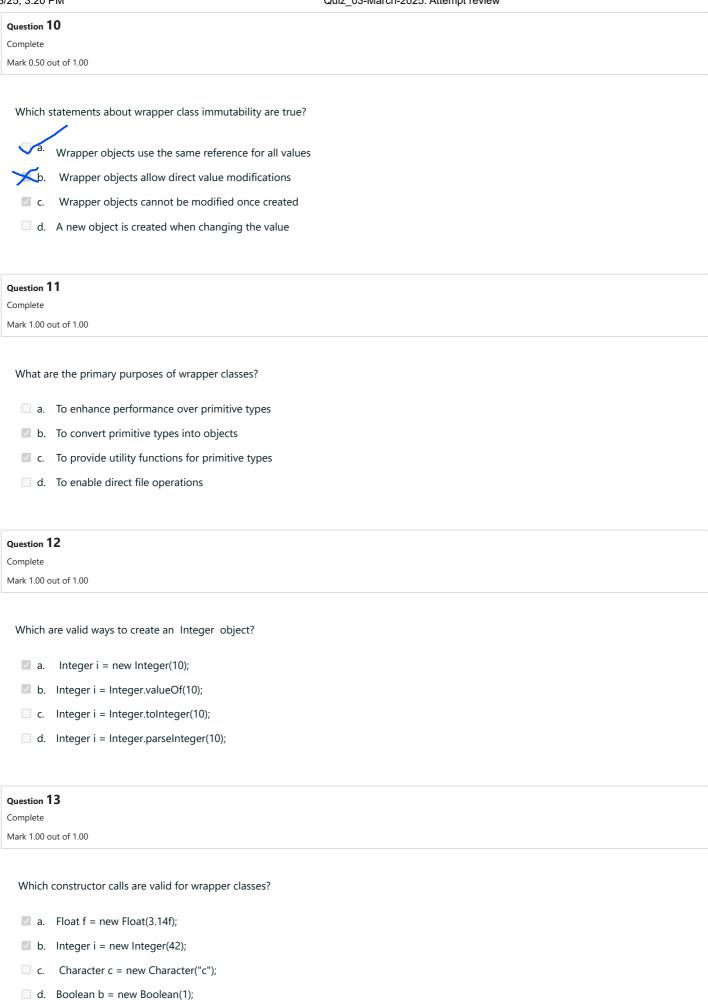
Started on	Monday, 3 March 2025, 3:07 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 3 March 2025, 3:17 PM
Time taken	10 mins 46 secs
Marks	14.00/15.00
Grade	93.33 out of 100.00
Question 1 Complete Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Which of the followin	g statements about the toString() method in wrapper classes are correct?
a. It returns a s	tring representation of the wrapped value
b. It cannot be	called on a wrapper object
c. It is inherited	I from the Object class and overridden in wrapper classes
d. It always ret	urns a hexadecimal representation of the value
Question 2	
Complete	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Which of the following	ng are valid conversions using wrapper classes?
☑ a. Integer i = Ir	nteger.valueOf("42");
✓ b. Long I = Long	g.parseLong("1010", 2);
c. Double d = I	Double.valueOf("3.14");
d. Character c	= Character.valueOf("c");
_ :: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	\ - n
Question 3	
Complete	
Mark 0.50 out of 1.00	
Which statements ab	out autoboxing are correct?
a. Java automa	tically converts a wrapper class object to its corresponding primitive type
■ b. Autoboxing	is required for every primitive type conversion
c. Autoboxing	only works with integer types
_	tically converts a primitive type to its corresponding wrapper class

3/25, 3:20 F	PM Quiz_03-March-2025: Attempt review
Question 4 Complete Mark 1.00 c	
Which o	of the following are wrapper classes in Java?
✓ a.	Integer
	Double
c.	String
✓ d.	Boolean
Question 5	
Complete Mark 1.00 c	out of 1.00
 a. b. c. d.	appens when using == to compare two wrapper objects? It may return true for small cached values (-128 to 127) It checks for reference equality It always compares the values inside the wrapper It throws an exception
Question 6 Complete	
Mark 1.00 c	out of 1.00
	of the following statements about boxing and unboxing are true?
_ a.	Unboxing is always explicit
☑ b.	Boxing automatically wraps a primitive into its corresponding wrapper class
✓ C.	Unboxing converts a wrapper object to its corresponding primitive
d.	Java does not allow mixing boxed and unboxed values in expressions

Question 7				
	Complete Mark 1.00 out of 1.00			
IVIAIR 1.00 C				
What w	vill be the output of the following code?			
vviiat v	in be the output of the following code:			
Integer	a = 100;			
Integer	b = 100;			
System.	out.println(a == b);			
a.	Compilation error			
□ c.	Runtime exception			
d.	false			
Question 8				
Complete				
Mark 1.00 c	ut of 1.00			
Which r	nethod retrieves the primitive value from a wrapper object?			
✓ a.	booleanValue()			
	doubleValue()			
□ c.	parseValue()			
☑ d.	intValue()			
Question 9				
Complete				
Mark 1.00 c	ut of 1.00			
Which	statements about parseXxx() and valueOf() are true?			
a.	valueOf() can return a primitive if needed			
□ b.	parseXxx() and valueOf() always return the same type			
✓ c.	parseXxx() returns a primitive type			
✓ d.	valueOf() returns a wrapper object			



Complete Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	Question 14	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	Complete	
	Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

Which statements about the Boolean wrapper class are true?

- a. It has a constructor that accepts a String
- ☑ b. Boolean.valueOf("true") returns true
- c. The Boolean class is mutable
- d. It supports parseBoolean() returning a wrapper

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which methods convert a string into a wrapper class instance?

- a. Integer.valueOf("123")
- ☑ b. Double.parseDouble("3.14")
- c. Character.parseChar("c")
- d. Boolean.valueOf("true")