

Machine Learning and Deep Learning I Homework 3

Instructor: Joonseok Lee

Deadline: 2023/11/20 Mon, 18:00

- No unapproved extension of deadline is allowed. Late submission will result in 0 credit.
- Optimize your code as much as you can. We do not guarantee to run unreasonably inefficient codes for grading. Remember, vectorization is important for efficient computation!
- You will be given skeleton files for doing your assignment. Detailed instructions are given in the comments below each method to complete. Please read them carefully before jumping into implementation!
- Most of experiment/visualization sections are already given to you. Just plot the results, and use them to verify your implementation unless other instructions are provided.
- Each assignment is built and tested under Google Colaboratory. If you work on a local machine, you need to handle version issue on your own.
- Explicitly mention your collaborators or reference (*e.g.*, website) if any. If we detect a copied code without reference, it will be treated as a serious violation of student code of conduct.

1 k -Nearest Neighbor Classifier [20 pts]

Follow the instructions below to complete `hw3_knn.ipynb` provided on the ETL.

In this exercise, we are going to implement k -nearest neighbor classifier directly working with pixel values.

(You may suffer from the lack of memory space if you use the entire MNIST dataset for training and inference. To ease this problem, the provided code randomly selects 1000 training and 200 test examples by default. Please feel free to adjust these numbers depending on your computing environment.)

- (a) Implement `compute_distance(self, X_test, dist_metric)`. [5 pts]
`compute_distance` should return the distance between each test example in `X_test` and the training data for `k` nearest neighbor classifier based on three metrics: Euclidean(L2) distance, dot-product similarity, and Cosine similarity.
For this question, do NOT use PyTorch, TensorFlow, or other neural network packages.
- (b) Implement `predict_labels(self, X_test, dists, k)`. [5 pts]
For this question, do NOT use PyTorch, TensorFlow, or other neural network packages.
- (c) Implement Dataset and DataLoader. Visualize a sample of the test data [5 pts]
Implement `set_data(self)`, and `load_data(self, train_data, test_data)`, and `print_example(self, test_loader)`.
Please use pytorch and torchvision library when implementing the Dataset and DataLoader. You cannot use mnist data and py files in HW3.zip for this question.
- (d) Experiment with multiple values of `k` and briefly report what you observe, including results based on different metrics. [5 pts]

2 Two-Layer Neural Network [30 pts]

Follow the instructions below to complete `hw3_2nn.ipynb` provided on the ETL.

In this question, we are going to implement a simple two-layer fully-connected neural network to classify the MNIST dataset. Specifically, the network we will build is given by

$$\hat{\mathbf{Y}} = \text{softmax}(\text{ELU}(\mathbf{X} \cdot \mathbf{W}_1 + \mathbf{b}_1) \cdot \mathbf{W}_2 + \mathbf{b}_2),$$

where $\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D}$ is the input matrix containing N images with D pixels, $\mathbf{Y} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times C}$ is one-hot encoded ground truth with C classes.

For this assignment, do NOT use PyTorch, TensorFlow, or other neural network packages. This will be the only opportunity for you to learn what happens behind the scene of the forward pass and backpropagation.

- (a) Implement `elu(z)` and `softmax(X)`, and the derivative of ELU activation function, `deriv_elu(z)`. [5 pts]
- (b) Implement `initialize_parameters(self, input_dim, num_hiddens, num_classes)`. [5 pts]
- (c) Implement `forward(self, X)`. [5 pts]
- (d) Implement `backward(self, X, Y, ff_dict)`. `ff_dict` is the output from the forward step. [10 pts]
- (e) Set aside some training examples as validation set, and tune hyperparameters (*e.g.*, learning rate, hidden dimensions, number of epochs, batch size) to optimize the validation accuracy. Report the best combination of hyperparameters you found along with your final test accuracy. [5 pts]

3 Convolutional Neural Network [50 pts]

In this exercise, we are going to implement 2-D convolution function from scratch. We will then implement a customized PyTorch dataset to process and augment CIFAR-10 dataset. Armed with data augmentation, we are going to implement and train a ConvNet to classify CIFAR-10 images. You have to work on the skeleton code `hw3_cnn.py` provided on the ETL.

- (a) Follow the instructions and complete a convolution function.
Use 4 nested for-loops to define `convolution_naive(image, filter, stride=1, padding=0)`, and less than or equal to 2 nested for-loops to define `convolution_vectorized(image, filter, stride=1, padding=0)`. For the function, `convolution_vectorized()`, you need to apply vectorization for efficient computation. If more than 2 nested for-loops are used, you will lose 5 points. For this question, do NOT use PyTorch built-in convolution functions, TensorFlow, or other neural network packages. [15 pts]
- (b) Complete the function `horizontal_flip(image)` without using TorchVision or OpenCV library. [10 pts]
- (c) Implement `transform(self, image)` method that applies probabilistic data augmentation to the given image. [5 pts]
- (d) Implement `collate_fn(self, data)` method. [5 pts]
- (e) Define your own ConvNet model and perform architectural search. You may try different combinations of training options (optimizers, hyperparameters) and model architectures. Upon successful training, the Test Accuracy and F1_Score should be above **70%**. [10 pts]
- (f) Two metrics are used to evaluate CNN models. **Accuracy**, and **F1_Score**. Explain the difference of the two metrics. Additionally, discuss in what situations it is advantageous to use the **F1_Score**. [5 pts]

What to Submit

Please upload a single zip file named with your student ID (e.g., 2023-20000.zip) on eTL, containing

- Your complete `hw3_knn.ipynb`, `hw3_2nn.ipynb`, and `hw3_cnn.ipynb` files
- Please erase any unnecessary print codes or comments that you have wrote before submission.