

LCDlib-Ex16

1

Generated by Doxygen 1.7.5

Wed Jun 20 2012 17:32:32

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Chapter 1

Todo List

Global **LCDcommand** (char cmd)

This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

Global **LCDletter** (char data)

This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

delay.c	Routines used to provide delays for the LCD routines	5
delay.h	Declarations for LCD delay routines	8
lcd.h	LCD definitions	12
lcd_intern.h	Definitions used within LCD routines	20
LCDcommand.c	Send a command to the LCD	25
LCDcountedstring.c	Send a specific number of characters to the LCD	27
LCDinit.c	Initialize the LCD	30
LCDletter.c	Send a character to the LCD	33
LCDpulseEnableBit.c	Pulse the LCD enable bit for long enough	36
LCDputs.c	Put a string to the LCD	38

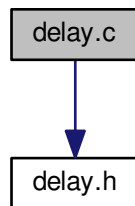
Chapter 3

File Documentation

3.1 delay.c File Reference

Routines used to provide delays for the LCD routines.

`#include "delay.h"` Include dependency graph for delay.c:



Functions

- void `Delay` (unsigned int delay_count)
Delay for a specific count.
- void `Delay_Us` (unsigned int delayUs_count)
Delay for a specified number of microseconds.

Variables

- unsigned int **temp_count**

3.1.1 Detailed Description

Routines used to provide delays for the LCD routines.

Definition in file [delay.c](#).

3.1.2 Function Documentation

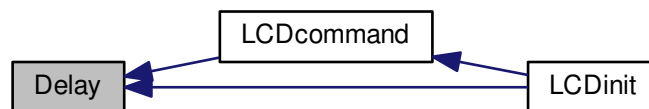
3.1.2.1 void Delay (unsigned int *delay_count*)

Delay for a specific count.

Definition at line 10 of file [delay.c](#).

```
{  
    temp_count = delay_count +1;  
    asm volatile("outer: dec _temp_count");  
    asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");  
    asm volatile("bra z, done");  
    asm volatile("do #3200, inner" );  
    asm volatile("nop");  
    asm volatile("inner: nop");  
    asm volatile("bra outer");  
    asm volatile("done:");  
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



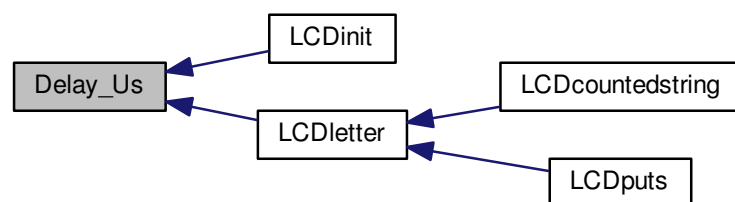
3.1.2.2 void Delay_Us (unsigned int *delayUs_count*)

Delay for a specified number of microseconds.

Definition at line 24 of file [delay.c](#).

```
{
    temp_count = delayUs_count +1;
    asm volatile("outer1: dec _temp_count");
    asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");
    asm volatile("bra z, done1");
    asm volatile("do #1500, inner1" );
    asm volatile("nop");
    asm volatile("inner1: nop");
    asm volatile("bra outer1");
    asm volatile("done1:");
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.2 delay.c

```
00001
00005 #include "delay.h"
00006
00007 unsigned int temp_count;
00008
00010 void Delay( unsigned int delay_count )
00011 {
00012     temp_count = delay_count +1;
00013     asm volatile("outer: dec _temp_count");
00014     asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");
00015     asm volatile("bra z, done");
00016     asm volatile("do #3200, inner" );
00017     asm volatile("nop");
00018     asm volatile("inner: nop");
00019     asm volatile("bra outer");
00020     asm volatile("done:");
00021 }
00022
00024 void Delay_Us( unsigned int delayUs_count )
00025 {
00026     temp_count = delayUs_count +1;
00027     asm volatile("outer1: dec _temp_count");
```

```

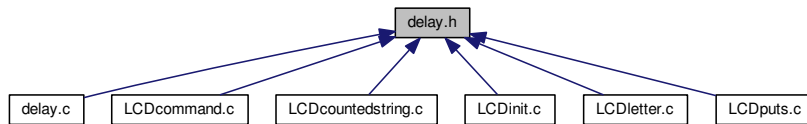
00028     asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");
00029     asm volatile("bra z, done1");
00030     asm volatile("do #1500, inner1" );
00031     asm volatile("nop");
00032     asm volatile("inner1: nop");
00033     asm volatile("bra outer1");
00034     asm volatile("done1:");
00035 }
00036

```

3.3 delay.h File Reference

Declarations for LCD delay routines.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Defines

- `#define Delay200uS_count (Fcy * 0.0002) / 1080`
Counts for a 200 us delay.
- `#define Delay_15mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.015) / 2950`
Counts for a 15 ms delay.
- `#define Delay_1mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.001) / 2950`
Counts for a 1 ms delay.
- `#define Delay_1S_Cnt (Fcy * 1) / 2950`
Counts for a 1 second delay.
- `#define Delay_2mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.002) / 2950`
Counts for a 2 ms delay.
- `#define Delay_5mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.005) / 2950`
Counts for a 5 ms delay.
- `#define Fcy 16000000`
Instruction clock Hz.

Functions

- void [Delay](#) (unsigned int delay_count)
Delay for a specific count.
- void [Delay_Us](#) (unsigned int delayUs_count)
Delay for a specified number of microseconds.

3.3.1 Detailed Description

Declarations for LCD delay routines.

Definition in file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2 Define Documentation

3.3.2.1 `#define Delay200uS_count (Fcy * 0.0002) / 1080`

Counts for a 200 us delay.

Definition at line 15 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.2 `#define Delay_15mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.015) / 2950`

Counts for a 15 ms delay.

Definition at line 23 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.3 `#define Delay_1mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.001) / 2950`

Counts for a 1 ms delay.

Definition at line 17 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.4 `#define Delay_1S_Cnt (Fcy * 1) / 2950`

Counts for a 1 second delay.

Definition at line 25 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.5 `#define Delay_2mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.002) / 2950`

Counts for a 2 ms delay.

Definition at line 19 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.6 #define Delay_5mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.005) / 2950

Counts for a 5 ms delay.

Definition at line 21 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.2.7 #define Fcy 16000000

Instruction clock Hz.

Definition at line 7 of file [delay.h](#).

3.3.3 Function Documentation

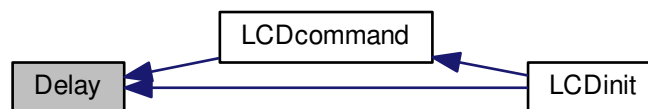
3.3.3.1 void Delay (unsigned int *delay_count*)

Delay for a specific count.

Definition at line 10 of file [delay.c](#).

```
{
    temp_count = delay_count +1;
    asm volatile("outer: dec _temp_count");
    asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");
    asm volatile("bra z, done");
    asm volatile("do #3200, inner" );
    asm volatile("nop");
    asm volatile("inner: nop");
    asm volatile("bra outer");
    asm volatile("done:");
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



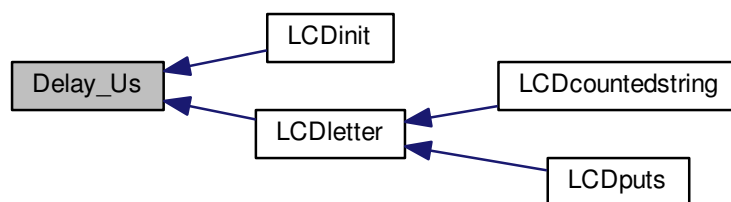
3.3.3.2 void Delay_Us (unsigned int *delayUs_count*)

Delay for a specified number of microseconds.

Definition at line 24 of file [delay.c](#).

```
{
    temp_count = delayUs_count +1;
    asm volatile("outer1: dec _temp_count");
    asm volatile("cp0 _temp_count");
    asm volatile("bra z, done1");
    asm volatile("do #1500, inner1" );
    asm volatile("nop");
    asm volatile("inner1: nop");
    asm volatile("bra outer1");
    asm volatile("done1:");
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.4 delay.h

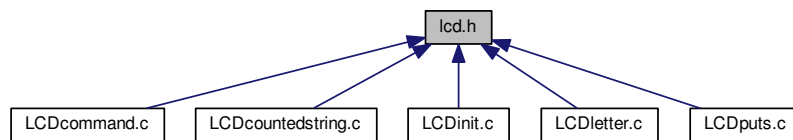
```
00001
00005 //define Fcy 14754600
00007 #define Fcy 16000000
00008
00010 void Delay( unsigned int delay_count );
00012 void Delay_Us( unsigned int delayUs_count );
00013
00015 #define Delay200uS_count (Fcy * 0.0002) / 1080
00016
00017 #define Delay_1mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.001) / 2950
00018
00019 #define Delay_2mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.002) / 2950
00020
00021 #define Delay_5mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.005) / 2950
00022
00023 #define Delay_15mS_Cnt (Fcy * 0.015) / 2950
00024
```

```
00025 #define Delay_1S_Cnt      (Fcy * 1) / 2950
00026
```

3.5 lcd.h File Reference

LCD definitions.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Defines

- `#define LCDclear()` `LCDcommand(0x01)`
Clear the LCD display and home cursor.
- `#define LCDhome()` `LCDcommand(0x02)`
Set the LCD cursor to home.
- `#define LCDleft()` `LCDcommand(0x10)`
Move the LCD cursor to the left.
- `#define LCDline2()` `LCDcommand(0xC0)`
Position the LCD cursor to the second line.
- `#define LCDposition(a)` `LCDcommand(0x80 + (a & 0x7f)`
Set the LCD cursor position.
- `#define LCDright()` `LCDcommand(0x14)`
Move the LCD cursor to the right.
- `#define LCDshift()` `LCDcommand(0x1C)`
Shift the LCD display.

Functions

- `void LCDcommand(char cmd)`
Send a command to the LCD.

- void [LCDcountedstring](#) (unsigned char *data, unsigned char count)
Send a counted string to the LCD.
- void [LCDinit](#) (void)
Initialize the LCD.
- void [LCDletter](#) (char data)
Send a character to the LCD.
- void [LCDputs](#) (char *)
Send a string to the LCD.

3.5.1 Detailed Description

LCD definitions.

Definition in file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2 Define Documentation

3.5.2.1 `#define LCDclear() LCDcommand(0x01)`

Clear the LCD display and home cursor.

Definition at line [27](#) of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.2 `#define LCDhome() LCDcommand(0x02)`

Set the LCD cursor to home.

Definition at line [29](#) of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.3 `#define LCDleft() LCDcommand(0x10)`

Move the LCD cursor to the left.

Definition at line [23](#) of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.4 `#define LCDline2() LCDcommand(0xC0)`

Position the LCD cursor to the second line.

Definition at line [31](#) of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.5 `#define LCDposition(a) LCDcommand(0x80 + (a & 0x7f))`

Set the LCD cursor position.

Definition at line 33 of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.6 `#define LCDright() LCDcommand(0x14)`

Move the LCD cursor to the right.

Definition at line 21 of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.2.7 `#define LCDshift() LCDcommand(0x1C)`

Shift the LCD display.

Definition at line 25 of file [lcd.h](#).

3.5.3 Function Documentation

3.5.3.1 `void LCDcommand (char cmd)`

Send a command to the LCD.

This routine simple sends a data byte to the LCD. The register select pin is set to 0 notifying the LCD that the byte is to be interpreted as a command.

Parameters

<i>cmd</i>	char - Command byte to send to LCD
------------	------------------------------------

Returns

none

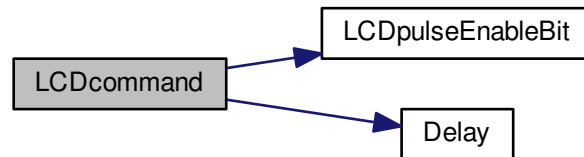
Todo This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

Definition at line 43 of file [LCDcommand.c](#).

```
{
    LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7
    LCD_DATA |= cmd; // command byte to lcd
    LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0
    LCD_RS = 0;
    LCDpulseEnableBit();
}
```

```
    Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay  
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.5.3.2 void LCDcountedstring (unsigned char * *data*, unsigned char *count*)

Send a counted string to the LCD.

In C, strings are always terminated with a null character, so there is no need to count characters. However, it is possible to send something else to the LCD, thinking it is a string when in fact, it is not terminated. Therefore, in embedded applications, it is safer to count characters so the string display is guaranteed to complete no matter what the data.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	unsigned char * - pointing to the string to be displayed
<i>count</i>	int - count of number of characters to send to LCD

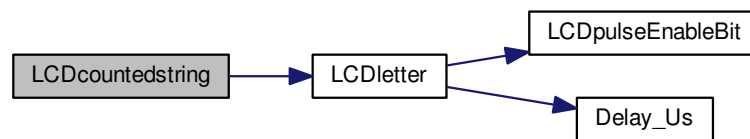
Returns

none

Definition at line 44 of file [LCDcountedstring.c](#).

```
{
    while (count)
    {
        LCDletter(*data++);
        count--;
    }
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.5.3.3 void LCDinit (void)**

Initialize the LCD.

[LCDinit\(\)](#) first delays 15ms to allow the LCD internals to finish responding to power on. This is not always necessary, but typically only happens once in a program. The LCD initialization sequence is then sent, setting the LCD to bit data.

LCD options are then sent, LCD 2 line, 5x7 font, entry mode to not shift, display on, cursor off.

Definition at line 40 of file [LCDinit.c](#).

```
{
    // 15mS delay after Vdd reaches nnVdc before proceeding with LCD
    initialization
    // not always required and is based on system Vdd rise rate
    Delay(Delay_15mS_Cnt); // 15ms delay

    /* set initial states for the data and control pins */
    LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
    LCD_RW = 0; // R/W state set low
    LCD_RS = 0; // RS state set low
}
```

```

LCD_ENABLE = 0; // E state set low

/* set data and control pins to outputs */
LCD_DATATRIS &= 0xFF00;
LCD_RW_TRIS = 0; // RW pin set as output
LCD_RS_TRIS = 0; // RS pin set as output
LCD_ENABLE_TRIS = 0; // E pin set as output

/* 1st LCD initialization sequence */
LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
LCDpulseEnableBit();
Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay

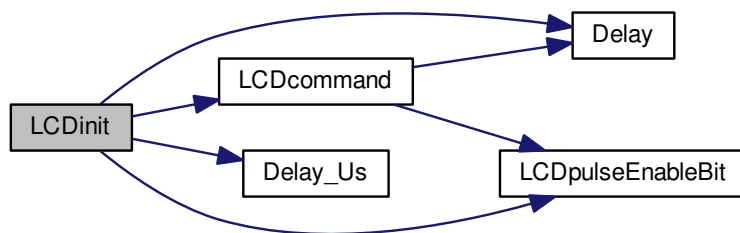
/* 2nd LCD initialization sequence */
LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
LCDpulseEnableBit();
Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay

/* 3rd LCD initialization sequence */
LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
LCDpulseEnableBit();
Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay

// Establish the LCD options
// LCD_FUN_SET | DL_8 | 2_LINE _ 5x7_FONT
LCDcommand(0x38); // function set
// LCD_DISPLAY | DISP_ON | CURS_OFF | BLINK_OFF
LCDcommand(0x0C); // Display on/off control, cursor blink off (0x0C)
// LCD_ENTRY_MODE | DIC_INCR | NO_SHIFT
LCDcommand(0x06); // entry mode set (0x06)
}

```

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.5.3.4 void LCDletter (char data)

Send a character to the LCD.

This routine simply sends a data byte to the LCD. The register select pin is set to 1 notifying the LCD that the byte is to be used as a displayed character.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	char - Character to send to the LCD
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

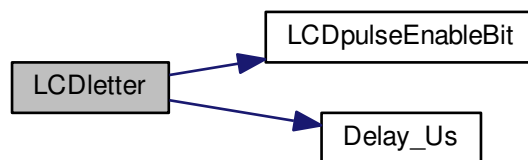
none

Todo This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

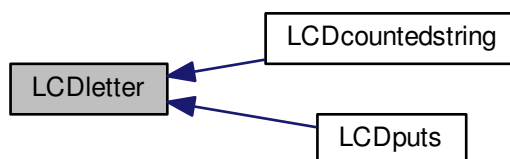
Definition at line 43 of file [LCDletter.c](#).

```
{  
    LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0  
    LCD_RS = 1; // assert register select to 1  
    LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7  
    LCD_DATA |= data; // data byte to lcd  
    LCDpulseEnableBit();  
    LCD_RS = 0; // negate register select to 0  
    Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay  
    Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay  
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.5.3.5 void LCDputs (char * *p*)

Send a string to the LCD.

Sends a null-terminated string to the LCD

Parameters

<i>p</i>	char * - pointer to string to be displayed
----------	--

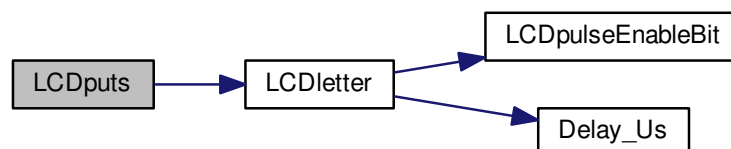
Returns

none

Definition at line 37 of file [LCDputs.c](#).

```
{
    while (*p)
    {
        LCDletter(*p);
        p++;
    }
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.6 lcd.h

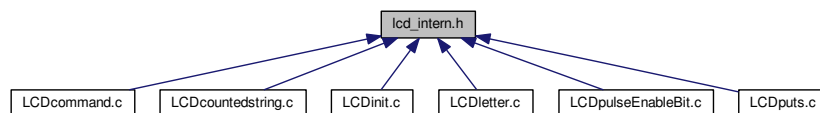
```

00001
00006 /***** LCD FUNCTION PROTOYPES *****/
00007
00009 void LCDinit( void );           // initialize display
00011 void LCDcommand( char cmd );    // write command to lcd
00013 void LCDletter( char data );     // write data to lcd
00015 void LCDcountedstring ( unsigned char *data, unsigned char count );
00017 void LCDputs( char * );
00018
00019 /***** LCD COMMAND FUNCTION PROTOTYPES *****/
00021 #define LCDright()      LCDcommand( 0x14 )
00022
00023 #define LCDleft()       LCDcommand( 0x10 )
00024
00025 #define LCDshift()      LCDcommand( 0x1C )
00026
00027 #define LCDclear()      LCDcommand( 0x01 )
00028
00029 #define LCDhome()       LCDcommand( 0x02 )
00030
00031 #define LCDline2()      LCDcommand( 0xC0 ) // (0xC0)
00032
00033 #define LCDposition(a)  LCDcommand( 0x80 + ( a & 0x7f) )
  
```

3.7 lcd_intern.h File Reference

Definitions used within LCD routines.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Defines

- #define `LCD_DATA` LATE
LCD data port latch.
- #define `LCD_DATAPORT` PORTE
LCD data port.
- #define `LCD_DATATRIS` TRISE
LCD data port direction register.
- #define `LCD_ENABLE` LATDbits.LATD4
LCD Enable pin.
- #define `LCD_ENABLE_TRIS` TRISDbits.TRISD4
LCD Enable direction register bit.
- #define `LCD_RS` LATBbits.LATB15
LCD Register select pin.
- #define `LCD_RS_TRIS` TRISBbits.TRISB15
LCD Register select direction register bit.
- #define `LCD_RW` LATDbits.LATD5
LCD Read/Write pin.
- #define `LCD_RW_TRIS` TRISDbits.TRISD5
LCD Read/Write direction register bit.

Functions

- void `LCDpulseEnableBit` (void)
Toggle the LCD enable bit.

3.7.1 Detailed Description

Definitions used within LCD routines. This file contains definitions of the various connections to the LCD on the Explorer 16 board. They are uninteresting outside the LCD routines.

Definition in file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2 Define Documentation

3.7.2.1 `#define LCD_DATA LATE`

LCD data port latch.

Definition at line 49 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.2 `#define LCD_DATAPORT PORTE`

LCD data port.

Definition at line 51 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.3 `#define LCD_DATATRIS TRISE`

LCD data port direction register.

Definition at line 53 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.4 `#define LCD_ENABLE LATDbits.LATD4`

LCD Enable pin.

Definition at line 37 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.5 `#define LCD_ENABLE_TRIS TRISDbits.TRISD4`

LCD Enable direction register bit.

Definition at line 45 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.6 `#define LCD_RS LATBbits.LATB15`

LCD Register select pin.

Definition at line 35 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.7 #define LCD_RS_TRIS TRISBbits.TRISB15

LCD Register select direction register bit.

Definition at line 43 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.8 #define LCD_RW LATDbits.LATD5

LCD Read/Write pin.

Definition at line 33 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.2.9 #define LCD_RW_TRIS TRISDbits.TRISD5

LCD Read/Write direction register bit.

Definition at line 41 of file [lcd_intern.h](#).

3.7.3 Function Documentation

3.7.3.1 void LCDpulseEnableBit (void)

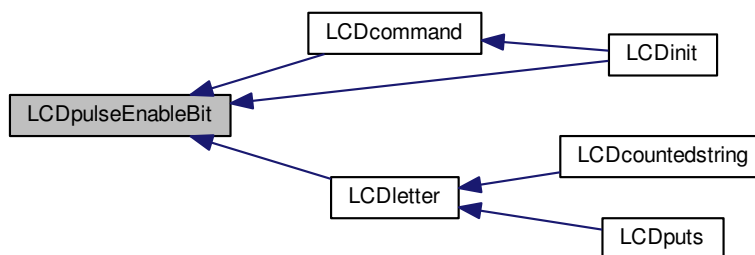
Toggle the LCD enable bit.

Each LCD command is strobed into the device by raising the enable bit for at least 40 microseconds. This routine provides this function to the other functions in the library.

Definition at line 35 of file [LCDpulseEnableBit.c](#).

```
{  
    LCD_ENABLE = 1;  
    Nop();  
    Nop();  
    Nop();  
    LCD_ENABLE = 0; // toggle E signal  
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.8 lcd_intern.h

```

00001
00009 /*
00010  * File:   lcd_intern.h
00011  * Author: jjmcd
00012  *
00013  * Created on June 19, 2012, 12:57 PM
00014  */
00015
00016 #ifndef LCD_INTERN_H
00017 #define LCD_INTERN_H
00018
00019 #ifdef __cplusplus
00020 extern "C" {
00021 #endif
00022
00023 /*
00024  * For Explorer 16 board, here are the data and control signal definitions
00025  * RS -> RB15
00026  * E -> RD4
00027  * LCD_RW -> RD5
00028  * DATA -> RE0 - RE7
00029  */
00030
00031 // Control signal data pins
00032 #define LCD_RW LATDbits.LATD5
00033 #define LCD_RS LATBbits.LATB15
00034 #define LCD_ENABLE LATDbits.LATD4
00035
00036 // Control signal pin direction
00037 #define LCD_RW_TRIS TRISDbits.TRISD5
00038 #define LCD_RS_TRIS TRISBbits.TRISB15
00039 #define LCD_ENABLE_TRIS TRISDbits.TRISD4
00040
00041
00042
00043
00044
00045
00046

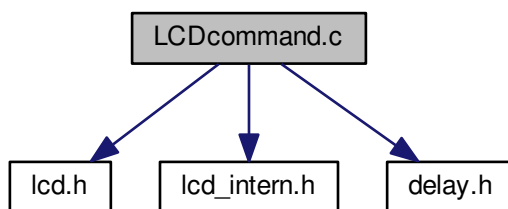
```

```
00047 // Data signals and pin direction
00049 #define LCD_DATA LATE
00050
00051 #define LCD_DATAPORT PORTE
00052
00053 #define LCD_DATATRIS TRISE
00054
00056 void LCDpulseEnableBit( void );
00057
00058 #ifdef __cplusplus
00059 }
00060 #endif
00061
00062 #endif /* LCD_INTERN_H */
00063
```

3.9 LCDcommand.c File Reference

Send a command to the LCD.

```
#include "lcd.h" #include "lcd_intern.h" #include "delay.-
h" Include dependency graph for LCDcommand.c:
```



Functions

- void [LCDcommand](#) (char cmd)
Send a command to the LCD.

3.9.1 Detailed Description

Send a command to the LCD.

Definition in file [LCDcommand.c](#).

3.9.2 Function Documentation

3.9.2.1 void LCDcommand (char *cmd*)

Send a command to the LCD.

This routine simple sends a data byte to the LCD. The register select pin is set to 0 notifying the LCD that the byte is to be interpreted as a command.

Parameters

<i>cmd</i>	char - Command byte to send to LCD
------------	------------------------------------

Returns

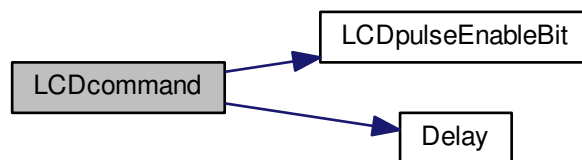
none

Todo This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

Definition at line 43 of file [LCDcommand.c](#).

```
{  
    LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7  
    LCD_DATA |= cmd; // command byte to lcd  
    LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0  
    LCD_RS = 0;  
    LCDpulseEnableBit();  
    Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay  
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.10 LCDcommand.c

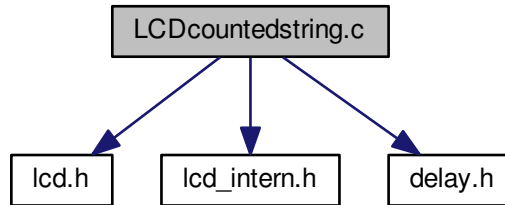
```

00001
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>
00009
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)
00011 #include <p24Fxxxx.h>
00012
00013 #elif defined(__PIC24H__)
00014 #include <p24Hxxxx.h>
00015
00016 #elif defined(__dsPIC30F__)
00017 #include <p30Fxxxx.h>
00018
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>
00021
00022 #elif defined(__dsPIC33F__)
00023 #include <p33Fxxxx.h>
00024
00025 #endif
00026
00027 #include "lcd.h"
00028 #include "lcd_intern.h"
00029 #include "delay.h"
00030
00032
00043 void LCDcommand( char cmd )
00044 {
00045     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7
00046     LCD_DATA |= cmd; // command byte to lcd
00047     LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0
00048     LCD_RS = 0;
00049     LCDpulseEnableBit();
00050     Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay
00051 }
00052
  
```

3.11 LCDcountedstring.c File Reference

Send a specific number of characters to the LCD.

```
#include "lcd.h" #include "lcd_intern.h" #include "delay.-h" Include dependency graph for LCDcountedstring.c:
```



Functions

- void [LCDcountedstring](#) (unsigned char *data, unsigned char count)
Send a counted string to the LCD.

3.11.1 Detailed Description

Send a specific number of characters to the LCD.

Definition in file [LCDcountedstring.c](#).

3.11.2 Function Documentation

3.11.2.1 void LCDcountedstring (unsigned char * data, unsigned char count)

Send a counted string to the LCD.

In C, strings are always terminated with a null character, so there is no need to count characters. However, it is possible to send something else to the LCD, thinking it is a string when in fact, it is not terminated. Therefore, in embedded applications, it is safer to count characters so the string display is guaranteed to complete no matter what the data.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	unsigned char * - pointing to the string to be displayed
<i>count</i>	int - count of number of characters to send to LCD

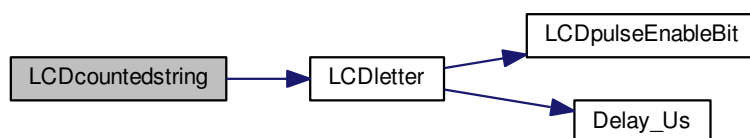
Returns

none

Definition at line 44 of file [LCDcountedstring.c](#).

```
{  
    while (count)  
    {  
        LCDletter(*data++);  
        count--;  
    }  
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.12 LCDcountedstring.c

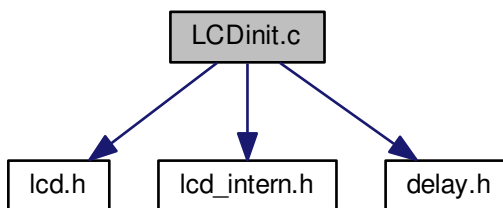
```
00001  
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)  
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>  
00009  
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)  
00011 #include <p24Fxxx.h>  
00012  
00013 #elif defined(__PIC24H__)  
00014 #include <p24Hxxx.h>  
00015  
00016 #elif defined(__dsPIC30F__)  
00017 #include <p30Fxxx.h>  
00018  
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)  
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>  
00021  
00022 #elif defined(__dsPIC33F__)  
00023 #include <p33Fxxx.h>  
00024  
00025 #endif  
00026  
00027 #include "lcd.h"  
00028 #include "lcd_intern.h"  
00029 #include "delay.h"  
00030
```

```
00031
00033
00044 void LCDcountedstring( unsigned char *data, unsigned char count)
00045 {
00046     while (count)
00047     {
00048         LCDletter(*data++);
00049         count--;
00050     }
00051 }
```

3.13 LCDinit.c File Reference

Initialize the LCD.

```
#include "lcd.h" #include "lcd_intern.h" #include "delay.-
h" Include dependency graph for LCDinit.c:
```



Functions

- void [LCDinit](#) (void)
Initialize the LCD.

3.13.1 Detailed Description

Initialize the LCD.

Definition in file [LCDinit.c](#).

3.13.2 Function Documentation

3.13.2.1 void LCDinit (void)

Initialize the LCD.

[LCDinit\(\)](#) first delays 15ms to allow the LCD internals to finish responding to power on. This is not always necessary, but typically only happens once in a program. The LCD initialization sequence is then sent, setting the LCD to bit data.

LCD options are then sent, LCD 2 line, 5x7 font, entry mode to not shift, display on, cursor off.

Definition at line 40 of file [LCDinit.c](#).

```
    {
        // 15mS delay after Vdd reaches nnVdc before proceeding with LCD
        // initialization
        // not always required and is based on system Vdd rise rate
        Delay(Delay_15mS_Cnt); // 15ms delay

        /* set initial states for the data and control pins */
        LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
        LCD_RW = 0; // R/W state set low
        LCD_RS = 0; // RS state set low
        LCD_ENABLE = 0; // E state set low

        /* set data and control pins to outputs */
        LCD_DATATRIS &= 0xFF00;
        LCD_RW_TRIS = 0; // RW pin set as output
        LCD_RS_TRIS = 0; // RS pin set as output
        LCD_ENABLE_TRIS = 0; // E pin set as output

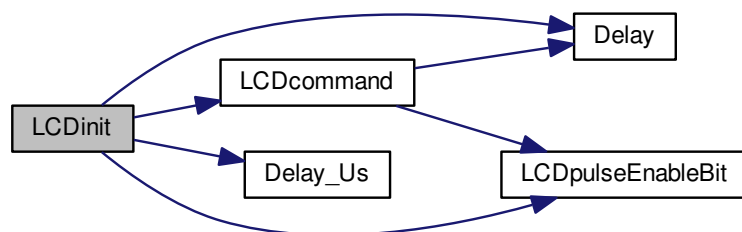
        /* 1st LCD initialization sequence */
        LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
        LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
        LCDpulseEnableBit();
        Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay

        /* 2nd LCD initialization sequence */
        LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
        LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
        LCDpulseEnableBit();
        Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay

        /* 3rd LCD initialization sequence */
        LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
        LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
        LCDpulseEnableBit();
        Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay

        // Establish the LCD options
        // LCD_FUN_SET | DL_8 | 2_LINE _ 5x7_FONT
        LCDcommand(0x38); // function set
        // LCD_DISPLAY | DISP_ON | CURS_OFF | BLINK_OFF
        LCDcommand(0x0C); // Display on/off control, cursor blink off (0x0C)
        // LCD_ENTRY_MODE | DIC_INCR | NO_SHIFT
        LCDcommand(0x06); // entry mode set (0x06)
    }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.14 LCDinit.c

```

00001
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>
00009
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)
00011 #include <p24Fxxx.h>
00012
00013 #elif defined(__PIC24H__)
00014 #include <p24Hxxx.h>
00015
00016 #elif defined(__dsPIC30F__)
00017 #include <p30Fxxx.h>
00018
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>
00021
00022 #elif defined(__dsPIC33F__)
00023 #include <p33Fxxx.h>
00024
00025 #endif
00026
00027 #include "lcd.h"
00028 #include "lcd_intern.h"
00029 #include "delay.h"
00030
00032
00040 void LCDinit( void) {
00041     // 15mS delay after Vdd reaches nnVdc before proceeding with LCD
    initialization
00042     // not always required and is based on system Vdd rise rate
00043     Delay(Delay_15mS_Cnt); // 15ms delay
00044
00045     /* set initial states for the data and control pins */
00046     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
00047     LCD_RW = 0; // R/W state set low
00048     LCD_RS = 0; // RS state set low
00049     LCD_ENABLE = 0; // E state set low
  
```

```

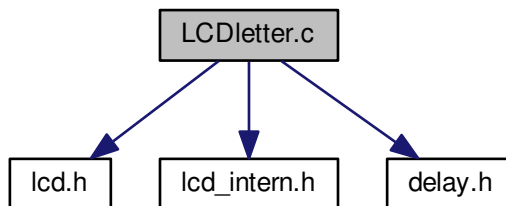
00050
00051     /* set data and control pins to outputs */
00052     LCD_DATATRIS &= 0xFF00;
00053     LCD_RW_TRIS = 0; // RW pin set as output
00054     LCD_RS_TRIS = 0; // RS pin set as output
00055     LCD_ENABLE_TRIS = 0; // E pin set as output
00056
00057     /* 1st LCD initialization sequence */
00058     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
00059     LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
00060     LCDpulseEnableBit();
00061     Delay(Delay_5mS_Cnt); // 5ms delay
00062
00063     /* 2nd LCD initialization sequence */
00064     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
00065     LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
00066     LCDpulseEnableBit();
00067     Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay
00068
00069     /* 3rd LCD initialization sequence */
00070     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00;
00071     LCD_DATA |= 0x0038;
00072     LCDpulseEnableBit();
00073     Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay
00074
00075     // Establish the LCD options
00076     // LCD_FUN_SET | DL_8 | 2_LINE _ 5x7_FONT
00077     LCDcommand(0x38); // function set
00078     // LCD_DISPLAY | DISP_ON | CURS_OFF | BLINK_OFF
00079     LCDcommand(0x0C); // Display on/off control, cursor blink off (0x0C)
00080     // LCD_ENTRY_MODE | DIC_INCR | NO_SHIFT
00081     LCDcommand(0x06); // entry mode set (0x06)
00082 }

```

3.15 LCDletter.c File Reference

Send a character to the LCD.

```
#include "lcd.h" #include "lcd_intern.h" #include "delay.-
h" Include dependency graph for LCDletter.c:
```



Functions

- void [LCDletter](#) (char data)
Send a character to the LCD.

3.15.1 Detailed Description

Send a character to the LCD.

Definition in file [LCDletter.c](#).

3.15.2 Function Documentation

3.15.2.1 void LCDletter (char data)

Send a character to the LCD.

This routine simply sends a data byte to the LCD. The register select pin is set to 1 notifying the LCD that the byte is to be used as a displayed character.

Parameters

<i>data</i>	char - Character to send to the LCD
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

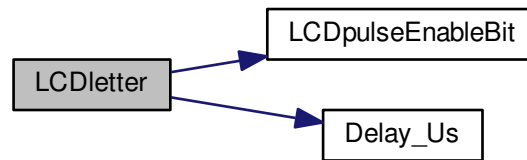
none

Todo This routine delays 400us after sending the byte. Instead the LCD busy flag should be checked before sending the byte. All routines using delays, however, must follow this protocol

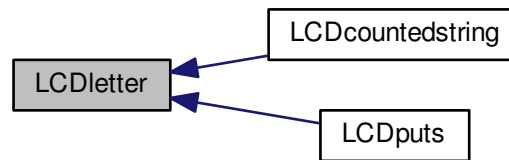
Definition at line [43](#) of file [LCDletter.c](#).

```
{  
    LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0  
    LCD_RS = 1; // assert register select to 1  
    LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7  
    LCD_DATA |= data; // data byte to lcd  
    LCDpulseEnableBit();  
    LCD_RS = 0; // negate register select to 0  
    Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay  
    Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay  
}
```


Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.16 LCDletter.c

```
00001
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>
00009
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)
00011 #include <p24Fxxxx.h>
00012
00013 #elif defined(__PIC24H__)
00014 #include <p24Hxxxx.h>
00015
00016 #elif defined(__dsPIC30F__)
00017 #include <p30Fxxxx.h>
00018
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>
00021
```

```

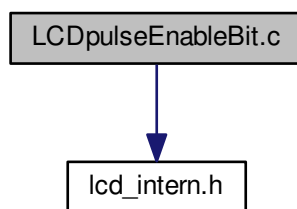
00022 #elif defined(__dsPIC33F__)
00023 #include <p33Fxxxx.h>
00024
00025 #endif
00026
00027 #include "lcd.h"
00028 #include "lcd_intern.h"
00029 #include "delay.h"
00030
00031
00032
00033
00043 void LCDletter( char data )
00044 {
00045     LCD_RW = 0; // ensure RW is 0
00046     LCD_RS = 1; // assert register select to 1
00047     LCD_DATA &= 0xFF00; // prepare RD0 - RD7
00048     LCD_DATA |= data; // data byte to lcd
00049     LCDpulseEnableBit();
00050     LCD_RS = 0; // negate register select to 0
00051     Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay
00052     Delay_Us(Delay200uS_count); // 200uS delay
00053 }

```

3.17 LCDpulseEnableBit.c File Reference

Pulse the LCD enable bit for long enough.

#include "lcd_intern.h" Include dependency graph for LCDpulseEnableBit.c:



Functions

- void [LCDpulseEnableBit](#) (void)

Toggle the LCD enable bit.

3.17.1 Detailed Description

Pulse the LCD enable bit for long enough.

Definition in file [LCDpulseEnableBit.c](#).

3.17.2 Function Documentation

3.17.2.1 void LCDpulseEnableBit (void)

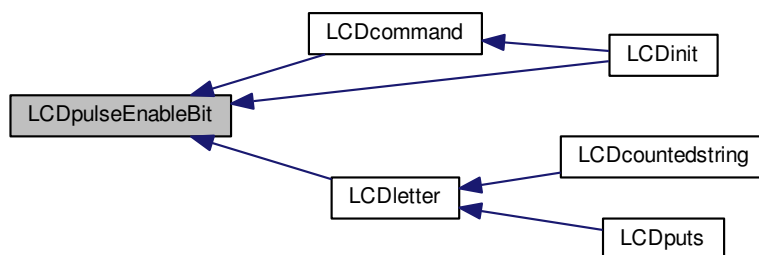
Toggle the LCD enable bit.

Each LCD command is strobed into the device by raising the enable bit for at least 40 microseconds. This routine provides this function to the other functions in the library.

Definition at line 35 of file [LCDpulseEnableBit.c](#).

```
{
    LCD_ENABLE = 1;
    Nop();
    Nop();
    Nop();
    LCD_ENABLE = 0; // toggle E signal
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.18 LCDpulseEnableBit.c

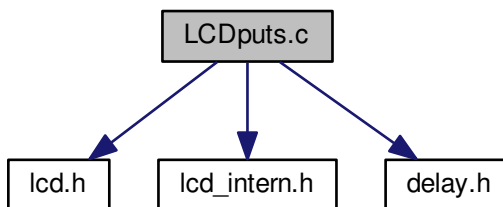
```
00001
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)
```

```
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>
00009
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)
00011 #include <p24Fxxx.h>
00012
00013 #elif defined (__PIC24H__)
00014 #include <p24Hxxx.h>
00015
00016 #elif defined (__dsPIC30F__)
00017 #include <p30Fxxx.h>
00018
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>
00021
00022 #elif defined (__dsPIC33F__)
00023 #include <p33Fxxx.h>
00024
00025 #endif
00026
00027 #include "lcd_intern.h"
00028
00030
00035 void LCDpulseEnableBit( void )
00036 {
00037     LCD_ENABLE = 1;
00038     Nop();
00039     Nop();
00040     Nop();
00041     LCD_ENABLE = 0; // toggle E signal
00042
00043 }
```

3.19 LCDputs.c File Reference

Put a string to the LCD.

```
#include "lcd.h" #include "lcd_intern.h" #include "delay.-
h" Include dependency graph for LCDputs.c:
```



Functions

- void [LCDputs](#) (char *p)
Send a string to the LCD.

3.19.1 Detailed Description

Put a string to the LCD.

Definition in file [LCDputs.c](#).

3.19.2 Function Documentation

3.19.2.1 void LCDputs (char * *p*)

Send a string to the LCD.

Sends a null-terminated string to the LCD

Parameters

<i>p</i>	char * - pointer to string to be displayed
----------	--

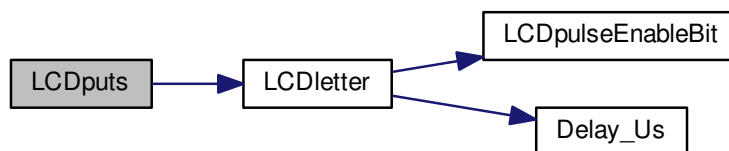
Returns

none

Definition at line 37 of file [LCDputs.c](#).

```
{  
    while (*p)  
    {  
        LCDletter(*p);  
        p++;  
    }  
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.20 LCDputs.c

```

00001
00007 #if defined(__PIC24E__)
00008 #include <p24Exxxx.h>
00009
00010 #elif defined (__PIC24F__)
00011 #include <p24Fxxx.h>
00012
00013 #elif defined(__PIC24H__)
00014 #include <p24Hxxx.h>
00015
00016 #elif defined(__dsPIC30F__)
00017 #include <p30Fxxx.h>
00018
00019 #elif defined (__dsPIC33E__)
00020 #include <p33Exxxx.h>
00021
00022 #elif defined(__dsPIC33F__)
00023 #include <p33Fxxx.h>
00024
00025 #endif
00026
00027 #include "lcd.h"
00028 #include "lcd_intern.h"
00029 #include "delay.h"
00030
00031
00033 void LCDputs( char *p )
00034 {
00035     while (*p)
00036     {
00037         LCDletter(*p);
00038         p++;
00039     }
00040 }
00041

```