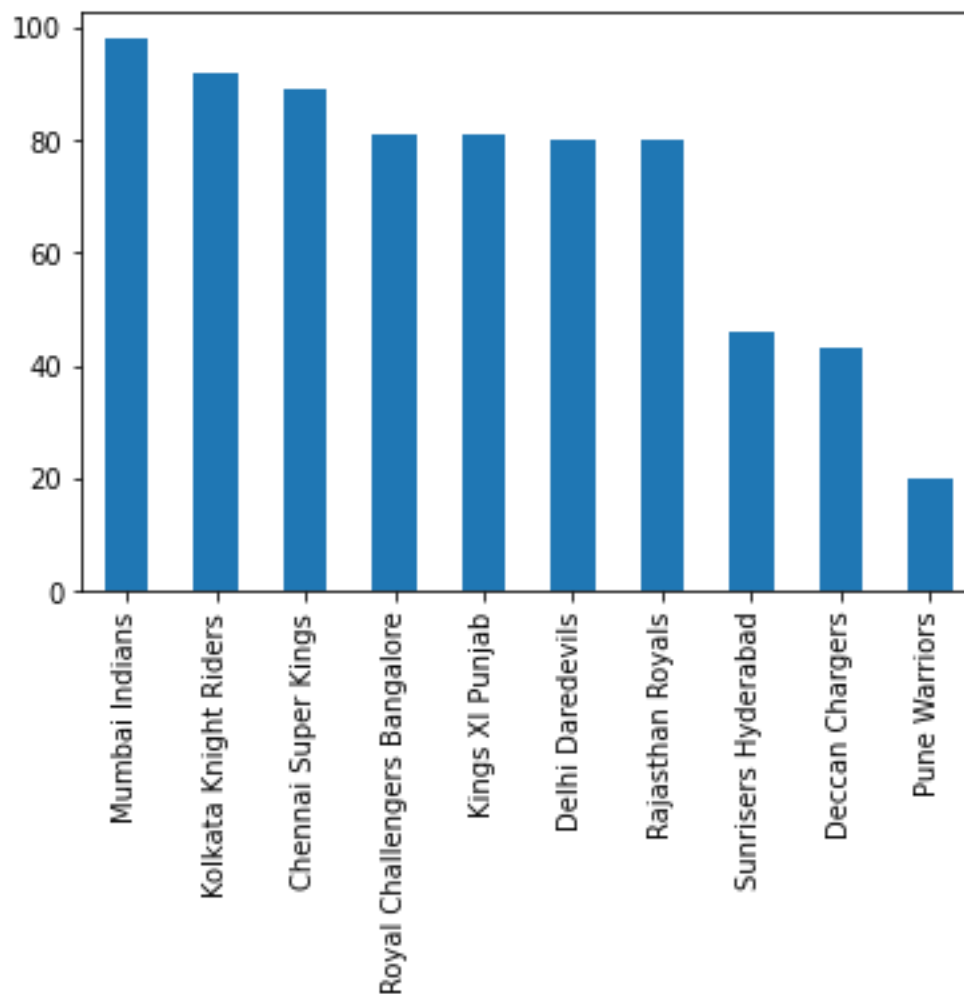


2. maximum time won the player of the match



2.

3.toss win by perticuler team



Team that won most matches by batting first

```
mat.groupby(["toss_winner"]).agg({"winner": ["count"]}).sort_values(ascending=False, by=["winner", "count"]).head(1)
```

winner	
count	
toss_winner	
Mumbai Indians	98

4.Data Analysis:

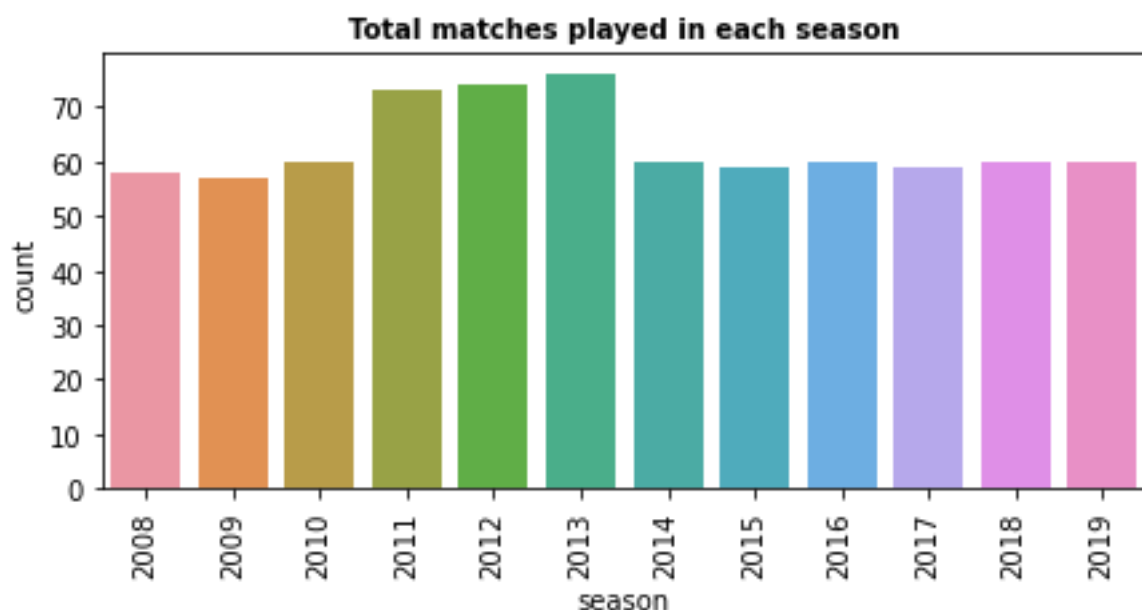
Merging the two Datasets into a new datasets and read it

```
df=pd.merge(mat,dev,on="match_id",how="left")
```

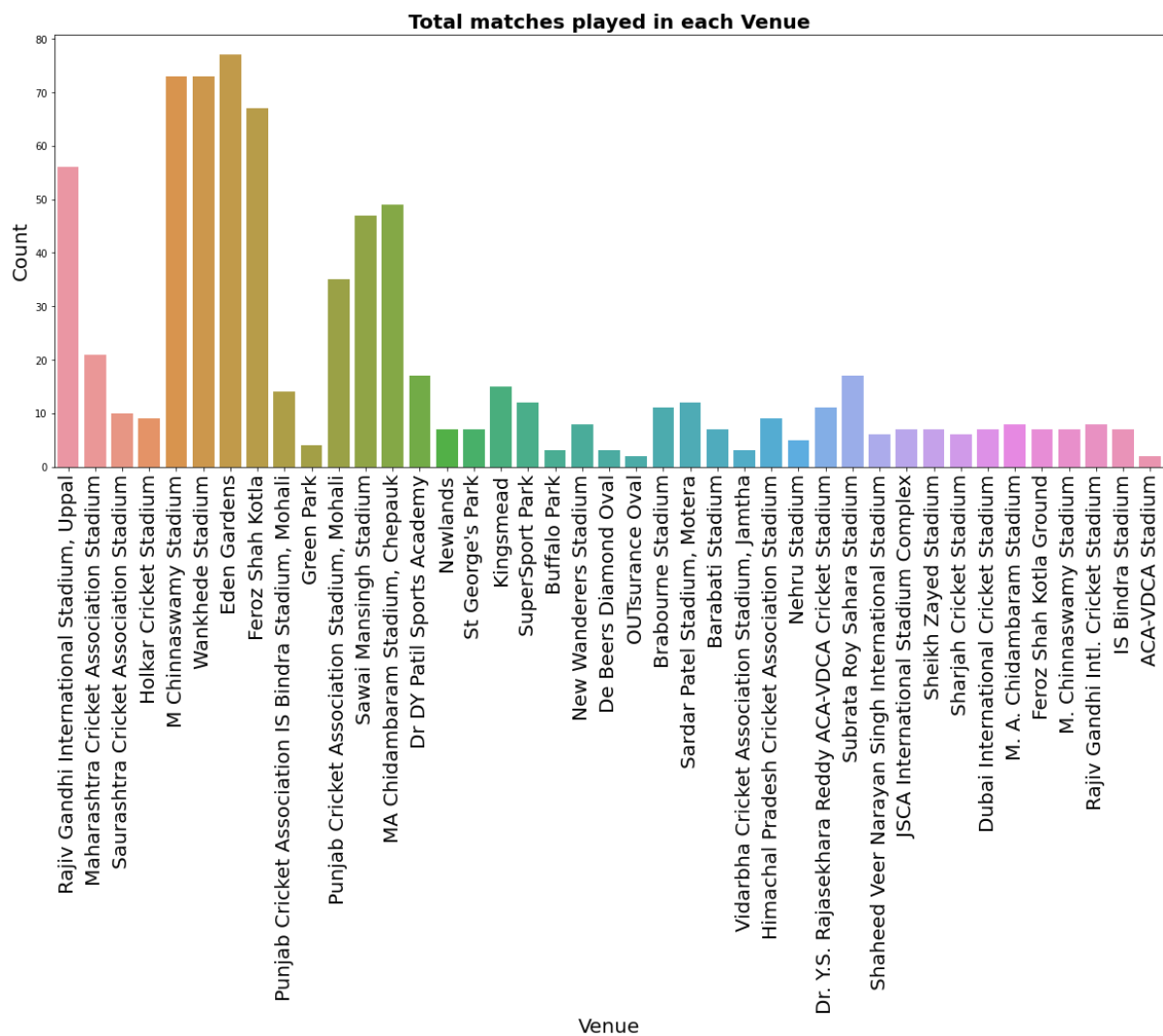
```
df.columns
```

```
Index(['match_id', 'city', 'date', 'team1', 'team2', 'toss_winner',  
      'toss_decision', 'result', 'dl_applied', 'winner', 'win_by_runs',  
      'win_by_wickets', 'player_of_match', 'venue', 'umpire1', 'umpire2',  
      'umpire3', 'inning', 'batting_team', 'bowling_team', 'over', 'ball',  
      'batsman', 'non_striker', 'bowler', 'is_super_over', 'wide_runs',  
      'bye_runs', 'legbye_runs', 'noball_runs', 'penalty_runs',  
      'batsman_runs', 'extra_runs', 'total_runs', 'player_dismissed',  
      'dismissal_kind', 'fielder', 'Runs scored per match'],  
      dtype='object')
```

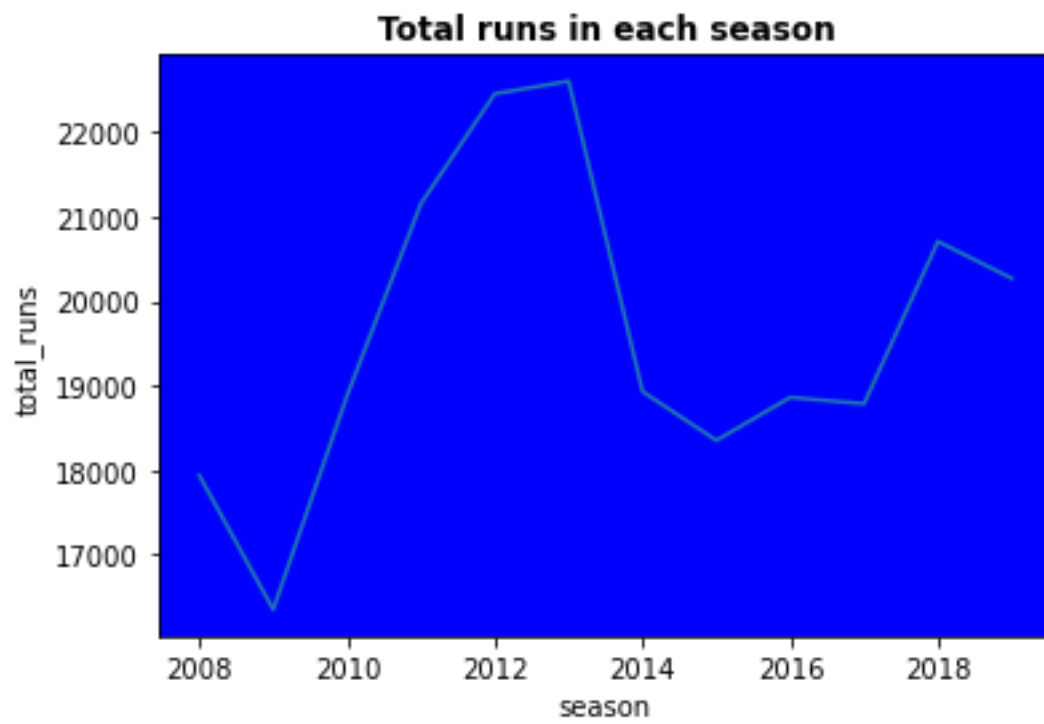
no.of matches in particular years



No.of Matches Played in Each Stadium



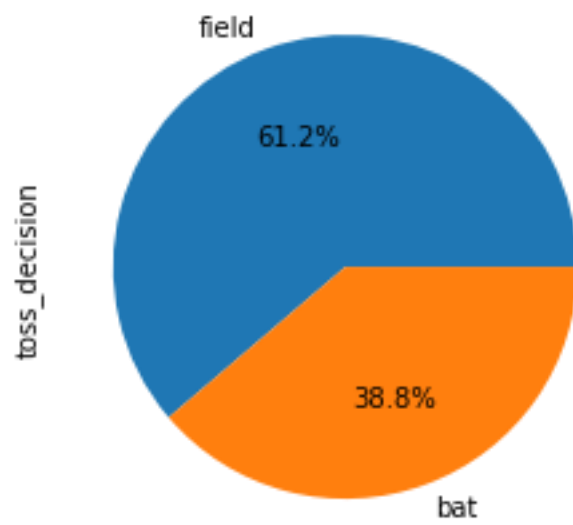
Total run in each season



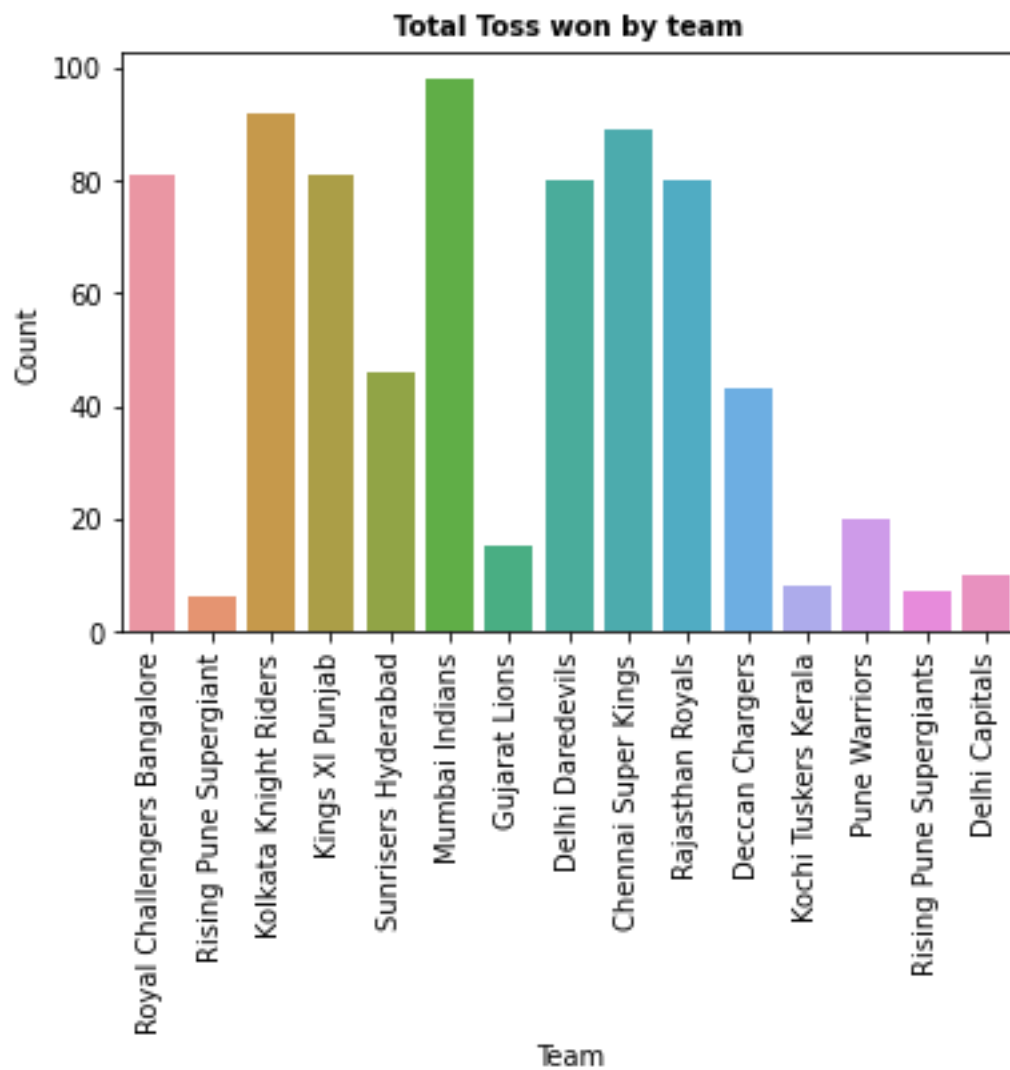
Total run by each team in total year

	batting_team	total_runs
0	Mumbai Indians	29809
1	Royal Challengers Bangalore	28128
2	Kings XI Punjab	27893
3	Kolkata Knight Riders	27419
4	Chennai Super Kings	26418
5	Delhi Daredevils	24388
6	Rajasthan Royals	22431
7	Sunrisers Hyderabad	17059
8	Deccan Chargers	11463
9	Pune Warriors	6358
10	Gujarat Lions	4862
11	Delhi Capitals	2830
12	Rising Pune Supergiant	2470
13	Rising Pune Supergiants	2063
14	Kochi Tuskers Kerala	1901

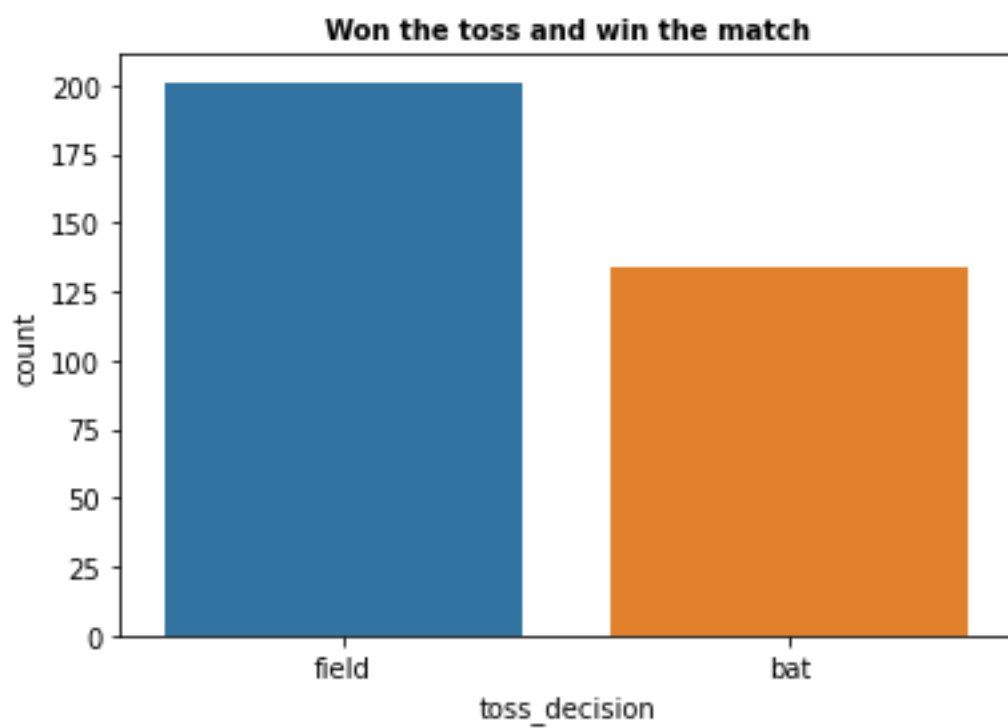
Won the toss the choose



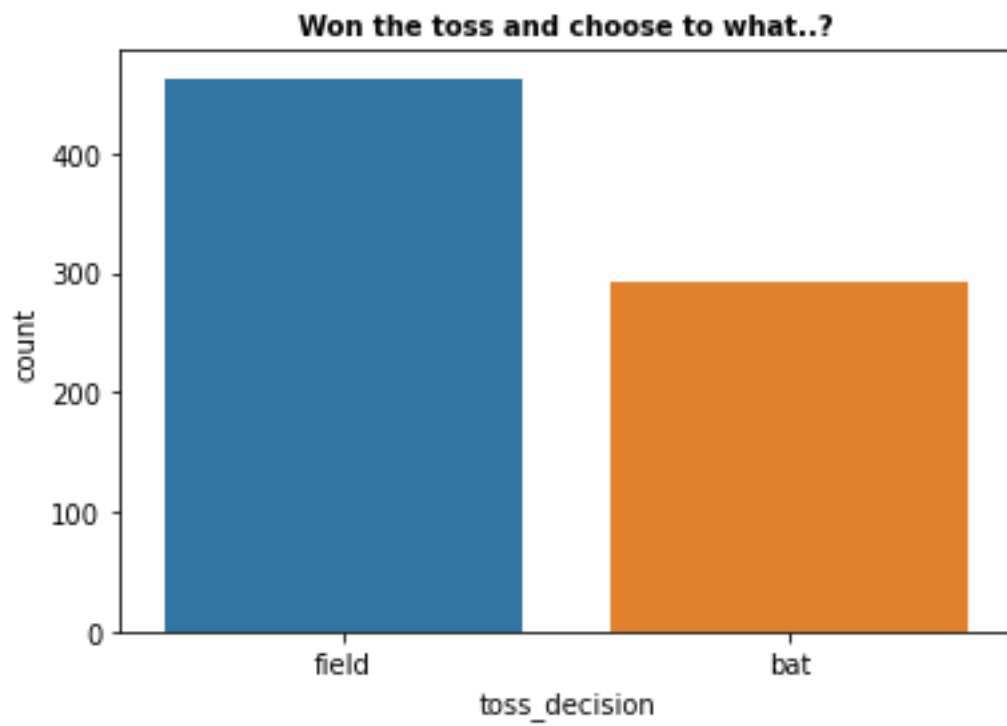
Maximum toss won



won the toss and win the match



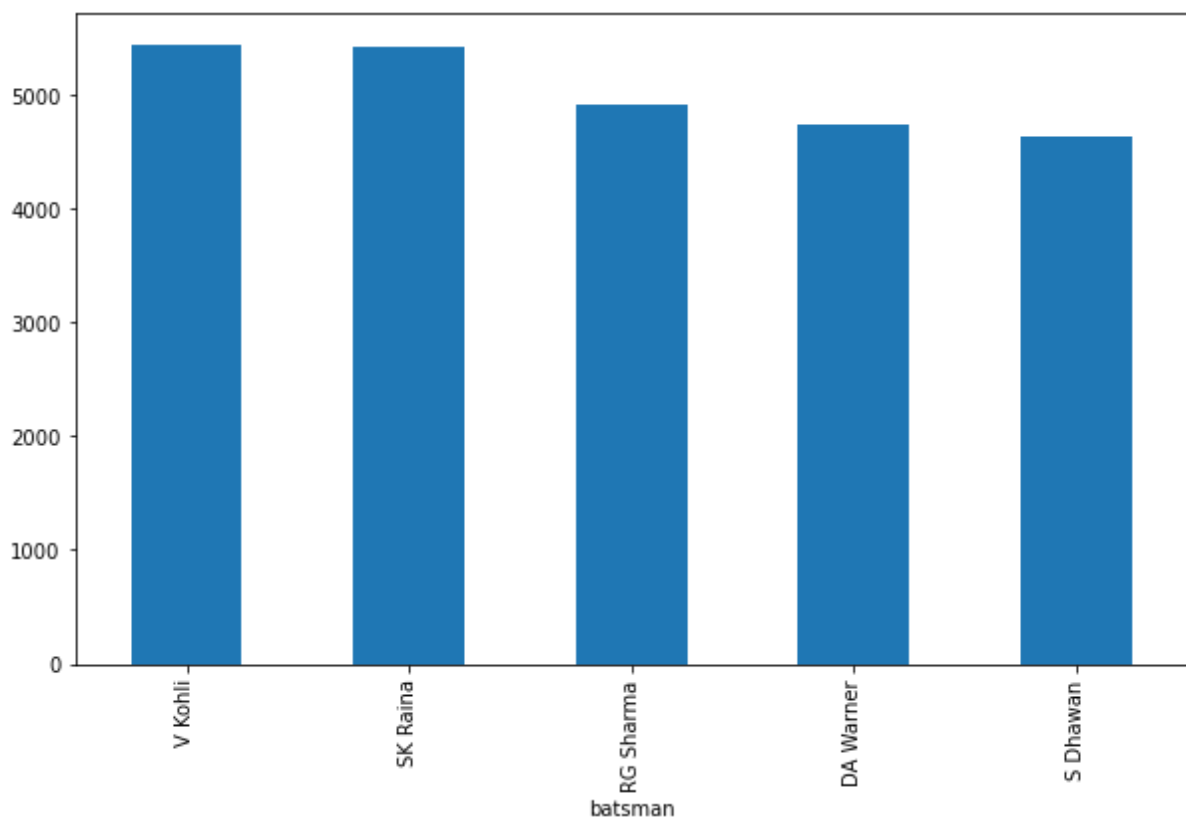
Won the toss then decide



batsman overview

highest run total by batsman

```
batsman
V Kohli      5434
SK Raina     5415
RG Sharma    4914
DA Warner    4741
S Dhawan     4632
Name: batsman_runs, dtype: int64
```



Total overvier in perticuler player

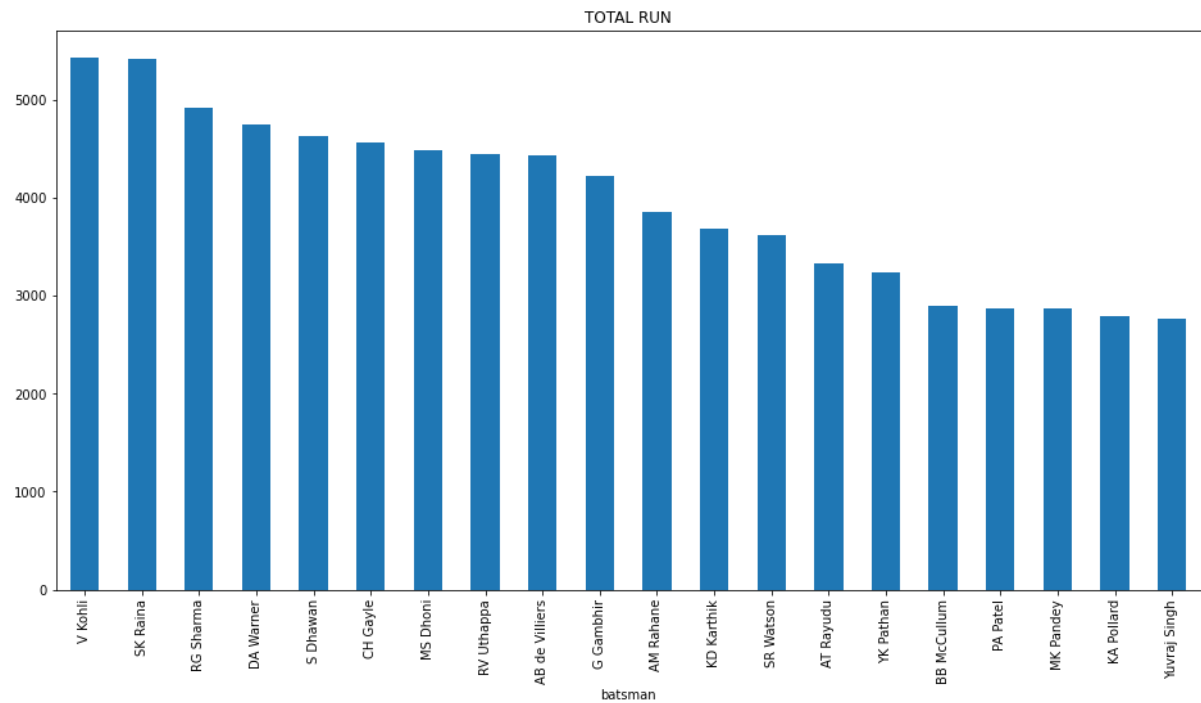
```
player = (dev['batsman']=='V Kohli')  
kohli = dev[player]
```

```
def count(kohli,runs):  
    return len(kohli[kohli['batsman_runs']==runs])*runs
```

```
print("Runs scored from 1's :",count(df_raina,1))  
print("Runs scored from 2's :",count(df_raina,2))  
print("Runs scored from 3's :",count(df_raina,3))  
print("Runs scored from 4's :",count(df_raina,4))  
print("Runs scored from 6's :",count(df_raina,6))
```

```
Runs scored from 1's : 1741  
Runs scored from 2's : 586  
Runs scored from 3's : 33  
Runs scored from 4's : 1928  
Runs scored from 6's : 1146
```

Total run by batsman



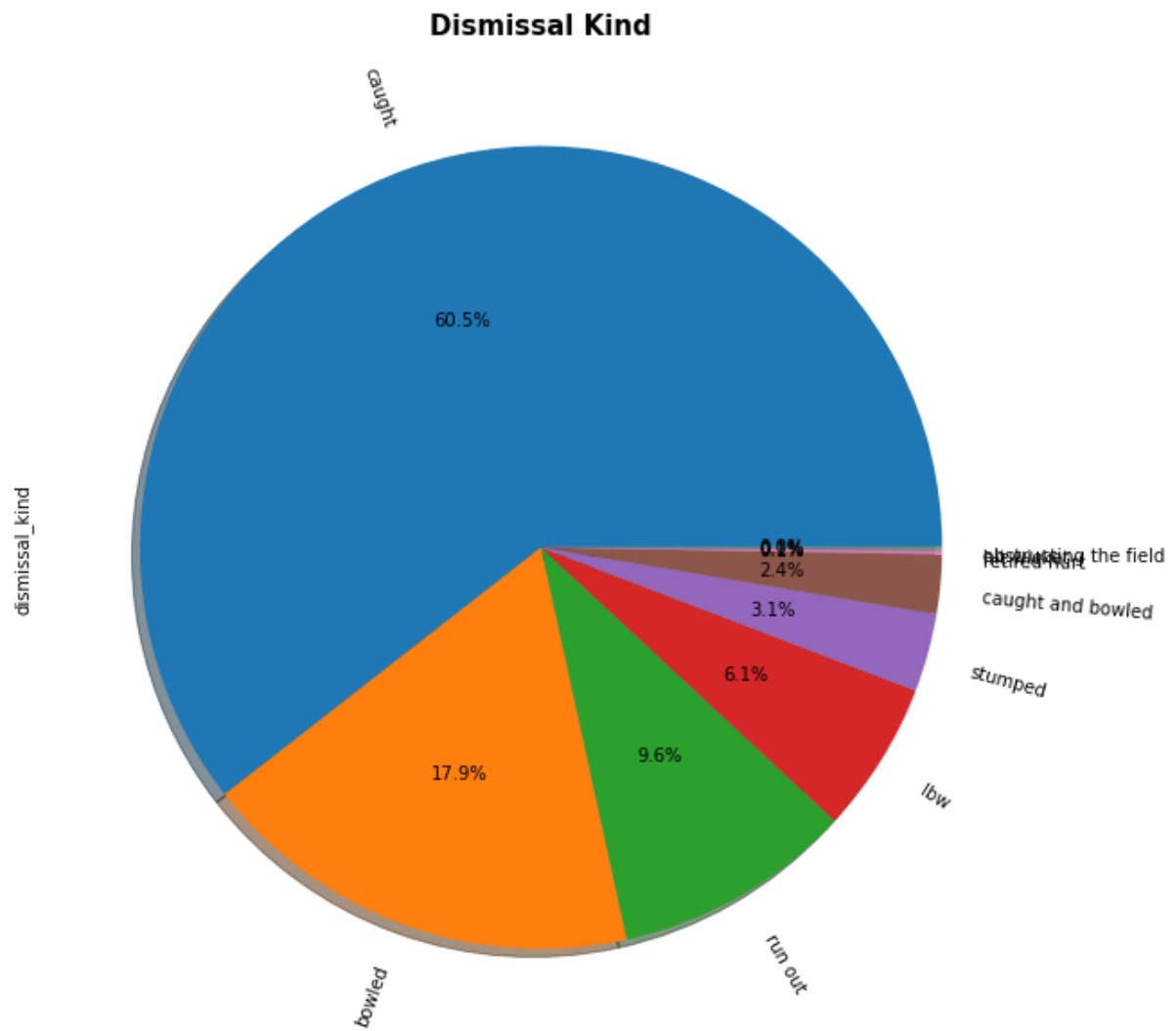
Top player

	ball	batsman_runs	strike_rate
batsman			
V Kohli	4211	5434	129.042983
SK Raina	4044	5415	133.902077
RG Sharma	3816	4914	128.773585
DA Warner	3398	4741	139.523249
S Dhawan	3776	4632	122.669492
CH Gayle	3131	4560	145.640370
MS Dhoni	3318	4477	134.930881
RV Uthappa	3492	4446	127.319588
AB de Villiers	2977	4428	148.740343
G Gambhir	3524	4223	119.835414

Each year maximum run made by player

```
batsman      season
V Kohli      2016      973
DA Warner    2016      848
KS Williamson 2018      747
MEK Hussey   2013      733
CH Gayle     2012      733
DA Warner    2019      727
CH Gayle     2013      720
RR Pant      2018      717
AB de Villiers 2016      687
KL Rahul     2018      678
Name: batsman_runs, dtype: int64
```

Dismissal kind of player

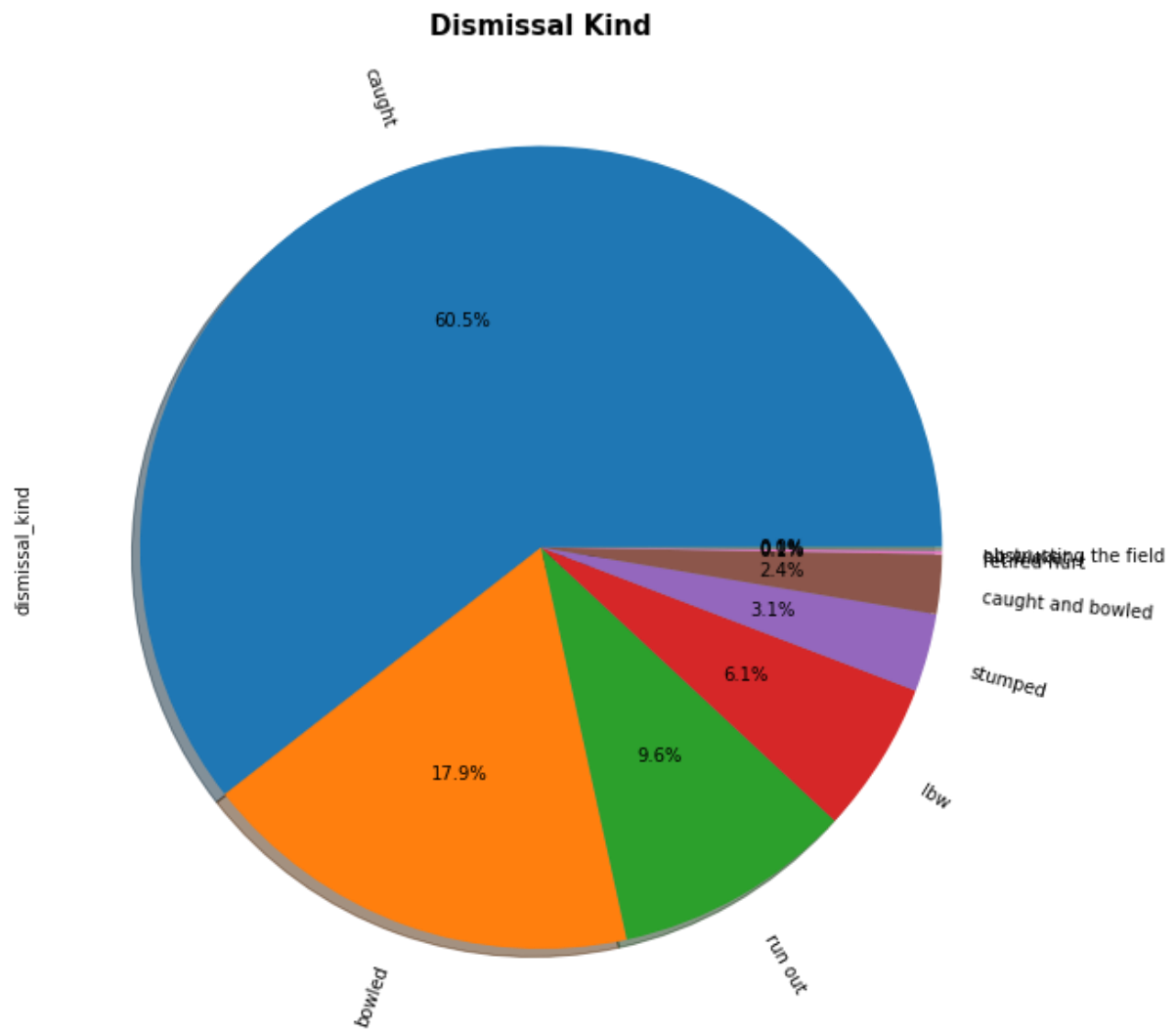


BOLLING OVERVIEW

Economy with maximum bolling

	batsman_runs	ball	economy
bowler			
Harbhajan Singh	3880	3451	6.745871
A Mishra	3727	3172	7.049811
PP Chawla	4022	3157	7.643968
R Ashwin	3224	3016	6.413793
SL Malinga	3218	2974	6.492268
DJ Bravo	3532	2711	7.817042
B Kumar	3067	2707	6.797931
P Kumar	3106	2637	7.067122
UT Yadav	3421	2605	7.879463
SP Narine	2825	2600	6.519231

Player dismissed by bowler



Conclusion

Hope you liked our project on IPL Data analysis and Visualization using Python. We just listed some basics to medium-advanced analysis over here, to give you an idea of how to use the data set. You can come up with your own data analysis of IPL data with Python libraries and projects.

