

01204211 Discrete Mathematics

Lecture 2c: Terminologies

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- ▶ A **corollary** is a theorem which is a “fairly” direct result of other theorems.
- ▶ A **conjecture** is a statement which we do not know if it is true or false.

Fermat's Last Theorem

Theorem: No three positive integers a , b , and c can satisfy the equation $a^n + b^n = c^n$ when $n > 2$.

This theorem has been conjectured by Pierre de Fermat in 1637. It remained a conjecture until Andrew Wiles proved it in 1994.

Goldbach's conjecture

Conjecture: Every even integer greater than 2 can be expressed as the sum of two primes.

In 1742, Christian Goldbach proposed this conjecture to Leonhard Euler. It remains unsolved.

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5. (The parallel postulate) If two lines are drawn which intersect a third in such a way that the sum of the inner angles on one side is less than two right angles, then the two lines inevitably must intersect each other on that side if extended far enough.

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References: Weisstein, Eric W. "Euclid's Postulates." From MathWorld—A Wolfram Web Resource.

<http://mathworld.wolfram.com/EuclidsPostulates.html>

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There are other geometries where Euclid's 5th postulate is not true; then the triangle postulate may not be true in those cases. Can you imagine one?