Date: 08/01/2021 Spring Boot 9AM

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ORM : Spring Data JPA

ORM : Object Relational Mapping (Theory)

- => Perform Database Operations (Insert, Update, delete, Select) using Object Format only.
- => SQL Query is generated by ORM Concept.
- => Mapping Rule (Must be followed by Programmer)
- a. one table map with- one class (Entity class/Model class).
- b. one Column map with one variable

ToDo mapping, we can use JPA(Java Persistency API) Anntations.

=> Difference: JDBC, JPA, Hibernate, Spring Data JPA.

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API: Set of classes, interface, enum, annotation.

Thread API: Runnable, Thread...

String API : String, StringBuilder...

Collection API: List, Set,....

Servlets API : Dynamic Web pages
JDBC API : TODO Database Operations

JDBC: API --> Database Operations -> Programmer has to define
 SQLs (Creating table, insert, delete, select...)

Database Operations --- OOPs -- class/objects

- \*) JPA is specification (rules and guidelines) ,
  Hibernate is a implementation of JPA (full code for Operations).
- \*) Hibernate -- code is lengthy -- manul configuration.

  In Data JPA(Spring Data JPA) is reducing your application coding lines.

--Hibernate---Configuation/Service Register
SessionFactory
Session
beginTx
save(obj)
commitTx

close ses

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repo.save(obj);

- Q) What is JDBC, JPA, Hibernate, Spring Data JPA?
- A) JDBC is basic API in Java todo DB operations using SQL Queries.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{JPA}}$  is spcification performing Database operations using ORM concept.

But using only JPA we can not do coding, we must use any one Vendor(JPA impl), ie Hibernate.

Spring Data JPA is a simplified API for Hibernate with JPA. It reduces coding lines by programmer.