

# Graphics Programming

3<sup>RD</sup> WEEK, 2022

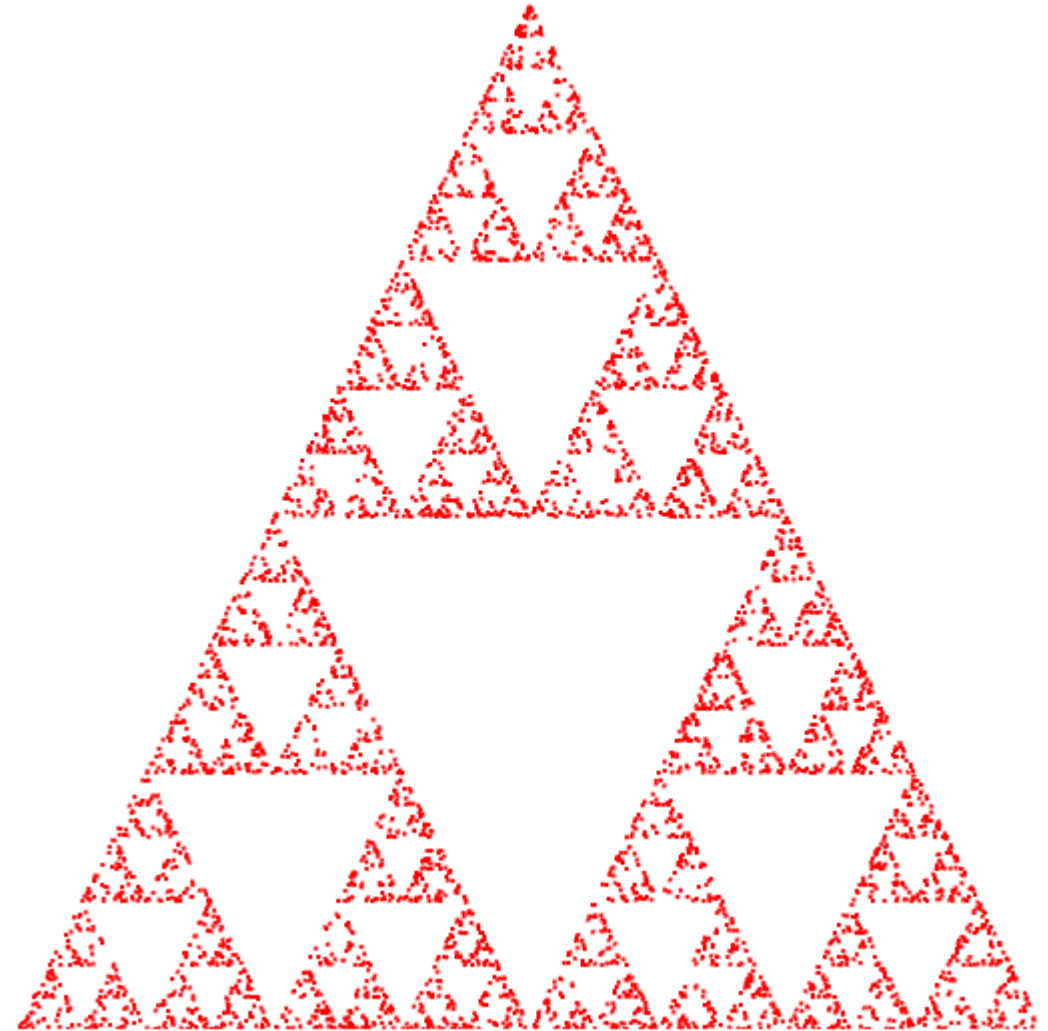


# The Sierpinski Gasket (1)

- What is?
  - Interesting shape in area such as fractal geometry
  - Object that can be defined recursively and randomly

반복적

프랙탈의 한 종류

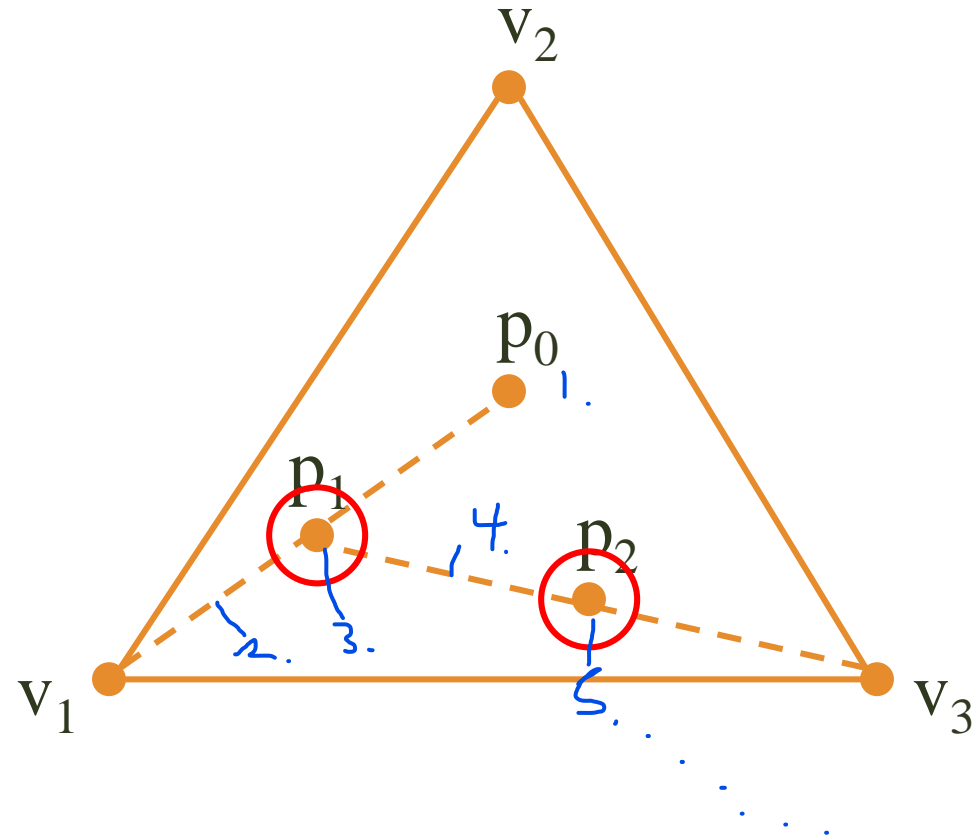


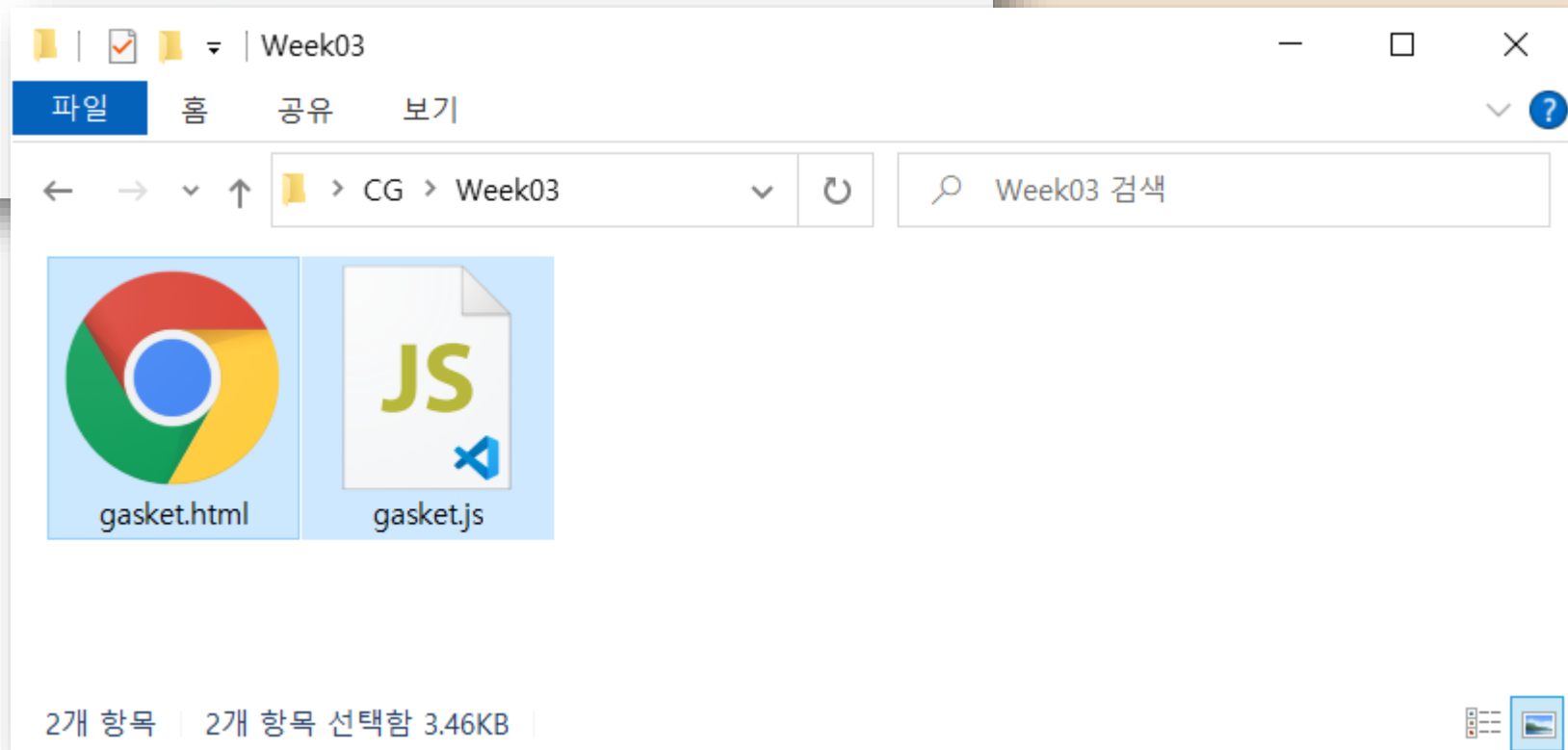
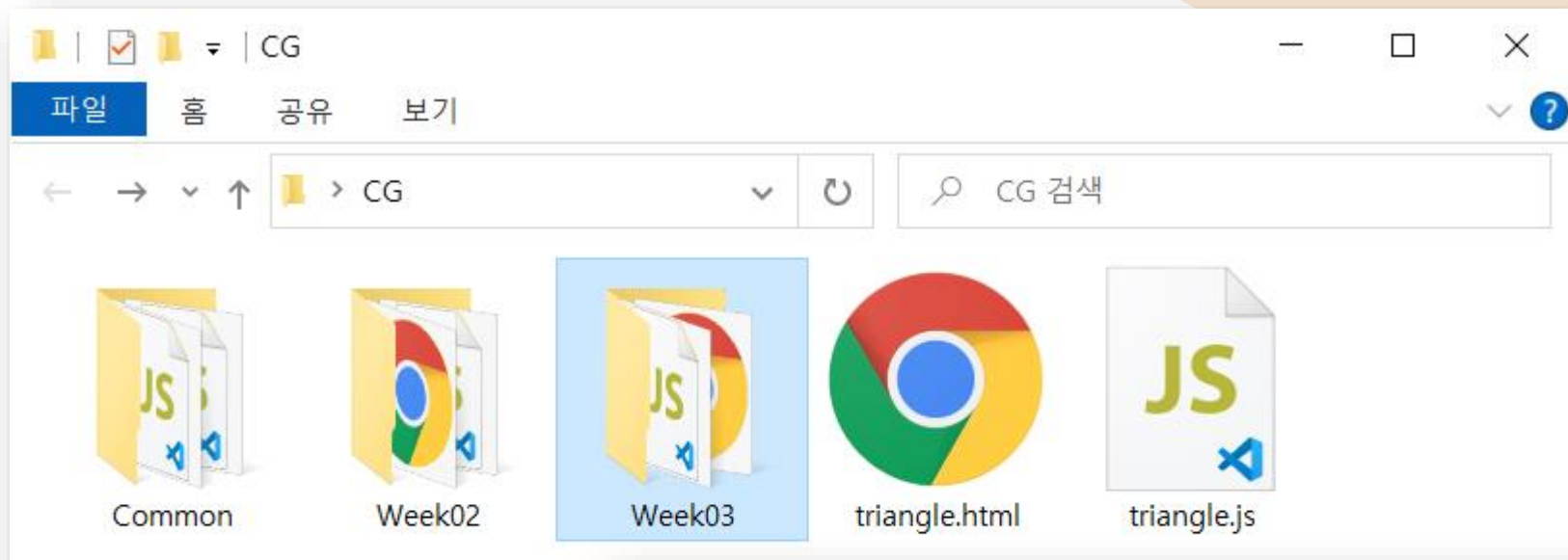
# The Sierpinski Gasket (2)

- How to...
  - Start with three vertices in the plane
    1. Pick an initial point at random inside the triangle
    2. Select one of the three vertices at random
    3. Find the point halfway between the initial point and the randomly selected vertex
    4. Display this new point by putting some sort of marker, such as a small circle, at its location
    5. Replace the initial point with this new point
    6. Return to step 2

# The Sierpinski Gasket (2)

- How to...





gasket.html - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

gasket.html x JS gasket.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > <> gasket.html > ...

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3   <head>
4     <title>학번 이름 - Sierpinski Gasket</title>
5     <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
6       attribute vec4 vPosition;
7
8       void main() {
9         gl_PointSize = 2.0;
10        gl_Position = vPosition;
11      }
12    </script>
13
14    <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
15      precision mediump float;
16
17      void main() {
18        gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
19      }
20    </script>
21
22    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
23    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
24    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/MV.js"></script>
25    <script type="text/javascript" src="gasket.js"></script>
26  </head>
27  <body>
28    <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
29      Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
30    </canvas>
31  </body>
32 </html>
```

Ln 1, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

gasket.js - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

gasket.html JS gasket.js X

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket.js > ...

```
1 var gl;
2 var points;
3 var numPoints = 5000;
4
5 window.onload = function init()
6 {
7     var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
8
9     gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
10    if( !gl ) {
11        alert("WebGL isn't available!");
12    }
13
14    // Sierpinski Gasket
15    generatePoints();
16
17    // Configure WebGL
18    gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
19    gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
20
21    // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
22    var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
23    gl.useProgram(program);
24
25    // Load the data into the GPU
26    var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
27    gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
28    gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
29
30    // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
31    var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
32    gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
33    gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
34
35    render();
```

Restricted Mode 0 0 Ln 1, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

gasket.js - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

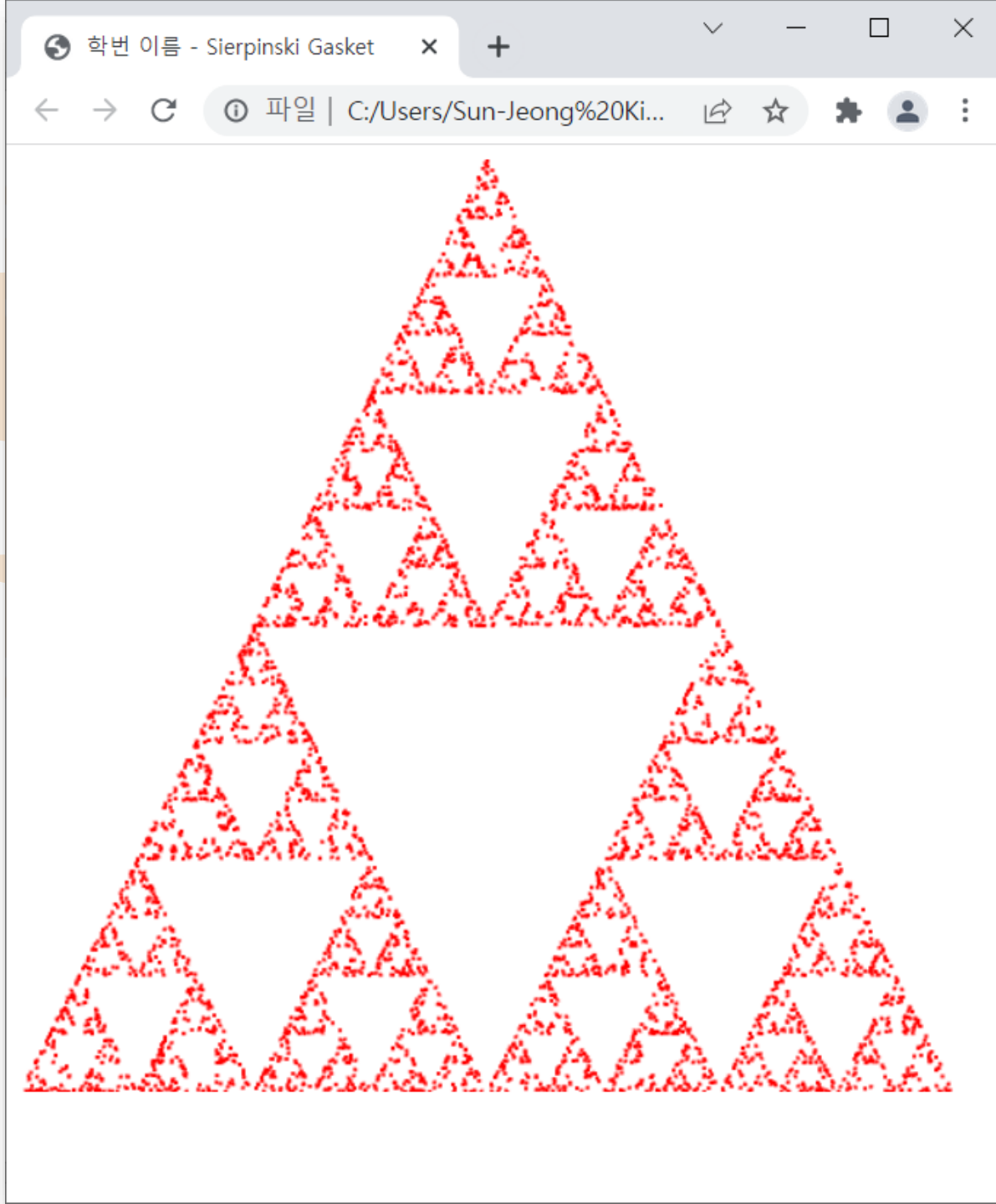
gasket.html JS gasket.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket.js > ...

```
36  };
37
38  function render() {
39      gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
40      gl.drawArrays(gl.POINTS, 0, points.length);
41  }
42
43  function generatePoints() {
44      // Initialize the data for the Sierpinski Gasket
45      // First, initialize the corners of a gasket with three points
46      var vertices = [
47          vec2(-1, -1),
48          vec2(0, 1),
49          vec2(1, -1)
50      ];
51
52      // Specify a starting point p for iterations
53      // p must lie inside any set of three vertices
54      var u = add(vertices[0], vertices[1]);
55      var v = add(vertices[0], vertices[2]);
56      var p = scale(0.25, add(u, v));
57
58      // Add an initial point into the array of points
59      points = [p];
60
61      // Compute the new points
62      // Each new point is located midway between last point and a randomly chosen vertex
63      for (var i=0; points.length<numPoints; i++) {
64          var j = Math.floor(Math.random() * 3);
65          p = add(points[i], vertices[j]);
66          p = scale(0.5, p);
67          points.push(p);
68      }
69  }
70
```

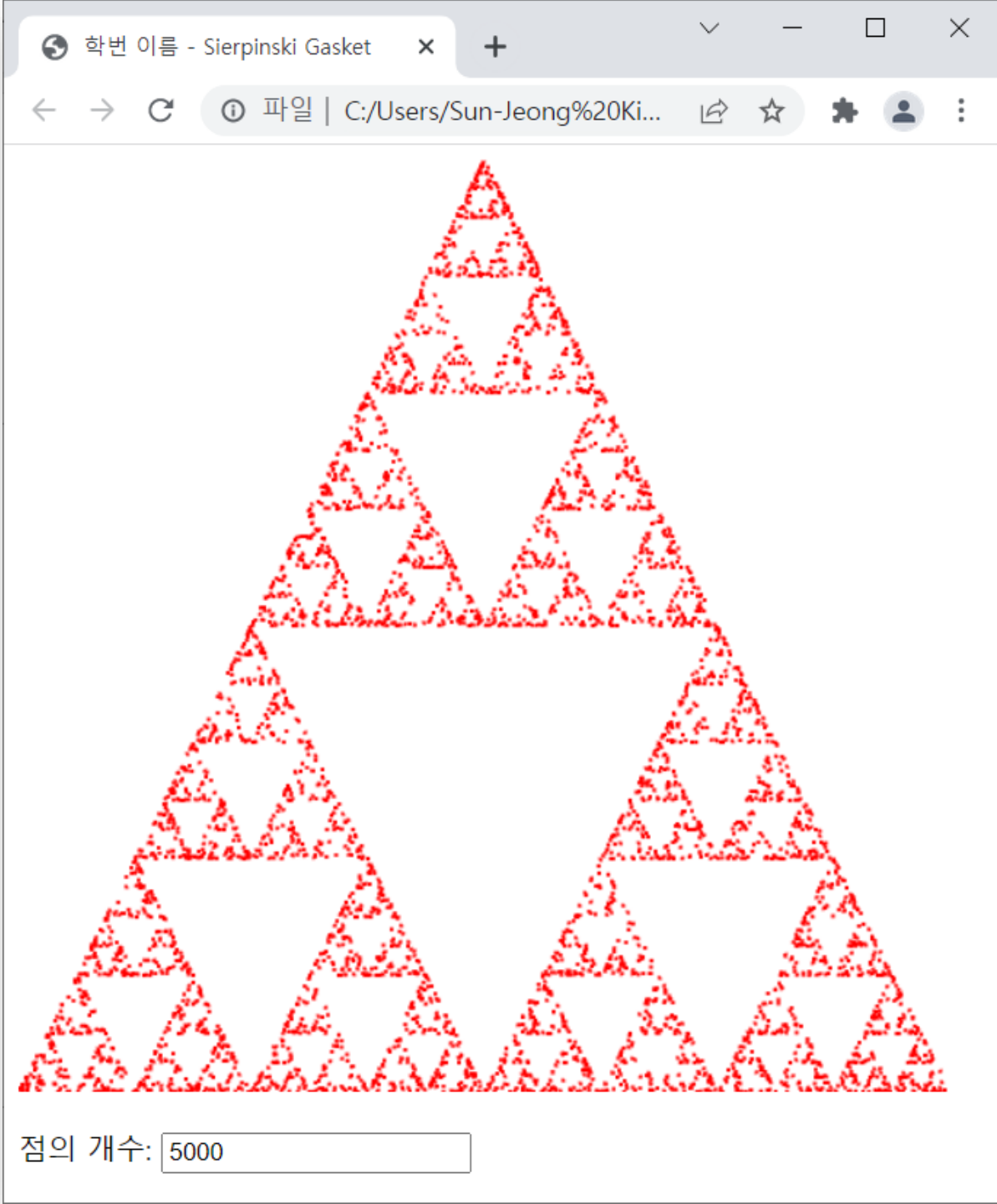
8





# 연습문제 (1)

- Sierpinski Gasket에서 점의 개수를 사용자로부터 입력 받아 그리시오.



gasket.html - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

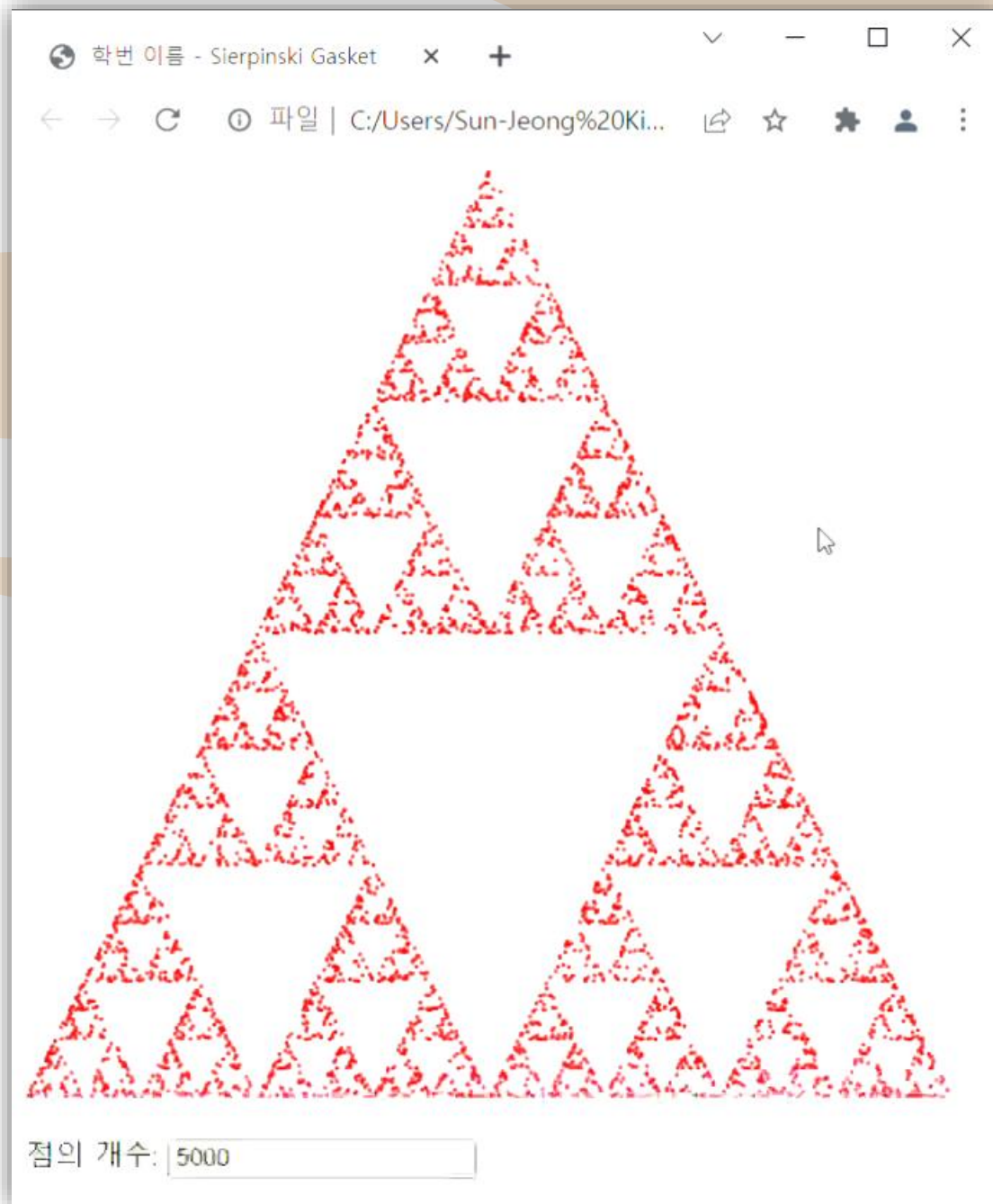
gasket.html x JS gasket.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > <> gasket.html > html > body > p > input#numPoints

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3    <head>
4      <title>학번 이름 - Sierpinski Gasket</title>
5      <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
6        attribute vec4 vPosition;
7
8        void main() {
9          gl_PointSize = 2.0;
10         gl_Position = vPosition;
11       }
12     </script>
13
14     <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
15       precision mediump float;
16
17       void main() {
18         gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
19       }
20     </script>
21
22     <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
23     <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
24     <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/MV.js"></script>
25     <script type="text/javascript" src="gasket.js"></script>
26   </head>
27   <body>
28     <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
29       Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
30     </canvas>
31     <p>점의 개수: <input type="text" id="numPoints" value="5000" onchange="drawGasket()"></p>
32   </body>
33 </html>
```

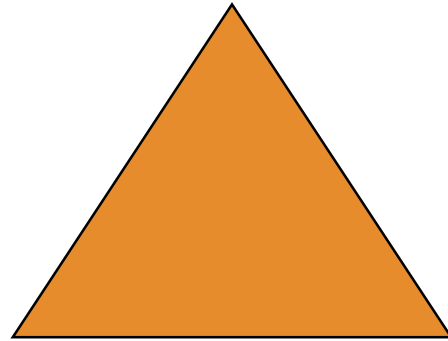
```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help gasket.js - Visual Studio Code
gasket.html JS gasket.js X
C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket.js > drawGasket

52 // Specify a starting point p for iterations
53 // p must lie inside any set of three vertices
54 var u = add(vertices[0], vertices[1]);
55 var v = add(vertices[0], vertices[2]);
56 var p = scale(0.25, add(u, v));
57
58 // Add an initial point into the array of points
59 points = [p];
60
61 // Compute the new points
62 // Each new point is located midway between last point and a randomly chosen vertex
63 for (var i=0; points.length<numPoints; i++) {
64     var j = Math.floor(Math.random() * 3);
65     p = add(points[i], vertices[j]);
66     p = scale(0.5, p);
67     points.push(p);
68 }
69 }
70
71 function drawGasket() {
72     numPoints = parseInt(document.getElementById("numPoints").value);
73
74     if(numPoints > 0 && numPoints <= 50000) {
75         generatePoints();
76
77         gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
78
79         render();
80     }
81     else {
82         alert("점의 개수는 0보다 크고 50,000보다 작거나 같아야 합니다.");
83     }
84 }
85
```

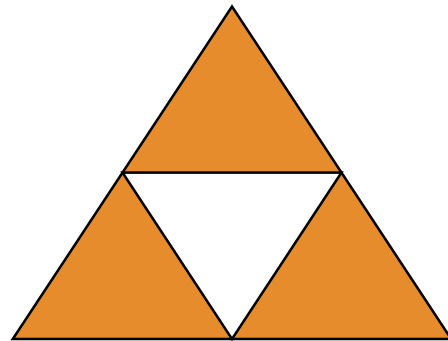


# Polygons and Recursion

- Start with a triangle



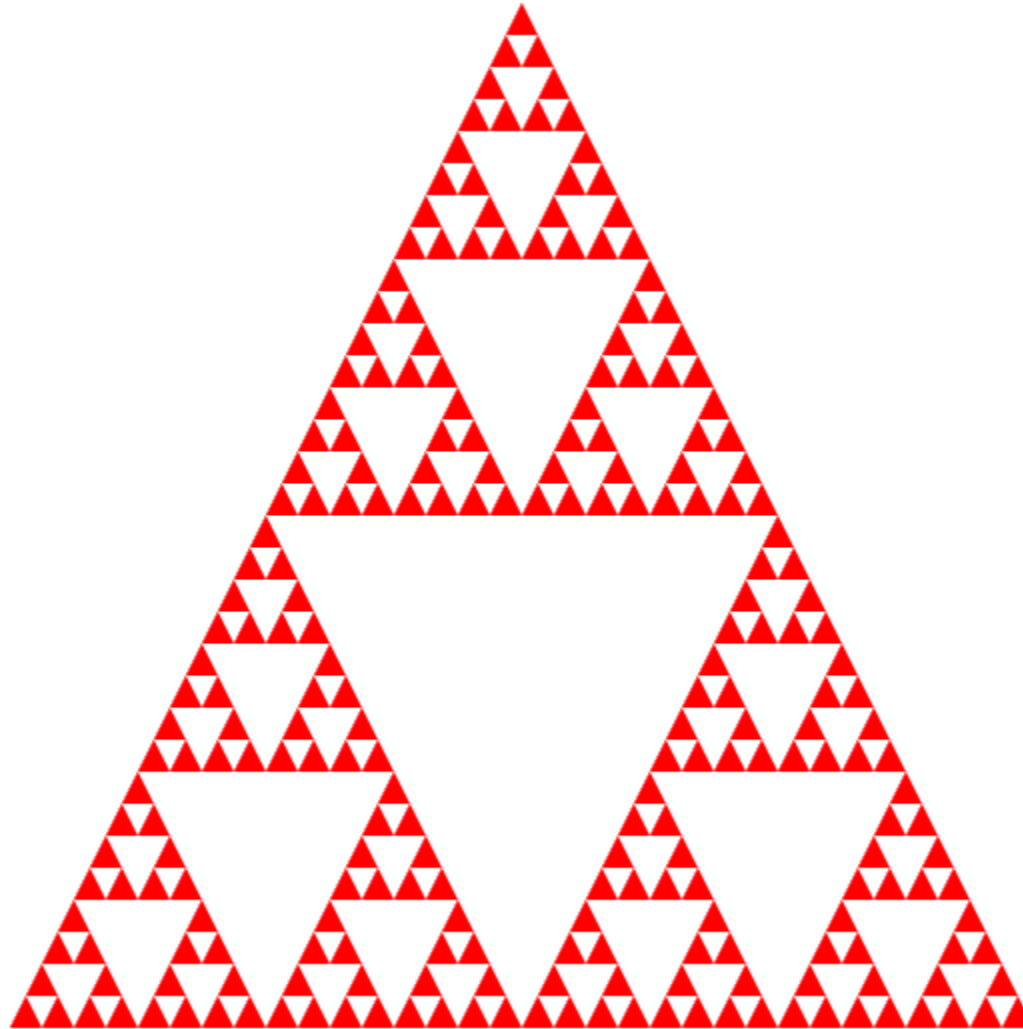
- Connect bisectors of sides and remove central triangle

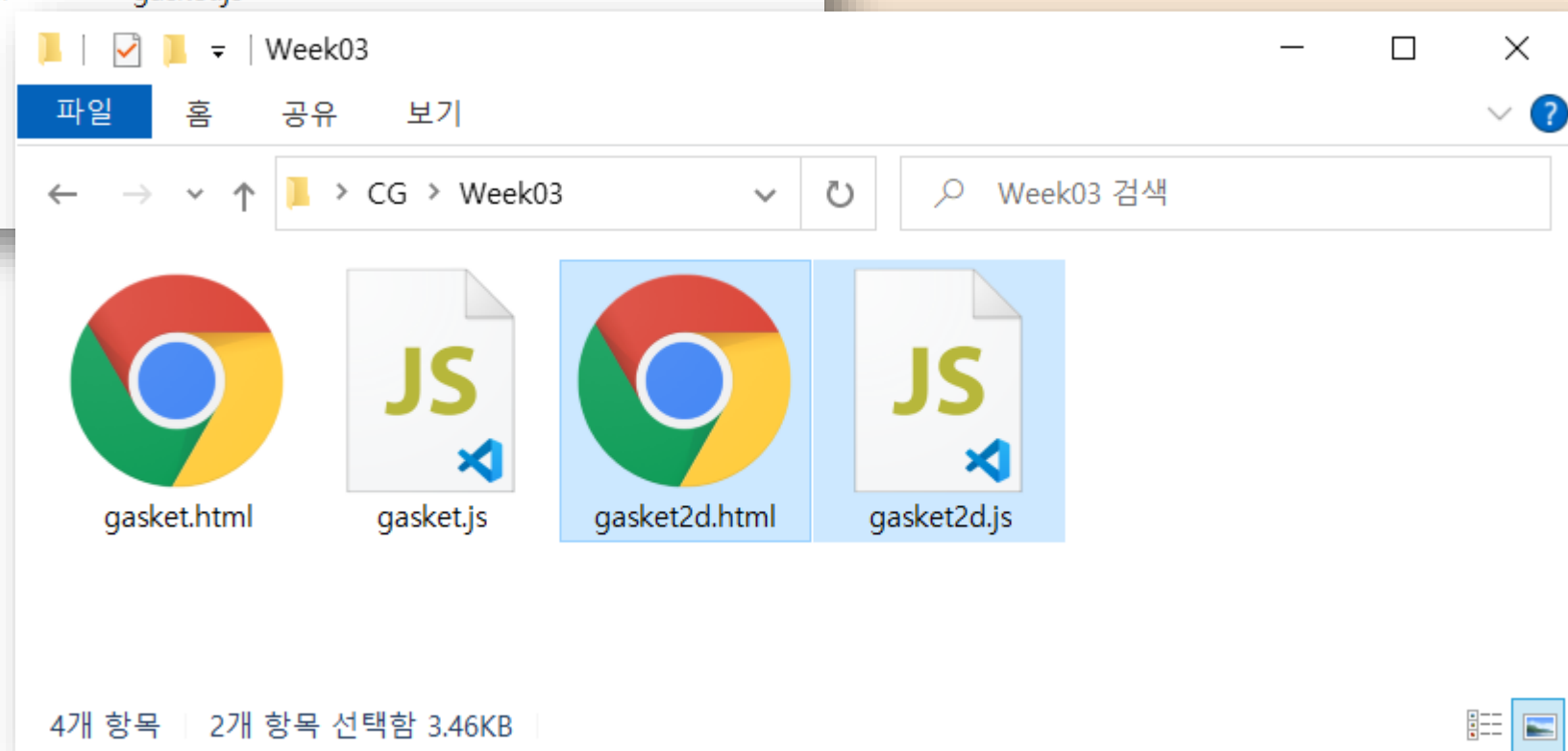
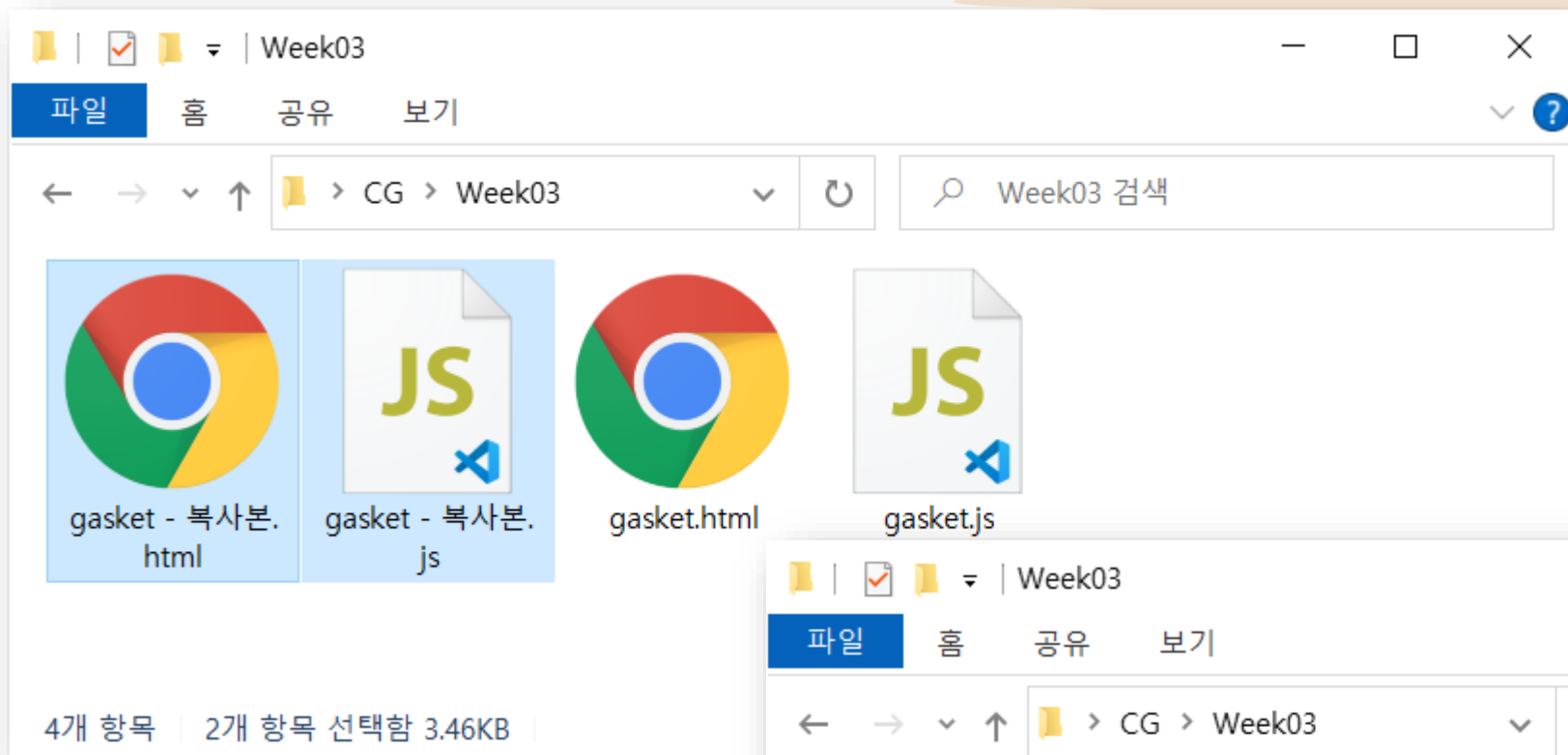


- Repeat

# Example

- Five subdivisions







```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help gasket2d.html - Visual Studio Code
<> gasket.html JS gasket.js <> gasket2d.html X
C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > <> gasket2d.html > html > body
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3 <head>
4 <title>학번 이름 - 2D Sierpinski Gasket</title>
5 <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
6 attribute vec4 vPosition;
7
8 void main() {
9 //gl_PointSize = 2.0;
10 gl_Position = vPosition;
11 }
12 </script>
13
14 <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
15 precision mediump float;
16
17 void main() {
18 gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
19 }
20 </script>
21
22 <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
23 <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
24 <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/MV.js"></script>
25 <script type="text/javascript" src="gasket2d.js"></script>
26 </head>
27 <body>
28 <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
29 Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
30 </canvas>
31 <!--p>점의 개수: <input type="text" id="numPoints" value="5000" onchange="drawGasket()"></p-->
32 </body>
33 </html>
```

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Helpgasket2d.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlJS gasket.jsgasket2d.htmlJS gasket2d.js X

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket2d.js > divideTriangle

```
1  var gl;
2  var points;
3  var numTimes = 5;
4
5  window.onload = function init()
6  {
7      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
8
9      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
10     if( !gl ) {
11         alert("WebGL isn't available!");
12     }
13
14     // 2D Sierpinski Gasket
15     generateTriangles();
16
17     // Configure WebGL
18     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
19     gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
20
21     // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
22     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
23     gl.useProgram(program);
24
25     // Load the data into the GPU
26     var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
27     gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
28     gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
29
30     // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
31     var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
32     gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
33     gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
34
35     render();
```

Ln 73, Col 42 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Helpgasket2d.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlJS gasket.jsgasket2d.htmlJS gasket2d.js X

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket2d.js > divideTriangle

```
22     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
23     gl.useProgram(program);
24
25     // Load the data into the GPU
26     var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
27     gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
28     gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
29
30     // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
31     var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
32     gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
33     gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
34
35     render();
36 };
37
38 function render() {
39     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
40     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, points.length);
41 }
42
43 function generateTriangles() {
44     // Initialize the data for the Sierpinski Gasket
45     // First, initialize the corners of a gasket with three points
46     var vertices = [
47         vec2(-1, -1),
48         vec2(0, 1),
49         vec2(1, -1)
50     ];
51
52     points = [];
53
54     divideTriangle(vertices[0], vertices[1], vertices[2], numTimes);
55 }
56
```

Ln 73, Col 42 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket2d.js > divideTriangle

```

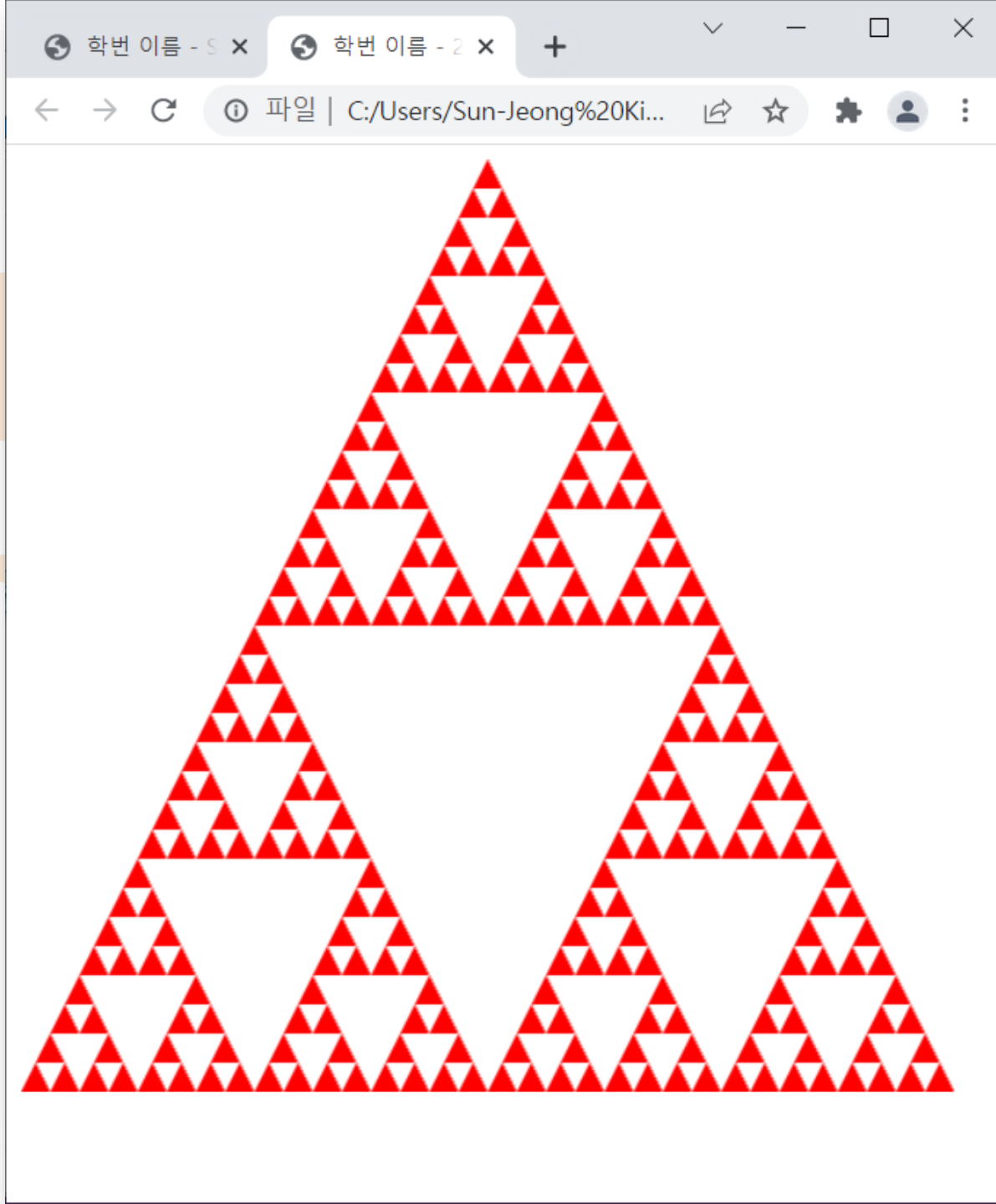
43 function generateTriangles() {
44     // Initialize the data for the Sierpinski Gasket
45     // First, initialize the corners of a gasket with three points
46     var vertices = [
47         vec2(-1, -1),
48         vec2(0, 1),
49         vec2(1, -1)
50     ];
51
52     points = [];
53
54     divideTriangle(vertices[0], vertices[1], vertices[2], numTimes);
55 }
56

```

```

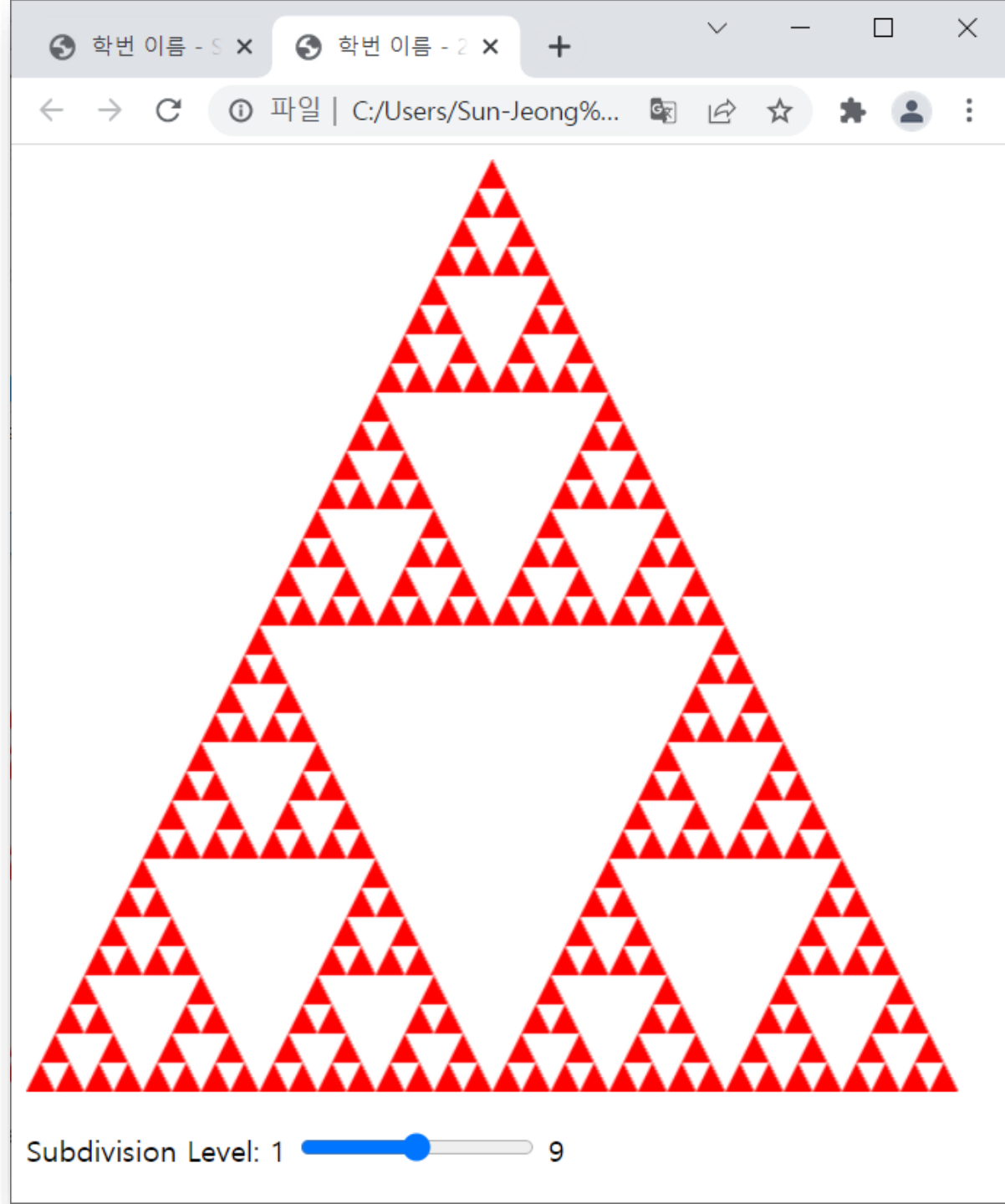
57 function divideTriangle(a, b, c, count) {
58     // check for the end of recursion
59     if (count == 0) {
60         points.push(a, b, c);
61     }
62     else {
63         // bisect the sides
64         var ab = mix(a, b, 0.5);
65         var bc = mix(b, c, 0.5);
66         var ca = mix(c, a, 0.5);
67
68         count--;
69
70         // three new triangles
71         divideTriangle(a, ab, ca, count);
72         divideTriangle(b, bc, ab, count);
73         divideTriangle(c, ca, bc, count);
74     }
75 }
76

```



## 연습문제 (2)

- Sierpinski Gasket 2D에서 Subdivision 레벨을 사용자로 부터 입력 받아 그리시오.



File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help gasket2d.html - Visual Studio Code

gasket.html JS gasket.js gasket2d.html X JS gasket2d.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > gasket2d.html > html > body > p

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3   <head>
4     <title>학번 이름 - 2D Sierpinski Gasket</title>
5     <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
6       attribute vec4 vPosition;
7
8       void main() {
9         //gl_PointSize = 2.0;
10        gl_Position = vPosition;
11      }
12    </script>
13
14    <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
15      precision mediump float;
16
17      void main() {
18        gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
19      }
20    </script>
21
22    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
23    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
24    <script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/MV.js"></script>
25    <script type="text/javascript" src="gasket2d.js"></script>
26  </head>
27  <body>
28    <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
29      Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
30    </canvas>
31    <p>Subdivision Level: 1 <input type="range" id="level" value="5" min="1" max="9" step="1" value="5"> 9</p>
32  </body>
33 </html>
```

Ln 31, Col 110 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Helpgasket2d.js - Visual Studio Code

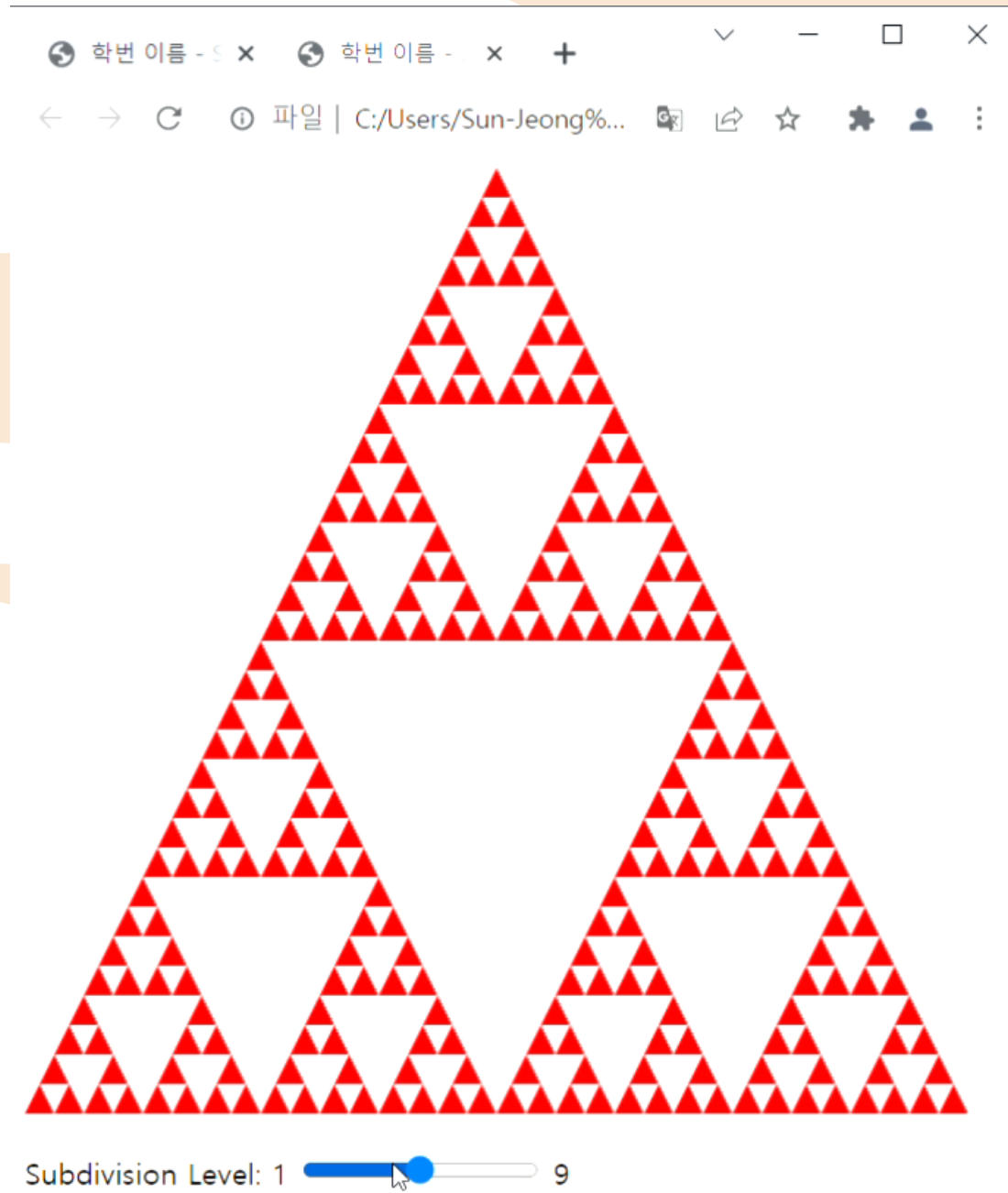
gasket.htmlgasket.jsgasket2d.htmlgasket2d.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS gasket2d.js > init > onchange

```
1  var gl;
2  var points;
3  var numTimes = 5;
4
5  window.onload = function init()
6  {
7      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
8
9      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
10     if( !gl ) {
11         alert("WebGL isn't available!");
12     }
13
14     document.getElementById("level").onchange = function(event) {
15         numTimes = event.target.value;
16
17         generateTriangles();
18
19         gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(points), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
20
21         render();
22     }
23
24     // 2D Sierpinski Gasket
25     generateTriangles();
26
27     // Configure WebGL
28     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
29     gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
30
31     // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
32     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
33     gl.useProgram(program);
34
35     // Load the data into the GPU
```

Ln 21, Col 18 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript





24.11

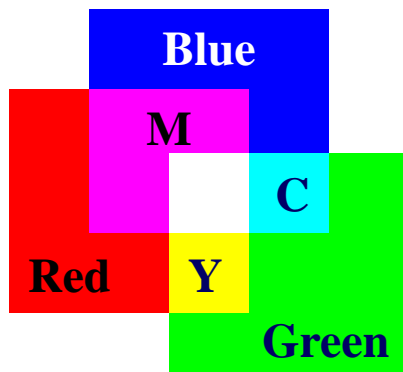
25

# Attributes

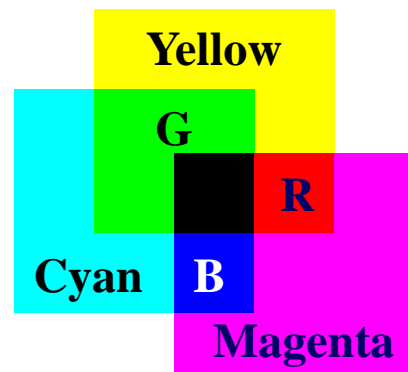
- Properties that determines how to render a geometric primitive (appearance of objects)
  - Color (points, lines, polygons)
  - Size and width (points, lines)
  - Stipple pattern (lines, polygons)
  - Polygon mode
    - Display as filled: solid color or stipple pattern
    - Display edges
    - Display vertices
- Only a few (**glPointSize**) are supported by OpenGL functions

# Color

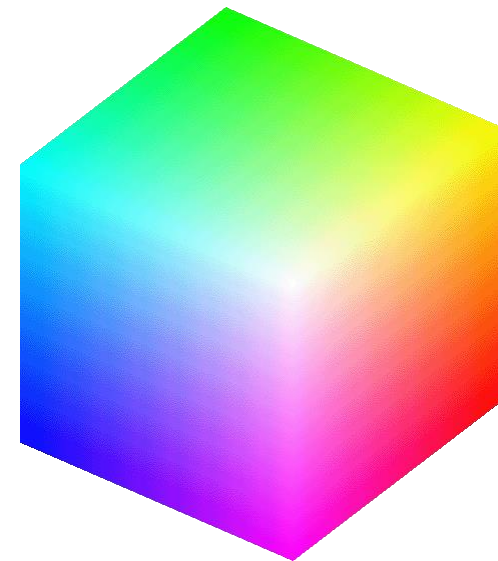
- Three color theory
  - Our brains do not receive the entire color distribution but rather than three values
- Additive color – ex) CRT
- Subtractive color – ex) printing



Additive Color



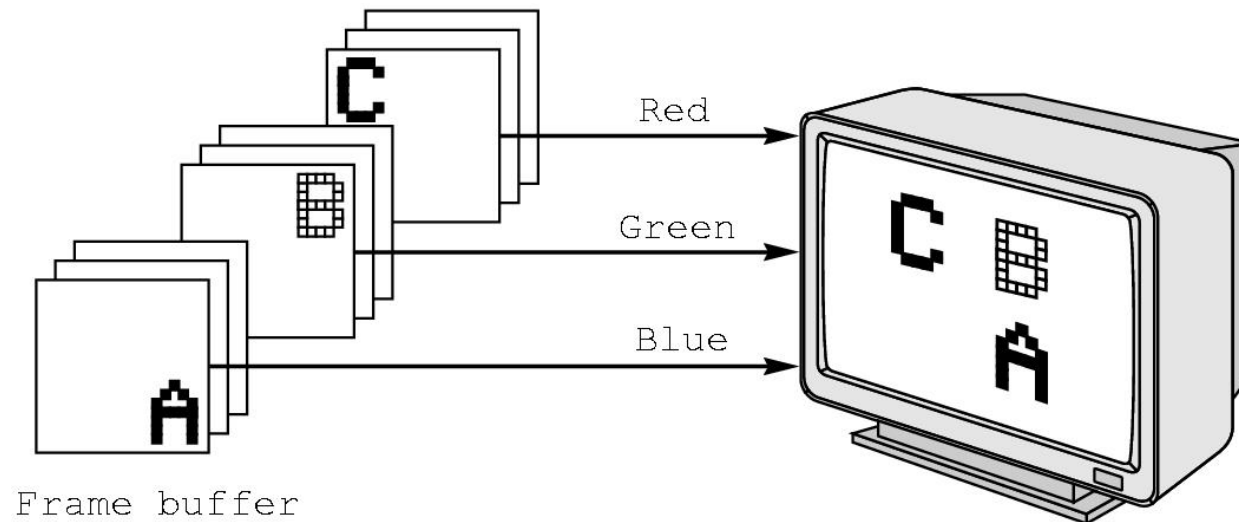
Subtractive Color



Color Solid

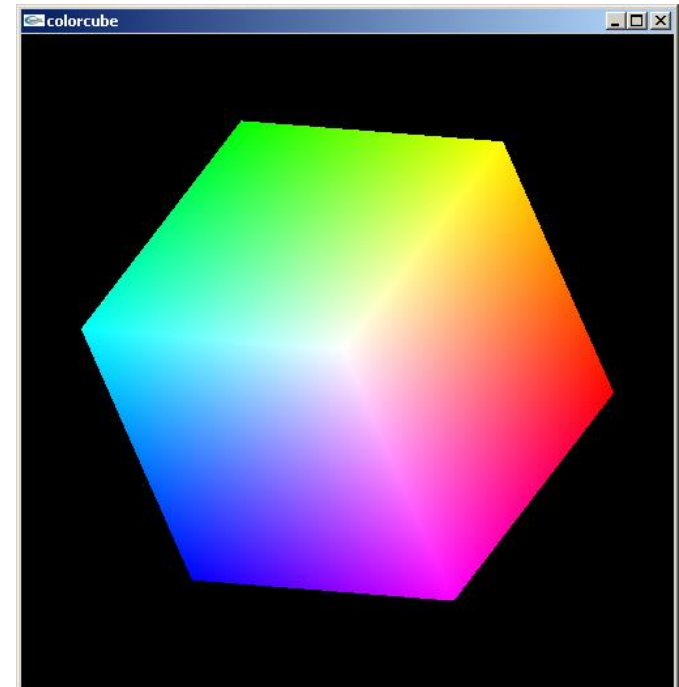
# RGB Color

- Each color component is stored separately in the frame buffer
  - Usually 8 bits per component in buffer
  - Color values can range from 0.0 (none) to 1.0 (all) using floats or over the range from 0 to 255 using unsigned bytes



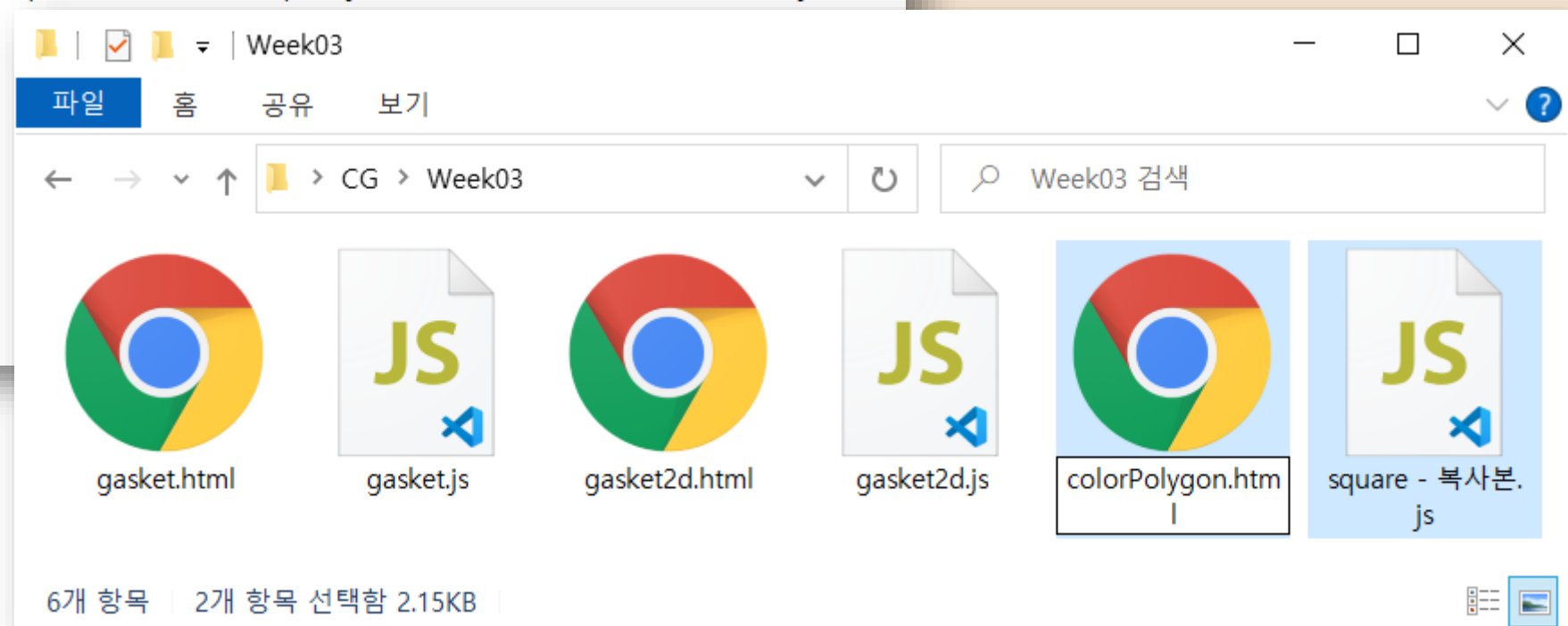
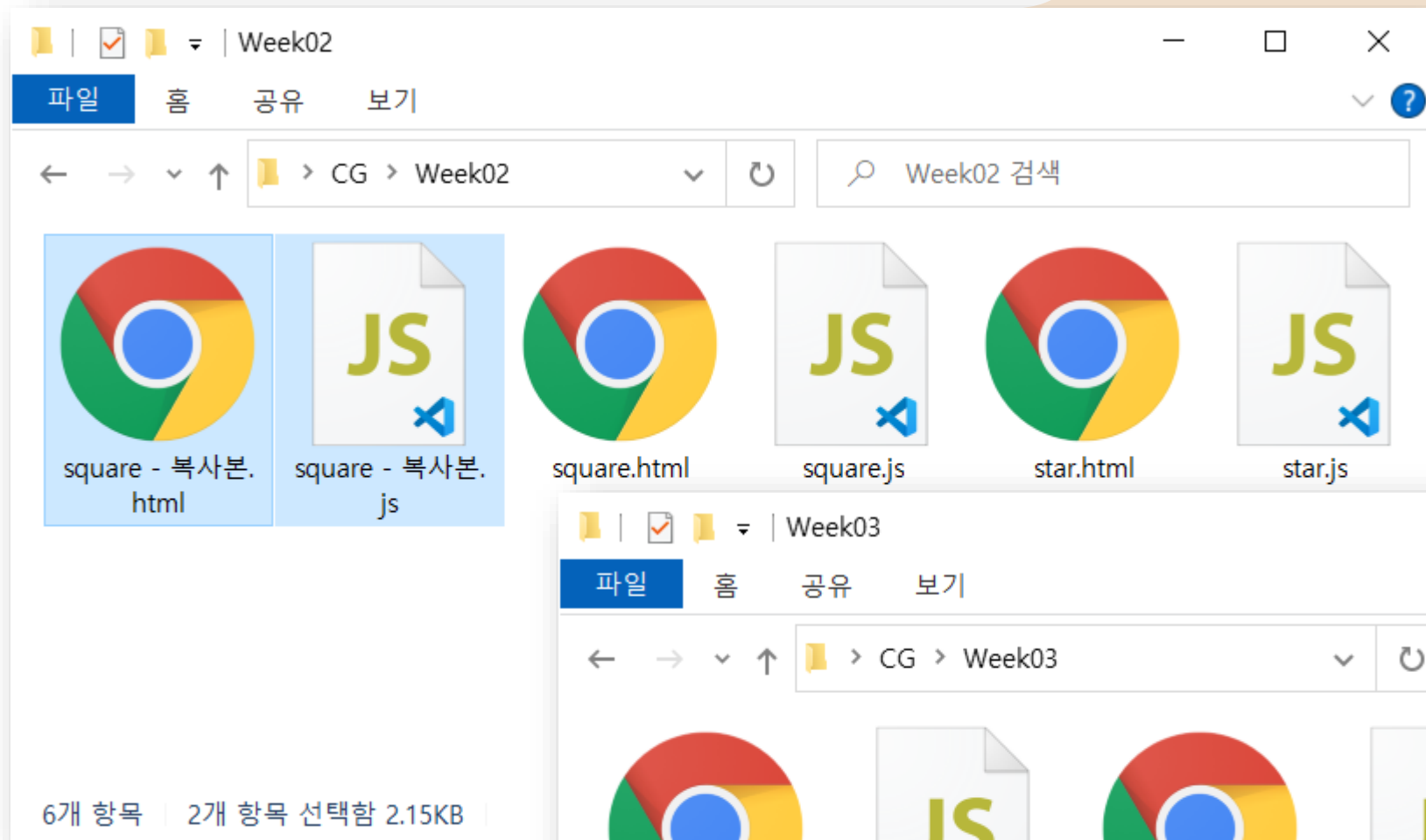
# Smooth Color

- Default is smooth shading
  - OpenGL interpolates vertex colors across visible polygons
- Alternative is flat shading
  - Color of first vertex determines fill color
  - Handle in shader



# Setting Colors

- Colors are ultimately set in the fragment shader but can be determined in either shader or in the application
- Application color: pass to vertex shader as a uniform variable or as a vertex attribute
- Vertex shader color: pass to fragment shader as varying variable
- Fragment color: can alter via shader code



colorPolygon.html - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

gasket.html JS gasket.js gasket2d.html JS gasket2d.js colorPolygon.html X JS colorPolygon.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > colorPolygon.html > html > head > script

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3      <head>
4          <title>2022 Computer Graphics</title>
5
6          <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
7              attribute vec4 vPosition;
8
9              void main() {
10                 //gl_PointSize = 5.0;
11                 gl_Position = vPosition;
12             }
13          </script>
14
15          <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
16              precision mediump float;
17
18              void main() {
19                 gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0);
20             }
21          </script>
22
23          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
24          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
25          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/MV.js"></script>
26          <script type="text/javascript" src="colorPolygon.js"></script>
27      </head>
28      <body>
29          <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
30              Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
31          </canvas>
32      </body>
33  </html>
```



colorPolygon.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlgasket.jsgasket2d.htmlgasket2d.jscolorPolygon.htmlcolorPolygon.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS colorPolygon.js > render

```
1  var gl;
2
3  window.onload = function init()
4  {
5      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
6
7      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
8      if( !gl ) {
9          alert("WebGL isn't available!");
10     }
11
12     var vertices = [
13         vec2(-0.5, -0.5),
14         vec2(0.5, -0.5),
15         vec2(0, 0.5)
16     ];
17
18     // Configure WebGL
19     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
20     gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
21
22     // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
23     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
24     gl.useProgram(program);
25
26     // Load the data into the GPU
27     var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
28     gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
29     gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
30
31     // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
32     var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
33     gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
34     gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
35
```

Ln 42, Col 31 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

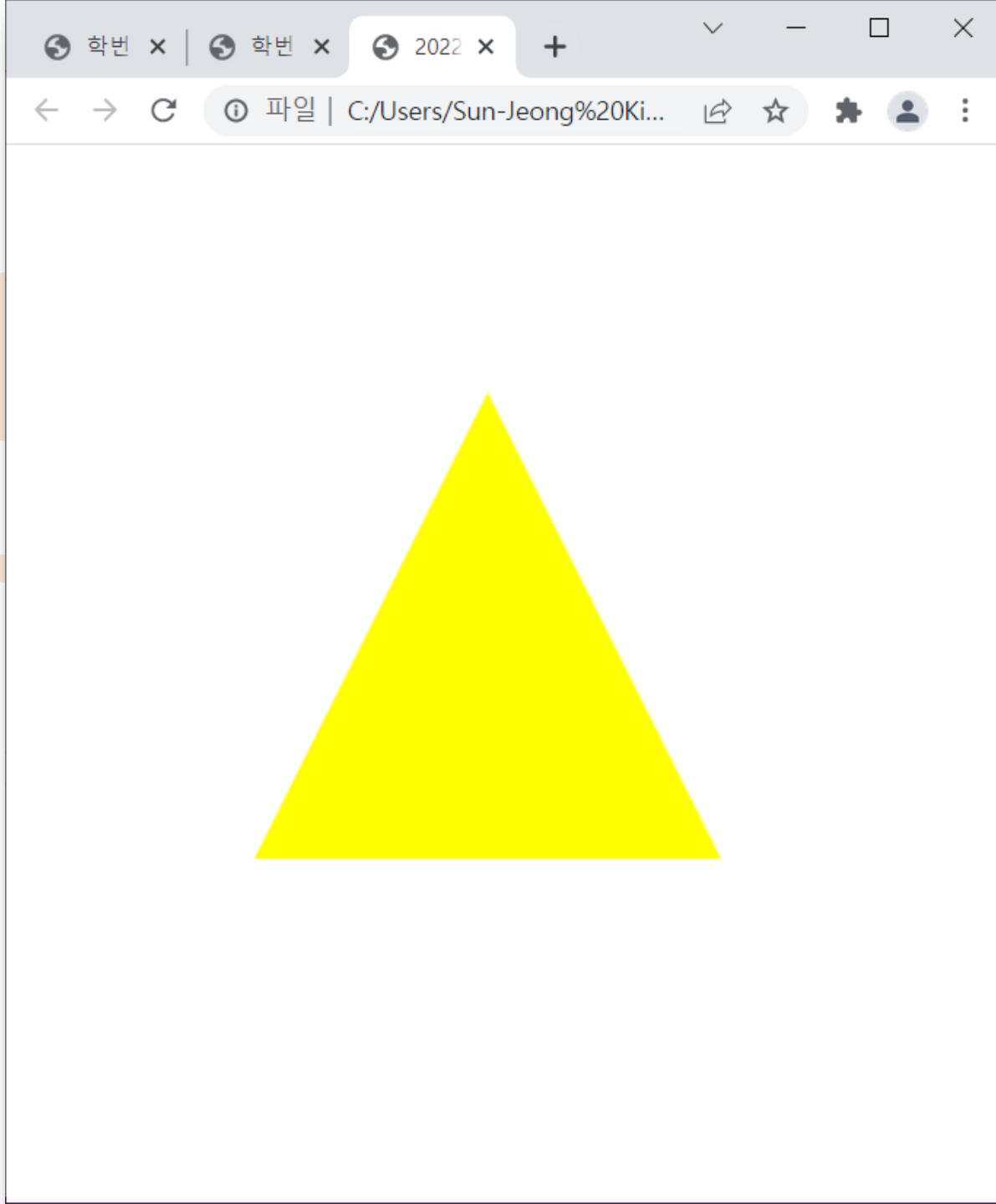
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal HelpcolorPolygon.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlgasket.jsgasket2d.htmlgasket2d.jscolorPolygon.htmlcolorPolygon.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > colorPolygon.js > render

```
11
12     var vertices = [
13         vec2(-0.5, -0.5),
14         vec2(0.5, -0.5),
15         vec2(0, 0.5)
16     ];
17
18     // Configure WebGL
19     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
20     gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
21
22     // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
23     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
24     gl.useProgram(program);
25
26     // Load the data into the GPU
27     var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
28     gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
29     gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
30
31     // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
32     var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
33     gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
34     gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
35
36     render();
37 };
38
39 function render()
40 {
41     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
42     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
43 }
44
```

Ln 42, Col 31 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript



File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal HelpcolorPolygon.html - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlJS gasket.jsgasket2d.htmlJS gasket2d.jscolorPolygon.html XJS colorPolygon.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > colorPolygon.html > html > head > script#fragment-shader

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3      <head>
4          <title>2022 Computer Graphics</title>
5
6          <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
7              attribute vec4 vPosition;
8              attribute vec4 vColor;
9              varying vec4 fColor;
10
11              void main() {
12                  //gl_PointSize = 5.0;
13                  gl_Position = vPosition;
14                  fColor = vColor;
15              }
16          </script>
17
18          <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
19              precision mediump float;
20              varying vec4 fColor;
21
22              void main() {
23                  gl_FragColor = fColor;
24              }
25          </script>
26
27          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
28          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
29          <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/MV.js"></script>
30          <script type="text/javascript" src="colorPolygon.js"></script>
31      </head>
32      <body>
33          <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
34              Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
35          </canvas>
```

Ln 23, Col 39 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF HTML 36

 init[illegible]

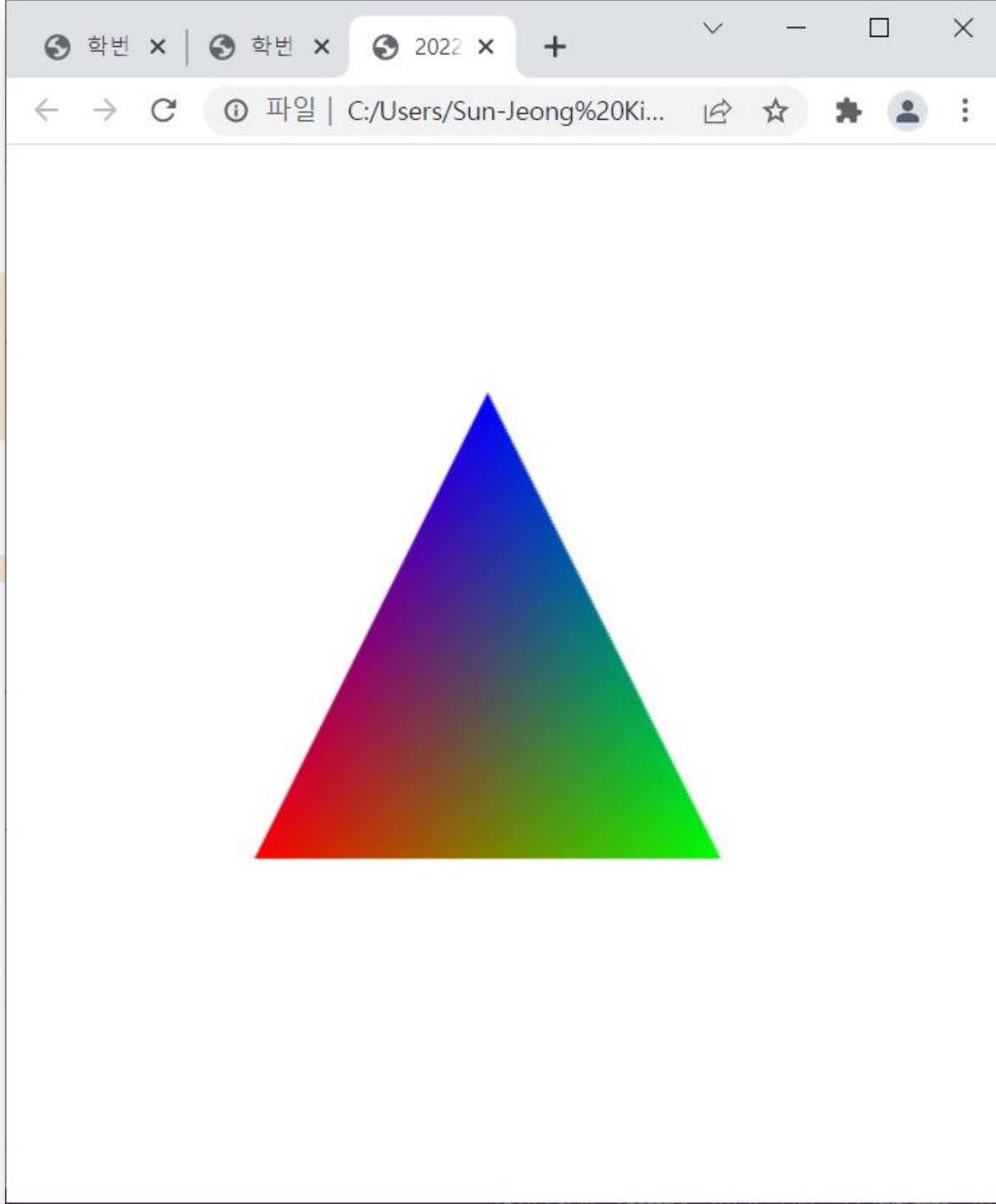
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal HelpcolorPolygon.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlgasket.jsgasket2d.htmlgasket2d.jscolorPolygon.htmlcolorPolygon.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > colorPolygon.js > init

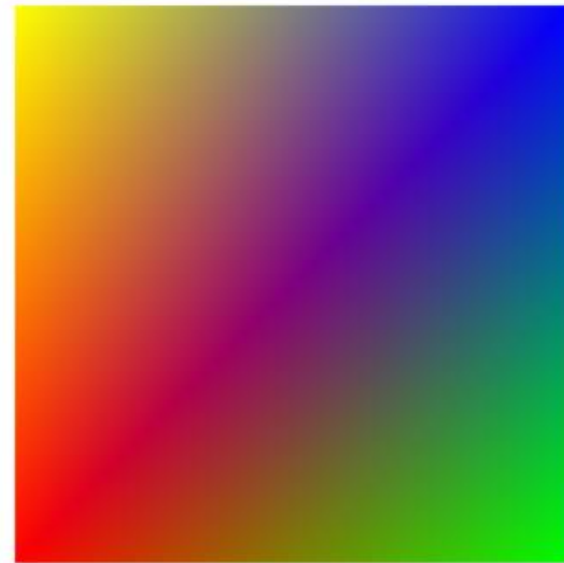
```
27
28 // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
29 var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
30 gl.useProgram(program);
31
32 // Load the data into the GPU
33 var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
34 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
35 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
36
37 // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
38 var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
39 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
40 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
41
42 // Create a buffer object, initialize it, and associate it with
43 // the associated attribute variable in our vertex shader
44 var cbufferId = gl.createBuffer();
45 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, cbufferId);
46 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(colors), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
47
48 var vColor = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vColor");
49 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vColor, 4, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
50 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vColor);
51
52 render();
53 };
54
55 function render()
56 {
57     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
58     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
59 }
60
```

Ln 50, Col 39 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript



## 연습문제 (3)

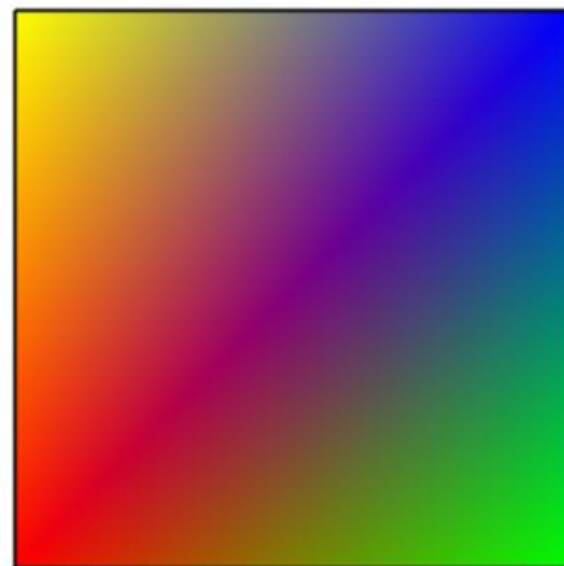
- 오른쪽과 같은 사각형을 그리시오.





## 연습문제 (4)

- 오른쪽과 같은 사각형의 테두리 선을 그리시오.



C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS colorPolygon.js > render

```

1  var gl;
2
3  window.onload = function init()
4  {
5      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
6
7      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
8      if( !gl ) {
9          alert("WebGL isn't available!");
10     }
11
12     var vertices = [
13         vec2(-0.5, -0.5),
14         vec2(0.5, -0.5),
15         vec2(0.5, 0.5),
16         vec2(-0.5, 0.5),
17
18         vec2(-0.5, -0.5),
19         vec2(0.5, -0.5),
20         vec2(0.5, 0.5),
21         vec2(-0.5, 0.5)
22     ];
23
24     var colors = [
25         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
26         vec4(0, 1, 0, 1),
27         vec4(0, 0, 1, 1),
28         vec4(1, 1, 0, 1),
29
30         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),
31         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),
32         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),
33         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1)
34     ];
35

```



File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal HelpcolorPolygon.js - Visual Studio Code

gasket.htmlgasket.jsgasket2d.htmlgasket2d.jscolorPolygon.htmlcolorPolygon.js

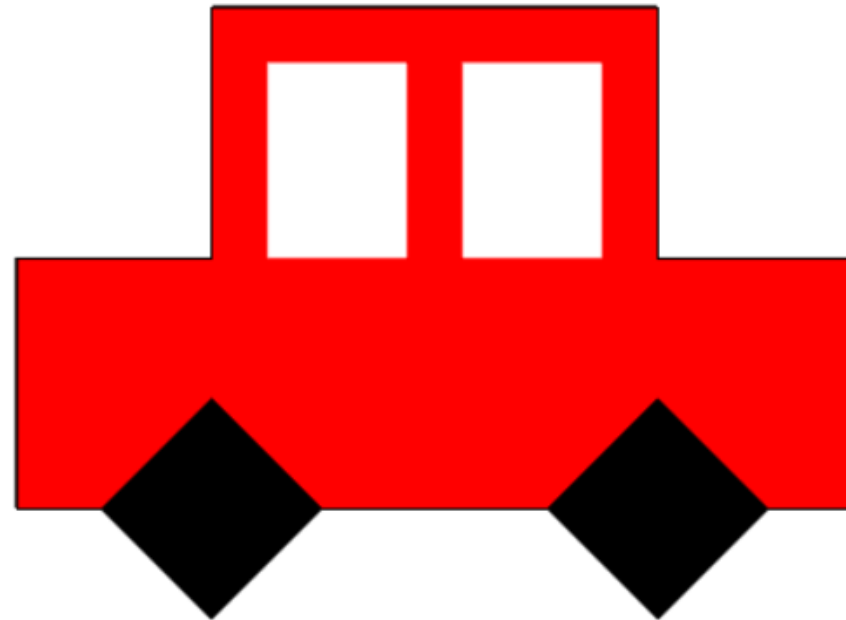
C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS colorPolygon.js > render

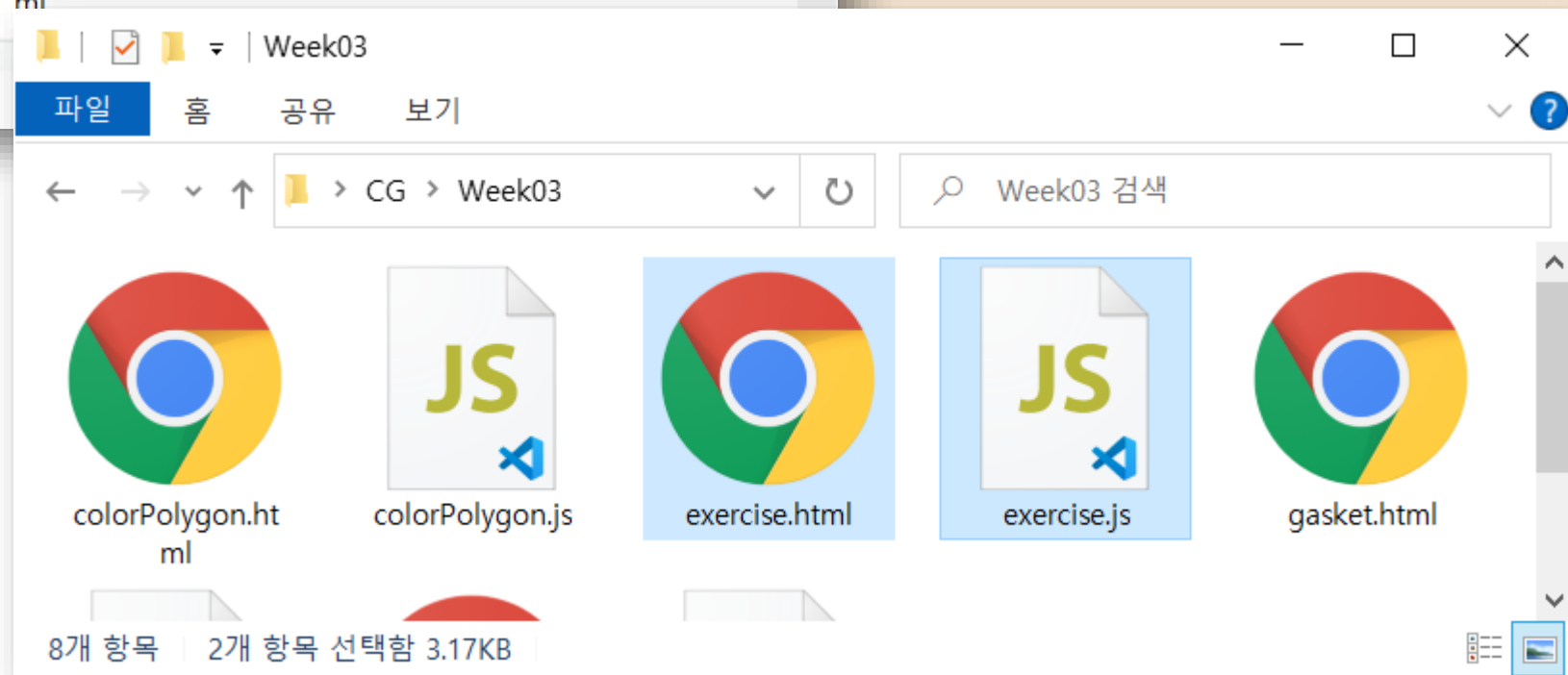
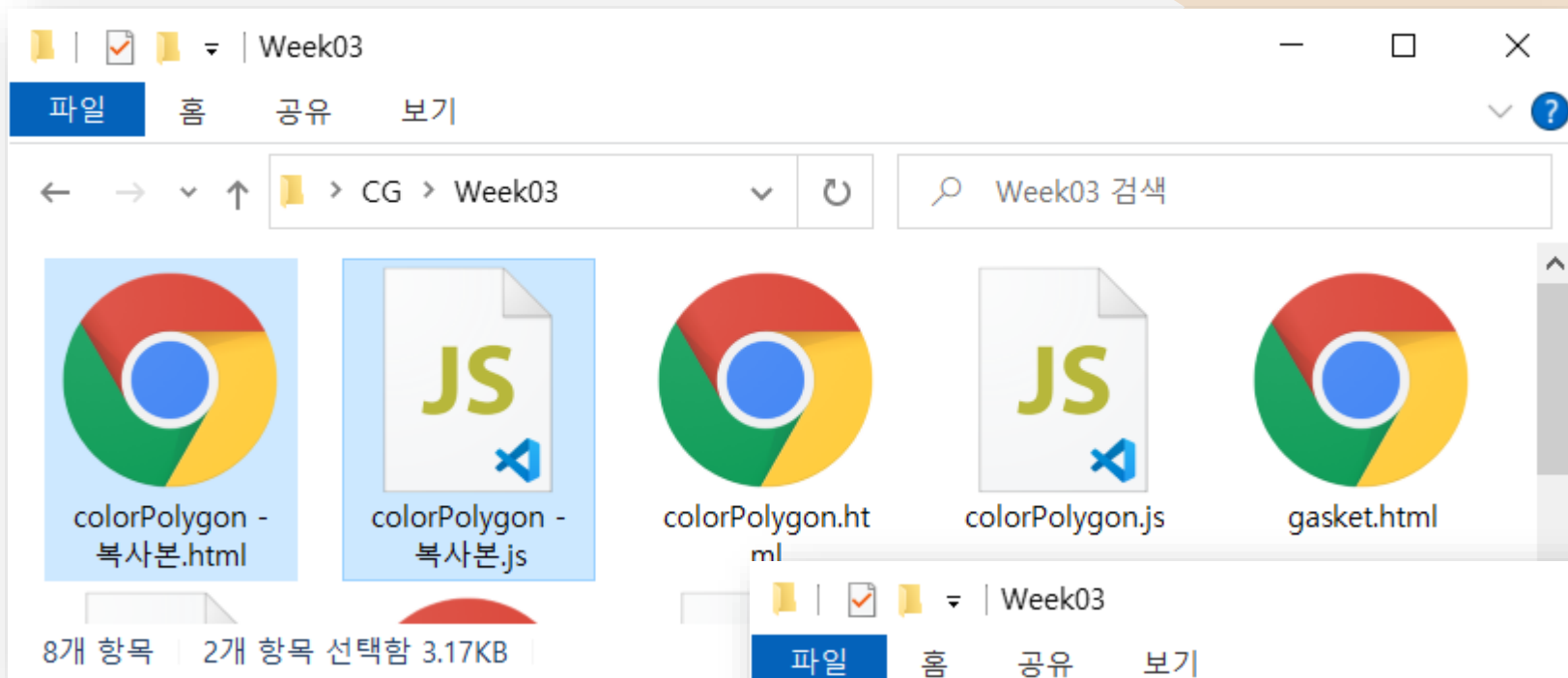
```
40 // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
41 var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
42 gl.useProgram(program);
43
44 // Load the data into the GPU
45 var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
46 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
47 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
48
49 // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
50 var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
51 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
52 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
53
54 // Create a buffer object, initialize it, and associate it with
55 // the associated attribute variable in our vertex shader
56 var cbufferId = gl.createBuffer();
57 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, cbufferId);
58 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(colors), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
59
60 var vColor = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vColor");
61 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vColor, 4, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
62 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vColor);
63
64 render();
65 };
66
67 function render()
68 {
69     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
70     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4);
71     gl.drawArrays(gl.LINE_LOOP, 4, 4);
72 }
73
```

Ln 71, Col 37 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

# 연습문제 (5)

- 자유 그리기
  - 도형 5개 이상
  - 색상 3개 이상





C: &gt; Users &gt; Sun-Jeong Kim &gt; Desktop &gt; CG &gt; Week03 &gt; exercise.html &gt; html &gt; head &gt; script

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3    <head>
4      <title>2022 Computer Graphics</title>
5
6      <script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
7        attribute vec4 vPosition;
8        attribute vec4 vColor;
9        varying vec4 fColor;
10
11        void main() {
12          //gl_PointSize = 5.0;
13          gl_Position = vPosition;
14          fColor = vColor;
15        }
16      </script>
17
18      <script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
19        precision mediump float;
20        varying vec4 fColor;
21
22        void main() {
23          gl_FragColor = fColor;
24        }
25      </script>
26
27      <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
28      <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
29      <script type="text/javascript" src="../../Common/MV.js"></script>
30      <script type="text/javascript" src="exercise.js"></script>
31    </head>
32    <body>
33      <canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
34        Oops... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element!
35      </canvas>
```



File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Helpexercise.js - Visual Studio Code

htmlJS gasket.jsgasket2d.htmlJS gasket2d.jscolorPolygon.htmlJS colorPolygon.jsexercise.htmlJS exercise.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS exercise.js > render

```
1  var gl;
2
3  window.onload = function init()
4  {
5      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
6
7      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
8      if( !gl ) {
9          alert("WebGL isn't available!");
10     }
11
12     var vertices = [
13         vec2(-0.4, 0.75),  vec2(-0.4, 0.3),
14         vec2(0.4, 0.3),    vec2(0.4, 0.75),
15
16         vec2(-0.75, 0.3),  vec2(-0.75, -0.15),
17         vec2(0.75, -0.15), vec2(0.75, 0.3)
18     ];
19
20     var colors = [
21         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),  vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
22         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),  vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
23
24         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),  vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
25         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),  vec4(1, 0, 0, 1)
26     ];
27
28     // Configure WebGL
29     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
30     gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
31
32     // Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
33     var program = initShaders(gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader");
34     gl.useProgram(program);
35
```

Ln 63, Col 40 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

exercise.js - Visual Studio Code

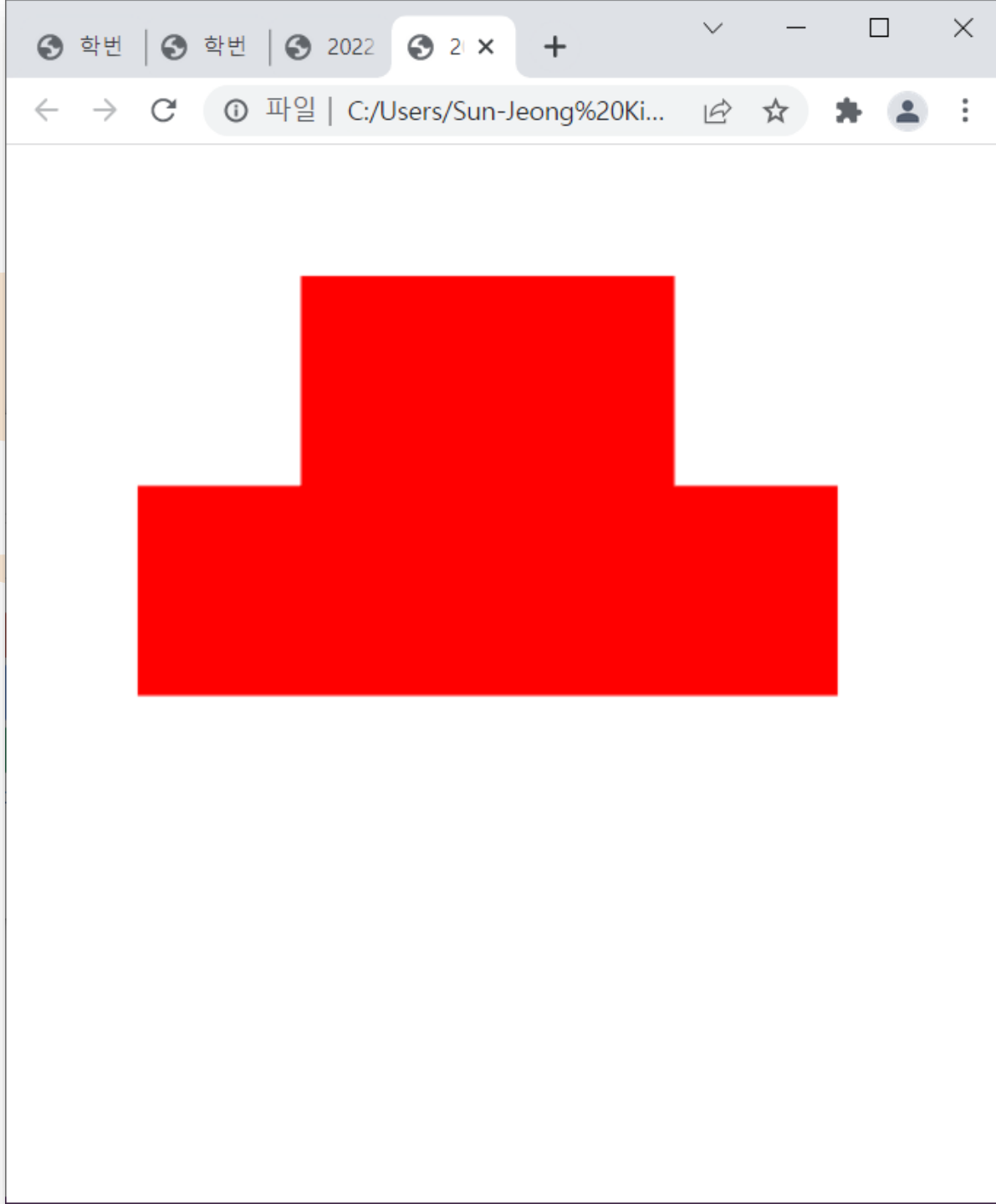
html JS gasket.js gasket2d.html JS gasket2d.js colorPolygon.html JS colorPolygon.js exercise.html JS exercise.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS exercise.js > render

```
36 // Load the data into the GPU
37 var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
38 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
39 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
40
41 // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
42 var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
43 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
44 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
45
46 // Create a buffer object, initialize it, and associate it with
47 // the associated attribute variable in our vertex shader
48 var cbufferId = gl.createBuffer();
49 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, cbufferId);
50 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(colors), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
51
52 var vColor = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vColor");
53 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vColor, 4, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
54 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vColor);
55
56 render();
57 };
58
59 function render()
60 {
61     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
62     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4);
63     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 4, 4);
64 }
65
```

Ln 63, Col 40 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript





C: &gt; Users &gt; Sun-Jeong Kim &gt; Desktop &gt; CG &gt; Week03 &gt; JS exercise.js &gt; render

```
1  var gl;
2
3  window.onload = function init()
4  {
5      var canvas = document.getElementById("gl-canvas");
6
7      gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL(canvas);
8      if( !gl ) {
9          alert("WebGL isn't available!");
10     }
11
12     var vertices = [
13         vec2(-0.4, 0.75),   vec2(-0.4, 0.3),
14         vec2(0.4, 0.3),     vec2(0.4, 0.75),
15
16         vec2(-0.75, 0.3),   vec2(-0.75, -0.15),
17         vec2(0.75, -0.15),  vec2(0.75, 0.3),
18
19         vec2(-0.4, 0.75),   vec2(-0.4, 0.3),   vec2(-0.75, 0.3),   vec2(-0.75, -0.15),
20         vec2(0.75, -0.15),  vec2(0.75, 0.3),   vec2(0.4, 0.3),     vec2(0.4, 0.75)
21     ];
22
23     var colors = [
24         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
25         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
26
27         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
28         vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(1, 0, 0, 1),
29
30         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),
31         vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1),   vec4(0, 0, 0, 1)
32     ];
33
34     // Configure WebGL
35     gl.viewport(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
```

```
1  gl.clearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
2  gl.clear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
3
4  gl.enable(GL_CULL_FACE);
5  gl.enable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
6
7  gl.useProgram(program);
8
9  gl.uniform1f(uTime, time);
10
11  gl.uniform3f(uPosition, position.x, position.y, position.z);
12
13  gl.uniform3f(uScale, scale.x, scale.y, scale.z);
14
15  gl.uniform3f(uRotation, rotation.x, rotation.y, rotation.z);
16
17  gl.uniform3f(uColor, color.x, color.y, color.z);
18
19  gl.uniform3f(uAmbient, ambient.x, ambient.y, ambient.z);
20
21  gl.uniform3f(uSpecular, specular.x, specular.y, specular.z);
22
23  gl.uniform3f(uEmissive, emissive.x, emissive.y, emissive.z);
24
25  gl.uniform3f(uRefractiveIndex, refractiveIndex.x, refractiveIndex.y, refractiveIndex.z);
26
27  gl.uniform3f(uBump, bump.x, bump.y, bump.z);
28
29  gl.uniform3f(uNormal, normal.x, normal.y, normal.z);
30
31  gl.uniform3f(uTangent, tangent.x, tangent.y, tangent.z);
32
33  gl.uniform3f(uBinormal, binormal.x, binormal.y, binormal.z);
34
35  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature, curvature.x, curvature.y, curvature.z);
36
37  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature2, curvature2.x, curvature2.y, curvature2.z);
38
39  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature3, curvature3.x, curvature3.y, curvature3.z);
40
41  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature4, curvature4.x, curvature4.y, curvature4.z);
42
43  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature5, curvature5.x, curvature5.y, curvature5.z);
44
45  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature6, curvature6.x, curvature6.y, curvature6.z);
46
47  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature7, curvature7.x, curvature7.y, curvature7.z);
48
49  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature8, curvature8.x, curvature8.y, curvature8.z);
50
51  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature9, curvature9.x, curvature9.y, curvature9.z);
52
53  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature10, curvature10.x, curvature10.y, curvature10.z);
54
55  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature11, curvature11.x, curvature11.y, curvature11.z);
56
57  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature12, curvature12.x, curvature12.y, curvature12.z);
58
59  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature13, curvature13.x, curvature13.y, curvature13.z);
60
61  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature14, curvature14.x, curvature14.y, curvature14.z);
62
63  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature15, curvature15.x, curvature15.y, curvature15.z);
64
65  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature16, curvature16.x, curvature16.y, curvature16.z);
66
67  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature17, curvature17.x, curvature17.y, curvature17.z);
68
69  gl.uniform3f(uCurvature18, curvature18.x, curvature18.y, curvature18.z);
69
```

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help exercise.js - Visual Studio Code

html JS gasket.js gasket2d.html JS gasket2d.js colorPolygon.html JS colorPolygon.js exercise.html JS exercise.js

C: > Users > Sun-Jeong Kim > Desktop > CG > Week03 > JS exercise.js > render

```
42 // Load the data into the GPU
43 var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
44 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, bufferId);
45 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
46
47 // Associate our shader variables with our data buffer
48 var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
49 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
50 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
51
52 // Create a buffer object, initialize it, and associate it with
53 // the associated attribute variable in our vertex shader
54 var cbufferId = gl.createBuffer();
55 gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, cbufferId);
56 gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, flatten(colors), gl.STATIC_DRAW);
57
58 var vColor = gl.getAttribLocation(program, "vColor");
59 gl.vertexAttribPointer(vColor, 4, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);
60 gl.enableVertexAttribArray(vColor);
61
62 render();
63 };
64
65 function render()
66 {
67     gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
68     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4);
69     gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 4, 4);
70     gl.drawArrays(gl.LINE_LOOP, 8, 8);
71 }
72
```

51

Restricted Mode 0 0 Ln 70, Col 37 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} JavaScript

