Lead Scoring Case Study

Problem Statement

- X Education sells online courses to industry professionals
- On any given day, many professionals who are interested in the courses land on their website and browse for courses.
- X Education gets a lot of leads, its lead conversion rate is very poor.
 Only 30 %
- To make this process more efficient, the company wishes to identify the most potential leads, also known as 'Hot Leads'
- If they successfully identify this set of leads, the lead conversion rate should go up
- The objective is to identify the most promising leads

Analysis Approach

- 1. Data cleaning and data manipulation
- 2. Exploratory Data Analysis
- 3. Feature Scaling, dummy variable creation
- 4. Encoding of the data
- 5. Creation of logistic regression model
- Validation of the model
- 7. Conclusions

Data cleaning and data manipulation

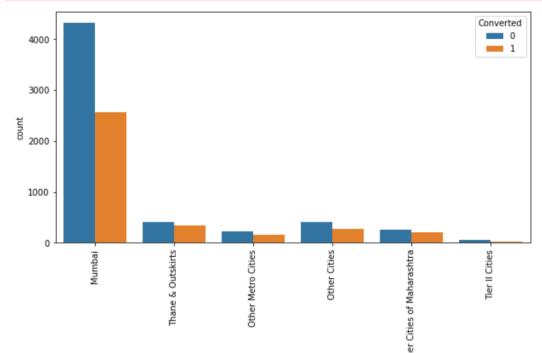
- Total rows: 9240, columns: 37
- Replaced Select value with Nan
- Dropped columns with only all unique values
- Dropped columns with more than 45% null values
- Replaced missing values with appropriate values
- Managed outliers
- Finally we have 14 columns

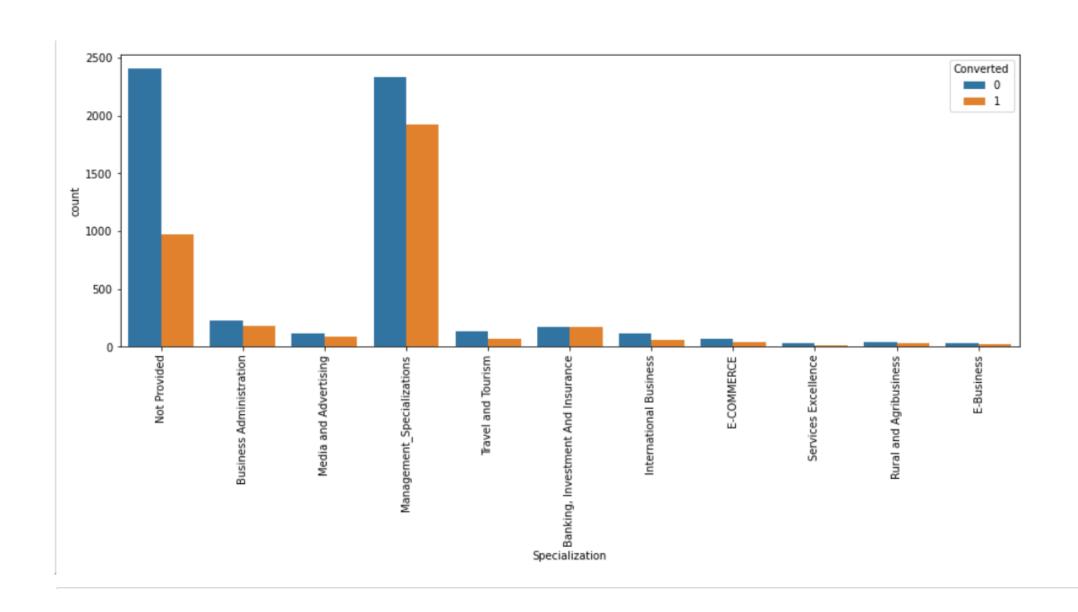
EDA

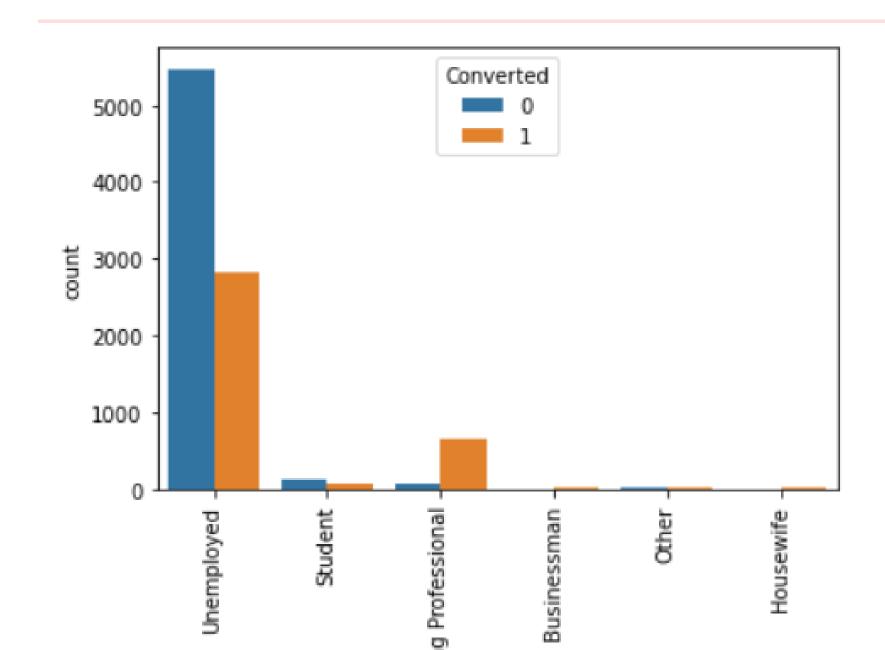
```
In [25]: #plotting spread of City columnn after replacing NaN values

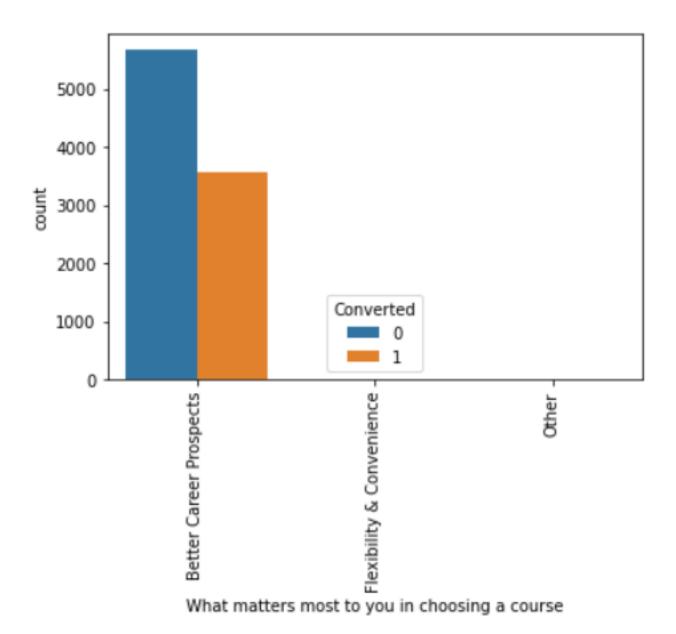
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
s1=sns.countplot(leads_new.City, hue=leads_new.Converted)
s1.set_xticklabels(s1.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
plt.show()

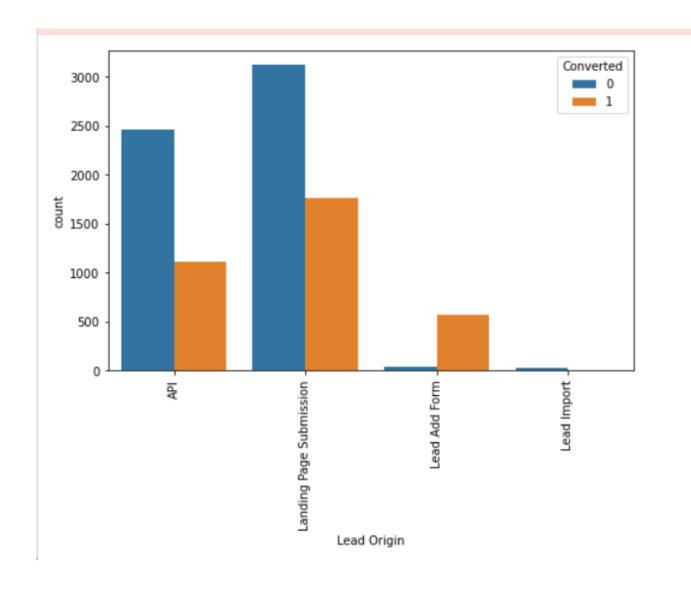
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the follow
rg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other argum
yword will result in an error or misinterpretation.
    warnings.warn(
```











Correlation

```
In [87]: # correlations of numeric values
          plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
          sns.heatmap(leads_new.corr(), cmap="YlGnBu", annot=True)
          plt.show()
                          Converted
                                                     0.03
                                                                   0.35
                                                                                -0.0033
                                                                                                - 0.8
                                       0.03
                                                                   0.22
                          TotalVisits -
                                                                                                - 0.6
                                                                                                - 0.4
            Total Time Spent on Website
                                        0.35
                                                     0.22
                                                                                0.32
                                                                                                - 0.2
                  Page Views Per Visit -
                                      -0.0033
                                                                   0.32
                                                                                                - 0.0
```

Final Result

```
# Observation: after running the model on the Test Data these are the numbers we got:
#Accuracy : 92.78%
#Sensitivity : 91.98%
#Specificity : 93.26%
```

based on the above numbers we can say that the model is able to predict the Conversion Rate very well