## Package 'SurvBal'

September 1, 2023

Type Package

```
Title Selection of Compositional Microbiome Balances for Survival
      Outcomes
Version 0.1.0
Description SurvBal enables the selection of microbiome balances in relation to censored
     survival and time-to-event outcomes which are of considerable
     interest, particularly in many biomedical studies. The most common Cox
     proportional hazards and standard parametric survival (including
     accelerated failure time) models are included in the package, which
     are used in combination with step-wise selection procedures to
     identify the optimal associated ratio of the geometric means of two
     groups of taxa's relative abundances.
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URL https://github.com/yinglia/SurvBal
BugReports https://github.com/yinglia/SurvBal/issues
Depends R (>= 3.5.0)
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     ggplot2,
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LazyData true
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```

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bacteria

Raw Taxon Count Table

#### **Description**

The data is a raw taxon count table consisting of 63 samples and 139 taxa

#### Usage

bacteria

#### **Format**

An object of class data. frame with 63 rows and 139 columns.

 ${\it balance\_selection} \qquad {\it Selection~of~the~optimal~balance~of~microbiome~associated~with~survival~outcomes}$ 

#### Description

balances\_selection() identifies the log-ratio of geometric means of two sets of taxa that is most associated with the survival outcome using a greedy forward stepwise selection approach

#### Usage

```
balance_selection(
   Surv_obj,
   data,
   covariates = NULL,
   min_prevalence = 0.1,
   mult_repl = TRUE,
   model = "coxph",
   dist = "weibull",
   stopping_pvalue = 0.15,
   sequential_test = FALSE,
   sequential_alpha = 0.05,
   selection_criterion = "min_decrement_pvalue",
   selection_threshold = 0.15,
   quantile_plotted = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75),
   alpha = 0.05
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

Surv\_obj An object of class Surv generated by survival: Surv

data A  $n \times p$  matrix which is the raw taxon count table, where rows are the samples,

columns are the taxa

covariates A  $n \times q$  data frame containing important covariates for adjustment, which could

be a mixture of q continuous and discrete (pre-defined as factor) variables. The

default value is NULL

min\_prevalence The minimum prevalence of taxa that could be considered in the selection pro-

cedure. The default value is 0.1

mult\_repl A logical variable indicating which algorithm is used to process the raw taxon

count table. If TRUE then the geometric Bayesian Multiplicative Replacement (zCompositions:cmultRepl) is used to impute the inflated zeros. Otherwise, a small pseudo count (0.5) will be added to all raw counts. Finally, either processed data will be converted to relative abundance, then log of relative abundance will be used in the relative processed.

dance will be used in the selection procedure. The default value is TRUE

model Specifies which kind of survival regression model is built. The options are

"coxph" (survival:coxph) and "parametric" (survival:survreg). The de-

fault value is "coxph"

dist Specifies which kind of parametric distribution is used if model is "parametric".

The options include "weibull", "exponential", "gaussian", "logistic", "lognormal"

and "loglogistic". For more details, please see survival: survreg. The de-

fault value is "weibull"

stopping\_pvalue

The threshold of p-value to stop the forward search. The forward search where, at each step, a new taxon is added to the existing balance, will be stopped if the resulting p-value is larger than stopping\_pvalue. The default value is 0.15

 $sequential\_test$ 

A logical variable indicating whether sequential testing, in addition to stopping\_pvalue, is used to stop the forward search. If TRUE, the forward search where, at each step, a new taxon is added to the existing balance, will be stopped if the new balance is not significantly different from the current one in the survival regression model. The default value is FALSE

sequential\_alpha

The level of significance for the sequential testing if sequential\_test is TRUE. The default value is 0.05

selection\_criterion

The criterion to select balance in the final model. The options include "min\_pvalue" and "min\_decrement\_pvalue". If "min\_pvalue" is used, the balance that has the smallest p-value along the forward selection path will be selected. If "min\_decrement\_pvalue" is used, the decrement of p-value along the forward selection path will be calculated, the balance before the first decrement that is smaller than selection\_threshold will be selected. The default value is "min\_decrement\_pvalue"

selection\_threshold

A threshold of p-value decrement used for balance selection in the final model if  $selection\_criterion$  is "min\_decrement\_pvalue". The default value is 0.15

quantile\_plotted

A vector specifies the quantiles of the final selected balance that will be shown in the survival plot. The default value is c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75)

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alpha The level of significance for survival plot of the final selected balance. The corresponding confidence intervals will be shown in the survival plot. The default

value is 0.05

#### Value

balance\_selection return a list containing the following components:

selection\_path A matrix showing the forward selection path. If sign is 1, the corresponding

taxon is in the numerator of the balance; If sign is 0, the corresponding taxon is in the denominator of the balance. p\_value is the p-value of the balance

consisting of taxa up to the current taxon

survival\_model An object of class coxph or survreg depending on the user's input, which is the

final model with the final selected balance of microbiome

balance\_name A list containing names of the taxa in the numerator and the denominator of the

final selected balance

The value of the final selected balance of microbiome for each sample

survival\_plot A plot of survival curves with confidence intervals, stratified by chosen quantiles

of the final selected balance of microbiome

#### References

Rivera-Pinto, J., Egozcue, J. J., Pawlowsky-Glahn, V., Paredes, R., Noguera-Julian, M., & Calle, M. L. "Balances: a new perspective for microbiome analysis". MSystems 3.4 (2018): 10-1128.

Fine, J. P. "Comparing nonnested Cox models". Biometrika 89.3 (2002): 635-648.

Wahrendorf, J., Becher, H., & Brown, C. C. "Bootstrap comparison of non-nested generalized linear models: applications in survival analysis and epidemiology". Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series C (Applied Statistics) 36.1 (1987): 72-81.

#### **Examples**

```
balance_selection(Surv_obj = gvhd, data = bacteria, mult_repl = TRUE,
model = "coxph", selection_criterion = "min_pvalue")

balance_selection(Surv_obj = gvhd, data = bacteria, mult_repl = FALSE,
model = "parametric", dist = "weibull", selection_criterion = "min_decrement_pvalue")
```

gvhd

Survival Data

#### **Description**

The data is a survival object containing survival time and censoring/event information for 63 samples

#### Usage

gvhd

#### **Format**

An object of class Surv with 63 rows and 2 columns.

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