CSER 2006 – Conference on Systems Engineering Research

Formal System Concepts

Joseph J. Simpson Mary J. Simpson April 7, 2006

Overview

System and Meta-System Applications

- Functional & Contruction Rules in Design & Discovery (Simpson & Simpson)
- An Applied Science to Solve Complex Problems (Hall)
- System Complexity Management & Control (Warfield)

Sequential Forms

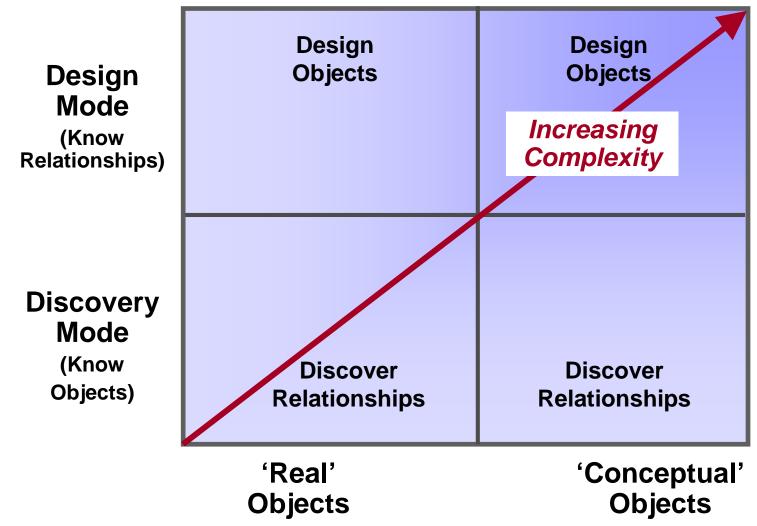
- Moore
- Wymore

Abstraction Frames
Abstraction Stacks
Summary

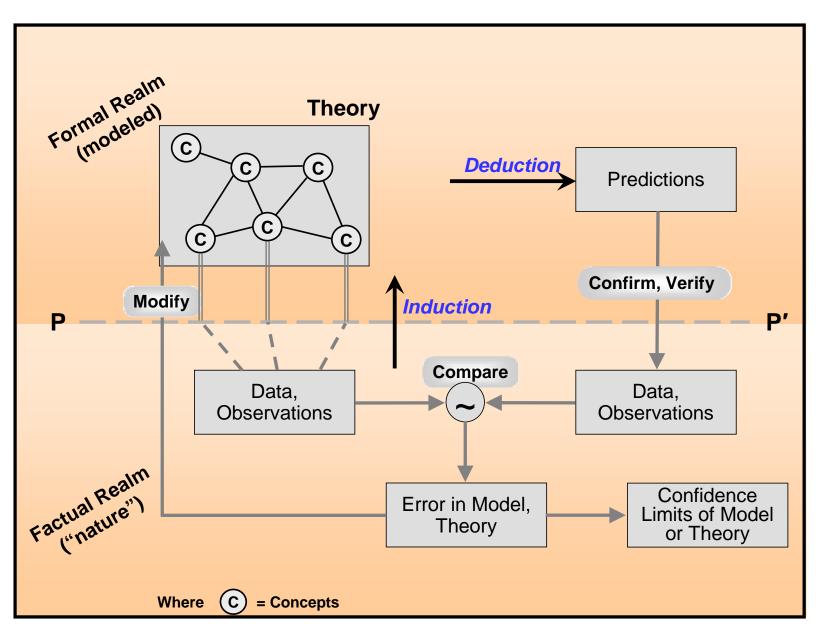
System Modes

A Mapping Context for Complexity

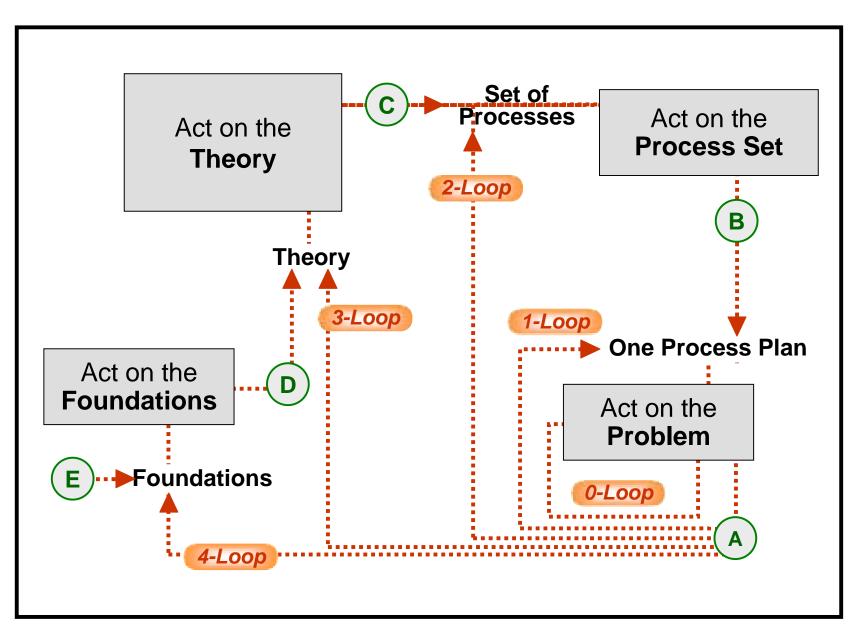
(Does Not Address System Boundary Directly)



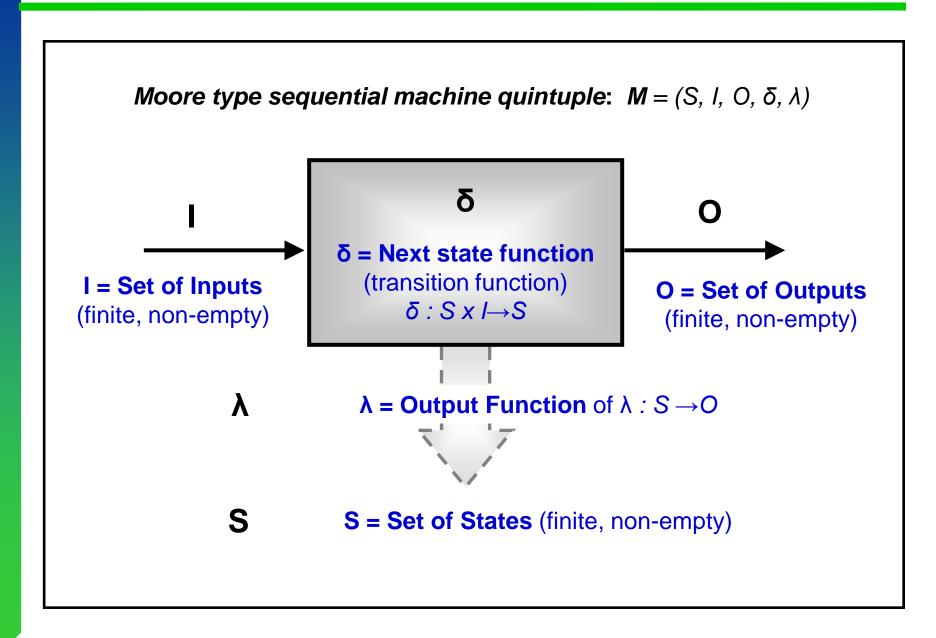
AD. Hall, Cycle for Scientific Method, Model Building



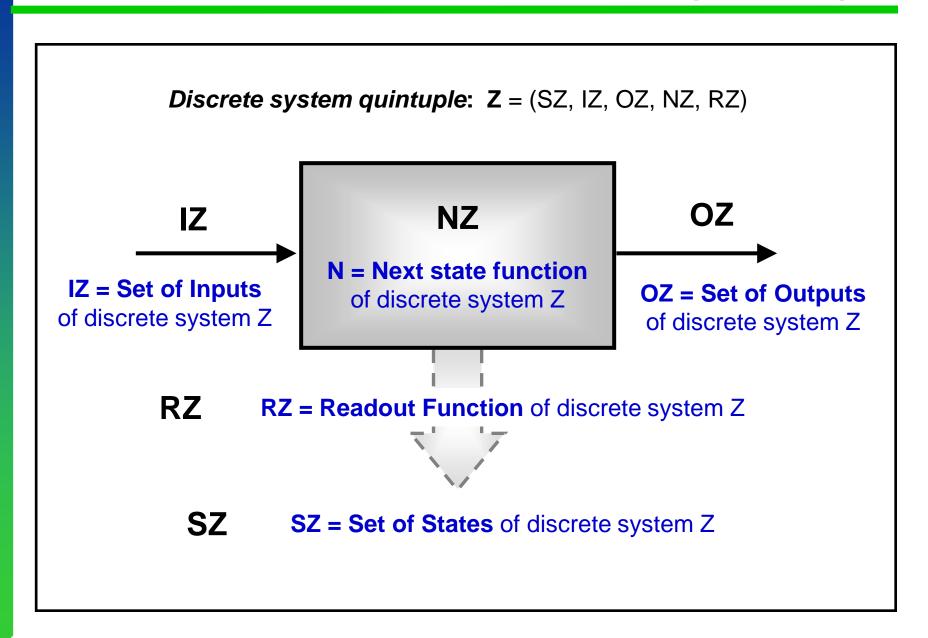
Warfield - Poly-Loop Model



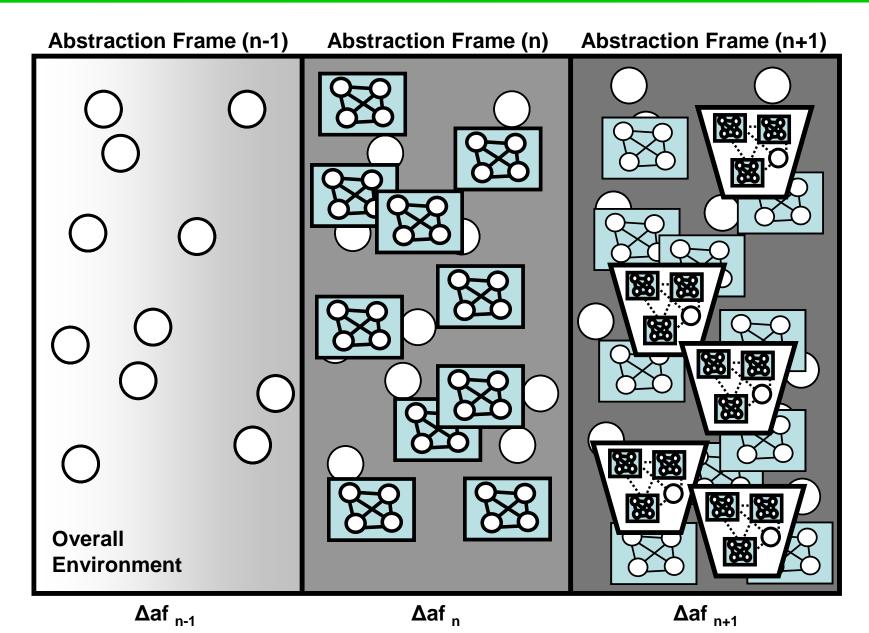
Moore Type Sequential Machine



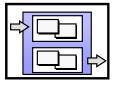
Wymore – Model-Based Systems Engineering



Abstraction Frame Sequencing

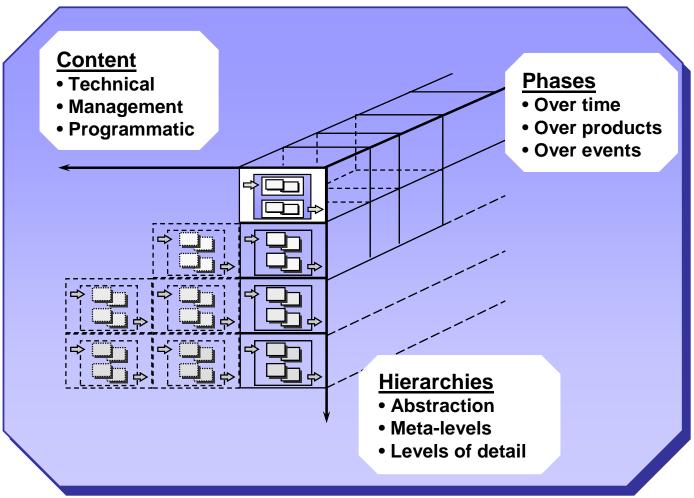


CCFRAT Approach – Phases, Hierarchies, Content



Meta Process

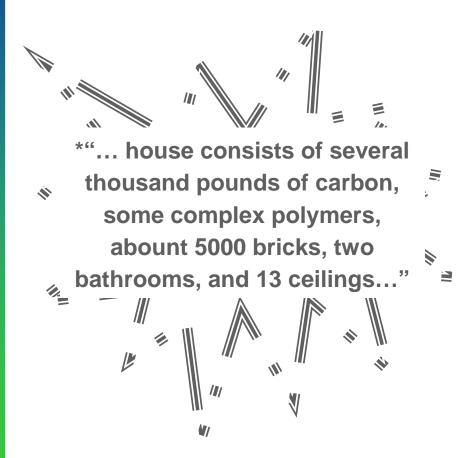
Applies to:



Pick One Aspect from Each Axis

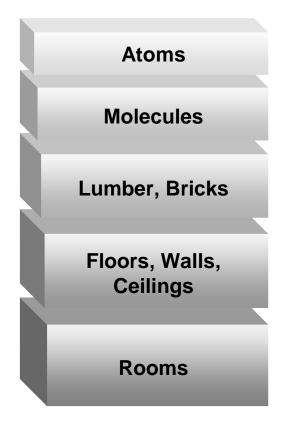
Abstraction Stacks

A House Consists of:

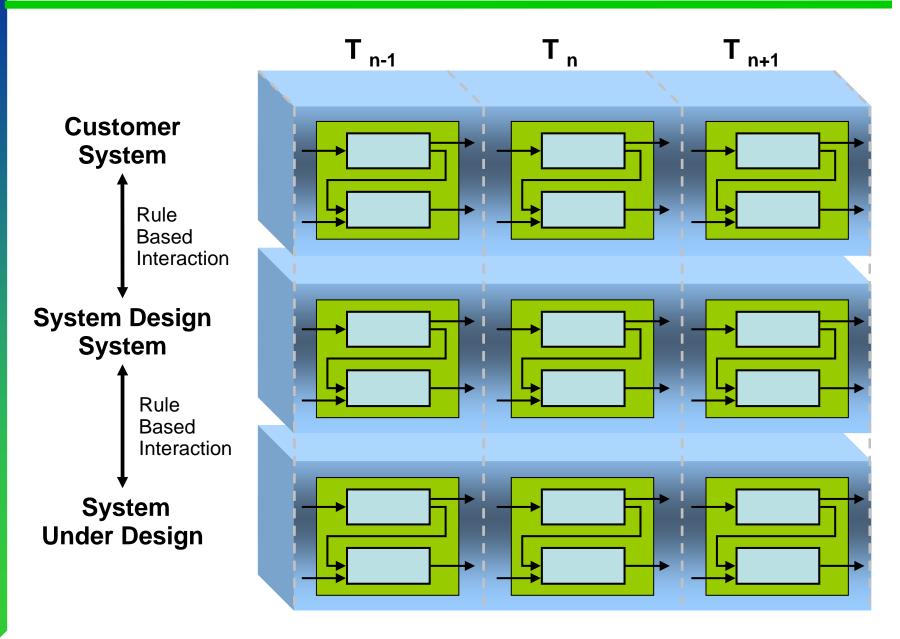


* From Chapter 12, What do Classes Represent?, *The C++ Programming Language*, 2nd Edition, Bjarne Stroustrup, 1991.

Use Abstraction 'Stacks'



Systems Engineering Conceptual Context



Summary

- Sequential machines and systems provide a powerful conceptual pattern for system description and design.
- When vectors/groups of systems are used as inputs into a "sequential system," each system abstraction level must be clearly defined.
- System abstraction frames and system abstraction stacks are used to help define and control system levels.
- The combination of **meta-systems**, system abstraction **frames** and system abstraction **stacks** provide the necessary **context for** the development of an **executable systems engineering and design language**.
 - Provides context for objects and operations.
 - Provides framework for inter-relationship mapping

Questions