

# Welcome to 1902: Python!

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Jordan Schwartz

Some slides inspired by Tony Liu and David Cao

# Week 1

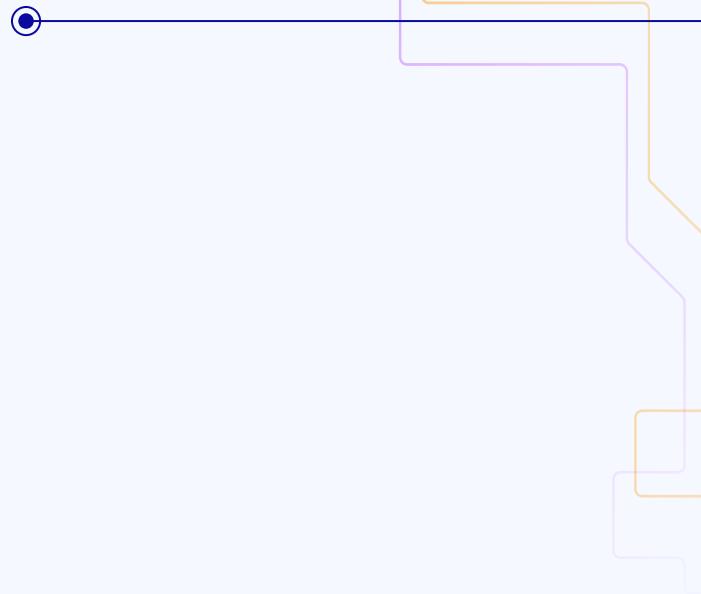
Introductions

Why Python?

Logistics

Getting started!

Setting up



# The special nature of a minicourse

Since we're a relatively small course, we have the advantage of getting to know and work with each other pretty closely.

Take advantage of that! Work together when allowed.

Let's introduce ourselves!

# Jordan Schwartz (she/they)



Year: 1st Yr Masters

Major: CIS

Hometown: San Carlos, CA (SF bay area)

Undergrad: UC Berkeley, Cog Sci and CS

Email: [jjschwa@seas.upenn.edu](mailto:jjschwa@seas.upenn.edu)

Office Hours: TBD

Extracurriculars: Partner dancing (Swing, Salsa, Bachata, Contra, Blues, Fusion), cooking, crochet & knitting

# Suhani Patel (she/her)



Year: Senior – 2026!

Major: BE

Hometown: India

Email: psuhani7@seas.upenn.edu

Office Hours:

Extracurriculars: Travelling, Embroidery,  
Biking, Watching F1

# Anushka Levaku (she/her)



Year: Senior – 2026!

Major: CS

Hometown: Downingtown, PA

Email: alevaku@seas.upenn.edu

Office Hours: Monday 10am-11am  
(Remote)

Extracurriculars: Running,  
Travelling, Hosting Dinner Parties,  
Trying New Recipes

# Introduce yourself

- ❖ Name
- ❖ Pronouns (if you're comfortable sharing)
- ❖ Year
- ❖ Major
- ❖ How many pigeons could you hold (if they were cooperative) and what's your strategy?

# Why Python?



# Why Python?

- Simple, but powerful
  - Most commonly built off of C
    - High performance
    - Can use existing C libraries (like NumPy)

J lecture.java

```
1  class HelloWorld {  
2      public static void main(String args[]) {  
3          System.out.println("Hello world!");  
4      }  
5  }
```

# Why Python?

- Simple, but powerful
  - Most commonly built off of C
    - High performance
    - Can use existing C libraries (like NumPy)

C++ lecture.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2
3 using namespace std;
4
5 int main() {
6     cout << "Hello world!";
7     return 0;
8 }
```

# Why Python?

- Simple, but powerful
  - Most commonly built off of C
    - High performance
    - Can use existing C libraries (like NumPy)

lecture.py

```
1 if __name__ == '__main__':
2     print("Hello world!")
3
```

# Why Python?

✓ Simple but powerful

→ Data Science

# Data Science with Python

- Libraries/packages commonly used for data exploration and visualization:
  - NumPy – arrays and computation
  - Pandas – tables and data analysis
  - Matplotlib – plotting
  - Jupyter/Colab – notebook to write Python code in

# Data Visualization/Interaction

- Gapminder visualization  
(<https://demo.bokeh.org/gapminder>)
- Streamlit image processing  
(<https://bgremoval.streamlit.app/>)

# Machine Learning with Python

- Traditional ML – **Scikit-learn**
  - Supervised and Unsupervised learning, Classification, Regression
- Deep Learning – **Keras, Pytorch, Tensorflow**
  - Neural Networks (NNs), Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)
- Reinforcement Learning – **Gymnasium**
  - Value-Based, Policy-Based, Actor-Critic, Model-Based RL

# Machine Learning with Python: Research

## Example Projects

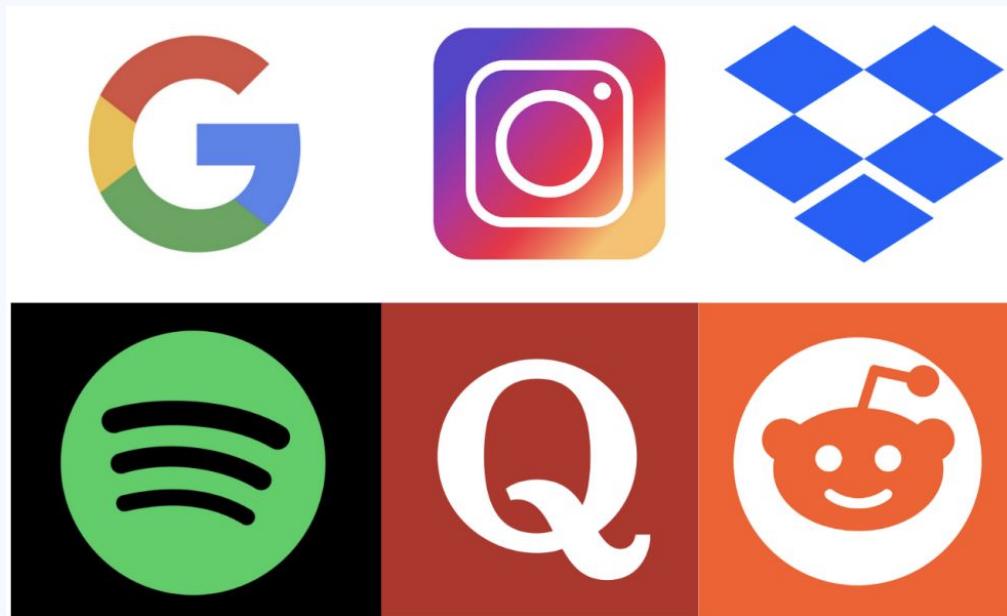
- Stable Diffusion: Prompt to image generation
  - source code (<https://github.com/CompVis/stable-diffusion>)
  - demo ([https://colab.research.google.com/github/huggingface/notebooks/blob/main/diffusers/stable\\_diffusion.ipynb](https://colab.research.google.com/github/huggingface/notebooks/blob/main/diffusers/stable_diffusion.ipynb))
- DeepMind AI learns 57 Atari games  
(<https://deepmind.com/blog/article/Agent57-Outperforming-the-human-Atari-benchmark>)

# Why Python?

- ✓ Simple but powerful
- ✓ Data Science

→ Web Development

# Popular websites that use Python



- Rapid Development & Prototyping
- Readability & Maintainability
- Extensive Libraries & Frameworks
- Scalability
- Data Science and Machine Learning Integration
- Strong Community Support

# Why Python?

- ✓ Simple but powerful
- ✓ Data Science
- ✓ Web Development

→ Widely used and has many packages

# Python Packages

## Python Package Index (PyPI)

<https://pypi.org/> → 719,547 projects

- + Many other packages for web scraping, image processing, games, natural language processing...



# **What we will cover in this course**

# Module 1: Pythonic Programming

- Python environment and setup
- REPL
- Variables
- Primitives
- Control Flow
- Functions
- Data structures
- Recursion
- Magic functions
- Classes and objects
- Iterators and generators
- Higher order functions
- File I/O and context management
- Modules
- Testing
- Scripting
- Exceptions

# Module 2: Graphics and Game Dev

- Turtle Graphics
  - Fractals + recursion
- Pygame (+ a little game design practices)

# Module 3: Machine Learning

- Jupyter and Colab
- Numpy
- Pandas
- Matplotlib
- EDA
- Machine learning with sci-kit learn
- Deep learning

# Module 4: Web Development

- Web scraping and BeautifulSoup
- Flask
- Django
- Docker and containerization

# Module 5: Lightning Topics

- Python security, pickling, serialization
- ???
  - If you have a request, please let us know!

# **Final Project Presentations**

More to come....

But we will dedicate our last lecture to final project group presentations

# Logistics



# Lecture and Office Hours

- Lectures will be Wednesdays 10:15–11:45 AM in AGH 214 (here!)
- Jordan's OH: TBD
- Anushka's OH: TBD
- Suhani's OH: TBD

OH times will be added to the website once they are finalized. If you need to meet before then, please send an email! Otherwise we may set up online temporary OH if we don't get a room.

# **Course Structure**

Weekly lecture (in class worksheet)

1-2 Homeworks per module

Final (group) project (including 1 checkpoint,  
presentation, and code deliverable)

# Resources

- Main website:  
<https://jjschwa.github.io/CIS1902/>
  - HWs will be posted here along with the course calendar and OH schedule
- EdStem
  - Announcements, Q&A, non-website resources
- Gradescope

# Grading

6 Homeworks: 55%

Final Project: 25% →

Checkpoint: 5%

Final Presentation: 10%

Final Coding Deliverable: 10%

Attendance and Participation: 10%

One unexcused absence will be granted no questions asked.

Excused absences will be given for unavoidable conflicts, e.g. a job interview, illness.

There will be opportunities for extra credit throughout the course!

# Attendance and Participation

- Attendance is **required** for credit (and worth 10% of your grade!)
- Fill out a worksheet based on in class exercises
- Submit worksheet at the end of the class
- Attendance points based on completion **NOT** CORRECTNESS → it's in your benefit to guess an answer and pay attention when we go over the solution

# Assignments

- HWs will be released along with the corresponding lectures
- Roughly 1-2 HWs per module.
- Some will have a quicker turnaround than others due to the nature of the length of the modules
- HWs are graded on correctness, some will have an autograder, some will be manually graded

# Assignment Deadlines and Late Submissions

- All assignment deadlines are **30 mins prior to the start of class** → 9:45 on Wednesdays
- Grace period window: 24 hours where you can submit assignments late with **no penalty**
- 5 late days – can apply 1 per assignment – stacks on top of 24 hour grace period
  - The latest any assignment may be submitted for full credit is 48 hours late
- After 48 hours, 10% penalty per day it is late
- **Exception:** no late days nor grace period will apply to the final project because of the final project in class presentations.

# Final Project

More details to come later in the course, but the gist is:

- 2-3 person groups
- Using skills and techniques you learned in this class
- 1 checkpoint
- Final presentation on the last day of class
- Final coding deliverable



**Let's jump into  
it!**

# Python Basics

- Python is interpreted  
(<https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/interpreter.html>)
  - No compilation, unlike C, C++, Rust, Go, etc.
- Python interpreters instead provide a REPL:  
Read, Eval, Print Loop

[Coding Demo]

# Comments

lecture.py

```
1 # this is a comment
2 print("hello world!")
3 """
4 this
5 is a
6 multiline
7 comment
8 print("bananas")
9 """
10 print("hello world...again!")
```

```
jordanschwartz@Jordans-MacBook-Pro:1902 % python3 lecture.py
hello world!
hello world...again!
```

# Variables

[Coding Demo]

🔑: Python is dynamically typed (variables can be reassigned to different types)

# Check in (and how participation works)

What would the following code display?

Box S7:

```
>>> x = 5  
>>> y = x  
>>> x + y
```

---

Box S8:

```
>>> x = 5  
>>> y = "x"  
>>> x + y
```

---

If you suspect it returns an error, just write Error, otherwise, write the value returned

# Primitive Types

- int
- float
- bool
- str
- None

[code demo]

🔑: Be wary of weird behavior, especially with booleans

# Check in

Box M1:

```
>>> False or (False or ((3 and True) or 1 / 0))
```

- A) True
- B) False
- C) 3
- D) Error

# Conditionals

[coding demo]

- 🔑: Use == for comparison and = for assignment
- 🔑: if, elif, else
- 🔑: Python is an indentation based language

# Iteration

[code demo]

- 🔑: while loops are useful for working with numbers
- 🔑: for loops are useful for sequences

# Check in

Box C12:

Write a block of code that will utilize some variable x, check if it's even and print "It's even!" 2 times if it is and otherwise print "It's odd!" 3 times

# Check in

Box C12:

Write a block of code that will utilize some variable x, check if it's even and print "It's even!" 2 times if it is and otherwise print "It's odd!" 3 times

```
if x % 2 == 0:  
    counter = 2  
    while counter > 0:  
        print("It's even!")  
        counter -= 1  
  
else:  
    for i in range(3):  
        print("It's odd")
```

# Functions

[code demo]

🔑: defined with def keyword

🔑: no return type or argument type specification needed

🔑: default return type is None

# Check In

C14:

Write a function that returns whether a non boolean value is truthy or falsey by returning True or False respectively.

Challenge - Write it in one line!



# **Set Up Time!**

# Installations

- Python, version 3 or higher →  
<https://www.python.org/downloads/>
- Coding environment: VSCode

# Playing around

- Open a terminal
- Start an interpreter
  - python3 or python
- Run a print statement
- Run `import this`

Don't hesitate to reach out with any questions or concerns, either now or throughout the semester!

**Thank you for coming!**

# Thanks !

**Do you have any questions?**

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