

[4x4]

$$Q(k, k+1) = Q(dt) \quad \text{Variance matrix at step } k \rightarrow k+1$$

[4x4]

$$F_{(k, k+1)} = F(dt) \quad \text{state transition matrix}$$

take last known state  $X_k = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \vdots \\ \ddot{\ddot{x}} \end{pmatrix}$  & project it ahead in time using the transition matrix.

Ignore as this comes from the environment

$$X_{(k+1)} = F_{(k, k+1)} \cdot X_{(k)} + \underbrace{B \cdot W(k)}_{[4x4] [4x1]}$$

Project the error covariance ahead note  $P(k, k+1)$  is the covariance matrix at step  $k \rightarrow k+1$ ,  $P(k-1, k)$  same for  $k-1 \rightarrow k$ .

$$P_{(k, k+1)} = F_{(k, k+1)} \cdot P_{(-k, k)} \cdot F_{(k, k+1)}^T + Q(k, k+1)$$

? not  $(k-1, k)$  sense anyway

Calculate uncertainty in measurement + uncertainty in estimate:

where  $H$  is the measure matrix &  $R$  is the measurement uncertainty

$$S = H \cdot P_{(k, k+1)} \cdot H^T + R$$

$\underbrace{[1 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 4]}_{[1 \times 4]} \quad [4 \times 1] \quad [1 \times 1]$   
 $[1 \times 1] + [1 \times 1] = [1 \times 1]$

calculate uncertainty in estimate

$$C = P_{(k, k+1)} \cdot H^T$$

$[4 \times 1] \quad [4 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 1]$

calculate the gain

$$K = (-S)^{-1}$$

$[4 \times 1] \quad [4 \times 1] \quad [1 \times 1]$

Update measurement vector  $Z$

$$Z = Z \cdot \text{reshape}(H \cdot \text{shape}(O), 1) \quad [1 \times 1] \text{ in } 1d$$

Carry the innovation

$$Y = Z - (H \cdot X_{(n+1)})$$
$$[1 \times 1] - (\underline{[1 \times 4]} \underline{[4 \times 1]}) = [1, 1]$$

Calculate the filtered state

Kalman

$$X_{(n+1)} = X_{(n+1)} + k \cdot Y$$
$$[4 \times 1] \quad [4 \times 1] \quad [1 \times 1]$$

Assign old to new state

$$X_{(n)} = X_{(n+1)} + (k \cdot Y)$$
$$[4 \times 1] \quad [4 \times 1] \quad [1 \times 1]$$
$$[4 \times 1] \quad [4 \times 1]$$

Update error covariance

$$P_{(k, n)} = (1 - k \cdot H) \cdot P_{(n, n+1)}$$
$$[4 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 1] [1 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 4]$$
$$[4 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 4] = [4 \times 4]$$

$k+1$  then loop for next stage.

So need a simple 1D non generic version which can be copied quickly.

$$Q(dt) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dt^7}{286} & \frac{dt^6}{72} & \frac{dt^5}{30} & \frac{dt^4}{24} \\ \frac{dt^6}{72} & \frac{dt^5}{20} & \frac{dt^4}{8} & \frac{dt^3}{5} \\ \frac{dt^5}{30} & \frac{dt^4}{8} & \frac{dt^3}{3} & \frac{dt^2}{2} \\ \frac{dt^4}{24} & \frac{dt^3}{6} & \frac{dt^2}{2} & dt \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \sqrt{ }$$

$$P(dt) = \begin{bmatrix} \delta_0^2 & \frac{\delta_0^2}{dt} & \frac{\delta_0^2}{dt^2} & 0 \\ \frac{\delta_0^2}{dt} & \frac{2\delta_0^2}{dt^2} & \frac{3\delta_0^2}{dt^3} & \frac{5\delta_J^2}{6} dt^2 \\ \frac{\delta_0^2}{dt^2} & \frac{3\delta_0^2}{dt^3} & \frac{6\delta_0^2}{dt^4} & \delta_J^2 dt \\ 0 & \left[ \frac{5\delta_J^2}{6} dt^2 \right] \delta_J^2 dt & \delta_J^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F(dt) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & dt & \frac{dt^2}{2} & \frac{dt^3}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & dt & \frac{dt^2}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & dt \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

To simplify this we could just use the components of  $P, F \& Q$   
as e.g.  $P_{ij}(dt)$  & sub them in later.

Step by step:  $\log t = k$

$$[F_{ij}]_k = F(dt_k) = \begin{bmatrix} F_{11} & F_{12} & F_{13} & F_{14} \\ F_{21} & F_{22} & F_{23} & F_{24} \\ F_{31} & F_{32} & F_{33} & F_{34} \\ F_{41} & F_{42} & F_{43} & F_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[Q_{ij}]_k = Q_k = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & Q_{13} & Q_{14} \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & Q_{23} & Q_{24} \\ Q_{31} & Q_{32} & Q_{33} & Q_{34} \\ Q_{41} & Q_{42} & Q_{43} & Q_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

solve with  $[P_{ij}]_k$

$[4 \times 1]$

We start with state  $X^{(k)} = [X_1^{(k)} \ X_2^{(k)} \ X_3^{(k)} \ X_4^{(k)}]$

$[4 \times 1]$

$[4 \times 4] \quad [4 \times 1]$

1) P gives  $X^{(k+1)} = F X^{(k)}$

$$\Rightarrow [X_{11}^{k+1}, X_{12}^{k+1}, X_{13}^{k+1}, X_{14}^{k+1}] \begin{bmatrix} F_{11} & F_{12} & F_{13} & F_{14} \\ F_{21} & F_{22} & F_{23} & F_{24} \\ F_{31} & F_{32} & F_{33} & F_{34} \\ F_{41} & F_{42} & F_{43} & F_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

T

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} X_{11}^{k+1} F_{11} dt + X_{12}^{k+1} F_{21} dt + X_{13}^{k+1} F_{31} dt + X_{14}^{k+1} F_{41} \\ X_{11}^{k+1} F_{12} dt + X_{12}^{k+1} F_{22} dt + X_{13}^{k+1} F_{32} dt + X_{14}^{k+1} F_{42} \\ X_{11}^{k+1} F_{13} dt + X_{12}^{k+1} F_{23} dt + X_{13}^{k+1} F_{33} dt + X_{14}^{k+1} F_{43} \\ X_{11}^{k+1} F_{14} dt + X_{12}^{k+1} F_{24} dt + X_{13}^{k+1} F_{34} dt + X_{14}^{k+1} F_{44} \end{bmatrix} \quad [4 \times 1]$$

$$F(dt_n)^T = \begin{bmatrix} F_{11} & F_{21} & F_{31} & F_{41} \\ F_{12} & F_{22} & F_{32} & F_{42} \\ F_{31} & F_{23} & F_{33} & F_{43} \\ F_{14} & F_{24} & F_{34} & F_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

2) right error cover ahead.

$$P_{(k+1)} = F_{(n)} P_{(k-1)} F_{(n)}^T + Q_{(k)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_{11} & F_{12} & F_{13} & F_{14} \\ F_{21} & F_{22} & F_{23} & F_{24} \\ F_{31} & F_{32} & F_{33} & F_{34} \\ F_{41} & F_{42} & F_{43} & F_{44} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P_{11}^{k-1} & P_{12}^{k-1} & P_{13}^{k-1} & P_{14}^{k-1} \\ P_{21}^{k-1} & P_{22}^{k-1} & P_{23}^{k-1} & P_{24}^{k-1} \\ P_{31}^{k-1} & P_{32}^{k-1} & P_{33}^{k-1} & P_{34}^{k-1} \\ P_{41}^{k-1} & P_{42}^{k-1} & P_{43}^{k-1} & P_{44}^{k-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F_{11} & F_{21} & F_{31} & F_{41} \\ F_{12} & F_{22} & F_{32} & F_{42} \\ F_{31} & F_{23} & F_{33} & F_{43} \\ F_{14} & F_{24} & F_{34} & F_{44} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & Q_{13} & Q_{14} \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & Q_{23} & Q_{24} \\ Q_{31} & Q_{32} & Q_{33} & Q_{34} \\ Q_{41} & Q_{42} & Q_{43} & Q_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

Need a symbolic solver for this gonna be unwieldy!

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SymPy solver for kalman process.

3/4/23

Need dependency graph.

$$P_{k+2} = (I - K H) P_{k+1} \quad * \text{ need for next loop}$$

$$X_{k+1}^{\text{KALMAN}} = X_{k+1} + (K Y) \quad * \text{ final state}$$

↳ also taken as final state.

Dependencies...

$$Y = Z - (H X_{k+1})$$

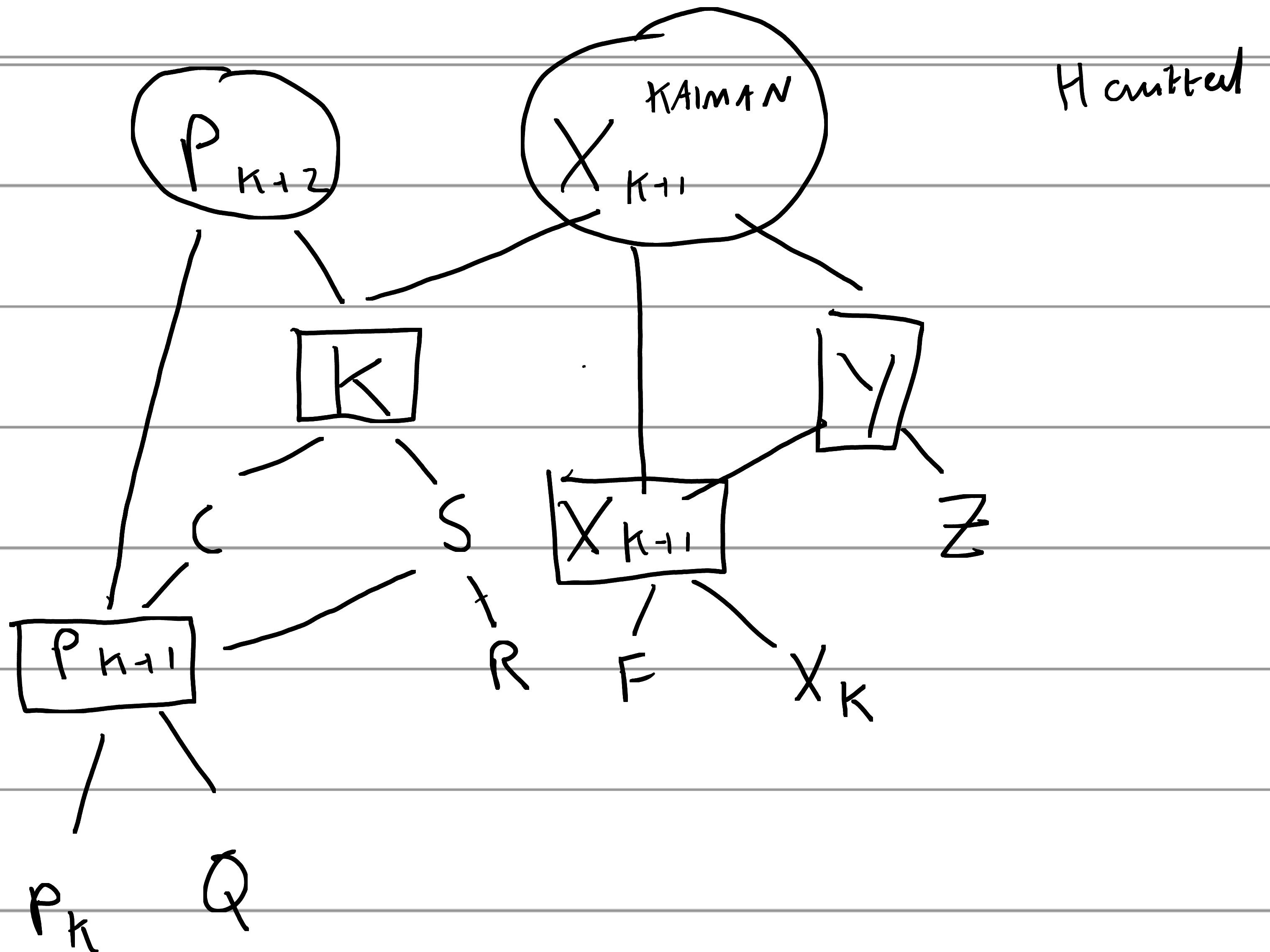
last state (kalman?)

Z comes from new input  
rectified via H

$$K = C S^{-1}$$

$$C = P_{k+1} H^T \quad S = H P_{k+1} H^T + R$$

$$P_{k+1} = F P F^T + Q \quad X_{k+1} = F X_k$$



KALMAN

Each cycle we need  $P_{k+2} \leftarrow X_{k+1} \rightarrow$  what common computation can we leverage?

Need  $P_{k+1}$ ,  $K$ ,  $X_{k+1}$  and  $Y$  then compute

the "rest" in terms of them

$$\begin{bmatrix} P_{k+1,1} & P_{k+1,2} & R_{k+1,3} & \dots & \text{etc} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$\hookrightarrow P_{k+2}, X_{k+1}^{\text{KALMAN}} \rightarrow P_{k+1}, X_{k+1}$

can generate error from this.

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Missing error last slide