# Chapter 6 HW

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```
grocery <- read.csv('grocery.csv')</pre>
  grocery
            X1
                 X2 X3
  4264 305657 7.17
  4496 328476 6.20
3 4317 317164 4.61
4 4292 366745 7.02
  4945 265518 8.61
  4325 301995 6.88
  4110 269334 7.23
 4111 267631 6.27
9 4161 296350 6.49
10 4560 277223 6.37
11 4401 269189 7.05
12 4251 277133 6.34
13 4222 282892 6.94
14 4063 306639 8.56
15 4343 328405 6.71
16 4833 321773 5.82
17 4453 272319 6.82
18 4195 293880 8.38
19 4394 300867 7.72
20 4099 296872 7.67
21 4816 245674 7.72
22 4867 211944 6.45
23 4114 227996 7.22
24 4314 248328 8.50
25 4289 249894 8.08
```

```
26 4269 302660 7.26
27 4347 273848 7.39
28 4178 245743 8.12
29 4333 267673 6.75
30 4226 256506 7.79
31 4121 271854 7.89
32 3998 293225 9.01
33 4475 269121 8.01
34 4545 322812 7.21
35 4016 252225 7.85
36 4207 261365 6.14
37 4148 287645 6.76
38 4562 289666 7.92
39 4146 270051 8.19
40 4555 265239 7.55
41 4365 352466 6.94
42 4471 426908 7.25
43 5045 369989 9.65
44 4469 472476 8.20
45 4408 414102 8.02
46 4219 302507 6.72
47 4211 382686 7.23
48 4993 442782 7.61
49 4309 322303 7.39
50 4499 290455 7.99
51 4186 411750 7.83
52 4342 292087 7.77
```

### 6.10

a Fit regression model (6.5) to the data for three predictor variables. State the estimated regression function. How are  $b_1$ ,  $b_1$ ,  $b_1$  here?

```
grocery.lm <- lm(Y ~ X1 + X2 + X3, data = grocery)
grocery.lm

Call:
lm(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2 + X3, data = grocery)
Coefficients:</pre>
```

```
(Intercept) X1 X2 X3
4.150e+03 7.871e-04 -1.317e+01 6.236e+02
summary(grocery.lm)
```

### Call:

lm(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2 + X3, data = grocery)

### Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -264.05 -110.73 -22.52 79.29 295.75

### Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 4.150e+03 1.956e+02 21.220 < 2e-16 ***
X1 7.871e-04 3.646e-04 2.159 0.0359 *
X2 -1.317e+01 2.309e+01 -0.570 0.5712
X3 6.236e+02 6.264e+01 9.954 2.94e-13 ***
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 143.3 on 48 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.6883, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6689 F-statistic: 35.34 on 3 and 48 DF, p-value: 3.316e-12

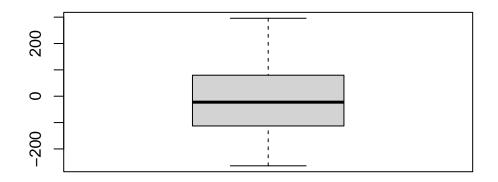
**b.** Obtain the residuals and prepare a box plot of the residuals. What information does this plot provide?

### grocery.lm\$residuals

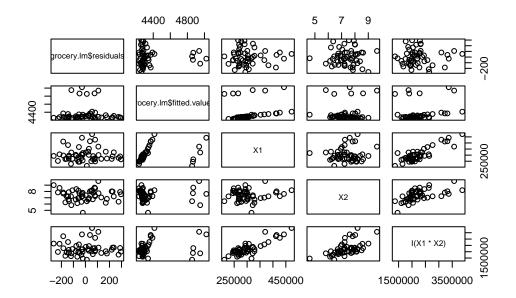
```
1
                       2
                                   3
                                                             5
                                                                          6
-32.063483
             169.205091
                          -21.825426
                                       -54.119552
                                                    75.933724
                                                                 28.000660
                                               10
                                                            11
-156.684401 -166.983381 -136.691019
                                       275.783546
                                                   132.059842
                                                                -33.540598
         13
                      14
                                   15
                                               16
                                                            17
                           22.975644 -117.076677
-59.173782 -215.535629
                                                   178.568096
                                                                -75.863154
         19
                      20
                                   21
                                               22
                                                            23
 108.947943 -183.565972
                          -49.165210
                                        11.662167 -120.279732
                                                                 80.569854
         25
                      26
                                  27
                                               28
                                                            29
                                                                         30
```

```
48.807558 -23.519661
                          78.869281
                                      -58.398630
                                                   61.303251
                                                              -23.214763
         31
                     32
                                 33
                                              34
                                                          35
                                                                       36
-138.978271 -264.053024
                         218.752742
                                      235.960794 -229.055311
                                                              -67.763118
         37
                     38
                                              40
                                                                       42
-139.284659
             288.397234 -108.609359
                                      295.751820
                                                   29.065887
                                                               80.555515
                                              46
107.399309
              55.197555
                                     -80.508888 -144.901536
                          37.772702
                                                              -28.753312
                     50
                                 51
  2.731302 225.697849 -184.877629
                                      64.516810
```

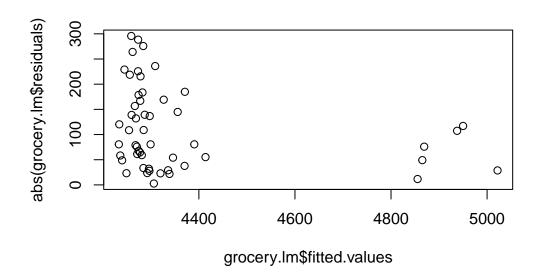
### boxplot(grocery.lm\$residuals)



pairs(~grocery.lm\$residuals+grocery.lm\$fitted.values+X1+X2+I(X1\*X2), data = grocery)

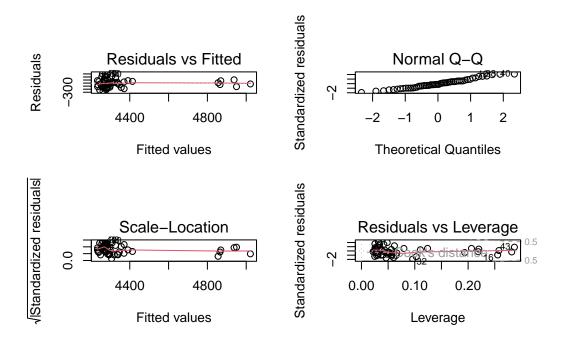


plot(abs(grocery.lm\$residuals)~grocery.lm\$fitted.values, data = grocery)



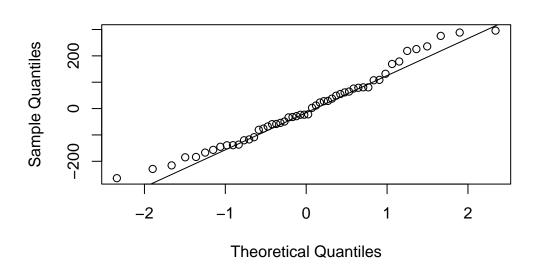
**c.** Plot the residuals against  $\hat{Y}$ ,  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ , and  $X_1X_2$  on separate graphs. Also prepare a normal probability plot. Interpret the plots and summarize your findings.

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(grocery.lm)
```



qqnorm(grocery.lm\$residuals)
qqline(grocery.lm\$residuals)

### Normal Q-Q Plot



shapiro.test(grocery.lm\$residuals)

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

data: grocery.lm\$residuals
W = 0.97575, p-value = 0.3644

lillie.test(grocery.lm\$residuals)

Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test

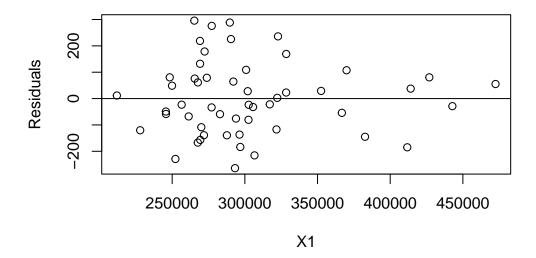
data: grocery.lm\$residuals
D = 0.08161, p-value = 0.5245

**d.** Prepare a time plot of the residuals. Is there any indication that the error term are correlated?

#### grocery.resid 3 6 -32.063483 169.205091 -21.825426 -54.119552 75.933724 28.000660 8 9 10 -156.684401 -166.983381 -136.691019 275.783546 132.059842 -33.540598 15 16 -59.173782 -215.535629 22.975644 -117.076677 178.568096 -75.863154 20 21 22 23 24 108.947943 -183.565972 -49.165210 11.662167 -120.279732 80.569854 25 26 27 28 30 48.807558 -23.519661 78.869281 -58.398630 61.303251 -23.214763 31 32 33 34 35 -138.978271 -264.053024 218.752742 235.960794 -229.055311 -67.763118 37 38 39 40 41 -139.284659 288.397234 -108.609359 295.751820 80.555515 29.065887 47 43 44 45 46 107.399309 55.197555 37.772702 -80.508888 -144.901536 -28.753312 52 50 51 2.731302 225.697849 -184.877629 64.516810 plot(grocery\$X1, grocery.resid, ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "X1", main = "Grocery") abline(0, 0)# the horizon

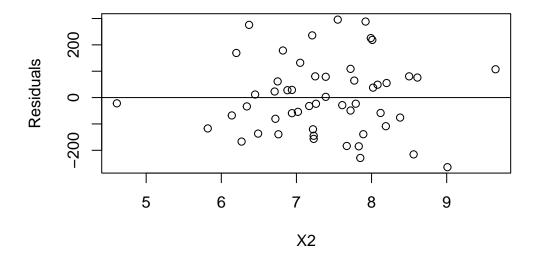
grocery.resid <- resid(grocery.lm)</pre>

## Grocery



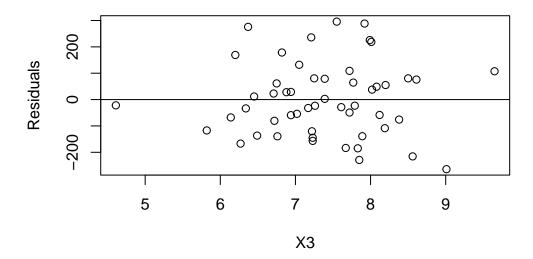
```
plot(grocery$X2, grocery.resid,
    ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "X2",
    main = "Grocery")
abline(0, 0) # the horizon
```

## Grocery



```
plot(grocery$X2, grocery.resid,
    ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "X3",
    main = "Grocery")
abline(0, 0) # the horizon
```

### **Grocery**



### 6.11

a. Test whether there is a regression relation, using level of significance 0.05. State the alternatives, decision rule, and conclusion. What does your result imply  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ , and  $B_3$ ? What is the P-value of the test?

```
summary(grocery.lm)
```

### Call:

 $lm(formula = Y \sim X1 + X2 + X3, data = grocery)$ 

### Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -264.05 -110.73 -22.52 79.29 295.75

### Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)4.150e+03 21.220 (Intercept) 1.956e+02 < 2e-16 \*\*\* Х1 7.871e-04 3.646e-042.159 0.0359 \* Х2 -1.317e+01 2.309e+01 -0.570 0.5712 ХЗ 6.236e+02 6.264e+01 9.954 2.94e-13 \*\*\*

```
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 143.3 on 48 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6883, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6689
F-statistic: 35.34 on 3 and 48 DF, p-value: 3.316e-12
  Anova(grocery.lm, type = 'III')
Anova Table (Type III tests)
Response: Y
             Sum Sq Df F value
                                    Pr(>F)
(Intercept) 9245215 1 450.2861 < 2.2e-16 ***
Х1
              95707 1
                          4.6614
                                   0.03588 *
Х2
               6675 1
                          0.3251
                                   0.57123
ХЗ
            2034514 1 99.0905 2.941e-13 ***
            985530 48
Residuals
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
H_0: B_1 = B_2 = B_3
H_a: not all B_k = 0 \ (k = 1, 2, 3).
MSR = 725,535
MSE = 20,531
F^* = 725,535/531.9 = 35.337
F(0.95; 3, 48) = 2.79806.
If F^* < 2.79806 conclude H_0, otherwise H_a.
Conclude H_a. P-value = < 0.05.
```

**b.** Estimate  $B_1$  and  $B_3$  jointly by the Bonferroni procedure, using a 95 percent family confidence coefficient. Interpret your result.

```
confint.lm(grocery.lm)
```

```
2.5 % 97.5 % (Intercept) 3.756677e+03 4.543098e+03 X1 5.409544e-05 1.520065e-03 X2 -5.959506e+01 3.326302e+01 X3 4.976064e+02 7.495025e+02
```

**c.** Calculate the coefficient of multiple determination  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . How is this measure interpreted here?

```
summary(grocery.lm)
```

#### Call:

lm(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2 + X3, data = grocery)

### Residuals:

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#### Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) 4.150e+03 1.956e+02 21.220 < 2e-16 \*\*\*

X1 7.871e-04 3.646e-04 2.159 0.0359 \*

X2 -1.317e+01 2.309e+01 -0.570 0.5712

X3 6.236e+02 6.264e+01 9.954 2.94e-13 \*\*\*

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 143.3 on 48 degrees of freedom

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