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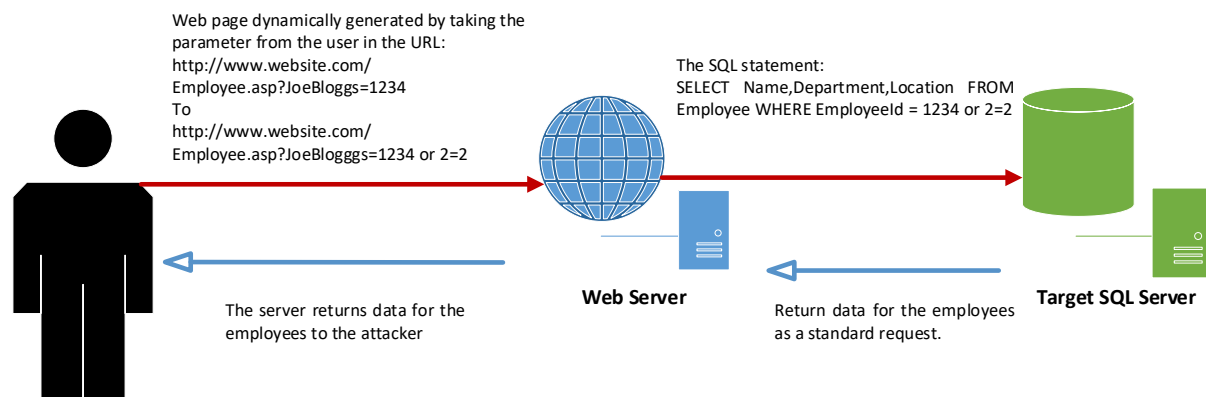
A06:2021-Vulnerable and Outdated Components

Vulnerable and Outdated Components has moved up from ninth to sixth in the OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks. Having worked for many years in education and now in a Government Department I have witnessed these organisations sweating out the use of hardware and software in order to keep costs down. This can lead to components becoming vulnerable to attacks or being out of date.

Java-script libraries are used by web developers in order to make sites more functional, however this can be open to attacks if not kept up-to-date and result in the site being potentially exposed (Lauinger et al, 2018). According to Tang et al (2015), you are able to predict these vulnerabilities through text mining or software metrics, with software metrics seen as the most cost-effective.

Another area where this is an issues is through SQL injection attacks, this can allow sensitive data to be updated or read as well as running commands and accessing files from the servers (Guimarães, 2009). An example of this can be seen in Figure 1.

Figure 1
SQL Injection Attack



The Internet of Things (IoT) is seen as a revolution, however this can be susceptible to attacks due to insecure software configuration (Jiang, Lora, and Chattopadhyay, 2020). Old/unpatched dependencies in the dependency chain of the components being used. There is also an issue with IOT that older dependencies or those that are unpatched can be exploited by cybercriminals. This is particularly an issue when industries use this technology to gain efficiencies, for instance the Amazon Ring was subject to an attack, whereby the hackers could get live streams from the systems through weak, recycled and default identifications (Smith, 2020).

B. D. A. Guimarães, Advanced SQL injection to operating system full control, Black Hat Europe, white paper, 2009.

Initial Post

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https://owasp.org/Top10/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/