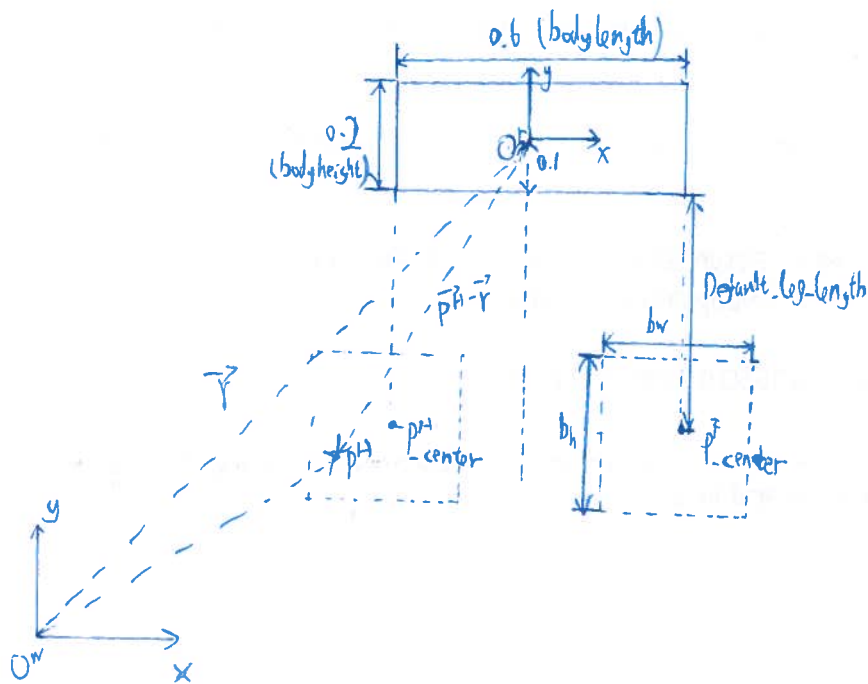


Kinematics Constraint - Bounding Box Formulation - used in Winkler's work



O^r : origin of the robot frame

O^w : origin of the world frame

\vec{r} : robot CoM state

$\vec{p}^H - \vec{r}$: End-effector vector in world frame

$R(\theta)(\vec{p}^H - \vec{r})$: transform to robot frame

$R(\theta)$: rotation matrix

b_w : width of the bounding box

b_h : height of the bounding box

Center Position of front leg: $\vec{p}^F_{\text{center}} = (\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{body-length}, -(\frac{1}{2} \text{body height} + \text{default-leg-length}))$
(in local robot frame)

Center Position of Hind leg: $\vec{p}^H_{\text{center}} = (-\frac{1}{2} \text{body-length}, -(\frac{1}{2} \text{body height} + \text{default-leg-length}))$
(in local robot frame)

Kinematics Constraint: ~~$R(\theta) \cdot [\vec{p}^F - \vec{r}]$~~

$$R(\theta) \cdot [\vec{p}^F - \vec{r}] - \vec{p}^F_{\text{center}} \leq \vec{b}$$

~~$$R(\theta) \cdot [\vec{p}^F - \vec{r}] - \vec{p}^F_{\text{center}} \leq \vec{b}$$~~

$$\vec{b} = [b_w, b_h]^T$$

\Downarrow

$$-\vec{b}/2 \leq R(\theta) \cdot (\vec{p}^F - \vec{r}) - \vec{p}^F_{\text{center}} \leq \vec{b}/2$$

$$-\begin{bmatrix} b_w \\ b_h \end{bmatrix} / 2$$

$$\leq \begin{bmatrix} b_w \\ b_h \end{bmatrix} / 2$$

$$\text{leg-vector}^r = [P\tilde{r}_x - x; P\tilde{r}_y - y]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) \cdot (P\tilde{r}_x - x) + \sin(\theta) \cdot (P\tilde{r}_y - y) \\ -\sin(\theta) \cdot (P\tilde{r}_x - x) + \cos(\theta) \cdot (P\tilde{r}_y - y) \end{bmatrix}$$