### #Part 2 java monitor

##Team Member:

shengbo lou: 28530995

zhongce ji: 28551884

yucheng lu: 28411887

##Compile:

use eclipse or javac

##Run: Main class

### ##Description:

This is the second part of the lab2, here we will use monitor to do the same program as the Semaphores will do. In this part we will use java to implement this part. We are requested to have one producer and many consumers. And the producer will produce the requests, and consumers

will get the requests, and execute the requests.

## ###Request.java:

This file have a class which is called Request, this class have constructor which will take one argument which is called ID, and this will represent the id of the request. We will use this class to create the requests. Then we have length and ID variables:

length: This will be the length of the requests.

ID: This represents the id of the requests.

There is also one method:

length(): This will return the length of the request, in the function, we use the Random to create the random length of the request.

## ####Consumer.java:

This file will implement the consumer, in this consumer class, there is constructor which will take two arguments, one is ID which will represents the ID of the consumer, the other one

is producer, which will produce the request for this consumer. And the class consumer will extends Thread

So the consumer can become a thread. Then we override the run function, in the run function, first we get

the ID and assign it to this consumer thread, the we use producer's getRequest to get the request, then process the

request, finally we print out the output of the programs with the real time of the machine.

#### ####Producer.java:

This file will implement the producer. There is a class called Producer which will extends Threads, so that the producer can be the thread. In this class, we have some arguments which are private

so that other class may not access it. The variables:

MAX\_REQUEST: int, this will represent the max number of requests in the queue sleep\_time: int , this will represent the time for producer to sleep after creating a request. This is also final variable so that we can not change it total\_count: int, this will represent the count for requests in total. This is also final variable so that we can not change it

count: int, this will represent the count for requests in total max: int, this will represent the max number of requests in total queRequests: Queue<Request>, this will represent the queue of the request.

Then we have a constructor which will take three arguments, one is input which will represent max number of

requests we will create and we will assign it to MAX\_REQUEST. Second one is called sleep\_time, which will

represent the time the producer will sleep after creating a new request, and we will assign it to sleep\_time.

The third one is called max, this will represent the max number of requests in total so we can assign it to max

Then we Override the run function and in this function, we have a while loop, if the total\_count is less than max

which means the queue is not full so we put the request in the queue and increase the total\_count and count.

And also we have some synchronized method:

putRequest: This method is void. In the function, first we will check whether the queue is full, if it is full,

we will wait, if not we will create a new request and give the id which is total\_count, then we add the request

in the queue.Then we get new real time of the machine, then print out the output of the program. After that we

will sleep the producer for the sleep\_time. Then we notify other waiting threads.

getRequest: This method will return Request type. In the function first we will create the request, and then notify

the waiting thread. if the queue is empty then we need to wait. Then after check those things, we will take the

first request from the request queue, then we decrease the count because one of the request is out. then we get

the length of the request by call length method of request. After that we get the real time of the machine and print

out the output of the program.

Then we have a method called consumer which will return the array of the consumer. This method is not synchronized.

This method will take two arguments which are input and producer. The input will indicates how many consumers we will have

and producer is the producer which will produce the request for the consumer. In the method, we

will create an array, and

then we use a for loop to create consumers and put each new consumer in the array. Then we will return the consumer array.

# ####Main.java:

This file have a main class where we will create producer to run the whole program. In the main function, first we

create new producer which will take 10,1000,20 as input, 10 is max requests number in the queue, 1000 means 1 second for

each sleep, 20 means 20 max requests in total. Then we run the producer, and then we use consumer to create 5 consumers.