Homework 1 COSE312, Spring 2020

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Problem 1 The goal of this assignment is to write a compiler that translates regular expressions to deterministic finite automata (DFAs).

1. Clone the Git repository for programming assignments:

```
git clone https://github.com/kupl/Compilers2020.git
```

- 2. You can find the hw1 directory and the following files in it:
 - main.ml: Driver code with some test cases. You can add your own test cases here.
 - regex.ml: The definition of regular expressions (the "source language" of our compiler).
 - nfa.ml: NFA implementation (the "intermediate representation" of our compiler). Read nfa.mli to see how to use the NFA module.
 - dfa.ml: DFA implementation (the "target language" of our compiler). Read dfa.mli to see how to use the DFA module.
 - hw1.ml: Complete and submit this file.
- 3. In regex.ml, regular expression is defined as follows:

```
type alphabet = A | B
type t =
    | Empty
    | Epsilon
    | Alpha of alphabet
    | OR of t * t
    | CONCAT of t * t
    | STAR of t
```

where we assume $\Sigma = \{A, B\}$.

4. In hw1.ml, you can find code below:

```
let regex2nfa : Regex.t -> Nfa.t
=fun regex -> raise Not_implemented (* TODO *)

let nfa2dfa : Nfa.t -> Dfa.t
=fun nfa -> raise Not_implemented (* TODO *)

(* Do not modify this function *)
let regex2dfa : Regex.t -> Dfa.t
=fun regex ->
  let nfa = regex2nfa regex in
  let dfa = nfa2dfa nfa in
    dfa

let run_dfa : Dfa.t -> alphabet list -> bool
=fun dfa str -> raise Not_implemented (* TODO *)
```

Your job in this assignment is to implement the functions:

- regex2nfa, which converts a regular expression to an equivalent NFA,
- nfa2dfa, which converts an NFA to an equivalent DFA, and
- run_dfa, which takes a DFA and a string (i.e., a sequence of input symbols) and returns true (i.e., accept) or false (i.e., reject).

Once you complete the implementation, you can build and run the program as follows:

```
$ ./build
$ ./main.native
For the test cases in main.ml:
let testcases : (Regex.t * alphabet list) list =
  Γ
    (Empty, []);
    (Epsilon, []);
    (Alpha A, [A]);
    (Alpha A, [B]);
    (OR (Alpha A, Alpha B), [B]);
    (CONCAT (STAR (Alpha A), Alpha B), [B]);
    (CONCAT (STAR (Alpha A), Alpha B), [A;B]);
    (CONCAT (STAR (Alpha A), Alpha B), [A;A;B]);
    (CONCAT (STAR (Alpha A), Alpha B), [A;B;B]);
    (CONCAT (CONCAT (STAR (CONCAT (Alpha A, Alpha A)),
                     STAR (CONCAT (Alpha B, Alpha B))), Alpha B), [B]);
    (CONCAT (CONCAT (STAR (CONCAT (Alpha A, Alpha A)),
                     STAR (CONCAT (Alpha B, Alpha B)), Alpha B), [A;A;B]);
    (CONCAT (CONCAT (STAR (CONCAT (Alpha A, Alpha A)),
```

```
STAR (CONCAT (Alpha B, Alpha B))), Alpha B), [B;B;B]);
    (CONCAT (CONCAT (STAR (CONCAT (Alpha A, Alpha A)),
                     STAR (CONCAT (Alpha B, Alpha B))), Alpha B), [A;A;A;A;B;B;B]);
    (CONCAT (CONCAT (STAR (CONCAT (Alpha A, Alpha A)),
                     STAR (CONCAT (Alpha B, Alpha B))), Alpha B), [A;A;A;B;B;B])
  ]
the correct output would be the following:
true
true
false
true
true
true
true
false
true
true
true
true
false
```