

Lab #2: IO Lab

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Important Dates

- 19 Mar. - Lab Hand-out Session (Today!)
- 26 Mar. - Live Q&A Session (1)
- 2 Apr. - Live Q&A Session (2)
- 3 Apr. 23:59 - Submission Deadline

- Questions about the lab will be conducted through github issue. Feel free to post questions (except your code!)
- Live Q&A Session is totally optional

Before the Presentation::

- All content on this slide is sourced from README file.
- For detailed information, please refer to REAME.
 - https://github.com/SNU-ARC/2024_spring_sysprog_Lab2/blob/main/README.md

Goal of this Lab(1/2)

- We implement a tool that lists all files in a directory and all its subdirectories.

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type

demo				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
sparsefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplistic...	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rwxrwx	l
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rwxrwx	l
subdir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
pipe	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	f
socket	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rwxr-x	s
one	sysprog:sysprog	1	rw-rw-r--	
two	sysprog:sysprog	2	rw-rw-r--	

4 files, 3 directories, 2 links, 1 pipe, and 1 socket		21497		

Goal of this Lab(2/2)

- **You will learn**

- how to iterate through all files in a directory
- how to retrieve the metadata of a file
- how to print nicely formatted output
- that error handling requires a significant effort
- that string handling is not one of C's strengths
- and a bunch of other useful programming tricks and C library functions

Environment setup(1/3)

- You can get skeleton code and test bench from git repo
 - `git clone https://github.com/SNU-ARC/2024_spring_sysprog_Lab2.git`


Environment setup(2/3)<Optional>

- If you want to keep your own repository, you should keep the lab's visibility to private. Otherwise, others would see your work.
 - **Changing visibility**
 - After cloning the repository, you should change the push remote URL to your own repository.
1. Create an empty repository that you're going to manage (again, keep it private)
 2. Copy the url of that repository
 3. On your terminal in the cloned directory, type
`git remote set-url --push origin <repo_url>`
 4. Check with `git remote -v` if the push URL has changed to yours while the fetch URL remains the same (this repo)

Environment setup(3/3)

- The handout contains the following files and directories.

File/Directory	Description
README.md	this file
Makefile	Makefile driver program
src/dirtree.c	Skeleton for dirtree.c. Implement your solution by editing this file.
reference/	Reference implementation
tools/	Tools to generate directory trees for testing



File/Directory	Description
gentree.sh	Driver script to generate a test directory tree.
mksock	Helper script to generate a Unix socket.
*.tree	Script files describing the directory tree layout.

Overview

- Our tool is called *dirtree*.
- Dirtree recursively traverses a directory tree and prints out a **sorted** list of all files.

```
$ dirtree demo
demo
  subdir1
    sparsefile
    thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplicisticfile
  subdir2
    brokenlink
    symboliclink
  subdir3
    pipe
    socket
  one
  two
```

Overview

- *Dirtree can also show details..*

```
$ dirtree -v demo
```

```
demo
```

```
  subdir1
```

```
    sparsefile
```

```
    thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplistic...
```

```
  subdir2
```

```
    brokenlink
```

```
    symboliclink
```

```
  subdir3
```

```
    pipe
```

```
    socket
```

```
  one
```

```
  two
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
4096 rwxrwxr-x d
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
8192 rw-rw-r--
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
1000 rw-rw-r--
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
4096 rwxrwxr-x d
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
8 rwxrwxrwx l
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
6 rwxrwxrwx l
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
4096 rwxrwxr-x d
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
0 rw-rw-r-- f
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
0 rwxrwxr-x s
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
1 rw-rw-r--
```

```
sysprog:sysprog
```

```
2 rw-rw-r--
```

Overview

- *Dirtree can also show details or a summary of a directory*

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type

demo				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r-x	d
sparsefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplicistic...	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r-x	d
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rw-rwx	l
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rw-rwx	l
subdir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r-x	d
pipe	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	f
socket	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r-x	s
one	sysprog:sysprog	1	rw-rw-r--	
two	sysprog:sysprog	2	rw-rw-r--	

4 files, 3 directories, 2 links, 1 pipe, and 1 socket		21497		

Overview

- *Dirtree can also show only directories*

```
$ dirtree -d -v -s demo
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type

demo				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rwxrwxr-x	d
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rwxrwxr-x	d
subdir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rwxrwxr-x	d

3 directories				

Overview

- *Dirtree can generate aggregate totals over several directories*

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo/subdir1 demo/subdir2
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
demo/subdir1				
densefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplisticfile	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
2 files, 0 directories, 0 links, 0 pipes, and 0 sockets		9192		

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
demo/subdir2				
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rw-rwx	1
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rw-rwx	1
0 files, 0 directories, 2 links, 0 pipes, and 0 sockets		14		


```
Analyzed 2 directories:
total # of files:          2
total # of directories:   0
total # of links:         2
total # of pipes:         0
total # of sockets:       0
total file size:          9206
```

Dirtree Specification(1/13)

- **Command line arguments**

- *Dirtree* accepts the following command line arguments

```
dirtree [Options] [Directories]
```



> Options

Option	Description
-h	Help screen
-d	Turn on directory only mode
-v	Turn on detailed mode
-s	Turn on summary mode

> Directories

- A list of directories that are to be traversed.
- *Dirtree* accepts up to **64** directories.
- If no directory is given, then the current directory is traversed.

Dirtree Specification(2/13)

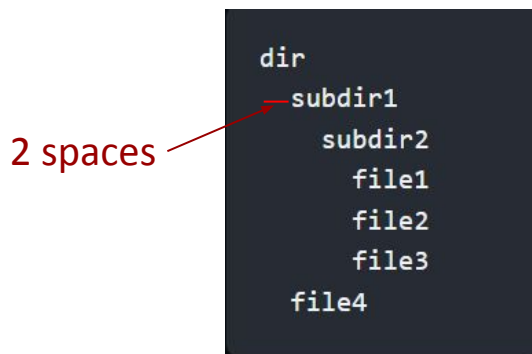
- **Operation**

- *Dirtree* traverses each directory in the list [*Directories*] recursively.
- In each directory, it enumerates all directory entries and prints them in alphabetical order.
 - Directories are listed before files.
 - The special entries '.' and '..' are ignored.
- A summary is printed after each directory.
 - If several directories are traversed, an aggregate total is printed at the end.

Dirtree Specification(3/13)

- **Output**

- As *dirtree* traverses the directory tree, it prints the names of the sorted entities in a directory.
- The names **are indented** according to the level of the subdirectory.
- For each additional level, the names are printed after **two spaces** to allow for easy visual identification of the directory structure.



A diagram illustrating the output of the *dirtree* command. It shows a directory listing where subdirectories are indented by two spaces relative to the parent directory. A red arrow points from the text "2 spaces" to the indentation of "subdir1".

```
dir
  subdir1
    subdir2
      file1
      file2
      file3
    file4
```

Dirtree Specification(4/13)

• Detailed mode

- In detailed mode, dirtree prints out the following additional details for each entry:

■ User and group

- Each file in Unix belongs to a user and a group.
- Detailed mode prints the names of the user and the group separated by a colon (:).

■ Size

- The size of the file in bytes.

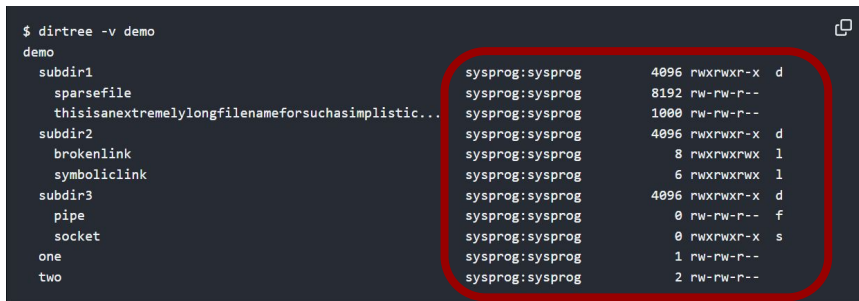
■ Permissions

- The read/write/execute permissions for user owner, for group owner, and for others.

■ File type

- Indicates the type of file by a single character

```
$ dirtree -v demo
demo
subdir1
sparsefile
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimptic...
subdir2
brokenlink
symboliclink
subdir3
pipe
socket
one
two
```



```

sysprog:sysprog      4096 rwxrwxr-x d
sysprog:sysprog      8192 rw-rw-r--
sysprog:sysprog      1000 rw-rw-r--
sysprog:sysprog      4096 rwxrwxr-x d
sysprog:sysprog       8 rwxrwxrwx 1
sysprog:sysprog       6 rwxrwxrwx 1
sysprog:sysprog      4096 rwxrwxr-x d
sysprog:sysprog       0 rw-rw-r-- f
sysprog:sysprog       0 rwxrwxr-x s
sysprog:sysprog       1 rw-rw-r--
sysprog:sysprog       2 rw-rw-r--

```

Type	Character
File	(empty)
Directory	d
Link	l
Character device	c
Block device	b
Fifo	f
Socket	s

Dirtree Specification(5/13)

- **Directory mode**

- In summary mode, directory typed entries are printed only.

```
$ dirtree -d test1
test1
  a
  b
  c
  d
  e
  dir1
  dir2
  dir3
```



Dirtree Specification(6/13)

• Summary mode

- In summary mode, dirtree prints **a header and footer** around each directory and a one-liner containing **statistics** about the directory.
 - The number of files, directories, links, pipes and socket.
 - Total file size
- If there are more than one directories provided on the command line, **an aggregate total** of all listed directories is shown.

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
demo				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
sparsefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplistic...	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rwxrwx	l
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rwxrwx	l
subdir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
pipe	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	f
socket	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rwxr-x	s
one	sysprog:sysprog	1	rw-rw-r--	
two	sysprog:sysprog	2	rw-rw-r--	
4 files, 3 directories, 2 links, 1 pipe, and 1 socket		21497		

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo/subdir1 demo/subdir2
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
demo/subdir1				
sparsefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplisticfile	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
2 files, 0 directories, 0 links, 0 pipes, and 0 sockets		9192		
demo/subdir2				
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rwxrwx	l
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rwxrwx	l
0 files, 0 directories, 2 links, 0 pipes, and 0 sockets		14		
Analyzed 2 directories:				
total # of files:	2			
total # of directories:	0			
total # of links:	2			
total # of pipes:	0			
total # of sockets:	0			
total file size:	9206			

Dirtree Specification(7/13)

- Summary mode

- If directory mode is also enabled, dirtree **only counts the number of directories**. Any other statistics including size will not be printed in the summary line.

```
$ dirtree -d -v -s test1
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
test1				
a	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
b	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
c	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
d	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
e	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
dir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
dir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d
dir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rw-r--	d

8 directories				

Dirtree Specification(8/13)

- **Output formatting**

- The output prints all elements with the correct indentation.

```

      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
1.....0.....0.....0.....0.....0.....0.....0.....0.....0

Name                                     User:Group      Size  Perms Type
-----
<path and name                          > < user>:<group > <  size> < perms> t
<path and name                          > < user>:<group > <  size> < perms> t
...
-----
<summary                               > < total size>

```

Output element	Width	Alignment	Action on overflow
Path and name	54	left	cut and end with three dots
User name	8	right	ignore
Group name	8	left	ignore
File size	10	right	ignore
Permission	9	right	ignore
Type	1		
Summary line	68	left	limit to 68 characters
Total size	14	right	ignore

Dirtree Specification(9/13)

- **Output formatting**

- The output in simple mode prints all elements with **the correct indentation**.
- In detailed mode, the output is nicely formatted and filenames that are too long are **cut** and end with **three dots (...)**.
- Unless explicitly specified, you can decide for yourself whether and how you are formatting exceptional cases (error messages, etc.)

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo2
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type
demo2				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rwXrwxr-x	d
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rwXrwxr-x	d
fifo	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	f
link	sysprog:sysprog	11	rwXrwxrwx	l
socket	sysprog:sysprog	0	rwXrwxr-x	s
unreasonablyextremelylongfilenameethatdoesntfi...	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	
file:	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	

```
-----  
2 files, 2 directories, 1 link, 1 pipe, and 1 socket  
8203
```

Dirtree Specification(10/13)

- **Output formatting**

- The output in simple mode prints all elements with **the correct indentation**.
- In detailed mode, the output is nicely formatted and filenames that are too long are **cut** and end with **three dots (...)**.
- Unless explicitly specified, you can decide for yourself whether and how you are formatting exceptional cases (error messages, etc.)
- *Dirtree* takes great care to output **grammatically correct** English.
 - Zero or ≥ 2 elements are output in plural form, while for exactly one element the singular form is used. Compare the two summary lines:

```
0 files, 2 directories, 1 link, 1 pipe, and 1 socket
```

```
1 file, 1 directory, 2 links, 0 pipes, and 5 sockets
```



Dirtree Specification(11/13)

- **Error handling**

- Errors that occur when processing a directory are reported in place of the entries of that directory:

```
$ dirtree -v /etc/cups
/etc/cups
...
interfaces                root:lp                4096 rwxr-xr-
ppd                        root:lp                4096 rwxr-xr-
  .keep_net-print_cups-0   root:root              0   rw-r--r-
ssl                        root:lp                4096 rwx-----
ERROR: Permission denied
client.conf                root:root              31  rw-r--r-
...
```

Dirtree Specification(12/13)

- Error handling

- Errors that occur when processing a directory are reported in place of the entries of that directory
- If an error occurs when retrieving the metadata of a file, the error message is printed in place of the file's meta data:

```
$ dirtree -v -s demo3
Name                                     User:Group      Size    Perm
-----
demo3
  dir1                                  sysprog:sysprog 4096 --x-----
    ERROR: Permission denied
  dir2                                  sysprog:sysprog 4096 r-----
    file1                               Permission denied
    file2                               Permission denied
    file3                               Permission denied
  dir3                                  sysprog:sysprog 4096 rwx-----
    file4                               sysprog:sysprog 0  -----x--
    file5                               sysprog:sysprog 0  ----w---
    file6                               sysprog:sysprog 0  ---r---
-----
6 files, 3 directories, 0 links, 0 pipes, and 0 sockets      12288
```

Dirtree Specification(13/13)

- **Error handling**

- Errors that occur when processing a directory (permission errors) are reported in place of the entries of that directory
- If an error occurs when retrieving the metadata of a file, the error message is printed **in place of the file's meta data**
- For any other errors, **you can choose what to do.** The reference implementation aborts on most errors

```
$ dirtree -s -v demo
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type

demo				
subdir1	arcuser:users	4096	rw-rw-r-x	d
sparsefile	arcuser:users	8192	rw-rw-r--	
Out of memory.				

Code & Test(1/4)

- **The skeleton provides data structures**
 - to manage the statistics of a directory,
 - a function to read the next entry from a directory while ignoring the '.' and '..' entries,
 - a comparator function to sort the entries of a directory using quicksort,
 - and full argument parsing and syntax helpers.
- **You have to implement the following two parts:**
 - in `main()`
 - Iterate through the list of directories stored in `directories`.
 - For each directory, call `processDir()` with the appropriate parameters.
 - in `processDir()`
 - Open, enumerate, sort, and close the directory. Print elements one by one. Update statistics.
 - If the element is a directory, call `processDir()` recursively.

Code & Test(2/4)

- C library calls

- To help you get started, we provide a list of C library calls / system calls grouped by topic that you may find helpful to solve this lab.

Topic	C library call	Description
String operations	<code>strcmp()</code>	compare two strings
	<code>strncpy()</code>	copy up to n characters of one string into another
	<code>strdup()</code>	create a copy of a string. Use <code>free()</code> to free it after use
	<code>asprintf()</code>	<code>asprintf()</code> is extremely helpful to print into a string and allocate memory for it at the same time. We will show some examples during the lab session.
Directory management	<code>opendir()</code>	open a directory to enumerate its entries
	<code>closedir()</code>	close an open directory
	<code>readdir()</code>	read next entry from directory
File meta data	<code>stat()</code>	retrieve meta data of a file, follow links
	<code>lstat()</code>	retrieve meta data of a file, do not follow links
User/group information	<code>getpuid()</code>	retrieve user information (including their name) for a given user ID
	<code>getgid()</code>	retrieve group information (including its name) for a given group ID
Sorting	<code>qsort()</code>	quick-sort an array
Error Handling	<code>strerror()</code>	Get string pointer for given error code. Refer errno man page for detailed error code description.

Code & Test(3/4)

- The tools directory contains tools to generate test directory trees to test your solution. Invoke *gentree.sh* with a script file to generate one of the provided test directory trees.

File/Directory	Description
gentree.sh	Driver script to generate a test directory tree.
mksock	Helper script to generate a Unix socket.
*.tree	Script files describing the directory tree layout.

> Assuming you are located in the root directory of your I/O lab repository, use the following command to generate the demo directory tree

```
$ ls
dirtree.c  Makefile  README.md  reference  tools
$ tools/gentree.sh tools/demo.tree
Generating tree from 'tools/demo.tree'...
Done. Generated 4 files, 2 links, 1 fifos, and 1 sockets. 0 errors reported.
```



Code & Test(4/4)

- The tools directory contains tools to generate test directory trees to test your solution.

```
$ reference/dirtree -v -s demo/
```

Name	User:Group	Size	Perms	Type

demo/				
subdir1	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
sparsefile	sysprog:sysprog	8192	rw-rw-r--	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplistic...	sysprog:sysprog	1000	rw-rw-r--	
subdir2	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
brokenlink	sysprog:sysprog	8	rw-rwxrwx	l
symboliclink	sysprog:sysprog	6	rw-rwxrwx	l
subdir3	sysprog:sysprog	4096	rw-rwxr-x	d
pipe	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rw-r--	f
socket	sysprog:sysprog	0	rw-rwxr-x	s
one	sysprog:sysprog	1	rw-rw-r--	
two	sysprog:sysprog	2	rw-rw-r--	

4 files, 3 directories, 2 links, 1 pipe, and 1 socket		21497		

Grading Policy

- **Test bench : 80 %**
 - There will be hidden test cases than given example trees
- **Report : 20 %**
 - Explain C library call that you used in your code
 - Briefly explain your code including following information
 - How to iterate through all files in a directory
 - how to retrieve the metadata of a file
 - how to print nicely formatted output
- **For late submission:**
 - A deduction of 20% p per 24 hours

Submission(via eTL)

- **Write-up**
 - Briefly describe your implementation.
 - Filename: [student_id].pdf (example: 2024-12345.pdf)
 - **Please** submit it in **pdf** format. Other formats are not accepted.
- **Compress your source code and write-up into a single file**
 - Compress **dirtree.c** and your report
 - Filename should be [student_id].tar (example: 2024-12345.tar).
 - **Please** submit it in **tar** format. Other formats are not accepted.
 - [Refer README.md for submission instructions.](#)
- **Submission deadline: by 23:59 on April 3, 2024**

Questions?