NIRMALA MEMORIAL FOUNDATION COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND COMMERCE

KANDIVALI (E)



PRACTICAL JOURNAL

OF

USIT5P6 – Enterprise Java Practical

NAME: SANKALP SHATANAND SHUKLA

CLASS/DIVISION: $\underline{TYIT-A}$ SEMESTER: \underline{V}

ROLL NO: 40

UNIVERSITY SEAT NO: 20TIT117



Nirmala Memorial Foundation College of Commerce and Science

Affiliated to university of Mumbai

Accredited by NAAC with B++ CGPA:2.80



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that M	fr. SANKALP SHAT	CANAND SHUKLA
Seat no: 20TIT117 , str	udent of T.Y.B.Sc. Inform	mation Technology -
Semester V has com	pleted the necessary practic	cals in USIT5P6
Enterprise Java Pr	actical during the academ	nic year 2022-23 .
Professor in Charge		Head of Department

Nirmala Memorial Foundation College of Commerce and Science

TYIT –Semester – V Course –Enterprise Java (EJ) INDEX

Sr. No.		Title	Date	Signature
	•	Create a simple calculator application using servlet.		
1	•	Create a servlet for a login page. If the username and	08/07/2022	
		password are correct then it says message "Hello" else a		
		message "login failed"		
	•	Create a registration servlet in Java using JDBC. Accept the		
		details such as Username, Password, Email, and Country		
		from the user using HTML Form and store the registration	15/07/2022	
		details in the database.	, ,	
2	•	Using Request Dispatcher Interface create a Servlet which		
		will validate the password entered by the user, if the user		
		has entered "Servlet" as password, then he will be	25/07/2022	
		forwarded to Welcome Servlet else the user will stay on the		
		index.html page and an error message will be displayed.net		
	•	Create a servlet that uses Cookies to store the number of		
3		times a user has visited servlet.	01/08/2022	
	•	Create a servlet demonstrating the use of session creation		
		and destruction. Also check whether the user has visited	03/08/2022	
		this page first time or has visited earlier also using sessions.	03/00/2022	
	•	Develop a simple JSP application to display values obtained		
		from the use of intrinsic objects of various types.		
4	•	Create a registration and login JSP application to register	08/08/2022	
		and authenticate the user based on username and		
		password using JDBC.		
5	•	Create an html page with fields, eno, name, age, desg,		
		salary. Now on submit this data to a JSP page which will	10/08/2022	
		update the employee table of database with matching eno		
6		Create a ISD page to demonstrate the use of Eugrassica	10/08/2022	
	•	Create a JSP page to demonstrate the use of Expression	10/08/2022	
		language.	23/08/2022	
		Create a JSP application to demonstrate the use of JSTL.	· ,	
7	•	Write a program to demonstrate the use of java bean using		
		<usebean> tag</usebean>	28/09/2022	
		accedir tug		

Practical No 1(a)

Aim: Create a simple calculator application using servlet.

Source Code:

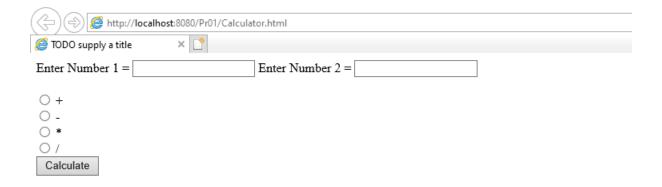
response)

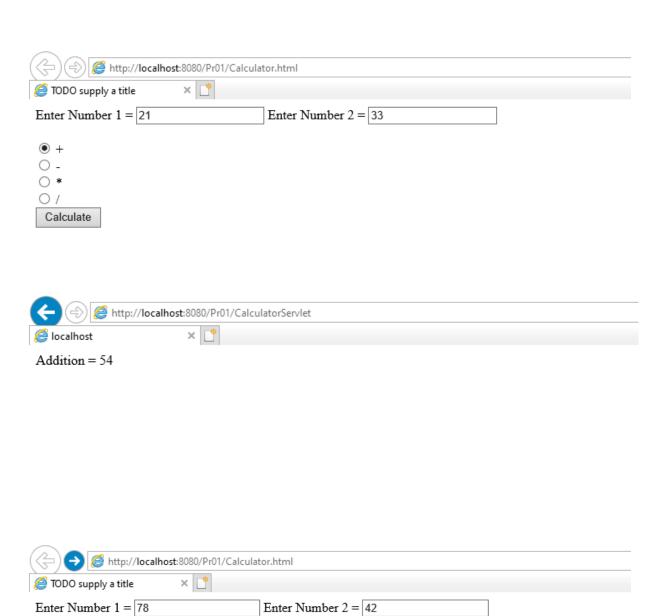
Calculator.html

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>TODO supply a title</title>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  </head>
  <body>
    <form name="Calculator" method="post"</pre>
action="http://localhost:8080/Pr01/CalculatorServlet">
      Enter Number 1 = <input type="text" name="t1" value="">
      Enter Number 2 = <input type="text" name="t2" value="">
      <div>
      <br><input type="radio" name="r1" value="Add"> +
      <br><input type="radio" name="r1" value="Subtract"> -
      <br><input type="radio" name="r1" value="Multiplication"> *
      <br><input type="radio" name="r1" value="Division"> /
      <br><input type="Submit" value="Calculate">
      </div>
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
                                CalculatorServlet.java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/CalculatorServlet"})
public class CalculatorServlet extends HttpServlet {
```

protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse

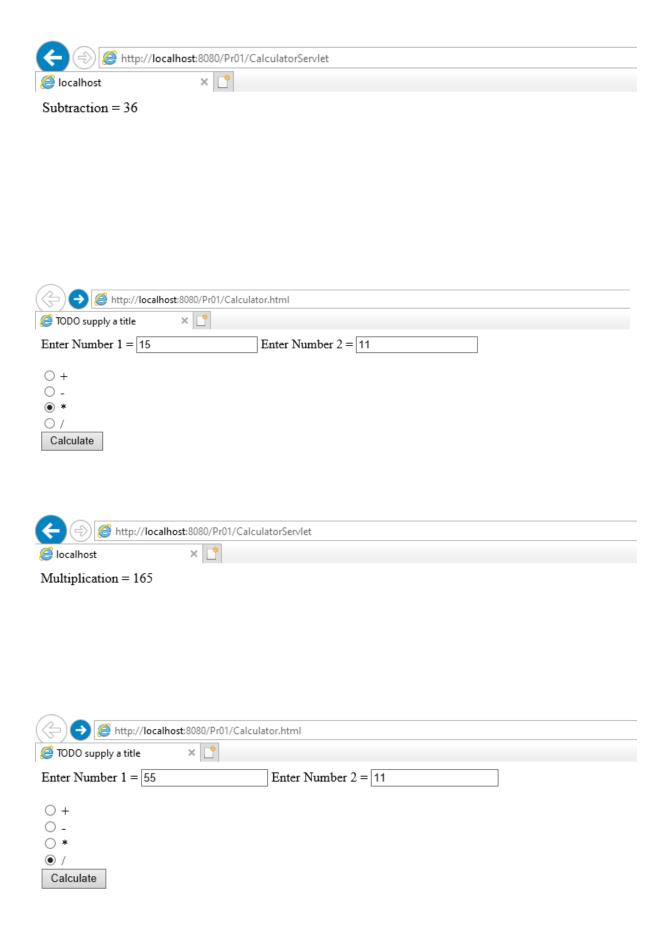
```
throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      String s1 = request.getParameter("t1");
      int num1 = Integer.parseInt(s1);
      String s2 = request.getParameter("t2");
      int num2 = Integer.parseInt(s2);
      String op = request.getParameter("r1");
      if(op.equals("Add")){
         int sum = num1 + num2;
         out.println("Addition = "+ sum);
      }
      else if(op.equals("Subtract")){
         int sub = num1 - num2;
         out.println("Subtraction = "+ sub);
      }
      else if(op.equals("Multiplication")){
         int mult = num1 * num2;
         out.println("Multiplication = "+ mult);
      }
      else if(op.equals("Division")){
         double div = num1 / num2;
         out.println("Division = "+ div);
      }
    }
  }
}
```

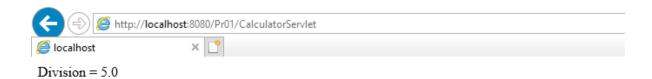




0 +

O *
O /
Calculate





Practical No 1(b)

Aim: Create a servlet for login page. If the username and password are correct then it says message "Hello" else a message "login failed".

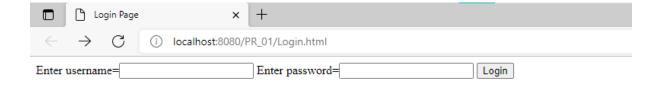
Source Code:

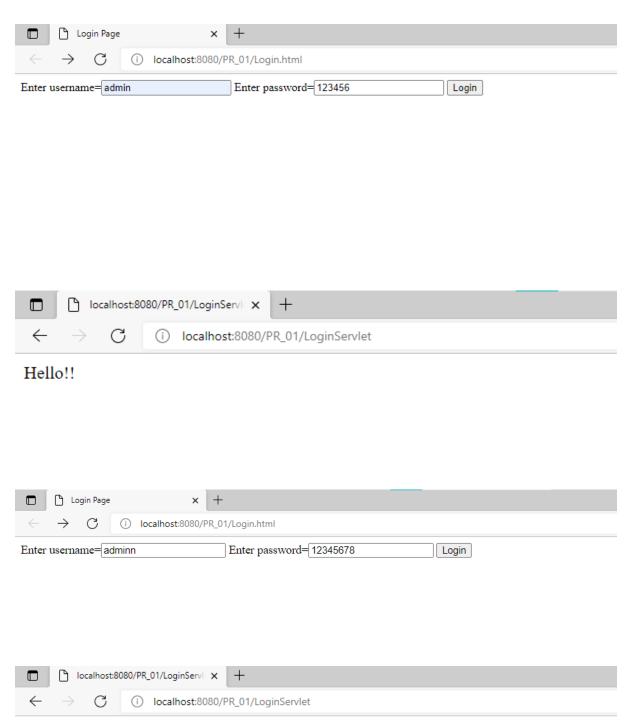
Login.html

LoginServlet.java

```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
```

```
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/LoginServlet"})
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      String uname=request.getParameter("t1");
      String pswd=request.getParameter("t2");
      if(uname.equals("admin")&&pswd.equals("123456"))
      {
        out.println("Hello!!");
      }
      else
      {
        out.println("Login Failed");
      }
    }
  }
}
```





Login Failed

Practical No 2(a)

Aim: Create a registration servlet in Java using JDBC. Accept the details such as Username, Password, Email, and Country from the user using HTML Form and store the registration details in the database.

Source Code:

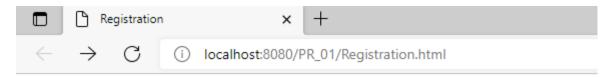
Registration.html

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Registration</title>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  </head>
  <body>
    <h3>User Registration Form</h3>
    <form name="Register" method="post"</pre>
action="http://localhost:8080/PR_01/RegistrationServlet">
      username: <input type="text" name="t1" value=""><br>
      password : <input type="text" name="t2" value=""><br><br>
      email: <input type="text" name="t3" value=""><br><br>
      Country: <input type="text" name="t4" value=""><br><br>
      <input type="submit" value="Register">
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

RegistrationServlet.java

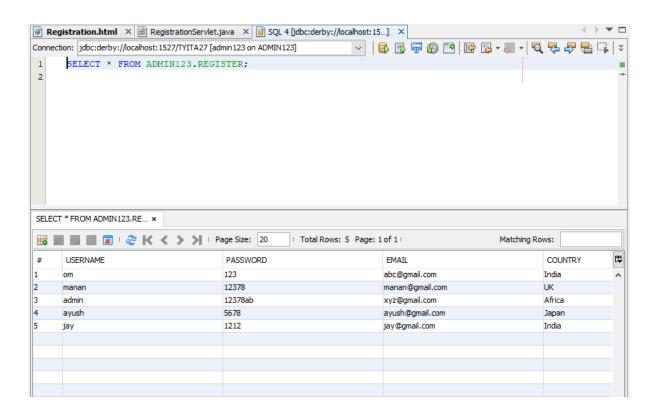
```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.sql.*;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.logging.Level;
import java.util.logging.Logger;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
```

```
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/RegistrationServlet"})
public class RegistrationServlet extends HttpServlet {
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
      throws ServletException, IOException, ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      Class.forName("org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver");
      Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/TYIT_A40", "Sankalp", "1234");
      String s1 = request.getParameter("t1");
      String s2 = request.getParameter("t2");
      String s3 = request.getParameter("t3");
      String s4 = request.getParameter("t4");
      String query = "insert into register values(?,?,?,?)";
      PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(query);
      pstmt.setString(1, s1);
      pstmt.setString(2, s2);
      pstmt.setString(3, s3);
      pstmt.setString(4, s4);
      int i = pstmt.executeUpdate();
      out.println("Record Added");
    }
 }
}
```



User Registration Form

username :
password :
email :
Country:
Register



Practical No 2(b)

Aim: Using Request Dispatcher interface create a Servlet which will validate the password entered by the user, if the user has entered "Servlet" as password, then he will be forwarded to Welcome Servlet else the user will stay on the index.html page and an error message will be displayed.

Source Code:

Login.html

LoginServlet.java

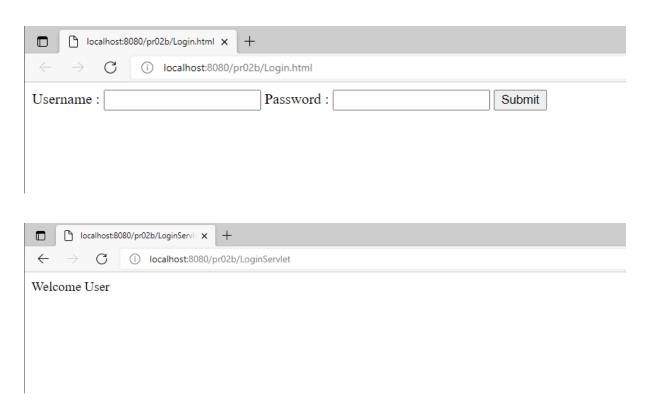
```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/LoginServlet"})
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
```

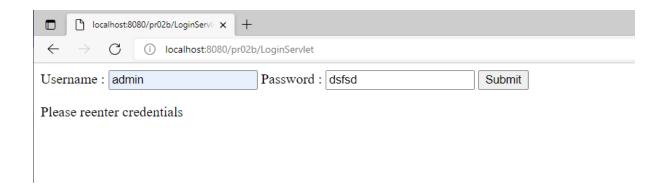
```
protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      String uname = request.getParameter("t1");
      String pswd = request.getParameter("t2");
      RequestDispatcher rd =
request.getRequestDispatcher("/WelcomeServlet");
      if (pswd.equalsIgnoreCase("servlet")) {
        rd.forward(request, response);
      } else {
        RequestDispatcher rd1 =
request.getRequestDispatcher("\\Login.html");
        rd1.include(request, response);
        out.println("Please reenter credentials");
    }
  }
}
```

WelcomeServlet.java

```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/WelcomeServlet"})
```

```
public class WelcomeServlet extends HttpServlet {
   protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
      response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
      try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
        out.println("Welcome User");
      }
   }
}
```





Practical No 3(a)

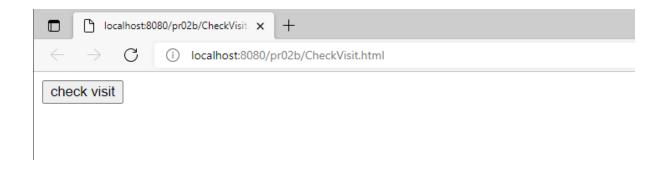
Aim: Create a servlet that uses cookies to store the number of times a user has visited servlet.

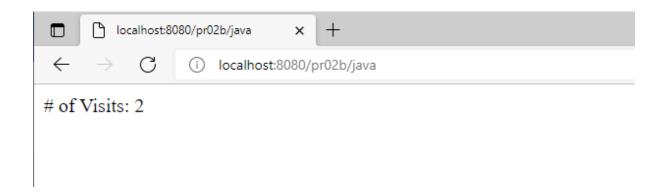
Source Code:

CheckVisit.html

import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;

```
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import\ javax. servlet. http. Http Servlet Response;
@WebServlet(name = "java", urlPatterns = {"/java"})
public class VisitCookie extends HttpServlet {
int hitcount = 0;
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
String cvisit = String.valueOf(hitcount);
      Cookie c = new Cookie("Visit", cvisit);
      response.addCookie(c);
      int j = Integer.parseInt(c.getValue());
      if (i == 1) {
         out.println("User has visited this page for the first time");
      }
      else {
         out.println("# of visits: " + j);
      ++hitcount;
    }
Output:
```





Practical No 3(b)

Aim: Create a servlet demonstrating the use of session creation and destruction. Also check whether the user has visited this page first time or has visited earlier also using sessions.

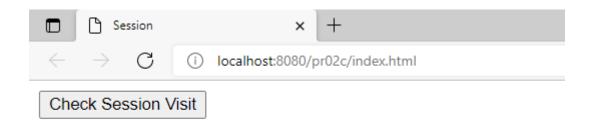
Source Code:

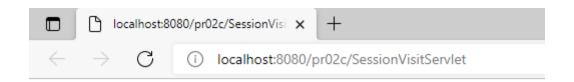
Index.html

SessionVisitServlet.java

```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.util.Date;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpSession;
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/SessionVisitServlet"})
public class SessionVisitServlet extends HttpServlet {
  HttpSession session;
  int countVisit = 0;
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      /* TODO output your page here. You may use following sample code. */
      session = request.getSession(true);
      out.println("<BR></BR> Sesion is created: " + session.getId());
```

```
out.println("<BR></BR> Session Creation Time: " + new
Date(session.getCreationTime()));
      if (countVisit == 0) {
         session.setAttribute("Visit", String.valueOf(countVisit));
         out.println("<BR></BR> Welcome! It's your first " +
session.getAttribute("Visit") + " visit..");
      } else {
         session.setAttribute("Visit", String.valueOf(countVisit));
         out.println("<BR></BR> You Visited this page " +
session.getAttribute("Visit") + " times");
      }
      ++countVisit;
    }
    session.invalidate();
    //countVisit = 0;
  }
}
```

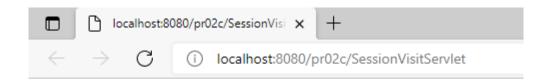




Sesion is created: 7e656a2c5ee40ffbadaf134fc924

Session Creation Time: Fri Jul 29 08:30:54 IST 2022

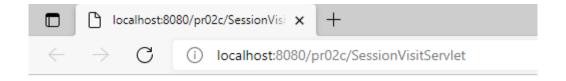
Welcome! It's your first 0 visit..



Sesion is created: 7e89e55acbf8aa8392f88e97d1a2

Session Creation Time: Fri Jul 29 08:33:23 IST 2022

You Visited this page 1 times



Sesion is created: 7e8d69d5b8eab70c6e5c123d62c4

Session Creation Time: Fri Jul 29 08:33:37 IST 2022

You Visited this page 2 times

Practical No 4(a)

Aim: Create a registration and login JSP application to register and authenticate the user based on username and password using JDBC.

Source Code:

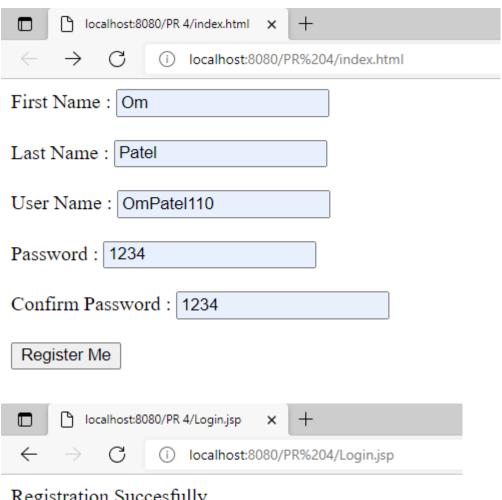
Register.html

Register.jsp

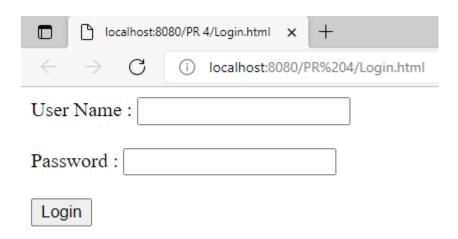
```
Class.forName("org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver");
      Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/TYIT A40",
"Sankalp", "1234");
      String fn = request.getParameter("t1");
      String lastn = request.getParameter("t2");
      String usern = request.getParameter("t3");
      String pswd = request.getParameter("t4");
      String cpswd = request.getParameter("t5");
      if (!(pswd.equals(cpswd))) {
        out.println("Password and Confirm Password are not matching");
      }
      PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement("insert into Register
" + "values(?,?,?,?)");
      pstmt.setString(1, fn);
      pstmt.setString(2, lastn);
      pstmt.setString(3, usern);
      pstmt.setString(4, pswd);
      pstmt.setString(5, cpswd);
      int i=pstmt.executeUpdate();
      out.println("Registration Succesfully");
      %>
</html>
                                  Login.html
<html>
  <body>
    <form name ="User Registration" method="post"</pre>
action="http://localhost:8080/PR%204/Login.jsp">
```

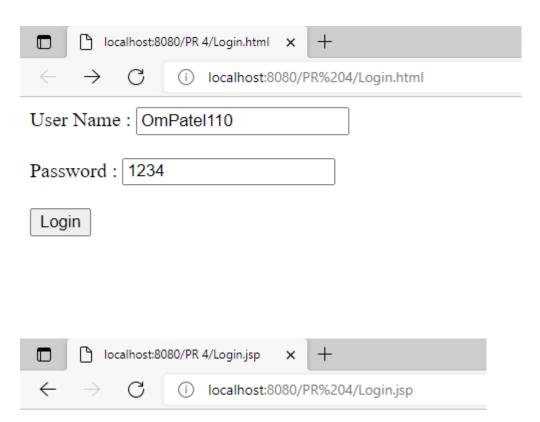
```
User Name : <input type="text" name="t1" value=""><BR></BR>
      Password : <input type="text" name="t2" value=""><BR></BR>
      <input type="submit" value="Login">
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
                                 Login.jsp
<%--
  Document : Login
  Created on: Aug 2, 2022, 8:26:22 AM
  Author : comp83
--%>
<%@page import="java.sql.*"%>
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <body>
    <%
      Class.forName("org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver");
      Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/tyita26",
"ompatel", "ompatel");
      String usern = request.getParameter("t1");
      String pswd = request.getParameter("t2");
      PreparedStatement pstmt=con.prepareStatement("select * from
register "+"where username=? and password=?");
      pstmt.setString(1, usern);
      pstmt.setString(2, pswd);
```

```
ResultSet rs=pstmt.executeQuery();
      if(rs.next()){
        out.println("Login Successfully");
      }
      else{
        out.println("Invalid Credentials");
    %>
  </body>
</html>
       localhost:8080/PR 4/index.html ×
                    (i) localhost:8080/PR%204/index.html
 First Name:
 Last Name:
 User Name:
 Password:
 Confirm Password:
  Register Me
```

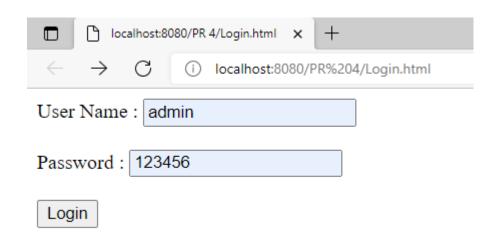


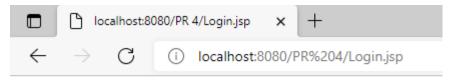
Registration Successfully





Login Successfully





Invalid Credentials

Practical No 4(b)

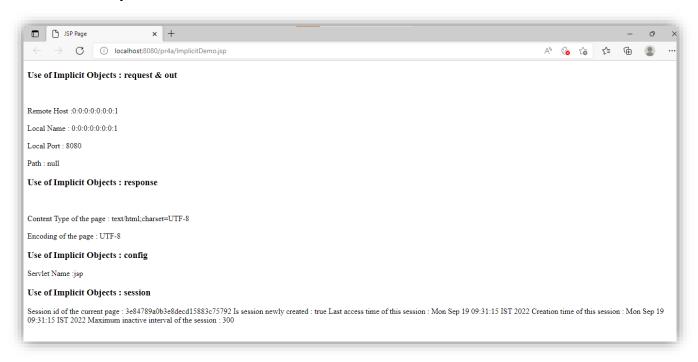
Aim: Develop a simple JSP application to display values obtained from the use of intrinsic objects of various types.

Source Code:

```
Index.html
```

ImplicitDemo.jsp

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;</pre>
charset=UTF-8">
          <title>JSP Page</title>
        </head>
        <body>
          <h3>Use of Implicit Objects : request & out </h3>
          <%
          String str=request.getRemoteHost();
          out.println("<BR></BR>Remote Host:" + str);
          String localname=request.getLocalName();
          out.println("<BR></BR>Local Name: " + localname);
          int localport=request.getLocalPort();
          out.println("<BR></BR>Local Port: " + localport);
          String path=request.getPathInfo();
          out.println("<BR></BR>Path: " + path);
          %>
          <h3>Use of Implicit Objects: response </h3>
          <%
            out.println("<BR></BR>Content Type of the page: " +
response.getContentType());
            out.println("<BR></BR>Encoding of the page: " +
response.getCharacterEncoding());
            //response.getRedirect("https://www.google.co.in/");
          %>
          <h3>Use of Implicit Objects : config </h3>
          <%
            out.println("Servlet Name:" + config.getServletName());
          %>
          <h3>Use of Implicit Objects: session </h3>
          <%
            out.println("Session id of the current page: " + session.getId());
            out.println("Is session newly created: " + session.isNew());
            out.println("Last access time of this session: " + new
Date(session.getLastAccessedTime()));
```



Practical No 5(a)

Aim: Create an HTML page with fields, eno, name, age, desg, salary. Now on submit this data to a JSP page which will update the employee table of database with matching eno.

Source Code:

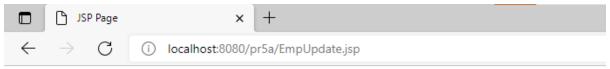
Index.html

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Update Records</title>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Employee Details</h1>
    <form name="f1" method="post"</pre>
action="http://localhost:8080/pr5a/EmpUpdate.jsp">
      Employee No=<input type="text" name="t1" value=""><br></br>
      Employee Name=<input type="text" name="t2" value=""><br></br>
      Age=<input type="text" name="t3" value=""><br></br>
      Designation=<input type="text" name="t4" value=""><br></br>
      Salary=<input type="text" name="t5" value=""><br></br>
      <input type="submit" value="update">
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

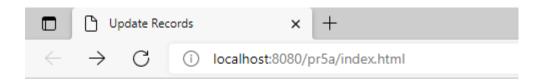
EmpUpdate.jsp

```
<%@page import="java.sql.*"%>
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
```

```
<head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <title>JSP Page</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <%
      Class.forName("org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver");
      Connection
con=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/"TYIT_A40",
"Sankalp", "admin");
      String en=request.getParameter("t1");
      String ename=request.getParameter("t2");
      int age=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("t3"));
      String des=request.getParameter("t4");
      int sal=Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("t5"));
      PreparedStatement ps=con.prepareStatement("UPDATE EMPLOYEE SET
EMP NAME = ?,AGE = ?,DESIGNATION = ?,SAL = ? where EMP NO = ?");
      ps.setString(1, ename);
      ps.setInt(2, age);
      ps.setString(3, des);
      ps.setInt(4, sal);
      ps.setString(5, en);
      int i = ps.executeUpdate();
      out.println(+i+"Row Updated");
    %>
  </body>
</html>
```



1Row Updated



Employee Details

Employee No= 14

Employee Name= xxx

Age= 11

Designation=xxx

Salary= 1111

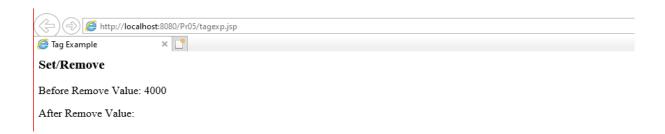
update

Practical No 6(a)

Aim: Create a JSP page to demonstrate the use of Expression language.

Source Code:

TagExample.jsp



Practical No 6(b)

Aim: Create a JSTL application to demonstrate the use of JSTL.

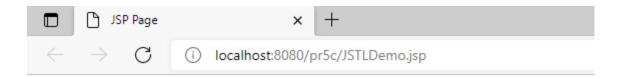
Source Code:

Index.html

JSTLDemo.jsp

```
<h3>Use of 'if'</h3>
<c:if test = "${number%2==0}">
  <c:out value = "Even Number" />
</c:if>
<h3>Use of 'forEach'</h3>
<c:forEach var = "i" begin = "1" end = "5">
  Item <c:out value = "${i}"/>
</c:forEach>
<h3>Use of 'forToken'</h3>
<c:forTokens items = "Java#LA#AWP#SPM#IOT" delims = "#" var = "name">
  <c:out value = "${name}"/>
</c:forTokens>
<h3>Use of Choose/when/otherwise</h3>
<c:set var = "salary" scope = "session" value = "${2000*2}"/>
Your salary is : <c:out value = "${salary}"/>
<c:choose>
  <c:when test="${salary <=0}">
    Salary is very low.
  </c:when>
  <c:when test="${salary > 1000}">
    Salary is good.
  </c:when>
  <c:otherwise>
    No comments....
  </c:otherwise>
</c:choose>
    <h3>2. Formatting Tags</h3>
    <h2>Number Format</h2>
```

```
<c:set var="balance" value="120000.2309"/>
        Formatted Number (1):<fmt:formatNumber value="${balance}"</p>
type="currency" />
        Formatted Number (2):<fmt:formatNumber type="number"</p>
maxIntegerDigits="3" value="${balance}" />
        Formatted Number (3):<fmt:formatNumber type="number"</p>
maxFractionDigits="3" value="${balance}" />
        Formatted Number (4):<fmt:formatNumber type="percent"</p>
minFractionDigits="10" value="${balance}" />
        Currency in USA:
        <fmt:setLocale value="en US"/>
        <fmt:formatNumber value="${balance}" type="currency"/>
        <h2>3. Functional Tags</h2>
        <c:set var="string1" value="This if first String."/>
        Length of String(1): ${fn:length(string1)}
        <c:if test="${fn:contains(string1, 'is')}">
          Found substring
        </c:if>
        <c:set var="string2" value="${fn:substringBefore(string1,'first')}"/>
        Final sub string before first : ${string1} </body>
</html>
```



1. Core Tags

Use of 'if'

Even Number

Use of 'forEach'

Item 1

Item 2

Item 3

Item 4

Item 5

Use of 'forToken'

Java

LA

AWP

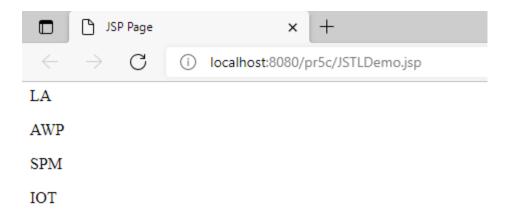
SPM

TOI

Use of Choose/when/otherwise

Your salary is: 4000

Salary is good.



Use of Choose/when/otherwise

Your salary is: 4000

Salary is good.

2. Formatting Tags

Number Format

Formatted Number (1):\$120,000.23

Formatted Number (2):000.231

Formatted Number (3):120,000.231

Formatted Number (4):12,000,023.0900000000%

Currency in USA: \$120,000.23

3. Functional Tags

Length of String(1): 21

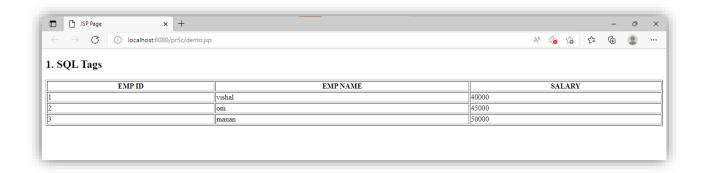
Found substring

Final sub string before first: This if first String.

Demo.jsp(sql tags)

<%@ taglib prefix="sql" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/sql" %>
<%@ taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>

```
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
   <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
   <title>JSP Page</title>
 </head>
 <body>
   <h2>1. SQL Tags</h2>
       <sql:setDataSource var="snapshot"
driver="org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver"
url="jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/OMPATEL" user="OMPATEL"
password="OMPATEL"/>
       <sql:query dataSource="${snapshot}" var="result">
        SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE
        </sql:query>
        EMP ID
            EMP NAME
            SALARY
          <c:forEach var="row" items="${result.rows}">
            <c:out value="${row.emp_id}" />
              <c:out value="${row.emp name}" />
              <c:out value="${row.salary}" />
            </c:forEach>
        </body>
</html>
```



Practical No 7(a)

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate the use of java bean using <useBean> tag.

Source Code:

StudentBean.java

```
public class StudentBean implements java.io.Serializable{
  public StudentBean() {
  }
  private String SName;
  private int age;

public String getSName() {
    return SName;
  }

public void setSName(String SName) {
```

this.SName = SName;

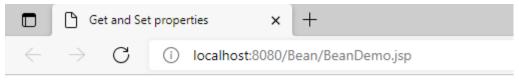
}

```
public int getAge() {
    return age;
}

public void setAge(int age) {
    this.age = age;
}
```

BeanDemo.jsp

```
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <title>JSP Page</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <jsp:useBean id="students" class="Test.StudentBean">
      <jsp:setProperty name="students" property="SName" value="Daniel" />
      <jsp:setProperty name="students" property="age" value="10" />
    </jsp:useBean>
    student First Name:
    <jsp:getProperty name="students" property="SName"/>
    student Age:
      <jsp:getProperty name="students" property="age"/>
    </body>
</html>
```



student First Name: Daniel

student Age: 10