1. The “Reality” of Neoliberalism: Neocolonialism

A. Neoliberalism is really “profit over people”

1. Neoliberalism is a set of policies and practices that

create an environment of profit taking for multi-national corporations .

2. Neoliberalism’s ideology is a justification for furthering the power and wealth of mncs and dominance of first world countries over others.

3. the so-called globalization process is controlled and directed by MNCs and wealthiest nations. (G8, G20)

a. not natural

b. not inevitable

c. TAA

4. global village: is a system of domination and exploitation

5. utopian capitalist world system will be a utopia for the few.

a. capitalism historically has not been embraced but forced

on people

b. technology allows for greater integration, but also greater

control by those who control technology

6. “process” has been going on for 500 years +

7. neoliberalism is colonialism in new form: neocolonialism

B. Colonialism: period between 1492 and WWII during which W. European conquered or controlled world and created empire.

1. early colonialism: Spain, Portugal, Netherlands

2. later colonialism: England, France, Belgium, Germany

3: Goals

a. natural resources

i. gold, silver, ivory

ii. rubber, copper, tin, iron

iii. tobacco, cotton

iv. sugar, tea, coffee, cocoa, bananas

v. grain and meat

vi. oil

b. cheap labor

i. forced

ii. slave

c. open markets

d. keep subjects of empire in subordinate position

e. Three stories

i. Haiti

ii. Congo

iii. India

4. Means

a. military conquest

b. political control

i. establish an indigenous elite

imperial education

property laws

ii. exclusionary laws: Jim Crow laws

iii. force: “not like us, only know force.”

c. economy: organize economy to benefit the colonizer and control colonial development

i. export raw materials

i. mines

ii. raw materials

iii. food stuffs

ii. develop infrastructure for export

iii. coercive non-industrialization

iv. import commodities: food and clothes

v. support the development of an indigenous trading and financial class that would benefit from above

d. pacify dissident elements of the colonial population

i. education

ii. media

iii. force

e. transform cultural practices

i. religion

ii. clothes

iii. marriage, sex and family

iv. identity: “citizens of the empire”

d. legitimation: Necessary Illusions for Manufacturing Consent

i. nationalism

ii. race

white man’s burden

Social Darwinism

iii.. “wealth and success”

5. Consequences (history in the present)

a. wealth to colonizer, poverty and maldevelopment to the colony

creation of dependent economic system

b. destruction of traditions of governance

c. destruction of cultures

d. destruction of the environment

e. genocide and ethnic cleansing

f. WWI and WWII and breakdown of colonialism

C. Post-colonialism: Restructuring the global system

1. movements of national liberation

2. grand strategy and friendly dictators

3. three stories

a. Iran

b. Guatemala

c. Chile

d. Vietnam

D. The Global Power Structure of Neocolonialism

1. structure

a. Multi-national Corporations (MNCs)

b. First World governments

c. global governing institutions: WTO, World Bank

d. third world elites

e. U.S. military, national militaries, police and paramilitary

f. Multi-National Media

2. Goals: profit

a. cheap labor

b. cheap resources

c. “free” markets

d. infrastructure for export

e. financial liberalization

f. “something new”: land for first world countries

3. Means

a. debt

i. “developmental loans”

elite

infrastructure

military

ii. crisis and then loans

debt bombs

natural disasters

man-made disasters

b. “Structural Adjustment Plans” (aka “shock therapy”)

i. privatize profitable industries at below market value

ii. privatize government services to MNCs

water

transportation

fire, police

. education (or user fees)

health care (or user fees)

iii. deregulation

no subsidies to agriculture

no tariffs

no prices supports

financial deregulation and liberalization

open markets

iv. environment for sweatshops

no unions or labor organizers

no occupational safety and health regulations

no environmental laws

low wages: below subsistence

“export processing zones”

v. cash crops (export crops)

<http://www.truthdig.com/eartotheground/item/ukrainian_president_imf_fun.ds_wont_help_ordinary_ukrainians_20150315>

c. Ideological control: multinational corporate media

i. “news”: global disinformation and infotainment

ii... entertainment: global consumer culture and its global consumers

d. Legal control: WTO and NAFTA Chapter 11 Tribunals

i. undemocratic

ii. no due process

e. State Violence

i. Indonesia

ii. India

f. Corporate violence

i. Shell in Nigeria

ii. Chiquita

iii. Unocal in Burma

iv. Freeport-McMoRan in Indonesia

g. Covert political intervention

i. Venezuela

ii. Bolivia

h. Weapons dealing and an “Empire of Bases”

4. Maldevelopment and increased dependency

a. inequality

b. poverty

c. hunger

d. increased debt burden

e. slavery

f. Planet of Slums