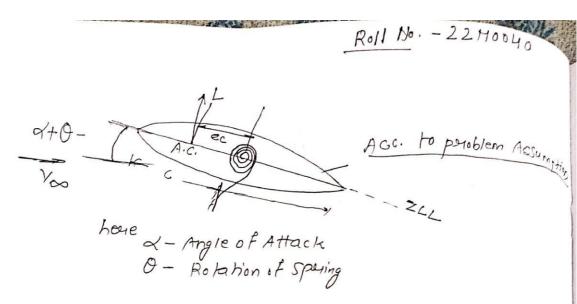


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Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay



Pou Equilibrium

$$M_S - M_a = 0 \cdot - 0$$

Mon-Linearity in both structural & a errodynamic moment  $M_S = k_0, 0 + k_0 + k_0$ 

Gonsider. 
$$V_2 = \frac{K\Theta_2}{K\Theta_1}$$
 &  $V_3 = \frac{K\Theta_3}{K\Theta_1}$   
 $\vdots$   $\beta_2 = \frac{K\Theta_2}{K\Theta_1}$  &  $\beta_3 = \frac{K\Theta_3}{K\Theta_1}$ 

$$\begin{cases}
6 + \sqrt{2}\theta^2 + \sqrt{3}\theta^3
\end{cases} = \frac{k\alpha_1}{k\theta} \left[ (\alpha + \theta) + \beta_2 (\alpha + \theta)^2 + \beta_3 (\alpha + \theta)^3 \right] \\
= \overline{P}_{dyn} \left[ (\alpha + \theta) + \beta_2 (\alpha^2 + \theta^2 + 2\alpha \theta) + \beta_3 (\alpha^3 + \theta^3 + 3\alpha \theta) (\alpha + \theta) \right]_{\theta}^{2} \\
+ \beta_3 \left[ (\alpha^3 + \theta)^3 + 3\alpha \theta (\alpha + \theta) \right]_{\theta}^{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{9+\beta\theta^2+3\theta^3} = \overline{P}_{dyn} \left\{ 2\left(1+\beta_3 + 2+\beta_2 + 2\right) + 9\left(1+2\beta_2 + 2\beta_3 + 2\beta_3$$

$$\frac{\partial \left[ \overline{P}_{ayn} (1 + 2\beta \alpha + 3\beta_{2} + 3\beta_{2}$$

This is general Equation.

pure quadratio non-linearity, 
$$V_3 = \beta_3 = 0$$
.

pure cubic non-linearity,  $V_2 = \beta_2 = 0$ .

# Structural hardening > 12 & 13 >0.

Slability
for distrubance (10), becomes  $\theta = \theta e g + 10$ 

10 highen orden can be neglected, 40, 163 we get final Result

AM = Ko[1+2120cg+3130cg2-12gn-2B2(+6cg) away Positive Payo - 3 Payor B3 (2+000) 2] 40

Gondition

AM >0, Stable System. AM = 0, Heutural System AM LO, unstable System.

80,

[1- Payn + 2 1/2 Ocg + 3 1/3 Ocg - 2 Payn B2 (4+ Ocg)  $-3\overline{P}_{dyn}\beta_3(4+0e_{\phi})^2)=(60e_{\phi}^{ff})^2$ 

coefficient of DO >0 (Stable) ,,, < 0 (unstable)

cases of non-linearity

care A: Stemetwal & Aendynamic both one guatratic.

Care B: Gutio Both one cubic (stouchure & frendy-

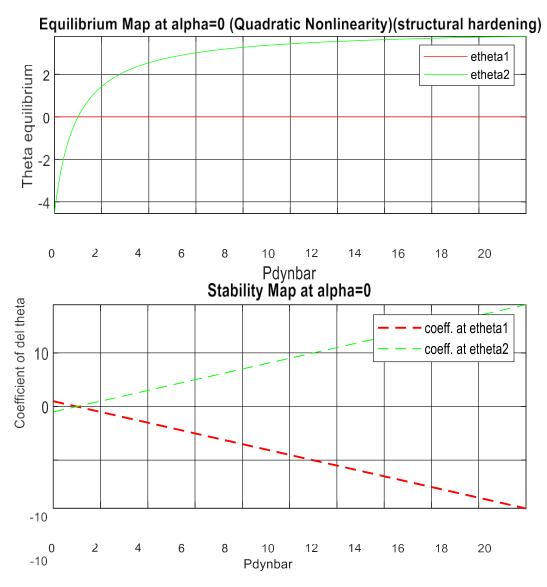
case C: quadratio & cubic (Sterrichial & Acuadynam

#### Case(A): structural and aerodynamic both are in (Quadratic)non-linearity.

There are following cases in Quadratic( $\gamma 3=0$ ,  $\beta 3=0$ )non-linearity:

#### Case(A1):

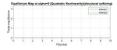
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$
- β2=0.30

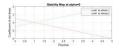


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynbar <1 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynbar >1 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstablefor Pdynbar <1

# Case(A2):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.30$
- β2=0.30



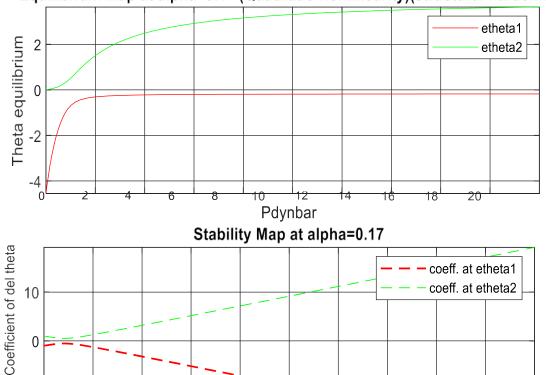


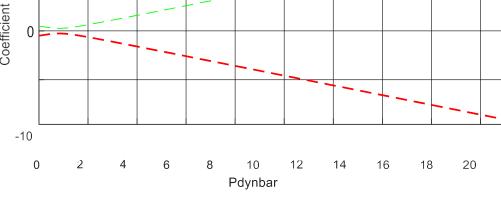
- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynbar <1 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
  - (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynbar >1 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstablefor Pdynbar<1

## Case(A3):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening, γ2=0.30
- β2=0.30

# Equilibrium Map at alpha=0.17 (Quadratic Nonlinearity)(structural hardening)

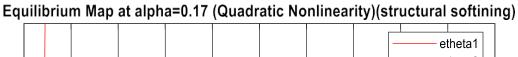


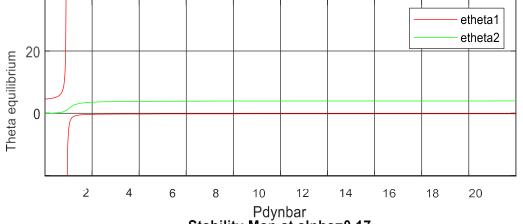


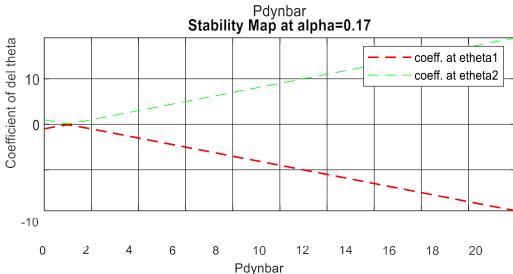
- (Red)etheta1: unstable for all Pdynbar( 0 to infinite)
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for all Pdynbar

## Case(A4):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2$ =-0.30
- $\beta 2 = 0.30$



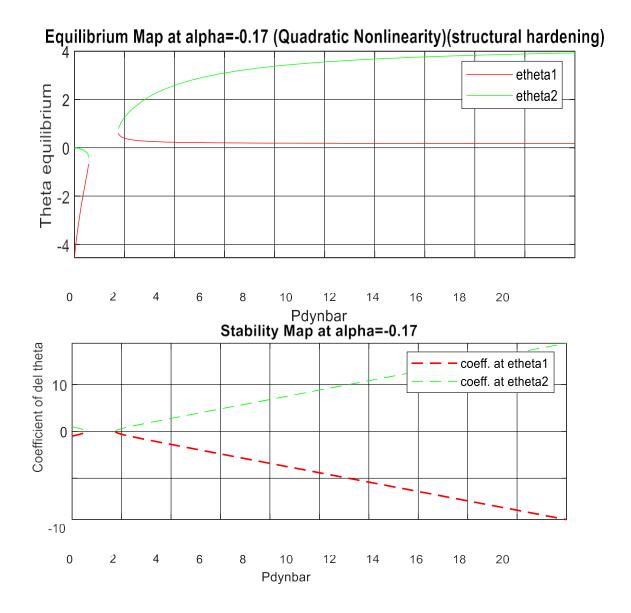




- (Red)etheta1 : unstable for Pdynbar =  $[0\ 1)\ U\ (1\ \infty]\ \&\ neutral$  for Pdynbar=1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynbar =[0 1) U (1  $\infty$ ] & neutral forPdynbar =1

## Case(A5):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$
- β2=0.30

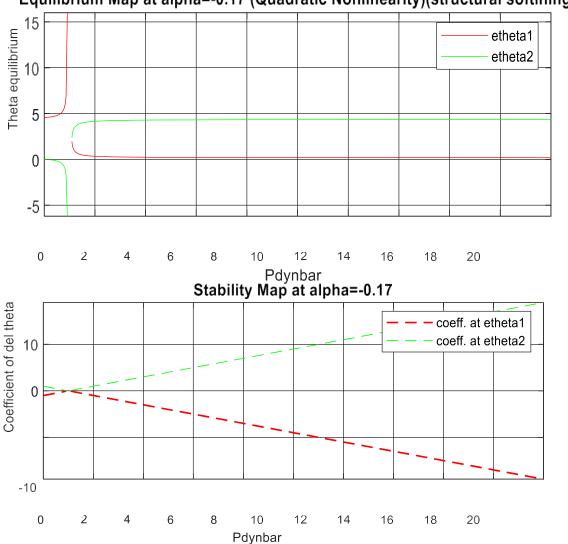


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynbar <0.4 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1.8 ; unstablefor Pdynbar >1.8
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1.8 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1.8;unstable for Pdynbar <0.4

## Case(A6):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.30$
- β2=0.30

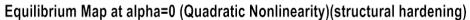
Equilibrium Map at alpha=-0.17 (Quadratic Nonlinearity)(structural softining)

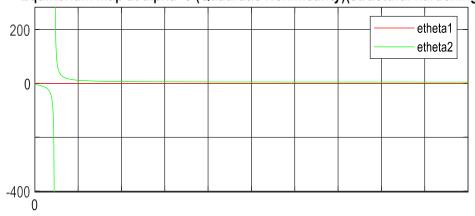


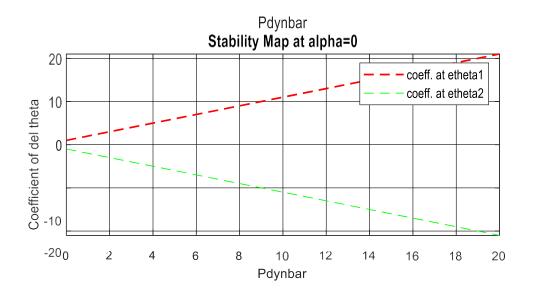
- (Red)etheta1 : unstable for Pdynabr =[0 1) U (1  $\infty$ ] & neutral for Pdynbar =1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr =  $[0\ 1)\ U\ (1\ \infty]\$ & neutral for Pdynabr = 1

## Case(A7):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$
- β2=0.30





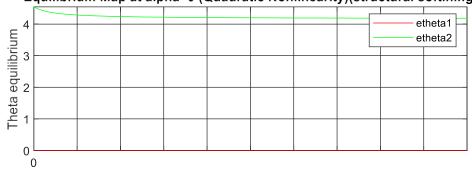


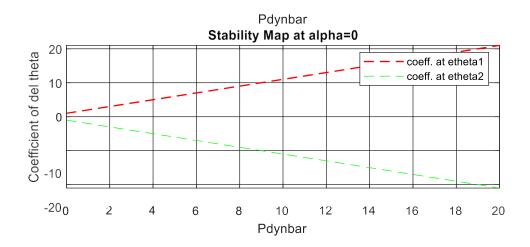
- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2: unstable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \ \infty]$

## Case(A8):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.30$
- $\beta_2=0.30$

**Equilibrium Map at alpha=0 (Quadratic Nonlinearity)(structural softining)** 



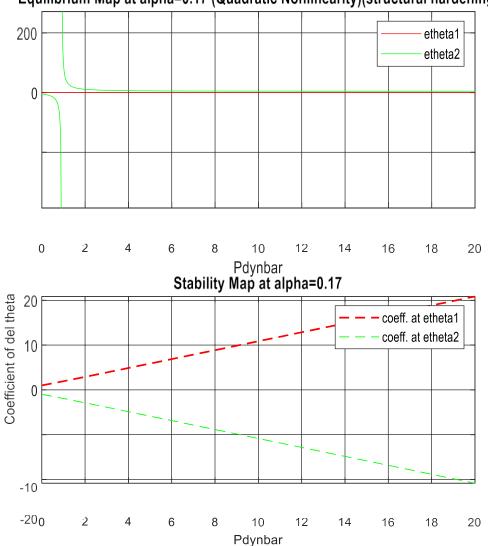


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \infty]$

## Case(A9):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$
- β2=0.30

# Equilibrium Map at alpha=0.17 (Quadratic Nonlinearity)(structural hardening)

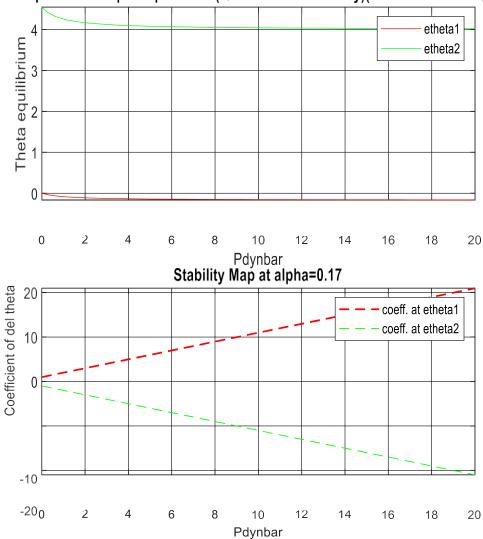


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar = $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \ \infty]$

## Case(A10):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.30$
- β2=0.30



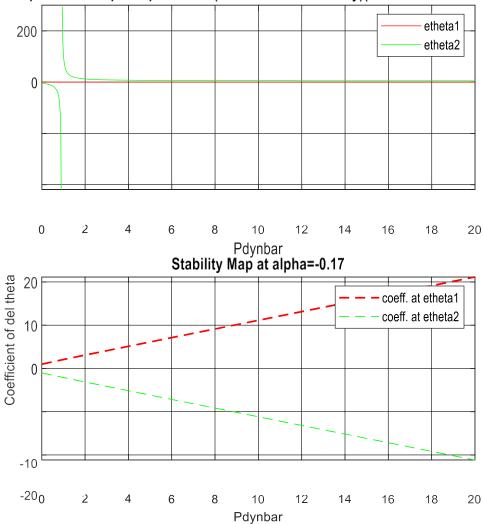


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \ \infty]$

#### Case(A11):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$
- β2=0.30



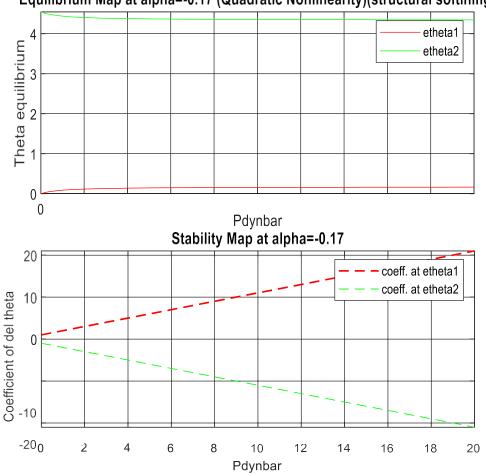


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar = $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar = $[0 \infty]$

## Case(A12):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.30$
- β2=0.30

## Equilibrium Map at alpha=-0.17 (Quadratic Nonlinearity)(structural softining)

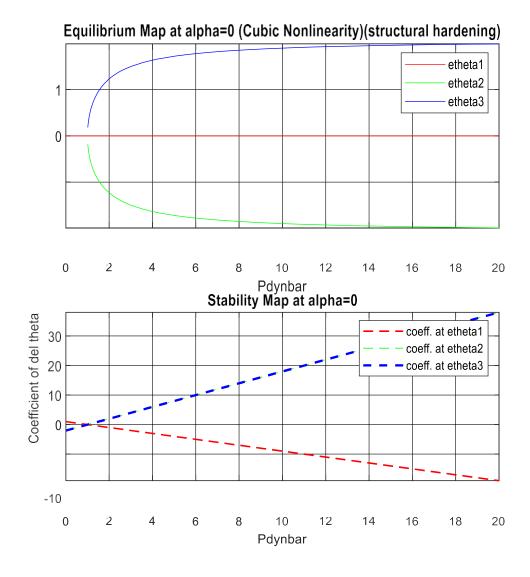


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \infty]$
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar =  $[0 \ \infty]$

Case(B): Both are Cubic (structural and aerodynamic)non-linearity.

There are following cases in Cubic( $\gamma 2=0$ ,  $\beta 2=0$ )non-linearity: Case(B1):

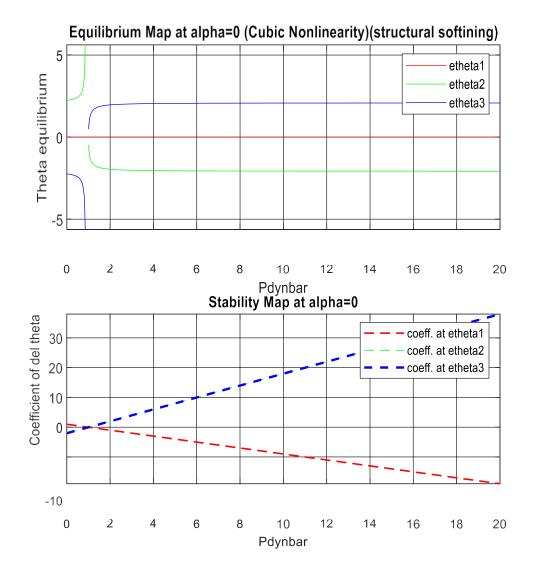
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 3=0.20$
- β3=0.23



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1

#### Case(B2):

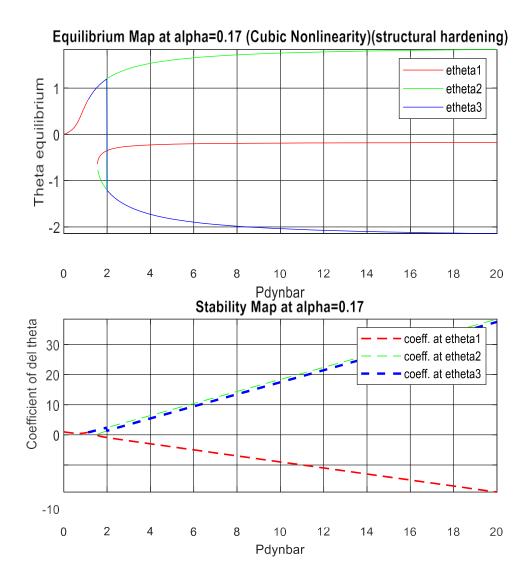
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=-0.21$
- β3=0.22



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable forPdynbar >
  - (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable forPdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1

## Case(B3):

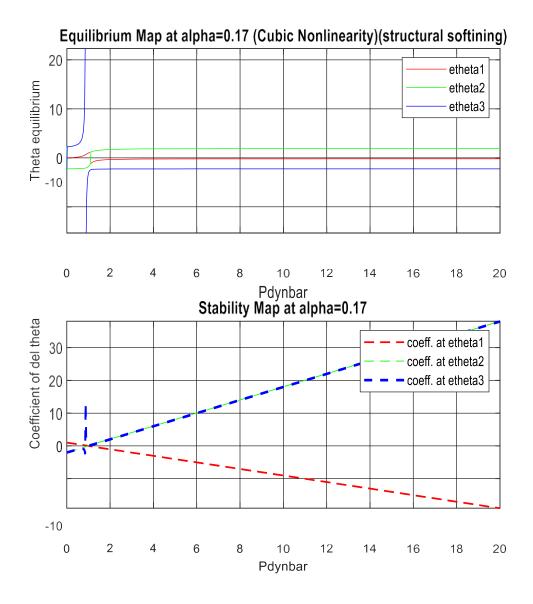
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- β3=0.30



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1.12 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1.5; unstablefor Pdynba>1.5
- (Green)etheta2: stable for Pdynabr >1.5; neutral at Pdynbar=1.5
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1.12

## Case(B4):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=-0.30$
- β3=0.30

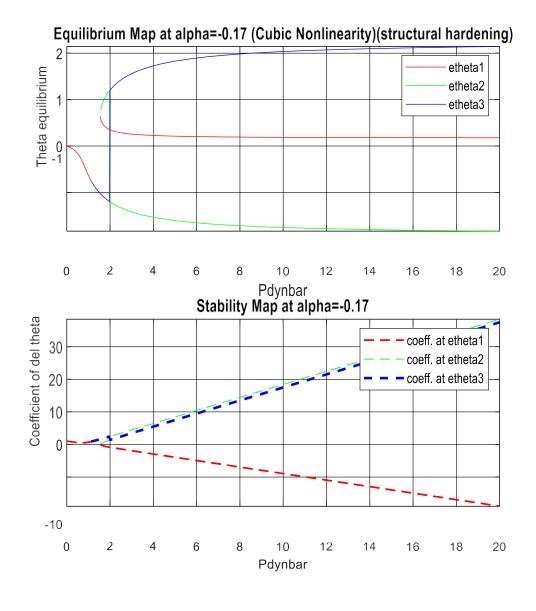


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- $\bullet \quad (Green) etheta 2: stable \ for \ Pdynabr > 1 \ ; neutral \ at \ Pdynbar = 1; \ unstable \ for \ Pdynbar < 1$
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr > 0.84; unstable for Pdynbar < 0.84

## Case(B5):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- $\beta 3=0.30$

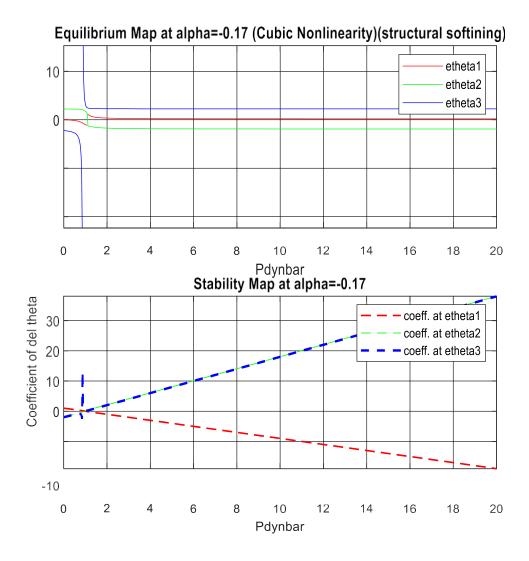
Roots: In this case ,roots is imaginary at some Pdynbar .



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1.12 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1.5; unstablefor Pdynba>1.5
- (Green)etheta2: stable for Pdynabr >1.5; neutral at Pdynbar=1.5
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1.12

#### Case(B6):

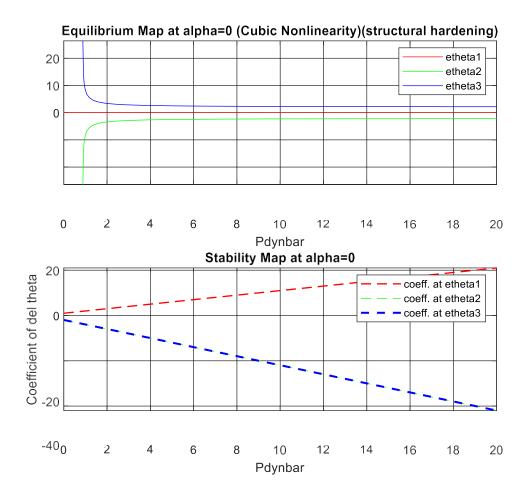
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=-0.30$
- β3=0.30



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >0.84; unstable for Pdynbar <0.84

## Case(B7):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- β3=0.30



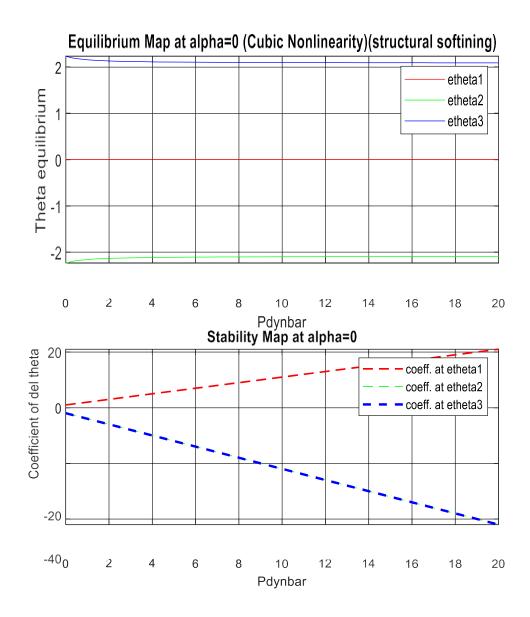
• (Red)etheta1: stable for all Pdynbar

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar

• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for all Pdynabr

## Case(B8):

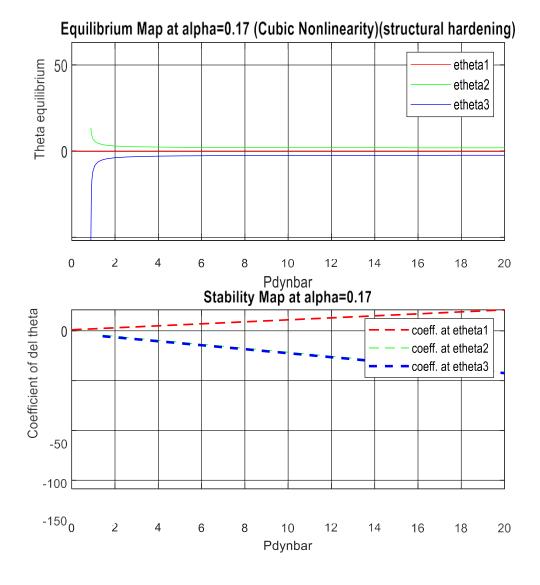
- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=-0.30$
- β3=0.30



- (Red)etheta1: stable for all Pdynbar
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar
  - (Blue)etheta3 : unstable for all Pdynabar

#### Case(B9):

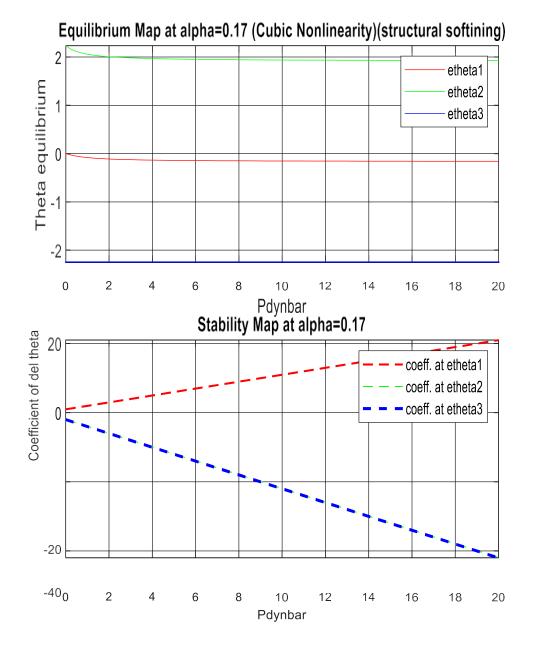
- $\bullet$  (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening, γ3=0.30
- β3=0.30



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar
- (Green)etheta2 : unstable for Pdynbar>1.5
  - (Blue)etheta3 : unstable for for Pdynabr>1.5

## Case(B10):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma$ 3=-0.30
- β3=0.30



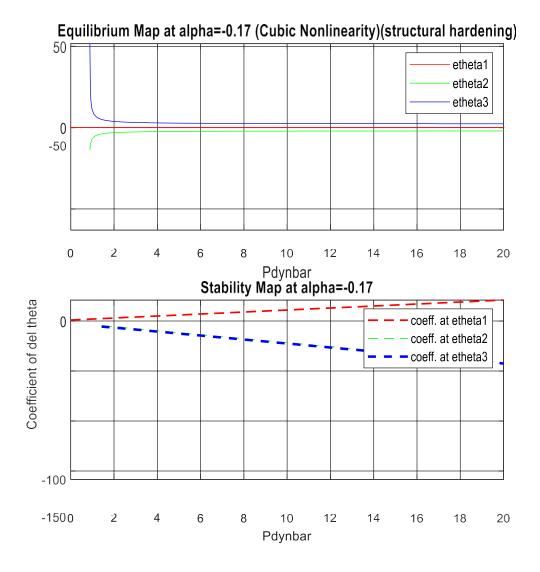
• (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynbar

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar

• (Blue)etheta3 : unstable for all Pdynabr

## Case(B11):

- $\bullet$  (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- β3=0.30



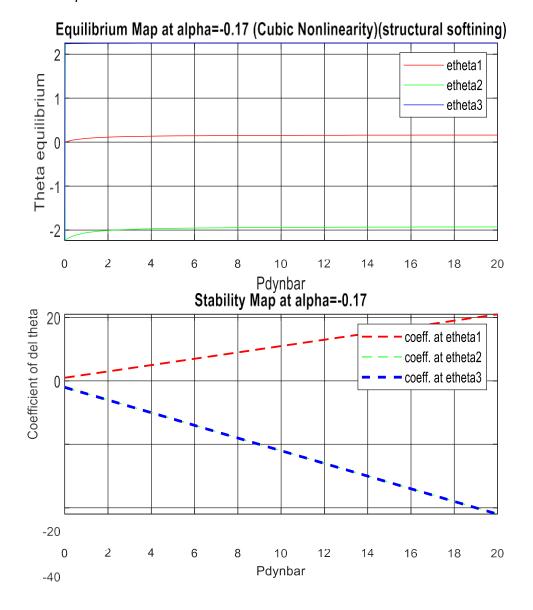
• (Red)etheta1 : Stable for all Pdynbar

• (Green)etheta2: Unstable for Pdynbar >1.5

• (Blue)etheta3 : Unstable for Pdynabr >1.5

## Case(B12):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 3=-0.30$
- β3=0.30



• (Red)etheta1: stable for all Pdynbar

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynbar

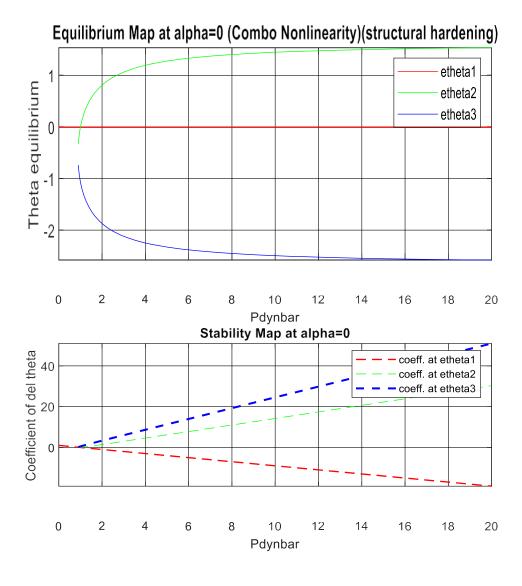
• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for all Pdynabr

#### Case(C): quad. &cubic (in both structural and aerodynamic) non-linearity.

There are following cases in Cubic non-linearity:

## Case(C1):

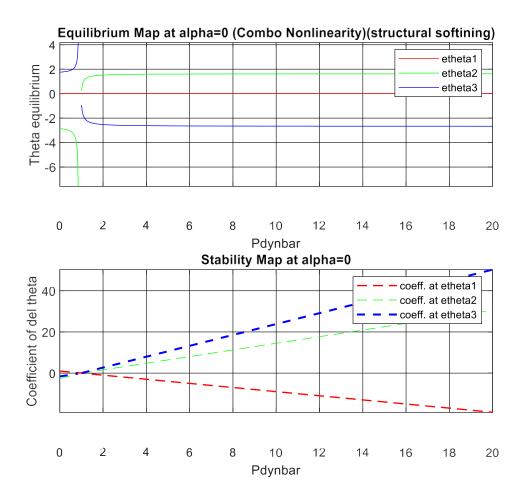
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.30$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.23$



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynbar <1 ; neutral at Pdynbar=1; Unstable for Pdynbar>1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynbar = $(1,\infty)$ ; and neutral at Pdynbar=1
- (Blue)etheta3 : stable for Pdynbar = $(1,\infty)$ ; and neutral at Pdynbar=1

#### Case(C2):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.20$ ,  $\gamma 3=-0.20$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.24$

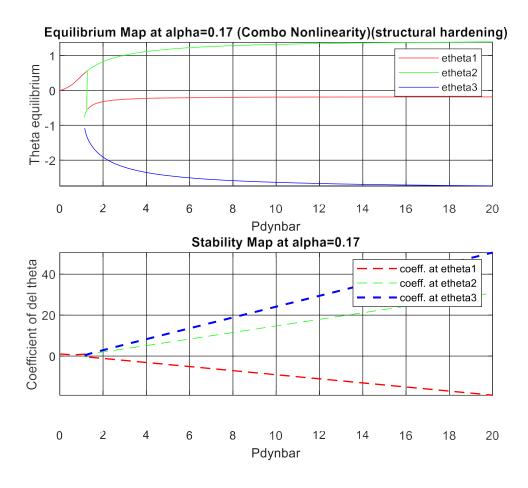


- (Red)etheta1: stable for Pdynabr <1; neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1

## Case(C3):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.20$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.20$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.24$

Roots: In this case ,roots is imaginary at some Pdynbar in the range of Pdynbar .

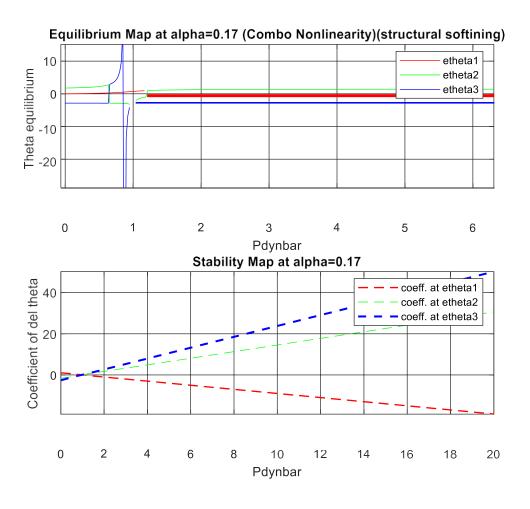


- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <1 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1
- (Blue)etheta3 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1

#### Case(C4):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=-0.21$
- $\beta_2=0.22, \beta_3=0.22$

Roots: In this case ,roots is imaginary at some Pdynbar in the range of Pdynbar

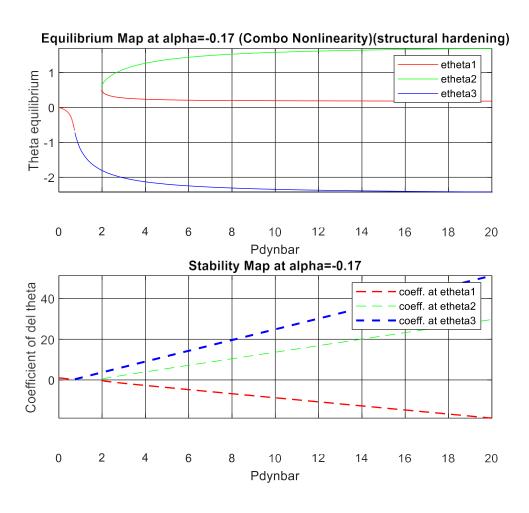


- (Red)etheta1: stable for Pdynabr <1; neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynabr >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1

## Case(C5):

- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.30$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.23$

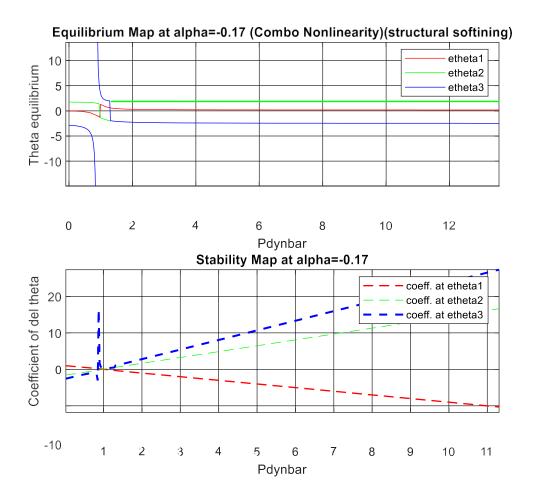
Roots: In this case ,roots is imaginary at some Pdynbar in the range of Pdynbar



- (Red)etheta1 : stable for Pdynabr <0.25 ;neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2: stable for Pdynabr >1; neutral at Pdynbar=1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr >0.75; neutral at Pdynbar=0.75

## Case(C6):

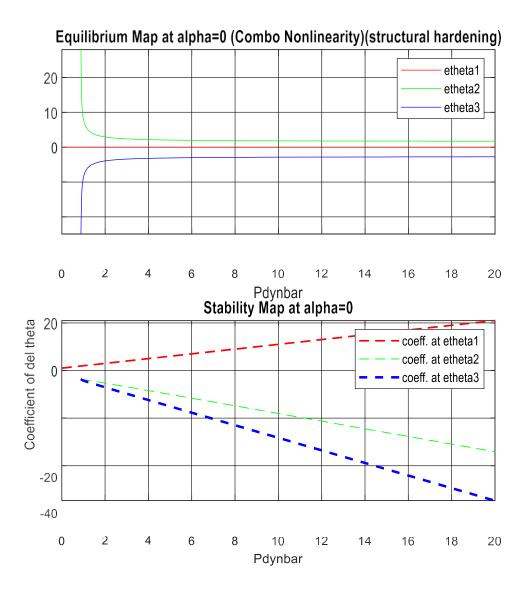
- (e>0) e=0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=-0.22$
- $\beta$ 2=0.24,  $\beta$ 3=0.24



- (Red)etheta1: stable for Pdynabr <1; neutral at Pdynabr=1; unstable for Pdynbar >1
- (Green)etheta2 : stable for Pdynabr >1 ;neutral at Pdynbar=1; unstable for Pdynbar <1
- (Blue)etheta3: stable for Pdynabr > 0.84; unstable for Pdynbar < 0.84

## Case(C7):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.22$
- $\beta 2=0.24, \beta 3=0.24$



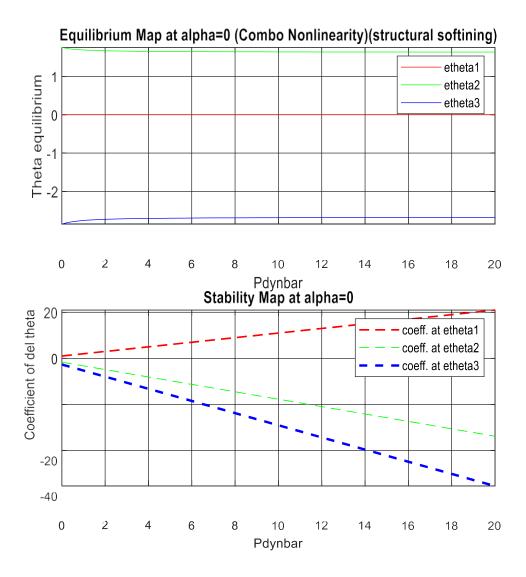
• (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynabr

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for Pdynabr>0.8

• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for Pdynabr>0.8

## Case(C8):

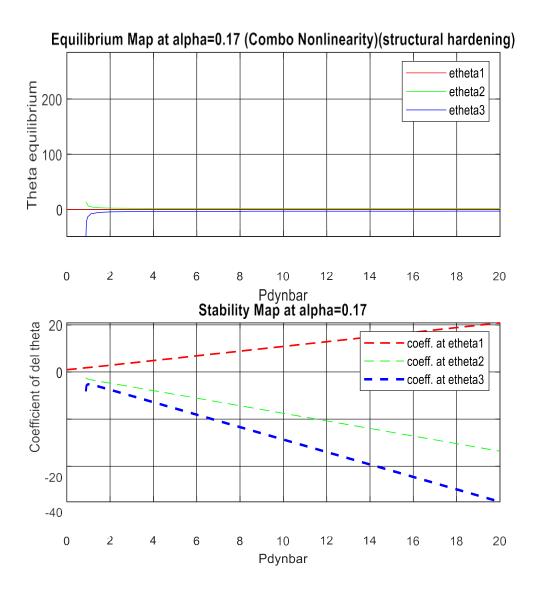
- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.22$ ,  $\gamma 2=-0.22$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.24$



(Red)etheta1: stable for all Pdynabr
(Green)etheta2: unstable for all Pdynabr
(Blue)etheta3: unstable for all Pdynabr

## Case(C9):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.22$
- $\beta 2=0.24, \beta 3=0.24$



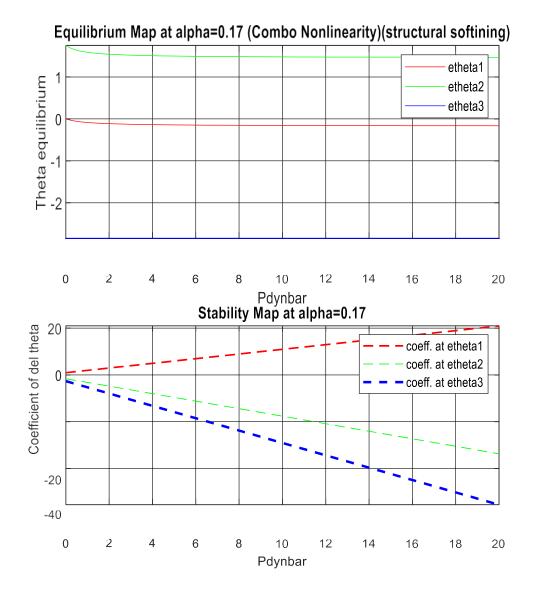
• (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynabr

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for Pdynabr>0.8

• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for Pdynabr>0.8

## Case(C10):

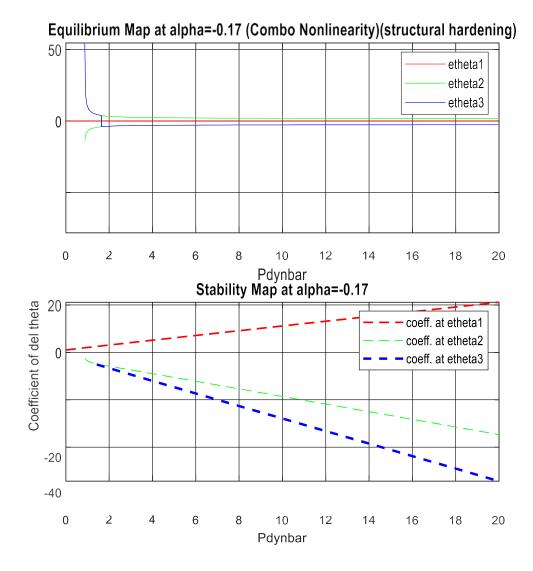
- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = 0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma$ 2=-0.22,  $\gamma$ 3=-0.22
- $\beta 2=0.24, \beta 3=0.24$



(Red)etheta1: stable for all Pdynabr
(Green)etheta2: unstable for all Pdynabr
(Blue)etheta3: unstable for all Pdynabr

## Case(C11):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural hardening,  $\gamma 2=0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=0.22$
- $\beta 2=0.24, \beta 3=0.24$



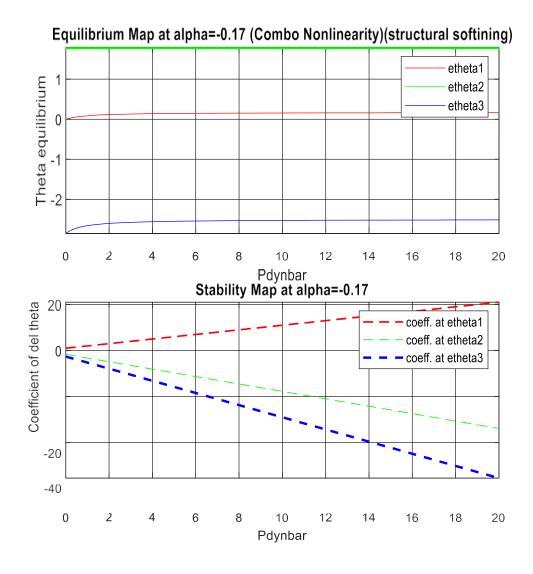
• (Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynabr

• (Green)etheta2 : unstable for Pdynabr>0.8

• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for Pdynabr>1.5

## Case(C12):

- (e<0) e=-0.25
- alpha  $\alpha = -0.17$
- structural softining,  $\gamma 2=-0.22$ ,  $\gamma 3=-0.22$
- $\beta_2=0.24, \beta_3=0.24$



(Red)etheta1 : stable for all Pdynabr(Green)etheta2 : unstable for all Pdynabr

• (Blue)etheta3: unstable for all Pdynabr

#### **MATLAB CODE:-**

```
c1c
format compact
syms theta pdynbar etheta etheta1 etheta2 etheta3
gama2=input('input_value_of_Kt_2=');
beta2=input('input value of Ka 2=');
gama3=input('input value of Kt 3=');
beta3=input('input value of Ka 3=');
a=input('input value of alpha(in degree)='); %alpha:
angle of attack from Zero lift line(alphaZLL)
alpha=a*pi/180;
e=input('input value of e(with sign)=');%distance
between elastic axis and aerodynamic center
if (gama2==0)&&(beta2==0)
    a=' (Cubic Nonlinearity)';
    if gama3>0
        b='(structural hardening)';
    else
        b='(structural softining)';
    end
elseif (gama3==0)&&(beta3==0)
    a=' (Quadratic Nonlinearity)';
    if gama2>0
        b='(structural hardening)';
    else
        b='(structural softining)';
    end
else
    a=' (Combo Nonlinearity)';
    if (gama2>0)&&(gama3>0)
        b='(structural hardening)';
    else
        b='(structural softining)';
    end
```

```
end
%equilibrium equation:
if e>0
eqn=(gama3+pdynbar*beta3)*theta^3+(gama2+pdynbar*(beta
2+3*beta3*alpha))*theta^2+(1-pdynbar*(1-2*beta2*alpha-
3*beta3*alpha^2))*theta-pdynbar*alpha*(1-beta2*alpha-
beta3*alpha^2)==0;
elseif e<0
    eqn=(gama3-pdynbar*beta3)*theta^3+(gama2-
pdynbar*(beta2+3*beta3*alpha))*theta^2+(1+pdynbar*(1-
2*beta2*alpha-
3*beta3*alpha^2))*theta+pdynbar*alpha*(1-beta2*alpha-
beta3*alpha^2)==0;
end
%roots of equilibrium equation:
roots=solve(eqn,theta);
disp('Roots:')
% roots in terms of pdynbar:
etheta1=roots(1) % etheta1 means equilibrium theta1
etheta2=roots(2) % etheta2 means equilibrium theta2
if (gama3~=0)&&(beta3~=0)
    etheta3=roots(3) % etheta3 means equilibrium
theta3
end
%coefficient of del theta=cdt
if e>0
    cdt=1+2*gama2*etheta+3*gama3*etheta^2-pdynbar*(1-
2*beta2*(alpha+etheta)-3*beta3*(alpha+etheta)^2);
elseif e<0
    cdt=1+2*gama2*etheta+3*gama3*etheta^2+pdynbar*(1-
2*beta2*(alpha+etheta)-3*beta3*(alpha+etheta)^2);
end
cdt1=subs(cdt,etheta,etheta1); %cdt1= coefficient of
del theta at etheta1
cdt2=subs(cdt,etheta,etheta2); %cdt2= coefficient of
del theta at etheta2
```

```
if (gama3~=0)&&(beta3~=0)
    cdt3=subs(cdt,etheta,etheta3); %cdt3= coefficient
of del theta at etheta3
end
figure
subplot(2,2,[1 2])
fplot(pdynbar,etheta1,[0,10],'r','DisplayName','etheta
1')
hold on ; grid on
fplot(pdynbar,etheta2,[0,10],'g','DisplayName','etheta
2')
if (gama3~=0)&&(beta3~=0)
fplot(pdynbar,etheta3,[0,10],'b','DisplayName','etheta
3')
end
title(['Equilibrium Map at
alpha=',num2str(alpha),a,b])
xlabel('Pdynbar')
vlabel('Theta equilibrium')
legend
subplot(2,2,[3 4])
fplot(pdynbar,cdt1,[0,5],'r--','DisplayName','coeff.
at etheta1')
hold on; grid on
fplot(pdynbar,cdt2,[0,5],'g--','DisplayName','coeff.
at etheta2')
if (gama3~=0)&&(beta3~=0)
fplot(pdynbar,cdt3,[0,5],'b--','DisplayName','coeff.
at etheta3')
end
title(['Stability Map at alpha=',num2str(alpha)])
xlabel('Pdynbar')
ylabel('Coefficient of del theta')
legend
```