Lecture No. 12 OOP-C 04-11-2020

## Content:

- Copy Constructor
- Arrays and Dynamic allocation of Class objects
- Operator Overloading
- 1) Copy Constructor

```
////// Player class with this Copy Constructor implementation ...........//////
using namespace std;
class player
{
                      ///
      int Id;
      int *Scores;
                       ///
                         /// -----> Non Static non constant Data
      float Average;
      int size;
                       ////
      const char Gender; // ---> constant data member
      static int count; // ----> Static Data member of class
public:
      player();//Default Constructor
      player(int, int, char, float = 0);//Parameterized Constructor
      ////Copy constructor
      player(player&);
      ~player(); //Destructor
           // ...... Utility Functions .......
      player &print(void);
      player &calAverage(void);
      //..... Setter or Mutator Functions ......
      void setId(int i);
      void setscore(void);
      // ..... Accessor or Getter functions ......
      int getID(void) const;
      float getAvg(void) const;
      //.... Static Member Functions ......
      static void printcount(void);
```

```
//.....Decleration of Friend Functions.....
       friend void Printall(player &);
};
int player::count = 0;
player::player():Gender('M') //Default Constructor + initializer for constant data
       cout << "\nIn Default Parameter less Constructor\n";</pre>
       count++;
}
////....Initializer List with Parameterized Constructor
player::player(int i, int s, char g, float avg) : Gender(g) //initializer for constant
data
{
       Id = i;
       size = s;
       cout << "\nIn Parameterized Constructor\n";</pre>
       size = s;
       Scores = new int[size];
       cout << "\nEnter " << size << " Values for scores";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
              cout << "\nEnter " << i + 1 << " Value : ";</pre>
              cin >> Scores[i];
       }
       count++;
}
player::player(player & p):Gender(p.Gender)
       cout << "\nIn Copy Constructor\n";</pre>
       this->Id = p.Id;
       this->size = p.size;
       this->Scores = new int[this->size];
       cout << "\nEnter " << size << " Values for scores";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < this->size; i++)
       {
              cout << "\nEnter " << i + 1 << " Value : ";</pre>
              cin >> this->Scores[i];
       }
       count++;
}
//Destructor Implementation
player::~player()
{
       cout << "\n: : : Destructor is called for ID "<<Id<<" :::"<<endl;</pre>
       delete [] Scores;
       count--;
       cout << "\nRemianing objects are :: "<<count;</pre>
}
// ...... Utility Functions .......
player& player::print()
```

```
cout << "\nId of Player is : " << Id;</pre>
       cout << "\nGender of Player is: " << Gender;</pre>
       cout << "\nScores of Player are : ";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size ; i++)</pre>
       {
               cout << Scores[i] << " ";</pre>
       }
       cout << "\nAverage is : " << Average;</pre>
       return *this;
player& player::calAverage(void)
       float s = 0.0;
       for (int i = 0; i < size ; i++)</pre>
              s += Scores[i];
       Average = s / size;
       return *this;
}
//..... Setter or Mutator Functions .....
void player::setId(int i)
{
       Id = i;
void player::setscore()
       cout << "\nEnter 5 scores for player : " << Id;</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
               cout << "\n Enter " << i << " Value";</pre>
               cin >> Scores[i];
       }
}
// ..... Accessor or Getter functions ......
int player::getID() const
{
       return Id;
}
float player::getAvg(void) const
       return Average;
void player::printcount(void)
{
       cout << "\nNo. of Objects Created are :: " << count;</pre>
}
///....Defination of Printall global function Friend of Class player ..... ///
void Printall(player &p)
{
```

```
cout << "\n\"In PrintAll Friend Function\" ";
cout << "\nId of Player is : " << p.Id;
cout << "\nGender of Player is: " << p.Gender;
cout << "\nScores of Player are : ";</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < p.size; i++)</pre>
        {
                cout << p.Scores[i] << " ";</pre>
        }
        cout << "\nAverage is : " << p.Average;</pre>
}
int main()
{
        player p1(3, 3, 'f');
        p1.calAverage().print();
        player p2 = p1;
        p2.print();
        p2.setscore();
        p1.print();
}
```

## Operator Overloading

```
///////mamm____Player class with =operator overloading implementation ......////
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class player
private:
                       ///
      int Id;
      int *Scores;
                         ///
                          /// -----> Non Static non constant Data
      float Average;
      int size;
                            ////
      const char Gender; // ---> constant data member
      static int count; // ----> Static Data member of class
public:
      player();//Default Constructor
      player(int, int, char, float = 0);//Parameterized Constructor
      ////Copy constructor
      player(const player&);
      ~player(); //Destructor
            // ...... Utility Functions .......
      player &print(void);
      player &calAverage(void);
      //..... Setter or Mutator Functions .....
      void setId(int i);
      void setscore(void);
      // ..... Accessor or Getter functions ......
      int getID(void) const;
      float getAvg(void) const;
      //.... Static Member Functions ......
      static void printcount(void);
      //.....Decleration of Friend Functions.....
      friend void Printall(player &);
      //....overloaded operators
      const player& operator=(const player &);
};
int player::count = 0;
```

```
player::player():Gender('M') //Default Constructor + initializer for constant data
       cout << "\nIn Default Parameter less Constructor\n";</pre>
       count++;
}
////....Initializer List with Parameterized Constructor
player::player(int i, int s, char g, float avg) : Gender(g) //initializer for constant
data
{
       Id = i;
       size = s;
       cout << "\nIn Parameterized Constructor\n";</pre>
       size = s;
       Scores = new int[size];
       cout << "\nEnter " << size << " Values for scores";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
              cout << "\nEnter " << i + 1 << " Value : ";</pre>
              cin >> Scores[i];
       }
       count++;
}
player::player(const player & p):Gender(p.Gender)
       cout << "\nIn Copy Constructor\n";</pre>
       this->Id = p.Id;
       this->size = p.size;
       this->Scores = new int[this->size];
       cout << "\nEnter " << size << " Values for scores";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < this->size; i++)
       {
              cout << "\nEnter " << i + 1 << " Value : ";</pre>
              cin >> this->Scores[i];
       count++;
}
//Destructor Implementation
player::~player()
{
       cout << "\n: : : Destructor is called for ID "<<Id<<" :::"<<endl;</pre>
       delete [] Scores;
       count--;
       cout << "\nRemianing objects are :: "<<count;</pre>
}
// ...... Utility Functions .......
player& player::print()
       cout << "\nId of Player is : " << Id;</pre>
       //cout << "\nGender of Player is: " << Gender;</pre>
       cout << "\nScores of Player are : ";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size ; i++)</pre>
              cout << Scores[i] << " ";</pre>
```

```
}
       cout << "\nAverage is : " << Average;</pre>
       return *this;
player& player::calAverage(void)
       float s = 0.0;
       for (int i = 0; i < size ; i++)</pre>
               s += Scores[i];
       Average = s / size;
       return *this;
}
//..... Setter or Mutator Functions ......
void player::setId(int i)
       Id = i;
}
void player::setscore()
       cout << "\nEnter 5 scores for player : " << Id;</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
               cout << "\n Enter " << i << " Value";</pre>
               cin >> Scores[i];
       }
}
// ..... Accessor or Getter functions ......
int player::getID() const
{
       return Id;
float player::getAvg(void) const
       return Average;
}
void player::printcount(void)
{
       cout << "\nNo. of Objects Created are :: " << count;</pre>
}
///....Defination of Printall global function Friend of Class player ..... ///
void Printall(player &p)
       cout << "\n\"In PrintAll Friend Function\" ";</pre>
       cout << "\nId of Player is : " << p.Id;</pre>
       //cout << "\nGender of Player is: " << p.Gender;</pre>
       cout << "\nScores of Player are : ";</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < p.size; i++)</pre>
```

```
cout << p.Scores[i] << " ";</pre>
      }
      cout << "\nAverage is : " << p.Average;</pre>
}
///...operator overloading code;
const player
player&::operator=(const player &p)
      cout << "\nIn Overloaded operator= \n";</pre>
      this->Id = p.Id;
      this->size = p.size;
      delete[] this->Scores;
      this->Scores = new int[this->size];
      for (int i = 0; i < this->size; i++)
      {
             this->Scores[i] = p.Scores[i];
      }
      return *this;
}
int main()
{
      player p1(3, 3, 'f');
      player p2(2, 2, 'f');
      player p3(1, 2, 'm');
      //p1.calAverage().print();
      p2.print();
      p2 = p1;
      p2.print();
}
```