

Count Triangles



Problem Statement

You are given a regular N -gon with vertices at $(\cos(2\pi i / N), \sin(2\pi i / N))$, $\forall i \in [0, N-1]$. Some of these vertices are blocked and all others are unblocked. We consider triangles with vertices at the vertices of N -gon and with at least one vertex at unblocked point. Can you find how many *pairs* of such triangles have equal area?

Input Format

The first line of input contains single integer T - number of testcases. $2T$ lines follow.

Each testcase has two lines.

The first line of testcase contains a single integer N - the number of vertices in N -gon. The second line contains string S with length N . If $S[j]$ equals '1' it means that the vertex $(\cos(2\pi j / N), \sin(2\pi j / N))$ is unblocked, and if $S[j]$ equals '0' it means that the vertex $(\cos(2\pi j / N), \sin(2\pi j / N))$ is blocked.

Output Format

For each testcase output single line with an answer.

Constraints

$1 \leq T \leq 100$

$3 \leq N \leq 10^4$

There will be no more than 50 blocked vertices in each of the testcase.

Sample Input

```
1
4
1111
```

Sample Output

```
6
```

Explanation

The testcase given is a square and there are 4 triangles that have the same area. So, the number of pairs are $4C2 = 6$.