# **Chronus Data Analysis**

```
In [6]:
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        %matplotlib inline
        import os
In [7]:
        # Read the data for cell A
        # input dir dvv is the file location for dvv data folder
        # input dir dv is the file location for dv data folder
        input dir dvv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/An
        input_dir_dv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/Ana
        dvv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dvv)]
        dv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dv)]
        df list = [] # initialize dataframes list
        for dvv f, dv f in zip(dvv files, dv files):
            dvv df = pd.read csv(input dir dvv + "/" + dvv f)
            dv df = pd.read csv(input_dir_dv + "/" + dv_f)
            # Here we combine the data of 106999 frequency dvv data with 2799999
            dvv df = dvv df[["real time 106999", "real data 106999", "imag data 10
            dv_df = dv_df[["real_data_27999999","imag_data_27999999"]]
            # Scaling the dv data to match the dvv data
            dv df = dv df.apply(lambda x: x * 10)
            # Use the combined df data to proceed with analysis.
```

combined df = pd.concat([dvv df,dv df], axis=1, sort=False)

df list.append(combined df)

concat df = pd.concat(df list, axis = 0)

In [8]: concat\_df.describe()

## Out[8]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.00
mean	5.120791	0.000078	0.000184	0.000429	0.00
std	2.693977	0.001900	0.003402	0.002649	0.00
min	0.009220	-0.008488	-0.013550	-0.011477	-0.00
25%	3.108961	-0.000701	-0.000916	-0.000718	-0.00
50%	5.176916	0.000006	0.000032	0.000013	0.00
75%	7.345117	0.000725	0.000991	0.000807	0.00
max	9.998788	0.008563	0.017257	0.019669	0.00

In [11]: num\_records = concat\_df['real\_time\_106999'].count()
 print(num\_records)

422382

### Out[12]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.000000	422382.00
mean	5.120791	0.000078	0.000184	0.000429	0.00
std	2.693977	0.001900	0.003402	0.002649	0.00
min	0.009220	-0.008488	-0.013550	-0.011477	-0.00
25%	3.108961	-0.000701	-0.000916	-0.000718	-0.00
50%	5.176916	0.000006	0.000032	0.000013	0.00
75%	7.345117	0.000725	0.000991	0.000807	0.00
max	9.998788	0.008563	0.017257	0.019669	0.00

```
In [13]: # Read the data for cell B
         # input dir dvv is the file location for dvv data folder
         # input dir dv is the file location for dv data folder
         input_dir_dvv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/An
         input_dir_dv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/Ana
         dvv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dvv)]
         dv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dv)]
         df list = [] # initialize dataframes list
         for dvv_f, dv_f in zip(dvv_files, dv_files):
             dvv df = pd.read csv(input dir dvv + "/" + dvv f)
             dv df = pd.read csv(input dir dv + "/" + dv f)
             # Here we combine the data of 106999 frequency dvv data with 2799999
             dvv_df = dvv_df[["real_time_106999","real_data_106999","imag_data_10
             dv_df = dv_df[["real_data_27999999","imag_data_27999999"]]
             # Scaling the dv data to match the dvv data
             dv df = dv df.apply(lambda x: x * 10)
             # Use the combined df data to proceed with analysis.
             combined df = pd.concat([dvv df,dv df], axis=1, sort=False)
             df list.append(combined df)
         concat df1 = pd.concat(df list, axis = 0)
```

In [14]: concat\_df1.describe()

#### Out[14]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.00
mean	5.070524	0.000189	0.000651	0.001054	0.00
std	2.815230	0.004440	0.007685	0.005316	0.00
min	0.017045	-0.029131	-0.044101	-0.017850	-0.02
25%	3.126056	-0.000842	-0.000998	-0.000743	-0.00
50%	4.821506	-0.000002	0.000016	-0.000029	0.00
75%	7.451487	0.000831	0.001055	0.000788	0.00
max	9.999300	0.033728	0.062087	0.033611	0.0

In [16]: num\_records = concat\_df1['real\_time\_106999'].count()
 print(num\_records)

389250

### Out[17]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.000000	389250.00
mean	5.070524	0.000189	0.000651	0.001054	0.00
std	2.815230	0.004440	0.007685	0.005316	0.00
min	0.017045	-0.029131	-0.044101	-0.017850	-0.02
25%	3.126056	-0.000842	-0.000998	-0.000743	-0.00
50%	4.821506	-0.000002	0.000016	-0.000029	0.00
<b>75</b> %	7.451487	0.000831	0.001055	0.000788	0.00
max	9.999300	0.033728	0.062087	0.033611	0.0

```
In [18]: # Read the data for cell C
         # input dir dvv is the file location for dvv data folder
         # input dir dv is the file location for dv data folder
         input_dir_dvv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/An
         input_dir_dv = "/Users/jayashrijagannathan/Documents/chronus project/Ana
         dvv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dvv)]
         dv files = [f for f in os.listdir(input dir dv)]
         df list = [] # initialize dataframes list
         for dvv_f, dv_f in zip(dvv_files, dv_files):
             dvv df = pd.read csv(input dir dvv + "/" + dvv f)
             dv df = pd.read csv(input dir dv + "/" + dv f)
             # Here we combine the data of 106999 frequency dvv data with 2799999
             dvv_df = dvv_df[["real_time_106999","real_data_106999","imag_data_10
             dv_df = dv_df[["real_data_27999999","imag_data_27999999"]]
             # Scaling the dv data to match the dvv data
             dv df = dv df.apply(lambda x: x * 10)
             # Use the combined df data to proceed with analysis.
             combined df = pd.concat([dvv df,dv df], axis=1, sort=False)
             df list.append(combined df)
         concat df2 = pd.concat(df list, axis = 0)
```

In [19]: concat\_df2.describe()

#### Out[19]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.00
mean	5.187166	0.000329	0.000617	0.001723	0.00
std	2.801033	0.007311	0.011412	0.009931	0.00
min	0.012892	-0.043792	-0.067887	-0.039366	-0.04
25%	2.402103	-0.000721	-0.000991	-0.000886	-0.00
50%	5.394943	0.000015	-0.000007	-0.000117	0.00
75%	7.749698	0.000770	0.001012	0.000717	0.00
max	9.997930	0.052416	0.080439	0.073876	0.04

In [20]: num\_records = concat\_df2['real\_time\_106999'].count()
 print(num\_records)

289621

In [24]: concat\_df2['cell\_type'] = [2 for x in range(num\_records)]
 concat\_df2.describe()

### Out[24]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.000000	289621.00
mean	5.187166	0.000329	0.000617	0.001723	0.00
std	2.801033	0.007311	0.011412	0.009931	0.00
min	0.012892	-0.043792	-0.067887	-0.039366	-0.04
25%	2.402103	-0.000721	-0.000991	-0.000886	-0.00
50%	5.394943	0.000015	-0.000007	-0.000117	0.00
75%	7.749698	0.000770	0.001012	0.000717	0.00
max	9.997930	0.052416	0.080439	0.073876	0.04

In [25]: frames = [concat\_df, concat\_df1, concat\_df2]
 final\_df = pd.concat(frames)

## In [26]: final\_df.describe()

### Out[26]:

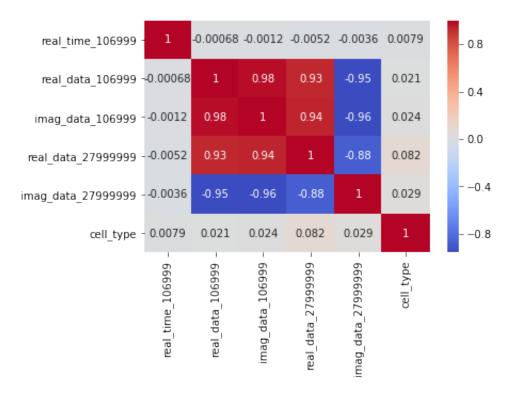
	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_279
count	1.101253e+06	1.101253e+06	1.101253e+06	1.101253e+06	1.10125
mean	5.120479e+00	1.832169e-04	4.627595e-04	9.900060e-04	1.61581
std	2.765931e+00	4.734893e-03	7.720983e-03	6.235154e-03	3.95202
min	9.220000e-03	-4.379175e-02	-6.788670e-02	-3.936649e-02	-4.11156
25%	2.946435e+00	-7.537055e-04	-9.647404e-04	-7.703195e-04	-6.92662
50%	5.077063e+00	6.025665e-06	1.718565e-05	-3.546471e-05	1.92559
75%	7.489495e+00	7.731317e-04	1.018462e-03	7.795763e-04	7.71254
max	9.999300e+00	5.241596e-02	8.043873e-02	7.387561e-02	4.21115

## 

	real time 106999	real data 106999	imag data 1069
99 \			
real_time_106999	1.000000	-0.000679	-0.0012
37			
real_data_106999	-0.000679	1.000000	0.9833
39			
imag_data_106999	-0.001237	0.983339	1.0000
00			
real_data_27999999	-0.005224	0.933277	0.9435
11			
imag_data_27999999	-0.003626	-0.953801	-0.9575
33	0.007000		0 0040
cell_type	0.007922	0.020980	0.0240
67			
	real data 2799999	9 imag data 279999	99 cell_type
real time 106999	-0.00522	·	
real data 106999	0.93327		
imag_data_106999	0.94351		
real_data_27999999	1.00000		
imag_data_27999999	-0.878623		
cell_type	0.082289	0.0288	96 1.000000

# In [32]: sns.heatmap(corrMatrix, annot = True, cmap = 'coolwarm')

Out[32]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a333b8160>



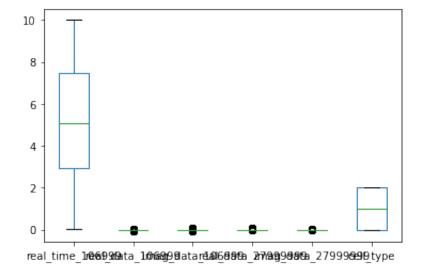
## In [33]: final\_df.head()

### Out[33]:

	real_time_106999	real_data_106999	imag_data_106999	real_data_27999999	imag_data_2799999
0	9.797785	-0.001080	0.000197	-0.000086	-0.00021
1	9.797788	-0.001103	0.000159	-0.000018	-0.00027
2	9.797790	-0.001122	0.000124	0.000066	-0.00034;
3	9.797793	-0.001135	0.000093	0.000161	-0.00041;
4	9.797795	-0.001143	0.000070	0.000259	-0.00048

## Observation: There is no missing data

Out[42]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a344b8198>



```
In [48]: # Drop real_time_106999
          boxplot = final df.boxplot(column = ['real data 106999', 'imag data 1069
                                'imag data 27999999', 'cell type'], figsize = (20, 1
                real data 106999
                               imag data 106999
                                             real data 27999999
                                                            imag data 27999999
                                                                             cell type
In [50]: #Preprocessing for data
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          scaler = StandardScaler()
In [52]: | # Do the scaler fit for all variables except cell_type (i.e. the depende
          # and real time 106999
          final_df = final_df[['real_data_106999', 'imag_data_106999','real_data_2
                                'imag data 27999999', 'cell type']]
In [53]: final df.columns
Out[53]: Index(['real_data_106999', 'imag_data_106999', 'real_data_27999999',
                  'imag data 27999999', 'cell type'],
                dtype='object')
In [57]: # Separate the pandas dataframe into input and output components
          X = final df[['real data 106999', 'imag data 106999', 'real data 2799999
          Y = final df['cell type']
```

```
In [58]: scaler.fit(X)
Out[58]: StandardScaler(copy=True, with mean=True, with std=True)
In [59]: scaled features = scaler.transform(final df[['real data 106999', 'imag d
                                                                'real data 27999999','imag_
In [62]: | df_feat=pd.DataFrame(scaled features, columns = final df.columns[:-1] )
           df feat.head()
Out[62]:
              real data 106999 imag data 106999 real data 27999999 imag data 27999999
           0
                    -0.266839
                                    -0.034465
                                                      -0.172628
                                                                        -0.095304
           1
                    -0.271733
                                    -0.039367
                                                      -0.161736
                                                                        -0.110536
           2
                    -0.275579
                                    -0.043911
                                                      -0.148214
                                                                        -0.127548
           3
                    -0.278400
                                    -0.047841
                                                     -0.132992
                                                                        -0.145318
                    -0.280180
                                    -0.050887
                                                     -0.117244
                                                                        -0.162631
```

## Our data is fitted and scaled and now it is ready

```
In [63]: # Define X and Y
    X = df_feat
    y = final_df['cell_type']

In [64]: # import train test split and metrics for evaluation
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report

In [65]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3,
In [66]: # Logistic Regression
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    log_model = LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [67]: log_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         /Users/jayashrijagannathan/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklea
         rn/linear_model/logistic.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be
         changed to 'lbfgs' in 0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
           FutureWarning)
         /Users/jayashrijagannathan/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklea
         rn/linear model/logistic.py:469: FutureWarning: Default multi class wi
         ll be changed to 'auto' in 0.22. Specify the multi class option to sil
         ence this warning.
           "this warning.", FutureWarning)
Out[67]: LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class weight=None, dual=False, fit intercept
         =True,
                             intercept scaling=1, 11 ratio=None, max iter=100,
                             multi_class='warn', n_jobs=None, penalty='12',
                             random state=None, solver='warn', tol=0.0001, verbo
         se=0,
                             warm start=False)
         y pred = log model.predict(X test)
In [68]:
In [69]: # Summary of the predictions made by the classifier
         print(classification report(y test, y pred))
                       precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                     0
                             0.43
                                       0.75
                                                 0.55
                                                         126569
                             0.45
                     1
                                       0.29
                                                 0.35
                                                         116658
                             0.55
                                       0.24
                                                 0.33
                                                          87149
                                                 0.45
                                                         330376
             accuracy
            macro avg
                             0.48
                                       0.42
                                                 0.41
                                                         330376
         weighted avg
                             0.47
                                       0.45
                                                 0.42
                                                         330376
In [70]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
         [[94880 27674 4015]
          [70761 33366 12531]
          [53684 12953 20512]]
In [72]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         print('accuracy = ', accuracy_score(y_pred, y test))
         accuracy = 0.45026878465748116
```

```
In [75]: # Support Vector Machines(SVM)
    from sklearn.svm import SVC
        svm_model = SVC()

In []: svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

In []:
```