

Exercise 13 --- Creating views

```
CREATE VIEW view_d_songs AS
SELECT
    id,
    title AS "Song Title",
    artist
FROM
    DJs_on_Demand
WHERE
    type_code = 'New Age';
```

Output

SQL query successfully executed. However, the result set is empty.

Dropped and then :

```
CREATE VIEW view_d_songs AS
SELECT
    id AS "Song ID",
    title AS "Song Title",
    artist AS "Artist Name",
    type_code AS "Music Type"
FROM
    DJs_on_Demand
WHERE
    type_code = 'New Age';
```

Output

SQL query successfully executed. However, the result set is empty.


```
CREATE VIEW view_jason_events AS
SELECT
    event_name AS "Event Name",
    event_date AS "Event Date",
    theme_description AS "Theme Description"
FROM
    events;
```

Output

SQL query successfully executed. However, the result set is empty.

```
CREATE VIEW dept_salary AS
SELECT
    department_id AS "Department ID",
    MIN(salary) AS "Minimum Salary",
    MAX(salary) AS "Maximum Salary",
    AVG(salary) AS "Average Salary"
FROM
    employees
GROUP BY
    department_id;
```

Output

SQL query successfully executed. However, the result set is empty.

Managing Views

1)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW view_copy_d_songs AS  
SELECT title, artist  
FROM copy_d_songs;
```

```
SELECT * FROM view_copy_d_songs;
```

2)

```
DROP VIEW view_copy_d_songs;
```

```
SELECT * FROM view_copy_d_songs;
```

3)

```
SELECT last_name, salary, RANK() OVER (ORDER BY salary DESC) AS salary_rank  
FROM employees  
WHERE ROWNUM <= 3  
ORDER BY salary_rank;
```

4)

```
SELECT e.last_name, e.salary, e.department_id, d.max_salary  
FROM employees e  
JOIN (  
    SELECT department_id, MAX(salary) AS max_salary  
    FROM employees  
    GROUP BY department_id  
) d  
ON e.department_id = d.department_id;
```

5)

```
SELECT last_name, salary, RANK() OVER (ORDER BY salary ASC) AS salary_rank  
FROM employees
```

```
WHERE department_id IN (
    SELECT department_id
    FROM departments
    WHERE department_name = 'Global Fast Foods'
)
ORDER BY salary ASC;
```

INDEXES

4.

```
CREATE INDEX idx_cd_number
```

```
ON d_track_listings(cd_number);
```

Verify in SQL Workshop Data Browser:

```
SELECT index_name, table_name, uniqueness
```

```
FROM user_indexes
```

```
WHERE table_name = 'D_TRACK_LISTINGS';
```

5.

```
SELECT index_name, table_name, uniqueness
```

```
FROM user_indexes
```

```
WHERE table_name = 'D_SONGS';
```

6.

```
SELECT index_name, table_name, uniqueness
```

```
FROM user_indexes
```

```
WHERE table_name = 'D_EVENTS';
```

7.

```
CREATE SYNONYM dj_tracks FOR d_track_listings;
```

Verify creation:

```
SELECT synonym_name, table_name
```

```
FROM user_synonyms  
  
WHERE synonym_name = 'DJ_TRACKS';
```

8.

```
CREATE INDEX idx_last_name_upper  
ON d_partners (UPPER(last_name));
```

Use the index in a query:

```
SELECT *  
  
FROM d_partners  
  
WHERE UPPER(last_name) = 'SMITH';
```

9.

```
CREATE SYNONYM syn_d_track_listings FOR d_track_listings;
```

Verify creation:

```
SELECT synonym_name, table_name  
  
FROM user_synonyms  
  
WHERE synonym_name = 'SYN_D_TRACK_LISTINGS';
```

10.

```
DROP SYNONYM syn_d_track_listings;
```

Verify deletion:

```
SELECT synonym_name  
  
FROM user_synonyms  
  
WHERE synonym_name = 'SYN_D_TRACK_LISTINGS';
```