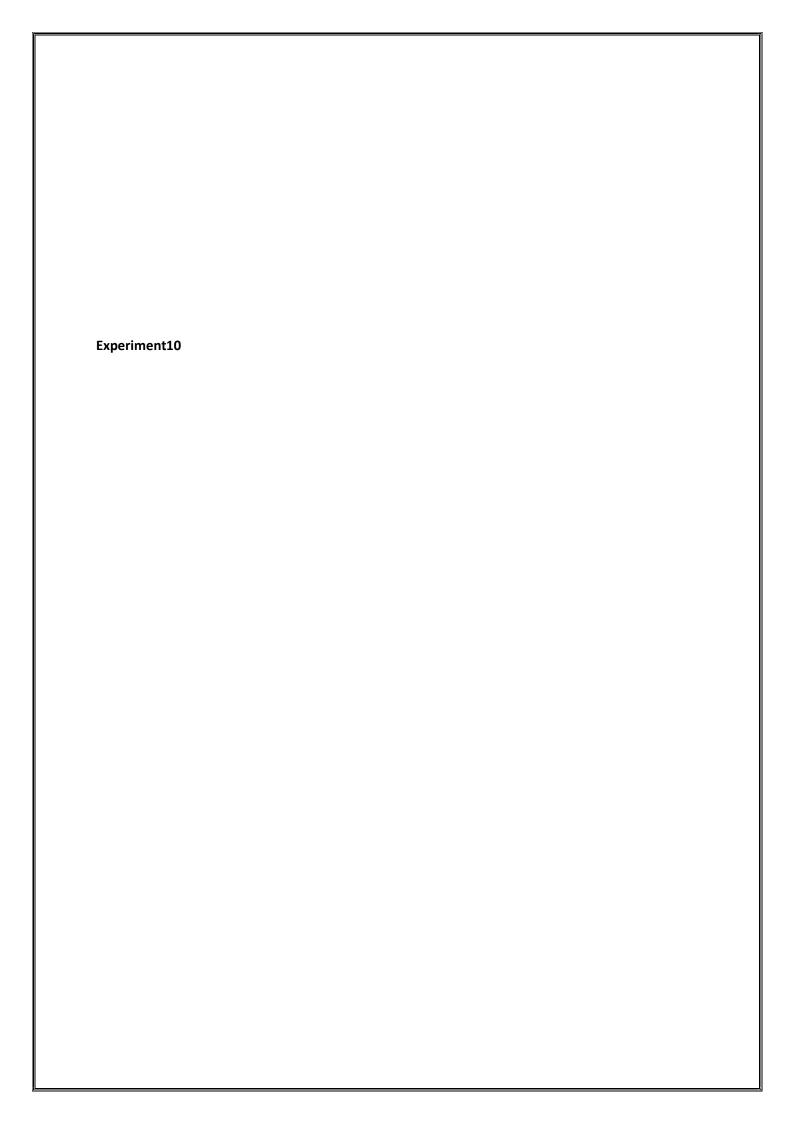
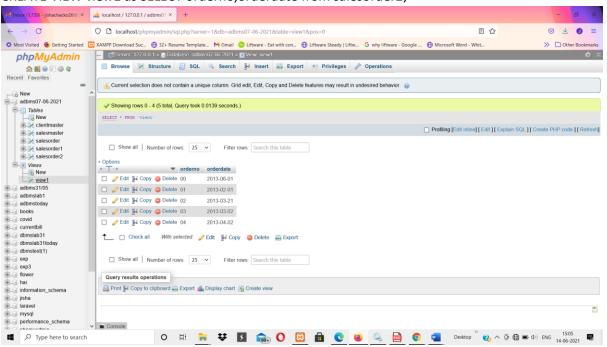
	ADBMSLAB	
Submitted to: Assprof:Merin Manoj		Submitted by: Jisha Chacko
		S2RMCA:A RNO:44



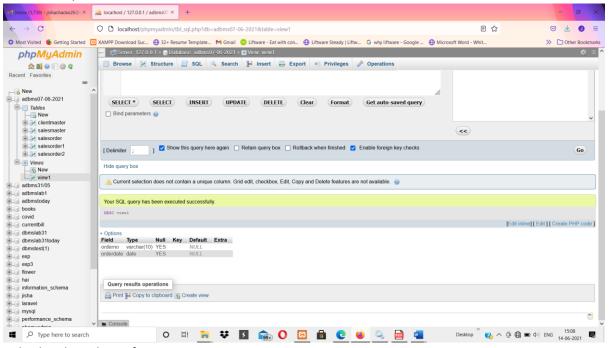
1. Create a view view1 from salesorder with(order number,order date)

CREATE VIEW view1 as SELECT orderno, orderdate from sales order2;

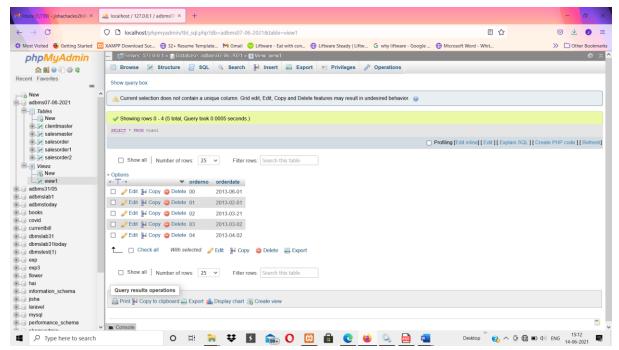


2. Describe the view view1

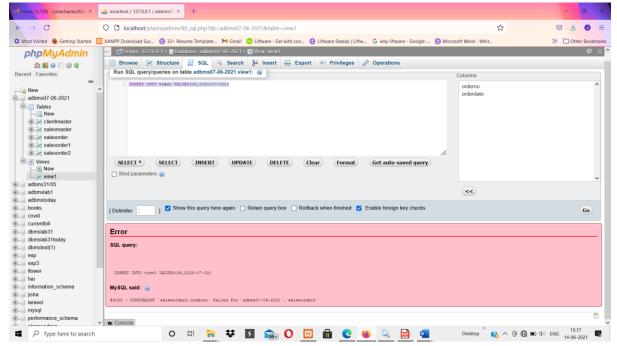
DESC view1;



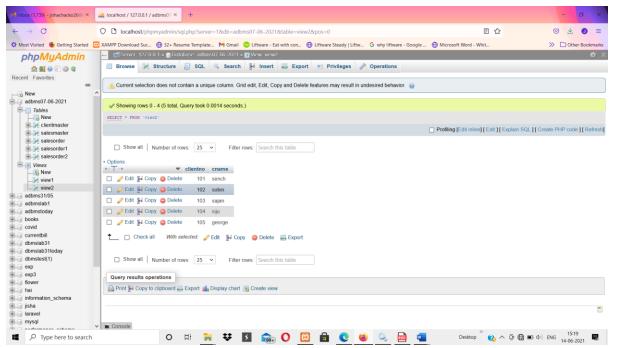
3.display the values of view1
SELECT * FROM view1;



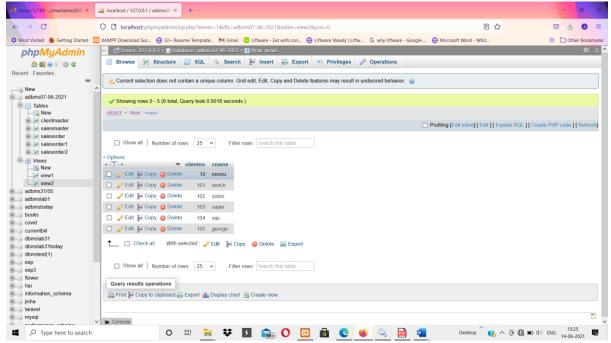
4.insert one row of data in view1 and observe the output/error message INSERT INTO view1 VALUES(06,2020-07-02);



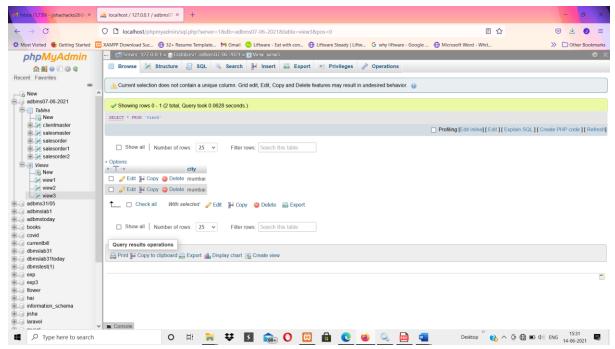
5. create a view view2 from clientmaster(clientno,cname)
CREATE VIEW view2 as SELECT clientno,cname from clientmaster;



6. insert one row of data in view2 and observe the output/error message INSERT INTO view2 VALUES(10, 'minnu');

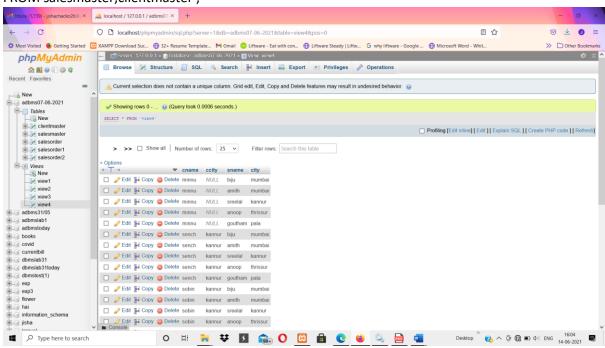


7.create a view view3 from salesmaster with all colums with condition city="Mumbai" CREATE VIEW view3 as SELECT city from salesmaster WHERE city='mumbai';

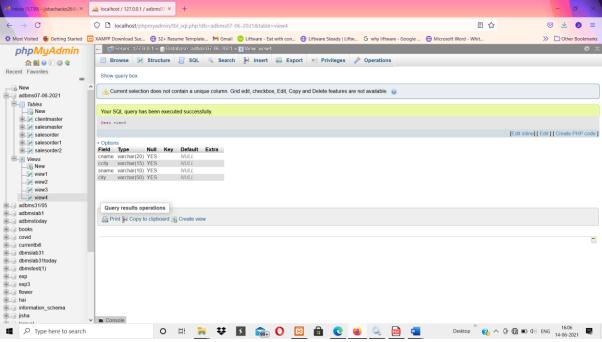


8. create a view view4 from clientmaster and salesmaster with details(cname,city,sname,city)

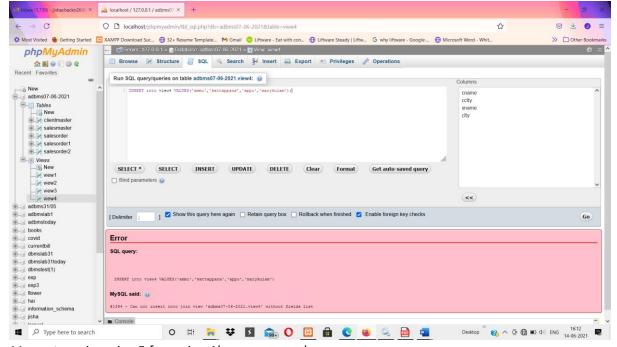
CREATE VIEW view4 AS SELECT cname, clientmaster.city as ccity, sname, sales master.city FROM sales master, clientmaster;



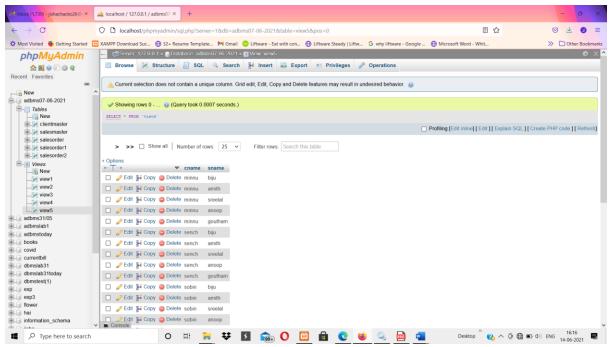
9.describe view4 Desc view4;



10.insert one row of data in view4 and observe the output/error message

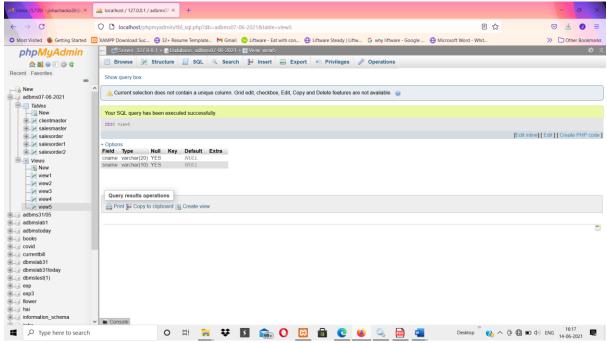


11.create a view view5 from view4(cname,sname)
CREATE VIEW view5 as SELECT cname,sname from view4;

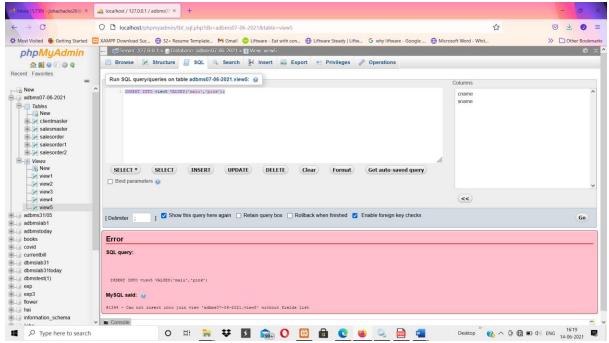


12.describe view5

Desc view5;

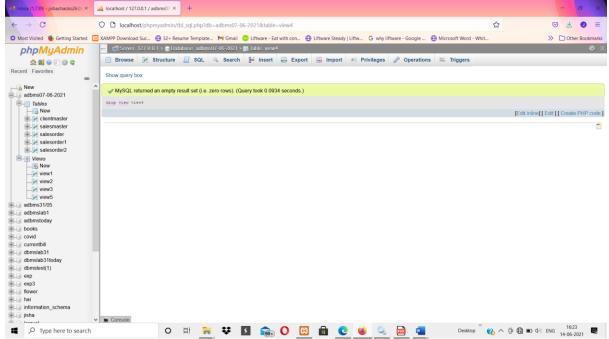


13.insert one row of data in view5 and observe the output/error message INSERT INTO view5 VALUES('malu','pink');

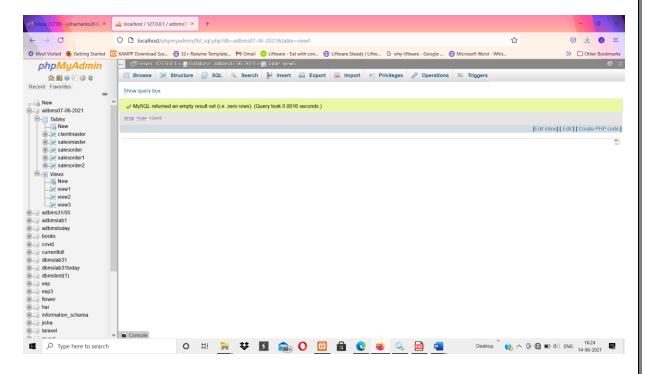


14.delete the view4 table

drop view view4;



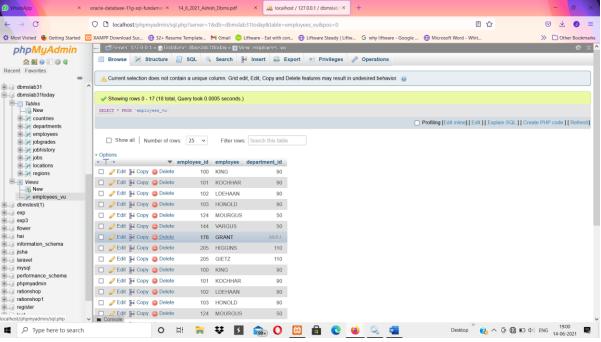
15.delete the view5 table drop view view5;



16.

The staff in the HR department wants to hide some of the data in the EMPLOYEES table. They want a view called EMPLOYEES_VU based on the employee numbers, employee names, and department numbers from the EMPLOYEES table. They want the heading for the employee name to be EMPLOYEE.

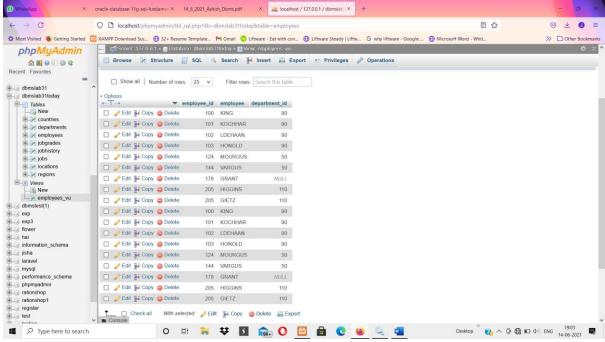
CREATE VIEW employees_vu AS(SELECT employee_id,last_name as employee,department_id FROM employees);



17.

Confirm that the view works. Display the contents of the ${\tt EMPLOYEES_VU}$ view.

SELECT * FROM employees_vu;



18.

Using your EMPLOYEES_VU view, write a query for the HR department to display all
employee names and department numbers.

SELECT employee,department_id FROM employees_vu;

