INCOSE 2006

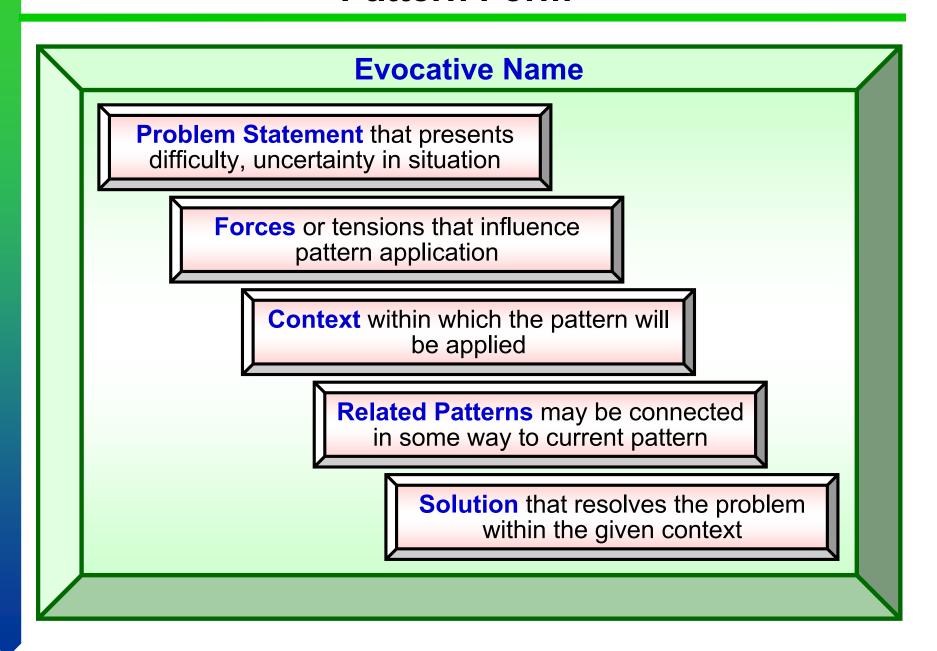
Foundational Systems Engineering (SE) Patterns for a SE Pattern Language

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Overview

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- General Systems Pattern
- Behavior Outcomes Matrix
- Exploring Relationships
 - Laws of Language
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Pattern Form



General Systems Pattern

General Systems (GS)

Problem: Entropy and chaos exist for multiple facets of society as a result of increasingly complex activities

Forces: Different values in global community create tensions regarding inputs, outputs, boundaries, applicable transforms

Context: Complex sociotechnical, social, and industrial activities require shared approach to reduce entropy and chaos

Related Patterns: The general systems pattern will relate to all the patterns that are presented in this paper

Solution: Apply a systems approach to reduce entropy, complexity, and start to resolve core issues

Warfield – Behavior Outcomes Matrix

		Outcomes			
		Problem System		Solution System	
		Description	Diagnosis	Prescription (Design)	Implemen- tation
Behavior	Process	LimitsTriadic Necessity& SufficiencyUniversal Priors	Success & Failure Universal Priors		Gradation Validation
	Individual	Limits Triadic Compatibility Small Displays		Requisite Parsimony Requisite Saliency	
	Group	 Limits Uncorrelated Extremes 	Inherent Conflict Structural Underconceptual- ization Diverse Beliefs	Requisite Variety Induced Groupthink	
	Organiza- tional	 Limits Organizational Linguistics Vertical Incoherence 	 Forced Substitution Precluded Resolution Vertical Incoherence 		

First and Second Laws of Language

 All communication takes place in shared contextual space, subject to a fairly complex process of disambiguation, depending on the conditions inherent in the other five Laws. (Six laws total)

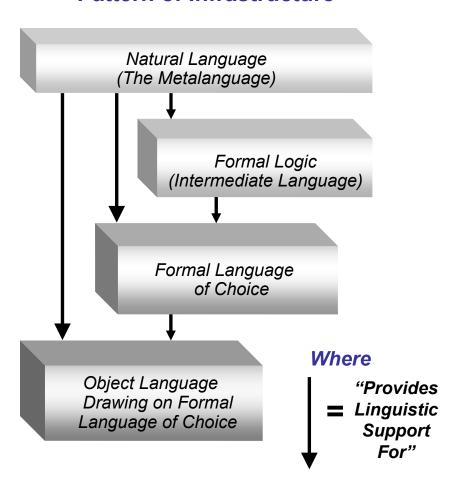
2. The Law of Variable Context

If two people share sufficient context, almost any words, including sheer nonsense--or no words at all--will suffice for them to communicate with each other. If two people do not share sufficient context, then not all the words in the world may be enough for them to grasp each other's meaning. Where intermediate degrees of partial, fragmented, or otherwise limited or "noise-distorted" context are shared, communication will be proportionately difficult and/or unsuccessful.

Alexander Gross http://language.home.sprynet.com/

Systems Language Design Capability

Initial Inter-Relationships Defined: "Pattern of Infrastructure"



In Terms of an Abstraction Stack

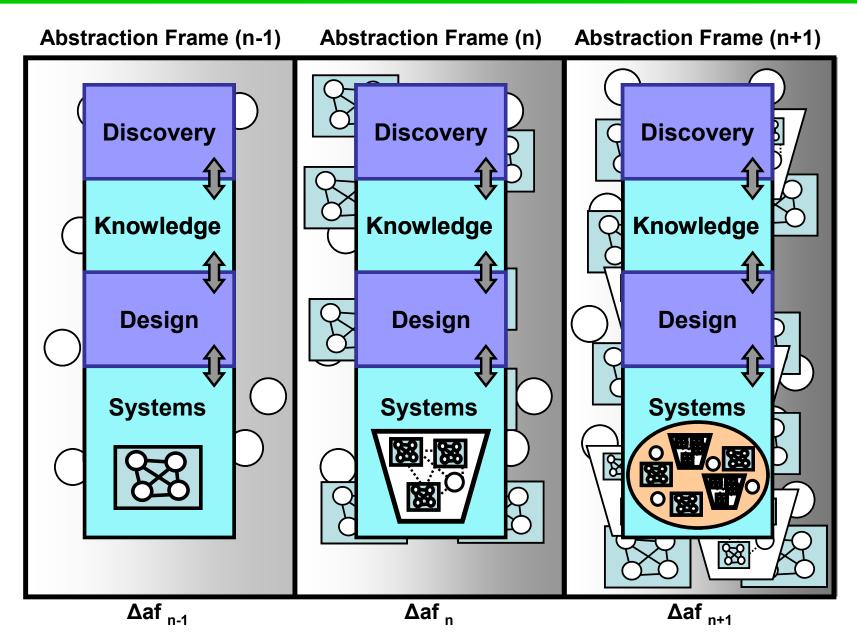
Natural Language (The Metalanguage)

Formal Logic (Intermediate Language)

Formal Language of Choice

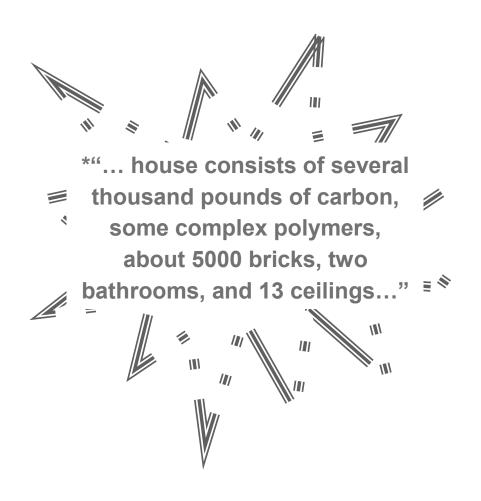
Object Language Drawing on Formal Language of Choice

Sequential Frameworks

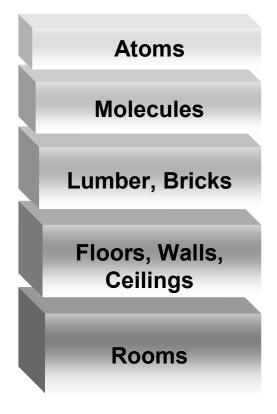


Abstraction Stacks

A House Consists of:

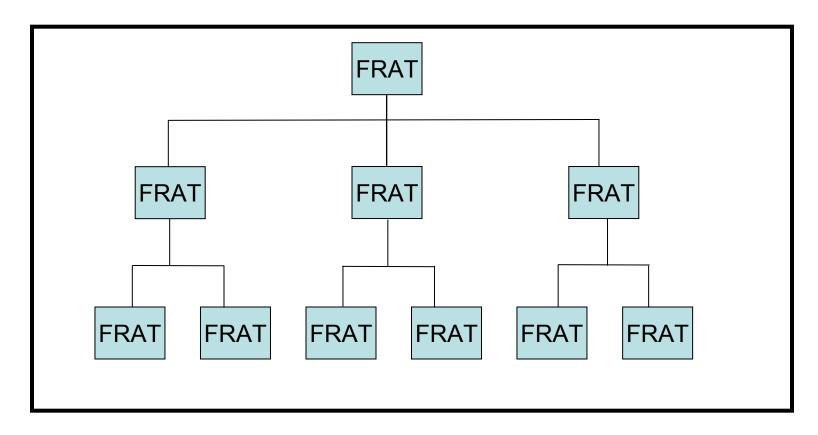


Use of Abstraction 'Stacks'



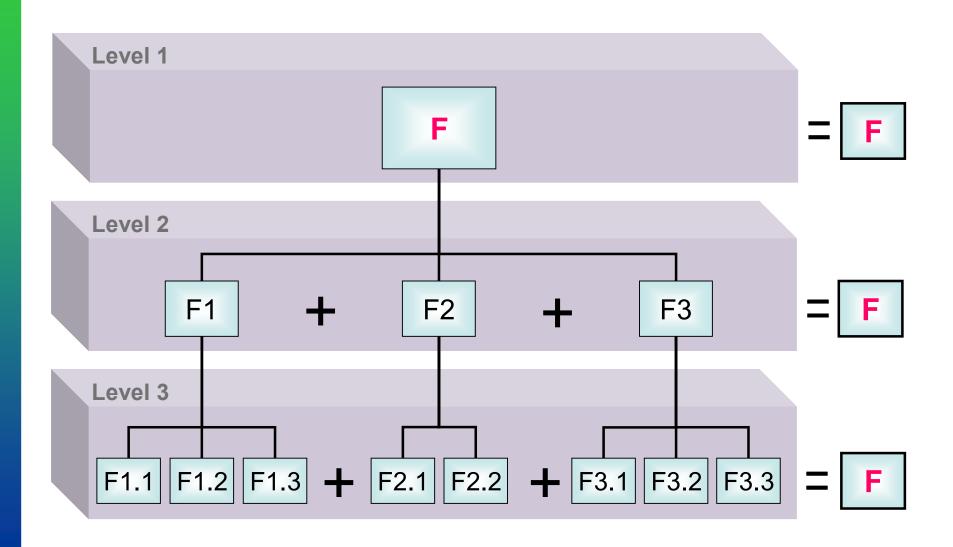
Relationship Types

Hierarchal Relationship Type: "..content can be almost completely disassociated from a hierarchy, but there does not seem to be any way to disassociate structure from it and still portray it." Warfield 2003.



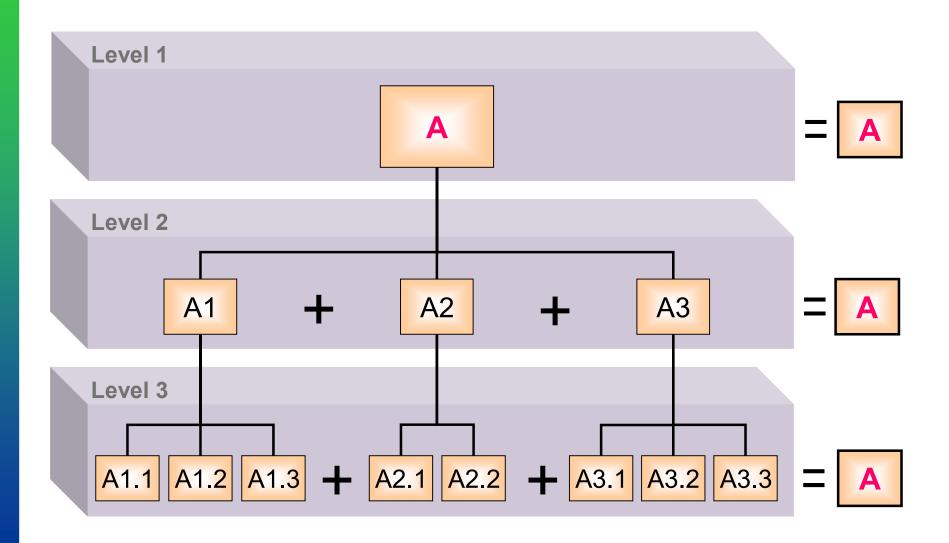
Functional Decomposition

Functions at each level are equivalent

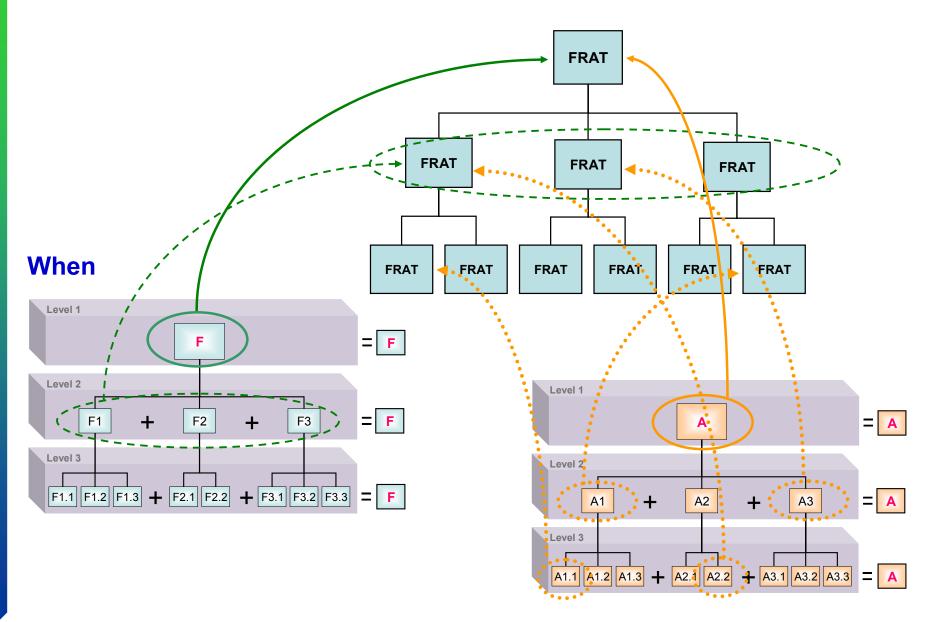


Physical Architecture Decomposition

Physical architecture parts at each level are equivalent



FRAT Hierarchal Relationships



Summary

- Well established and understood SE patterns provide the foundation for the communication of complex systems concepts.
- The 'related patterns' component is a necessary component of the pattern template, and provides the basis for the construction of pattern languages using these related patterns.
- A core set of SE patterns is presented in the paper to stimulate the development and discussion of SE patterns.
- SE patterns are one of the first steps in the representation of shared SE context. The greater the span and depth of the shared SE context, the greater the potential for precise SE communications.