Cotton and cereal grains other than wheat and triticale can be planted 180 days after the last application of Aproach Prima Fungicide.

All other crops can be planted 270 days after the last application of Aproach Prima Fungicide.

#### Important Precautions

Not all crops within a crop group, and not all varieties, cultivars or hybrids of crops, have been individually tested for crop safety. It is not possible to evaluate for crop safety all applications of Aproach Prima on all crops within a crop group, on all varieties, cultivars, or hybrids of those crops, or under all environmental conditions and growing circumstances. To test for crop safety, apply the product in accordance with the label instructions to a small area of the target crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur, especially where the application is a new use of the product by the applicator.

### **Equipment Cleaning**

Prior to application, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water. Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. **DO NOT** clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation.

Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

# **Post-Emergence Application Timing and Use Rates**

Table 1: Aproach Prima Fungicide Labeled Crop and Crop Groups, Pre-Harvest Intervals, Maximum Single Application Rates, and Total Crop Use Rates.

Crop	Minimum Time from last Application to Harvest (PHI days or crop stage)	Maximum Rate per Acre Application (fluid ounces product)	Maximum Product per Acre per Year (fluid ounces product)
Cereals: wheat and triticale only	45- days, grain 21- days, hay and forage	6.8	6.8
Corn: field, seed	30-days grain and ear, 21-days, silage	6.8	6.8
Peanut	30-days, pods and hay	6.8	13.6
Soybean forage, hay and grain	14-days forage, hay 30-days grain	6.8	13.6 (grain) 6.8 (forage and hay)

## **Aproach Prima Fungicide Use Rate Conversions**

Fluid Ounces Product	Pounds Active Ingredient Cyproconazole	Pounds Active Ingredient Picoxystrobin
3.4	0.018	0.044
5.0	0.026	0.065
6.8	0.036	0.088
13.6	0.072	0.176

Table 2: Aproach Prima Fungicide Specific Crop/Crop Group Disease Treatment Use Rates, and Treatment Instructions.

0	Disease Controlled on Communicated	Rate (fluid ounces product	To a to a set to a to a to a to a
Coroals:	Disease Controlled or Suppressed  Leaf and glume blotch	per acre)	Treatment Instructions  Apply early season for preventive
Cereals: Wheat and triticale only	(Stagonospora spp., Septoria spp.) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. tritici) Tan spot (Pyrenophora tritici repentis)	3.4	disease control/suppression. One additional application may be made depending on disease and environmental conditions.
	Black point (Alternaria spp, Helminthosporium spp.) Leaf and glume blotch (Stagonospora spp., Septoria spp.) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. tritici) Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Spot blotch (Cochliobolus sativus) Tan spot (Pyrenophora tritici repentis)	3.4 to 6.8	Begin applications prior to disease development. Use the higher specified rate when disease pressure is high.  To optimize yields in wheat and triticale, it is important to protect the flag leaf from foliar diseases. For optimizing yield and flag leaf disease control, apply Aproach Prima Fungicide at Feeke's 9, 'flag leaf out'.
	Disease suppression Scab (Fusarium spp.)		

## Restrictions

- The minimum re-treatment interval in cereals for Aproach Prima Fungicide is 14 days.
- Minimum time (PHI) between the last application and harvest for grain is 45-days and for forage or hay is 21-days.
- DO NOT exceed 6.8 fluid ounces product (0.036 lb cyproconazole; 0.055 lb picoxystrobin) per acre per application.
- DO NOT exceed 6.8 fluid ounces product per acre per year.
- DO NOT exceed two applications of product per year.
- When applied alone or in combination with other products containing picoxystrobin, DO NOT apply more than 0.585 pounds of picoxystrobin active
  ingredient per acre per year to wheat and triticale.
- When applied alone or in combination with other products containing cyproconazole, DO NOT apply more than 0.036 pounds of active ingredient cyproconazole per acre per year to wheat and triticale.