Overview:

- 1. postfilecomponent: This component is responsible for allowing users to create new posts. It contains a form where users can input their post content and submit it. Once submitted, it interacts with the `PostService` to add the new post.
- 2. postlistcomponent: This component is responsible for displaying a list of posts. It subscribes to updates from the `PostService` to retrieve the list of posts and displays them in the UI.
- 3. postservice: This service acts as an intermediary between the components and the data source (either local storage or a server). It provides methods for adding new post and, retrieving a list of posts. It uses HTTP requests to communicate with a server and manages the state of the posts within the Angular application.
- 4. postinterface: This file defines an interface for representing a post object. It includes properties like `title` and `content`, that a post object should have. Using interfaces helps maintain consistency and type safety when working with post objects throughout the application.

Post.service.component.ts

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { BehaviorSubject, Observable } from
import { Post } from './post.interface';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
@Injectable({
 providedIn: 'root'
export class PostService {
  private apiUrl = 'http://localhost:3000/posts';
  private posts: Post[] = [];
  private postsSubject: BehaviorSubject<Post[]> = new BehaviorSubject([]);
  constructor(private http: HttpClient) { }
  // 1. methods to handle local posts
    add new posts locally
  addPost(post: Post): void {
    post.title = `Post ${this.posts.length + 1}
   this.posts.push(post);
    // update BehaviorSubject
    this.postsSubject.next([...this.posts]);
  // get locally created posts
  getPosts(): Observable<Post[]> {
    return this.postsSubject.asObservable();
  // 2. methods to handle Node.js server
    fetch hardcoded data
  fetchPostsFromServer(): void {
    this.http.get<Post[]>(this.apiUrl).subscribe(posts => {
      this.posts = posts;
     this.postsSubject.next([...this.posts]);
  addPostToServer(post: Post): Observable<Post> {
   return this.http.post<Post>(this.apiUrl, post);
```

Post.file.component.ts

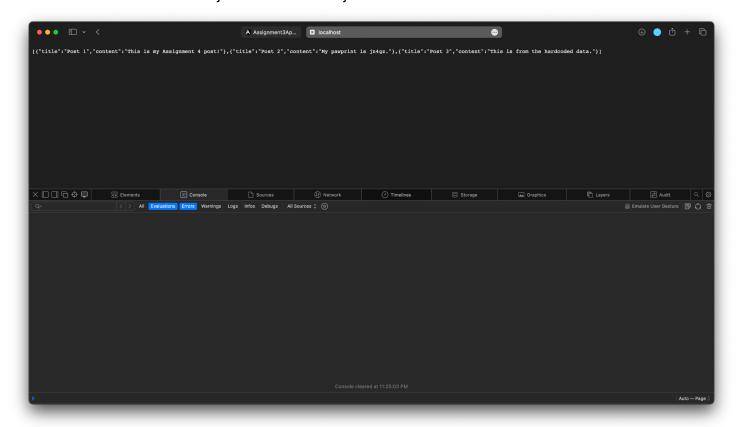
```
src > app > post > post-file > ™ post-file.component.ts > 😭 PostFileComponent > 🕅 submitPost > 📵 newPost > 🔑 content
       import { Component } from '@angular/core';
       import { PostService } from '../post.service';
      import { Post } from '../post.interface';
      @Component({
       selector: 'app-post-file',
       templateUrl: './post-file.component.html',
        styleUrls: ['./post-file.component.css']
      export class PostFileComponent {
       postTitle: string
        postContent: string;
        constructor(private postService: PostService) {}
        submitPost() {
          if (!this.postContent || this.postContent.trim() === '') {
            return;
          const newPost: Post = {
           title: this.postTitle,
 22
          content: this.postContent
          this.postService.addPost(newPost);
          this.postContent = '';
```

Post.interface

Post.list.component.ts

```
// node attempt 2
import { Component, OnInit, OnDestroy } from '@angular/core';
import { PostService } from '../post.service';
import { Subscription } from 'rxjs';
import { Post } from '../post.interface';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-post-list',
  templateUrl: './post-list.component.html',
 styleUrls: ['./post-list.component.css']
export class PostListComponent implements OnInit, OnDestroy {
 posts: Post[] = [];
  private postsSubscription: Subscription;
  private serverPostsSubscription: Subscription;
  constructor(private postService: PostService) {}
  ngOnInit() {
    this.postsSubscription = this.postService.getPosts().subscribe(posts => {
      // update copy of the array
     this.posts = [...posts];
    this.postService.fetchPostsFromServer();
  ngOnDestroy() {
    this.postsSubscription.unsubscribe();
    if (this.serverPostsSubscription) {
      this.serverPostsSubscription.unsubscribe();
```

Json hardcoded data from Node.js and Node server.js



```
node-server > JS server.js > ...
       const express = require('express');
       const cors = require('cors');
       const app = express();
      const port = 3000;
      app.use(cors());
       // hardcoded data
       const posts = [
 11
           {title: 'Post 1', content: 'This is my Assignment 4 post!'},
           {title: 'Post 2', content: 'My pawprint is jn4gz.'},
 12
 13
           {title: 'Post 3', content: "This is from the hardcoded data."}
       // route to send post data to the frontend
       app.get('/posts', (req, res) => {
           res.json(posts);
       });
 21
       // start server
       app.listen(port, () => {
           console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${port}`);
       });
 24
```

Demo shows hardcoded data and allows user to create new posts that are added to list

