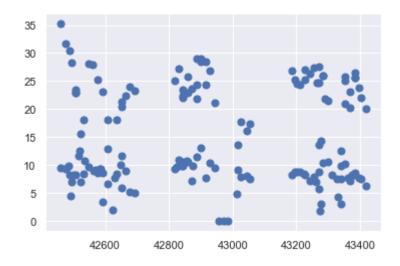
## Task objective: To cluster the sample into "site" and "year" based on N concentrations and date

```
%matplotlib inline
In [1]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns; sns.set() # for plot styling
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
In [2]:
         data = pd.read excel('BHL kmeans.xlsx', sheet name='Data by sub')
         data.head()
Out[2]:
                                                           DRP
                                                                  TP
                                                                            TSS
                                                                                      VSS
               Site
                    Site
                         Sample
                                        Sample
                                                    Flow
                                  Time
                                                                                               Unna
                                                           (mg
                                                                  (mg
                ID
                    No.
                                                                          (mg/L)
                            date
                                 stamp
                                           type
                                                   (cms)
                                                                                    (mg/L)
                                                           P/L)
                                                                  P/L)
                           2016-
          0 Sub11
                     11
                                  42460
                                                 0.025511 0.001 0.293
                                                                      18.666667
                                                                                 14.000000
                                           Base
                           03-31
                           2016-
            Sub11
                                  42474
                     11
                                           Base
                                                0.041794 0.013 0.040
                                                                        2.000000
                                                                                  3.333333
                           04-14
                           2016-
            Sub11
                     11
                                  42488
                                                0.078278
                                                          0.001
                                                                0.129
                                                                       39.333333
                           04-28
                           2016-
            Sub11
                     11
                                  42507
                                                0.064980
                                                          0.001 0.177
                                                                      63.333333
                                                                                 37.333333
                                           Base
                           05-17
                           2016-
            Sub11
                                  42507
                                           Base 0.064980 0.001 0.177 63.33333 37.333333
                     11
                           05-17
         5 rows × 32 columns
In [3]:
         X = data[['Time stamp', 'Nitrate (mg/L)']]
         X.head()
Out[3]:
             Time stamp Nitrate (mg/L)
                  42460
                              35.3001
          0
          1
                  42474
                              31.7656
          2
                  42488
                              30.5188
          3
                  42507
                              22.9285
                  42507
                              22.9285
In [4]:
         y true = data['Site No.']
         y_true = y_true.to_numpy()
         print(type(y true))
```

<class 'numpy.ndarray'>

```
In [6]: plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], s=50)
```

Out[6]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2313b813a58>

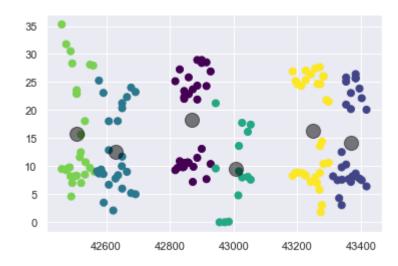


```
In [23]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=6)
kmeans.fit(X)
y_kmeans = kmeans.predict(X)
```

```
In [30]: print(y_kmeans)
```

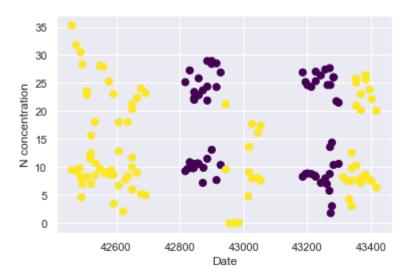
```
In [31]: # plots the simulated dataset, colored by its cluster number
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y_kmeans, s=50, cmap='viridis')

# plot the cluster centers
centers = kmeans.cluster_centers_
plt.scatter(centers[:, 0], centers[:, 1], c='black', s=200, alpha=0.5);
```

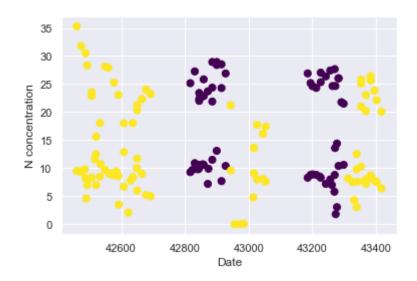


```
In [29]: from sklearn.metrics import pairwise distances argmin
         from scipy.stats import mode
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         clusters = kmeans.fit predict(X)
         for a in range(0,7):
             print('rseed = ', a)
             def find clusters(X, n clusters, rseed=a):
                 # 1. Randomly choose clusters
                 rng = np.random.RandomState(rseed)
                 i = rng.permutation(X.shape[0])[:n clusters]
                  centers = X[i]
                 while True:
                     # 2a. Assign labels based on closest center
                     labels = pairwise_distances_argmin(X, centers)
                     # 2b. Find new centers from means of points
                     new_centers = np.array([X[labels == i].mean(0)
                                              for i in range(n clusters)])
                     # 2c. Check for convergence
                     if np.all(centers == new centers):
                         break
                     centers = new_centers
                 return centers, labels
             centers, labels = find clusters(X, 6)
             labels = np.zeros like(clusters)
             for i in range(10):
                 mask = (clusters == i)
                 labels[mask] = mode(y true[mask])[0] #Takes the mode of the true Label
             plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=labels, s=50, cmap='viridis');
             plt.xlabel('Date')
             plt.ylabel('N concentration')
             plt.show()
             print('accuracy for fig above = ', accuracy_score(y_true, labels))
```

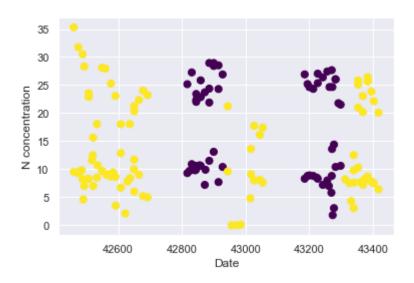
rseed = 0



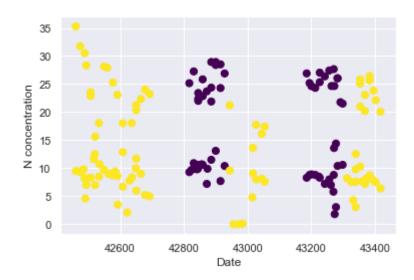
accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 1



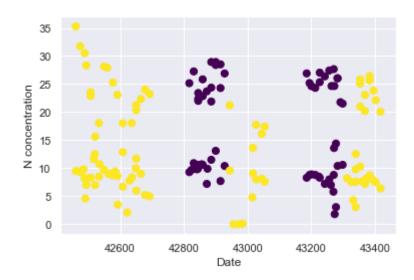
accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 2



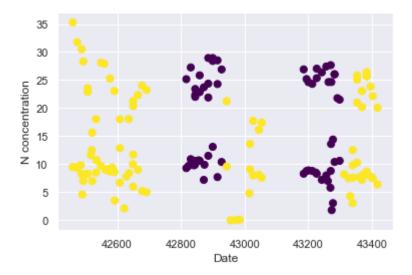
accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 3



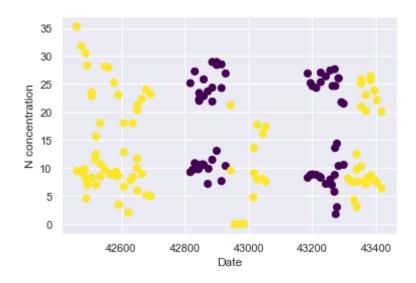
accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 4



accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 5



accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513 rseed = 6



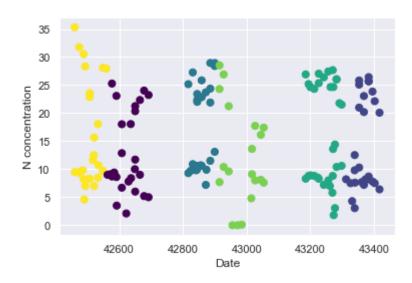
accuracy for fig above = 0.5512820512820513

## Does not cluster properly; Try SpectralClustering approach

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\manifold\spectral\_embeddin
g\_.py:237: UserWarning: Graph is not fully connected, spectral embedding may
not work as expected.

warnings.warn("Graph is not fully connected, spectral embedding"

Out[27]: Text(0, 0.5, 'N concentration')



## Spectral clustering did not seem to perform any better.

The original kmeans were only able to achieve 55% accuracy (changing rseed also did not appear to improve the prediction). Clustering might not be suitable for this task or additional transformation is needed to segregate the data.

```
In [ ]:
```