

</talentlabs>

CHAPTER 7

Table Relationships



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AGENDA

- Primary Key
- Foreign Key
- Relationships

Primary Key



Primary Key (PK)

- An *unique* identifier of the records, kind of like an ID
- e.g. For a city, citizens' names can be repeated. We add an id column to distinguish each citizen
- e.g. For an eCommerce Platform, purchases can be repeated. (same user purchases the same drink twice). So we'll add a transaction_id to each purchase record

Citizen

| ID | First_name | Last_Name |
|----|------------|-----------|
| 1 | Darren | Chiu |
| 2 | Peter | Chow |
| 3 | Michelle | Ling |
| 4 | Anthony | Chiu |

Transactions

| Transaction_ID | User | Product |
|----------------|---------|------------|
| 1 | Darren | Coke X 2 |
| 2 | Peter | Burger X 2 |
| 3 | Anthony | Chips |
| 4 | Darren | Coke X 2 |

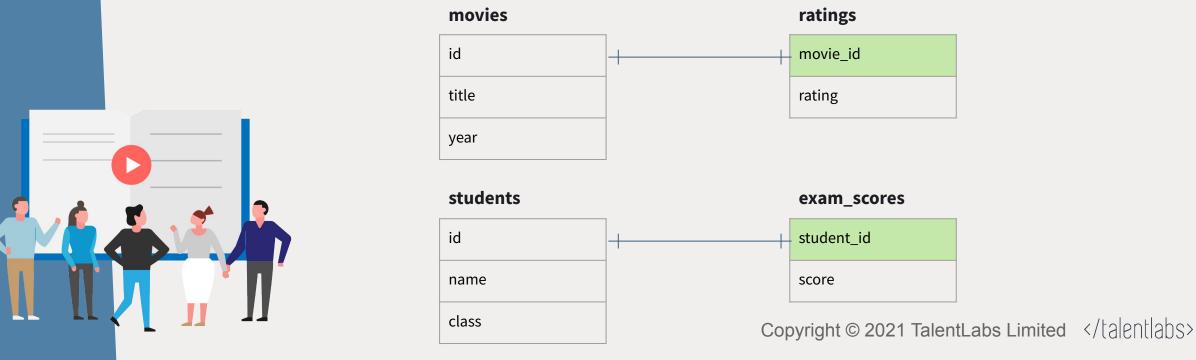


Foreign Key



Foreign Key (FK)

- Foreign key is used to establish relationship between two tables
- e.g. For a movie ratings table, the movie_id column is created for identifying which movie the ratings is for. The movie_id column is "foreign key" column.



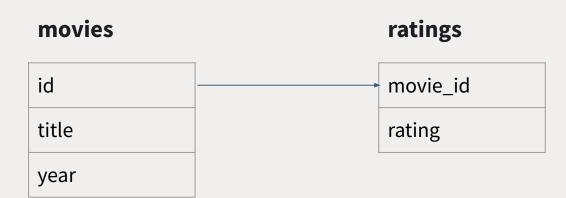
Relationships



What is Table Relationships

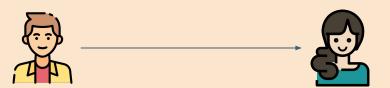
- We categorize data and organize the data into different tables
- For example, we put "movie details" in movies table, and the "movies ratings" into ratings table
- Different tables have relationships between them (e.g. each ratings is attached to a movie)





Three types of relationships

One-to-One relationship



One-to-Many relationship







Many-to-Many relationship













One-to-One Relationship

- One-to-One relationship are usually used to separate a big table into two,
 or attaching additional data to a record.
- E.g.
 - users and users_profile (separate a big users table to users and users_profile)
 - citizens and passport_info (attaching passport_info to citizen)

users

users_profile

| ID | First_name | Last_Name |
|----|------------|-----------|
| 1 | Darren | Chiu |
| 2 | Peter | Chow |
| 3 | Michelle | Ling |
| 4 | Anthony | Chiu |

| User_id | Gender | Country | Last_Online | Number of Posts |
|---------|--------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1 | М | Hong Kong | 2019-12-06 | 3 |
| 2 | М | Japan | 2019-12-05 | 2 |
| 3 | F | Malaysia | 2019-12-07 | 6 |
| 4 | М | Hong Kong | 2019-12-06 | 5 |



- One-to-Many relationship usually refers to ownership relationships
- E.g.
 - users and users_uploads (users owning multiple file uploaded)
 - country and states (country owning multiple states)

users_uploads

users

| ID | First_name | Last_Name |
|----|------------|-----------|
| 1 | Darren | Chiu |
| 2 | Peter | Chow |
| 3 | Michelle | Ling |
| 4 | Anthony | Chiu |

| User_id | Post_ID | Image | Text |
|---------|---------|----------|------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | img1.jpg | This is my first post. |
| 2 | 2 | img2.jpg | Hi Everyone! |
| 3 | 3 | img3.jpg | Please follow my page! |
| 1 | 4 | img4.jpg | Another post! |
| 2 | 5 | img5.jpg | I love posting! |









- Many-to-Many relationship usually refers to a membership between two categories of data
- E.g.
 - movies and actors (each actor is a "member" of the multiple movies)
 - desserts and ingredients (each ingredient is a "member of multiple dessert recipes)

Movies

| id | movie_name | |
|----|--------------|--|
| 1 | Toy Story | |
| 2 | Star Wars | |
| 3 | Harry Potter | |

Actors

| id 📥 | name | |
|------|---------|--|
| 1 | Darren | |
| 2 | Anthony | |
| 3 | Peter | |
| 4 | Karl | |

Movies_Actors

| movie_id | actor_id |
|----------|----------|
| 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 1 |



