```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.IO;
namespace Assignment3Theory
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            ///this is the log that we will be passing around to create the output file
            StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter("log.log");
            //do we have ore input what is the input
            bool keepGoing = true;
            int result;
            //what is our data
            List<State> workingList = new List<State>();
            //until we want to quit
            while (keepGoing)
                 //make sure data is valid choice
                bool invalid = false;
                //get user data and handle the file they choose
                Console.WriteLine("Which example would you like to convert to minimized DFA?\n");
                Console.WriteLine ("(1) Example 3.4.1 \setminus n(2) Example 4.4.1 \setminus n(3) Example 4.4.2 \setminus n(4)
                Example 4.8 \ln(5) Example 4.10 \ln(6) Exit");
                if(int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out result))
                     switch (result)
                     {
                         case 1:
                             workingList = HandleFile("3.4.1_input.txt", writer);
                             writer.WriteLine("Using 3.4.1 Example");
                             break;
                         case 2:
                             workingList = HandleFile("4.4.1_input.txt", writer);
                             writer.WriteLine("Using 4.4.1 Example");
                             break;
                         case 3:
                             workingList = HandleFile("4.4.2_input.txt", writer);
                             writer.WriteLine("Using 4.4.2 Example");
                             break;
                         case 4:
```

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workingList = HandleFile("4.8_input.txt", writer);
                    writer.WriteLine("Using 4.8 Example");
                case 5:
                    workingList = HandleFile("4.10_input.txt", writer);
                    writer.WriteLine("Using 4.10 Example");
                    break;
                case 6:
                    keepGoing = false;
                    invalid = true;
                    break;
                default:
                    invalid = true;
                    break;
            }
            //if they have made valid choice then get a string of input
            if (!invalid)
            {
                Console.WriteLine("What is the string you would like (a's and b's)");
                //does the input get accepted or declined?
                string word = Console.ReadLine();
                writer.WriteLine(word);
                if (isValid(workingList, word))
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("Accepted!");
                    writer.WriteLine("Accepted!");
                }
                else
                    Console.WriteLine("Declined!");
                    writer.WriteLine("Declined!");
                }
            }
        }
    }
    //close writer when done
    writer.Close();
}
/// <summary>
/// this method is used to parse the file
/// </summary>
/// <param name="fileName"></param>
/// <returns></returns>
public static List<State> HandleFile(string fileName, StreamWriter logWriter)
{
    //input string
    string inputString = string.Empty;
```

```
//stream reader and final state list
StreamReader streamReader = new StreamReader(fileName);
List<State> tempStatesList = new List<State>();
//what line of input are we on
int count = 0;
int numberOfStates = 0;
//lists for holding all incoming data
List<string> stateNames = new List<string>();
List<string> stateInfo = new List<string>();
List<string> acceptingStates = new List<string>();
//used for parsing
bool doneWithStates = false;
//while we still have input
while (!streamReader.EndOfStream)
    //deal with it
    inputString = streamReader.ReadLine();
    if (doneWithStates)
    {
        acceptingStates = inputString.Split(',').ToList<string>();
    else if (count > 1)
        stateInfo.Add(inputString);
        count++;
        if (count == (numberOfStates + 2))
            doneWithStates = true;
        }
    }
    //just input handling
    else if (count == 1)
    {
        stateNames = inputString.Split(',').ToList<string>();
        count++;
    }
    else
    {
        numberOfStates = int.Parse(inputString);
        count++;
    }
    logWriter.WriteLine(inputString);
}
tempStatesList = HandleString(numberOfStates, stateNames, stateInfo, acceptingStates
, logWriter);
return tempStatesList;
```

```
/// <summary>
/// this method is used to handle all input and output it as the DFA
/// </summary>
/// <param name="file">All input from the file</param>
public static List<State> HandleString(int count, List<string> names, List<string>
states, List<string> acceptingStates, StreamWriter writer)
    //list to hold our states
    List<State> tempList = new List<State>();
    //for every state
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
        //some paramaters are initialized
        bool isAccepting = false;
        string IncomingA = string.Empty;
        string IncomingB = string.Empty;
        //is the current state accepting
        for(int j = 0; j < acceptingStates.Count; j++)</pre>
        {
            if (String.Compare(names[i],acceptingStates[j]) == 0)
            {
                isAccepting = true;
                j = 100;
            }
        }
        //set up left and right next state names
        for (int j = 0; j < states.Count; <math>j++)
        {
            var temp = states[j].Split(',');
            if (String.Compare(names[i], temp[0]) == 0)
            {
                IncomingA = temp[1];
                IncomingB = temp[2];
            }
        }
        //we have parsed the data correctly add the state object to the list
        tempList.Add(new State(names[i], IncomingA, IncomingB, isAccepting));
    }
    //set up pointers to next states and then start minimization
    return Minimize(SetUpPointer(tempList), writer);
}
//based on the names of the next states create pointers for the next state
public static List<State> SetUpPointer(List<State> tempList)
{
```

```
//double loop so we can get them all
    for (int j = 0; j < tempList.Count; j++)</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < tempList.Count; i++)</pre>
        {
            //compare it to the state name and if they match change the pointer to
            point to it
            if (string.Compare(tempList[j].StateA, tempList[i].stateName) == 0)
                tempList[j].NextA = tempList[i];
            }
            //compare it to the state name and if they match change the pointer to
            point to it
            if (string.Compare(tempList[j].StateB, tempList[i].stateName) == 0)
                tempList[j].NextB = tempList[i];
            }
        }
    1
    //return the modified list
    return tempList;
}
/// <summary>
/// minimize the DFA. This part sets up the equivilence table and calls the next part
/// </summary>
/// <param name="StatesList"></param>
/// <returns></returns>
public static List<State> Minimize(List<State> StatesList, StreamWriter writer)
{
    //initial get into while loop true
    bool oneChanged = true;
    //create an empty list for the table
    // the list is a 2d array created C style so one long array
    List<string> table = new List<string>();
    //every possible combination is represented here and put into the state table
    for (int j = 0; j < StatesList.Count; j++)</pre>
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < j; i++)
        {
            //-1 means that it is not distinguishable
            table.Add(StatesList[j].stateName + ',' + StatesList[i].stateName + ",-1");
        }
    }
    //word is used to find things that are distinguishable
    string word = string.Empty;
```

}

```
//used to determine when a state was found to be distinguishable
    int turnCounter = 0;
    //if we dont have one change that means we never will
    while (oneChanged)
        //counter used to navigate 2d array
        int counter = 0;
        //increase turn counter for current loop
        turnCounter++;
        //stop the looping unless we hit a match
        oneChanged = false;
        //start going through the lists
        for (int j = 1; j < StatesList.Count; j++)</pre>
            for (int i = 0; i < j; i++)
            {
                //determine if we found a good match
                var stateOne = (WhereWouldIBe(StatesList[i], word));
                var stateTwo = (WhereWouldIBe(StatesList[j], word));
                string idCode = table[counter].Substring(table[counter].LastIndexOf(',')
                 + 1);
                var alreadyMarked = (string.Compare(idCode, "-1") == 0);
                //we found one fix it and keep looping
                if ((stateOne.Final != stateTwo.Final) && alreadyMarked)
                {
                    table[counter] = table[counter].Substring(0, table[counter].
                    LastIndexOf(',')) + ',' + turnCounter;
                    oneChanged = true;
                }
                //increment 2d list pointer
                counter++;
            }
        }
        //increment the string to search harder
        word = IncrementString(word);
    //print out the table for grading purposes
    PrintTable(StatesList, table, writer);
    //using this table fix the dfa to be minimized
    return AdjustDFA(StatesList, EquivilentStateFinder(table));
public static List<State> AdjustDFA(List<State> states, List<string> table)
    //this first loop removes the duplicates created by minimization
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < table.Count; i++)</pre>
        var split = table[i].Split(',');
        for (int j = 0; j < states.Count; <math>j++)
            if (states[j].stateName == split[0])
                states.Remove(states[j]);
                 j = int.MaxValue - 1;
            }
        }
    }
    //this reassigns a => a,h etc so that the DFA still works in the assignment 3 part
    for (int i = 0; i < table.Count; i++)</pre>
    {
        var split = table[i].Split(',');
        for (int j = 0; j < states.Count; <math>j++)
            if (states[j].stateName == split[1])
                states[j].stateName = split[1] + "," + split[0];
            if (states[j].StateA == split[1] || states[j].StateA == split[0])
            {
                states[j].StateA = split[1] + "," + split[0];
            if (states[j].StateB == split[1] || states[j].StateB == split[0])
                states[j].StateB = split[1] + "," + split[0];
            }
        }
    }
    //use pointers because they are great
    return SetUpPointer(states);
}
public static List<string> EquivilentStateFinder(List<string> table)
    //remove any state that isn't distinguishable
    for (int i = 0; i < table.Count; i++)</pre>
        var split = table[i].Split(',');
        if (split[2] != "-1")
            table.Remove(table[i]);
            i--;
        }
    }
    return table;
}
```

```
//borrowed from
http://codereview.stackexchange.com/questions/57452/binary-addition-with-strings
public static string BinAdd(string a, string b)
{
    if (a.Length < b.Length)</pre>
        string c = a;
        a = b;
        b = c;
    }
    var sum = new char[a.Length + 1];
    bool carry = false;
    for (int i = a.Length - 1, j = b.Length - 1, k = sum.Length - 1; i >= 0; i ---, j ---, k = sum.Length - 1
    --)
    {
        char x = a[i];
        char y = j >= 0 ? b[j] : '0';
        if (carry)
        {
            sum[k] = x == y ? '1' : '0';
            carry = x == '1' | | y == '1';
        }
        else
        {
            sum[k] = x == y ? '0' : '1';
            carry = x == '1' &  y == '1';
        }
    }
    if (carry)
        sum[0] = '1';
        return new string(sum);
    }
    return new string(sum, 1, sum.Length - 1);
}
/// <summary>
/// this method increases the string just like incrementing a binary string but with
a's and b's
/// </summary>
/// <param name="word"></param>
/// <returns></returns>
public static string IncrementString(string word)
{
    if (string.Compare(word, string.Empty) == 0)
        return "a";
```

```
}
    else
    {
        word = word.Replace('a', '0');
        word = word.Replace('b', '1');
        word = BinAdd(word, "1");
        word = word.Replace('0', 'a');
        word = word.Replace('1', 'b');
        return word;
    }
}
/// <summary>
/// this function is used for finding given a word what state would the given state be in
/// </summary>
/// <param name="parmState"></param>
/// <param name="word"></param>
/// <returns>the state that it would end in</returns>
public static State WhereWouldIBe(State parmState, string word)
{
    while (word.Length != 0)
    {
        if (string.Compare(word[0].ToString(), "a") == 0)
            parmState = parmState.NextA;
        else
            parmState = parmState.NextB;
        word = word.Substring(1);
    }
    return parmState;
}
public static void PrintTable(List<State> States, List<string> table, StreamWriter
writer)
{
    int counter = 0;
    writer.WriteLine("This is with table descriptive information\n");
    for (int i = 1; i < States.Count; i++)</pre>
        writer.Write(States[i].stateName + " ");
        for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
            var split = table[counter].Split(',');
            if (split[2] == "-1")
                writer.Write('0');
```

}

}

```
else
                {
                    writer.Write(split[2]);
                }
                counter++;
            }
            writer.WriteLine();
        writer.Write(" ");
        for (int k = 0; k < States.Count - 1; k++)
            writer.Write(States[k].stateName);
        }
        writer.WriteLine();
        counter = 0;
        writer.WriteLine("This is without table descriptive information\n");
        for (int i = 1; i < States.Count; i++)</pre>
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
            {
                var split = table[counter].Split(',');
                if (split[2] == "-1")
                {
                    writer.Write('0');
                }
                else
                    writer.Write(split[2]);
                counter++;
            }
            writer.WriteLine();
        writer.WriteLine();
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// this determines if the state is accepting same as where would i be but returns a
    bool its legacy
    /// </summary>
    /// <param name="list"></param>
    /// <param name="word"></param>
    /// <returns></returns>
    public static bool isValid(List<State> list, string word)
        State CurrentState = list[0];
        return WhereWouldIBe(CurrentState, word).Final;
    }
}
```